The Royal Free Hostel for Women and Girls

362 864 5

24, Gloucester Road, Regent's Park, N.W. 1.

Telephone: Hampstead 7612

(in connection with the Royal Free Hospital, Grays Inn Road, W.C.)

FOURTH

Annual Report, Accounts, and List of Subscribers for 1922-23

KEIGHLEY: PRINTED BY WADSWORTH & CO., THE RYDAL PRESS.

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CONTENTS.

		Р	AGE
LIST OF COMMITTEE		•••	3
Овјеств			4
REGULATIONS & CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION			5
REPORT : PART IDETAILS OF HOSTEL WORK	:		
Administration			6
Type of Patient			6
Moral Welfare			7
Occupations			~
Finance			10
Latest Report on Old Girls		0.2	11
Occupations and Disposals			12
Report : Part II.—Co-operation with other	Hoste	LS:	
Summary of Conferences			13
Notes on M.D. Act		· ·	14
FINANCE :			
			18
Statement of Receipts and Expenditure			20
Balance Sheet			22
LIST OF HOSTELS AND HOMES			23

ROYAL FREE HOSTEL FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS.

3

GENERAL COMMITTEE:

Chairman: SIR THOMAS BARLOW, Bart, K.C.V.O.

Vice - Chairman: A. G. L. GAMLEN, ESQ.

Miss Aldrich Blake, M.D., M.S.	. Miss E
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of	The La
Ancaster.	*Dr.Do
F. R. S. Balfour, Esq.	С.В.
Lady Barrett, C.B.E., M.D.	Miss E
Miss H. M. Beale.	Dr.T.
*Mrs. Arthur Cane, C.B.E.	Profes
Sir Francis Champneys, Bart.,	С.В.
M.D.	Arthu
Lady Codrington.	Dr.A.
Miss R. Cox-Davies, R.R.C.	*Dam
Professor Winifred Cullis, D.sc.	
The Hon. Lady Darwin.	*Miss
Miss A. M.	
	T.T.

Medical Officer V.D. Clinic. *Dr. Margaret Rorke.

Honorary Treasurer:

*Reginald R. Garratt, Esq., Royal Free Hospital, Grays Inn Road, W.C.

Honorary Secretary: *Miss B. d'Avigdor, 6, Drayton Gardens, S.W.10.

*Denotes Executive Committee. In addition Dr. E. Harding and Miss Piggott, M.D., are co-opted members of the Executive Committee.

> Sister in Charge of the Hostel. Miss E. M. Hall.

Bankers: Lloyds Bank, Ltd., Holborn Circus, E.C. Auditors: Messrs. Hardy, Hislop and Co.

3802172140

B. M. Davidson. ady Emmott. orothy C. Hare, .E. E. Lucy. . Shadick Higgins. sor Louisa McIlroy. .E., M.D. r Moro, Esq. .G. Phear, C.B. e Louise Gilbert amuel, D.B.E. A.M.Smith.

ROYAL FREE HOSTEL

4

(Opened June, 1919).

OBJECTS.

The Royal Free Hostel is for the care of girls and women suffering from veneral diseases, in an infectious stage.

The patients are drawn chiefly from those attending the Royal Free Hospital V.D. Clinic, and are selected by the Medical Officer to the Clinic; but cases from any part of London or the country may be received (see Rules for admission).

Most of the patients admitted to the Hostel are treated as out-patients at the Royal Free Hospital.

The aims of the Committee are :---

- 1. Care in the Hostel, with treatment and isolation during the infectious period.
- 2. After-care of those discharged from the Hostel.

1. The work is supplementary to that of the Hospital out-patient Clinic, as, at present no adequate provision is made either for isolation or maintenance of these infectious cases. The special daily treatment given at the Hostel, together with rest and good food, help to make Hospital treatment more effective, and to shorten the course of the disease.

The greater number of girls admitted are for the time unfit to earn their living; some are without homes or have been turned adrift, and might without assistance, be forced to take to the streets. In other cases, conditions make it impossible for the girl to stay at home, though the parents willingly contribute towards her expenses at the Hostel. Whatever the circumstances, these girls all need help to start them on the road to recovery.

2. The importance of After-care cannot be too strongly emphasized. Even in the most promising cases physical and mental recovery takes several months, and much help must be given if the individual is to become a useful citizen.

From the beginning the Hostel has been closely associated with the Royal Free Hospital, and, indeed, has been largely dependent on the co-operation of the Medical Officers, the Secretary, and the Almoners. Financially, however, it is an entirely independent undertaking.

REGULATIONS AND CONDITIONS FOR ADMISSION.

1. Cases are admitted by the Medical Officer of the Royal Free Hospital Venereal Diseases Clinic, who attends at the Hospital (Out-patients) on Monday;, Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 5 p.m., and on Fridays at 9-30 a.m.

2. Only patients suffering from Venereal Disease in an infectious stage are eligible for admission.

3. Medical practitioners who are desirous of securing the admission of a patient to the Hostel, are invited to refer the case to the Hospital Clinic with a note to the Medical Officer.

4. Patients from other hospital Clinics in the district are admitted and arrangement, made for them to continue under the care of their own Medical Officer. Applications for vacancies should be made to the Almoner, Royal Free Hospital, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.1.

5. The most suitable cases for admission to the Hostel are young girls. Married women, professional prostitutes, or remand cases are not usually suitable. Cases of pregnancy are not admitted after the early months.

6. Patients are kept in the Hostel, if possible until their condition becomes non-infectious, and suitable arrangements have been made for their return to work, or to their families.

7. No patient is refused on grounds of inability to pay, but the circumstances of patients are enquired into by the Almoner of the Royal Free Hospital. They are required to contribute towards the cost of their maintenance if in a position to do so.

Further information regarding the Hostel may be obtained on application to the Almoner, Royal Free Hospital, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.1, or to the Hon. Sec., 6, Drayton Gardens, S.W.10.

5

REPORT

for Year ended 31st March, 1923.

PART I.

DETAILS OF HOSTEL WORK.

Since April 1st, 1922, 55 patients have stayed at the Hostel, including the eleven in residence on March 31st, 1923. The average time spent at the Hostel has been 56.25 days. In addition, 4 old inmates have returned for medical inspection, but have each only spent a few days at the home.

The Hostel was closed for four weeks in August for cleaning and repairs. In spite of this, the aggregate number of days in residence is greater than in previous years : namely, 2806, and from the time the Hostel re-opened in September, there was scarcely been a vacant bed.

Patients attend the out-patient department at the Royal Free Hospital, and receive medical treatments at the Hostel once or twice daily, as instructed by the doctor. Three cases from Hospitals other than the Royal Free Hospital have been admitted, and these have attended their own clinics. The total number of treatments given in the year at the Hostel is 1713.

To those most closely concerned with the Administration. Hostel the outstanding event during the

year has been the illness of Miss Hall, sister-in-charge since 1919, which necessitated her taking seven months' leave of absence, from October, 1922. (At the time of going to print, Miss Hall has returned, completely restored to health). The temporary loss of her inspiring personality might have proved a serious set-back to the work in hand, had not the Committee been fortunate enough to secure an admirable substitute. Miss Verran, who has had eight years experience in rescue work, was able to take Miss Hall's place. Miss Thetford, assistant-matron and trained nurse, and Miss Edwards, kitchen-matron, have been most efficient, during a period which would have been difficult but for their goodwill and zeal.

The maternity Home at Burton Street, in connection Type of with the Royal Free Hospital, was closed early in Patient. September, and whilst new premises at 35, Park-

hurst Road, N.W. (under the West London Mission) were being

altered, a home had to be found for the patients. _____ mittee of the Hostel agreed to their admission, though it had hitherto been the rule only to take pregnant cases in the early stages. From September to December 28th, 1922, ten such girls were therefore accommodated at Gloucester Road. It may be said that thereby almost a different type was introduced-certainly a girl with different problems to face, and to whom different teaching had to be given. This experience has convinced the Committee that it is wise to adhere to the policy of treating pregnant and non-pregnant patients in separate homes.

Apart from these maternity cases no very definite conclusions as to type can be drawn from this year's admissions; but the general outline is as follows :---

From April till the end of July (when the Hostel was closed) a particularly difficult batch of young girls was encountered, and it seemed almost impossible to foster good tone and traditions. Of this set, two agreed to enter training Homes for two years, and one of these after many months has certainly made a start in the right direction.

With the re-opening of the Hostel at the end of August, a better spirit prevailed, and has been continuous for the last six months. There has been a larger proportion of promising cases of a good type, of whom some had been driven to a course of life leading to infection, by loneliness or lack of employment. The Hostel has helped them to regain balance at a time when they might well have despaired.

The less hopeful cases appear to fall into three classes :----

- Girls of weak moral character, who always give cause (a)for anxiety, and need a great deal of time and individual attention before they realise for themselves that clothes and amusements are not the main purpose of life.
- Abnormal, unstable or mentally deficient girls, who (b)have been a serious problem this year; in no instance have they been intellectually feeble enough for certification. This question will be found discussed at some length in another part of the Report. Girls of definitely vicious character. These have (c)
 - fortunately been few in number.

Moral Welfare. given to these various types must be suited to the

7

It will be readily understood that the moral teaching stage reached by each individual. It falls to the Sister-in-charge to try to instil a sense of responsibility in girls

The temporary absence of Miss Hall, who After=Care. has known every inmate of the Hostel since it was opened, has, naturally, caused a falling-off in the visits and letters of the old girls in the last six months. But though Miss Verran has not known each girl personally, she has been able to assist many with advice, and has been kept fully occupied in placing those who have recently left, according to their capacities. It should be recorded that several of these are doing particularly well, and giving complete satisfaction to their employers.

The maternity cases mentioned earlier in the Report have nearly all been transferred to the new home at Parkhurst Road, and their future will be settled by the workers connected with that home.

Domestic service still offers the most suitable conditions for girls from the Hostel, and indeed the majority admitted this year have been domestics by occupation. The following list shows the correspondence and labour connected with After-Care.

Letters received from Old Girls ... 18 Letters written to Old Girls Visits from Old Girls Visits paid to Old Girls Letters from employers or workers 28 Letters to employers or workers ... 39 Visits from employers and others ... 19

A list of the occupations of the girls admitted during the year and their disposal will be found on page 12

The latest available reports on their conduct are also set out in tabulated form. It will be observed that 84 out of 175 who have left the Hostel can be noted as definitely "satisfactory." In addition 12 are married and presumably come under this heading. The percentage of good results is therefore most encouraging. From these records, which cover a period of nearly four years, it may be stated with some degrees of confidence that between 50% and 60% of girls treated turn out satisfactory members of the community.

Ministry of Health. was received :---

> "I am directed by the Minister of Health to state that he has received the report made by Dr. Quine, one of the Medical Officers of the Ministry, after his recent visit to the Hostel at 24, Gloucester Road.

8

who, though they may have seen the world, yet lack the dis cipline and early training essential for the formation of character. From the beginning the home has been undenominational. Attendance at church is not compulsory and observances are not enforced. For this reason, perhaps, they appear to be carried out with genuine feeling.

Occupations.

Variety of occupation, education and widening

of interest are not easy to provide where inmates of such diverse mental calibre have to be considered, and when their stay may be short. The daily routine, medical treatment, visits to hospital, housework, and the making and mending of outfits fill up the greater part of the day. Dressmaking classes take place regularly every week, and are always popular;. and on one afternoon a friend of the Hostel, Miss Marten, has given short courses in French, shorthand, ambulance, &c. On Thursday evenings the Staff are "at home" to old girls, and a programme of lectures, morris-dancing or games is arranged. The Committee are most anxious that the interest of girls should be stimulated in matters outside their own concerns. Many have had little opportunity to learn, after leaving school, and show a very definite desire for knowledge. The help of friends outside the Hostel is greatly appreciated and especial thanks are due to Miss Marten, Dr. White, Mrs. Kerr, Dr. Learmouth, Miss. Bradshaw, and Miss Benham.

Medical Report.

"There has been a very considerable amount of interesting medical work during the past year-April 1st, 1922 to March 31st, 1923, in connection with the Hostel cases. Some patients have been seriously ill, and there have been several cases of double infection, i.e., with both syphilis and gonorrhea.

The medical conditions have cleared very satisfactorily on the whole, and the girls have gained in general health in addition, from the regular life and good diet and hygienne of the Hostel. At one period, owing to the temporary closure of the Maternity Home at Burton Street (pending removal to another building which needed a good deal of repair) the Royal Free Hostel was extremely full, but the Sister-in-Charge dealt with all the patients with the utmost efficiency. To her devoted care, and that of her nurse-assistant, and their absolute fidelity to the necessarily detailed treatment, the patients owe to the greatest extent their return to health.

The mentality and outlook of a proportion of the patients continues to cause anxiety, the chief desire of that number, despite the terrible lesson they have had in their infection, being to have "a good time" at all costs. These patients, of course, have to be detained in the Hostel for a longer period or else transferred, if possible to training Homes, in order to be influenced in the right direction.

(Signed) MARGARET RORKE."

9

192	2-23	1921-22	1920-21
	186	246	185
	247	335	304
	311	516	284
	71	70	41
ers	284	381 (Records
	393	485	not kept
	195	196 (i	n 1920-21

After a visit of inspection from representatives of the Ministry of Health the following letter

The Minister is advised that the Hostel is administered on enlightened and sympathetic lines and he notes with satisfaction that every effort is made to keep in touch with patients after their discharge."

FINANCE.

Treasurer's Report.

It is gratifying to report that the income for this year has exceeded the expenditure, owing to three generous and unexpected donations. These dona-

tions, for which the Committee desire to express sincere gratitude, are as follows :---

- £200 from the Trustees of the Women's Training Colony.
- £100 from a friend of Sir Thomas Barlow, who desires to remain anonymous.
- £106 from the proceeds of Sunday performances at the Hackney Cinema (through the kind offices of Mr. Eugen Pinto).

It has therefore been possible to add to the Reserve Fund created last year and the Committee feel that it is important that this Reserve should be maintained. Further, as the number of old girls increases, expenses grow, and the activities of the Hostel should be expanded. It is proposed to use the surplus of income over expenditure from this year, in special work in this direction in the ensuing twelve months.

As to expenses, though the item "salaries" is a trifle higher this year, owing to the fact that Miss Hall was given sick leave with pay, in other directions the expenditure is lower. It should be especially noted that, though a larger number of patients have been in residence than last year, the cost of provisions is less. The drop in prices is doubtless a contributing factor, but credit must be given to the staff for very careful management.

The Committee desire to thank all subscribers and Thanks. donors for their generosity in contributing to the funds, and the following for their gifts in kind :----

- Mrs. and Miss H. M. Beale-constant supply of flowers, also fruit, eggs and soap.
- Mrs. J. Richardson-plants and vegetables.

Miss A. M. Smith-plants.

Miss C. Bond, Miss K. L. Hall, Miss Gadsby, Mrs. J. Richardson-clothing.

Christmas presents were received from Mrs. and Miss H. M. Beale, Miss Gadsby, Dr. Hare, Dr. Rorke and Sir Thomas Barlow, and from the tradesmen, Messrs. Joyce & Griffiths.

For the information of any intending donors, it should be noted that garments such as stockings, underclothes and shoes are much needed, and that country produce of every sort is greatly appreciated.

11

THOMAS BARLOW,

LATEST REPORTS ON OLD GIRLS.

Period from opening of Hostel, 1919, to March 3	lst, 1922. Number of Girls.	12 months from April 1st, 1922, to March 31st, 1923. Number of Girls.	Total for whole period since Hostel was opened.
Satisfactory	58	26	84
Fair or Doubtful	9	5	14
Married	12		12
Unsatisfactory	25	5	30 .
Lost sight of (probably temporarily)	22	8	30
Mentally Deficient—(a) Certified (b) Uncertified but under care	4		5
	131 .	44	175

Chairman. General Committee.

13

PART II.

CO-OPERATION WITH OTHER HOSTELS.

During the autumn two informal conferences, convened by the Executive Committee of the Royal Free Hostel, were held when representatives from the following hostels or homes were present :---

Salvat
South
West
Wome

The subjects discussed included types of patients, aftercare, keeping of records, the need for making hostel facilities more widely known among workers, occupations and education, and mentally deficient and "border-line" cases.

A summary of the discussion on the last three subjects is given below.

List of Hostels and Homes.

There was general agreement that many social workers in the provinces are not aware of the existence of special homes for venereal diseases, and think the infirmary and the Lock Hospital are the only institutions to which they can send infected women and girls. It was decided that a concise list of hostels and homes, giving details of accommodation, payments and type of case admitted would be useful. By desire of the Conference, such a list was accordingly drawn up by the Hon. Sec., Royal Free Hostel, and sent to 175 medical officers in charge of V.D. Clinics, and to 375 different organisations and individuals. It is evident that the information is appreciated, as requests for additional copies of the list, to a total of 300, have been received from all parts of the country.

Education.

Occupations and The members of the Conference were unanimous in their desire to find occupations, both mental and physical, for the girls under care. In "long" homes where the stay is usually a year or more, regular classes can be arranged, but in a home which exists primarily for medical treatment, a course of education extending over some months is not feasible. It has been suggested, however, that in both groups of homes, training on the lines of the Girl Guide movement would be suitable. It appeals to the imagination, teaches mutual service and high

OCCUPATIONS AND DISPOSAL OF PATIENTS ADMITTED DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1923.

Average age—23 years.

PREVIOUS OCCUPATIONS.

Domestic Servants						30
Clerks						5
Waitresses						4
Factory or Business					• • •	4
Shop Girls				• •		2
Prostitutes					• •	2
Chorus Girl	• •		• •			1
Hospital Nurse		• •				1
Dressmaker		۰	• •			1
Apprentice	• •		• •	• •	• •	1
						55

DISPOSAL.

Returned to former employment			 20
Placed in Training Homes		••	
Maternity and other Homes			 10
Lost sight of			 4
Returned to Prostitution			 4
Living at home	• •		 4
Hospital or Convalescent Home			
In Hostel	••		 1

55

12

tion Army Home. wark Diocesan

Medical Home. London Mission.

en's After-care

Hostel.

ideals, and allows a very wide choice of subjects for study. It is apparent from attempts made in this direction that such a plan of training would greatly attract the girls, and would arouse healthy interests.

Mentally Deficient or "Border-line" Cases.

There was much discussion on mentally dificient or "border-line" cases, and the operation of the M.D.

Act. The following notes subsequently made by the chairman of the conference, Dr. Dorothy Hare, may be of value :---

NOTES ON THE WORKING OF THE MENTAL DEFICIENCY ACT, 1923.

3 & 4 Geo. 5 Ch. 28—Price $4\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Definition of Mental Deficiency.

Mental deficiency is a congenital defect, and in order to prove a case of mental defect it must be shown that the defect

has existed from an early age. Where defects or abnormal conduct only appear for the first time during adolescence, say after twelve or fourteen, the cases can rarely be dealt with under the M.D. Act. Many are to be regarded as cases of adolescent instability, and the defect may be temporary in character. Some, if their conduct is dangerous to themselves or to others, might be dealt with under the Lunacy Act.

Classification of Mental Defect.

There are four classes of defectives described in the Act :--

- (1) Idiots: Persons "unable to guard themselves against common physical dangers."
- (2) Imbeciles: Persons less defective than idiots, but incapable of "managing themselves or their affairs," or if children, "of being taught to do so."
- (3) Feeble=minded persons : Mental defect less pronounced than in imbeciles, but such that "they require care, supervision and control for their own protection, or for the protection of others," or, in the case of children, that they "appear to be permanently incapable of receiving proper benefit from the instruction in ordinary schools.'
- (4) Moral Imbeciles : "Persons who from an early age display some permanent mental defect, coupled with strong vicious or criminal propensities, on which punishment has little or no deterrent effect."

HOW TO PUT THE ACT INTO OPERATION.

In dealing with any class of mental defective, it is necessary that certain conditions be present before the Act can be brought into operation. The following conditions quoted from the Act are those most likely to be applicable to cases dealt with in Hostels or Rescue Homes.

1. Application made by parents :

A defective who is feeble-minded (Class 3) may be certified and placed in an institution at the instance of a parent if under the age of 21. Two medical certificates are required as well as a magistrate's order.

Defectives who are "idiots" or "imbeciles" (Classes 1 and 2) may be so dealt with at any age. Two medical certificates are required but not a magistrate's order.

2. Application made by relative or friend of the defective or by an officer of the local authority.

Defectives may be dealt with by the local authority without application from the parent only under the following conditions, namely :--

If the person in addition to being defective is :----

- (a) Found neglected, cruelly treated or without visible means of support.
- (b) Found guilty of any criminal offence, i.e., an offence punishable by imprisonment.
- to an illegitimate child, or when pregnant with such child.

(Other conditions laid down have been omitted as not likely to be applicable).

In all conditions under paragraph 2 above, a regular "Petition" must be presented.

DEFINITION OF PETITION.

A petition is an application to a "judicial authority under The petition must state to what class of defective the person

the Act," generally a magistrate, for an Order by which the defective may be placed in an institution or under guardianship. belongs, and the circumstances which make the person "subject to be dealt with," if a previous petition has been presented. It must be accompanied by two medical certificates.

(c) In receipt of poor relief at the time of giving birth

The petition may be made by a relative or friend or by an officer of the local authority, i.e., in London by the special medical officers of the L.C.C. When the case is not brought forward by the parent or guardian, it is necessary to obtain their consent in writing before an order can be made, unless the magistrate is convinced that this consent is unreasonably withheld.

Application in respect of London cases should be made to :---

The Chief Officer of Mental Hospitals, County Hall,

Westminster.

EVIDENCE REQUIRED TO BE COLLECTED BEFORE A CASE CAN BE BROUGHT FORWARD.

In bringing forward a case for certification the following points are of especial importance as evidence of congenital defect, or of defect existing from an early age.

Family History: Insanity, fits, alcoholism, records of other members of the family.

Home Conditions : Overcrowding, illegitimacy, immorality.

Past History of Case : Backwardness, fits, school record. After school record. Situations, duration of employment. If immoral, date of first lapse, circumstances, pregnancies (if a woman). Punishments, if any. Opportunities given for improvement and reform.

DIFFICULTIES LIKELY TO BE MET WITH IN OBTAINING A CERTIFICATE.

- (1) The certifying doctors must be able to report personal observations in evidence of mental defect. Hearsay evidence alone is not sufficient. A person who at times shows obvious mental defect may appear fairly normal at an interview.
- (2) It is difficult to certify under the clause defining Moral Imbecility. It may be impossible to show clear evidence that moral defect has been present "from an early age," or that punishment "has not acted as a deterrent." Such cases can however sometimes be certified under the "feebleminded " clause.
- Magistrates are not bound to accept the medical certificates. (3)even though the doctors may be experts, or they may dismiss the case on the ground that the care available is adequate.
- There is at present no official home where difficult or border-(4)

line cases may be detained under expert observation. Cases may be admitted for observation to "places of safety" such as a workhouse infirmary, provided there is a prima facie evidence of defect. But this does not entirely meet the case. In this respect the voluntary homes and hostels can do valuable work, though, without an Order from a responsible authority, they have not, of course, the power of compulsory detention.

V.D. CASES.

The L.C.C. would not refuse to deal with a mentally defective case on account of V.D. infection. For acute cases, five beds are reserved in the Lock Hospital.

DISCHARGE OF CASES.

Certified cases are re-examined after periods of one, two and five years, and may be discharged at these times, or, subject to the Board of Control, they may be released at the request of their parents who are then made responsible for them, and are required to provide reasonable care.

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS AND DONORS FOR _____ DED 31st MARCH, 1923.

0

		Donat	ions		Subscrip	otio	ns.	
			s.			s.		
Abbott, Miss F. E		~				0	0	
Anonymous-" A Friend of Sir Th	omas							
Barlow "		100	0	0				
Ancaster, the Rt. Hon. the Earl of					10	0	0	
Balfour, F.R.S., Esq					5	Õ	0	
Baring, the Hon. Cecil					5	Ő	Õ	
Barlow, Sir Thomas, Bart., K.C.V.C					5	Ő	Õ	
		2	2	0	Ŭ	0	U	
Barrett, Lady, C.B.E., M.D		2	-	0	5	0	0	
Beale, Miss H. M					2	2	0	
Beale, Mrs. James					3	3	Ő	
Beale, Miss M. S		۰.			10	0	0	
Beddington, Gerald E., Esq					10	1	0	
Beddington, Miss W					0			
Bevan, Miss Hilary		1. 1				10	0	
Boileau, Miss M., M.B., M.S					$2 \\ 3$	10	0	
Bright, Philip, Esq., J.P			-	0	3	3	0	
Briscoe, Lady, M.D		1	1	0				
Butcher, H. C., Esq		2	0	0				
Cane, Mrs. Arthur, C.B.E	••••				1	1	0	
Champneys, Sir Francis, Bart., M.D.		5	0	0				
Clapcott, Mrs., C.B					- 1	1	0	
Clow, Dr. A. Sanderson					2 2	2	0	
Codrington, Lady					2	2	0	
Colebrook, Dr. D. C		5 5	5	0				
Darwin, the Hon. Lady		5	0	0				
Darwin, Major Leonard					3	3	0	
Davidson, Miss B. M. (1922)					0	5	0	
					0	5	0	
d'Avigdor, Miss B					7	7	0	
d'Avigdor-Goldsmid, O. E., Esq.					3	3	0	
Deacon, J. F. W., Esq					. 5	0	0	
Debenham, Ernest, Esq		5	0	0				
Emmott, the Lady			-		1	1	0	
Denses the Dt Hon T D						$\hat{2}$	Ő	
Comles A C I For					$\overline{2}$	2	Ő	
					2 2 1	õ	Ő	
Gaskell, Miss W					1	1	Ő	
Gaskell, Miss N					2	2	0	
Goldschmidt, Mrs. H. F		2	2	0	4	4	U	
Goldsmid, Miss Emma			2	0				
Hackney Cinema		106		0				
Handicrafts, Sale of		2	0	0	10	0	0	
Hare, Dr. D. C., C.B.E					10	0	0	
Hare, Miss K. C				~	10	0	0	
Hare, Mrs. R. H		1	1	0				
Henlé, Mrs		1	1	0				
Joseph, Mrs. F	•••	0	10	0	194007	320)	1.1.1	
Kekewich, Miss H					0	10	6	
King, Dr. C. A					1	1	0	
Ladenburg, Mrs		1	0	0				
Langton, Alfred, Esq		1			10	0	0.	
Layland-Barratt, Sir Francis, Bart.		* 2 -			5	5	0	

Leach Lady			
Leach, Lady Lepper, Miss E. H., M.B., B.S.			
Levy, Mrs. Goodman			
Levy the Hon. Mrs. Walter			
Lightstone, Mrs. Herbert (1922)			
,, ,, (1923)	•••		
Lucas, Miss			
Mackinnon, Mrs. Duncan			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Mayer, Mrs. Albert			
McIlroy, Professor Louisa, C.B.	.E., M.	.D.	
Melville, V. Beresford, Esq.			
Micholls, Mrs. Montefiore		•••	
Moon, Mrs. Edward			
Moro, Arthur, Esq			
Morris, Dr. F. M., O.B.E			
Mostyn, Captain Sidney			
Muir Mackenzie, Miss E			
Nathan, Lady			
Nathan, Mrs. George E			
Nathan, the Rt. Hon. Sir Mat	tthew,		
K.C.M.G			
Payne, Mrs. J. E., C.B.E., M.B	., B.S.		
Penfold, Miss			
Phear, Dr. A. G., C.B			
Phipson, Herbert, Esq	,		
Pultenev. Dr. I			
Rennell, the Hon. Mrs. W.			
Richardson, Mrs. S. G., M.D.			
Rocksavage, the Countess of			
Royden, Miss E. M	•••		
Rubinstein, Mrs. Stanley	;:•		- 54
Russell, Mrs. Charles-subscrip	ption j	paid	art
Salaman, Mrs. M			
Samuel, Dame Louise Gilbert			
Samuel, the Hon. Mrs. Walter			
Scharlieb, Dr. M	···-		
Sebag, Montefiore the Hon. Mr	:s. R.		
Sellar, Mrs. Craig			
Charman Mara Mormon	`		
Shaw, Mrs. Norman Shaw, Robert, Esq Sheppard, Mrs. G. F Simeon, Ella, Lady subs			
Sheppard, Mrs. G. F			
Simeon, Ella, Lady subs	scriptio	on pa	1d
Spielman, Mrs. M			
Thorne, Dr. May, O.B.E			
Valpy, Mrs			
Van Den Bergh, Mrs. Donald			
Waley Cohen, Mrs. Charles			
Waley Cohen, Mrs. J			
Waldy, Miss V			
Wills, Miss L			
Women's Training Colony			

19

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	1	1	0		1	0	0
20	1	0 0	0 0				
£46	2	13	6		£217	9	0

ROYAL FREE

Income and Expenditure Account

		REC	EIP	rs.							
To Annual Su	bscriptions			s.	d.	217	9	d. 0	£	s.	d.
" Dividende	s		. 12		0	462	13	6		•	
,, Interest o Accour	n Deposit on 1t	Curren	t . 2	3	2						
" Patients" " Ministry d	Payments . of Health Gr	 ants				14 93 400	13 7 0	2 2 0			

1188 2 10

0	21
HOSTEL.	21
for Year ending 31st Mar	rch, 1923.
EXPEND	the second s
Provisions—	£ s. d. £ s. d. £ s. d.
Meat	. 70 4 4
Fish, Poultry, &c Butter, Bacon, &c	
Milk	
Bread, Flour, &c Grocery	. 21 11 10 . 98 4 8
Vegetables and Fruit	. 25 17 3
Surgery and Dispensary—	300 14 7
Drugs, Chemicals, Disinfectants,	
&c Instruments and Appliances	
	<u> </u>
Domestic— Renewal and repair of Furniture	e 28 8 10
Renewal and repair of Bedding	g
and Linen Renewal & repair of Hardware,	
Crockery, Brushes, &c	. 10 13 5
Washing Cleaning and Chandlery	
Water	
Fuel and Lighting— (a) Coal	. 12 19 2
(b) Gas	. 69 3 6
Uniforms Fares, Education & After-care	
	181 10 10
Establishment— Insurance	. 2 8 10
Renewals and Repairs	. 32 1 0
Salaries, Wages, &c.—	
Medical Fees	
Staff Salaries Domestic Servants	. 247 14 10 . 12 14 9
Scrubbers	
Miscellaneous	291 3 3
Printing and Stationery Postages	
Advertisements	. 0 5 0
Sundries	. 1 14 4 45 9 3
Rent, Rates, and Taxes—	
Rent Rates and Taxes	
Rates and Taxes	<u> </u>
Total Expend	liture 957 6 5
	957 6 5
Balance, being excess of Total Re- ceipts over Total Expenditure	
for the year	230 16 5
	£1188 2 10

Total ... f1188 2 10

ROYAL FREE HOSTEL.

Balance Sheet-31st March, 1923.

DR. To Sundry Creditors	£	s.	d.	£ 47	S.	d.	CR	£ s. d.	f.	s.	- d.
,, RESERVE FUND-				47	'	8	By	z. z Cash at Lloyd's Bank on Current A/c 49 1 7 Deposit A/c 200 0 0	~		
,, Balance, 1st April, 1922 Added from Receipts & Expendi-	256	10	4					Cash in hands of Treasurer and	249	1	7
ture Account	200	0	0	456	10	4	,,	Matron	20	10	1
RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE A/C.— Balance, 1st April, 1922	192	7	7	400	10	4	,,	INVESTMENTS AT COST— $\pounds 250$ National War Bonds 5% 256 10 4 $\pounds 200$ 6/7 National War Loan 5% 200 0 0			
,, ADD— Excess of Receipts over Expendi- ture for the year ended 31st			•						456	10	4
March, 1923	230	16	5								122
,, LESS Transfer to Reserve Fund	£423 200		0	•							
				223	4	0					
			;	£762	2	0			£726	2	0

The value of the furniture and equipment at 24, Gloucester Road, is not included in the above balance sheet, the cost having been provided out of income.

We have audited the above balance sheet and certify that, in our opinion, it is properly drawn up so as to shew a correct view of the state of the affairs of the Hostel.

DATED THIS 29TH DAY OF MAY, 1923.

(Signed) HARDY, HISLOP & CO,, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, 119, Moorgate, E.C.

	and the second	·	
LIST OF HOSTELS AND LONDON HOSTELS NAME AND ADDRESS	HOMES FO ACCOM'DATION		WOMEN SUFFERING FROM V.D. TYPE OF PATIENT
ewish Rescue Home, Charcroft House, Roseford Gardens, W.12.	16 beds 16 cots	Free or according to means.	Rescue Home, V.D. Pregnant, mothers and babies admitted. All classes.
London Lock Hospital and Training Home, 283, Harrow Road, W.9.	162 beds 40 beds	Free or according to means.	Non-pregnant, pregnant, and mothers and babies.
Royal Free Hostel, 24, Gloucester Road, N.W.1. Tel. Hampstead, 7612.	10 beds	Free or according to means.	Non-pregnant cases. Better class girls pre- ferred.
St. Thomas Hostel, 148, Lambeth Road, S.E. Tel. Hop. 2862.	14 beds 4 cots	£1 weekly or 15s.	Non-pregnant, pregnant, and mothers and babies. All classes.
Salvation Army Home, 17, Highbury Terrace, N.W.	19 beds 19 cots.	Free.	V.D. mothers and babies. All classes.
Southwark Diocesan Medical Home, 80, Stockwell Park Road, S.E.	8 beds	12/6 a week or according to means.	Non-pregnant, a few pregnant. Young girls.
West London Mission, 35, Parkhurst Road, N.W. Tel. North, 380.	12 beds 2 cots	Free or according to means.	Pregnant, and mothers and babies. All classes.
Women's After-Care Hostel, 22, Highbury Quadrant, N.5. Tel. North 180.	24 beds 8 cots	£1 weekly or according to means.	Non-pregnant, pregnant, and mothers and babies. Chiefly good class, but all types accepted.

PROVINCIAL HOSTELS.

Cheltenham. Medical Home, Charlton Kings.	10 beds & cots	60s. from County Authority.	Non-pregnant and pregnant.
Leeds. Hope Hospital, 128, Chapeltown Rd.	20 beds 8 cots	Free to resi- dents in Yorks.	Non-pregnant, pregnant, and mothers and babies.
Exeter. St. Mary's Home.	6 beds	42s. from County Authority.	Non-pregnant and pregnant cases.
Leicester. Wantage Sisters, St. Mary's Home.	11 beds 2 cots	42s. from County Authority.	Training Home. V.D. cases admitted.
Liverpool. Liverpool Diocesan Association, 285, Edge Lane.	20 beds	35s.	Non-pregnant, pregnant, and mothers and babies.
Wolverhampton. Lichfield Diocesan Association, Cleveland House.	2 0 beds	Free to local residents. 35s. to others.	Non-pregnant, pregnant, and mothers and babies.