

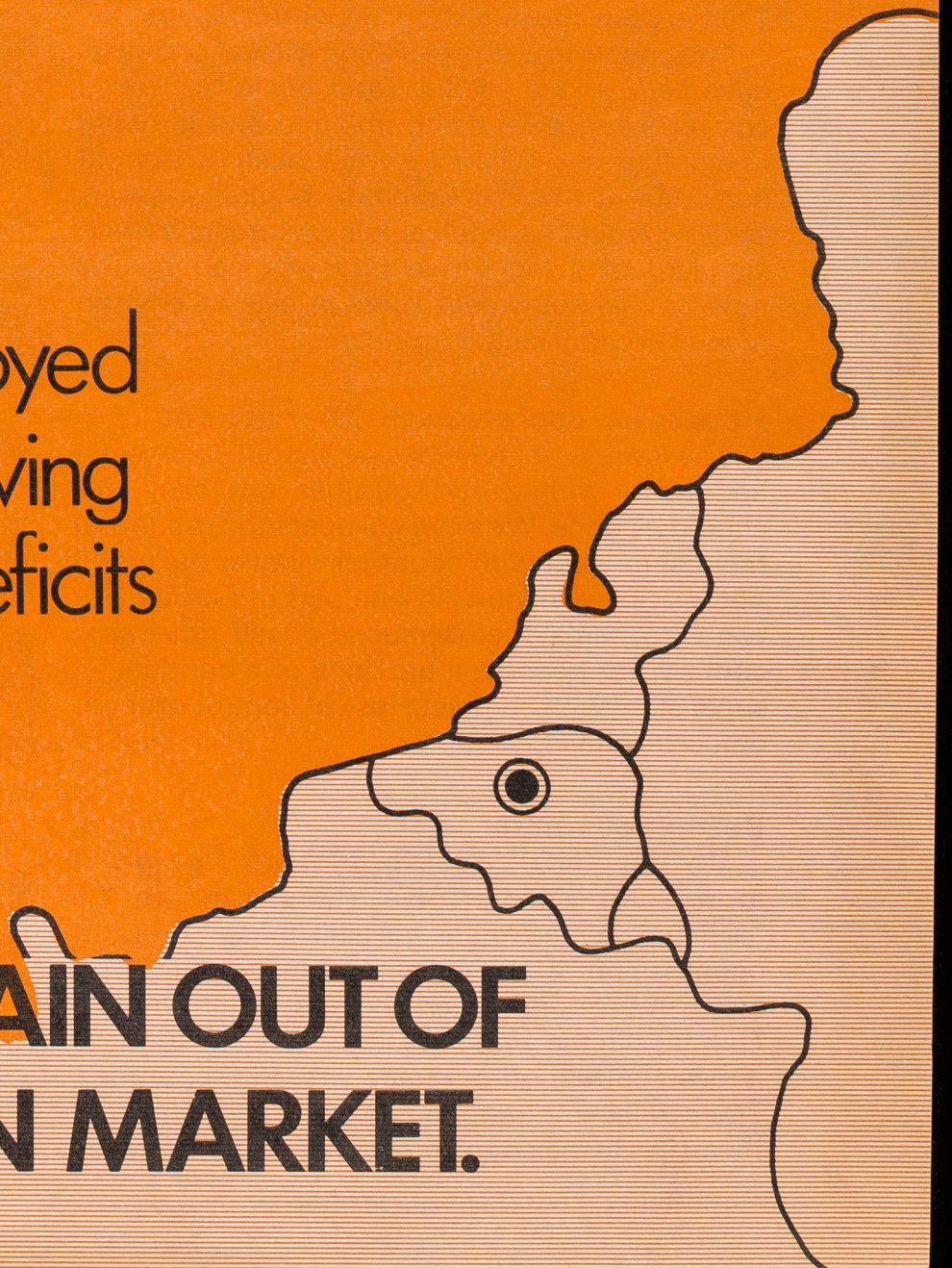


BRUSSELS -THE NEW CAPITAL OF BRITAIN?

The EEC today

- 4 million unemployed
- Soaring cost of living
- Massive trade deficits
- Food hoarding
- Economic Crises

**LET'S GET BRITAIN OUT OF
THE COMMON MARKET.**



BRUSSELS—THE NEW CAPITAL OF BRITAIN?

The basic question in the Referendum on the Common Market is, do we want to be governed by those we elected and can remove here in Britain or by a Commission in Brussels?

The Common Market Commission overrides our Parliament and takes away from us our right to run our own affairs. It imposes taxes on us and makes laws for us which our Parliament cannot alter.

Why should we remain subject to a bureaucratic Commission in Brussels?

Have we benefited in the 2½ years membership of the Common Market?

It is estimated that we shall pay into the EEC budget £100 million net this year and that by 1979 this will reach £310 million (Hansard 23rd January, 1975).

This is your money they are giving away

The people in all the Common Market countries have had to face soaring food prices, increased cost of living, ever rising inflation and growing unemployment. When we were taken in without our consent the Pro-Common Market speakers said we would have full employment and a rising standard of living. These promises ring hollow now as unemployment soars in every Common Market country including Britain.

How to co-operate with other nations

The issue is not whether we should co-operate and trade with other countries but how this should be done. We want co-operation, trade and friendship – but with countries all over the world not just a few nations in one part of Europe. We want to remain a democratic self-governing country not become a province of a continental super state with complete loss of control over our domestic affairs.

Better not worse

Voting "NO" does not mean "going it alone" or "isolation" (how can we be "isolated" when there are still more European countries not in the Common Market than there are members and when there is a total of 130 countries in the world not in the EEC?). Nor does it mean cutting off our trade with EEC countries. There will be nothing to prevent our trading with them. It is in their own interest – currently they sell

£2,000 m. worth more goods to us than we do to them.

Tariffs are now very low and are being lowered further by international agreements and it would be virtually impossible to raise them against Britain alone. Continental customers do not buy British goods because we are in the Common Market but only if the prices are right. This would still be the case if we leave the Market.

Norway stayed out

The Norwegians were given the same sort of scare stories of disaster if they did not join the Common Market, but since the Norwegians voted "NO" their economy has prospered as never before and their currency has been up-valued twice. Sweden and Norway, two of the European countries who decided to stay out, have done much better and are in a much stronger economic position than Britain and Denmark who were "taken in".

The advantages of voting "NO"

Coming out of the Common Market means:

- We would regain the freedom to trade with any country in the world. It would relieve us of the costly payments into the EEC budget from which we get little in return.
- We should be free of the Common Market's dear food policy, with its costly beef and butter mountains, its destruction of fruit and its sugar crises, and we should again have the right to buy our food where we wished.
- We could take back full control over the movement of capital and investment in and out of Britain to ensure that our wealth goes into British industry, making it more efficient and expanding employment, instead of being invested in property developments in Europe.
- Above all, we should regain our democracy and self-government.

We shall soon have the opportunity to vote on this issue in the coming Referendum.

SAY "NO" TO THE COMMON MARKET

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