

# Women's International League

(British Section of the International Committee of Women  
for Permanent Peace)

14 BEDFORD ROW, LONDON, W.C.1.

## THIRD YEARLY REPORT,

October, 1917 — October, 1918.

Also

### CONSTITUTION AND RULES

as adopted at the Conference of Subscribers to the British Committee of the Women's International Congress, held in Caxton Hall, Westminster, on September 30th and October 1st, 1915, and amended at subsequent Council Meetings of the League.

Price 2d.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

*Chairman:*  
Mrs. SWANWICK.

*Hon. Treasurer:*  
Mrs. PETHICK LAWRENCE.

*Hon. Secretary:*  
Miss I. COOPER WILLIS.

*First Vice-Chairman:* Miss MARGARET ASHTON.

*Second Vice-Chairman:* Miss K. D. COURTNEY.

*Third Vice-Chairman:* Mrs. SNOWDEN.

Mrs. BARTON.	Miss CATHERINE E. MARSHALL.
LADY COURTNEY OF PENWITH.	The Hon. Mrs. ROLLO RUSSELL.
Mrs. DESPARD.	Mrs. ALFRED SALTER.
Miss MARIAN E. ELLIS.	Mrs. SANDIFORTH.
Miss I. O. FORD.	Miss M. SHEEPHANKS.
Mrs. AYRTON GOULD.	Mrs. C. P. TREVELYAN.
Mrs. J. A. HOBSON.	Miss A. HELEN WARD.
Miss M. H. HUNTSMAN.	The Hon. Mrs. WEDGWOOD.
Mrs. HUTH JACKSON.	Miss TH. WILSON WILSON.
Miss EVA MACNAGHTEN.	

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL  
LEAGUE ON THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF WOMEN  
FOR PERMANENT PEACE.

Miss MARGARET BONDFIELD.	Miss C. E. MARSHALL.
Miss K. D. COURTNEY.	Mrs. SWANWICK.
Miss I. COOPER WILLIS.	

## Women's International League.

### THIRD YEARLY REPORT.

October, 1917—October, 1918.

#### CONSTITUTION.

THE Women's International League was formally constituted on September 30 and October 1, 1915, at a General Meeting of all who had subscribed for the purpose of furthering the objects of the Women's International Committee for Permanent Peace. It was then decided to form a British Section of the I.C.W.P.P., with the name "Women's International League," and a constitution was drawn up which, with a few amendments introduced at subsequent general meetings, is appended to this report. The resolutions passed at The Hague Congress of Women in April 1915 were taken as the basis for defining the objects of the Women's International League, and it was agreed that the British organization should be formed, with the object of linking together two movements felt to be vitally connected: the Women's Movement and the Pacifist Movement.

#### MEMBERSHIP.

In the third year of its organization, and the fourth year of the War, the Women's International League has attained a membership of 3,687 Branch members and 760 Central members, some of whom also belong to Branches.

BRANCHES.	MEMBERSHIP.
Aberdeen .....	13
Balham .....	85
Barnet .....	39
Beaconsfield .....	39
Birmingham .....	217
Bolton .....	85
Bournemouth .....	23
Bristol .....	82
Cambridge .....	64
Catford and Lewisham .....	19
Chelsea and Westminster .....	47
Cheshire (East) .....	35
Croydon (two Societies affiliated) .....	68
Darlington .....	29
Derwent Valley .....	75
Dundee .....	29
Edinburgh .....	38
Enfield and Winchmore Hill .....	34
Golder's Green .....	45
Glasgow .....	311
Hampstead .....	84
Harlesden and Willesden .....	30
Hereford .....	10
Heywood .....	44
Huddersfield .....	55
Hyde .....	53
Hyde Park .....	31
Kensington .....	73
Kingston and District .....	53
Leeds .....	203
Letchworth .....	76
Liverpool .....	139
Manchester .....	532
Midlothian .....	47
Newcastle (North-Eastern) .....	66
Northampton .....	52
Northern Heights .....	29
Norwich .....	19
Oldham .....	73
Oxford .....	21
Paisley .....	47
Petersfield .....	24
Rochdale .....	59
Sheffield .....	94
Shipley .....	49
Stevenage .....	12
Stockport .....	48
Street .....	85
Swinton and Pendlebury .....	19
Warrington .....	53
York .....	130
Total .....	3,687

The Executive Committee, consisting of twenty-five members, including the officers, has held seventeen regular and

six special meetings. Representatives from it have been appointed to the National Peace Council, National Council for Adult Suffrage, to the Legislation, Peace and Arbitration, Rescue and Preventive, Committees of the National Union of Women Workers, British Dominions Women's Suffrage Conference, Conference on Equal Pay for Equal Work arranged by the Fabian Women's League, Conference held by Women's Local Government Society, and Conferences called by Association for Moral and Social Hygiene *re maisons tolérées* and proposals to penalise the transmission of venereal disease. Invitations from the Penal Reform League and from the N.U.W.W. to join in deputations *re* Prison Reform and the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Amendment Bill respectively have also been accepted. Resolutions passed during the year have included resolutions of sympathy with Mrs. Fawcett, on the death of Dr. Garrett Anderson; the N.U.W.S.S., on the death of Dr. Elsie Inglis; Lady Courtney, on the death of Lord Courtney; and Mrs. Allen Baker, on the death of Mr. Allen Baker, M.P.

At the General Council meeting in October 1917, Miss M. Russell was elected a member of the Executive, but in consequence of work was unable to act, and in her place Mrs. Sandiforth, of Bradford, was co-opted. In May 1918 Miss Bondfield resigned owing to her election to the Labour Party Executive, and Mrs. Ayrton Gould was invited to fill the vacancy on the Executive. The Executive passed a resolution of protest against the action of the Foreign Office in refusing a passport to Miss Bondfield for the purpose of accompanying the Trades Union Congress deputation to the June Convention of the American Federation of Labour.

*The Office.*—At Easter, Miss Mitchell, who had held the post of Secretary since the formation of the League, resigned in order to return to educational work. The Executive passed a resolution of regret at her retirement and warm appreciation of her devoted and able services. Miss K. E. Royds was appointed Secretary in her place. Miss Phillips, assisted by Miss K. Anderson, is still in charge of the Literature and Finance, and Miss Horscroft continues as Clerk. Miss Marsh, who was appointed in May to organize the preparations for the Hyde Park Demonstration, has been reappointed as a permanent London and Provincial Organizer, and Miss Ashby Wood, in addition to her London duties, has also undertaken provincial organizing work. Mrs. Crawford, of Glasgow, previously our Scottish organizer, is now acting as an occasional speaker for the League.

## SUB-COMMITTEES.

*Organization Committee.*—The following new Branches have been formed:—Barnet, Bolton, Catford, Croydon, Dundee, Enfield and Winchmore Hill, Heywood, Sheffield, Stevenage, Swinton, and Willesden.

*London Group Meetings.*—The formation of Branches in the London area, often widely separated from one another, has made the organization of work in London a thorny problem. As an experiment it was decided to invite officers and members of local Branch Committees to meet at the office once a month. The meetings held in May, June, and July, though small, proved that this opportunity for Branch representatives to meet one another was valued and valuable. The Executive has now appointed a London Sub-Committee, consisting of the Officers, three members nominated by the Executive (Miss Courtney, Mrs. Rollo Russell, and Mrs. Alfred Salter), and one representative from each Branch in the London area. The Committee will meet monthly and will deal with all matters directly affecting the London area, both work to be undertaken unitedly and also work in localities, as well as the formation of new Branches in districts at present untouched.

*Literature Committee.*—The action of the Authorities in issuing Regulation 27c of the Defence of the Realm Act (requiring any leaflet or pamphlet "relating to the war or the making of peace" to be submitted to the Press Bureau before publication) has drawn a great deal of public attention to such literature. Upon the announcement, in November, of the forthcoming Regulation, the Literature Committee issued the leaflet "Is this Fair Play?" which consisted of the questions and answers in the House of Commons concerning the proposed Regulation. It was printed before the Regulation was issued, and 99,000 copies of it were circulated within four days.

When the Regulation was issued the Committee decided, pending the result of the Special Council Meeting held to consider the League's policy in the matter, to withdraw from circulation certain publications which were either out of date or which did not conform to the Regulation's demand that each leaflet should bear the printer's imprint, together with the author's name and address. Nine pamphlets and leaflets in all were withdrawn. Later "An Appeal to Women," by Mrs. Despard, which the Censor refused to pass, and "Democracy and Peace," the remaining stock of which had been confiscated by the police who raided the office on

November 7, were also formally withdrawn. No objection was made by the Censor to any of the remaining publications (eighteen in all) which were submitted on the passing of 27c or to any subsequent publications.

All leaflets and pamphlets published during the year are given in the following list, with the number disposed of in each case:—

PAMPHLETS.		PRICE.	NUMBER DIS- POSED OF.
Investment of Capital Abroad. By Mary Agnes Hamilton. (New and Revised Edition) .....		1d.	... 559
Foreign Policy and the People. By Margaret Hills. (New and Revised Edition) .....		2d.	... 768
LEAFLETS.			
Democracy and Peace..... (Index letter K)		1/3 a 100	... 29,000
Security .....	" " L	8d. a 100	... 36,300
Dark Corners are Dirty Corners .....	" " M	9d. a 100	... 6,500
Is this Fair Play? .....	" " N	10d. a 100	... 99,000
I.C.W.P.P. ....	" " O	2/- a 100	... 3,875
To Men who are Electors (1st Edition) .....	" " P	1/3 a 100	... 9,000
(2nd " ) .....		1/- a 100	... 7,950
The W.I.L. ....	" " Q	2/- a 100	... 7,700
Our War Aims .....	" " R	1/6 a 100	... 7,000
The Choice .....	" " S	1d. each	... 750
Manifesto and Object .....		1/2d. "	... 1,600
Branch.....		1/2d. "	... 1,200

A Christmas Card was also issued, and sold at 1/2d.; 1,500 copies were sold.

Previous publications have also been disposed of during the year as follows:—

BOOK.	PRICE.	NUMBER DIS- POSED OF.
Report of Conference on Teaching of History and Scripture .....	1/-	... 26
PAMPHLETS.		
War in its Effect on Women .....	2d.	... 553
Women in the World's Councils .....	1d.	... 356
Foreign Policy and the People (1st Edition)	1d.	... 262
LEAFLETS.		
Peace Negotiations To-morrow .....	1/- a 100	... 11,050
An Appeal to Women.....	1/2d. each	... 33,500
What is the W.I.L. ? .....	2/- a 100	... 3,700
What is the Policy of the Allies?.....	2/- a 100	... 1,200
PERIODICALS.		
Towards Permanent Peace.....	2d.	... 2,135
Monthly News Sheet .....	1d.	... 2,000
		(average)

Lists of publications in stock are compiled and sent out when necessary, and outside publications bearing on the object of the League are shown in the Literature Department and recommended to Branches.

Fifteen thousand copies each of the N.C.C.L. leaflets, "The New Dictatorship of Opinion" and "The Dictatorship of Opinion still Maintained," were circulated in December and February respectively.

The *News Sheet*, as will be seen in the above list, has reached an average circulation of 2,000.

*Education Committee.*—The last Annual Report noted the summoning of a small Conference, following upon the Conference held in January 1917 on the Teaching of Scripture and History, which appointed a Special Committee to consider the compilation of a bibliography on the lines of the teaching discussed at the first Conference. This Bibliography Committee has been working throughout the year and it is hoped shortly to publish the Bibliography prepared by it. We have, very regretfully, to record the death of Mr. C. Miles, who was a member of the Committee. His sympathies with the League's educational work were joined to an astonishingly wide and deep knowledge of all literature. In his death we have lost one of our wisest helpers.

The Education Committee's other work has not gone beyond the issue of a circular to the Branches drawing their attention to what should be done locally to prevent militarism in education. It has heartily endorsed the circular issued by, and its members have attended the Conference arranged by the N.C.C.L. in May. At the Special Council meeting held at Manchester a resolution on this subject was passed unanimously, and a resolution on these lines has been drafted for use at Branch meetings. Leaflets on "The Children of the People" and "Military Training in Schools," published by the Joint Commission on Education established by the N.P.C., have been recommended, and Branches have been informed that speakers on this subject can be obtained from the Joint Commission and urged to arrange meetings. In February, fifteen thousand copies of the leaflet "Education and Militarism" were circulated among the Branches.

#### COUNCIL MEETINGS.

The Annual Council meeting took place on October 16 and 17, 1917, and was attended by eighteen members of the Executive, fifty delegates representing twenty-four Branches, and a considerable number of visitors

The Chairman, in her opening speech, spoke of the great variety of work undertaken by various members of the Executive. She referred particularly to Miss Royden's work for the Conference on the Teaching of Scripture and History, also all that she had done in connexion with the Criminal Law Amendment Bill, which had brought the League into touch with another set of thinkers and workers. The Friday meetings arranged by Miss Ward had been the rallying point of the League in London. The Office had recently been asked by the Education Section of the Ministry of Reconstruction to give some account of the educational work undertaken by the League, and in answering the inquiry she had had enormous satisfaction in looking down the list of Conferences and meetings which had been held, such as the Education Conference and the Conference on the Peace Terms, besides the long series of Friday meetings. Mrs. Snowden's work in the Peace Crusade had been very wide and very valuable. Miss Macnaghten had helped and encouraged all the workers in the office and in the Branches.

The following resolutions were passed:—

1. *The Economic Weapon.*—This Council urges that the Allies should declare that, provided the Central Powers will undertake to evacuate the countries and districts they have invaded, to agree to the establishment, in co-operation with the other belligerents and with neutral countries, of a supernational authority or League of Nations, to the submission of international disputes to arbitration and conciliation, and to the limitation of armaments, the Allies are willing to abandon the proposed economic boycott after the war and to begin negotiations for peace.

2. *Free Speech.*—This Council of the Women's International League protests against those numerous regulations prohibiting intercourse with Allied and neutral countries, which are directed not towards the attainment of secrecy in military and naval matters, but against the intercommunication of the peoples. The Women's International League considers these regulations as destructive of democracy and as a misuse by the Government of powers given to it under the Defence of the Realm Act for a very different purpose.

3. *Manipulation of News Agencies.*—This Council protests against the systematic manipulation of the news agencies of the Allied countries by the military and financial Powers for the purposes of war propaganda and to colour the impressions or warp the facts as supplied to the public.

4. *Morel Case.*—This Council congratulates Mr. E. D. Morel on the public vindication of his character against the unjust charges that have been persistently brought against him, and protests against the vindictive sentence imposed upon him for a technical offence.

5. *Proportional Representation.*—That it is fundamental to the democratic principle to insist upon the rights of minorities, and therefore this Council supports Proportional Representation as a means of securing the representation of minorities, whilst ensuring

the representation of the full strength of majorities, and thus the more complete representation of all citizens.

6. *International Reconstruction.*—That as the attempts of financiers and governments to restrict to themselves and their national groups concessions, trading rights, and access to the raw materials of industry are amongst the most potent causes of war, this Council of the Women's International League urges that the new international order shall include the widest possible application of Free Trade, some scheme for the equitable apportionment of the raw material of industry amongst the nations of the world, and the abandonment of the principle of exclusive concessions.

7. *Nationality and Territory.*—This Council of the Women's International League urges that, when peace negotiations are instituted, all contentious questions of nationality and territory be submitted to an International Commission for deliberate consideration and adjudication.

8. *Reprisals.*—That in view of the pressure being brought by a certain section of the Press on the Government to carry out a policy of reprisals, this Council of women protests against any such preaching of revenge.

9. *International.*—(a) That the Women's International League, in Annual Council assembled, sends affectionate greetings to its honoured International President, Jane Addams, and expresses its admiration for the good fight for our common principles put up by the Women's Peace Party under her leadership.

(b) That the Women's International League, in Annual Council assembled, expresses its warm appreciation of the work of Dr. Aletta Jacobs and Miss Rosa Manus in conducting the International Headquarters and publishing the *International*.

(c) That the Women's International League, in Annual Council assembled, sends its sisterly greetings to the other National Committees of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace.

NOTE.—The two following, which were sent to International Headquarters by the Executive Committee of the Women's International League for the Agenda of the International Congress of Women after the War, were passed by the Council and are now part of the policy of the League:—

10. *Population in Relation to War* (as amended by Council).—That, as war, disease, and famine are three great irrational checks on population and tend to lower rather than to raise the type of the survivors, this Council of Women declares that it is the duty of humanity to strive for the elimination of these checks, which involve waste and needless suffering, and to consider the whole problem of population in the light of reason, knowledge, and self-control rather than in a spirit of blind submission to catastrophic forces. It asserts that upon women lies a special responsibility with regard to the birth-rate and urges them to study the connexion (a) between militarism and the overstrain and enslavement of women for purposes of reproduction in order to make good this waste, (b) between the pressure of population upon the means of subsistence and war.

11. *Standard of Life.*—The concentration of enormous wealth in the hands of a few and the low standard of life among the masses of the people, being themselves the product of war *within* nations,

is also one of the chief causes of war *between* nations. This Council, therefore, resolves to work for a more equal distribution of the products of industry and for its direction and organization by the people.

NOTE.—The following, which was sent to International Headquarters by the Executive Committee of the Women's International League for the Agenda of the International Congress of Women after the War, was endorsed by the Council for discussion at the post-war Congress, but is not adopted as part of the policy of the League.

12. *Maintenance.*—Since women who are mothers perform a service of supreme importance to the State, and have in the past been reduced to a state of economic dependence by reason of the very service they have rendered, this Council declares that some scheme for the endowment of motherhood by the State is both just in principle and necessary to secure the status of women as free citizens.

Rule IX (b) was amended to read as follows:—

Rule IX (b) Nominations for the offices of Hon. Treasurer and Hon. Secretary, and for the Executive Committee must reach the Secretary two weeks before the Council meeting. Resolutions to be placed on the agenda and proposed alterations of the rules must reach the Secretary not later than one month before the Council meeting.

The Executive Committee and Officers were elected as follows:—

*Hon. Secretary*—Miss I. Cooper Willis.

*Hon. Treasurer*—Mrs. Pethick Lawrence.

*Executive Committee*—

Miss Ashton.	Miss Macnaghten.
Mrs. Barton.	Miss Marshall.
Miss Bondfield.	The Hon. Mrs. Russell.
Miss K. D. Courtney.	Mrs. Salter.
The Lady Courtney of Penwith.	Mrs. Sandiforth.
Mrs. Despard.	Miss Sheepshanks.
Miss M. E. Ellis.	Mrs. Philip Snowden.
Miss I. O. Ford.	Mrs. Swanwick.
Mrs. J. A. Hobson.	Mrs. Charles Trevelyan.
Miss M. H. Huntsman.	Miss Helen Ward.
Mrs. Huth Jackson.	Mrs. Wedgwood.

Miss Th. Wilson Wilson.

The Executive Committee, at its first meeting, re-elected Mrs. Swanwick as Chairman.

Two Special Council meetings were subsequently called. The first, which was held on December 6, 1917, at 31 Alfred Place, Tottenham Court Road, W., was occasioned by the new Regulation C 27 of D.O.R.A., which required the submission of all leaflets and pamphlets "dealing with the war or the making of peace" to be submitted to the Press Bureau before publication. Fifteen members of the Executive were present and forty delegates from Branches.

The second Special Council meeting was summoned in

order to consider Election Policy, and was held in Manchester on May 2, 1918. The resolutions embodying the policy, as passed at the meeting, are as follows:—

1. *Individual Members.*—The Election Policy of the W.I.L. having been adopted nationally by the Council, individual members of the W.I.L. are not at liberty in any constituency to oppose that policy; but they are free to abstain from taking any part in any election.

2. *Local Election Committees:*—

IV. (A) *Establishment of Local Election Committees.*—That it be a recommendation to every Branch or local group of Branches, such as a Federation, where possible, to form an Election Committee of the Branch or group of Branches whose functions shall be:—

(1) To watch the political situation locally and keep in touch with local election work.

(2) To carry out the National Election Policy of the W.I.L. within its area.

(3) To educate and organize the local women voters.

(4) To report periodically to the Executive on the local political situation and the action they propose to take with regard to an election.

IV. (B) *Responsibility of Local Election Committee.*—The Local Election Committee, having been appointed by the Branch or group of Branches for the purpose of carrying out the National Election Policy of the W.I.L. as established at Council meetings, shall have full discretion to do this provided that no candidate shall be officially supported by the W.I.L. unless the candidature is jointly approved by the National Executive and the Local Election Committee.

IV. (C) *Attendance at Adoption Meetings.*—The Local Election Committee (or members thereof) shall endeavour to attend local meetings of parties and shall use their influence there to secure the adoption of the best candidate.

IV. (E) *Appointment of Local Election Committee by National Executive.*—Where there is no local branch of the W.I.L. the National Executive may, if it thinks desirable, establish a Local Election Committee, composed of members of the W.I.L., to carry out the work in accordance with the policy laid down by the Council.

3. *By-elections.*—That the Women's International League shall take an active part in by-elections, where a candidate stands for Peace by Immediate Negotiation and is otherwise suitable.\* The suitability is to be decided by the Executive, in consultation with the Branch (if a Branch exists), until the formation of Local Election Committees.†

4. *General Election on Old Register.*—If a General Election is precipitated on the old Register a Council Meeting shall be called at the earliest opportunity.

5. *General Election on New Register.*

\* For explanation of suitability refer to resolution under No. 6 below.

† See No. 2 above.

(A) *War still continuing.*

(a) *Adoption.*

(1) The W.I.L. shall endeavour to secure the adoption of a candidate who will press for Peace by Immediate Negotiation and whose public record and general policy it approves.\*

(2) If women are eligible, the W.I.L. shall endeavour to secure the adoption of women candidates, taking into consideration the qualities of other possible men candidates and the probabilities of success of a woman.

(b) *Election.*

(1) The W.I.L. shall support the candidate who, taking into consideration public record and likelihood of success, will best promote the one object of Peace by Immediate Negotiation.

(2) Especial efforts shall be made to organize the women voters.

(3) Where no candidate can be supported by the W.I.L. efforts should be made to organize questions and deputations to the candidates so as to bring them nearer to the desired policy.

(B) *Peace having been concluded.*

(a) *Adoption.*

(1) The W.I.L. shall endeavour to secure the adoption of a candidate whose public record and general policy it approves.

(2) If women are eligible, the W.I.L. shall endeavour to secure the adoption of women candidates, taking into consideration the qualities of other possible men candidates and the probabilities of success of a woman.

(b) *Election.*

(1) The W.I.L. shall support the candidate who, taking into consideration public record and likelihood of success, will best promote the objects of the W.I.L. as set forth in the accompanying schedule.

(2) No candidate shall be supported unless he or she satisfies the W.I.L. that he or she intends to promote Democracy and Internationalism.

(3) Especial efforts shall be made to organize the women voters.

(4) Where no candidate can be supported by the W.I.L., efforts should be made to organize questions and deputations to the candidates, so as to bring them nearer to the desired policy.

6. *Schedule I: For an Election during the War (Minimum).*—Peace by Immediate Negotiation. The candidate should also be urged to support:—

(a) Open negotiation.

(b) Democratic representation at the Peace Congress.

(c) Publication of secret treaties and agreements.

(d) The establishment of a League of Peoples.

\* See No. 6. *Schedule I: For an Election during the War (Minimum).*

*Schedule II: For an Election after the War (Maximum).**(A) Foreign and Imperial Policy.*

- (1) Democratic control of foreign policy.
- (2) The establishment of a League of Peoples with provision for universal disarmament and for the immediate abolition of conscription, both civil and military.
- (3) Self-determination of peoples, including those within the British Empire.
- (4) Open door in commerce and industry.

*(B) Domestic Policy.*

- (1) The emancipation of women and the protection of their interests, including:—
  - (a) Their full admission to the Parliamentary franchise.
  - (b) The admission to national and international councils.
  - (c) The establishment of their economic independence and legal freedom.
  - (d) The recognition of the equal moral standard and its bearing on the problems of prostitution and illegitimacy.
  - (e) Reform of laws relating to marriage, divorce, and custody of children.
- (2) Freedom of speech and publication and the abolition of penalties on opinion.
- (3) Universal free non-militarist education.
- (4) Reform of housing.
- (5) A greater share in the control and product of labour by the workers.
- (6) Reform of taxation.
- (7) Reform of penal laws and institutions.

*Minimum.—(A) Foreign and Imperial Policy.*

- (1) Democratic control of foreign policy.
- (2) The establishment of a League of Peoples, with provision for universal disarmament and for the immediate abolition of conscription, both civil and military.
- (3) Open door in commerce and industry.

*(B) Domestic Policy.*

- (1) The emancipation of women and the protection of their interests.
- (2) Freedom of speech and publication and the abolition of penalties on opinion.
- (3) A greater share in the control and product of labour by the workers.

## PUBLIC MEETINGS.

*Meeting at Central Hall, Westminster, October 15, 1917.*—In the last Annual Report it was announced that the Peace Crusade work undertaken by the Branches in the provinces was to culminate in a London public meeting, whose chief feature was to be the receiving of reports of this work. The meeting was held without interruption, despite the rumours which were previously circulated that

“a band of stalwarts, 100 strong,” had been organized to break it up.

The following resolutions were passed *nem. con.*:—

*Political Offences and Mr. Morel.*—This meeting declares that the treatment of Mr. E. D. Morel as a criminal will cause the worst impression of this country among democrats abroad. The regulation which he broke was one made by an Order in Council under the Defence of the Realm Act, and its administration has clearly shown that it is not for the purpose of the defence of the realm, but to prevent neutrals from being aware of the state of opinion here. This meeting, therefore, urges the Government to recognize that his offence was purely political, and to treat him accordingly.

2. Moved by Miss I. O. Ford (Leeds) and Miss Haly (Birmingham):—

*Peace Negotiations.*—This meeting declares that the political situation in Germany, rightly handled, gives opportunity for a democratic peace. It deplores the incessant shifting of ground by the various exponents of the Western Powers, and in particular repudiates the view put forward by Mr. Churchill on October 9, at a meeting of Middlesex munition workers, that the fate of Alsace and Lorraine should be decided as a “symbol of victory.” Believing that the only guarantees for a lasting peace are the satisfaction of the peoples and the establishment of a League of Nations, making disarmament possible, this meeting declares that negotiations should now be begun to those ends, and that such a policy would be approved by the great mass of the people of this country, who are sick of the slaughter and starvation of millions, not only on the battlefields but in the homes of Europe.

The speakers from the provinces each described the great peace movement in her part of the country in connexion with the Women’s Peace Crusade, Miss Haly describing, beside the work in Birmingham, that done in Newcastle, which she was then organizing. In supporting Resolution 2, Mrs. Sandiforth (Bradford), Miss Tothill (Bristol), Mrs. Ingham (Nelson, Lancs.), and Mrs. Crawford (Glasgow) gave further reports of the Crusade, and the meeting was brought to a fitting and hearty close by an inspiring speech from Mrs. Philip Snowden, who had, during the last few weeks, addressed many thousands on the subject of Peace by Negotiation.

*International Suffrage Rally, Kingsway Hall, March 9, 1918.*—This meeting, which was arranged to celebrate the passing of the Women’s Suffrage Clause of the Representation of the People Bill, was most successful. The hall was well filled, and the collection, which amounted to over £25, paid all the expenses of the meeting. Mrs. Pethick Lawrence took the chair in Mrs. Swanwick’s absence on account of illness, and the speakers were Miss Ashton, Mrs.



Despard, Miss Ford, Mrs. Barton, Miss Macmillan, Miss May Whitty (Actresses' Franchise League), Miss Evelyn Sharp, Miss Calina (Russia), Mlle Spelleman (Belgium), Miss Czaplicka (Poland), Mrs. Roy (India), Mrs. Hoang (China). All the foreign speakers spoke in English, and yet with so much national individuality that the international character of the meeting lost none of its flavour.

The League records with much appreciation a message of congratulation from German women to British women on their suffrage victory. Mrs. Swanwick wrote a letter to Frau Stritt, thanking her in the name of the British Section of the International Committee for her kindness and courage in sending the message, joining with her in believing that the freedom of women in one country helps on the freedom of women in others and hoping, as Frau Stritt hoped, that enfranchised women might band themselves together the world over to make this the last of fratricidal wars.

*Hyde Park Demonstration, July 14, 1918.*—Owing to the prohibition of this meeting by the authorities at the last moment it cannot strictly be placed in the list of public meetings which has taken place. It is, however, with no sense of failure that we record the work carried on for two months before the date fixed for the demonstration. The sympathy and support enlisted for the object of the meeting more than repaid the organizing efforts made, and the prohibition of the meeting, the questions asked in the House of Commons, and Press references, though not of a flattering or even truthful nature, combined to make the existence of the Women's International League better known than before. The resolution which it was arranged to put from five platforms, at each of which there were to have been three or four women speakers, called upon the Government "to explore every opportunity that may offer in the immediate future for promoting by negotiation a durable peace." Among the organizations supporting the demonstration were the Christian Peace Crusade, the Free Church League for Women's Suffrage, London Jewish Trades Council, the National Amalgamated Furnishing Trades Association, various London Branches of the following:—National Union of Railwaymen, the Railway Women's Guild, Society of Amalgamated Toolmakers, Women's Co-operative Guild, Workers' Union, Amalgamated Instrument Makers' Society, Independent Labour Party, and Union of Democratic Control. Dr. Orchard and Dr. Walsh, how-

ever, held a prayer meeting in the Park, which those of our members who had come to the Park attended.

Six Conferences were held in London during the spring of 1918 at Denison House, Vauxhall Bridge Road, on Problems of Population. The plan for these came out of the resolution on Population in Relation to War, which was passed at the Autumn Council meeting. The resolution, which is printed in full on page 10 of this Report, urged women to study the connexion (*a*) between militarism and the overstrain and enslavement of women for purposes of reproduction in order to make good the waste of population by war, disease, and famine; (*b*) between the pressure of population upon the means of subsistence and war.

The subjects and speakers were as follows:—

DATE.	SUBJECTS.	SPEAKERS.
Jan. 30th.	"Is there a Connexion between Militarism and the Birthrate?"	Miss I. Cooper Willis (chair). Miss H. M. Swanwick, M.A.
Feb. 13th.	"Should the Birthrate be Restricted?"	Mrs. Pethick Lawrence (chair). Mr. C. V. Drysdale, D.Sc.
Feb. 27th.	"Fecundity v. Civilization."	Miss Bolton, M.D., B.S. (chair). Dr. Jane Walker.
Mar. 13th.	"The Love of the Sexes."	Miss Sheepshanks (chair). Mrs. H. M. Swanwick, M.A.
April 17th.	"The Responsibility for the Children."	Miss K. D. Courtney (chair). Mr. Emile Burns.
May 1st.	"What are Women For?"	Mrs. Harold Hills, B.A. (chair). Miss A. Maude Royden.

*London "At Homes."*—In October 1917 Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, Mrs. Philip Snowden, and Miss Maude Royden were appointed a Sub-Committee to arrange for a series of "At Homes" open to W.I.L. members and friends. The first was held at the Office on October 31, and it was then decided to meet every Wednesday from 3 to 5 p.m. to discuss topics of special interest to members. The meetings were so popular that the office soon proved too small, and the "At Homes" were transferred to the Ashburton Hall, Red Lion Square, and continued there until the Christmas Sale on December 10. After Christmas the "At Homes" were held once a fortnight at the Food Reform Restaurant,

Furnival Street, alternately with the lectures arranged on "Problems of Population," and in May it was decided to try an evening "At Home" once a month; this was much appreciated by those who are engaged in the afternoon and also by our men sympathizers.

The attendance varied greatly from 50 to 120, but the collections taken more than covered the expenses. The Branches in turn provided the stewards, who served tea in the interval and helped in other ways, and sometimes the Branch also furnished a speaker to open the discussion.

The speakers, to whom our warmest thanks are due, and the subjects with which they dealt, were as follows:—

DATE.	SPEAKERS.	SUBJECTS.
Jan. 23.	Miss Royden. Mrs Pethick Lawrence (chair).	"The Great Adventure."
Feb. 6.	Capt. E. N. Bennett. Miss Bondfield (chair).	"The New Crusade of Hatred."
„ 20.	Miss Margaret Ashton. Mrs. Huth Jackson (chair).	"Education."
„ 22.	Miss M. Doty. Mrs. P. Snowden (chair).	"My Experiences in Russia."
March 20.	Mr. F. W. Pethick Lawrence. Miss Wilson-Wilson (chair).	"National Housekeeping."
April 10.	Miss Royden. Miss K. D. Courtney (chair).	"The Science of Power."
„ 24.	Mr. A. A. R. Chenappa. Mrs. Swanwick (chair).	"Bagdad and Mesopotamia."
May 8.	Mr. H. N. Brailsford. Mrs. Pethick Lawrence (chair).	"The Dangers of Internationalism."
„ 22.	Mrs. Swanwick. Miss Sheepshanks (chair).	"The W.I.L. Council and Election Policy."
„ 29.	Miss Evelyn Sharp. Mrs. Wedgwood (chair).	"Is there a Woman's Point of View."
June 14.	Miss Muriel Matters. Miss E. Macnaghten (chair).	"The Evolution of the Child through the application of the Montessori Principles."

The Christmas Sale of Work and Social was held at the Ashburton Hall on Monday, December 10, from 3 to 9.30 p.m. Mrs. Philip Snowden presided, and the Sale was opened by the Hon. Mrs. Franklin. There were speeches

from Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, Miss Royden, and Miss Evelyn Sharp, and Miss I. O. Ford proved a very persuasive auctioneer during the last half-hour. Two short concerts were given, of which the programmes were arranged by Mrs. E. N. Bennett and M. Joubert, and in a side room Mrs. Koop made lightning portrait sketches of many of our well known members.

Generous contributions for the Sale, both in money and kind, came from W.I.L. members all over the country, and thanks are due not only to these donors, the speakers, and the artistes, but also to all those who worked so hard to make the Sale a success. The proceeds (over £100) will be devoted to the expenses of the post-War Congress.

## SUMMARY OF PUBLIC EVENTS.

### I. PEACE.

The League has continued to work for Peace by Negotiation. In January 1918, when the invitation made jointly by Russia and the Central Powers to the Allies to take part in the Brest-Litovsk negotiations was released for publication by the British Censor, too late for any pressure to be brought to bear upon the Government in favour of its acceptance (it was issued on December 23 and published in the English Press on January 4, the day upon which the time-limit for reply expired), the Executive drafted and cabled the following message to M. Trotsky:—

"The Women's International League welcomes the timely reference of President Wilson to duty of Western Allies towards Russia, and will urge British Government, in conjunction with its Allies, to do all in its power to make the peace universal. It heartily supports Russian policy of public negotiations and claims that people's representatives must take part in this, if people's peace is to be secured."

Copies of this message were sent to the International Headquarters in Holland; M. Litvinoff, the Russian Ambassador in this country; Mr. Farbman, formerly the *Manchester Guardian's* correspondent in Russia, and afterwards to the Press. Meanwhile the Prime Minister had made a speech to the Labour Conference which showed a marked improvement upon previous Governmental utterances. It was free from boasting and abuse, and its territorial claims had at least the merit of disagreement with the terms of the

Secret Treaties, satisfying Italian, French, and British Imperialistic ambitions, which had just then come to light.

Subsequent events and speeches, however, showed that the moderate tone of Mr. Lloyd George's speech on this occasion meant no more than his concern to get Labour's support for the Man-Power Bill then before the country, and those who hoped that the Government was at last becoming reasonable were disappointed. The discovery of more Secret Treaties whose Imperialistic commitments were absolutely opposed to any just democratic settlement of the territorial and economic problems raised by the war; Lord Robert Cecil's acknowledgment (House of Commons, February 13) that the Government was bound by them, that it was "unthinkable" that they should be repudiated, however unpopular they were; the Versailles announcement with its return to "knock-out-blow" ideas, revealed only too clearly the reason why the Allies would and could not take part in the Brest-Litovsk negotiations; explained, too, why the Brest-Litovsk peace was no better than it was. The Allies, by their own action, prevented that peace being other than a militaristic one, as the German Majority Socialists have since repeatedly declared. If the Allies had stood by the Russians and backed them in the negotiations they could justifiably have criticized the terms which Germany offered to Russia and, in the absence of Allied support, imposed; in their refusal to do this, in their acknowledged commitment to the Secret Treaties, they lost all right to criticize those terms from an international standpoint. The Brest-Litovsk peace is no more, indeed less, discreditable to the Central Powers than the Secret Treaties are to the Allies. The Women's International League has sought, in its *News Sheet* and at its meetings, to emphasize these facts, which give more weight than ever to the argument upon which its whole policy is based—namely, that Peace by Negotiation is the only means whereby the world can be secured from the brutal arbitrament of a victor's peace for either one side or the other.

The League welcomed and supported Lord Lansdowne's appeal, first made in November 1917 and twice repeated since then, that avenues to peace should be explored, and drawing attention to the opportunities afforded by the speech of Count Czernin, with its acceptance of the four basic points laid down by President Wilson. It circularized the Branches concerning this appeal, and in several districts meetings have been held in furtherance of Lord Lansdowne's policy.

Since then events have moved fast, and on the date of this Annual Council meeting (October 22) it appears clearly that the only question is whether or no the Allies will consent to such terms as will give hope of a new world order. On September 15 the Austro-Hungarian Government invited the Entente Powers to a "confidential and non-binding discussion." This was rejected by the United States in one sentence; but President Wilson followed up this rejection by making, on September 27, one of the most remarkable speeches ever made by the head of a great Power in the day of victory. He required that "all who sit down at the peace table shall come ready and willing to pay the price . . . ; that price is impartial justice in every form of the settlement, no matter whose interest is crossed, and not only impartial justice, but also the satisfaction of the several peoples whose fortunes are dealt with." A League of Nations would be the only instrumentality capable of securing this satisfaction, and he declared that such a League "cannot be formed now. . . . It is not likely that it could be formed after the settlement. *It is necessary to guarantee the peace, and the peace cannot be guaranteed as an afterthought.*"

He laid down five principles, which may be summarized thus:—

- (1) No discrimination between those to whom we wish to be just and those to whom we do not wish to be just.
- (2) No special or separate interest which is not consistent with the common interest of all.
- (3) No leagues or alliances or special covenants and understandings within the "general family" of the League.
- (4) No special selfish economic combinations within the League and no boycott except such as may be decreed by the League.
- (5) All international agreements and treaties of every kind must be made known in their entirety to the rest of the world.

He concluded by an appeal to the Entente Powers for an open declaration of agreement with him. Such a declaration has been entirely withheld up to date. We may admit that, for an Alliance committed to Secret Treaties which violate the first and second points, to Paris Resolutions which violate the third and fourth, and to an ancient tradition of Secret Diplomacy which violates the fifth, the situation is difficult. While the Entente Powers hesitate and allow the Never-Ending press to howl, Ger-

many and Austria warmly adhere to President Wilson's terms; and on October 12 the German Government, having undertaken democratization, declared that it assumed the agreement of the Entente Powers with the United States. The situation is fateful.

## 2. THE "CAYEUX" POLICY AND "40 D."

The League's activities, reported in the last Annual Report, against efforts which were made to obtain repressive measures against prostitution and in favour of compulsory examination and detention of women suspected to be suffering from venereal disease, have this year been concentrated upon opposition to the Government's "Cayeux" Policy and Regulation 40 D of D.O.R.A., published on March 26. The first-named, sanctioning *maisons tolérées* within the bounds of military camps, has, after considerable agitation culminating in questions and criticism in the House of Commons, been abandoned, but no sooner was it abandoned than "40 D" arose, restoring the Cayeux policy in another and worse form. It became an offence under this regulation for a woman suffering from venereal disease "to have or solicit sexual intercourse with any member of His Majesty's Forces." When charged (and there is nothing to prevent the charge being trumped up by any member of His Majesty's Forces), she has, in order to refute the charge, to submit to internal examination. There is no need here to repeat the arguments against this policy, which have been given so often in our *News Sheet* and at meetings addressed by those of our members who have specialized on the question of prostitution. The moral inequality, to say nothing of the futility of such measures, is patent to all who think and observe. Even the Government now shows signs of recognizing that "40 D" is a failure. Mr. Muskett, prosecuting for the Commissioner of Police on August 8, has admitted that:—"Prosecutions under this regulation have not turned out at all satisfactorily. I have appeared in five cases and all of them have failed." Possibly, therefore, "40 D" may be withdrawn; but until women voters make themselves heard very emphatically upon this subject, other Government measures are not likely to be juster as between men and women, or more sensible.

A large public meeting of protest against "40 D" was held at Manchester before the Council meeting, at which Mrs. Swanwick and Miss Ashton spoke, and the League

has since co-operated in protest with the Women's Freedom League, the Independent Women's Social and Political Union, and other organizations who have opposed the regulation.

Early in August the Executive, as the result of an arrangement with the I.W.S.P.U., made an appeal by letter to all the members of the League for funds to carry on the autumn work. The letter also suggested other ways in which the members could help to swell the agitation, and enclosed with it a leaflet issued by the I.W.S.P.U. explaining exactly what Regulation 40 D involved in practice. This appeal called forth a prompt and generous response from all over the country. £111. 15s. 3d. was received up to August 31, and the record of work done was even more encouraging. A further extension of the campaign is being arranged in co-operation with the I.W.S.P.U.

## 3. INTERNATIONAL.

Again our report of international proceedings is bare. Invitations to the Women's Conference at Berne, arranged by the Swiss section of the International Committee to which we are affiliated, reached us, but applications for passports were refused. An attempt was made by the Press to interpret our absence as a refusal on our part to meet women of enemy countries in conference. Both the *Times* and the *Daily News* stated that there were to be no British representatives present at Berne because "various women who were invited have refused to attend." A letter was immediately sent from headquarters correcting this statement, and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence also wrote to the *Daily News*. Her letter was printed in the *Daily News* of April 18.

The Conference, we understand, though we have as yet received no official report, was attended by women from the enemy and neutral countries. It was postponed from March to April 15 in the hope that passports might eventually be obtained, but in spite of the postponement no representatives of Allied countries were able to get permission to attend. The May number of *Friedenswarte* published an account of the proceedings, which was given in the June number of the *W.I.L. News Sheet*. We quote that report:—

The Conference lasted for four days, and though it was less representative than the first Conference at The Hague in 1915, the discus-

sions were keen and illuminating. Each evening there was a meeting for general debate on one of the following topics:—

1. The effect of the war on women's interests from the standpoint of (a) race-hygiene, (b) economics, (c) social life.
2. The barriers to mutual international understanding caused by (a) wrong principles of education, (b) the industrial system, (c) lack of international organization, (d) armaments, (e) the Press, art, and literature; and the best way of overcoming them.
3. The future task of women, and suffrage as a means to fulfilling it.
4. Future reconstruction.

Special stress was laid by speakers on the damage, hygiene and moral, done to women by a chronic state of preparation for war, and in particular to the sex degradation and industrial exploitation to which it led; but the various proposals put forward resulted in no uncompromising resolution in favour of immediate peace. A general resolution was, however, carried in the form of an Appeal to the People of all countries embodying the seven following points:—

1. The necessity of absolute sovereign freedom for all nations as an essential condition of universal peace. No peace which does not accord with this principle can be approved by women.
2. Women's organizations in all countries are urged to work for the absolute freedom of all nationalities, dependent on their own State, and to publish manifestoes in this sense.
3. Condemns all attempts artificially to raise the birth-rate or to exploit women industrially.
4. Declares that the way to international understanding and a general demand for peace must be prepared by awakening the social conscience of the young.
5. Condemns jingo propaganda and misrepresentation in the Press, in literature, and in art.
6. Considers womanhood suffrage to be a valuable political weapon in the interests of peace.
7. Advises women to abstain from war work and from giving any sort of material, intellectual, or moral support whatever to the war.

The Appeal concludes with these words: "Inasmuch as the war has now continued for several years without the Governments being able to make an end of this international murder, either by military force or secret diplomacy, we women urge that now, at the close of its fourth year, some honest attempt be made to come to a settlement, and that the democracies, including women, be informed of the course (of the negotiations)."

## CONSTITUTION AND RULES.

### I. TITLE.

"Women's International League" (British Section of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace).

### II. OBJECT.

To establish the principles of right rather than might, and of co-operation rather than conflict, in national and international affairs, and for this purpose to work for:—

(1) The development of the ideals underlying modern democracy in the interests of constructive peace, by

(a) The strengthening of the democracies of the world by the inclusion of women in the ranks of equal citizenship.

(b) The education of the democracies in their responsibility towards international relations, and the creation or development of constitutional machinery by which they may exercise control over foreign policy through their legislative representatives.

(c) The protection of the rights and interests of children and young people, and their education in the ideals of co-operation, national and international.

(d) The acknowledgment of the right of men and women to determine the government of their country, and the denial of the right of annexation by conquest.

(e) The abandonment of the theory of the Balance of Power. The reference of international differences to arbitration or conciliation. The creation of the international machinery necessary for these purposes, including a stable body of international law.

(f) International agreement to unite in bringing moral, social, and economic pressure to bear upon any country that resorts to arms instead of referring its case to arbitration or conciliation.

(g) The abolition of private profit in the manufacture of, and traffic in, arms and munitions of war, as a step towards general disarmament.

(h) The promotion of liberty of commerce and opening of trade routes to all nations on equal terms.

(i) Insistence that investors who place their capital abroad shall do so at their own risk without recourse to the official protection of their property by their own Government.

(j) Opposition to conscription, whether military or industrial.

(2) **The emancipation of women and the protection of their interests, including:—**

(a) Their admission to the Parliamentary franchise.

(b) Their admission to national and international councils.

(c) The establishment of their economic independence and legal freedom.

### III. METHODS OF WORK.

(a) To arrange for sending representative women to the Congress organized by the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace, to be held at the same time as the Congress of Powers which will frame the settlement after the War.

(b) To support the calling of a conference of neutral nations which shall by continuous mediation offer suggestions for a just and permanent peace.

(c) To take political action in support of the objects of the League as opportunity offers.

(d) To conduct educational and propaganda work by the formation of study circles, the holding of meetings, the distribution of literature and other methods.

### IV. MEMBERSHIP.

(a) Membership shall be open to all women who are British subjects, who accept the above object, whose purpose it is to work for its accomplishment, and who pay an annual subscription either to a local Branch or direct to the national headquarters.

(b) Women resident in Great Britain, other than British subjects, who wish to become associated with the work of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace, may subscribe direct to international Headquarters at The Hague, and be received on terms of fellowship by Branches of the British Section.

### V. BRANCHES.

(a) **Formation.**—Branches shall be formed in consultation with the Executive Committee. They shall consist of not less than ten members who support the object of the League, and

shall pay an affiliation fee of 1*d.* per member to Headquarters. Branches may make their own rules and by-laws, subject to the general rules and constitution of the League.

(b) **Subscription.**—Local Branches shall fix the amount of their members' subscriptions. Central members shall pay a minimum annual subscription of 1*s.*

(c) **Affiliation to other Organizations.**—Branches are free to *co-operate* with other societies in their neighbourhood, but before *affiliating* to any other organization Branches of the League shall obtain the sanction of the Executive Committee.

(d) **Affiliation of other Organizations.**—Branches of the League shall have power to accept for affiliation any local organization of women in their district which supports the object of the League and pays an annual subscription of the same amount as the annual subscription of two individual Branch members. Such an affiliated organization shall be entitled to send two voting delegates to general meetings of the Branch, such delegates to have the same power as members of the Branch.

### VI. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

#### (A) Constitution of Executive Committee.

(a) **Committee.**—The Executive Committee shall consist of the Hon. Officers and 22 members, who shall be elected by representatives of the Branches at the Annual Meeting of the Council.

(b) **Officers.**—The officers shall be a Chairman, Hon. Treasurer, and Hon. Secretary. The Hon. Treasurer and Hon. Secretary shall be elected by representatives of the Branches at the Annual Meeting of the Council; the Chairman shall be elected by the Executive Committee from among its members.

(c) **Co-option to fill Vacancies.**—The Executive Committee shall have power to co-opt members to fill vacancies that occur during the year.

#### (B) Powers and Duties of Executive Committee.

(a) The Executive Committee shall meet at least once a month.

(b) The railway fares of country members shall be paid so long as funds are available for this purpose.

(c) The Executive Committee shall carry on the business of the League between the meetings of the Council in accordance with the policy agreed to thereat.

(d) It shall administer the funds of the League and direct the organizing work.

(e) It shall have power to appoint special Committees for carrying out the work of the League.

(f) It shall have power to appoint and dismiss all paid officials.

(g) In all things on which the rules are silent, the Executive Committee shall have power to decide, subject to appeal to the Council.

## VII. AFFILIATION OF WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS.

**Central Executives.**—The Executive of the League shall have power to accept for affiliation the Central Executive of any national women's organization which supports the object of the League and pays an affiliation fee of 5s. a year. Affiliated Central Executives shall be entitled to send two voting delegates to the Council Meetings of the League, such delegates to have the same powers as Branch delegates.

## VIII. GENERAL COUNCIL.

(a) The Council of the League shall consist of the Executive Committee and delegates from the branches.

(b) Each branch shall be entitled to one delegate and one card vote for every 25 or part of 25 members for whom the affiliation fee for the previous year has been paid.

(c) The Council shall meet at least once a year, to transact the usual business of an annual meeting.

(d) A meeting of the Council can be called at any time by the Executive Committee or on demand of one-tenth of the total number of Branches.

## IX. RULES FOR COUNCIL MEETINGS.

### (A) Ordinary Council Meetings.

(a) Ordinary meetings of the Council shall be held at a time and place to be fixed by the Executive Committee.

(b) The General Secretary shall notify the Branches two months before the Council Meeting, and all resolutions to be printed on the Agenda must reach the Secretary not later than one month before the Meeting.

(c) The Preliminary Agenda shall be issued to Branches three weeks before the Meeting.

(d) All amendments to Resolutions must reach the office not later than fourteen days before the Meeting.

(e) The Final Agenda will be issued to Branches one week before the Meeting.

(f) Resolutions and amendments shall be placed on the printed Agenda in the name of a Branch of the League, or of the Executive Committee, or of a member of the Executive Committee, and shall be moved and seconded by Members of Council.

(g) No business which is not on the Agenda may be taken at a Council Meeting, unless urgency is voted on the recommendation of the Standing Orders Committee.

(h) Delegates shall be admitted to Council Meetings on presentation of the official delegate's ticket signed by the Secretary of the Branch which she represents.

### (B) Annual Council Meetings.

(a) At the Annual Meeting of the Council, which shall be held in October, in addition to the ordinary business, the Council shall—

(1) Receive and adopt, if approved, the Report and Balance Sheet for the year;

(2) Elect by ballot the Treasurer and Hon. Secretary and twenty-three members of the Executive Committee;

(3) Consider any alterations of the rules that may be proposed.

(b) Nominations for the offices of Hon. Treasurer and Hon. Secretary, and for the Executive Committee, must reach the Secretary two weeks before the Council Meeting. Resolutions to be placed on the agenda and proposed alterations of the rules must reach the Secretary not later than one month before the Council Meeting.

(c) The consent of the nominees must be obtained in writing before nominations are sent in.

(d) The financial year shall end on 31st August, and all affiliation fees must be paid before that date.

(e) Branches which have not paid their affiliation fees before the end of the financial year will not be entitled to send delegates to Council Meetings.

(f) The Final Agenda and draft Annual Report shall be issued to the Branches one week before the Annual Meeting.

### (C) Special Council Meetings.

(a) The Secretary shall give the Branches at least three weeks' notice of a Special Council Meeting, except in case of national emergency. Resolutions to be printed on the Agenda must reach the Secretary at least fourteen days before the Council Meeting.

(b) The Preliminary Agenda shall be issued to Branches at least one week before the Meeting, and a Final Agenda, including amendments, shall be issued before the Meeting if time allows.

(c) At special meetings of the Council no other business shall be taken except that specified in the notice calling the Meeting.

(d) Rules may be altered at Special Council Meetings, provided that notice of such alterations be given in the summons to the Council.

### X. AGENDA AT COUNCIL MEETINGS.

(a) The first business to be taken at a Council Meeting shall be—

- |  |                                    |
|--|------------------------------------|
| (1) Appointment of Tellers for the votes in Council;   | } At<br>Annual<br>Meeting<br>only. |
| (2) Appointment of Standing Orders Committee;  |                                    |
| (3) Appointment of Members of the Council as Returning Officers and Tellers for the ballot voting; |                                    |
| (4) Appointment of Auditor;  |                                    |
| (5) Adoption of Annual Report and audited Statement of Accounts.                                   |                                    |

(b) Otherwise the order of business shall be left to the discretion of the Executive Committee, and shall include the following:—

- (1) Report of the Executive Committee;
- (2) Election of Hon. Treasurer, Hon. Secretary, and Executive Committee (at Annual Meeting only);
- (3) Correspondence;
- (4) Amendment to Rules and Standing Orders (if any);
- (5) Resolutions, of which due notice has been given to the Secretary and by her to each society, and Amendments relevant to the motions before the Meeting;
- (6) Other business.

### TREASURER'S NOTE.

The members of the Women's International League have reason to congratulate themselves upon their balance sheet for the year ending August 31, 1918.

In spite of the greatly increased cost of living, which renders it increasingly difficult for us all to support the movement in which we so passionately believe, the income from subscriptions and donations has increased and we have raised £1,816. 5s. 2d., which is nearly £500 more than last year. The whole of this increase and a little more, namely, £525, has been specially donated to the expenses of the post-War Congress, and has been placed on deposit in the bank for this purpose. We ought to raise this special deposit fund to £2,000 very shortly in order that we may be ready when peace is declared to play our part adequately in the great Congress of women of all nations, which will meet to discuss from the woman's point of view practical measures for securing a permanent world peace founded upon liberty and justice.

It must be remembered that this financial report does not include any statement of the money raised locally by the Branches to finance their ever developing local organization and work. Nothing is more satisfactory than the growth of these independent local centres with their sound financial basis; and the honorary Treasurers must be congratulated on account of their record.

To return to the balance sheet. It will be found that the meetings that we have held during the year have more than paid their expenses. Perhaps there is no form of propaganda so satisfactory as that of public meetings. They draw in new members, arouse enthusiasm, and when well organized are no drain upon the general fund.

The Literature receipts have more than doubled during the year—£112 to £259; the department has been self-supporting. The sale of the *News Sheet* has more than covered its own expenses.

We have increased the grant to the International Headquarters at The Hague by 50 per cent. in response to a special request to help in defraying the increased expenditure of the international work carried on at the centre.

The Sales of Work are a new feature of the year's endeavour and have realized the considerable sum of over £133. If our work is to grow as it should do in the coming months it is essential that we should increase our revenue.

During the six weeks that have elapsed since the balance sheet was made up our balance at the bank has sunk to a little over £100, and that is a serious position for a growing organization like ours. A great effort must be made to gather in subscriptions during October and the beginning of November, but in the meantime we should be glad if members reading this report would help to fill the empty coffers.



# SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DONATIONS.

Year ending August 31st, 1918.

SUBS.		DONS.		SUBS.		DONS.	
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Adams, Miss	0 2 0			Balham and Clapham Branch			
Aickin, Miss E. H.		0 2 6		Ball, Mrs.	0 1 0		
Albright, Miss M. C.	5 0 0			Ballantine, Miss E.	0 2 6		
Alexander, Mrs. C.	0 2 6			Barbour, Mrs.	0 7 6		
Alexander, Mrs. W. H.	0 10 0			Barnes, Miss E.	0 5 0	0 2 6	
Allen, Miss E. A.	0 5 0			Barratt, Miss E.	0 1 0		
Allwork, Miss E. C. M.	0 2 6			Barratt, Mrs. M.		0 1 0	
Almond, Mrs. M. E.	1 0 0			Barrington, Mrs.	0 5 0		
Anderson, Miss K.	0 2 0			Bayes, Mrs. A. H.	0 5 0		
Anderson, Miss Mora	0 7 6			Baylis, Miss L.	0 3 0		
Anderson, Miss M. M.	1 0 0			Beach, Miss O.	0 15 0		
Anon.		0 1 0		Beesly, Mrs. E. M.	0 11 0		
Anon. (per Mrs. Albright)		6 0 0		Behrens, Miss	0 2 6		
Anon. (per Miss Rock)		0 1 6		Bell, Miss E. M.	0 2 0	0 1 6	
Anon. (per Miss H. M. Ellis)		0 5 0		Bennett, Mrs. E. N.	1 1 0		
Anon. (per Mrs. Brisley)	0 10 0			Bennetton, Mrs.	0 2 0		
Anon.	1 0 8			Berry, Miss A.	0 8 6		
Ascough, Mrs. F. S.	0 1 0			Bigland, Mrs.	0 5 0		
Ash, Mrs. Phœbe	0 2 0			Birch, Miss S.	1 0 0		
Ashby, Miss A. L.	1 0 0			Bishop, Mrs. E. A.	1 1 0		
Ashby, Miss E. E.	0 3 0			Black, Mrs. S. E.	0 2 6		
Ashby, Miss E. M.	0 2 6			Blackledge, Miss C.	0 10 0		
Ashby, Miss I.	0 10 0	0 10 0		Blaise, Mrs.	0 2 0		
Ashton, Miss M.		50 0 0		Bloxam, Miss E. E.	0 10 6		
Ayrton, Mrs. Hertha	2 2 0			Bloxham, Miss F. W. S.	0 1 0	0 1 0	
Bacharach, Mrs. O.	0 1 0			Blundstone, Mrs.	0 5 6		
Back, Mrs. Ivor	1 1 0			Boggon, Mrs.	0 1 0		
Backhouse, Mrs. E.	10 0 0			Boileau, Dr. Margaret	3 0 0		
Bailey, Mrs. F. M.	0 5 0			Bolton, Miss E.	4 4 0		
Baines, Miss E.	0 2 6			Boswell, Mrs. A. B.	1 1 0	0 10 0	
Baines, Miss E. C.	0 10 0			Bowron, Miss E.	0 1 0		
Baker, Mrs. G.	1 0 0			Boyajian, Miss Z. C.	0 2 6		
Baker, Mrs. J. Allen	1 1 0			Bradley, Miss D.	0 2 0		
Baker, Miss J.	0 10 6			Brailsford, Miss M. B.	0 5 0		
Baker, Miss M. B.	0 10 6			Braithwaite, Mrs. M. G.	1 1 0		
				Braithwaite, Mrs. Snowden	20 0 0		

SUBS.		DONS.		SUBS.		DONS.	
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Branch, Mrs. and Miss	2 2 0			Clapham, Miss H. R.	0 1 6		
Brew, Miss B.	0 2 6			Clark, Mrs. Dawson	0 5 0	0 8 6	
Brewster, Miss B.	0 2 6			Clark, Mrs. E. M. N.	1 0 0		
Briggs, Miss W.	0 5 0			Clark, Mrs. Roger	6 0 0		
Brodrib, Miss	0 2 0			Clark, Miss Th. E.	0 5 0		
Bromhall, Miss W.	0 2 0			Clark, Mrs. W.	1 0 0		
Brook, Miss Agnes H.	2 0 0			Clarke, Miss D. T.	0 5 0		
Brown, Mrs. A. E.	0 5 0			Cleaver, Miss E.	0 3 6		
Brown, Miss C.	0 5 0			Clephane, Miss I. A.	0 1 0		
Brown, Mrs. D. V.		0 10 6		Clerke, Miss A. B. H. (per Kensington Bnch.)	3 0 0		
Brown, Miss M.	0 5 0			Clodd, Miss M.	0 2 6		
Brown, Miss M. B.	0 1 0			Coates, Mrs. A. Schofield	1 0 0		
Brown, Miss R. E.	0 1 0			Cobden-Sanderson, Mrs.		0 10 0	
Brown, Mrs. Sadd	5 0 0			Colbeck, Miss M.		1 1 0	
Brown, Miss V. M.	0 1 0			Cole, Mrs.	0 2 0		
Browne, Miss E. Gore	1 0 0			Colenso, Mrs.	0 5 0		
Brunlees, Miss A. M.		2 10 0		Coles, Miss K. M.	2 2 0		
Bulley, Mrs. L.		1 0 0		Collett, Miss E. G.	0 1 0		
Bumpstead, Miss G.	0 1 0			Collier, Mrs. L.	0 4 0	0 2 6	
Burns, Mrs. E.	0 1 0			Collins, Mrs. A. S.	2 2 0		
Burns, Mrs. M. Delisle	0 2 6			Commander, Miss G. N.	0 1 0		
Burrough, Miss E. M.	0 5 0			Cook, Miss E. M.	0 10 0		
Butler, Miss Jane	0 2 6			Coombs, Miss B. M.	0 1 0		
Button, Miss K.	0 2 6			Cooper, Miss E. S.	0 5 0		
Button, Miss R.	0 5 0			Courtney, Miss D. A.	1 1 0		
Buxton, Mr. and Mrs. C. R.	50 0 0			Courtney, Miss K. D.	3 0 0		
Byles, Lady		1 1 0		Courtney of Penwith, The Lady	20 0 0		
Cadbury, Mrs. Barrow	1 1 0			Cowen, Miss H.		3 0 0	
Cadbury, Miss C.	0 10 0			Crawhall, Mrs. Hugh	0 5 0		
Caldwell, Mrs. F. L.	0 10 0			Crichton - Stuart, Miss C.	2 2 0	2 0 0	
Cambridge Branch		0 10 0		Criddle, Mrs. H.		1 0 0	
Candler, Miss L.	0 10 0			Crofts, Mrs.	0 5 0		
Candler, Miss P. M.	1 1 0			Cromarty, Miss A. G.	0 5 0		
Candler, Miss S.	1 1 0			Crook, Miss M. B.	0 2 6		
Carpenter, Mrs. H.	0 5 0			Crosfield, Miss M. C.	1 1 0		
Carson, Miss S. B.	0 2 6			Crowley, Miss M. C.	1 0 0		
Carter, Mrs.	0 2 6			Cunningham, Mrs. A.	5 0 0		
Carter, Mrs. E.	0 1 0			Cunningham, Mrs. Ada	0 4 0		
Carter, Mrs. Gwen	0 2 6			Cunningham, Miss A.		1 1 0	
Carter, Mrs. Owen	0 3 6			Curry, Mrs. M. B.	1 1 0		
Carter, Mrs. William	0 2 6			Curtis, Mrs. F.	0 2 0		
Case, Miss E.	0 2 0	0 8 0		Cussons, Miss M.		0 2 6	
Case, Miss E. M.	0 2 6			"D. G."	1 1 0		
Case, Miss J.	0 10 0			Davey, Miss L.	0 10 6		
Caukill, Mrs.	0 1 0			Davies, Mrs. Ben	0 1 0		
Causton, Miss V.	0 10 0			Davies, Mrs. Dixon	1 0 0		
Chadwick, Miss Marion	1 1 0			Davies, Miss E. D.	0 5 0		
Chapman, Miss A. B. Wallis	0 2 6			Davies, Miss Llewellyn		2 2 0	
Charles, Miss A.	0 2 0			Davis, Mrs.	0 2 0		
Charles, Mrs.	0 2 6			Day, Mrs. A. M.	0 1 0	0 2 0	
Chelsea Branch		4 19 0					
Chettle, Mrs. G.	0 3 6						
Churchman, Miss L. J.	1 2 2						

	SUBS.			DONS.				SUBS.			DONS.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
de Bunsen, Mrs. ....							Flüsshöb, Miss E. ....	0	2	6			
Dell, Mrs. J. C. ....	0	5	0				Follows, Miss E. A. ...	0	2	6			
Deller, Mrs. Lawrence	0	1	0				Forbes-Robertson, Miss						
Despard, Mrs. C. ....				3	0	0	M. ....	0	1	0	0	1	0
Dexter, Mrs. T. ....	0	2	6				Ford, Miss E. H. ....				1	0	0
Dick, Mrs. J. ....	0	1	0				Ford, Miss I. O. ....	1	0	0			
Donkin, Miss M. ....	0	3	0	0	1	0	Ford, Miss S. O. ....	0	2	0			
Doubleday, Miss E. M.				0	10	0	Found, Mrs. ....				0	2	6
Douglas, Miss M. J. W.	0	2	6				Fowler, Miss M. ....	0	3	6			
Downes, Lady ....	0	10	6				Fox, Mrs. E. L. Tylor	0	10	0			
Dowson, Mrs. H. En-							Fox, Mrs. Howard ....	4	0	0			
field .....				10	0	0	Fox, Miss M. ....	0	2	6			
Dowty, Mrs. J. M. ....	0	1	0				Fox, Miss M. C. ....	0	5	0			
Drake, Mrs. B. ....				5	0	0	Fox, Miss O. L. ....	0	5	0	0	2	6
Duval, Mrs. E. D. ....	0	1	0				Franklin, Hon. Mrs. O.						
Dyer, Mrs. W. K. ....	0	1	0				N. ....	1	1	0			
Eagger, Miss M. T. ...	0	4	0				Franklin, Dr. M. E. ...	0	1	0			
Earp, Miss M. E. ....	2	10	0				Freeman, Mrs. E. L. ...	0	1	0			
East, Miss .....	0	2	0				Friedlander, Mrs. E. ...	0	5	0			
East, Mrs. J. A. ....	0	1	0				Fry, Miss .....	0	2	6			
Ecroyd, Miss E. ....	0	1	0				Fry, Miss A. Ruth ....	0	10	6			
Ecroyd, Mrs. Mary ....	0	5	0				Fry, Miss J. M. ....	2	2	0			
Edghill, Mrs. M. ....	0	1	6				Fry, Miss M. ....	2	2	0			
Edwards, Mrs. ....	0	1	0				Fryer, Mrs. E. ....	0	5	0			
Edwards, Mrs. M. E. ...	2	0	0				Fyffe, Mrs. C. A. ....				1	0	0
Edwards, Mrs. L. M.							Gandy, Mrs. ....	0	1	0			
Lloyd .....				2	0	0	Garstin, Miss Alethea...	0	5	0			
Eldridge, Miss M. ....	0	1	0				Gerard, Miss L. ....	0	10	0			
Elgey, Mrs. A. H. ....	0	4	6				Gibb, Miss E. D. ....	0	2	6			
Elgey, Mr. and Mrs.							Gibbard, Mrs. M. E. ...	0	1	0			
A. H. ....				2	0	0	Gibbins, Mrs. Hugh ...	1	1	0			
Elgie, Miss P. G. ....	0	1	0				Giles, Mrs. D. ....	0	1	0			
Elliott, Mrs. ....	0	5	0				Giles, Miss Edith ....	0	2	6			
Ellis, Miss C. M. ....	0	1	0				Gill, Miss M. H. ....	0	1	0			
Ellis, Mrs. G. H. ....				10	0	0	Gillett, Mrs. H. T. ....	1	0	0			
Ellis, Mrs. J. R. ....	20	0	0				Gillett, Miss M. M. ...	0	3	6			
Ellis, Miss H. M. ....				1	13	0	Gillett, Mrs. R. ....	1	0	0			
Ellis, Miss M. ....	0	5	0				Ginz, Miss .....	0	1	0			
Ellis, Mrs. M. B. Hub-							Gittins, Miss M. C. ...	1	1	0	1	1	0
bard .....	25	0	0				Glaisyer, Miss M. ....	0	2	6	0	5	0
Ellis, Miss Marian E.				100	0	0	Glazier, Miss .....	1	0	0			
Elstob, Mrs. ....				0	10	0	Gloyn, Miss A. E. ....	0	1	0			
Embleton, Miss .....	0	5	0				Gloch, Mrs. G. P. ....	2	2	0			
Emson, Miss N. ....	0	2	6	0	17	10	Goodwin, Mrs. ....	0	1	0			
Epstein, Miss E. ....	0	2	0				Goodwin, Mrs. E. ....	0	10	0			
Everitt, Miss .....	0	1	0				Gould, Mrs. Ayrton ...	0	8	0			
Falconar, Mrs. L. ....	0	1	0				Graham, Mrs. ....	0	2	6			
Feek, Miss F. E. ....	0	10	0				Grasell, Mrs. ....	0	1	0			
Fielden, Mrs. Dudley ...	0	2	6				Gray, Mrs. ....	0	1	0			
Fincken, Mrs. A. ....	0	5	0				Gray, Miss A. ....	0	1	0			
Finnett, Miss H. ....	0	5	0				Gray, Miss J. ....	0	1	0			
Finnett, Miss M. ....	0	2	6				Gray, Miss Mabel ....	0	5	0			
Fisher, Mrs. Corbett ...				5	5	0	Gray, Miss M. D. ....				0	2	0
Fleming, Mrs. G. S. ...	0	1	0				Green, Miss M. M. ....	0	4	6			
Fletcher, Mrs. M. ....				1	0	0	Green, Miss S. ....	0	2	0			

	SUBS.			DONS.				SUBS.			DONS.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Green, Mrs. W. M. ...	0	2	6				Hooley, Miss D. ....	0	2	6	0	2	6
Greg, Miss E. M. ....	5	0	0	5	0	0	Hooper, T. Rowland,						
Greg, Miss M. L. ....	1	0	0				Esq. ....				0	10	0
Gregg, Mrs. K. M. ...	0	3	6				Hopkins, Mrs. M. G. ...	0	2	6			
Grubb, Mrs. E. M. ...	0	10	0	1	0	0	Horwill, Mrs. H. W. ...	1	1	0			
Grubb, Miss E. M. ....	0	10	0				Hubbard, Miss N. L. ...	0	5	0			
Gunter, Miss .....							Huckwell, Miss E. A. ...				0	2	6
Hall, Miss Isabel M. ...				0	5	0	Hudleston, Miss H. E.	0	10	0			
Halliday, Mrs. K. ....	0	5	0				Hughes, Mrs. ....	0	1	0			
Hambling, Miss A. B.	0	5	0				Hughes, Mrs. ....	0	2	6	0	2	6
Hamilton, Miss C. W.	0	5	0	5	0	0	Hughes, Miss M. ....	0	5	0	1	0	0
Hamilton, Mrs. M. A.	1	1	0				Humphrey, Miss L. M.	0	1	0			
Hamilton, Miss M. H.	0	10	0	4	0	0	Hunter, Miss A. A. ...	0	4	0	0	10	0
Hammond, Mrs. ....	0	2	6	0	2	6	Hunter, Miss H. A. ...	1	0	0			
Hampstead Branch....				9	3	0	Hunter, Mrs. W. ....	0	2	0			
Hansen, Miss .....	0	1	0				Huntsman, Miss M. H.	0	5	0			
Hardcastle, Miss, and							Hutchinson, Mrs. F.,						
Williams, Dr. Ethel...	10	0	0				and Large, Miss L....				1	10	0
Harlock, Misses A. and							Hutty, Mrs. A. W. ....	0	2	0			
M. ....	0	3	6				Hyde, Mrs. ....	0	2	6			
Harrington, Mrs. Ernest	0	5	0				Illingworth, Mrs. Alfred	5	0	0			
Harris, Mrs. B. Duncan	0	5	0				Ingham, Mrs. G. H. ...	0	1	0			
Harris, Mrs. M. ....							Irons, Miss E. A. ....	0	5	0			
O'Brien .....	0	9	0				Irving, Mrs. H. C. ....	0	1	0			
Harris, Mrs. Tindall ...	0	10	0				Irwin, Mrs. M. L. ....	3	0	0			
Hartas, The Misses A.,							Isaac, Miss T. ....	0	1	0			
C., and L. ....	0	10	0				Jackson, Mrs. Huth ...	2	2	0	30	0	0
Harvey, The Misses ...	0	2	0				Jeaffreson, Mrs. G. ...	3	0	0			
Harvey Miss W. M. ...	0	5	6				Jefferys, Miss M. ....	0	5	0			
Harvey, Mrs. William	5	0	0				Jeffrey, Miss R. S. ....	1	0	0			
Hawkins, Mrs. ....	0	1	0				Joachim, Miss .....				0	10	0
Heath, Mrs. ....	0	1	0				Johnson, Mrs. E. ....	0	2	6			
Heath, Mrs. Carl ....	0	5	0				Jones, Mrs. ....	0	1	0			
Hemmant, Mrs. L. ...	0	3	6				Jones, Miss E. A. ....	0	2	6	0	10	0
Henderson, Mrs. ....	0	1	0				Jones, Miss L. C. ....	0	5	0	0	2	6
Henderson, Miss F. M.	0	1	0				Jones, Miss M. H. ....	0	1	0			
Henderson, Miss M. ...	0	2	6				Joseph, Mrs. E. ....	0	2	6			
Henderson, Miss M. A.				20	0	0	Joynt, Miss M. ....	0	10	0			
Hepworth, Miss E. ...	0	3	0				Judson, Mrs. M. ....	0	1	0			
Herbert, Miss .....	0	2	6				Kaye, Mrs. ....	0	2	6			
Hicks, Miss .....	0	1	0	0	1	6	Keegan, Miss E. ....	1	10	0			
Hicks, Miss C. E. ....	0	1	0				Keegan, Miss M. ....	1	0	0			
Higgs, Mrs. M. ....	0	10	0				Keeling, Mrs. J. ....	0	8	6			
Hinks, Mrs. F. ....	0	5	0				Keen, Miss E. ....	0	2	6			
Hipsley, Mrs. ....	0	5	0				Kellaway, Mrs. I. J. ...	0	2	0			
Hoare, Mrs. E. C.							Kensington Branch (per						
Newenham .....	1	0	0				Mrs. G. P. Gooch) ...				51	0	4
Hobson, Mrs. J. A. ...	2	2	0	1	1	0	Kensington Branch (per						
Hodgkin, Mrs. G. L. ...	0	3	0	0	3	0	Mrs. Rollo Russell)...				7	5	0
Hodgkin, Mrs. Howard	1	0	0				Kent Bank Inter-						
Hodgkin, Miss L. V. ...	1	1	0				national Brotherhood	0	5	0			
Holden, Miss S. W. ...	0	10	0				Kenway, Mrs. Gawen...	0	18	6			
Holdsworth, Mrs. ....				1	0	0	Kenworthy, Miss E. A.	0	1	0			
Holmes, Mrs. B. M. ...	0	2	6				Kimber, Miss K. ....	0	5	0			
Home, Mrs. W. E. ...	0	2	6				King, Miss F. M. ....	0	1	0			

SUBS.			DONS.			SUBS.			DONS.				
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Kingston Branch			1	10	0	Marston, Mrs. E. M.	0	2	6	2	2	0	
Kinton, Mrs. W. G.	0	5	0			Maryon-Wilson, The							
Kirkland, Miss M. E.	0	2	6			Hon. Mrs. S.	1	0	0				
Kirkpatrick, Miss I.	0	5	0			Mata, Miss M. K. C.	0	1	0				
Kirlew, Mrs.	0	10	0			Mathews, Miss J.			0	5	0		
Knight, Mrs. H. F.				0	10	0	Matthaei, Miss L. E.			0	10	0	
Knight, Miss S.	0	5	0			Mawson, Miss E.							
Koop, Mrs.	0	1	0			Cameron	0	5	0	0	1	0	
Krause, Mrs.	0	5	0			Mayo, Miss C. M.	0	2	6				
Kydd, Miss J.	0	1	0			Mayor, Mrs. R. G.	2	0	0				
Lambie, Miss Jean	0	2	0			Megahy, Mrs. P. B.				0	10	0	
Lampport, Miss	0	2	6			Meinertzhagen, Miss							
Lane, Miss M.				1	0	10	Mary			2	0	0	
Lane, Miss M. A.	0	2	6			Melland, Miss M. H.			10	0	0		
Lansbury, Mrs. Minnie	0	10	0			Mellor, Miss H. A.	0	1	0				
Lansbury, Miss N.	0	1	0			Metcalfe, Miss A. E.	0	1	0	6	14	9	
Leaf, Miss E. M.	0	10	0	10	0	0	Middleton, Miss C.	1	1	0			
Leicester Working Man						0	Millward, Mrs. D. E.	0	5	0			
(per H. M. S.)				0	10	0	Milne, Mrs. Ernest	4	0	0	1	0	0
Leigh, Mrs. E.	1	0	0			Milton, Miss M. A. E.	0	6	0	0	7	6	
le Lacheur, Mrs.				5	0	0	Mitchell, Miss M. L.	0	10	0			
Lester, Miss M.	0	1	0			Mittell, Miss E. A.	0	1	0				
Levey, Mrs. R. E.	0	1	0	0	10	6	Mockford, Mrs. F.	0	1	0			
Little, Mrs. Arnold	0	2	0	0	3	0	Moffat, Mrs.	0	1	0			
Little, Mrs. Raymond	0	10	0			Mole, Mrs. F. M.	0	1	0				
Lloyd, Miss M. L.	1	0	0	1	0	0	Montagu, The Hon. L.						
Loat, Miss L.	0	5	0			H.			3	3	0		
Lowe, Mrs. E. M.	0	5	0			Montefiore, Mrs. D. B.	0	3	6				
Luard, Miss F.				1	0	0	Moore, Mrs. A. C.	0	2	6			
Lucas, Miss A. A.	0	10	0			Morgan, Miss O.	0	2	6				
Lucas, Miss C. C.	0	10	0			Morison, Miss	0	1	0				
Lupton, Mrs. E.	1	0	0			Morrison, Mrs. E. M.	0	7	0				
Lyon, Miss C. C.	5	0	0			Morland, Miss L. F.	0	5	0				
Lythall, Miss M.	0	1	0			Morris, Mrs.	0	1	0				
Macaulay, Miss R.	0	5	0			Moscheles, Mrs. Felix	0	5	0				
Macdonald, Miss C. I.	0	5	0			Moscrip, Miss	0	2	6				
Macdonald, Miss D.	0	10	0			Moser, Miss C.	0	2	6				
Macdonald, Miss E. C.						Muirhead, Miss A. M.	1	0	0				
W.	0	1	0			McEwan, Mrs. J.	0	1	0				
Macdonald, Miss F. E.						McKerrow, Miss M. S.				2	0	0	
B.	0	1	0			McLaren, Miss Dora	0	1	0				
Macnaghten, Miss E.						McLaren, Mrs. D. B.	5	0	0	10	0	0	
M.				15	0	0	McMichael, Miss F.	0	1	0			
Macnaghten, Miss L.	0	1	0	0	2	6	Neal, Mrs.	0	1	0			
Macnamara, Miss M.	0	10	0			Neilans, Miss Alison	0	5	0				
Manchester Branch				2	0	0	Newcomb, Miss H. C.				0	15	0
Manor Mission Club							Newman, Mrs. E. E.	0	1	0			
(per Miss Rudd)				0	2	6	Nixon, Mrs. E.	0	1	0			
Manus, Mrs. M.	0	8	6			Norman, Mrs. H. W.	0	1	0				
Marquardt, Miss	0	5	0	0	2	6	Nuttall, Mrs.	0	2	6			
Marsden, Mrs. M.	0	2	6			Oldham Branch				0	10	0	
Marsh, Mrs. A. W.	2	0	0			Olivier, Lady				1	1	0	
Marsh, Miss C. A. L.	0	5	0			Oppenheimer, Miss G.	0	2	6	0	15	0	
Marshall, Miss C. E.	2	0	0			Osborn, Mrs.	0	1	0				
Marshall, Mrs. F. E.	1	10	0	20	0	0	Osborn, Mrs. Edith	0	1	0			

SUBS.			DONS.			SUBS.			DONS.				
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
O'Shea, The Misses	0	10	0			Rinder, Miss W. G.	0	10	0				
Outhwaite, Mrs. R. L.	0	2	0			Ring, Mrs.				0	1	6	
Over, Miss F. M.	0	10	0			Rintoul, Miss S.	0	2	6				
Oxford Branch				0	10	0	Rintoul, Miss W.	0	2	6			
Pailthorpe, Dr. G. W.	0	1	0			Ritchie, Mrs. M. A.	0	2	6				
Parker, Mrs. C. S.	0	2	0			Roberts, Mrs.	0	1	0				
Parker, Mrs. Murray	0	10	0			Robertson, Mrs. Chris-							
Parker, Mrs. S.	0	5	0			tine	0	1	0				
Parr, Mrs. M.	0	9	0			Robertson, Miss J.	0	10	0				
Partridge, Miss J. B.	0	2	6			Robertson, Mrs. P. C.	0	2	6				
Patterson, Mrs. N.	0	1	0			Robinson, Miss M.	0	1	0				
Payne, Miss	0	10	0			Robson-Young, Miss E.							
Payne, Mrs. C. E.	12	0	0			L.	0	2	6				
Payne, Mrs. H.	0	1	0			Rock, Miss D.	0	1	0	0	2	6	
Pearcé, Miss E.	0	1	0			Roth, Mrs. Bernard	0	10	0				
Pearce, Mrs. I. D.				1	1	0	Rowe, Mrs. F. E.	0	10	0	10	0	0
Pearce, Miss J.	0	1	0			0	Rowntree, Mrs. Arnold				2	2	0
Peckover, Miss	1	0	0	0	15	0	Rowntree, Mrs. T. H.	2	2	0			
Peet, Miss C. H.	0	1	0			Royden, Miss A. Maude				5	0	0	
Peile, Mrs.				10	0	0	Russell, The Countess	5	0	0			
Peile, Miss F.				15	0	0	Russell, The Hon. Mrs.						
Peile, Miss H.				10	0	0	Rollo	2	2	0	5	0	0
Pendlebury, Mrs. D.	0	1	0			Russell, Miss M. F.	0	10	0				
Penrose, The Hon.						Russell-Smith, Mrs. D.				0	10	0	
Mrs. J. D.	0	10	0	10	0	0	Rutter, Mrs. A. K.	1	1	0			
Pethick, Miss D.	0	5	0			Ryle, Miss Effie	1	0	0				
Pethick Lawrence, Mr.						Sackville, The Lady							
and Mrs. F. W.	50	0	0			Margaret	0	10	6				
Philp, The Misses	1	0	0			St. John, Miss Chris-							
Pickard, Miss	1	0	0			topher	0	3	6				
Pickworth, Miss E.	0	10	0			Salter, Mrs. A.	2	2	0				
Pierotti, Miss L. L.	0	2	6			Sand, Miss	0	1	0				
Plaice, Mrs. D. M.	0	5	0			Sanderson, Miss E.	2	2	0				
Playne, Miss C. E.				7	7	0	Sandiforth, Mrs. E.	0	1	0			
Plowman, Mrs. D.	0	2	6			Sanger, Mrs. C. P.	5	0	0				
Ponsonby, Mrs. Arthur				1	0	0	Sanger, Miss J. A.	1	1	0			
Pratt, Miss W. M.	0	1	0			Sanger, Miss S.	0	5	0				
Prescott, Miss C.	0	1	0			Savage, Mrs.	0	1	0				
Price, Mrs. M. F.	1	1	0			Scarlett-Synge, Dr.							
Procter, Lady	0	10	6			Ella	1	0	0				
Procter, Miss A. M.	0	2	6			Schenk, Mrs. Harold	0	1	0				
Procter, Miss Z.				0	5	0	Schiassi, Miss E.	0	5	6			
Pumphrey, Mrs.	0	1	0			Schultz, Miss Ida				0	7	0	
Raisin, Miss A. M.	0	1	0			Schuster, Mrs. A.	1	0	0				
Randle, Mrs. H.	1	0	0			Schutte, Miss G.	0	10	0				
Ransome, Mrs.	0	1	0			Scott, Miss E. P.	0	5	0				
Ratcliffe, Miss E.	0	5	0			Scott, Mrs. H.	0	1	0				
Ratray, Mrs. J.	0	1	6			Scott, Mrs. Minturn				2	2	0	
Reckitt, Miss Juliet	5	5	0			Scott, Mrs. W. H.	0	10	0				
Revell, Miss Dorothy	0	5	0			Scurr, Mrs. J.	0	1	0				
Richardson, Mrs. D.	1	0	0			Seaton-Tiedeman, Mrs.	0	2	6				
Riddell, Miss J.	0	5	0	0	5	0	Selby, Mrs. C.	1	1	0			
Riddell, Miss Jennie				0	5	0	Selby, Miss K.	0	2	6			
Riddell, Miss M.	0	2	0			Shanks, Miss	0	2	0				
Rigby, Mrs. E.	0	2	0			Sharp, Miss Evelyn	1	1	0				



## WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR YEAR ENDING AUGUST 31st, 1918.

RECEIPTS.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	PAYMENTS.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Balance September 1st, 1917				523	4	2½	By Rent and Office Expenses	218	11	11			
„ Subscriptions	576	7	10				„ Office Salaries	503	7	0			
„ Donations	603	2	1				„ Organizers' Salaries and Expenses	240	1	4			
„ Donations to Post-War Congress	525	0	0				„ Printing and Stationery	146	15	0½			
„ Donations to Emergency Fund (40D)	111	15	3				„ Postage, Telegrams, and Telephone	117	18	4			
„ Affiliation Fees	9	8	4				„ Travelling Expenses	42	2	1½			
„ Proceeds of Meetings	260	2	5½				„ Hire of Halls and Direct Expenses of Meetings	165	10	9			
„ Christmas and other Sales	133	13	9½				„ Expenses of Sale	22	0	2			
„ Sale of <i>News Sheet</i>	92	13	5				„ Printing and Purchase of Literature	263	13	7½			
„ Sale of Literature	259	1	0				„ Printing of <i>News Sheet</i>	79	10	9			
„ Advertisement Fund	18	17	6				„ Audit Fee	5	5	0			
„ Interest on Deposit	21	13	7				„ Delegates' Fees	1	0	0			
				2611	15	3	„ Affiliation Fee to Headquarters	1	1	0			
							„ Grant to Headquarters	75	5	4			
							„ Grants to Branches	120	0	0			
							„ Grants to other Societies	10	5	0			
							„ Balance—Cash at Bank	296	18	7	2012	7	4½
							„ Cash on Deposit	815	0	0			
							„ Cash in hand	10	13	6			
											1122	12	1
				£3134	19	5½					£3134	19	5½

I have examined the above Statement with the books and vouchers relating thereto, and find the same to be correct in accordance therewith.

9 Regent Street, S.W. 1.  
September 23, 1918.

M. S. CLUGSTON,  
Certified Accountant and Auditor.