THE

WOMAN'S READNOUGHT

Vol. II -No. 47

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12TH, 1916.

PRICE ONE HALFPENNY.

Donations to be sent to Hon Treasurer, Dr. Tchaykovsky, Langham House, Harrow, or Hon. Financial Sec., Miss N. L. Smyth, 400 Old Ford Road, Bow, E.

parcels to 400 Old Ford Road, Bow, E.

E.L.F.S. FIXTURES.

Priday, Feb. IIth.

Mount Rd., 12.30 p.m., Miss M. Price.
Poplar Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Miss
Gore Booth, Mrs. Drake.
Beckton Rd., 7 p.m., Mrs. Walker.
Bow Women's Hall, 8 p.m., "Par-

liament."

Saturday, Feb. 12th.

Well St. & Morning Lane, 11 a.m.,
Mrs. Bouvier.
Grundy St., 3.30 p.m., Mr. Mackinlay,
Mrs. Drake.
Morpeth St., 3.30 p.m., Miss Lynch.
Sunday, Feb. 13th.
Osborne St., 11.30 a.m., Mrs. Boyce,
Miss Lynch.
The Grove, Stratford 12 o'clock Mrs.

The Grove, Stratford, 12 o'clock Mrs.

Bouvier.

Hyde Park, 3 p.m., Miss Somers,
Mrs. Leigh Rothwell.

Bow Women's Hall, 7.30 p.m. (East
London Branch of the W.I.L.),
Lady Margaret Sackville, Mrs.
Hobhouse. Chair: Mrs. Drake.
Monday, Feb. 14th.

175 Dalston Lane, 3 p.m., Mrs. McLeod.

"Whitehouse," 4.30 p.m., Miss Lynch,
Miss Reamish.

Miss Beamish.

Tuesday, Feb. 15th.

rundy St., 11 a.m., Miss Lynch.

hitecross St., 12.30 p.m., Mrs.

Grundy St., 11 a.m., Miss Lynch.
Whitecross St., 12.30 p.m., Mrs.
Bouvier.
Bow Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Miss
Roper, Miss Lynch.
(Clock Tower, Coutt's Rd., 6.30 p.m.,
Miss Feek.
Poplar Women's Hall, 8 p.m., Miss
Mary Richardson.
Wednesday, Feb. 16th.
53 St. Leonard St., 3.30 p.m., Miss
M. Price.
Chrisp St., 6.30 p.m., Mrs. Drake.
Thursday, Feb. 17th.
55 Fife Rd., 3 p.m., Miss Theodora
Wilson Wilson.
175 Dalston Lane, 8 pm., Mr. C. Gray.
Friday, Feb. 18th.
Poplar Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Mrs.
McLeod, Mrs. Drake.
Beckton Rd., 4.30 p.m., Mrs. Bouvier.
Saturday, Feb. 19th.
Fairbairn Hall, 310 Barking Rd., 3 to
6 p.m., Children's Party.
Grundy St., 3 p.m., Miss Rickards,
Mrs. Drake.
Vernon Rd., 3 p.m., Miss Lynch.
Sunday, Feb. 20th.
Victoria Park, 3 p.m., Mrs. Boyce,
Mrs. Walker.
Poplar Women's Hall, 7.30 p.m., Mr.
C. H. Norman on "Crimes of the
Government," Miss Dorothy
Matthew, Chair: Mrs. Drake.

MOTHERS AND BABIES.

MOTHERS AND BABIES.
The calls on our four mother and baby centrees, for milk, eggs, medicines, and doctoring and nursing care, are still very urgent. Will you help by sending us some money for this work?
Will you send us new laid eggs, arrowroot, barley, glaxo or virol?
We want:—For baby, four gowns, four barrows, two flaunel bands, twelve napkins, three vests, and a cot blanket; for mother, two nightgowns, woollen shawl, three towels, two sheets, and a pair of pillow cases.

Mothers and Children should make a point of attending the weekly consultations with nurse and doctor at:400 Old Ford Rd., Bow, Mondays 2.30 p.m.; 20 Railway St., Poplar, Tuesdays 3 p.m.; 53 St. Leonard's St., Tuesdays 2 p.m.; 55 Fife Rd., Canning Town, Tuesdays, 4 p.m.

THE GROWTH of the SLAVE STATE.

Austrian Conscript Workers.

Austrian Conscript Workers.

Labour Conscription for men up to 55 has existed in Austria since January 21st, and workers are being compelled by the State to fill the gaps created by the conscription of men for the Army.

The Arbeiter Zeitung, the Vienna Socialist paper, states that private employers have a free hand to exploit the workers, as there are no safeguards.

British Controlled Workers.

The decree states that men called for personal service and employed Government work by private con-

on Government work by private contractors, may not leave their employment during the War.

The Manchester Guardian declares that "the Austria-Hungary conscript worker is the most helpless of all," and in support of this statement says that even the German war workers are safeguarded by "a close Government control of their pay and working time, and by an unlimited right of appeal to joint Boards, composed of equal numbers of employers and employees, which act as arbitration as well as conciliation committees."

It may be that the Manchester

of equal numbers of employers and employees, which act as arbitration as well as conciliation committees."

It may be that the Manchester Guardian is right in asserting that the position of the worker in Austria-Hungary is worse than that of his fellow in Germany; but a "close Government control of wages" is frequently most unsatisfactory, as British workers have found!

We must point out that, unfortunately, the British workers, unlike the Germans, have not "unlimited right of appeal to local joint boards composed of equal numbers of employers and employed." The British Local Labour Advisory Boards which are only now being set up, are without power and their mission is to assist the dilution of labour, not to deal with rates of wages. Indeed, the Munitions Act has made it impossible for wages to be raised, except by consent of the Ministry of Munitions. This consent the Government has plainly stated that, in general, it is a part of their policy, not to give.

British Munitions Tribunals cannot be said to be composed, like the German Boards, of equal representatives of employers and employed, for though there are assessors who represent them, the decision rests with the President of the Tribunal, who is appointed by Lloyd George. It is not the business of the Munitions Tribunals to deal with rates of wages, and however scandalously sweated the workers may be, these tribunals refuse to allow them to leave their employment on that ground.

Lloyd George Fixes Women's Sweated Wages.

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At the Manchester Munitions Court on February 3rd, a woman worker at a Salford munition factory, applied for a certificate of discharge, on the ground that she was not being paid a reasonable wage. She said that she had never received more than 12s.4d. from this firm for a 61½ hour week, though when doing similar work in Hull, she could make £1.

The firm's representative said that the woman was engaged at 10s. for a 50½ hour week, which is less than 2½d. per hour, and received a 7½ per cent. War bonus. By working 61½ hours, he said that she could make 13s. 1d., not 12s. 4d. At the Manchester Munitions Court

days 3 p.m.; 53 St. Leonard's St.,
Tuesdays 2p.m.; 55 Fife Rd., Canning
Town, Tuesdays, 4 p.m.

Order the DREADNOUGHT through
your Newsagent; see that he
stocks it, and shows a Poster!

He said that she could make 13s. 1d.,
not 12s. 4d.

Mr. P. Atkin, the President of the
Tribunal, refused to grant the discharge certificate, and added insult
to injury by saying that the worker
was receiving "fair remuneration."

The last Munitions Act gave the Minister of Munitions, Mr. Lloyd George, the power to fix the rates of pay to women in munition factories. The Manchester Women's War Interests Committee has repeatedly called the attention of Mr. Lloyd George to cases of scandalous sweating, but without success. They have secured an admission from Dr. Addison at the Munitions Office that the average wage earned by the women of the district who gave up employment in cotton and other factories, to undertake munitioneering, was 5d. an hour, and that these women are only getting an average wage of 3d. an hour.

Yet Mr. Lloyd George still refuses to act!

to act!
Wearing Out the Workers. A Government committee, to discover whether the long working day is injuring the health of the industrial workers in such a way as to reduce their output, has deliberated, and has reported that hours of work must be strictly limited. Newertheless

duce their output, has deliberated, and has reported that hours of work must be strictly limited. Nevertheless so far from hours being shortened, the lengthening process is extended. The Home Secretary has given permission for women in lace factories to be employed from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m., 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., or 10 a.m. to 10 p.m., or even from 6 a.m. to 9 p.m., if there are breaks in the working day which reduce it to ten hours. Women whose work begins at 6 and ends at 9, must frequently rise at 4 or 4.30, and cannot get to bed before 11 or 12 p.m., a few breaks in the day will not compensate them for the broken night. Moreover everyone knows that it is exceedingly difficult to prevent breaches of the factory rules under ordinary circumstances. When an employer can break the working day up as he chooses between 6 a.m. and 9 p.m., it will be next to impossible to insure that the actual working hours are limited to ten per day—and the Home Office officials very certainly know this!

A Munition Worker's Complaint.

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A Munition Worker's Complaint.
Awoman munitioneer whose health
broke down, has written to the Evening Neves giving the following reasons
for her illness:

Too long hours (continuous work for
twelve hours).
A walk of nearly two miles from the factory gates to the shed through mud ankle
deep, and, part of the way, over railway
sleepers. Very dangerous in the dark.
No ventilation. Work all the time in
foul air.
No opportunity to get proper food. Meals

foul air.

No opportunity to get proper food. Meals have to be taken in, and eaten in a bad atmosphere.

This woman contracted diphtheria at the workshop. She says that the men are better treated than the women employees, and while the latter have to walk to their shops, the men ride.

HUMAN SUFFRAGE

HUMAN SUFFRAGE.
We should be glad to receive letters
from our readers embodying their
views on the subject of human suffrage
—a vote for every woman and man
over 21 years of age.

SUNDAY MEETING.

BOW WOMEN'S HALL, 400 Old Ford Road.

The LADY MARGARET SACKVILLE. Mrs. HOBHOUSE.

Songs: Mr. CHANDLER.

WHO WAS BEING TRIED?

Behind closed doors and windows a trial
in camera took place at the Court of
Criminal Appeal recently.

THE GAG! Organ of Clyde Workers Banned.

The Worker, has been suppressed.
Valter Bell, William Gallacher Walter Bell, William Gallacl and John Muir were arrested Glasgow on the 8th, inst., for publishing it.

They were indicted before Baillie

They were indicted to cause mutiny sedition of or "Having in Glasgow attempted to cause mutiny sedition, or disaffection amongst the civil population, and to impede, delay, or restrict the production of war material by producing, printing, and circulating among the workers in and around Glasgow employed on war material, a newspaper entitled the Worker."

The suppressed paper contains an article on the Clyde Workers' Committee, which explains that the Munitions Act was the cause which brought the Committee into being. The Committee's policy is described as "purely defensive," and it is explained as follows:—

Miners Urged to Resist.

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An article entitled "What About the Miners?" declares that a majority of the Scottish miners, especially in Lanarkshire and Fifeshire, are opposed to Conscription. Even in the Lothians, which are less solid on the question, there are said to be "many individuals who will resist Conscription to the end, and it will be no easy matter to fetch them."

An understanding is called for

An understanding is called for between the Scottish miners and the Clyde workers:—

The meaning of Compulsion.

An article entitled "What Conscription Really Means" calls on the workers of South Wales, the Clyde, and the Tyne, to "take the lead and so bring the struggle to a head."

Per inch 0 5	5 (
Per column 2 () (
Per half-column 1 2	2 6
Per page 7 10) (
Per half-page 4 () (
Classified advertisements 12d	. a
word, minimum 6d. for twelve wo	rds.

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THE WOMAN'S DREADNOUGHT.

1. Condition of Women burst into a proper request the control of the woman of of the

EAST LONDON FEDERATION OF THE SUFFRAGETTES.

OBJECTS: To secure the Parliamentary Vote for every Woman over 21, and to promote the Social and Industrial Welfare of Women.

Butrance Fee... 1d. Subscription... 1 d. a Month

BRANCH REPORTS.

BRANCH REPORTS.
BOW.

400 OLD FORD ROAD.
Secretary: Miss Lynch.
Miss Mary Richardson spoke to a very appreciative audience on Tuesday afternoon.
Several members who have not been with us for some time took part in the discussion.
A most successful meeting was held by Mrs. Bouvier on Sunday morning at Ostorne Street. Her speech was especially enjoyed by the many Russians present. 120 Dreadnoughts were sold, a large number of bills given away, and a collection taken. The meeting in Victoria Park was not held owing to the rain.
Miss Bennett, Miss King and Miss Mackay are thanked for helping with meetings during the week end, also those members who have been distributing anti-conscription literature.

been distributing anti-conscription literature.
Collections at Tuesday indoor meetings, 4s. 6d. Open-air meetings, 4s. Members' subscriptions, 16s. Miss O'Brien 1d. a week for 1916, 4s. 4d., per Mrs. Payne.
Dreadnought sales week ending Feb. 12th—1,027. Miss O'Brien 270, Mrs. Holloway 217, Miss Lynch 213, Miss Bennett 70, Miss Smyth 57, Mrs. Crabb 54, Mrs. Farrall 40, Mrs. Pascoe 19. General Sales 87.

Sales 87.

BROMLEY.

Hon. Secretary: Mrs. Mantle,
53 St. Leonard Street.

Dreadnought sales, per Mrs. Payne—78.

LEYTON.
On February 2nd, Mrs. Hart arranged a meeting at Leyton to form a new branch. It was most successful, eight members joining.

The Women's Hall, 20 Railway St.

Secretary: Mrs. Drake.

Miss Wilson was our very interesting speaker at the indoor meeting on Tuesday evening. Mr. Mackinlay, Mrs. Walshe, Mrs. Bouvier and Mrs. Bellyse had good meetings on Friday and Saturday. We have tickets for our Sunday evening meetings, which can be supplied on sale or return.

Miss E. Lagsding and Mrs. Bertram are thanked for collecting; Miss Vine, Miss K. Lagsding for selling Dreadnoughts and distributing bills at the Babies' Milk Fund Concert.

Lagsding for selling Dreadnoughts and distributing bills at the Babies' Milk Fund Concert.

The expenses of the Children's Party have been met and we have a balance in hand, with which it has been decided to get a Dreadnought poster board, to put outside the Women's Hall, 400 Old Ford Roadthis being the headquarters. Any friends wishing to contribute may do so.

January is over, but the subscriptions are not all in for the month. Will those members who cannot attend the meetings, send these in by their friends, as we need money to carry on our work, and with the prices rising, the need of the Vote for women is more insistent than ever. The next Social to be held by this branch will be on April 1st, at the Poplar Town Hall.

Only 240 Dreadnought sold week ending Feb. 5th. We must do better than this 1st. Sheltes 57, Mrs. Bellyse 20.

Will you try to get the nearest newsagent to stock the Dreadnought and keep him supplied with it?

Collections—Misse E. Lagsding £4 2s. 9\day{d., and 3s. 4d., Mrs. Bertram 9s. 5\dd., Miss Morley and Miss K. Lagsding 11s. 3d., Mrs. Drake 7s. 5\dd. Donation to Milk Fund—Mrs. Pethick Lawrence 10s. 0d. Donations to Children's Party—Miss H. Watts 1s. 0d.

The piano at 20 Railway St., which we have now had for a year on February 1th.

Mrs. O'Connell 10d.

The piano at 20 Railway St., which we have now had for a year on February 13th, 1916, is being paid for in monthly instalments of 10s. each. During this year, lowever, £7 os. 6d, have been paid, which is £1 more than what is due. This is owing to the good work of the secretary, Miss Clara Lagsding, among the members of the E.L.F.S. and those who visit the club. It has been very useful for Socials, Meetings, etc. As we wish to purchase the piano so that it will belong to this branch of the Federation, we shall be glad of subscriptions towards the balance, which is £22 7s. 6d.

Total cost of piano, 28 guineas.—C. DRAKE.

towards the balance, which is £22 7s. 6d.
Total cost of piano, 28 guineas.—C DRAKE.
SOUTH WEST HAM.
Centre for Tidal Basin: 55 FIFE ROAD.
Hon, Sec.—Miss. Datsy Parsons,
Hon, Sec.—Miss. Datsy Parsons,
Hong, Sec.—Miss. Datsy Parsons,
His Lipid and His Bowler, and two field
Conference at Bow Baths Hall, on February
27th, which all should attend.
It is essential for members to go from this
branch in order that we may be represented
on the Committee. Please apply at once for
Parry tickets. Stewards should be at Fairbairn Hall at 2 o'clock on Saturday, February 19th. Secretary gratefully acknowledges 8s. that was collected by Mrs. Vine
towards the 10s. that was lost.
Milk collection, 6s. 24d.—Mrs. Mears
1s. 24d., Mrs. Brown 1s. 6d., Miss Beamish
129, in Shachmeyer 1s. 6d.

Dreadnoughts sold—169. Mrs. Millo
12, Miss Beamish 129, in Shop 20.

MODEL LAUNDRY.—Family work a speciality. Dainty fabrics of every description treated with special care. Flannels and silks washed in distilled water. No chemicals used. Best labour only employed. Prompt collection; prompt delivery.—Bullens, Cressy House Laundry, Reynolds Road, Acton Green, W.

"THE WORKER"

(continued from front page).

"Try then, and picture what a future it will be; with militarism established as a permanent institution—at the disposal of a capitalist class operating in a country where there are no obstacles in the nature of obsolete institutions to hinder their progress. No obstacles but the working class movement. If your imagination does not fail you, then there will be no doubt as to how far we will go. Already the best part of our lives has been sucked out by sweating and exploitation, only to be confronted with this issue. Let us sincerely dedicate the remainder of our lives to saving our children from a form of slavery more approximation of the control of the contro

Treasury Agreement Broken.

An article on the Munitions Act entitled "All Things Work Together" shows that the boasted Treasury Agreement has been flagrantly broken by the employers and by the Govern-

ment.
The promise that piece and premium The promise that piece and premium bonus rates should remain as before "soon broke down," and skilled men who have protested "have been removed and unskilled men put on." Unskilled men, contrary to the pledge given, are paid 15s. a week less than skilled men, whose places they have taken.

skilled men, whose praces taken.

Mr. Lloyd George's speech in the House of Commons, on December 20th, is quoted as follows:

"They(the employers) must really face the local Unions, and put forward the demand, because, until they do so, the State cannot come in. We have had an Act of Parliament (The Munitions Act), but the law must be put into operation by somebody, and unless, the employer begins by putting on unskilled

which a few firms have had. But let us do it."
It is explained that the workers fear that the present changes, introduced to benefit the employer at the workers' expense, will be permanent. With regard to the Government Commissioners who have been sent

Commissioners who have been sent to the Clyde to hasten the dilution of labour it is said that:—

Mr. Isaac Mitchell certainly commands no respect or sympathy in the Clyde area.

"Mr. Lynden MacAssie, as a lawyer, stands little better chance; while Sir Thomas Munro is—well, we have no idea who or what he is:

But "it makes no difference who is on the Commission."

"The only way in which the workers can be satisfied that the scheme is no menace to them is that the Government take over all the industries, and give the workers, through their

organisations, a direct and equal share in the management."

This very sensible proposal, by-theway, is the one for which Mr. Lloyd George stated that he ordered the suppression of the Forward. The E.L.F.S., not knowing this was the demand of the Clyde workers, quite innocently made the same suggestion to Dr. Addison at the Ministry of Munitions on September 27th, 1915. An article entitled "This Way for Slavery, Please" warns the workers that during the next twelve months the Government may decide that every worker who earns £2 10s. a week shall be paid only 40s., and a Var Loan receipt for 10s. and a promise of 5 per cent. per annum on this sum.

An article under the alarming

An article under the alarming title "Should the Workers Arm?" states that "the internal clash of armed forces" should be avoided in this country if possible, and that it is best for the workers to resort to industrial overableriches. industrial organisation.

Yet another Government Committee has been formed. This time to deal with the coal supply. Neither women nor workers are represented on it.

The object is to see that no Government work is short of fuel. If the people are left out, there will be no voice to plead their cause should there be a shortage of coal. We object to the handing over of all the mation's affairs to these non-elected bodies. What is Parliament for?

MISS LEVINSKA IA'S CONCERT.

Great success attended the concert in the Æolian Hall which Miss Maria Levinskaja most generously organised in aid of the funds of the E.L.F.S. "Mothers' Arms" in Bow and the mother and baby clinics in Bromley, Poplar and Canning Town. The Daily Telegraph said of the concert:

concert:

Bromley, Poplar and Canning Town. The Daily Telegraph said of the concert:—

"Some little while ago there was in the Old Ford Road a public-house called the Gunnakers Arms, whereat wearied and the Control of the Cont

"L'Independence Belge."

L'Indépendence Belge also gave an important notice of the concert:—
"The Saturday Concert at the Æolian Hall brought a great number of music lovers, who the Saturus, a spiral agent a muster of music lovers, was a pleased to applaud with as much conon as enthusiasm, the great Russian its Miss Maria tevinslata, in some sian pieces by Glinka-Balakireft, and sikoff, as well as in the Ballade and erzo of Chopin. She showed great tech-d skill together with exceptional sentital and emotional gifts. In Beethoven's in C. minor, one of the masterpieces of early period, Miss Levinskaja was sted by those two magnificent artists, Daniel Melsa and Mr. Emile Doehard, hat it was no wonder that the rendering a perfect one. . The Violin and Cello ts were played by both these able artistes h splendid success.

Is to the Vocalists, Madame Baron Fonaraproved herself, by her charming inter-tations of Tchaiicowsky and Chausson, to a singer endowed, not only with a magnia as inger endowed, not only with a magnia.

nt voice, but with perfect knowledge of art of singing.
Ir. Bogea Oumiroff, Miss Levinskaja's patriot, and pupil of the famous Proportion Faure, gave several songs of the III. century, and some Russian and of folk songs, all of which were received a great enthusiasm. Mr. Constantin esco, a high-class tenor, sang an old manian song, and Duparc's Chanson te, with much sentiment and magnification.

cent diction. We have both to congratulate and to warmly thank Miss. Levinskaja for the most delightful afternoon which she organised with such a brilliant success for herself, for her colleagues, and for the benefit of the funds of the "Mothers' Arms" and Babies' Milk and Clinics in East London."

The E.L.F.S. also tenders its most grateful thanks to Miss Levinskaja and her friends, who so kindly gave their services to help the babies.

"OUR WOUNDED HEROES."

"OUR WOUNDED HEROES."

A lame soldier, suffering from frost-bite, who had been discharged from the Coldstream Guards, stated at Lambeth Police Court on February 7th, that he was getting nothing from the Army and could not pay his wife's maintenance.

The chief warrant officer said the authorities had decided that the soldier was not entitled to a pension. There were many men who received nothing when discharged.

Is this how we show our gratitude to "wounded heroes?"

Our next issue will contain a special article by Dr. Ella Scarlett Synge on her experiences in Serbia and in the German Internment Camps.

BULLYING THE LANDLADY,
At Margate, Miss Clarke, a land
landy, whose boarders had repeatedly failed to turn off the light at 11.15
p.m., provided them with candles and
turned off the light at that hour to
avoid further trouble.

An officer, who was staying there,
banged at her bedroom door because
of this, and finally fetched two soldiers armed with rifles and fixed
bayonets and forced Miss Clarke to
come out and put on the light. The
lady was in her dressing gown, and
asked to be allowed to dress before
going with the soldiers, but they refused to allow her to shut her door.

We are glad the Judge condemned
the officer to pay £250, but wonder
how any soldier can go to fight "to
protect" the women of this country
and then act in this manner! This
is just the sort of soldierly bullying
that has caused revolt against Prussian militarism in Alsace.

BULLIED BY LANDLORDS.

BULLIED BY LANDLORDS.

BULLED BY LANDLORDS.
A correspondent from Barking writes to say that the rent of the houses in a whole street have been raised from 5s. 6d. to 7s., and from 7s. and 7s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. and 8s.
Through the intervention of the Women's Labour League, the women tenants plucked up courage to refuse to pay the increase, with the result that the landlord accepted the prewar rent.

that the landlord accepted the pre-war rent.

The I.L.P. wrote to the Barking
Council, but as the majority of the
Councillors are landlords they passed
over the matter as being "none of
their business."

But the Labour representatives
urged that an explanation of the
Rent Act should be issued to the
people. The local newspapers took
the matter up, and as a result the
landlord has now become humble,
and even asks what the tenants
would like done!

At West London County Court on the 7th inst., the case of Mr. John Eagle was heard. His landlord tried to have him ejected, pleading that he wanted the house for himself, as his own was too small. The Judge said he was not satisfied with the reasons given, and did not grant the ejectment.

A good result of the Rent Act!

An application for an ejectment order against an old man, who lived in one room in Old Kent Road, S.E., was refused at Maryleboue Police Court, on the 3rd inst.

Maryleboue Police Court, on the 3rd inst.

Me are glad that the magistrate decided to be lumane, for who that has the where which all to pay for more would choose to live in one room?

It is interesting to learn that the L.C.C. were amongst the landlords who raised rents since the war; the Rent Act has caused them to reduce to pre-war prices

GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGED.

GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGED.

GRANEAL FUND.—Miss Hinton 2.0.0, Miss A. Gilliat 5.0, Miss D. Hollins 10.6.
DREADNOGHT FUND.—Miss Buchan 3.0.0, Miss D. L. Hollins 1.1.0, The Rev. E. Warlow 5.0, Free Lance 1.0.
FOR MILK & GENERAL DISTRESS—Mrs. Sadd-Brown (monthly) 3.00, Lady Felicia Wallace 3.00, Mrs. Ballile Weaver (monthly) 2.00, T. R. Midel, Esq. 2.00, Mrs. Bell 1.10.0, Per Miss Handley 1.70.0, Miss B. Putman 1.0.6, Miss G. L. Smyth (monthly) 1.0.0. The Misses Glisten (monthly) 1.0.0, Miss B. Misses Glisten (monthly) 1.0.0, Miss M. Trelawney (annually) 1.0.0, Miss E. Jacobs 10.0, Miss E. Jacobs 10.0, Miss E. Jacobs 10.0, Miss E. Jacobs 10.0, Miss J. Miss J. Miss J. M. Burroughs 10.0, Miss L. M. Burroughs 10.0, Miss J. Miss J. M. Burroughs 10.0, Miss J. M. Burroughs 10.0, Miss J. Mis

Gifts for the Canning Town Children's Party, on Feb. 19th, are urgently needed.
Odds and ends of Wool to make Wool Balls would be exceedingly useful.
All Gifts, etc., to be addressed to Miss Beamish, 400 Old Ford Road, Bow, E.