## CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC EDOCATION.

## REPORT

## SUPERINTENDENT-GENERAL

OF

## EDUCATION,

FOR THE YEAR 1897.
 1898.

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## CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC EDUCATION.

# Report of the Superintendent-General of Education for the Year 1897. 

 1898.

## Department of Public Education, Cape Town, 31st March, 1898.

The Honourable the Colonial Segretary.
SIR,-I have the honour to submit to you herewith my Report on the work of the Education Department for the year 1897. The general plan of it is essentially the same as that of the preceding year, the additions and improvements being mainly confined to matters of detail. It consists of the Report proper and four Annexures.

The Report proper deals with the state of Education in the Colony as a whole, carefully avoiding all details regarding particular districts unless there be some very exceptional reason for referring to them. The matter is arranged in sections and sub-sections as indicated on the opposite page, so that no reader need have difficulty in obtaining information regarding any part of the educational system in which he may take an ioterest.

The First Annexure contains the Reports of the Circuit-Inspectors arranged according to alphabetical order of the writers' names. Each of these reports, of course, concerns a certain limited area, and to them the these reports, of course, concerns a certain limited area, and to tom
inquirer must turn who desires information regarding the work accomplished inquirer must turn who desires information regarding the work accomplished
in any particular district during the year or the present state of education in any particular district during the year or the present state of education
therein. Two new features of the Annexure deserve particular attention. One is the Railway Education Officer's Report,* which deals with the whole question of education in its bearing on the peculiar circumstances of railway employees. The other consists of the Reports of the Department's Instructors in special subjects. Only Music and Needlework are dealt with this year, as the Instructor in Woodwork has been but a few months in office, and the Instructor in Drawing has only just been appointed. Next year, it is hoped, that this set of reports will give very complete information regarding the state of teaching of all these special subjects.
[G. 7-98.]

The Second Annexure contains the School Statistics. The main portion of it consists of a tabular list of all schools which have been in operation during the year, with details regarding enrolment, attendance, and the results of inspection. In the other portions these details are summarized from a variety of standpoints, and figures regarding a number of related matters are given. Several of the smaller tables appear this year for the first time

The Third Annexure is mainly financial, giving the details of State Expenditure on Education, the Good Service List and the Pension List.

## I.-ADMINISTRATION.

The most important change effected during the year concerns the Instructors appointed by the Department for the purpose of improving the teaching of certain special subjects. It may be recalled that the subjects originally provided for in this way were Needlework and Music, and that at the outset the Instructors had their headquarters in Cape Town. At a later date, when a fair start had been given to these two, and the wisdom of such appointments had been proved by experience, a third subject, viz., Woodwork, was taken up, and later still the subject of Drawing. It soon became apparent however that if the good effects produced by the system were to be fairly distributed over the Colony within a reasonable date, other centres than Cape Town would need to be fixed upon. It was consequently determined that as a next step the Inspection-Circuits of the Colony should be separated into two groups, -an Eastern and a Western, - that those be separated into two groups, -an Eastern and a Western, -that those
Instructors whose headquarters had originally been Cape Town should be Instructors whose headquarters had originally been Cape Town should be
appropriated to the Western Province, and that others should be appointed appropriated to the Western Province, and that others should be appointed
to take supervision in a similar manner in the East. For the latter Port Elizabeth was for various reasons considered the most suitable headquarters, and accordingly two Instructors have been stationed there for a part of the year. The subjects begun with were Music and Needlework, exactly as in the case of Cape Town, the intention being that the two others should be added at an appropriate future date.

Another very important change was the appointment, early in the year, of an Education Officer to inquire into the wants of Railway employees and to assist in the establishment and management of railway schools. In a memorandum addressed to the Commissioner of Public Works it had been pointed out that large numbers of the children of railway employees were utterly neglected, that this neglect was in many cases not due to the parents but to the exigencies of the service, and that the Railway Department having thus placed families in positions of educational disadvantage ought to assist the Education Department in its efforts to bring schooling within the reach of all children of schonl-going age. The results of the new Officer's first year's work are very encouraging, many children, not only of railway employees but of farmers living near the line, having been provided for in a way that was formerly impossible.

During the year two serious changes have taken place in the Inspectorate. Mr. Brady, whose continued illness was mentioned in last year's report unfortunately did not improve in health after reaching England, and was soon advised that his wisest course would be to cease work altogether. He was accordingly placed on temporary pension in the month of February. Mr. Brady had been for over thirteen years connected with the Department, and had done good work in various capacities. No Inspector had a truer conception of the functions of a school or a more accurate judgment of the qualities which go to make a good teacher. He had also certain gifts which particularly fitted him for office work, and the Examining Branch profited much by his guidance.

The other Inspictor who retired during the year was Canon Woodrooffe. In his case, however, it is pleasing to note that ill-health had no share in prompting the action. He was the oldest Inspector, and had well merited prompest which he sought. His connection with the Department began in 1868 . In the latter years of his service he was mainly engaged in supervising the working of Aborigines Schools, and for this he was specially suited by reason of his excellent knowledge of the Kafir language and suited by reason of his excellent His experience and sound judgment in all that concerned Native Education will be greatly missed.

## II.-SUPPLY OF SCHOOLS.

New schools.-The establishment of new schools has proceeded at a much more satisfactory rate than it did during the year 1896, although the record is not so good as it was in 1895, 1894, 1893. At the close of the year there were 83 more schools in existence than there were twelve months before, whereas the corresponding number for 1896 was only 34. In 1895, however, the year's increase stood as high as 218 , - that is to say, 101 more than in the years 1896 and 1897 taken together.

The classification of the 83 new schools for the year 1897 is as follows :-

1st Class Public Schools 2nd Class Public Schools 3rd Class Public Schools Poor Schools
Farm Schools
District Boarding Schools
Evening Schools
Mission Schools
Aborigines Schools
Native Training Schools Special

|  |  | 4 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 4 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 29 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 17 |
| $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 0 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 22 |
| $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
|  |  |  |
|  | Total | $\ldots$ |

The increase in the number of First-Class Schools may be considered satisfactory. Still more so is the increase in the number of Third-Class and Poor Schools: in fact, the increase under these two heads is more than one half of the whole. This is the more gratifying when we compare the figures of the preceding year, which indicated a very slight increase indeed.

Adding the 83 to the lists of the four previous years, we find the following to be the record of the establishment of additional schools for the five-year period 1892-97:-

1st Class Public Schools
2nd Class Public Schools
3rd Class Public Schools
Poor Schools
Farm Schools
Boarding Schools
Native Training Schools
Mission Schools
Aborigines Schools
Evening Schools
Special

13
$\begin{array}{ll}\cdots & 1 \\ \cdots & 15\end{array}$
... 15
... 1
308
$\ldots$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
...
$\ldots$

From this list it will be seen that the noteworthy portion of the five years' work has been the advancement of education among the rural population. Putting the Third-Class Schools, Poor Schools and Farm Schools together we have a total of 628 more schools serving mainly the country districts than there were in December 1892. The 31 additional schools of the First and Second Classes indicate progress in the towns, and especially progress in the direction of a longer school life and a more advanced curriculum. The diminution in the number of Boarding Schools, -that is to say, schools where the great majority of pupils are boarders,-is not a sign of retrogression, as great advance has been made in providing boarding accommodation in connection with the ordinary day schools; indeed, the scheme of so-called District Boarding Schools has been a failure in practice, it having been found that public schools with associated boarding departments suit the needs of the country better. The fact that the number of Native Training Schools is slightly fewer may also be fairly reckoned an advantage, as much greater efficiency has been secured by the policy which has brought about the diminution. The increase in ordinary Native Day Schools seems fairly satisfactory until we think of the enormous preponderance of the coloured population, when the progress made appears trifling indeed. The number of Evening Schools is still small; it would almost seem as if the thing were an exotic which could not be acclimatised.

Distribution of gain and loss among the divisions. - The Division which has made greatest progress during the year is Prince Albert, which has 8 additional schools to show. This marked improvement is in the main due to the zeal of the Rev. A. G. du Toit, who also in other ways has done much for the educational welfare of his Division.

The Division showing the greatest retrogression is Sutherland, which has suffered a net loss of 5 schools during the year. In the case of a Division with a large number of schools this falling-off might not have meant much; here, however, it is simply disastrous, for there were only 6 schools in existence when the year began. In Sutherland, therefore, we have the sad instance of a large and fairly populous Division, which begins the current year with only 1 school; it is even worse now than Kenhardt, which still musters 2 .

For the five-year period 1892-7 the Divisions which have made most progress in the founding of schools are :-

|  |  |  | Additional Schools. |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wodehouse | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 39 |
| King William's Town | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 35 |  |
| Riversdale | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 26 |
| Cape $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 26 |
| Uitenhage | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 25. |

Of these five Divisions the most noteworthy are Wodehouse, Riversdale and Uitenhage, because in these cases there were comparatively few schools to start with,-in Wodehouse, for example, only 4.

Distribution of gain and loss among the circuits. - The Circuits in the Colony proper which show most advance during the year in the number of schools are Inspector Hagen's with 13 additional schools, and Inspector Milne's with 12. In the Transkei most progress appears in Inspector Rein's.

The Circuits which show no advance in the number of schools are Inspector Clarke's, Inspector Hofmeyr's, Inspector Murray's and Inspector Watermeyer's.* It is important to note, however, that this does not

- The only convenient way of indicating a particular inspection-cironit is by means of the Inspector's
name. The Fiscal Divisions or Magistracies eomprised in each Circuit, so named, are given at the end of
the second Annexure.
neressarily mean that fewer children are being educated in these Circuits; as a matter of fact the only Circuit in which both the number of schools and the number of pupils are smaller is Inspector Hofmeyr's.

For the five-year period 1892-97 the Circuit which has made by far the greatest progress in the founding of schools is Inspector Milne's, where there are now exactly 100 schools more than there were five years ago. As much of this progress is due to the Inspector, it deserves to be further mentioned that even these 100 schools do not fully represent his tact and quiet zeal, as, by reason of the continuous increase in schools, Divisions originally under him have had to be withdrawn in order to reduce the area.

Closing of schools.-The number of schools which have lapsed during the year is 309 . Although the number is still absurdly large, it gratifying to note that it is 81 less than in the preceding year. The detailed list is as follows :-

First Class Public Schools
econd Class Public Schools
Third Class Public Schools
Poor Schools
Farm Schools
Boarding Schools
Native Training Schools
Mission Schools
Aborigines Schools
Evening Schools

| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 64 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 31 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 180 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 11 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 17 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 5 |
|  |  |  |
| Total | $\ldots$ | 309. |

In comparing these details with those of 1896 it is pleasing to note that the improvement above referred to is almost entirely due to the Farm Schools, the number lapsing during the year having fallen from 253 to 180 . As in the case of all previous years, however, it is still true that the short-lived schools are almost all to be found among the Third-Class Public Schools, Poor Schools and Farm Schools; the three latter kinds of schools, in fact, form 89 per cent. of the whole.

The Divisions in which the greatest number of schools have lapsed are :-

| Somerset East $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 10 | schools. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Albert | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 10 | , |
| Cradock | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 9 | , |
| Queenstown | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 9 | , |

Bad as this may appear, it is not nearly so bad as the state of affairs in 1896. Somerset East which then headed the list, as it does now, had 18 lapsed schools to account for. No great improvement can be hoped for until farmers get rid of the notion that a teacher ought to be engaged for a year at most, and until they exert themselves to secure a new teacher immediately after the teacher in office resigns. The School-Inspectors would gladly give their help to this end, if only they were promptly communicated with.

The Circuits in which the greatest number of schools have lapsed are:-

| Inspector Milne's | $\ldots$ | .. | 46 schools. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ", | Murray's | .. | $\ldots$ | 30 |
| ", | Brice's | $\ldots$ | .. | $28 \quad$, |

In the case of the first of these there is a large net gain, which to a certain extent atones for the loss; in the case of the last there is also a fair net gain; but in the second it can only be said that the downward tendency of 1896 has been stemmed, and that there is more hope for next year.

Schools for the poor.- The net increase in the number of Poor Schools is 17, which brings the total of such schools up to 208, that is somewhat more than five times the number in operation in December 1892. The number which have lapsed during the year is 31 , the corresponding number for 1896 being 29 , and for 1895 being 31 . It thus appears that every year we may expect to see drop temporarily or permanently out of existence 30 schools, the teachers of which have their salaries guaranteed by the Department; it is therefore not at ail Government help that is awanting, but the will to take advantage of it. Unfortunately also it is not the poor who mainly benefit by certain of these schools, but the astute well-to-do. Inspector Bennie, who has for several years been earnestly interested in them, says:-"The number of Poor Schools is increasing, and the work of keeping them up and supervising their management does not grow easier. I find that each year the people expect more to be done by the Government, and their support becomes fine by degrees and lamentably less. In a Poor School in Maclear I found that no fees were any longer paid, that the teacher had nothing but I found that no fees were any longer paid, that the teacher had nothing but
the Government grant to depend upon, ${ }^{*}$ and that she had even to keep the the Government grant to depend upon, ${ }^{*}$ and that she had even to keep the
schoolroom in repair. In another, the teacher received, in lieu of board and schoolroom in repair. In another, the teacher received, in lieu of board and
lodging only $£ 10$ per annum, out of which she had to pay the rent of the lodging only $£ 10$ per annum, out of which she had to pay the rent of the
schoolroom. In yet a third, the teacher had to secure her own house, and, when the schoolroom fell in, the Department was asked to pay the cost of a miserable sod-built place, which the people could have put up at little or no expense. Such indifference is very disheartening to those who strive to keep up these schools.'

The Divisions in which Poor Schools are most numerous are :-

| Riversdale | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 17 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Knysna | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 14 |
| Wodools. |  |  |  |  |
| Wodehouse | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 13 |

The worst of these is Knysna, where more than half of all the schools of the Division are classed as Poor, and the next Riversdale, where there are 17 Poor Schools out of a total of 41 . The position of Wodehouse is better than it was a year ago, but there is still room for considerable improvement. That much may be done in this direction is once more evident from the case of Prince Albert, where education is rapidly spreading, and Poor Schools are on the decline.

Industrial schools.-Of the two original schools of this type, that in C'apetown has made considerable advance during the year. The idea of a Farm Industrial School, thrown out in last year's report, has been earnestly taken up by Professor de Vos of Stellenbosch, where a beginning has been made. In the course of a year or so, some evidence will be forthcoming of the chances of success in this direction.

Educational survey. - As intimated a year ago the Divisions most in need of detailed survey for educational purposes had been attended to, the result being that sites for over 500 schools had been marked out. No steps, however, have since been taken to bring these schools into existence.

## III.-ENROLMENT AND ATTENDANCE.

Enrolment.-As regards the number of additional pupils enrolled, the record is considerably better than it was in 1896. In December of that year the total number of pupils on the school roll was 115,049: in the last month of 1897 it had risen to 122,186 , there being thus a clear gain for the year of 7,137 pupils.

* By the Parliamentary Regulation the local contribution ought to be "board and lodging" or an equivalent.

The Circuit which shows the greatest increase is Inspector Milne's, and the two which show the least change are Inspector Clarke's and Inspector Hofmeyr's.

The distribution of the increase over the four quarters of the year presents the same feature as it did in 1896, viz : a double rise and fall. The summary of facts is as follows:-

1 st Quarter, an increase of 5,602 , 2nd-Quarter
3rd Quarter, an increase of 5,725 ,
4 th Quarter,
a decrease of 2,846 .
We thus have
an increase in 1st and 3rd Quarters of
a decrease in 2nd and 4th Quarters of 4,190,
and therefore a net increase of 7,137, as stated above. An explanation of this peculiarity has already been given in former reports.

Adding this gain of 7,137 to the gains of the previous four years, we have the total gain of

$$
38,839 \text { pupils }
$$

for the period 1892-1897. As at the earlier date the number on the roll was 83,347 , this implies an increase of

$$
46 \cdot 6 \text { per cent. }
$$

for the period in question. To this most pleasing increase the various Divisions of the Colony have not contributed in their due proportions, the incease in some Divisions being quite wonderful, in the majority satisfactory din these which have not succeeded in the five years in securing 100 additional scholars are* :-

| Calvinia | $\ldots$ | 80 | (Inspector Hofmeyr). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I'ulbagh ... | ... | 69 | ", |
| Namaqualand | ... | 36 | " |
| Van Rhynsdorp | $\ldots$ | -12 | " |
| Middelburg ... |  | 94 | (Inspector Murray). |
| Hanover | $\ldots$ | 61. | , |
| Steynsburg .. | $\ldots$ | 61 | " |
| Philipstown ... | $\ldots$ | -12 | (Inspector Watormeyer) |
| Stellenbosch | $\ldots$ | 91 | (Inspector Watermeyer). |
| Caledon | $\ldots$ | 30 |  |
| Prieska | $\ldots$ | 85 | (Inspector Brice). |
| Hopetown | $\ldots$ | 84 | , |
| Hay | $\ldots$ | 65 | " |
| Kenhardt | $\ldots$ | 60 | " |
| Alexandria | $\ldots$ | 90 | (Inspector Fraser). |
| Bathurst | $\ldots$ | 42 |  |
| Sutherland |  | 14 | (Inspector Theron). |
| Murraysburg... | $\ldots$ | -13 |  |
| Stockenstrom... |  | 85 | (Inspector Clarke). |
| Aberdeen ... | ... | 78 | (Inspector Hagen). |

It will be seen that three Divisions have actually gone back, viz.: Van Rhynsdorp, Philipstown and Murraysburg.
*The Divisions are grouped in Cirsuits, but it would be rash to hold the Inspectors responsitle for the slowness of progress. In several cases indeed the Inspector has only recently taken obarge of the Division placed opposite his name. This is true, for example,

Attendance.-The returns of average attendance for the four quarters were:-

| 1st Quarter | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 89,844 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2nd | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 3rd | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 4th | . | $\ldots$ | .. |

Here the same double rise-and-fall is evident, the increases and decreases being

$$
4,844, \quad-1,549, \quad 6,277, \quad-1,801 .
$$

The net increase-that is to say, the excess of the average attendance for the last quarter of 1897 over that for the last quarter of 1896 -is

## 7,811.

This, it will be observed, is much more than the corresponding increase in the enrolment--a fact which shows that greater regularity of attendance is being secured.

In the first quarter the attendance formed 74.46 per cent. of the enrolment, and in the remaining quarters 74.01 per cent., 75.23 per cent., 75.92 per cent. The absence of the fall in the last quarter is noteworthy as being at variance with the figures of previous years. As a whole, the percentages are more favourable than those of 1896 , for the average of the four is $74 \cdot 9$, whereas as in 1896 the corresponding average was $74 \cdot 41$. A year ago when a similar improvement had to be chronicled, some doubt was felt as to the possibility of keeping up the improvement without the help of an Attendance Act. It is all the more gratifying therefore to see again a change in the right direction. The percentages for four consecutive years are :-

| 73.73 | for the year | 1894, |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 73.86 | $"$ | $"$ | 1895, |
| 74.41 | $"$ | $"$ | 1896, |
| 74.90 | $"$ | $"$ | 1897. |

The steady improvement here indicated and obtained without compulsion is evidence probably both of greater vigilance on the part of teachers and of greater sense of responsibility of the part of parents. There is, however, still room for much more of these virtues.

The Circuit which shows greatest advancement during 1897 in the number indicating the average attendance is Inspector Bennie's, and the Circuit at the opposite extreme is Inspector Clarke's.

Ratio of white to coloured.-Taking the enrolment for the last quarter of the year we find it partitioned as follows :-

White $\quad$| $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}\text { Boys } & \ldots & 26,542 \\ \text { Girls } & \ldots & 25,669\end{array}\right\} 59,211$. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Coloured | $\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Boys } & \ldots & 33,066 \\ \text { Girls } & \ldots & 36,909\end{array}\right\} 69,975$. |

Among the white children the number of boys is only 873 more than the number of girls: whereas in 1896 the corresponding difference was 1,087 , and in 1895 it was still greater. It would almost seem therefore as if the disparity which has hitherto existed were likely soon to disappear. Among the coloured children the preponderance is on the side of the girls, there being 3,843 more girls than boys. In the preceding year the corresponding difference was 4,158 , so that here also it looks as if there were a tendency towards equality.

Comparing the total number of white children with the total number of coloured, we find that
42.73 per cent. are white
$57 \cdot 27$ per cent. are coloured.
In the preceding year the corresponding numbers were $42 \cdot 34,57 \cdot 66$, so that the white pupils, as regards numbers, have improved their position. When, however, one thinks of these figures, and of the enormous preponderance of coloured people, one feels how little progress has been made in getting the native children within the influence of school.

## IV.-INSPECTION OF SCHOOLS

Formal visits for detailed examination. - The number of detailed inspections during the year was

## 2,336,

which, notwithstanding the increase in the number of schools, is only 9 more than the corresponding number for the preceding year. As we have seen, there were 2,388 schools in operation at the end of the year, consequently the number of inspections fell short of this by 62 . In addition to this it must be remembered that many of the 309 lapsed schools referred to in a previous paragraph had to be inspected before they could be closed The record of inspection for the year is thus not at all satisfactory. For some time Inspectors Rein and Mitchell, and to a less extent Inspector le Roux, were disabled by illness, and doubtless this in part explains the shortfall. Less also was accomplished by Inspector Ely's substitute than would have been done by Inspector Ely himself. Mishaps of this kind, however, are to be expected every year, and the one mode of ensuring that the whole of the necessary work shall be overtaken is that referred to in last year's report, viz: the appointment of a Relieving Inspector.

Three Inspectors have examined over 150 schools, viz: Inspector Milne, 176 ; Bennie, 166 ; Hagen, 154.

Informal visits.-It is pleasing to have to record the fact that second visits have been much more common than in previous years. Some neglected schools in the Cape and Paarl Divisions have in fact been visited repeatedly in order that desired improvements might be brought about. In the Metropolitan Circuit alone, Inspector Noaks has paid as many as 61 of these visits, in addition to doing all the more formal examination work required of him. The outcome of this extra attention has been considerably less unpleasant than it was in 1896 , very few teachers indeed having been found absent from duty. Registers, however, were often discovered in a neglected condition, and the attendance in a number of cases startlingly low compared with what it ought to have been.

Casual examiners. - The number of schools, 81, examined by a local substitute for the ordinary Inspector, is unfortunately much larger than it has been for several years. In 1896 it was only 43 . The main cause of this has already been stated, viz., the illness of Inspectors Rein and Mitchell, and the absence of Inspector Ely on furlough. But for these circumstances the hope expressed a year ago, that in every case the permanent official of the circuit would be personally familiar with all his schools, would have been very nearly fulfilled.
[G. 7-98.]

## V.-PUPILS' ATTAINMENTS.

Pupils present at inspection.-The total number of pupils on the rolls of schools inspected during the year was

$$
114,114
$$

and of these there were present at inspection
96,772.
Of the former number the latter forms

$$
84 \cdot 8 \text { per cent., }
$$

which though not quite so high as in the previous year is still very satisfactory. Placing together the facts for the last three years regarding enrolment, average attendance, and attendance at inspection, we have the following table :-
Average attendance,
Year 1895. Year 1896. Year 1897.
as percentage of enrolment.
Attendance at Inspection, as percentage of enrolment.
$73 \cdot 86 \quad 74 \cdot 41$ $74 \cdot 9$

It is thus seen that the difference between the percentages continues to be as high as 10. Although a rise in both percentages would be gratifying, a rise is more desirable in the case of the Average Attendance than in the case of Attendance at Inspection.

The Private Farm Schools, which are "paid by results," still keep at the head, the attendance at inspection in their case being $97 \cdot 7$ per cent. of the enrolment: in the previous year it was 96.96 . Equally conspicuous at the tail are the Mission Schools and Aborigines Schools, the former with a percentage of $78 \cdot 72$ and the latter with $69 \cdot 67$-figures which are even lower than those of the year 1896.

Pupils' standards at inspection.-The 96,772 pupils present at inspection were after examination classified as follows :-

| Sub-standard | 44,778 | i.e., | $46 \cdot 27$ | per cent. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Standard I. | 15,038 | $"$ | $15 \cdot 54$ | $"$ |
| Standard II. | 14,006 | $"$, | $14 \cdot 46$ | $"$ |
| Standard III. | 9,765 | $"$, | 10.09 | $"$, |
| Standard IV. | 6,376 | $"$, | 6.59 | $"$, |
| Standard V. | 2,930 | $"$ | 3.03 | $"$ |
| Standard VI. | 1,605 | $"$ | 1.66 | $"$ |
| Standard VII. | 554 | $"$, | .57 | $"$ |
| Ex-Standard | 309 | $"$ | .32 | $"$ |
| Unclassified | 1,411 | $"$ | 1.46 | $"$ |

These figures compare favourably with those of the preceding year, for in that year there were 6,145 pupils above Standard IV., whereas it is seen that in 1897 the corresponding number is 6,809 . A year ago a similar advance was chronicled. Looking to the percentages for the three years we see this advance of the higher standards in a still more pleasing light. The facts are :-

|  | Stand. V. |  | VI. | VII. | Unclassified. Total. |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1895 | $\ldots$ | 2.86 | 1.3 | .33 | 1.33 | 5.82 |
| Year 1896 | $\ldots$ | 2.93 | 1.57 | .43 | 1.75 | 6.68 |
| Year 1897 | $\ldots$ | 3.03 | 1.66 | .57 | 1.78 | 7.04. |

These percentages are doubtless still low, but the steady upward tendency visible in them is one of the most gratifying features of the work of the last three years.

Several of the Inspectors comment upon this pleasing improvement. Inspector Clarke's report in particular, with its carefully prepared tables, is worthy of attention.

Attainments in mission schools.-The schools which have the lowest leaving-standard are the Mission Schools and Aborigines Schools, and of these the former is distinctly the less hopeful of the two. Schools, and of these the former is distinctly the less hopeful of the two.
Out of 1,000 childen examined in the Mission Schools during the past year as many as 635 had not reached Standard I., and less than 3 had got beyond Standard IV. In the Aborigines Schools, the corresponding numbers are 514 and 13,-numbers which are not only more satisfactory in themselves, but, because, when compared with last year's, they give evidence of progress, whereas any change there may be in the figures for the Mission Schools indicates retrogression.

Attainments in poor schools.-The schools which have the next lowest leaving-standard are Poor Schools and Evening Schools. Attending only to the Poor Schools-the others being few in number-we find that though the standard is still low, there is distinct evidence of improvement. The figures for the last three years stand as follows :-

|  |  | Year 1895. | Year 1896. | Year 1897. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sub-Standard | $\ldots$ | 48.96 | $48 \cdot 36$ | 47.59 |
| Standard I. | $\ldots$ | 21.74 | $19 \cdot 75$ | 19.76 |
| Standard II. | $\ldots$ | 16.76 | $18 \cdot 69$ | $16 \cdot 43$ |
| Standard III. and above | 12.54 | $13 \cdot 20$ | 16.21. |  |

From the last line it is seen that there is a steady increase in the number of children above Standard II. The number below Standard I. though diminishing is still lamentably high.

Attainments in other white schools.-Next in order of merit come the Third-Class schools, where, however, only 5 children out of every 100 examined are above Standard IV, and where as many as 38 of the 100 are below Standard I. Above these and at some considerable interval come the Second-Class Schools, and again at about the same interval the FirstClass Schools. In the case of the latter it is found that the progress reported a year ago still continues. The figures for the last three years are :-

Standard VI and above

| Year 1895. | Year 1896. | Year 1897. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 per cent. | 18.04 per cent. | 19.42 per cent |

## VI.-ANNUAL PROGRESS OF PUPILS.

Schools and pupils examined two years in succession.-Of the 2,336 schools inspected in 1897 as many as 382 were visited for the first time. In addition to these there were 30 whose examination results could not be compared with those of the previous year, mainly because the registers of the latter year had been lost or destroyed. The corresponding numbers for 1896 were 437 and 43, from the latter of which it is clear that increased care is being taken in regard to the school records. There are thus left 1,924 schools in which the progress made by pupils during the year could be satisfactorily estimated. This is equivalent to 82 per cent. of the total number of schools inspected. As the corresponding percentage in the preceding year was only 79 we have fair ground for believing that the stability of schools is on the increase.

The number of pupils present at inspection in these 1,924 schools was 88,115 , but more than half of them are useless for the purpose of estimating progress, because they were so low placed in the school that they could not be presented for any Standard. In fact the number of pupils available for forming a judgment - that is to say pupils presented for Standards and who had been present at the previous inspection-is

38,750 .
This is equivalent to 44 per cent. of the total number of pupils present.
Pupils advanced a standard.-Out of these 38,750 the number of pupils who advanced a Standard was

$$
25,990
$$

This is equivalent to a percentage of
$67 \cdot 07$.
A year ago the corresponding number was $63 \cdot 51$, so that there is every cause to be satisfied with the year's work. To this improvement almost every kind of school has contributed.* Arranging them in order of merit we have the following table:-

First-Class Public Schools Second-Class Public Schools District Boarding Schools
Private Farm Schools
Third-Class Public Schools
Poor Schools
Aborigines Schools
Mission Schools
Evening Schools

| $\ldots$ | $81 \cdot 95$ | per cent: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\ldots$ | 79.04 | $"$ |
| $\cdots$ | $76 \cdot 74$ | $"$ |
| $\ldots$ | $75 \cdot 42$ | $"$ |
| $\ldots$ | $71 \cdot 79$ | $"$ |
| $\cdots$ | $69 \cdot 24$ | $"$ |
| $\cdots$ | $60 \cdot 32$ | $"$ |
| $\ldots$ | $55 \cdot 30$ | $"$ |
| $\ldots$ | $23 \cdot 80$ | $"$ |

It is thus seen that the schools which are below the average, as regards progress, are the two kinds of Mission Schools and the Evening Schools.

## VII.-LIBRARIES.

The founding of new school libraries continues to make good progress. Of the 74 schools of the First Class there are now only 19 which are in this respect defective. $\dagger$ In view of the past state of affairs this is so far satisfactory; there should not, however, be a single school of the highest grade with such a stigma attaching to it. Of the 101 schools of the Second Class there are still more than half (58) unsupplied. In the two classes put together the year's increase amounts to 14 , which is exactly the average increase of the preceding three years.

When this subject was first taken up it was not thought probable that Third-Class Schools would be able to participate in the movement. It is all the more gratifying therefore to know that 17 of these schools now report that they have a library in working order. 17 is, however, a small fraction of 463 .

The present total for schools of all classes is
123,
which is exactly 101 more than the corresponding number five years ago. The Circuit in which there has been during this period the most praiseworthy activity is that which includes Malmesbury, Paarl, Robertson and Worcester. activity is that which includes Malmesbury, Paarl, Robertson and W orcester
Those which come next to it have only about half the number of libraries.

## VIII.-SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND FURNITURE.

In the matter of School Buildings, the year has been one of marked progress: in almost every inspection-circuit the most praiseworthy activity has been manifested. The only cause for regret is the fact that even more might have been accomplished if the Building Loan Fund had not run short in the latter part of the year. It is also pleasing to be able to say that the zeal of School Committees in this direction is becoming more and more zeal according to knowledge. The belief that any kind of building, and especially a dwelling-house, is suitable for school purposes is fast dying out. The number of architects who know the special requirements of schools is also increasing, and consequently less trouble is experienced in the criticism and modification of unsuitable plans. Probably the most noteworthy of the year's buildings ore those for the Kimberley Poor School, the Colesberg High School, and the Nauwpoort Railway School. That at Colesberg is an excellent example of what should be found in the chief town of every rural division. In regard to Nauwpoort, Inspector Murray truly says, "The Committee have succeeded in putting up a building which is a model in every respect. Committees intending to build would do well to depute a member to visit this school, which, situated at a railway junction, is easily accessible." A fourth school, Beaufort West, is worthy of mention, not so much for its new building as for its extensive and beautifully laid out grounds, probably the finest attached to any school in the Colony.

Free building grants.-As was reported last year, a considerable number of free grants for building purposes were offered in the latter part of 1896, in accordance with the special desire of Parliament. In 1897 almost as many more similar offers were made, the sites fixed upon having been carefully selected after due consultation with the circuit-inspectors. In all 77 such free grants were made available, all that was required locally being a committee or an individual having a real interest in the work and willing to see that it was duly executed. The outcome of the scheme has up to the present been most disappointing. Only 17 out of the 77 buildings have been completed and paid for, and only 6 others have progressed so far as to make it possible for the Department to pay an instalment of the cost. The lack of public spirit, which these numbers indicate, is much to be deplored, and we have thus another proof that progress is not barred through the niggardliness of Parliament but through the indifference and procrastination of the people. It is true that unforeseen difficulties cropped up in some casespeople. It is true that unforeseen difficulties cropped number of cases where mainly connected with the transfer of land-but the
impossibilities had to be faced were very few indeed.
possibilities had to be faced were very few indeed.
Among the 17 schools actually built, instances are to be found where the workmanship leaves much to be desired. In almost every case there was no proper plan to guide the builder-in many cases no plan at all ; but to have been exacting in such matters would have unnecessarily hindered a good work. It is now proposed to supply free of charge the needful plans and specifications to promoters of such small buildings in poor districts, in the hope not only of making it easier for those locally interested but also of securing better results.

Furniture.-The progress made in improving the furniture of schools continues to be very satisfactory so far as desks are concerned. In some inspection-circuits the change for the better is quite remarkable: to Inspector le Roux in particular much credit is due for what he has accomplished in this dirention.

Too little attention however is still given to blackboards, which, unless in very recently built schools, are of a cumbrous, antiquated type. In every school, even the smallest, plenty of wall surface should be specially prepared for use as a blackboard.

Wall pictures and diagrams are also too much neglected.

## IX.-SUBJECTS OF INSTRUCTION.

Boys' Handiwork. - Very fair progress continues to be made in the teaching of handiwork to boys. The quality of the work is better, and the number of pupils under instruction is higher. The following are the figures for the past three years :-

| Year. | No. of Schools. | No. of Pupils taught. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1895 | 34 | 1,063 |
| 1896 | 42 | 1,443 |
| 1897 | 47 | $1,775$. |

Now that a highly qualified instructor has been imported from Europe to give his whole attention to the subject and especially to enable teachers to qualify themselves, it is to be hoped that even greater progress will mark the year 1898.

Of the 1,775 pupils under instruction about 500 presented themselves for examination in December, with, on the whole, very satisfactory results. The examiners reported that there was a decided improvement over the work of the previous year, but urged the need for greater attention to Drawing, which they very properly speak of as all important, in that it is "the connecting link between the idea in the mind and its embodiment in the material."* The results of the examination were:-

| First Woodwork Standard |  |  | 1st Grade Certificate. 109 | 2nd Grade Certificate. 177 | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seecnd | ," |  | 51 | 62 | 113 |
| Third | ", | " | 11 | 10 | 21 |
| Totals |  |  | 171 | 249 | 420 |
| The corresponding numbers for the preceding year were |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 76 | 182 | 258. |

In every respect the advance indicated is very satisfactory.
Girls' handiwork.-Still greater progress is evident in the teaching of Needlework to girls. Almost 4,000 more girls have been under instruction than was the case a year ago. The figures for the two years are :-

| Year. | No. of Schools. | No. of Pupils taught. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1896 | 1,185 | 35,749 |
| 1897 | 1,487 | $39,521$. |

[^0]Notwithstanding the magnitude of these numbers and the high rate of progress, we are not yet at liberty to speak of the state of affairs as being satisfactory. We have to bear in mind that there were in all

## 62,578 girls

on the roll in December of 1897, and that to every one of them handiwork of some kind ought to have been taught.

Up to the present date no proper examination of the work of thes pupils has been possible, the school inspectors having as a rule not special ised in this direction. At the end of 1898, however, an examination similar in évery respect to that for boys' handiwork, will be held by competent needlewomen, so that the exact condition of the teaching of the subject in the three highest school classes may be known from year to year.

On account of the Needlework Instructress having her headquarters in Cape Town, by far the greatest progress in this subject has been manifested in the Western Province. In 1898, however, there will be no reason for distinction between the west and east, an Instructress having been stationed at Port Elizabeth to take charge of the Eastern Districts.

Drill.-There is also excellent progress to be reported in the matter of Drill and Physical Training, the figures for the year 1897 and the previous year being:-

| Year. | No. of Schools. | No. of Pupils taught. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1896 | 432 | 28,400 |
| 1897 | 525 | $32,441$. |

Here again, however, we have to moderate our satisfaction by recalling the fact that every pupil, and not merely 1 out of 4 , ought to profit by this discipline.

Vocal music.*-The extraordinary progress of the year 1896 has not been maintained during 1897, as the following figures show :-

| Year. | No. of Schools. | No. of Pupils taught. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1895 | 627 | 36,110 |
| 1896 | 798 | 47,165 |
| 1897 | 771 | $46,249$. |

The backward tendency is difficult to explain. Very probably it is more apparent than real, inspection having become more stringent, with the result that some of the schools, which taught singing by the ear only, have very properly been struck off the list

The results of the year's examinations, though more satisfactory than those of the preceding year, are not so good as those of the year 1895. The two sets of figures are :-

| Certificates. |  |  | Year 1895. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | Year 1897

The most important event of the year was the foundation of a prize (a handsome silver challenge shield) for the best school choir of the Cape Division. The first competition connected therewith took place in September, and attracted much attention among lovers of music. $\dagger$
: For the full report see Goocrnnent Giazetle, Education Office Notice No. 63 of 1897

The subject, like Needlework, has hitherto made greatest progress in he Western Province. Now that the Eastern Province has an Instructor set apart for itself the disparity should rapidly vanish.

Drawing.-Although there is progress to be reported in the teaching of Drawing, it is not so great as was to be expected, and certainly not so noteworthy as that of the previous year. The figures for the three years are :-

| Year. | No. of Schools. | No. of Pupils taught |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1895 | 343 | 14,166 |
| 1896 | 406 | 18,337 |
| 1897 | 463 | $19,221$. |

There has been delay in the appointment of a visiting Instructor, and delay in proceeding with the building of the Cape Town School of Art; but the main cause of the neglect of the subject is the enforced prominence given to xaminations which interfere with the ordinary school curriculum.

The results of the year's Drawing Examinations* showed also the same disappointing modicum of progress, the Free-hand exercises alone being really well spoken of. Only two schools in the Colony made a distinctly creditable appearance-the Girls' High Schools at King William's Town and Stellenbosch. 'The recently intimated separation of the pupils' examinations from the teachers' examinations will, it is hoped, be an encouragement to schools which have only lately taken up the subject.

Science.-The publication about a year ago of Marloth's South African Edition of Edmonds' Botany, prepared under the auspices of the Department, has brought about a marked change in the mode of teaching the subject, and further improvement may confidently be anticipated. To the same cause loubtless is due the fact that the number of candidates for the December examination in Botany rose to 50, the number for the previous year having been only 14. Correspondingly less attention bas been given to Physiology, -a fact which is in no wise disappointing, as very few pupils had the opportunity of being taught it in the only effective way, viz., by observation and experiment.

The teaching of Chemistry has also improved, the laboratories recently erected having begun to take effect. At the December examinations there were a third more candidates than in the previous year, and for the first time a fair number entered for the advanced stage.

Agriculture has been less popular than ever, and it is to be feared that intil a reasonably suitable text-book is available, no ehange for the better is likely to occur. In regard to the other subjects there is nothing noteworthy to report. $\dagger$

Other school subjects.-Of the three fundamental subjects, Reading, Handwriting and Arithmetic, there is only one about which the Circuit Inspectors are fairly unanimous in speaking hopefully. This is Handwriting. Although the three have been equally carefully attended to in the vacation courses of training, it would appear that the effect produced in the case of reading and arithmetic is less noticeable. This is of course what might have been anticipated, as both the learning and teaching of handwritiug ravuire less intelligence. In addition to the vacation courses, special classes require less in the subject have for instructing teachers in the best method of teaching the subject have been held in Cape Town, Rondebosch and Paarl with excellent results. +
A text-book on the method is in course of preparation, and a large supply of

## - See Government Gazelle, Education Office Notice No. 12 of 1898

For details see Government Gazette, Education Office Notice No. 13 of 1898
For details see Government Gaztte, Education Office Notices Nos. 48 and 78 of 1897
the best type of copybooks will soon be available. The Circuit-Inspectors will therefore be justified in expecting a further notable improvement before the end of the current year.

The teaching of Geography has not made the advance which was fairly to be expected. One great drawback is the want of local maps. A good general atlas from the South African standpoint has also been a desideratum. A first approximation to this, however, has now appeared under the auspices of the Department, and it is hoped that fresh interest may thus be awakened in a neglected subject.

## X.-TEACHERS.

Qualifications.-Increased care has been taken during 1897 to ensure accuracy in the information regarding the qualifications of teachers, and it is believed that at least in the case of certificates of professional training the figures now available are very approximately correct. Where there has been any doubt under this latter category, the qualifications have been classed temporarily under the heading "Miscellaneous," a heading which careful scrutiny in the coming year may render unnecessary in future.

As regards professional training the teachers were classified as follows:-

Holders of European Government Certificates
Holders of Cape 1st and 2nd Class Certificates
... 165
Holders of Cape 3rd Class Certificates
... 1,276
Holders of Miscellaneous Certificates

Holders of no Certificate 2,200

Total .. ...
... 3,844 .
The certificated are thus seen to form
$42 \cdot 7$ per cent.,
and the uncertificated

## $57 \cdot 3$ per cent.

The number of teachers holding the higher-grade certificates is greater by 19 than it was a year ago: the number holding the Third-Class Certificate is less by 101 , partly on account of the fact that holders now placed under the heading "Miscellaneous" were formerly viewed as having Certificates equal to the Third-Class : and the number of Uncertificated is 39 more. On account of the changed circumstances, however, comparison is not strictly possible.

It is gratifying to note that in the Cape Division the percentage of teachers who are certificated has again made a notable advance, and that there are three other circuits in which the certificated teachers exceed the uncertificated. The details regarding these four circuits are :-

| Inspector Noaks'... | $\ldots$ | $57 \cdot 1$ per cent |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $"$ | Le Roux's | $\ldots$ | $53 \cdot 3$ | $"$ |
| $"$, | Murray's | $\ldots$ | $52 \cdot 5$ | $"$ |
| $"$ | Fraser's | $\ldots$ | 50.5 | $"$ |

The percentage given above for the whole Colony, viz: $42 \cdot 7$, is much lower than it would be if the Transkei were kept separate, for the three Inspection[G. 7-98.]

Circuits which compose the Transkei and one or two adjoining Divisions are not only at the bottom of the list but are separated by a distinct break from those which precede them, the facts being:-

| Inspector McLaren's | $\ldots$ | $27 \cdot 2$ per cent. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $"$, | Bennie's | $\ldots$ | $25 \cdot 4$ |
| $"$ | Rein's ... | $\ldots$ | $25 \cdot 3$ |
|  |  |  |  |

Making the separation just mentioned we should have

| Colony proper | ... | $45 \cdot 6$ per cent. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| and Transkei ... | .. | $26 \cdot 03$ per cent. |

The occurrence of only 1 certificated teacher in 4 indicates a lamentable state of affairs; in fact, while it lasts, real progress is almost impossible, for in the Transkei the want of a certificate means more than it does elsewhere, being very nearly "synonymous with incompetency." Now, however, that the Training Schools are well started, improvement should not be far distant. At the end of the year under review they turned out about 50 certificated teachers, and what is now wanted is that the Principals of the Training Schools shall keep an eye on these 50 and help them to obtain appointments, and that Superintendents of Schools shali reject uncertificated applicauts for vacancies.

Sex.-Accurate statistics on this head are now available, so that the promise made a year ago can be fulfilled. In the December quarter of 1897 there were at work

1,472 male teachers (i.e. $38 \cdot 4$ per cent.)
and 2,357 female teachers (i.e. $61 \cdot 5$ per cent.)
This is almost equivalent to saying that out of 13 teachers 5 are men and 8 are women.

It may be worth noting that the corresponding figures for the same year in Ontario are :-

2,726 males (i.e. $33 \cdot 0$ per cent.)
5,528 females (i.e. $66 \cdot 9$ per cent.)
Supply.-In a year in which there were only 83 additional schools to be supplied with teachers, and in which about 400 young teachers obtained their certificates and thus became available for appointments, no difficulty ought to have been felt in filling vacant posts. As a matter of fact, however, supply and demand have been anything but fairly balanced, many outlying schools having been forced to be content with imperfectly qualified teachers and many fairly qualified teachers having been left without situations. and many fairly qualified teachers having been left without situations.
Certain causes of this state of affairs have been fully specified in former Certain causes of this state of affairs have been fully specified in former
reporis. An additional cause lies in the fact that a considerable number of reporis. An additional cause lies in the fact that a considerable number of
the 400 young teachers referred to had no intention of being teachers, but sought training merely in case the necessity for doing teaching work might arise. In cases of this kind the institutions which gave them their training would do well to insist upon a refund of any public money spent on their behalf. It should be remembered too that there are still places where competent teachers are not held in high esteem, where appointments are nut given to the most capable applicants, and where the interference of ignorant parents makes the retention of a good teacher an impossibility.

The promise made a year ago regarding the raising of the scale of salary grants has been kept, the necessary resolutions having been readily
passed by Parliament. This change, however, will serve little purpose if passed by Pariiament. Carefully discriminate between the deserving and the undeserving. Teachers like those reported on under the heading Vacation Courses of Training are overpaid, and indeed are dear at any price ; yet, for some reason or nther, they have been preferred, much to the detriment of the children's education and to the disappointment of more capable teachers.

The Government Gazette List of Vacancies and Unemployed Teachers continues to be useful, and is well taken advantage of both by managers and teachers.

Pupil-teachers. - A year ago the embarassingly rapid increase in the number of pupil-teachers was referred to, and warning was given that if it continued, the institution of an entrance examination and the rejection of all unpaid pupil-teachers would become a necessity. During 1897 an effort was consequently made to prevent further increase, and the following figures will show with what success :-

| Year. | First Year's <br> Class. | Second Year's <br> Class. | Third Year's <br> Class. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1894 | 314 | 178 | 297 | 789 |
| 1895 | 475 | 282 | 343 | 1,100 |
| 1896 | 687 | 373 | 448 | 1,508 |
| 1897 | 607 | 401 | 495 | $1,503$. |

While therefore the total number in 1897 is practically the same as it was in 1896, the distribution among the three classes is much better. The diminution in the number of first year's candidates is especially satisfactory as it means that a considerable number of natives have delayed to enter for the examination until they shall have had an additional year's training. It is earnestly hoped that as time goes on the Principals of Native Training Schools will find it possible to exact a still higher standard on entrance.

Distribution of pupil-teachers in the circuits.-Although the number of pupil-teachers under training is now ample, being 1 for every 63 pupils at school, the distribution of them is anything but satisfactory. This is well shown by the following table :-

| Circuit. Average attenda |  |  | Number of Pupil-teachers. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inspector | Clarke's | 4,882 | 216 | for |  | apils.) |
| , | Le Roux's | 7,508 | 179 | " | 42 | ," |
| " | Ely's | 7,776 | 133 |  | 58 | " |
| " | Fraser's | 7,129 | 122 |  | 58 | , |
| " | Noaks' | 11,816 | 198 |  | 60 | " |
| " | Bennie's | 6,669 | 109 | " | 61 | " |
| " | McLaren's | 7,150 | 112 | " | 64 | " |
| ", | Murray's | 3,673 | 51 | " | 72 | " |
| " | Watermeyer's | 4,633 | 61 | " | 76 | " |
| " | Milne's | 4,859 | 62 | " | 78 | " |
| " | Mitchell's | 4,984 | 50 | " | 100 | " |
| " | Brice's | 4,518 | 41 | , | 110 | " |
| " | Rein's | 7,754 | 50 | " | 155 | " |
| " | Theron's | 2,485 | 16 |  | 155 | , |
| ", | Hofmeyr's | 3,680 | 16 |  | 230 | " |
| " | Hagen's | 3,255 | 9 | " | 362 | " |

In the Circuits of Inspectors Hagen and Hofmeyr practically no teachers are being trained; and the same may be said of Inspector Brice's
circuit, for almost all his pupil-teachers are in Kimberley, and could not therefore be easily obtained for work in the outlying portions of the circuit. therefore be easily obtained for work in the outlying portions of the circuit.
In all such circuits the attention of Public School Managers is earnestly directed to this matter. They should remember that, in many country schools, only locally trained teachers are possible, and that unless we are to be confined to uncertificated teachers for years to come, the training of teachers to supply local needs must therefore be undertaken by the leading Public Schools of the various districts. It may be added that closer investigation would reveal the fact that other parts of the Colony which seem from gation really the reverse: of the the table to be unnecessarily well supplied are really the reverse: of the 216 pupil teachers in Inspector Clarke's circuit, for example, 194 are in
the Native Training Schools of Lovedale and Healdtown, so that there are the Native Training Schools of Lovedale and Healdtown, so that there are
only 22 European pupil-teachers in Queenstown, Adelaide, Fort Beaufort, Cathcart, Seymour and the surrounding districts.

Examination of pupil teachers. - The results of the pupil-teacher examinations continue to be satisfactory. The type of candidate is slowly but steadily improving, and although the standard has been gradually raised there is no falling off in the number who pass. The figures for the years 1896, 1897 are indeed practically identical :-

| Year. | No. Entered. | No. Passed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1896 | 1,508 | 1,086 |
| 1897 | 1,503 | $1,087$. |

There is still a large percentage of failures (41 per cent.) among first year's candidates, and unless teachers and managers exercise greater care in selecting pupils, a change in this respect is not likely to occur. The most pressing need is better training in spelling and arithmetic. In the case of the second year's candidates the evidence of improvement is most notable the percentage of failures having fallen to $16 \cdot 1$. In the case of the third year's candidates the result is not so satisfactory, the percentage being $20 \cdot 5$ If candidates took the full three years' training, there would naturally be no reason why the percentage should not become less from year to year of the reason the it is the rate of failure in the last yeamation is course. As the the whe the abnormally raised by the admission of acting teachers and others who have had only one year's preparation. So far as acting teachers are concerned, no change in the regulations for admission is contemplated, as it is desirable to give them every encouragement towards qualifying themselves. Other candidates, however, have no excuse for shortening the period of training, and cannot therefore expect the same consideration.

As was the case last year, the highest rate of failure occurs among the coloured candidates. The facts are approximately :-

| Candidates. | Percentage of failure. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Aborigines | 45 |
| European | $14 \cdot 2$ |

In the preceding year the corresponding numbers were 12.5 and 50 , the difference as regards the aborigines being doubtless due to more careful selection of candidates on entrance. Something like this of course is to be expected but disappointing though the faet may be to the candidates them selves, a lowering of the standard expressly to meet their case would be a sadly retrograde step. As will immediately be seen, the number of such candidates who are successful in completing their course is on the increase, and even those who fail and obtain only 1st or 2nd year's pupil-teacher certificates have something to show which, in the present low standard of the aborigines' schools, may warrant a superintendent in giving them a trial.

Cape town central classes.-The favourable account given a year ago of these classes is still deserved; indeed the record of work done during 1897 considerably surpasses that of 1896 . The rate of failure, it is true, was not particularly low, viz., 22 out of 129 ; but the positions taken by the successful candidates were excellent, 47 out of the 107 passed candidates being placed in the First Grade. The work of the third-year class in particular merits very high praise.

This is all the more gratifying when one considers the disadvantageous circumstances under which the classes are taught. The Pupil-teacher Institute, designed to supply proper accommodation, and authorised by Parliament two years ago, has now made slight progress: it would seem, however, as if for another year at least the classes must meet in a building absolutely unsuited for training-school purposes.

The new training schools.-The Training School at Wellington continues to be very popular, the third year's class indeed being uncomfortably large. An extension of the building was completed in June, and it is believed that the accommodation and equipment are now excellent. Over 100 candidates were sent in from it to the pupil-teacher examinations, the results being almost as good as in the preceding year.

The Training School at Urrahamstown has not yet attained the importance of the Wellington School, having been later in starting; but the character of the work done by it is of a very high order indeed. Of 32 candidates presented for the pupil-teacher examinations only 1 failed, and as many as 9 out of 14 belonging to the second and third years' classes were placed in the first grade.

It is hoped that similar Training Schools may be opened at Burghersdorp and Uitenhage during the present year.

Aborigines training schools. -The Aborigines Training Schools have in one respect made a marked advance, the number of certificated teachers produced - that is to say, successful candidates in the third year's examination-having risen from 32 in 1896 to 50 in 1897. Of the 50, Lovedale trained 14, Bensonvale 13, and Healdtown 10. In the total number of pupil-teacher candidates there has, however, been a decrease, the figures for the past two years being as follows:-

| Year. | Candidates Entered. | Candidates Passed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1894 | 220 | 92 |
| 1895 | 331 | 148 |
| 1896 | 653 | 312 |
| 1897 | 538 | 285. |

The fall occurs only in the number of first year's candidates-a fact which is so far satisfactory, as it indicates greater carefulness in the selection of pupils for the first year's class. It will be seen that although 115 fewer were presented only 27 fewer passed.

The 538 candidates were distributed among the various Missionary Churches as follows :-

| Church. | No. of Schools. | No. of Candidates. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Wesleyan | 4 | 249 |
| Free | 2 | 168 |
| English | 3 | 70 |
| United Presbyterian | 1 | 33 |
| Primitive Methodist | 1 | 18. |

The number of Training Schools is still greatly in excess of that warranted by the number of pupil-teachers taught in them. It will be seen that in the case of the Free Church little fault can be found, the only possible economy in teaching power being securable by the concentration of the two third-year classes at Lovedale, and in view of the probable development of Blythswood this may not be desirable. The Wesleyan Schools come next in importance, the strongest being Healdtown and the weakest Shawbury. The work of the four could be easily done by three. The Schools of the English Church have a still smaller average attendance, the most promising of the three being St. Matthew's. If it were possible to concentrate there the pupils of the two other schools, the classes would not be too large for effective handling. It is to be hoped, however, that no further reduction in the number of Training hoped, however, that no further reduction in the number of Training
Schools will be called for, but that each by its vigorous work and growth Schools will be called for, but that each by its vigorous work and growth
may justify its place on the list. The need for better teachers for the may justify its place on the list. The need for better teachers for the
Aborigines Schools is great enough to warrant every possible effort on the part of the Churches concerned.

Middle-class teachers' certifigate.-Although there are still a number of weak applicants for this certificate, the acquirements, and especially the professional acquirements, of the average candidate, are especially the professional acquirements, of the average candidate, are
appreciably higher than in previous years. This is in the main due to the accession of candidates who have first matriculated, and then especially devoted their energies for a time to the professional subjects. A number of these made a really excellent appearance,--better perhaps than has been found in any previous year. Even among such candidates, however, instances occur of a surprisingly low standard of elementary education, the composition and spelling being disappointingly defective, and that more particularly in view of the fact that the possession of the Matriculation Certificate has been made a preliminary requirement in order simply to ensure proficiency in these and similar matters.

The results of the examinations * for the year under review, and for the two preceding years are:-

| Year. | No. examined. | 1st Grade <br> Certificate. | 2nd Grade <br> Certificate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1895 | 33 | 7 | 13 |
| 1896 | 44 | 17 | 19 |
| 1897 | 49 | 14 | 20. |

Among the 15 who failed, 10 were awarded Third-class Certificates.
Training colleges for middle-class teachers.-The Cape Town and Wellington College classes have been fairly well attended, the number of students having been rather more than double the number of the previous year. A further increase is greatly desirable, as the number of teachers who yearly obtain the Middle-class Certificate (34) is but a small fraction of the number who obtain the lower certificate (394), and the lower certificate, it must be remembered, is a testimony of very meagre qualifications.

First-class teachers' certificate.-The examination $\dagger$ for the First Class Teachers' Certificate continues to attract the attention of a select number of the better educated acting teachers, and it is satisfactory to find that promotion has rewarded most of those who have been successful

Certificates for special subjects, -needlework.-The progress made during the year in the training of teachers for Needlework has been most satisfactory. The following table shows the number of candidates who qualified themselves to teach the various branches:-

| Plain Needlework | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 96 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Mending | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 77 |
| Cutting-Out | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 23 |
| Knitting and Netting | $\ldots$ | 28 |  |
| Dressmaking | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 28 |
|  | Total | $\ldots$ | $\underline{252}$. |
|  |  |  |  |

The corresponding total for the year 1896 was only 170 , and for the year 1895 - the most successful of previous years- 216.

The number of candidates, who as a result of this examination succeeded in passing in all the five branches of the Course, was 11. This together with those reported in the two preceding years give a total of 45 highly qualified teachers of Needlework, who have received their full training in the Colony.*

Special woodwork certificates.-Two acting teachers who have shown marked proficiency in Woodwork have received special certificates This makes in all 5 such teachers who have been trained inside the Colony.

Special music certificates.-Quite exceptional progress has been made in the training of teachers of Vocal Music, as many as 14 "School Teachers' Certificates" of the Tonic Sol-fa College having been granted during the year. This is more than double the number of the previous year, and makes in all 26 .

Vacation courses of training. -There has been no diminution in the popularity of the Vacation Courses of Training, and much good continues to be done by means of them. In 1897 three courses were arranged for, one at Oudtshoorn in June under Inspectors Mitchell and Brice, the second in December at Dordrecht under Inspectors Milne and Bennie, and the third also in December at Cape Town under Inspectors Noaks and Brice. The attendances were as follows:-

| Oudtshoorn $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 99 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Dordrecht | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 67 |
| Cape lown ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 144 |
|  | Total ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 310. |

Total ...
310.

The Cape Tnwn Course was very similar to that of previous years held at the same place, the teachers as usual being on the whole more intelligent and better educated than those to be found at provincial centres. The classes met in the new buildings of the South African College School, and thus had the advantage of becoming familiar with model classrooms and especially with the recently erected workshop which is by far the best equipped in the Colony. The Dordrecht Course was reserved mainly for teachers of the Wodehouse and adjoining Divisions, and similarly the Oudtshoorn Course for those living not far from Oudtshoorn. At the latter centre especially there was much enthusiasm, and the energetic Teachers

Association of the Division did everything in its power to make the meeting a success.

Of the 310 teachers who attended the Courses certificates were awarded to 117 , the details being:-

| Second-Class Certificates |  |  | 15 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Third-Class | $"$ | 1st Grade | $\ldots$ | 50 |
| ,$"$ | $"$ | 2nd Grade | $\ldots$ | 52. |

At Oudtshoorn, in particular, very few certificates were granted, a considerable number of the country teachers in the neighbouring Divisions of Mossel Bay and Riversdale being exceedingly defective in general education. So low is the standard, indeed, that few outsiders can have any idea of it. As regards Arithmetic, for example, the Inspectors say: "As many as As regards Arithmetic, for example, the Inspectors say: "As many as
seventeeu gained less than 20 marks out of 100 . What is still more seventeeu gained less than 20 marks out of 100 . What is still more
disturbing is the fact that ten of these practically received no marks whatever. Considering that the candidates were acting teachers, and that the questions were of a very elementary character, this state of affairs must be regarded were of a very est unsatisfactory." The test in Spelling, which consisted of fifty selected words, elicited an equally disagreeable verdict, for " 18 students selected words, a class of 33 had an average of thirty-four words wrongly out of " a moment be thought that this weakness in spelt." It must not for a moment for by a more thorough knowspelling English words was compensated for by a more thorough knowledge of Dutch. The very reverse was the case, for the Lecturer on Dutch stated that "about one-third of the candidates got no marks at all. Their efforts at Dutch Composition-and it is worthy of note that the majority of the candidates I am referring to bear Dutch names-were miserably weak." It cannot be wondered at that the report noes on to invite the attention of the teachers who attended the Course, and of all who are interested in the cause of education in the district, to this sad state of affairs, and to urge that no effort be spared to bring the standard of attainment into line with that which prevails in most parts of the Colony. The difficulty in the way is not now the want of better qualified the Colony. The difficulty teachers, for dozens of such teachers are available and other districts do actually secure them. The great obstacle is the rooted repugnance on the part of local committees to making serious effort to seek out a new teacher when a vacancy occurs. Doubtless in the Divisions mentioned, just as in other Divisions, there are out-of-the-way places where it is found hard and even impossible to induce capable teachers to settle, but when this allowance has been made there still remains good ground for dissatisfaction.

## XI.-COLLEGES, \&c.

The most important work of the year has been the completion of the buildings for the Ladies' College at Wellington. The conception of such a college arose some years ago with the authorities of the Huguenot Seminary, and it is entirely through their zeal and persistent energy that the scheme has been successfully carried out. The new venture deserves the good wishes and substantial support of all interested in the higher education of women. Teaching has now actually begun under favourable auspices, and it is Teaching has now actuany begard required on entrance ensures that the gratirying to know that the stansard requrare than the name.
institution shall be a college in something more

Extensive buildings for Laboratories, \&c., have also been in progress at Extensive ouildings ior La barat by the middle of the current year the work will be completed.

The number of college students and the distribution of them in 1896 and 1897 may be seen from the following table :-

|  | Cluss. |  |  | Students <br> in 1896. | Students <br> in 1897. | Increase <br> of Students. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| M.A. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| B.A.... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 58 | 70 | 12 |
| Intermediate | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 80 | 106 | 26 |
| Mining | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 60 | 64 | 4 |
| Survey | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 24 | 30 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Senior Matriculation | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 180 | 144 | -36 |  |
| Junior Matriculation | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 61 | 78 | 17 |  |

One of the main points of interest here is the very marked increase in the number of college students proper-an increase which is large not only when viewed as a percentage, but also in comparison with the corresponding increase of the preceding year. Equally gratifying is the decrease in the numher of students preparing for matriculation,-students who, it is now agreed on all sides, ought to be under discipline at a public school.

Kimberley school of mines.-Although no pains have been spared by the Kimberley professor to advance the interests of his school, the progress made during the year has in some respects not been satisfactory. The sum of $£ 2,000$, which has more than once been re-voted by Parliament for building purposes, had not at the end of the year been utilised. Representations made at the beginning of the current year to the original friends of the College have, however, brought about a different state of matters, and it is hoped that in a few months the necessary buildings-class-rooms, laboratory, boarding-rooms and professor's residence-will be finished. Arrangements have also been made with the De Beers' Directors, whereby suitable evening classes for apprentices will be established and practically made successful by something like a compulsory regulation regarding attendance Now that the initial difficultics have been overcome, and the continued liberal support of the De Beers' Company is assured-support which is not merely financially, but technically and morally valuable-the success of the school may be looked upon as certain.

Agricultural schools.-These schools were in a partial way transferred to the Department in July, but until quite recently it was impossible to take the management of them fairly in hand. On this account the usual reports for this year regarding them will be published separately as heretofore.
[G. 7-'98.]

The continuation of the schools on the old lines is not to be thought of, it being absolutely necessary to attend much more carefully to the practical side of the instruction given. With this in view the need for a farm attached to each institution soon became evident, and such a farm has recently been secured for the Stellenbosch School. The proper policy seems to be to concentrate all effort for the present upon the more prosperous of the two, and when success has been attained to utilise the experience thus gained in starting a similar school in the East.

## XII.-FINANCE

Apportionment of education vote.-For the latest financial year that can be dealt with, viz., the year ending 30th June, 1897, the total expenditure was $£ 204,947$ 10s. 5 d., this being apportioned as follows:-

| A. Office ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 5,010$ | 10 | 11 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| B. Inspectorate | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 13,571 | 6 | 8 |  |
| C. Higher Education | $\ldots$ | 10,492 | 11 | 1 |  |  |
| D. Training of Teachers | $\ldots$ | 7,981 | 9 | 9 |  |  |
| E. Sehools ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 167,891 | 12 | 0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | $\ldots$ | $£ 204,947$ | 10 | 5 |

Expressing the items as percentages of the total, and taking the corresponding figures for the preceding financial year for comparison, we have the following table :-

|  | Year ending 30th June |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | 1896. | 1897, |
| E. Schools $\quad \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 81.83 | 84.96 |
| B. Inspection $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 6.95 | 6.86 |
| C. Higher Education | $\ldots$ | $5 \cdot 36$ | $5 \cdot 31$ |
| D. Training of Teachers | $\ldots$ | 3.43 | 4.03 |
| A. Administration | $\ldots$ | 2.41 | 2.53 |

It is only under the two headings D . and E . that a reasonable increase on the expenditure of the preceding year appears. Had new schools been established as rapidly as formerly the expenditure under E. would have been much greater, and it is, therefore, a matter for regret that the figures in that line stand so low. Intimately connected with this is the fact that the Inspectorate cost less than in the preceding twelve months, for new schools will not spring spontaneously into being merely on a vote being taken for their maintenance.

Total cost to government per pupil.-From the foregoing it will also be seen that for the year ending 30th June, 1897, the school system of the Colony cost $£ 194,45419 \mathrm{~s} .4$., and as the average number of pupils in attendance for the same period was 88,010 , the year's cost per pupil to the Government was £2 4s. 2d. This is slightly less than it has ever been, the figures for four consecutive years being :-

| Year. |  | Total Cost. |  | Average Attendance. | Cost per Pupil. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1893-4$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 167,225$ | 6 | 9 | 69,880 | $£ 2$ | 7 |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1894-5$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 172,227$ | 3 | 9 | 77,500 | $£ 2$ | 4 |
| $1895-6$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 187,008$ | 10 | 4 | 83,108 | $£ 2$ | 5 |
|  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1896-7$ | $\ldots$ | $£ 194,454$ | 19 | 4 | 88,010 | $£ 2$ | 4 |

Rate of grant per pupil.-It is also seen that the net sum paid out to schools was $£ 167,891$ 12s. 0d., so that taking again the average attendance at 88,010 we find that the average rate of grant per pupil was
£1 18s. $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
which again is slightly less than in previous years: in 1895-96 for example it was
$£ 118 \mathrm{~s} .10 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
The schools which receive more than this are-roughly speaking-the white schools, and those which receive less are the coloured schools. The details on this point for 1897 and, for the sake of comparison, those for 1896 are :-

Kind of School.

> Boarding Schools
> First-Class Public Schools
> Poor Schools
> Second-Class Public Schools
> Private Farm Schools
> Third-Class Public Schools
> Aborigines Schools
> Mission Schools

It is worthy of note that there has been a fall in the rate in every instance except one, viz: that of the Private Farm Schools.

## XIII. CONCLUSION.

All the facts regarding the year's work having now been stated in the plainest fashion possible, it is not a task of any difficulty to give the general tenor of the report in a very few sentences. Almost every branch of the work, it will be seen, gives evidence of progress; and the ouly point of interest therefore lies in inquiring as to the causes of the different degrees of progress, and whether in one or two instances more might not fairly have been expected.

Probably, as was the case last year, the most satisfactory work of all is that which concerns the Training of Teachers. The lengthy section on this subject (Section X., pp. 19-26) is encouraging reading, and inspires the hope that in another five years we shall be able to claim for our teachers a position in their profession as high as that held by the teachers of any other of the self-governing colonies. The steady development and improvement of the pupil-teacher system, the increase in the number of training schools for white pupil-teachers, the improvement of the Aborigines Training Schools, the fostering of training colleges for higher-grade teachers, and the encouragement of professional training in special subjects-these are the objects to be kept in view if the present rate of progress is to be maintained.

Not less important is the evidence regarding a steady rise in the attainments of Pupils. This is, of course, a natural sequence of improvement in the qualifications of the teachers, and even two years ago it had begun to show itself. Little was said regarding it, as statistics concerning a short period are not always to be relied upon. Now, however, that we have
inspectors' returns for three consecutive years over which the conditions have been practically uniform, and we find that in these years the percentages of pupils above the fourth standard are

$$
5 \cdot 82, \quad 6 \cdot 68, \quad 7 \cdot 04
$$

we Lave good grounds for satisfaction. The numbers themselves, we must ever bear in mind, are lamentably low; what alone is encouraging is the "steady upward tendency." In First-class Schools a different state of "steady upward tendency." In First-class Schools a different state of
matters of course exists; there, if we go even two standards higher, the matters of course exists; there, if
percentages are much better, viz :-

$$
15, \quad 18 \cdot 04, \quad 19 \cdot 42
$$

but as before it is the upward tendency which pleases.
The facts regarding school attendance are of a similar character, and ought to give general satisfaction. Viewed absolutely, too, the numbers here are not at all so disappointing, for the state of matters now is that when here are not at all so disappointing, for the state of matters now is that when
$10 \pm$ children are on the roll there are on the average 75 in attendance. The real cause, however, for gratification is the steady rise which is visible in real cause, however, for gratification is the steady rise which
the percentages for the four consecutive years 1894-97, viz:-

$$
73 \cdot 73, \quad 73 \cdot 86, \quad 74 \cdot 41, \quad 74 \cdot 90
$$

and this, as has been remarked, without any of the machinery of a compulsory Act.

The number of additional children brought within school influence has also been satisfactory, the clear gain for the year being slightly over 7,000 . A still further increase would certainly have been attained if more country schools had been established, but even in this latter respect the year's schools had been established, but even in this l
record ( 83 additional schools) is not to be despised.

The introduction of needlework, woodwork, vocal music, drawing, drill and science into additional schools has proceeded in almost every case satisfactorily.

In the erection of good School Buildings and the introduction of suitable furniture, much has been done but more might well have been accomplished, and it is certainly anything but creditable that the Free Building Grants have been so lightly valued by those for whom they were intended.

On this resumé of the year's work and its lessons for the future no comment seems to be called for, as my views are now well known, or ought to be, both to the Government and the country. I may, however, be pardoned for saying that it will be a matter for deep regret if the hopeful evidence of progress which it contains be utilized as an argument for delay in introducing the one measure which would make progress easy and rapida Self-compulsory Attendance Biil.

I have the honour to be,

> Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

## 1.- Inspector Bennie's Report.

## [Circuit :--Barkly East, Gien Grey, Herschel, Elliot, Engcobo, Maclear,

 St. Mark's and Xalanga.]Sir,-I have the honour to submit my report on the above circuit for the year 1897. During the year I have inspected 164 schools in my circuit, in addition to which 11 were inspected by Inspector McLaren, while I was engaged on special duty in his circuit. With the exception of one, which was closed for special reasons when I reached it at the end of the term, all schools that have been open for the whole year have been inspected, and those not inspected consist of some new schools started since my annual visit to the respective districts. Time did not allow of my paying special visits to these. For a similar reason I was able to pay almost no intermediate visits, very much regret, since both are highly new schools where these are needed. This Supply of Schools. - The improvement in the supply of schools wes anall last meer but it is less this year. The following table gives the number and classification of schools in operation during the thown for the corresponding quarter of 1896 .-


The number of schools remains unohanged; but there would have been an increase of two had there not been amalgamation of a Public and a Poor School in one case, and of a boys' and a girls' in another

The schools opened and closed during the year endod ふeptember, 1897, are classified as follows :-

|  |  |  | A. III. | P.F. | Poor. | E. | B. | C. э. | C. | Total. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opened | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 7 | 13 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 4 | 1 | 2 | 33 |
| Closed | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 9 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 3 | $\ldots$ | 8 | 31 |
|  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In 1896 the total increase was 7, and in 1895 (excluding Herschel, which then did not belong to my circuit), 22 . Under the stress of agricultural misfortunes, which reached a climax in 1897, the wave of progress which was so marked in 1894 and 1895 has slackened and almost stopped. But with a return of good seasons I have little doubt that it will rise again. There is still a great insufficiency of schools in certain parts, notably in Maclear.
[G. 7-'98.]

Enrolment and Attendance．－The statistics of enrolment and attendance for the September quarter yield similar results to those obtained above．The first table gives the number of pupils enrolled in each district，as compared with 1896 ，and the second the average attendance．In these tables the numbers attending Training Schools
are omitted．

| Division． | White． |  |  | Coloured． |  |  | Total． |  |  | Percentage． Total Increase． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 椷 | ® | \％ | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\sim}$ | ® | \％ \％ \％ 品 | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\sim}$ | ¢ |  | 蕆 | ¢ |
| Barkly East | 467 | 376 | 91 |  |  |  | 467 | 376 | 91 | $24 \cdot 2$ | $-5 \cdot 1$ |
| Glen Grey | 93 | 124 | －31 | 1，593 | 1，384 | 209 | 1，686 | 1，508 | 178 | $11 \cdot 8$ | $0 \cdot 5$ |
| Herschel．． | 11 | ， | 9 | 1，746 | 1，497 | 249 | 1，757 | 1，499 | 258 | $17 \cdot 2$ | $2 \cdot 6$ |
| Elliot | 337 | 318 | 19 | 39 | 67 | －28 | 376 | 385 | －9 | $-2 \cdot 3$ | ） $9 \cdot 1$ |
| Xalanga | 174 | 110 | 64 | 1，352 | 1，451 | －99 | 1，526 | 1，561 | －35 | $-2 \cdot 2$ |  |
| Engoobo ． | 58 | 35 | 23 | 1，770 | 1，866 | －96 | 1，828 | 1，901 | －73 | $-3 \cdot 8$ | $12 \cdot 6$ |
| Maclear ． | 80 | 126 | －46 | 134 | 132 |  | 214 | 258 | －44 | $-17 \cdot 1$ | $1 \cdot 2$ |
| St．Mark＇s | 30 | 28 |  | 1，237 | 1，220 | 17 | 1，267 | 1，248 | 19 | 1.5 | $-4 \cdot 8$ |
| Total | 1，250 | 1，119 | 131 | 7，871 | 7，617 | 254 | 9，121 | 8，736 | 385 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 1$ |


| Division． |  |  | Average Attendance． |  |  | Percentage of Enrolment． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1897. | 1896. | Increase． | 1897. | 1896. | Increase． |
| Barkly East |  | ． | 380 | 334 | 46 | $81 \cdot 4$ | 88.8 | －7．4 |
| Glen Grey |  | $\cdots$ | 1，152 | 1，108 | 44 | $68 \cdot 3$ | 73.5 | $-5 \cdot 2$ |
| Herschel |  | $\cdots$ | 1，328 | 1，189 | 139 | $75 \cdot 6$ | $79 \cdot 3$ | $-3.7$ |
| Elliot |  | ． | 312 | 318 | －6 | 83.0 | $82 \cdot 6$ | $0 \cdot 4$ |
| Xalanga ．． |  | ． | 1.015 | 1，037 | －22 | 66.5 | $66 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 1$ |
| Engcobo－ |  | ． | 1，294 | 1，379 | －85 | $70 \cdot 8$ | 72.5 | $-1 \cdot 7$ |
| Maclear ， |  | ． | 167 | 196 | －29 | 78.0 | $75 \cdot 9$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| St．Mark＇s |  | $\ldots$ | 856 | 844 | 12 | $67 \cdot 6$ | $67 \cdot 6$ | $0 \cdot 0$ |
| Total | $\cdots$ | ． | 6，504 | 6，405 | 99 | $71 \cdot 3$ | $73 \cdot 3$ | $-2 \cdot 0$ |

Two districts show a decrease of white children enrolled，three a decrease of coloured，and four，i．e．Elliot，Xalanga，Engcobo，and Maclear，a decrease in total enrolment and attendance．In eaeh of the four districts mentioned rinderpest was prevalent during the quarter，and children were kept at home to tend sick cattle and 389 pupils enrolled，in spite of this，it is satisfactory to observe a total increase of 389 pupils enrolled，or 4.4 per cent．－larger than the oorresponding increase for 1896 ， and slightly larger than that for the whole Colony－and an increase of 99 in the
attendance．Barkly East shows the largest perent attendance．Barkly East shows the largest percentage of increase in the enrolment sut it also shows the greatest fall in regularity of attendance，a result of a bad lambing in a district where the proportion of natives more ardance．This is very unsatisfactory is little better than Xalanga．A very disappointing feature of native Stt．Mark＇s that some of the worst attended schools are on old established missions；this holds even where parents are supposed to live on mission land only on condition that their

The next table gives the numlers according to classes of schools．The mort remarkable feature in it is an increase of 7 per cent．in the attendance in Poor Schools， while all the rest have suffered．In fact the attendance at Poor Schools has been improvement．

| Class． | Number of Schools． |  | Enrolment． |  |  | Attendance． |  |  | Percentage of Attendance to Enrolment． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897 | 1896 | 1897 | 1896 | Increase | 1897 | 1896 | Increase | 1897 | 1896 | Increase |
| A．II | 3 | 3 | 210 | 161 | 49 | 164 | 134 | 30 | $78 \cdot 1$ | $83 \cdot 8$ | －5．7 |
| A． 111. | 21 | 23 | 413 | 473 | －60 | 330 | 419 | －89 | $79 \cdot 9$ | $88 \cdot 6$ | －8．7 |
| P．F． | 18 | 14 | 125 | 120 | 5 | 10 を | 105 | 3 | $86 \cdot 4$ | $87 \cdot 5$ | －1．1 |
| Poor | 14 | 10 | 403 | 293 | 110 | 354 | 236 | 118 | $87 \cdot 8$ | $80 \cdot 5$ | 7－3 |
|  |  | 1 |  | 15 | －15 |  | 12 | $-12$ |  | $80 \cdot 0$ | ． |
| B | 45 | 44 | 2787 | 2541 | 246 | 2005 | 1912 | 93 | 71．9 | $75 \cdot 2$ | $-3 \cdot 3$ |
| C | 75 | 82 | 5183 | 5133 | 50 | 3543 | 3587 | －44 | $68 \cdot 4$ | $69 \cdot 9$ | $-1 \cdot 5$ |
| Total．． | 176 | 177 | 9121 | 8736 | 385 | 6504 | 6405 | 99 | $71 \cdot 3$ | $73 \cdot 3$ | $-2 \cdot 0$ |

Results of Inspection．－The following are the results of inspection for the whole circuit，with the corresponding figures for 1896 ：－


Though there are fewer above Standard $V$ this year，there are also fewer below Standard，which is generally the least satisfactory part of the sehool．Taking Standard III as the dividing line，we find 14.6 in or above this Standard，as against 13.7 i 1896；the corresponding figure for 1895 was also $14 \cdot 6$ ，so that the slight fall noted last year has been recovered．From the second of the following tables，however，it whill be seen that this improvement is due entirely to the mission schools，and that white schools show a marked and regrettable fall．The first table gives the total each Standard，as well as the percentages in and above Standard III for percentage i

| Class of． School． | 『\＃品 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\#} \\ & \text { ت. } \\ & 0 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | Standari． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | I． | II． | III． | IV． | V | VI． | VII． |  |
| A．11．． | 195 | 185 | 44 | 23 | 37 | 27 | 32 |  |  |  | 3 |
| A．iII．． | 423 | 405 | 148 | 74 | 79 | 53 | 39 | 8 | 2 | $\because$ | ．． |
| P．F． | 120 | 117 | 43 | 20 | 30 | 8 | 11 | 5 | ． | ． | ． |
| Poor ．． | 354 | 319 | 148 | 75 | 53 | 30 | 7 | 3 | 3 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| B． | 2，520 | 2，279 | 1，298 | 411 | 323 | 194 | 50 | 3 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  | 4，592 | 3，848 | 1，950 | 743 | 606 | 345 | 177 | 27 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |


|  |  | 哥 | Standard. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percentage in Standard III. and above. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scheol. |  |  | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | Vİ. |  | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. |
| A II | $100 \cdot 0$ | 238 | $12 \cdot 1$ | 20.0 | 146 | $17 \cdot 3$ | 65 | $3 \cdot 8$ |  | $1 \cdot 6$ | $43 \cdot 8$ | $48 \cdot 9$ | 57.3 |
| A. 111 | $100 \cdot 0$ | 36.5 | $18 \cdot 3$ | 19.5 | $13 \cdot 1$ | $9 \cdot 6$ | 20 | 0.5 | 05 | .. | 25.7 | 30.5 | 29.1 |
| P.F. | $100 \cdot 0$ | 36.8 | $17 \cdot 1$ | $25 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 8$ | $9 \cdot 4$ | 43. | - | .. | . | 20.5 | 28.7 | $34 \cdot 4$ |
| Poor | $100 \cdot 0$ | $46 \cdot 4$ | $23 \cdot 5$ | 16.6 | $9 \cdot 4$ | $2 \cdot 2$ | 095 | $0 \cdot 95$ | .. | $\ldots$ | 13.5 | $17 \cdot 0$ | 13.9 |
| B... . . | $100 \cdot 0$ | $57 \cdot 1$ | 18.0 | 14.2 | 8.5 | $2 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | .. | . . | . | 10.8 | $10 \cdot 1$ | $11 \cdot 8$ |
| C... | $100 \cdot 0$ | $50 \cdot 7$ | $19 \cdot 3$ | $15 \%$ | 90 | $4 \cdot 6$ | 0.7 | .. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 14.3 | $12 \cdot 3$ | 9.4 |

In the figure given for Order C in 1895, the elementary school at Clarkebury was not included; otherwise the percentage would have been slightly higher. My remar made last year, that schools of Order C seemed to bear difficulties best, has been fully quarter of the white children attending school in this circuit are fit for Standard III., and that even in Second Class Schools the number is less than half.

Leaving Ages and Standards.-During the vear I called for returns from teachers, of all children who had left school finally, between the inspections of 1896 and 1897 with their ages, length of school life and standards of attainment. Returns wer received from 14 white and 95 mission schools, the tabulated results of which are as follows:-

|  |  | Standard |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { P.T. } \\ \text { I. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P.T. } \\ & \text { II. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { से } \end{aligned}$ | 馬 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. | Ex. |  |  |  |  |
| White | 11 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 3 |  | 2 |  |  | 72 |
| Percentage | 153 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $19 \cdot 4$ | 16.7 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 5$ | 5.5 | 42 |  | $2 \cdot 8$ |  |  | 100 |
| Coloured | 167 | 147 | 150 | 120 | 56 | 16 | . |  |  | 5 | 4 | 9 | 674 |
| Percentage | 24.8 | 21.8 | 22.3 | 17.8 | 8.3 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 0.7 | $0 \cdot 6$ | $1 \cdot 3$ | 100 |

A few pupils are here lost sight of who reach higher standards in some of the large public schools of the Colony. But allowing for this, the fact remains that about half of the white children in my circuit never reach the Third Standard. Unless a great change for the better takes place, the next generation in such districts as Barkly East, Maclear and Elliot will be little better educated than the present, in spite of all
 leaves school at the age
is not to be wondered at

The statistics for coloured children's school life must be taken as only approximate though they are the nearest obtainable. They go to show that 70 per cent. go no further than the Second Standard, and that only 5 per cent. of those at school go beyond the Fourth. Their average leav however, is generally very broken
Annual Progress.-In the schools inspected 2,984 pupils were, presented for Standards who were also present at the inspection of 1896, with the following results:-

|  | No. of Pupils. | Passed <br> Higher <br> Standard. | Passed same Standard. | Fell into Lower Standard. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White | 379 | 214 | 158 | 7 |
| Percentage, 1897 | .. | 565 | 41.7 | 1.8 |
| 1896 |  | 63.0 | 35.8 | $1 \cdot 2$ |
| Coloured | 2,605 | 1,435 | 1,154 | 16 |
| Percentage, 1837 | . . | $55 \cdot 1$ | $44 \cdot 3$ | $0 \cdot 6$ |
| , 1896 |  | $47 \cdot 5$ | $50 \cdot 6$ | $1 \cdot 9$ |
| Totals | 2,984 | 1,649 | 1,312 | 23 |
| Percentage, 1897 | . . | $55 \cdot 3$ | $44 \cdot 0$ | 0.7 |
| " 1896 | . | $49 \cdot 9$ | $48 \cdot 3$ | 1.8 |

The progress of coloured children shows a considerable improvement, but that of white children has gone back. But it is some satisfaction that we have now got over half in Standards going forward. In these statistics no account is taken of the pupils though there is some improvement then here. In sohools for farmers' children the schooling is so broken by frequent closings for periods of from three months to two years, that little improvement can be looked for until a completely new school system replaces the present.
Training of Pupil Teachers.-The training of pupil teachers in Public Sohools has so far not been a marked success. One has just completed her term of three years in the Lady Frere Public School. In Barkly East there were three during 1896, one of whom failed to pass the annual examination. The other two, on gaining the first year's certicate, lert, anstricts nan so fully trained for the work, there will always be great difficulty in securing qualified teachers for outlying schools. Four pupil teachers from Unaided Schools in Cala were examined by me in the practical work.

Good work is being done in training native teachers at the three training schools my inspectorate-Clarkebury, Bensonvale, and All Saints'-the last-named of which sent up its first candidates this year. The number of pupil teachers at the inspection of these schools was as follows :-

|  |  |  |  | First <br> Year. | Second Year. | Third <br> Year. | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Saints' | $\ldots$ | . |  | 14 | - | - | 14 |
| Bensonvale | $\ldots$ | .. | . | 27 | 10 | 14 | 51 |
| Clarkebury | . | . . | . | 31 | - | 6 | 44 |
|  | Total | . | . | 72 | 17 | 20 | 109 |

The numbers at Clarkebury would have been considerably larger but for the ilness of a number of the candidates. In these schools the want of sufficient and good classroom accommodation is a drawback, some of the teachers working under considerable disadvantages. But at Bensonvale, large additions are being made which will remedy this fault. This training school obtained exoellent results at the second year's examination in 1896, and the same candidates, taking the final examination this year, showed work which calls for special commendation, at the practical examination. I mad . The mat be peret from the w. Building and Fumiture-D
Builaings and Furniture.-During the year a good schoolroom has been built for Class School at Cat Engeobo, and a schoolroom with master's residence for is needed at Lady Frere, and the with Government loans. A better schoorroom uegotiations for a loan are completed. But circumstances have been most unfavourable for the erection of better school buildings in the country. Some of these are very unsatisfactory, hut as the schools are in such cases almost always of the shortived type, a loan is usually out of the question.

I have already referred to the buildings in the Native Training Schools. Of Mission Schools, the greatest improvement appears in a part of the Herschel district, here they were very unsatisfacery. In some and I have in several delay in carrygig gut reco to car Fiegled.

Furniture shows no improvement to speak of. If there are desks they are sually home-made, and in farm schools the table and benches eked out with boxes, prevail. The Committee of the Cala Public School, I am glad to report, intend follow in time

Libraries.-The first school library in my circuit has been started at Barkly East. The headmaster complains that little use is made of it, but as few of the pupils had acquired a taste for reading at home, time must be allowed for this to develop. A tart is to be made in Cala also in gathering a school library.

Subjects of Instruction.-These are mostly confined to the subjects of Departments' Elementary School Course. Parents of pupils who intend taking anything beyond this
usually send them to a College or First Class School. I examined a few in Latin, Euciid and Algelra, but all at an elementary stage.

In Reading and Recitation few teachers realize the importance of deliberate and clear enunciation, and the means these subjects furnish of correcting habitual mispronunciation. Very little pattern reading is given, and in some cases the teacher's own readion sery some white schools. In these subjects I have to report little improvement.

Ge white schools. In these subjects I have to report little improvement
renerally speaking, Writing is best done in small schools, and receives more attention from lady teachers than from men. It receives too little attention in some of the larger public schools, where in the throng of subjects pupils are allowed to write much as they please. Even where this fault has been pointed out, little improvement appears. Very good results have been obtained by teachers who learned the semiupright style at vacation courses.

Composition in many schools is not taught, i.e. no systematic and progressive instruction is given, beginning with the corstruction of the simple sentence. While teaching a Standard III Class about the subject and predicate, much might be done to prepare them for Composition in Standard IV by synthetic, as well as analytic, exercises. Some good composition bas been shown up, even in Mission Schools taught
by natives, but the average improves slowly.

Grammar.-Picking out parts of speech is done with fair accuracy, and in a few cases intelligently. It is pleasing to note how some teachers have acted upon advice and intelligence are looked for, the results are often very disappointing. In Standard V pupils should surely be able to give the detailed analysis of a sentence, yet this is seldom well done.

Geography.-The teaching of this subject to Standards II and III is not satisfac tory as a rule, nor does it improve as might be expected. Where Government map are provided there is still a tendency to shelve the subject, and where no maps are procurable the teacher very seldom goes to the trouble of making a sketch map of the district. In teaching Geography to Standards IV and above, as well as in History unintelligent rote-work is still far too common.

Althmetic-Teachers are learning, by repeated failures in Arithmetic, the need for training their pupils to apply their intelligence. In this respect, the present standard requirements, and the variety of test exercises issued by the Department,
have proved a great stimulus. Much is still to be desired in the rapidity and accuracy have proved a great stimulus. Much is still to be desired in the rapisity and accuracy
of mental work. I frequently observe that counting on the fingers has been allowed, and that unlimited time has been given for the simplest mental calculation, the subject being thus robbed of all value.

Singing is taught in few white schools. In Mission Schools, where it is almost always professed, a few teachers have begun to teach something of time, but mos know little about it themselves. The tonic sol-fa intervals are almost always known by coloured children as far down as Standard III, or even II.

I have been disappointed to find great delay in many schools in getting the Sewing taught on the lines laid down by the Department, though a special grant may be drawn for the subject. The teachers naturally require to be trained to the work, but this could be done by instruction given during one or more vacations. A very District during October, and at small cost to the Department. I hope those in charge of Mission Schools in Tembuland will consider the advisability of having similar courses for their teachers.

Teachers.-Of 254 teachers, excluding sewing or trade teachers, whose sehoo were inspected during the year, one held the Cape Second Class Certificate, 54 Thir Class, 3 the Privy Council Certificate, and 3 certificates from the Governments of Natal, the Orange Free State, and the Iransvaal respectively, making a total of 61, or 24 per cent., holding professional certificates. Nine, or 3.5 per ceut., had pupil teachers' certificates of the first or second year. 183, or 72.4 per cent., had no certificate of special training, as against 71.8 per cent. in 1896 and 78.5 in 1895 Three teachers were graduates and four undergraduates. 181 , or 71.2 per cent., had neither professional nor academic certificates, against 71 per cent. in 1896 and $75 \cdot 3$ per cent. in 1895.

These figures go to show that the supply of trained teachers has not improved during the year, or that circumstances have drawn them elsewhere. In the native districts of my inspectorate great benefit would result from the imposition of a schoo tax, as in Fingoland, whereby the local contribution to the teacher's salary, at presént
a very hazardous and insufficient quantity, would be increased and assured. Those natives who are interested in education would, I believe, welcome it. In one district the headmen have even asked for it.

Poor Schools.-The number of these sehools is increasing, and the work of kee ing them up and supervising their management does not grow easier. I find that each year the people expect more to be done by the Government, and their support becomes "fine by degrees and (lamentably) less." In a Poor School in Maclear I found that no fees were any longer paid, that the teacher had nothing but the Government Grant to depend upon, and that she had even to keep the schoolroom in repair. In another, the teacher received, in lieu of board and lodging, £10 per annum, out of which she had to pay the rent of the schoolroom In yet a third the teacher had to secure her own house, and when the sohoclroom fell in the Department was asked to pay the cost of a miserable sod-built place, which the people could have put up at little or no xpense. Such indifference is very disheartening to those who strive to keep up these schools. But the tendency to abuse the generosity of the Government in the matter of rants to indigent boarders is yet worse. In a certain school I found that these wrants had been paid by the correspondent to the parents, instead of to the teacher with whom the children boarded, the parents supplying provisions so meagre as to parents might have been drawingers home. No notice was given of this, and the inquiry not been made. As a matter of fact I believe they were so drawn for one or more quarters. As a set-off to this state of things, it is pleasant to be able to report pon one or two schools where very good work is being done. At Smalpoort, in the Elliot district, the highest standard three years ago was the second; at the last inspection two passed the sixth, and I believe that these had received.all their cation there.
General Remarks.-The various statistics given in this report show little progress going on just now in the districts comprised by my circuit. The rapid progress which arked the years 1894 and 1895 has been checked, and for a time almost stopped, by successive years of depression, during which natives and even white persons have been The result, in districts where the had such losses as few of them had ever had before. rearing, might have been foretold. I inave at times been apreeably surprised stockhow great an interest is kept up in certain selo almost all they had by rinderpest and drought.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
W. G. BENNIE.

Dordrecht, January 10th, 1898.

## 2.-Inspector Brice's Report.

[Circuit : Barkly West, Gordonia, Hay, Herbert, Hopetown, Kenhardt
Kimberley, Mafeking, Prieska, Vryburg.]
Sir,-I have the honour to present my Report for 1897.
During the year I inspected every school receiving aid in the Circuit, and also visited many parts I have not previously been able to reach, with the intention of promoting new schools if possible, and generally to encourage the few who occasionally manifest an interest in the work.

Supply of Schools, Enrolment, \&cc.-The following tables will show for 1896 and 1897 the number of schools actually in receipt of Government aid at the time of inspection, the enrolment, the number of children present, and the classification into standards :-

Schools with Practically all White Children.


[^1]Schools with practically all Coloured Children


Teachers and Pupil Teuchers.-In 1896 there were 143 teachers in this circuit, of whom 44 per cent. possessed either an academic or a professional certificate ; in 1897 the number had increased to 167 , of whom 49 per cent. ( 57 per cent. white, and 17 per cent. coloured) were similarly certificated. In last year's report I stated, and I wish now to emphasize the statement strongly corroborated as it has been by my experience at several vacation courses of training, that " there are a few so-called teachers left who are not only not qualified, but are also of such slight educational attainments as to be able to impart nothing but the merest racen. These are, as a rule, men who where it is difficult, frequently impossible, to obtain qualified lady teachers, because they are always unwilling to be too far from their homes, and male teachers, properly qualified, will not accept such appointments with salaries frequently less than servants, wages. In Bechuanaland and Griqualand West, but particularly in the parts far from the railway, where transport is high and the population so scattered that there is practically no social life, much higher salaries must be paid to induce good teachers to acoept appointments, and to remain any length of time. Apart from a general increase in salaries, the only other immediate remedy that suggests itself to me is the encouragement of pupil teachers in such places as Kenhardt, Upington, Prieska, Vryburg and Mafeking; lady teachers trained at one of these places would accept local appointments when it would be impossible to get teachers from distant educational centres. I said, and still say lady teachers, because then and now there are practically no male pupil teachers in my circuit-in 18961 out of 40 , in 18973 of 43 .
Buildings. - In the past year a large school for poor children, as well as three new class rooms in the Public Schools, were erected by the Kimberley Board, a new poor school has been built at Holpan, and other schemes provided at Vryburg, Prieska, Mafeking, Griquatown, and other places. Much still remains to be accomplished even in the populous areas, but if all persons interested in education, particularly the ministers of the various denominations, keep up the agitation, much could iu a few years be accomplished. An idea that seems to me to be feasible is the construction of the engineers' cottages; when not required in one locality such a building could be the engineers cottages; when not required in
I have again to express my heartfelt thanks to many gentlemen for their cordial co-operation and ready help in transport difficulties.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
A. E. BRICE,

Acting Deputy Inspector of Schools.
The most casual examination of these results will show that, although the number schools and an increase of four in the coloured-there was a considerable (nine per cent.) schools and an increase of four in the coloured-there was a considerable nine per cent.)
increase in the enrolment. A more careful study will bring out the fact that, as far as white children are concerned, Kimberley and Barkly West have made material progress both in number of schools, and also in enrolment, while Vryburg, Hope Town, Prieska and Kenhardt have seriously fallen off, while in the coloured schools there has been a marked increase in Kimberley, Barkly West and Vryburg. Here I must again draw attention to the fact that no aided (nor, indeed, unaided, as far as I can ascertain) Mission school exists either in Hay or Prieska, and that the one for some years in Kenhardt has now fallen through. With regard to Hay, this is more surprising, as Griquatown was for a long time the home of such missionaries as Moffat, Wright and their memory. Generally, must add, as in last year's Report that all the districts of my circuit, except Kimberley, are very inadequately supplied with schools, and that the enrolment and attendance embrace but a small number of the children." Since these words were written the Rinderpest, which had been so fearfully destructive to cattle in Griqualand West, Vryburg and Mafeking, has reached Gordonia and passed over the districts of my circuit south of the Orange River, namely, Hope Town, Prieska and Kenhardt, and, moreover, the drought has continued and has been exceptionally severe in some places before but slightly affected.

## 3.-Inspector Clarke's Report.

[Circuit: Cathcart, Fort Beaufort, Qubenstown, Stockenstrom, Victoria East.]
Sir,-I have the honour to present to you my Report for the year 1897.
During the twelve months 183 schools have been inspected, 129 by myself and four by substitute under circumstances where it was impossible for me to visit the sohool at the time desired. In addition to the annual inspection a surprise visit has been paid in the case of a few schools; time is very seldom available, however, for this purpose. only with School Committees as a whole, but also with individual school managers, and with the teachers generally throughout my circuit. The few instances to the contrary with the teachers generally throughout my circuit. The few instances to the contrary have been much less conspicuous than last yes,r. Largely, I believe, owing to this a smoothness that has not been equalled in any previous year.

> Supply of Schools.

There has been little or no change in the number of schools since this time last year, but this position of things is by no means inconsistent with substantial educational advance, as the tables of inspection results will presently establish. It will be seen that there has been a considerable decrease in the number of Farm Schools, and that this result has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in the number of children attending Public and Poor Sohools, and also by a marked increase of efficiency throughout. The spirit of exclusiveness manifested by farmers, sometimes in circumstances where co-operation would be of immense benefit to all concerned, is disappearing before eses during the year led to the therary cosing and to tolal ases during the year led to the temporary closing and even to the total collapse of the een served and its pupils having been drafted off to boarding schools in the larger towns.

Enrolment and Attendance.
The following tables show that, whereas in every division except Cathcart-where, through the temporary closing of three schools there appears to have been no progress made-there has been a substantial increase in the enrolment, the percentage of attendance has in every case fallen below the point reached last year, and in some divisions even the total attendance is less. Beyond the irregularity of attendance consequent upon the spread of rinderpest I am unable to account satisfactorily for this disappointing feature. In the second of the two tables there is a decrease of white pupils in Stockenstrom and Cathoart. There was an exceptionally large increase in the former division last year, which may have been due to special circumstances, and in the latter the deorease is accounted for by the facts stated above.

|  |  | On Roll. | Average Attendance. | Percentage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Queknstown- |  |  |  |  |
| 3rd Quarter, 1896 | $\ldots$ | 2285 | 1793 | 78.4 |
| 3rd Quarter, 1897 | . . | 2349 | 1809 | 76.9 |
| Stockenstroom- |  |  |  |  |
| 3rd Quarter, 1896 | . | 549 | 394 | $71 \cdot 8$ |
| 3rd Quarter, 1897 | . | 579 | 408 | $70 \cdot 4$ |
| Victoria East- |  |  |  |  |
| 3rd Quarter, 1896 | . | 1901 | 1403 | $73 \cdot 8$ |
| 3rd Quarter, 1897 | . . | 1933 | 1334 | $69 \cdot 0$ |
| Catheart - . . . |  |  |  |  |
| 3rd Quarter, 1896 | . | 521 | 461 | 88.5 |
| 3rd Quarter, 1897 | . . | 518 | 458 | 88.4 |
| Fort Beaueort- |  |  |  |  |
| 3rd Quarter, 1896 | $\ldots$ | 1371 | 1081 | 78.9 |
| 3rd Quarter, 1897 | . | 1511 | 1038 | $68 \cdot 6$ |

[G. 7-'98.]


II．（a）First and Second Class Schools．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { II } \\ & \text { 䔍 } \\ & \text { ت } \\ & \text { 5 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1896. | 142 | 85 | 72 | 96 | 83 | 60 | 39 | 10 | 9 |  |
| 1897. | 131 | 92 | 89 | 68 | 110 | 56 | 51 | 13 | 13 |  |
| Percentage 1896. | $23 \cdot 9$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 9$ | $10 \cdot 0$ | $6 \cdot 5$ | 1.7 | $1 \cdot 5$ |  |
| 1897. | $21 \cdot 0$ | $14 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 2$ | 10.9 | $17 \cdot 6$ | $8 \cdot 8$ | $8 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 0$ |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Percentage in } 1896\left\{\begin{array} { l } 
{ 1 9 \cdot 7 \text { above Standard IV. } } \\
{ 3 3 \cdot 6 \text { in and above Standard IV. } } \\
{ \text { Percentage in } 1 8 9 7 }
\end{array} \left\{\begin{array}{l}
20 \cdot 8 \text { above Standard IV. } \\
38 \cdot 4 \text { in and above Standard IV. }
\end{array}\right.\right.
\end{aligned}
$$

Inspection Resulits．
The comparative results of inspection for the last two years show a general advance in all classes of schools ：－

Classification of Pupils into Standards．
I．Ail．Schoois．

|  |  |  | Below Standard． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z } \\ & \text { ت } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 哥 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ゴ } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { ت⿹\zh26灬 } \\ & \text { ت⿹\zh26灬 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1896 | 6148 | 5357 | 1951 | 814 | 846 | 777 | 472 | 144 | 48 | 10 | 29 | 266 |
| 1897 | 6331 | 5410 | 1854 | 887 | 909 | 657 | 507 | 192 | 57 | 14 | 13 | 320 |
| Percentage of total present in different Standards． |  | 1896 | $26 \cdot 4$ | $15 \cdot 2$ | $15 \cdot 8$ | $14 \cdot 5$ | $8 \cdot 8$ | 26 | $\cdot 9$ | $\cdot 2$ | ${ }^{5}$ | $5 \cdot 0$ |
|  |  | 1897 | $34 \cdot 2$ | $16 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 8$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | $9 \cdot 3$ | 35 | $1 \cdot 0$ | ＇2 | $\cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 9$ |
| Percentage in $1896\left\{\begin{array}{c}9.2 \\ 18.0 \text { above Standard In and above Sta }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage in $1897\left\{\begin{array}{l}10 \cdot 8 \text { above Standard IV．} \\ 20 \cdot 1 \text { in and above Standard } \\ 0\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

（b）Third Class and Poor Schools

|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { i } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { \#⿹\zh26灬 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1896. | 220 | 119 | 115 | 115 | 51 | 13 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1897. | 272 | 142 | 149 | 107 | 75 | 37 | 3 | ． |  |  |
| Percentage 1896. | $34 \cdot 7$ | $18 \cdot 8$ | $18 \cdot 1$ | $18 \cdot 1$ | $8 \cdot 0$ | $2 \cdot 0$ | $\cdot 2$ | ．． | ． | ． |
| 1897. | $34 \cdot 6$ | $18 \cdot 0$ | $18 \cdot 9$ | $13 \cdot 6$ | $9 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | $\cdot 3$ |  |  |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Percentage in } 1896
\end{aligned}\left\{\begin{array} { c } 
{ 2 . 2 \text { above Standard IV. } } \\
{ 1 0 \% \text { in and above Standard IV. } } \\
{ \text { Percentage in } 1 8 9 \% }
\end{array} \left\{\begin{array}{c}
50 \text { above Standard IV. } \\
14.5 \text { in and above Standari IV. }
\end{array}\right.\right.
$$

Annual Progress of Pupils.-I have been surprised to find in compiling the following tables how satisfactory has been the progress made iu every class of school. Under each head there is an increase, except one, where the decrease is very slight:-

| Class of School. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Presented } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Standards. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Passed } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { in } \text { Stands. } \end{gathered}$ | Presented in Standards who were present at previous Inspections | Passed higher Standard | $\begin{gathered} \text { Passed } \\ \text { samme } \\ \text { Standard. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Passed } \\ \text { lower } \\ \text { Standard. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First and Second Class | (1896 | 466 | 345 | 291 | 238 | 53 |  |
|  | \{ 1897 | 491 | 403 | 340 | 294 | 46 |  |
| Third Class and Poor. . | (1896 | 428 | 295 | 215 | 144 | 71 |  |
|  | ) 1897 | 543 | 424 | 374 | 293 | 81 | $\ldots$ |
| Farm | \{ 1896 | 354 | 228 | 212 | 126 | 85 | 1 |
|  | \{ 1897 | 213 | 167 | 135 | 98 | 37 |  |
| Native . . | \{ 1896 | 1239 | 1238 | 1599 | 849 | 721 | 29 |
|  | \{ 1897 | 2269 | 1320 | 1587 | 860 | 712 | 15 |
| Totals for all Sohools. . | \{ 1896 | 3487 | 2106 | 2317 | 1357 | 930 | 30 |
|  | \{1897 | 3516 | 2314 | 2436 | 1545 | 876 | 15 |


| Class of School. | Percentage who passed in Standard for which they were preeented. were presented | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Percentage of those } \\ \text { present at previous } \\ \text { inspection who passed } \\ \text { hifher Standard this } \\ \text { year. } \end{array}$ | Percentage of total presented who were presentat the previous inspection. nspection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First and Second Class $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1896 \\ 1897\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \cdot 0 \\ & 82 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81 \cdot 7 \\ & 86 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \cdot 4 \\ & 69 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Third Class and Poor $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1896 \\ 1897\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 68 \cdot 9 \\ 78 \cdot 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.9 \\ & 78 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \cdot 2 \\ & 68 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ |
| Farm . . . . . $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1896 \\ 1897\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \cdot 7 \\ & 78 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \cdot 4 \\ & 72 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \cdot 8 \\ & 63 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Native . $\quad . \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}1896 \\ 1897\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \cdot 2 \\ & 58 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \cdot 0 \\ & 54 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 714 \\ & 69 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| All Schools .. .. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1896 \\ 1897\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \cdot 4 \\ & 65 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \cdot 5 \\ & 63 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \cdot 4 \\ & 69 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ |

## School Curricula

Elementary School Work.-The new Standard system has not yet been long enough in operation to enable one to judge of its results on pupils trained under it from the outset up to the Ex-Standard stage, but one feels increasingly confident tha it is capable of producing a more intelligent habit of mind in dealing with all subjects. Under the head of "Subjects of Instruction" anything calling for special notice will be dealt with subsequently.

Higher Education.-Here one is compelled to note again the slight regard paid to literary or scientific subjects and to a course of study that cannot bo seen by parentsoften but slightly educated themselves-to have an immediate and direct bearing on often but slightly educated themselves-to have an immediate and direct bearing on
the life work for which the pupil is designed. "Bread and butter" utility is the the life work for which the pupil is designed. "Bread and butter" utility is the
standard that rules the market in educational matters, and while the corrective of educated opinion is either non-existent in a locality or too slight to make its influence felt, the lower ideal must hold sway. Some such material incentive as exhibitions or
felt, the lower ideal must hold sway. Some such material incentive as exhibitions or
bursaries are, in my opinion, essential to the beginning of a course of study leading to the University and to a professional career. On the eastern side of the Colony. the lack of a centralizing power in higher education, sufficient to stir and direot the from other countries, and give free field to the more clamorous attractions of interests bucolic and commercial, with the meagre mental equipment generally accepted as adequate for their pursuit. While knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting is insisted on, and the claims of literature and science left almost without advocate or distinguished representative, the present state of matters can only be deplored. The chief obstacle to any concerted action precedent to better things lies in the parochia jealousy of small towns, each thinking that its chief interest is best served by obstructing the predominance of any other.

School Libraries. - I am glad to record the development of a school library at Queenstown and Seymour. With a more vigorous and intelligent Committee, the First Class Schools at Fort Beaufort and Adelaide might be expected to follow this excellent example. I have confidence that at Alice, Catheart and Whittlesea, the lack
of a school library will not long be complained of. Much can be done by individual of a school library will not long be complained of. Much can be done by individual teachers to encourage a taste for reading among their pupils, and in a country like this,
where the objects of immediate interest are so few and so slight, much must be done in this direction, if the school-acquired knowledge of the children is to be turned to useful account in the forming of their minds and their intellectual interest in life.

School Buildings, Furniture, \&o.
Public Schools.-The new school buildings at Queenstown, Adelaide and Alice are nearing completion, and should be of immense help in advancing education in their respective localities. In the case of all three a large piece of ground in close proximity respective localities. In the case of all three a large piece of ground in close proximity
is available for a playing field-this is a feature that ought never to be lost sight of in is available for a playing field-this is a feature that ought never to be lost sight of in
fixing on a site for a new school. One or two suitable buildings have also been provided in country districts. Fort Beaufort deserves to be pilloried for its perverse refusal to make adequate provision for the growing numbers of its school. Farm Schools.-Some of these are badly provided with school room, furniture and equipment-most, however, are now fairly satisfactory in all respects.
Native Schools. - Much has yet to be done in regard to the supply of desks for the ordinary mission school, but the want has been met to some extent during the year. Further extensions have been made at Healdtown and Lovedale, aithough, unfortunately, at both these places there seems to have been from the outset too little dea of system or comprehensive plan, and fresh buildings are dropped down, as from a pepper-box, rendering organization and supervision immensely more difficult.

Subjects of Instruction.
Reading and Recitation.-There cannot be said to be much improvement in these ubjects. While so many of the teachers fail to see how faulty is their own articulation and pronunciation, there is little hope for remedy in the case of the children.

Arithmetic.-This continues to be the least satisfactory subject, and the one ccounting for the great majority of failures in the standards. The reason I believe to many teachers to utilize the mental exercises of one standard as anticipating and preparatory to the written work of the standard immediately above
Composition.-Little or no progress seems to be made in this subject. It is in many schools very poorly done, faults of grammar and punctuation being much too frequent and prominent. In the case of Native ohildren the object chiefly aimed at is to remember as many as possible of the words read. Sometimes one gets the story that has been read reproduced with wonderful accuracy, but in other cases the pupil's arrangement of the words differs so materially from the original as to make pure nonsense of the whole attempt.

Latin and Greek.-The position of both these subjects is most disappointing The former is taught in very few schools, and only a handful of pupils, who are being "prepared for some examination," reach anything beyond the elementary stage. The treatment of quantities is frequently most unkind. I was glad to find a few pupils a seymour keenly interested in tir Queenstown, where one might look naturally for a lead to be shewn in the foundation of culture, there is little or no stimulus to anything beyond purely elementary subjects, or what is locally regarded as necessary for the counting-house or the farm vacation courses seem to bave borne fruit in a more intelligent handling of the subject.

I have found Analysis excellently done by whole classes, and a keenness in answering that spoke volumes for the character of the teaching. In some schools one finds the eacher holding tenaciously to potential moods, and the theory that "an abstract oun is the name of something you can't see."
cience in my circuit-or at least nothing worthe easily disposed of. There is no cience in my oircuit-or at least nothing worthy of the name,

Seving.--There is probably no subject in which such consistent progress has號 made in the majority of schools. Beaufort and the Lovedale Workers' Department deserve to be specially mentioned
Handiwork.-There is no provision for this subject in any public school as yet, ut I am hopeful that before this time next year a start will have been made in the queenstown Boys school. The equipment at Lovedale and Healdtown has been mproved for the training of pupil-teacher candidates, but although the instruction is in most competent hands at both places, there is a great difficulty in rousing much interest in the subject in the minds of natives until they have been urged through the drudgery stage, and can see some tangible result of their efforts. In examination hey will probably never do themselves full justice, partly owing to their imperfect nowledge of English, and partly owing to the force of their mechanical habit of the similarity of the examination question has probably suggested to them.
Evening Preparation.-I have been disappointed to find so little fruitful result
following from the remarks made under this head last year. The complaint of the intelligent parent has still too much to justify it in the amount and character of the ork set by many teachers for home preparation. There can be no doubt that onsiderable trouble is caused by prescribing work to be done at home that ought properly to be done in school. A wise teacher will avoid setting home work that is beyond the capacity of the average pupil. Unseemly friction undoubtedly arises where the teacher neglects such obvious caution, and thus throws his action open to natural criticism at the hands of uneducated parents-criticism expressed possibly in the presence of the pupils. At the same time one is bound to recognize the difficulty many a teacher is placed in between some parents who clamour for home school and not at home." It will be necessary to advert further to to tanght in parents in connection with the present school system.

## Teachers.

Qualifications and Sex.-In the Returns for the September quarter of 1897 the number of teachers in my circuit was 210 , of whom 91 were certificated and 119 uncertificated. In the schools inspected throughout the year there were 205 teachers female. It female. It is strange to find such a totally different relation: holding between the at the Institutions. The native boys under Schools and the numbers under training This can oniy mean that on the one hand many of the boys never become teachers, and many of the female teachers in schools have never undergone proper training. Other evidence bears out the same conclusion.

The Training of Teachers.
White Pupil Teachers.-It is satisfactory to be able to report a slight improvement in some schools in the quality of the instruction given; there is, however, always the tendency towards making a general drudge of the pupil-teacher, consuming an undue proportion of her time in actual teaching, and thus leaving her too little in which to acquire the knowledge necessary to give her the real confidence she needs.

Native Pupil Teachers.- The great obstacle to natives at the outset of their training is their imperfect knowledge of English. This is frequently accompanied by a habit, acquired as pupils in mission schools, of learning everything mechanically by rote The general level is being slowly raised by dint of hard work at both Lovedale and Healdtown. At the former institution a great opportunity is missed by the negleet to develop a proper practising school, for which there is a splendid field. Blackboard work is the subject in which probably most striking progress has been made. Reading
still presents immense difficulty-fluency is scarcely ever acquired. presents immense difficulty-fluency is scarcely ever acquired.
diminution in the first year's classes, and at Healdtown and Lovedale show a sligh Greater care is being exercised as to the admission of pupils to the first year year. organisation of these training schools showed in general some improvement, but the plan
of committing the second and third years' classes to the same teacher at Lovedale was, considering the numbers, very unwise, and considering the size of the general staff, surely unn long time to wean the Native teacher from his manical method seeking to acquire a knowledge of any subject. It cannot be until a fresh generation of native candidates come up from the Mission Sohools, started under an improved and more intelligent system, that one can expect to get teachers of a more intelligent stamp. Some of the teachers in the Training Institutions are taking one step in the right direction in teaching their pupils to rely less blindly on the dictionary and the text book.

## The School System.

With the near prospect of legislation on this subject any discussion of it must be dealt with carefully. I propose to touch on a few points only that have come to my notice very promiuently or that seem to require immediate attention.

White Schools.- There is nothing that has struck me so strongly this year as the evil influence on education of the unwise action of many parents. To take the case of the ordinary farm or country school teacher residing at a farmer's house and teaching his children possibly together with a few others in the neighbourhood--the first difficulty that presents itself is the view shared by not a few that the smaller the number true, but it frequently leads to the most absurd exelusiveness, and the refusal to allow a neighbour's children to take advantage of the school within reach. Again, where two or three families are taught together, the unequal progress of the children is too frequently attributed to undue preference or partiality on the teacher's part, no account being taken of the original capacity or the previous training of the children. Againand this applies ordinarily to small villages, where limited experience of life and lack of knowledge tend to create in the parents' mind an exaggerated estimate of their children's ability and rectitude, or, in plain words, a blind and stubborn conceit-there is a readiness to encourage the bearing of "tales out of school," the discussion of what the teacher said or did, and any kind of reckless statement about the teacher or the school. The mischief of such difficulties as I have mentioned is immensely increased when the children are allowed to listen to, or even take free part in, such criticism of such discussion. Reason there must be in many cases for noting a teacher's shortcomings, but sensible parents should bear in mind that little good can be achieved by any teacher, however excellent, unless the children's confidence in him is maintained. To destroy that is to destroy the chief power that he reckons on to aid him. Now it would be strangely unpractical for me to advert to such matters, if there were only the stupidity of isolated parents to be considered, but in many small schools the teacher is absolutely at the mercy of such people, acting either individually or collectively, and it is necessary to seek for some check on possible tyranny or unwise action. In my pinion no scheme for the creation of school boards can be satisfactory that does not provide for the school board area being sufficiently large to reduce to small limits the influence of any narrow local feeling, and that does not provide for the inclusion of every white school within the control of the Board. The question of attendance must always give trouble, and my experience leads me to fear that it is just in those difficulty in getting any stringent compulsory aetion brought into operation. I should ike in this connection to express my own sense of the value of the disinterested work of ikan school managers who have given unstintingly of their time and attention to the advancement of the schools under their care.

Native Schools.-I take it that the legislation contemplated at present will not affect materially the administration of Native Schools, and I am not sorry to be relieved of the responsibility of offering any opinion now on a question that present many difficulties. The increased interest of some Superintendents of Mission School deserves recognition, and the transference to other districts of one or two from whom I have received immense help is a matter of regret to me.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

Grahamstown, December 27th, 1897,
W. E, C, CLARKE.

## 4.-Inspector Eli's Report.

[Circoit: King Wildiam's Town, East Lonion, and Peddie.]
Sir,-I have the honour to submit to you my Annual Report on the state of Education in my circuit

Supply of Schools.-For the year ended 30th September, 1897, there has been, I regret to say, a falling off in the number of schools. Ten schools have been elosed and four opened, leaving a net loss of six. Of the schools closed five were Privat Farm and five Mission Schools, and ission Schools.

Enrolment and Attendance.-The following table will enable us to compare the enrolment and attendance for the years ended 30th September, 1896, and 1897 respectively.

| Year. | Number of Pupils on Roll. |  |  |  |  | Average Attendance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Boys. |  | Girls. |  | Total. |  |
|  | White. | Coloured. | White. | Coloured. |  |  |
| 1897 | 1696 | 3776 | 1577 | 42956 | 11305 | 8577 |
| 1896 | 1640 | 3768 | 1542 | 4129 | 11079 | 8087 |
| Increase | 56 | 8 | 35 | 127 | 226 | 490 |

There has therefore been an increase of 226 on the roll and of 490 in the average attendance. Considering how irregular Native children are in their attendance, an average attendance of 75.8 per cent. of the whole number on the roll may be deemed fairly satisfactory.

It may also be noticed that while last year the increase in the number of white children was only thirteen, this year it has run up to ninety-one, that is exactly

In private schools there are, as far as I oan gather, about 550 European children on the roll, giving a total of 3,823 white children attending some school. Curiously enough this number corresponds exactly with the number given in my report last year, and seems to show that pupils have drifted from the private to the public schools.

Classification under Standards.-During the year just ended 179 schools have been inspected, 100 of which were inspected by the Rev. J. H. Müller, who acted for me during my absence on leave. The pupils have been classified as follows :-

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { تٍ } \\ & \text { تू } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10,516 | 8298 | 112 | 4012 | 1331 | 1294 | 850 | 427 | 142 | 86 | 24 | 20 |
| Percentage | 100 | $1 \cdot 4$ | $48 \cdot 3$ | 16.0 | $15 \cdot 6$ | 102 | $5 \cdot 1$ | 17 | $1 \cdot 0$ | $\cdot 3$ | 2 |

[G. 7-98.]
E

Separating the schools and dividing them into their different classes we get：－
A．． ．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 912 | 828 | 20 | 152 | 92 | 111 | 138 | 113 | 86 | 73 | 23 | 20 |
| Percentage | 100 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $18 \cdot 4$ | $11 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 4$ | 16.7 | 13.6 | $10 \cdot 4$ | $8 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 8$ | $2 \cdot 4$ |

A．II．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \#ï } \\ & \text { AH } \\ & \Phi \\ & \ddagger \\ & \text { I } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 荡 彩 解 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 343 | 320 |  | 85 | 49 | 69 | 70 | 37 | 7 | 3 | $\ldots$ | ． |
| Percentage | 100 |  | $26 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | $21 \cdot 6$ | $21 \cdot 9$ | $11 \cdot 6$ | $2 \cdot 1$ | $\cdot 9$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |

A．III．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { च } \\ & \text { G1 } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { g } \\ & \text { g } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1614 | 1365 | 13 | 502 | 251 | 272 | 188 | 89 | 41 | 8 | 1 |  |
| Percentage | 100 | 9 | $36 \cdot 8$ | 18.4 | $19 \cdot 9$ | 13.8 | $6 \cdot 5$ | $3 \cdot 0$ | $0 \cdot 6$ | 0 |  |

P．F．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \#i } \\ & \text { 今4 } \\ & 0 \\ & \ddagger \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 | 78 | ． | 18 | 27 | 9 | 16 | 4 | 2 | 2 |  | ． |
| Percentage | 100 | $\ldots$ | $23 \cdot 1$ | $34 \cdot 5$ | 11.5 | 20.5 | $5 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 5$ | 2.5 | $\cdots$ | ． |
| C．I． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 硙 |
| 94 | 92 | 79 | ． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 13 | ． | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ． |
| Percentage | 100 | $85 \cdot 9$ |  | ． | $\ldots$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | ． | ． | ． | ． | ． |
| B． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { 覅 } \\ & \text { تू } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 7473 | 5615 | ． | 3255 | 912 | 833 | 425 | 184 | 6 | ． | $\cdots$ |  |
| Percentage | 100 |  | $57 \cdot 9$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | $7 \cdot 6$ | $3 \cdot 3$ | $\cdot 1$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |

From the above tables it will be seen how very small is the percentage of pupils who，even in First Class Schools，reach Standard VI and VII．I think three reasons may be given for the failure of scholars in these Standards：-1 st．New pupils joining public schools come as a rule with a fair knowledge of English subjects，but are lamentably deficient in Arithmetic，which proves too much for them when they come up for inspection，2nd．The University and Departmental Examinations take up a good deal of time，and neither teacher nor pupils can devote themselves entirely try to force pupils up two standards in often in compliance with the wishes of parents， try to foree pupils up two standards in a year．This is a great mistake．The forcing
process is fair neither to the pupils nor to the teachers．The former suffer from want process is fair neither to the pupils nor to the teachers．The former suffer from want
of sufficient grounding and cannot keep pace with the higher class in which they have been placed，and the latter have an undue amount of work imposed on them by the necessity of driving the laggards into line with the rest of the class．

Progress.-The numbers under this head are unfortunately incomplete. Mr. Müller did not, for a week or two after he began inspecting, keep among his own notes a record of progress, which, however, was entered in the register of each school.

In the schools in which a record was kept, I find that in 1897 there were 3,634 presented in standards who were also present in 1896. Of these, 2,061 ( $56 \%$ per cent.) have gone up a standard, 1,548 ( $42 \cdot 6$ per cont.) have remained in the same standard, and $25(\cdot 7$ per cent.) have gone down a standard.

Taking the different classes of schools we have :-


Pupil Teachers.-The work done before me by European pupil teachers is on the whole satisfactory. Blackboard drawing is generally exceilent, but object lessons need a good deal of attention. There is about them, as a rule, too much of the book from which they are taken. It would be a great help to pupil teachers if all the schools in which they are trained had a suitable supply of apparatus and illustrations necessary for the proper giving of object lessons.

School Buildings.-At King William's Town a new block of four class rooms has been added to Dale College; the English Branch schoolrooms have been put into thorough repair, though the approaches to the school still leave much to be desired, and the Sisters of St Petor's Home have begun their new work and suitable buildings have been erected.

At East London an excellent room has been rented for the Kindergarten children attending the public sehool on the East Bank, and the school house has been put in order for the Principal ; but the state of the school buildings on both banks of the river, and especially of the Principal's house on the West Bank, is a standing disgrace to the community.

Subjects of Instruction.-I think I may fairly say that steady progress is being made in all subjects. Even in arithmetic improvement may be noticed, and in European schools mental arithmetic is generally very good.

History would be made more attractive to the pupils if it were taught more as a onnected story than as a dry summary of events. So many excellent historical解 btaining one, from which his pupils may learn something more than the date of a battle or the accession of a king

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your Obedient Servant
F. HOWE ELY,

King William's Town, 31st December, 1897.
Deputy Inspector of Sehools.

## o.-Inspector Fraser's Report

## [Circuit : Albany, Alexandria, Buthurst, Bedford, Port Elizabeth,

 Uitentage.]Sir,-I have much pleasure in submitting my report on the progress and condition of education in my circuit for the year ending September, 1897.

The number of schools inspected has been 161, of which 8 were inspected by deputies. Fourteen schools were inspected for the first time. In addition to the work of inspecting schools, I have had the examination in practical work of 123 pupil
teachers. Scho inprecedented violence along the coast, while the inland distres. There were rains of and wasted by a long-continued drought. Many districts wets were being parohed ravages of locusts, and rinderpest was prevalent throughout wy were closed for a time owing to the fear of the snread of cinderpest, Some schools ocasion I was stopped by the rinderpest guard, fumigated, and not allowed to proced on my journey.

Supply of Schools.-Over thirty schools have been opened during the year, and an equal number have been closed. The number of schools remains the same. It is very depressing to find twenty per cent. of the schools in one's circuit represented by a variable quantity. Schools are opened without due consideration and closed without necessity. In many cases young teachers tire of the work and leave. It is not always easy to find a suitable successor, and the managers close the school.
attendance for the quarters ending September, 1896 statement of the enrolment and

| Division. |  |  | Year. | On Roll. | Average <br> Attendance. | Percentage. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albany | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1896 | 2237 | 1720 | $76 \cdot 9$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1897 | 2115 | 1685 | $79 \cdot 7$ |
| Alexandria | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1896 | 242 | 210 | $86 \cdot 8$ |  |
| Bathurst | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1896 | 236 | 193 | $81 \cdot 8$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1897 | 359 | 271 | $75 \cdot 5$ |
| Bedford | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1896 | 516 | 329 | $75 \cdot 5$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1897 | 534 | 419 | $81 \cdot 2$ |
| Port Elizabeth | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1896 | 3637 | 2578 | $77 \cdot 1$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1897 | 3495 | 2542 | $70 \cdot 9$ |
| Uitenhage | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1896 | 2113 | 1541 | $72 \cdot 9$ |  |
|  |  |  | 1897 | 2205 | 1682 | 729 |  |

There is thus a decrease in the enrolment of 83, but an increase of 104 in the attendance. Still, the attendance is far from satisfactory. It does not, in any division amount to 80 per cent. of the enrolment. Several instances of aross irrany division, come under my notice. In one school, three pupils were pres of gross irregularity have had made 14, 18, and 29 attendances respectively out of 40 sehool for inspection who
[G. 7-98.]
eight weeks. In some localities parents keep their children at home during the first quarter of the year, because it is so short. At the inspection these parents express great surprise and loud indignation, I am told, if their children fail to advance a standard.

Pupils' Attainments.-There were 8,317 children on the books of the schools inspected in my circuit; of these 7,086 or 85 per cent. were present at inspection. For the previous year, the percentage was 86. The following Table gives the classification after inspection:-

| Standard. | Number. | Percentage. | Percentage last Year. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unclassified | 160 | $2 \cdot 3$ | $2 \cdot 1$ |
| Sub-Standards | 3100 | $43 \cdot 7$ | $41 \cdot 9$ |
| Standard I. | 1091 | $15 \cdot 4$ | $14 \cdot 7$ |
| Standard II. | 1036 | $14 \cdot 6$ | $16 \cdot 5$ |
| Standard III. | 797 | $11 \cdot 1$ | $11 \cdot 1$ |
| Standard IV. | 419 | $6 \cdot 0$ | $7 \cdot 1$ |
| Standard V. | 289 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 6$ |
| Standard VI. | 129 | $1 \cdot 8$ | 19 |
| Standard VII. | 40 | $\cdot 6$ | $\cdot 4$ |
| Ex-Standard | 25 | $\cdot 4$ | $\cdot 7$ |

These results are far from satisfactory. They show more than two-fifths of the children below standard, and more than three-fourths of them below Standard III. That the following comparative Table:-

Percentages of Pupils at Final Classification

| Standard. |  | Schools. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A. 1. | A. 2 . | A. 3 . | P. F. | Poor. | B. <br> European | B. Native |
| Unclassified | . | $2 \cdot 0$ | $\cdots$ | $2 \cdot 4$ |  |  |  |  |
| Sub-Standards | . | 17.2 | $23 \cdot 4$ | 41.4 | 15.4 | 400 $33 \cdot 3$ | 54.4 $15 \cdot 0$ | $65 \cdot 8$ 16.9 |
| Standard I. | . | 91 19.1 | 163 15.6 | 15.4 16.2 | 17.6 | $33 \cdot 3$ $20 \cdot 0$ | 150 | 16.9 11.9 |
| Standard II. | $\ldots$ | $12 \cdot 1$ | 15.6 200 | 16.2 13.4 | 25.0 18.3 | 20.0 6.7 | - 56 | 11.7 |
| Standard III | . | 18.2 13.3 | 200 10.6 | 134 77 | 18.4 | 67 | 20 2.2 | ${ }^{4} 7$ |
| Standard IV | . | 18.3 | 10.6 89 | 2.8 | 12.4 | . | 2.8 |  |
| Standard V | . | $12 \cdot 8$ 8.4 | 89 4.8 | 2.8 | 9.5 1.6 | $\cdots$ | 28 |  |
| Standard VI | $\cdots$ | 8.2 | 4.8 .1 | 7 | - 2 | . | $\cdots$ |  |
| Standard VII | . | $4 \cdot 1$ | $\cdot 1$ | . | ' |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Ex-Standard | . | 30 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .. |  | . |  |

The work done by the various classes of schools is seen here at a glance. The Native Mission Schools with nearly two-thirds of their pupils below standard, and with 7 r 100 in Stare far behind the others. Education o such a limited character can be of little value even to a Native.

Teaving Standards.-It is not easy to obtain trustworthy information. Teacher are often in doubt whether pupils are leaving to go to other schools or not. This is a are often in drobably, in answer free country, and the average parent resen what he is going to do, the father will give the a question why con tan him away when he likes without giving any reason or furnishing any information

The subjoined information relative to Public Schools is as accurate as I can make it:-

Annual Progress of Pupils.-The following tabulated statement shows for each es of school, the progress made by the pupils between two inspections:-


Fluctuating Attendance - Children move from school to school without apparent reason. The number present at two successive Inspections is often a mere fraction of the number in attendance This successive Inspections is often a mere fraction conspicuous in First Class Public Schools, yet I find an A. 1 School presenting 144 in standards, of whom only 94 had been present at the previous inspection. In an A School, the corresponding numbers were 106 and 60 , in an A. 3 School 73 and 25 in a B. School 17 and 4.
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Reading and Recitation -In town schools there is often commendable expression, intelligence and style in reading and recitation. In country schools, and in many recitation is unintelliwn, very little good work is done. Reading is monotonous, and asked the meaning of a word or phrase from the piece recited. Too often the ar selected for recitation is of no educational value, chosen because the lines are short There is at times a determination to stick to the letter of the law as regards quantity Children will learn 20 lines of a poem containing 24 , or 32 lines of one containing 3 When they have repeated the prescribed number they stop. I have often pointed on to teachers the folly of this proceeding, for the children, or course, follow the advice o the teacher. I state with pleasure that in many schools whole pieces are learnt, muc beyond the prescribed quantity. In not a few schools the children undertake repeat any piece in their Reading Book from the book used in school. Spelling in is well done, when the passage is selecter in many cases weak, and far from sotisfactory Handwriting.-Copy books are usually.
variety in the style of handwriting. I have kept clean. There is, however, great necessity of adopting a uniform style throughe had to point out in some schools the great improvement in this subject since the Vacation Courses drew .There has been Undoubtedly, the so-called Civil Service system is the favourite. It seems to be easily learnt and easily read, and to make an improvement in bad and faulty writing with the least expenditure of time and trouble.

Arithmetic.-Although fingering and other mechanical aids are still too commonly met with, yet neat and intelligent methods are much more general than they were few years ago. In many of our best schools the work is so earefully set out on pape by the pupils that better work can searcely be looked for. In too many instances however, the pupil, even when his method seems intelligent, is at a loss with his answer. does not know. It may be money or weight, means he does not tell, and often he This arises from want of care on the teacher's part. The whole thing is so simple to plain to the teacher that he forgets the standpoint of the pupil.

Mental Arithmetic is improving. It is in most cases elementary, and in ruril schools very slow. Very good work is done in the Grey Institute, Port Elizabet Muir Academy and Riebeek College, Uitenhage; and in the Public School, Graham town. The introduction of this subject into the school course has had great effect in developing the intelligence of the pupils, and quiekness in the fundamental operations with figures

Grammar, Geography and History.-There is a general belief among teachers that these are subsidiary subjects, and that they have little or no bearing upon the question of pass or failure in standard work. My aim has been to assure teachers that these subjects must receive a due share of attention; that where reading, will not be looked for as essential to a pass. When reading, geography and history are not good, the knowledge of the other subjects is alw, dictation and arithmeli determining the question of pass or failure

Singing.-A great deal of attention has been given to this subject of late. Mr. Farrington, since his appointment as Departmental Instructor, has done much to raise the standard of musical education in Port Elizabeth and neighbourhood. The work done at the Riebeek College, Uitenhage, is of a high class and deserves warm commendation

Sewing.-This subject has made great strides recently. There are few schools, except those taught by male teachers, in which it is not one of the subjects of instruction. There is a tendency in many Mission Schools to neglect sewing. some instances only a few girls join the sewing class, and parents are careless whethe appointment of Eaton as Departmenti by a similar appointment.
Drill.-This is another subject that has made great progress recently. In many schools the word of cemmand is not given with the freat progress recently. In many such exercises. Frequently, also, the teacher neylects to correct mistakes and allows exercises to be performed in a careless and negligent manner. Where possible, I have advised teachers to watch a military instructor putting a squad through position drill. The fullness of explanation, the sharp tone of compand, the careful scrutiny of detail,
and the painstaking correction of errors, if once seen, afford a lesson for a lifetime. Kindergarten games are now found in every school where there are pupil teachers. The drill and Kindergarten games in Grahamstown Public School, in Riebeek College nd in the Muir Academy, Uitenhage, are of a very high class. In most of the Public Sertools in this class of work.
an expert in this class of work. Drawing. -The work done by the pupils of the Art Schools in Grahamstown and Port Elizabeth covers a wide extent, from the simplest rudimentary freehand to sort Elizabeth covers a from nature. In the large towns, drawing on standard lines is taught in most European schools. In the country, drawing is taught only when one of the most European schools. In the subject. Very commendable work is done in the Public School at the little village of Bathurst, where the teacher seems to have a special gift for teaching this subject.

## School Buildiag and Furnitur

Buildings.-In too many instances, any spare room or outhouse is thought good enough for a schoolroom on a farm. Improvement is being made in this respect, but it is being made slowly. I have been specially pleased this year with the progress made in the Bedford Division. In several instances, the teacher or the farmer, no little pride, has pointed out to me improvements made in the school buildings. Furniture.-Rural Schools and Mission Schools are, as a rule, very bady yurnished. On many Farm Schools the owner has no knowledge of what is required for theral proper furnishing of a school. They, at times, use the schus, during inspection, receptacle for whatever cannot be readily stored elsow forage, dried skins, tobacco in one is occasionally regaled by the sight or smell of forage, and numerous articles various stages of preparation, bags or meal,

## Teachers.

I have been greatly struck this year by the spirit of self-help prevailing among teachers. Especially is this the case in remote localities where it is most needed. In a Railway School, a teacher has provided himself with a set of Reading Cards to facilitate word formation. In one Farm School, the teacher has covered the walls of his school with maps and diagrams, and has made a model to represent the succession of the seasons. In another Farm School, the teacher has executed beautiful maps of the Colony and of the World, and has made a clock face in excellent style. In an A ir. School, the teacher has not only taught his pupils Drawing, singing and Drill with excellent shadow is seen to creep upon the earth in the different positions in its orbit.

These are gratifying signs of progress.
These are gratifying signs of progress.
Native Teachers.-I meet many of these who are really anxious to do good work, and who are thankful for any advice. The great obstacle to genuine progress is the language difliculty. The teacher has been taught in English, he teaches in English. He often knows English only indifferently, while his pupils scarcely know it at all Many of the assistants in Native Mission Schools have no teaching power. They can do little more than keep the younger pupils in order. No improvement can be expected while the salaries continue as low as they are at present.

Pupil Teachers.-D Itring the year I have examined 123 Pupil Teachers in the practical part of their course. This is usually a very pleasant part of one's duty, as the practical work is generally well prepared. Reading and Recitation are improving; in Port Elizabeth and Grahamstown much of this work is very good indeed. Object
lessons are cenerally too bookish and show too little of the individuality of the lessons are generally too bookish and show too little of the individuality of the candidate. In the larger schools, the mistress, so that it is diffcult to know how much, if any of the matter is the method mistress, so that it is diff.cult to know how much, if any of the matter is the
Pupil Teacher's. There has been a much larger number of really good lessons given this year than formerly, and these have been distributed over various centres.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
D. D. FRASER,

Inspector of Schools.

## 6.-Inspector Hagen's Report.

[Circuit:-Aberdebn, Humansdorp, Jansenville, Knysna, Uniondale, Willowmore.]
SIR,-I have the honour to submit to you the following resumé of the work carried on by me during the year 1897.

I was instructed to revisit the Divisions of Riversdale, Sutherland and Piquetberg during the first quarter of the year, for the purpose of ascertaining with more accuracy 1895 and 1896 hed borne fruit. At the more important centres I might be entrusted with the main part of the work required for I visited Piverdalo S

Sutherland, but as in March I was sent to carry on inspections of and Middelburg, I could not pay Piquetberg a second visit

The most important centres for new schools in Riversdale were Brand Rivier Muiskraal, and Vermaaklijkheid. Each of these farms is inhabited by a large number of people of the poorer class. In spite of a great many children of school-going age at such places, it is more difficult to establish schools there than elsewhere, unless the services of a few men of means and intelligence can be obta

I was disappointed to find that hardly anything had been done at any one of the above places. The Department had promised building grants to Brand Rivier and Muiskraal, and at the latter farm a piece of ground had been surveyed. At Vermaaklijkheid, the church was available for school purposes, and there was a hous for the teacher. As there had been a Government School at this farm some years ago, fought shy of engaging the services of a strange teacher. I subsequently learned that fought shy of engaging the services of a strange teacher. I subsequently learned that a competent man had been engaged, as I do not find its name in the list for the quarter ended September 30th.

At a meeting, 21 pupils were guaranteed to attend the new school at Vermaaklijkheid for three years, at Brand Rivier 23 children were signed for, and at Muiskraal 33. It thus appeared to me that some, at least, of the parents wished to see thei children educated. There is no doubt that a school will flourish at each of these centres if a competent teacher can be found; he should be a married man, and, a far as possible, independent of the people. I trust that the names of these centres will within short be on the list of Government aided sobools. It is at such places where a compulsory School Attendance Act should be applied.

At Waterval, which consists of two farms, Klein and Groot Waterval, one and a half miles apart, the inhabitants declared themselves in favour of two smaller schools, instead of one Poor School Twelve and ten pupils respectively were guaranteed. It the enough to keep two competent teachers.
Of new schools established, the Poor Schools at Brakfontein and Klein Rivier are the most important. The former was established on the proposed terms immediatel after my first visit, so it had been in operation for rather more than a year when called for the second time, and yet not all the children in the close vicinity were in attendance

The following case struck me as very remarkable. A certain poor farmer had several sons, between 18 and 26 years of age, who could not yet read and write, and yet had not availed himself of the school, which is a few paces from his door. The same man, I was told, guaranteed two pupils for a year when a school was once befor
 here two children of a neighbour richer the himself

Private schools had been established at several of the proposed new centres; thes may eventually be replaced by Government aided schools. Five former P.F. School have become A. iii or Poor Schools, thus were attended by more pupils than at the time of my first visit. Several P.F. schools have been opened
It will be necessary now to state what number of existing schools were found closed at the time of my second visit. This number amounts to six, but as all but [G. 7-'98.]
one of these schools were P．F．schools，there need be no cause for alarm，since such schools are not understood to be permanent schools．I was，however，greatly surprised to find the Poor School at Rietvlei gone，which was flourishing at the time of my first visit．I inspected this school in November，1895．It had then been in operation for rather more than a year，and was attended by 33 children，including nearly all the children of school－going age living at the farm．The teacher gave general satisfaction． And yet the number of pupils gradually decreased from quarter to quarter，so that in October，1896，the school was re－opened with only four pupils．The teacher left in consequence．If there had been one or two men at this farm，who could have made their influence bear upon the others，the school would not have been closed．The case of the Rietvlei school proves the necessity of a School Attendance Act．

The following table states what progress Riversdale made during eighteen months ：

| Class of School． | Quarter ended March， 1896. |  |  | Quarter ended March， 1897. |  |  | Quarter ended Sept．， 1897. |  |  | Increase in 18 months． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \\ & \text { ó } \\ & \text { o } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { 世木 } \\ & \dot{\circ} \\ & \text { 亿 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| A I，II and III | 3 | 186 |  | 4 | 229 |  | 5 | 257 |  | 2 | 71 |  |
| Poor． | 11 | 292 |  | 14 | 342 |  | 15 | 361 |  | 4 | 69 |  |
| P．F．．． | 13 | 124 |  | 13 | 127 |  | 14 | 186 |  | 1 | 12 |  |
| E． | 1 | 23 |  | 1 | 17 |  | 1 | 24 |  | 0 | 1 |  |
| B． | 6 | 389 |  | 6 | 390 |  | 6 | 421 |  | 0 | 32 |  |
| Total．． | 34 | 1014 | 810 | 38 | 1105 | 913 | 41 | 1199 | 1020 | 7 | 18.5 | 210 |

There is accordingly an increase
of $18 \cdot 6$ per cent．in the number of schools，
and of $25 \cdot 9$ average attendance．
The improvement above recorded is certainly satisfactory．Of all the divisions at present under my charge，Willowmore has made the most rapid progress during the same time，but still considerably less than Riversdale．

The latter division，at the time of my first visit，was suffering from the effects of a prolonged drought and was only beginning to recover when I visited it for the second time．Hence it could not be expected that people would have exerted them－ selves very much in the cause of education，at the same time I found considerably more interest displayed；and I am confident that now that better times have set in a steady progress will be recorded from year to year．
I am sorry to say that I cannot speak of educational progress in the division of Sutherland．Arriving at the district town I received an authentic information which convinced me that it would be useless to traverse the district for the second time，for the drought had not been broken．A number of families had left the district for that
 should have to make great alterations，the number of children in class C ，unable to, should have to make great alterations，the number of children in class C，unable to pay school fees，would
other two classes．

Of all the more important centres for new schools，Koornplaats in the Moordenaar Karroo is the only one where anything can be attempted in the near future．On account of the removal of certain families，the number of children at most of the other more populous centres has been considerably reduced．
It would be possible to start a few of the P．F．Schools，if teachers could be obtained who would be satisfied to work for a mere pittance．

As a result of the survey，three P．F．schools had been opened，but they were again closed before the year was out．

In how far Sutherland has been retrogressing during fifteen months can be seen from the following table：－


Of country schools，only Zaaiplaats has held out，and also here the number of pupils has been considerably reduced．
In my opinion，it will take a considerable time before any thorough educationa measures can be atiempted in the north－western districts of our country．

The divisions of Middelburg and Steynsburg having been transferred to Inspector Murray，I sent him such information regarding my inspections there as he desired．I inspected 14 schools in Middelburg and 10 in Steynsburg，the remaining schools，viz．， 7 in Middelburg and one in Steynsburg，were inspected by deputies．

In what is now my circuit，Inspector Murray examined 42 schools，while I took 131；the latter number includes 6 schools which were examined for the second time during the year．In addition to these formal inspections，a considerable number of informal or surp．
The following table demonstrate the Educational progress made in my circuit in －

TABLE IA．
The Increase in the Number of Schools and Pupils according to the Returns for the Third Quarters of 1896 and 1897.

| Divisios． | No．of Schools． |  |  | No．of Pupils． |  |  | Average Attendance． |  |  | A verage Attendauce per cent． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1896. | 1897. | Incr． | 1896. | 1897. | Iner． | 1896. | 1897. | Incr． | 1896. | 1887. | Incr． |
| Aberdeen ．． | 13 | 16 | ＋3 | 362 | 371 | ＋9 | 284 | 303 | ＋ 19 | 78.5 | 81.7 | $+3 \cdot 2$ |
| Humansdorp．． | 37 | 41 | ＋4 | 1059 | 1142 | ＋83 | 814 | 882 | ＋68 | $76 \cdot 9$ | $77 \cdot 2$ | $+3$ |
| Jansenville ．． | 26 | 26 | 0 | 487 | 524 | $+37$ | 408 | 419 | ＋ 11 | 83.8 | 80 | －3． |
| Knysna ．． | 27 | 25 | －2 | 949 | 868 | －81 | 612 | 579 | －33 | 64．5 | $66 \cdot 7$ | ＋2． |
| Uniondale ．． | 22 | 18 | －4 | 725 | 640 | －85 | 560 | 514 | －46 | $77 \cdot 2$ | $80 \cdot 3$ | $+3 \cdot 1$ |
| Willowmore ．． | 28 | 36 | ＋8 | 661 | 748 | ＋87 | 455 | 599 | ＋144 | 68.8 | $80 \cdot 1$ | ＋11．3 |
| The whole Circuit | 153 | 162 | ＋9 | 4243 | 4293 | ＋50 | 3133 | 3296 | ＋163 | 73.8 | $76 \cdot 8$ | ＋ 3 |


| Divisios． | European Pupils． |  |  |  | Coloured Pupils． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1896. | 1897. | Increase． |  | 1896. | 1897. | Increase． |  |
|  |  |  | No． | P．C． |  |  | No． | P．C． |
| Aberdeen | 283 | 301 | ＋18 | ＋6．4 | 79 | 70 | －9 | $-11 \cdot 4$ |
| Humansdorp．．．． | 612 | 599 | －13 | － $2 \cdot 1$ | 447 | 543 | ＋96 | ＋21．5 |
| Jansenville | 422 | 448 | ＋26 | ＋ $6 \cdot 2$ | 65 | 76 | ＋11 | $+16.9$ |
| Knysna ．． | 717 | 700 | －17 | －2．4 | 232 | 168 | －64 | －27．6 |
| Uniondale ．． | 515 | 454 | －61 | －11．8 | 210 | 186 | －24 | $-11 \cdot 4$ |
| Willowmore ．． | 555 | 624 | ＋69 | ＋12．4 | 106 | 124 | ＋18 | ＋17 |
| The whole Circuit | 3104 | 3126 | ＋22 | ＋ 7 | 1139 | 1167 | ＋28 | $+2.5$ |

TABLE $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ ．
The Ingrease in the Number of Sohools and Pupils according to the Inspection Statistics．
（In the case of schools inspected twice during the year only the second inspection is taken into account．）

| Divisios． | No．of Schools Inspected． |  |  | No．of Pupils on Roll． |  |  | No．of Pupils Present． |  |  | No．of Pupils Present per cent． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 蒕 | 宴 | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}}$ | 垍 | 总 | $\dot{\otimes}$ | 岕 |  | ஷ் | $\underset{\sim}{\stackrel{\sim}{\mathbf{\infty}}}$ | 㖘 |
| Aberdeen ．． | 13 | 16 | ＋3 | 355 | 350 | － 5 | 332 | 322 | －10 | $93 \cdot 5$ | 92 | $-1.5$ |
| Humansdorp | 41 | 37 | －－4 | 1025 | 1053 | ＋28 | 931 | ${ }^{957}$ | ＋26 | $90 \cdot 8$ | $90 \cdot 9$ | ＋${ }^{1}$ |
| Janseuville | 28 | 29 | ＋1 | 482 | 527 | ＋45 | 448 | 473 | ＋25 | $92 \cdot 9$ | 89.8 | $-3 \cdot 1$ |
| Knysna ．． | 27 | 27 | 0 | 919 | 860 | －59 | 772 | 758 | －14 | 84 | 88.1 | ＋4．1 |
| Uniondale | 22 | 22 | 0 | 657 | 693 | ＋36 | 572 | 607 | ＋35 | $87 \cdot 1$ | $87 \cdot 6$ | $+$ |
| Willowmore | 30 | 36 | $+6$ | 656 | 696 | ＋ 40 | 602 | 630 | ＋28 | $91 \cdot 8$ | 90．5 | $-1 \cdot 3$ |
| The whole Circuit ．． | 161 | 167 | $+6$ | 4094 | 4179 | ＋85 | 3657 | 3747 | ＋90 | $89 \cdot 3$ | 89.7 | ＋ |

TABLE II．
Clastification of Pupils at Inspections．


## TABLE III．

Highest Standards Reachbd．

| YEAR． | No．of Schools in which the highest class was classified in STANDARD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered}\text { No．of } \\ \text { Schools } \\ \text { Inspected．}\end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Standards. } \end{aligned}$ | I． | II． | III． | Iv． | v． | vi． | viI． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex. } \\ \text { Standard. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1896 ．． | 0 | 7 | 34 | 43 | 45 | 21 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 161 |
| 1897 ．． | 2 | 4 | 29 | 49 | 47 | 19 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 167 |

TABLE IV．
The Incraase in the Number of Teachers．


Table IA indicates a progress similar to that of the preceding year if the whole circuit be taken into account．In several divisions，however，there has been retro－ gression．While Willowmore shows most progress all round，the neighbouring division of．Uniondale is foremost in retrogression．Why Uniondale should occupy such an unenviable position is unknown to me，I must refer you Inspector Murray＇s Survey Report of 1896．Knysna lost two Mission Schools，which fact accounts for the fall in the attendance of coloured children．In general，the increase in the number of coloured pupils is greater than in the number of white pupils．The regularity of attendance has improved in most districts，and rises from 73.8 per cent to 76.8 per cent．in the whole circuit，but there still remains much scope for improve ment．In this respect Knysna is by far the least satisfactory of all my districts which is remar far greater．

In Table Is the number of pupils enrolled is considerably smaller in spite of the greater number of schools，yet these corresponding numbers in the two parts of present to the numbers more nearly equal in 1897．Also the ratios of the numbers present to the which seems to be at work here，is a the preceding year．The equalising infuence figures of the two parts of the table coincide，the more settled a state of affairs is indicated．

Table II also marks progress．Among the number of pupils unclassified there are a few who attend Government schools for the sake of learning for confirmation purposes only，i．e．，receive no other instruction besides reading Dutch and getting up the questions of the Catechism．Where such puph recive and general subjects they have been classified in the standards，but so far as I remember none has attained a standard higher than the second．

From the table it appears that 1.3 per cent．of the pupils present at inspections reached the fourth or a higher standard．This is 24 per cent．better than it was last year．

In this table as well as in the next, only the second inspection has been taken into consideration where a school was inspected twiee during the year.

Table III.-In 1896, 77 schools, or $41 \cdot 6$ per cent. of the total number reached the Fourth or a higher Standard; in 1897 this number is increased by 6 or 8.1 per cent. At present, therefore, one half of my schools attain to the Fourth or a higher Standard. Yet 35 schools have not been successful in passing any of their pupils higher than in the Second Standard.

There are several new schools among this number, in which conscientious teachers do their work slowly and thoroughly, wishing to lay a good foundation, but there are others amongst this number of schools which will not show better results while they

On the other hand the same teachers.
under the circumstances. I refer to a large schools in which too much is attempted this class under one teacher, and attended by 25 or more pupils, does Standard IV, work successfully, it does all that could reasonably be demanded of it; for under ordinary circumstances this would mean six classes for one teacher. But frequently the number of classes is still greater. I have even come across schools where one teacher has charge of ten or eleven classes, e.g., one which I lately examined and which had the following classes:-Standard VI, 1 pupil; Standard V, 4 pupils Standard IV, 4 pupils; Standard III, 3 pupils for English, 1 pupil for Duteh; Standard II (English), 4 pupils, (Dutch) 3 pupils; Standard I (Dutch), 3 pupils; Sub-standard B (English), 1 pupil; and Sub-standard A (English), 8 pupils in several
sestions. There were thus 32 pupils arranged in at least ten classes, all under one sestions. There were thus 32 pupils arranged in at least ten olasses, all under one
uncertificated teacher. That nothing but mechanical work can be expected under such uncertificated teacher. That nothing but mechanioal work can be expected under such reading and recit tion were monotonous, spelling poor, arithmetic purely mechanical, and composition a failure. The oandidate for the Sixth Standard did not belong to the poor class, her father could well have paid for her at the village school. Yet she and the pupils in the Fifth Standard were considered the most important classes in the school, to whom the teacher was obliged to devote most of her time, entrusting the unfortunate pupils in the lowest standards to the care of certain more advanced pupils.

It will of course be difficult to lay down a hard and fast rule as to what should be the highest standard in any particular class of school, as circumstances sometimes make it desirable that the higher standards should be attempted in any country schools teacher, the number of classes should be strictly limited to six which is already twice the number that one teacher can well attend to.

## TABLE V.

The Avrrage Age in Years and Months of European Children for each Standard.

| Division. | Standard |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. |
| Aberdeen. , | $11 \cdot 3$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | 13.5 | $14 \cdot 2$ | 15.5 | $17 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 8$ |
| *Humansdorp (6 Country Schools) | $11 \cdot 4$ | 13 | $12 \cdot 9$ | $13 \cdot 10$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | $\ldots$ | . |
| Jansenville | $11 \cdot 4$ | 12.7 | 14 | 14.9 | $16 \cdot 1$ | $14 \cdot 11$ | . |
| Kysna | $10 \cdot 6$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | $18 \cdot 1$ | $13 \cdot 11$ | $16 \cdot 6$ | 16.2 | $17 \cdot 7$ |
| *Uniondale (11 Country Schools) | $11 \cdot 10$ | 13.5 | $14 \cdot 11$ | 15.9 | $16 \cdot 11$ | $\ldots$ | . |
| Willowmore | $11 \cdot 6$ | $11 \cdot 8$ | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.8 | $14 \cdot 6$ |  |

The Highest and the Lowest Ages of Individual Pupils.

|  |  | In Standard |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. |  |
| Highest Individual Age . . | $22 \cdot 10$ | $21 \cdot 1$ | $20 \cdot 1$ | $20 \cdot 2$ | 21.2 | 23 | $20 \cdot 1$ | $19 \cdot 11$ | $18 \cdot 6$ |
| Lowest do. .. | . | $6 \cdot 6$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | 8.5 | $9 \cdot 9$ | 11 | $13 \cdot 11$ | 14.7 | $16 \cdot 10$ |

These two tables reveal an abnormal condition, especially the latter. It is just possible that the difference in age between the eldest and the youngest pupil in the same class is fifteen years. As it is, the two pupils whose ages are quoted in Table VI. under Standard I. are both in the district of Jansenville at very similar schools. A system of compulsory education will gradually improve matters in this respect. The average ages quoted in the fifth table should be about three years lower.

I have made it a point to ascertain the ages of all European children in my circuit, or that teachers will in future keep Register No. I properly. At the same
time, I wish that every child should take an interest in knowing the year and day of its birth; at least all the pupils presented in standards should know this, as they are hardly ever under eight years of age. It certainly speaks badly for parents if their children, perhaps 14 or 15 years old, cannot tell me the date on which they were born. I came across such cases in a standard as high as the third. It is not yet possible to ascertain the ages of most coloured children with any degree of accuracy.

## School Buildings.

The premises of the Aberdeen Public School have been suitably enlarged. The building is now one of the best in my circuit. Good school buildings have also been erected at Humansdorp and Wittedrift. I trust that the new school at Jansenville will be ready by the time of next inspection. Steytlerville has not yet premises of its own, and the Infant Department at Uniondale still remains unsuited.

Three country school buildings have been erected, the best being that at Hartebeestrivier, Uniondale.

Of all my districts, Jansenville has the least suitable school buildings or rooms, and Knysna the best.

## Subjects of Instruction

Reading and Recitation.-The former subject is satisfactorily taught in a fairly large number of schools, but pupils are not generally accustomed to reproduce the matter read. In a number of schools the reading books are English, but the teacher question, and the pupils answer, in Cape Dutch. That by this means a very incompetent knowledge of English is attained is quite evident. In such schools, the fourth standard is invariably poor in Composition. Recitations are very satisfactorily rendered in a few schools, but in the majority of them hardly any expression is cultivated.

Arithmetic continues to be mechanical in a considerable number of schools. In schools which are conducted by teachers who have attended a vacation course more satisfaction is given.

Handuriting.-The introduction of the Civil Service style into a few schools has much improved the pupils' attainments in this subject, but in most other schools there is great lack of uniformity. The writing on slates is often different in style from the writing in copy books.
*The other schools for Europeans in Humansdorp and Uniondale were examined by Inspector Murray.

Geography.-This subject gives little satisfaction, especially in the second, third, and fourth standards, although so little is required here

Sewing receives fair attention in most schools, it is handicapped
by the unwillingness of parents to supply the necessary materials.
In Singing little else but modulator practice is given, it is in very few sohools that satisfactory attention is paid to this important subject.
Kindergarten work is carried on in only one school in my circuit, viz., the A. I. School at Knysna, here also Drill is very satisfactorily taught, in most other sohools a lack of smartuess is noticeable.

The Supply of Schools and Teachers.
Thanks to the efforts of Inspector Murray and of several ministers of the Dutoh Reformed Church, the supply of schools is fairly adequate. It is of course easy to find a considerable number of centres where there ought to be schools, but it seems to me that most of the more populous centres are provided for.
The supply of qualified teachers is to me of graver importance. As appears from Table IV., only one-third of the teachers in schools for the white population of my circuit is certificated. Among the uncertificated teachers there are of course several who are worth their salt, but of a great many of them I cannot conscientiously say so. They must be regarded as make-shifts only, until circumstances admit of the appointment of more qualified persons in their places.

My object for the present must be not so much the opening of new schools, but the supplying of existing schools with competent teachers. My circuit is not sufficiently predur in this direction, the number of pupil My circuit is not present, a slight advance upon last year's. All these pupil teachers are girls who may present, a slight advance upon last year's. All these pupil teachers are girls who may boys from my districts could be induced to join the ranks, as their later services would probably be more permanent.

Trusting that I shall next year be able to report upon greater educational progress in my circuit,

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant
G. HAGEN,

Deputy Inspector of Schools.

## 7.-Inspector Hofmeyr's Report, •

[Circuit: Calvinia, Crreb, Clanwilliam, Namaqualand, Piqubtberg, Tulbagh, Van Rhynsdorp, Walfish Bay.]

Sir,-I have the honour to submit to you my annual Report on the state of education in my circuit for the year 1897 .

The number of schools inspected has been 104, with an enrolment of 4,303 pupils, of whom 3,748 were present at inspection. Fifteen of these were new schools, whic were inspected for the first time. Two schools were inspected in a remote part of Namaqualand, which has not been visited by an Inspector since 1893. One school in Namaqualand and the schools at Walfish Bay could not be reached.

For various reasons the past year has been a trying one. In consequence of the drought of the previous years the districts comprised in my circuit have bee of the impoverished. Sickness, moreover, has been rife to an alarming have been sady past year Hardly a school has been visited in which a chass, eyes, had not seriously affected the attendance of the pupils, in many eases durin several months of the year. This naturally seriously interfered with the progress the sohools.

Supply of Schools.
Nineteen new sohools have been opened during the year, and several new sohools are in contemplation, which will be probably be opened early in the coming year. On the other hand 14 schools have been closed. No fewer than 11 of these, however, were Private Farm Schools, numbering in all no more than 89 pupils.

Enrolment and Attendance.
On the 30th of September, 1897, there were on the roll 4,509 pupils (European 1,976 , Coloured 2,533 ), with an average attendance of 3,483 . For the corresponding quarter of 1896 there were on the roll 4,535 pupils (European 1,994, Coloured 2,541) with an average attendance of 3,480 . There is thus a decrease of 26 in the enrolment, and an increase of 3 in the average attendance. The following table gives the numbers for each Division in my Circuit making up these totals :-

| Divisios. | Pupiss. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Registered. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { Aittendance. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Registered } \\ \text { in } 1896 . \end{gathered}$ | Average Attendance in 1896 . |
|  | White. | Coloured. | Total. |  |  |  |
| Calvinia | 230 | 41 | 271 | 206 | 401 | 312 |
| Ceres | 317 | 276 | 593 | 531 | 625 | 546 |
| Clanwilliam | 324 | 412 | 736 | 587 | 733 | 595 |
| Namaqualand | 214 | 880 | 1094 | 728 | 1100 | 696 |
| Piquetberg | 513 | 383 | 896 | 744 | 757 | 618 |
| Tulbagh .. | 286 | 528 | 814 | 600 | 787 | 606 |
| Van Rhynsdorp . | 92 | 13 | 105 | 87 | 132 | 107 |
| Total | 1976 | 2533 | 4509 | 3483 | 4535 | 3480 |

From the above list it will be seen that, while the enrolment has decreased, the averuge attendance has slightly improved. On comparing the figures for the various average attendance has slightly improved. on comparing the figures for the various
districts it will further be seen that the districts of Calvinia, Piquetberg and Van
[G. 7-'98.]

Rhynsdorp are mainly responsible for the difference in the totals for the two years. In Van Rhynsdorp the Mission School at Ebenezer has been closed, and the number of pupils in the village Mission School has been considerably reduced. Calvinia shows of pupils in the village Mission School has been considerably reduced. Calvinia shows a secounted for by the fact that, in addition to being terribly impoverished, the Dutch Reformed congregation has for about two years already been without a fixed minister. A bare acquaintance with the character of the people and the circumstances of the district is necessary to know how seriously this is likely to affect educational matters. Already, however, there is some improvement to be observed, and the prospects for the coming year are certainly more hopeful. For the district of Piquetberg the enrolment has been increased by 139 (Europeans, 73, Coloured, 66). This is encouraging, the more so, as the last quarter of the year has already shown a further increase of about 30 in the enrolment of Europeans pupils. The educational wants of the district are, owever, still far from being satisfactorily provided for.
in each division in my ircuit on the 30th September, 1897, as well as the number and class of teachers employed :-
B.

|  | Schoors. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Teachers. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Divisions. | $\dot{\text { i }}$ | $\dot{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{i}$ | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} \\ & \mathrm{ai} \end{aligned}$ | \%í |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { जूँ } \\ & \text { सं } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 镻 |
| Calvinia |  |  | 6 |  | 4 | 1 | 1 | 12 | -3 | 5 | 8 | 13 |
| Ceres | 1 | 1 | 2 | $\ldots$ | 8 | . | 3 | 15 | -1 | 14 | 9 | 23 |
| Clanwilliam | . | 1 | 3 |  | 5 | 6 | 4 | 19 | -2 | 5 | 20 | 25 |
| Namaqualand | . | 1 | 3 | 2 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 11 | 18 | 2 | 8 | 22 | 30 |
| Piquetberg | . | 2 | 5 | $\ldots$ | 2 | 6 | 5 | 20 | $\cdot 3$ | 13 | 16 | 29 |
| Tulbagh | . . | 1 | 8 | . . | 2 | . | - 4 | 15 | 0 | 7 | 17 | 24 |
| Van Rhynsdorp |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 | 4 | -2 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Total | 1 | 7 | 29 | 2 | 21 | 14 | 29 | 103 | -3 | 55 | 94 | 149 |

Inspection Rrsulits.
Classification under Standarl.-The classification of pupils after inspection gave the following results :-

| On the Roll. | Present at Inspection. | SubStandard. | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. | ExStandard. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4303 | 3478 | 1822 | 574 | 538 | 393 | 191 | 136 | 74 | 19 | 1 |
| Percentage. | 100 | 486 | $15 \cdot 3$ | $14 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 4$ | $5 \cdot 1$ | $3 \cdot 6$ | 1.9 | -5 |  |

This shows that 88.6 per cent. of the pupils are below Standard IV, compared to $89 \cdot 8$ per cent. for 1896 , showing a slight improvement.

How far the different classes of schools are responsible for this state of matters will be evident from the following table, which shows the percentage of pupils in each class of school in the various Standards:-

| Standards. | Schools. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A. 1. | A. 2. | A. 3 . | P. F. | Poor. | Mission. |
| Sub-Standard | $39 \cdot 1$ | 20.5 | $28 \cdot 1$ | 20.9 | $41 \cdot 6$ | 66.7 |
| Standard I | 11.8 | 11.5 | $16 \cdot 4$ | $22 \cdot 1$ | 19.5 | $14 \cdot 4$ |
| , II | $15 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | 18.7 | $23 \cdot 1$ | 16.6 | 11.9 |
| ", III | 18.2 | $17 \cdot 1$ | $16 \cdot 2$ | $15 \cdot 2$ | $11 \cdot 6$ | $6 \cdot 3$ |
| , IV | $7 \cdot 0$ | $15 \cdot 8$ | $10 \cdot 9$ | 11.5 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $\cdot 7$ |
| " V | 24.5 | $10 \cdot 0$ | $6 \cdot 2$ | $5 \cdot 7$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | . . |
| ,, VI | $9 \cdot 1$ | $10 \cdot 0$ | $3 \cdot 0$ | 1.5 | $\cdot 6$ | . |
| ". VII | $7 \cdot 0$ | $1 \cdot 8$ | $\cdot 5$ | . . | . . | . |
| Ex-Standard | . . | '2 | . . | . | . | $\cdots$ |

The relative positions of the various classes of schools is here shown at a glance The relative positions of the various classes of schools is here shown at a glance
Annual Progress of Pupils. -The following table shows the progress made by the pupils for each class of school :-

'Ihese figures show a slight decrease on the previous year's results.
Leaving Standard.-The following result, collected from obtainable statistios, are only approximate:-

From A. 2 Schools there left
$\begin{array}{lccccccc}\text { Sub-Standard } & \text { I. } & \text { II. } & \text { III. } & \text { IV. } & \text { V. } & \text { VI. } & \text { VII. } \\ 11.6 & 10 \cdot 2 & 17.4 & 20.7 & 15 \cdot 9 & 15 \cdot 1 & 6.7 & 2.4\end{array}$ or 59.9 per cent. below Standard IV., and 40.1 per cent. in and above Standard IV From A. 3 Sohools there left

| Sub-Standard | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $26 \cdot 7$ | $13 \cdot 9$ | $15 \cdot 6$ | $10 \cdot 9$ | $19 \cdot 3$ | $10 \cdot 2$ | 3.4 | $\cdots$ | or 67.1 per cent. below Standard IV., and 32.9 per cent. in and above Standard IV

From Mission Schools there left
Sub-Standard I. II. III. IV
III., and 19.1 per cent. in and abore $1 \cdot 4$, or 80.9 per cent. below Standar

School Buildings, Furniture, \&c.-There is considerable improvement to be reported under this head. The largest schools are all occupying suitable premises. More might be done to make the premises more attractive, by beautifying the surroundings, laying play-grounds, and by brightening the school-room walls with attractive pictures. The A. 1 School at Ceres takes the lead in this respeot.
[G. 7-'98.]

Improved school-desks are coming to be more generally used. Daring the year the A. 2 School at Tulbagh has been furnished throughout with the American dual desk. New school-buildings have been erected at Nieuwe Rust (Van Rhynsdorp) and Jaagvlei (Clanwilliam), where I hope soon to see flourishing schools in existence. At Groenrivier (Calvinia), where a school has been in existence for some time already, and has been making very fair progress during the year, it is contemplated to erect suitable school premises at the commencement of the coming year. The school most rgently in need of improved premises is the Poor School at Veldarift (Piquetberg). The number of School Libraries still remains far too small. Every school ought to have its collection of reading books, however small. It is not sufficiently realized by teachers that the cultivation of a taste for reading should form a very important part of their work. Many pupils, who have reached Standard IV or V, now leave school, having never read a single book, besides the ordinary school-books, and, for the matter of that, being hardly able to intelligently read a book or even a newspaper. Where reads and the libraries in connection with the A 1 School at C ines the 2 School at Tulbarh and especially the A 2 School at O'okiep, have been largely replenished.

Subjects of Instruction
Reading and Recitation.-Reading is still a subject which requires a good deal of attention. In too many cases teachers seem to be fully satisfied merely with correct pronunciation, while little attention is paid to expression, and the pupils are not made to speak out.

Recitation is too often monotonous, entirely lacking expression and emphasis, Pupils are not taught to enter into the meaning and spirit of the piece selected for recitation. The schools where recitation is well taught are the exceptions, and are very few in number

Dictation.-This subject receives a great deal of attention, with successful results. In many cases it can be clearly seen that mistakes in spelling a so sololy from the fact that clear and distinct pronunciation is not insisted an in reating The difference in pronunciation, for instance, between the final $d$ and $t$, between $s$ and $\approx$, between $a$ and $e$, is not sufficiently noticed

Handwrith\%.-In this subject improvement is noticeable. In some schools the writing is excellent, while in general there seems to be more careful supervision of the work of the pupils. The blackboard is not sufficiently utilized in teaching this subject.

Arithmetic.-There has been a general improvement in this subject. In many schools the exercises set are worked neatly, intelligently and methodically, showing careful training and supervision. Mental Arithmetic is still a weak subject, and in some of the rural schools and mission schools it seems well-nigh hopeless to expect any improvement under the present teachers. They lack the method and tact to teach the subject intelligently and to awaken the reasoning faculties of the pupils.
attention in the antinct improvement noticeble English Composition evidently suffers from the lack of general reading and practice in conversation in English on the part of pupils.

Geography and History.-In many cases, especially in the smaller schools, these subjects are not made sufficiently interesting and are not intelligently taught. Teachers are too apt to confine themselves strictly, and too literally, to what is prescribed in the

Dutch.-In nearly every school in my circuit Dutch is taught. There are a few instances, notably in the a s school at Ceres Road, in which proper provision for the teaching of Dutch is not made, while the large number of Dutch-speaking residents have a fair claim to consideration. My experience is that the best Dutch pupils are at the same time the best English pupils. No school has shown more satisfactory results than the A 2 school at Tulbagh, and here pupils are taught both Dutch and English, in all classes, commencing from below standard

Seving.-Good work is being done in most of the larger schools. The subject is more systematically taught since the introduction of the Sewing Standards
Drill.-More attention shovld be paid to this subject. In several of the village Public School at O'okiep, the First Class Public School at Ceres, the Third Class Public School at Kookfontein and the Dutch Reformed Church Mission School at Clanwiliam.

## 8.-Inspector McLaren's Report

[Circuit : Komgha, Stutterheim, Butterworth, Inutywa, Kbntani, Nqamarwe, Tsomo, Willowvale.]

Sir,-I have the honour to submit the following report on the progress of edue tion in my circuit during 1897. Although my appointment dates only from the 1st of July, it may be convenient that so far at least as statistics are concerned I should deal with the whole year.
I.-Supply of Schools.

The number of schools in operation during the third quarter of 1896 appear to have been 175. The number in the corresponding quarter of 1897 was 187 an increase of 12 , or nearly 7 per cent. The increase is very evenly distributed and Stutterheim, two schools in Tsomo, and three each in Butterworth and Komgha vale, while only Nqamakwe remains stationary. The districts that are most porly supplied with schools are Idutywa, Kentani and Komgha. In the last of these districts the population is comparatively small, but both the other districts have a dense population, and require quite double the number of schools they have at present.

> II.-Enrolment and Attendance.

The number of pupils enrolled in the third quarter of 1897 (exclusive of pupi teachers and others special Institutions), was 10,563 . The corresponding numbe in 1896 was 9,943 . This shows an increase in the enrolment of 620 or 6.2 per The average attendance rose from 7,266 in 1896 to 7,621 in 1897 , an increase of 4.9 per cent.

The percentage of attendance to enrolment is only $72 \cdot 7$, but as the number on the Registers includes many pupils who were not in attendance at all during the quarter but whose names had merely been carried cver from the preceding quarter the quarter proportion between attendance and enrolment is less unsatisfactory than it actua Nevertheless, in very many schools, and especially in native schools, the attendance very irregular, and this irregularity is a greater hindrance to the progress of these schools than all other causes put together. The irregularity is due partly thes selfishness of the parents who keep their children at home to do work which ought to be done by themselves; and partly to the remissness of the teachers, who do not make weather is thre so inferesting as it might be made, and who, too frequently, when the thome if the sky is ond
III.-Inspection of Schools.

The number of schools inspected by my predecessor, the Rev. Canon Woodrooffe M.A., in the first half of the year was 99 . The number inspected by myself has been 95 ; but as 11 of these were in Inspector Bennie's circuit, while he inspected three schools in mine, the total number of schools inspected in the circuit was 186-an ncrease of 11 over the number for last year. With the exception of one or two new the schools in subsequently to my visit to the district in which they are situated, all

Little time has
esult of these has been to show how necessary such a few such have been paid. One
IV.-Pupils' Attainments at Inspection.

Numbers present at Inspection.-In 1896 the number of pupils and pupil-teachers on the roll at the time of the Inspector's visit was 8,811 , and of these $7,12 \dot{x}$, or $80 \cdot 8$ per cent., were actually present. in 1897 the number on the roll had risen to 9533 , [G. 7 , present to $7,80 \%$ or 822 per cent
[G. 7-'98.]

The following table shows, for rach of the Divisions included in my circuit, the number of schools inspected, with the number of pupils present in 1896 and in 1897, and the increase in numbers and percentage.

| Division. |  | Present at Inspection. |  | Increase. | Increase per cent. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1896. | 1897. |  |  |
| Komgha . . |  | 192 | 189 |  | $1 \cdot 6$ |
| Stutterheim |  | 789 | 897 | 128 | 16.6 $4 \cdot 1$ |
| Butterworth |  | 1021 | 1063 | 41 | 12.1 |
| Idutywa |  | 587 | 504 | 115 | $29 \cdot 6$ |
| Kentani . |  | 389 1936 | 2104 | 168 | 8.7 |
| Nqamakwe |  | 1936 1212 | 1327 | 115 | $9 \cdot 6$ |
| Willowvale |  | 1018 | 1095 | 77 | $7 \cdot 6$ |
| Tot |  | 7124 | 7837 | 713 | 10.0 |

The advance in the Kentani Division is notable. The decrease in the Komgha Division is unfortunate, but is explained by the temporary closing of a large native school pending the appointment of a new teacher.

Pupils' Standards at Inspection.-The following table shows the classification of the pupils in Standards after inspection for the whole circuit, in 1896 and in 1897 :-

| 1896. |  |  |  |  | 1897. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pres. at Insp. 7124 |  |  |  |  | Pres. at Insp. 7837 |  |  |  |  |
| Sub-Standard |  | 3313 or 46.5 per cent. |  |  | Sub-Standard |  | $37 \times 9$ or $47 \cdot 3$ per cent |  |  |
| Standard |  | 1362 , | , 19.1 | " | Standa |  | 1521 " |  | " |
| , | II | 1199 , | , 16.8 | ", | ," | II | 1278 " | 6.3 | " |
| ", | III | 753 , | „, $10 \cdot 6$ | ", | " | III | 718 " |  | " |
|  | IV | 286 | ", $4 \cdot 0$ | " |  | IV | 386 " |  | " |
| ", | V | 53 , | " 07 |  | " | VI | 75 " |  | " |
| " | VI | 18 ,', | ", $0 \cdot 2$ |  |  | VI | 16 " |  |  |
|  | VII | , |  |  |  | VII | 12 ) |  |  |
| Ex-ŠStand |  | 2 ) |  | " | Ex-Sta | dard | 4 |  |  |
| Unclassifi |  | 132 | or $1 \cdot 8$ |  | Unclas |  | 118 or | 1.5 |  |

This table as it stands does not seem to indicate much progress, except in the upper standards, but it has to be remembered that the large increase in the number inspected goes for the most part to swell the percentage in the sub-standards. If we take a district like Komgha, where the number of pupils is stationary, we find the percentage in the sub-standary stationary, we find the percentage falling from 45.6 to where
43.9 .
43.9. The increase in the numb>r of pupils who have passed the Fourth Standard is 6. The increase in the numbrr of pupils who have passed the eourth standard is This marks a tendency on the part of many teachers to neglect their Standard III for their Standard IV class. The number of passes in Standard III, however, forms now a better mean than formerly between the numbers in Standards II and IV.

The pupils marked as "Unclassified " consist of pupil teachers, chiefly coloured. Their attainments may be taken as nearly equal to those of pupils in Standards $\bar{V}$ to VII.

Pupls' Attainments in different classes of Schools.-These may be conveniently shown in a Table in which the percentage of passes in the First and Second, the Third and Fourth, the Fifth and Sixth, and the Seventh aud the Ex-Seventh Standards are and Fouped together. It is instructive to place the tigures showing the approximate cost grouped together. the efficiency of the work done in each class.

| Class of School. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cost per pupil to Government. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. I | 1 | $13 \cdot 5$ | $35 \cdot 1$ | $27 \cdot 0$ | $14 \cdot 9$ | $9 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{array}{ccc} £ & \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 2 & 11 & 6 \end{array}$ |
| A. 11. | 4 | $21 \cdot 6$ | $28 \cdot 9$ | 30.5 | $14 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 7$ | 2130 |
| P. F. | 24 | $24 \cdot 0$ | $39 \cdot 4$ | $29 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | . | 2136 |
| A. 111 | 6 | $37 \cdot 0$ | $39 \cdot 0$ | $20 \cdot 0$ | $4 \cdot 0$ | . | 296 |
| B. \& C. | 147 | $49 \cdot 8$ | $36 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 5$ | . | $13 \quad 6$ |
| Poor | 2 | $55 \cdot 3$ | $42 \cdot 1$ | $2 \cdot 6$ | . . | . | 263 |

It is evident from this Table that the single A. I school in my circuit is doing work considerably in advance of the average of the A. II schools: that the Private Farm Schools are considerably in advance of tue A. in sohools; and that the Poor School are much behind a same quality. It is evident also that the cost to the Government per pupil varies very little in the different classes of European schools, while in the native schools it is little more than one-fourth of the cost in the schools for white children. On the other hand the cost per pupil in the C. I Schools, or Training Institutions, is naturally much higher than in any of the European schools, since the training of teachers is necessarily expensive. I have not the data necessary to give the cost per pupil in this class of schools.
V. Annual Progress of Pupils.

Data are available for 172 schools for calculating the percentage of pupils who have passed a higher standard this year than last. The corresponding figures and percentage for 1896 are also exhibited in the following table :-


This table shows that while there are far too few who have succeeded in passing a higher standard this year than last, yet the proportion of those who have done so is considerably larger than it was last year. The percentage of those who fell to a lower standard again is smaller. This unfortunate class of pupils consists almost without exception of children who have bep- absent from school for the greater part of the year preceding the Inspection.
[G. 7.--'98.]

## VI. Buildings and Furniture.

There is not much improvement to chronicle in regard to the supply of good buildings and furniture. In varieus parts of the circuit building operations have been topped or thrown back by the stoppage of transport consequent upon the outbreak of Rinderpest. In the Komgha Division, however, the Victoria Public School has been nlarged and much improved in appearance, and an excellent building of its size has been erected for the A. III Public School at Kuku. In Fingoland and Idutywa, the liberality of the District Councils has led to great improvement in the supply and quality of furniture in many of the schouls.

## VII. Teachers

Number and Sex.-In the 186 schools inspected, 300 teachers (including sewingesses) are employed, of whom 151 are males and 149 female
Qualifications.-Of the males 56 are certificated, and of the females 28 ; thus of
 are the percentage of those who are quite incompetent s perhaps not more than 10 .
Training Institutions and Pupil Teachers.-The Public Schools at Butterworth and Komgha employ one pupil teacher each. Native pupil teachers are under training at he Blythswood, Butterworth, and Emgwali Institutions. The number of these present at inspection has fallen from 129 to 116. This decrease simply indicates that he pupil teachers of the first year are now more carefully selected than formerly The chief difficulty in the work of these institutions is the limited knowledge of English possessed by the pupil teachers when they begin their course. It is perhaps unnecessary that I should speak further in this report of work in which I have myself so recently taken part
VIII. Subjects of Instruction.

Reading and Recilation.-In many schools the reading in the lower standards is almost entirely devoid of expression. Wherever English is professed, while Dutch or almost entirely devoid of expression. Wherever English is protessed, while Dutch or should be given. In schools for natives the vowels are very frequently mispronounced - especially the short $a$ and the long $o$. In schools for white children, on the other hand, the consonants suffer most. Such mispronunciation as is illustrated in the following sentence should not be tolerated by any teacher:- "Hi', 'ave a cyow.' The recitation in native schools is almost always too fast. In mauy of the European schools it is very satisfactory.

Writing. -Too little attention seems to be given to this important subject, and it is seldom taught, as it ought to be, from the blackboard. The copy-books in use in many schools are of andere the best style capitals that are too complicater accurae of handwriting, and the is necessary in the spelling

Armeres subjeot in the great majority of schools. Notation is not well understood; the use of the fingers ard of strokes on the slate is tolerated; far too little practice in mental work is given; the mental exercises are seldom of such a kind as to lead up to the solution of problems; and, except in a few of the best European schools, too little care is taken to set down the working of sum neatly and clearly. Much more use should be made of the . Ulackboard in teaching this and all other subjects than is made at present.

English Grammar and Composition.-The analysis of sentences is usually satisfactory. Parsing in the advanced standards is neither full enough, nor accurat enough. Few pupils in the native schools can write English composition with any degree of correctness. This subject should not be left of short sentences containiu It sho wom the reading book. given words, or of answers to simple questions
The physical part of the subject is often learned by rote without being understoo The subject requires to be taught in a practical and realistic, and above all, intelligible way if it is to have any educative value.

Singing, Drawing, Drill.-In only a few schools are these subjects taught, and n in these not very much has yet been accomplished. In teaching singing the use of the Modulator and of some manual of the Tonic Sol-fa method is essential. Few native toachers have as yet any knowledge of drawing.

Needlework.-In most of the European schools the sewing is good. In the native schools many teachers who can sew very well do not yet fully understand the require ments for the standards in this subject. Attendance at a vacation course will enabl them easily to overcome this difficulty.

Dutch, German.- The instruction in these languages is confined to reading and
riting. Much greater use should be made of translation from and writing. Much greater use should be made of translation from and into English.

French, Latin.-The instruction in these languages is usually good in quality, bu very meagre in amount. It does not go any appreciable length towards enabling pupil to read the languages for himself.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient Servant
JAMES McLAREN.

King William's Town, 30th December, 1897

## 9.-Inspector Milne's Report.

[Circuit : Albert, Aliwal North, Cradock, Somerset East, Tarka and Wodehouse.]

Sir,-I have the honour to submit to you the following general report for the year 1897.

My circuit this year corresponds exactly to that of last year. All the sehool which had been in operation for at least two or three months when I was in their neighbourhood, have been inspected. In all, 186 schools were visited for the purpose of inspection, but four of these were not inspected by myself, as it was impossible for 125 that have been inspected more of these were inspected for the first time, leaving however. This year the proportion is large, Too many schools fall out every year the addition of new schonls. Some of these schools been more than made up for by of having them re-opened when better time drought have played such havoc this vear that several farmers, whinderpest and have kept on their schools if they could have done so, were compelled to would gladly - but others, chiefly uneducated, who might have kept on their sehools-with them difficulty perhaps-closed them, not understanding or recognising the injustion some harm done the children by these long breaks in their school life. Too often it happens that children are made to suffer, especially in P. F. Schools, through the sohool being temporarily closed every other year for three or six months. The excuse given for such action by the parents is usually that a new teacher could not be got. It is often long that one cannot be got in time, and then the the attempt to get one is delayed so then the whole matter is conveniently put off
There has been
operation in September 1896 in the number of schools, for, taking those in active have been 169 in September 1896, and 186 in September 1897 I find the numbers to The greatest gain was, as I had expected, in Cradock district, where sing a gain of 17. Of the schools which closed during the year, more were in Somerset East than in any other district, but this is what was to have been expected, as Somerset than in largest number of schools in operation; so that where Aliwal North, for instance, lose three schools, Somerset East, in the same proportion, should lose seven. From what I could find out also the Somerset East district is better provided with private schools On the whor districts.
where there are active members of committpreading, and cases are much more frequent where there are active members of committee who have no direct interest in the schools, committees and teachers are sincere desire to see education improve. In the towns, however, are much too frequent in heartily in the interests of the schools. Cases, public spirit and a tendency to look to Government fore where is a complete lack of a poor child to make up his requisite number perhaps, and fing. A farmer takes in $£ 3$ or $£ 2$ as the case may be, considers himself perhaps, and after drawing a grant of Department refuses to pay school fiders himself unfairly treated when the Education

Irregularity of attendance is still in aldition for the child
In most cases the parents are to still much greater in Poor Schools than it should be. things which the parents could easily have done themsept at home to do most trivial are frequent of such culpable action. In the themselves. Complaints by teachers attendance at the Poor Schols is fing In country districts, in many cases, the parents and migration to town. Increased attention is to indifference on the part of are increasing the schools poor children-practically from the streets-whose numbers

In some eoch year at a great rate
equipment is very poor, who tand A. III. Schools there are teachers whose mental in many cases and with fair success, but standard II. or Standard III., conscientiously work mechanically and make no effort towards self-mat stage do very poorly, as the
[G. 7-'98.]

Enrolment and Attendance.-The number on the roll and the average attendance have increased. The numbers are :-

|  | 1897. | 1896. | Increase. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| On the Roll ...... | 5,835 | 5,200 | 635 |
| Average Attendance | 4,841 | 4,185 | 656 |

The increase in the number on the roll is 12.2 per cent., and in the average attendance $15 \cdot 6$ per cent. For the previous year the increases were respectively 9.3 per cent. and $7 \cdot 6$ per cent.

The percentage of average attendance to enrolment has risen from 80.5 to 82.9 .
Leaving Age and Standard.-The following statistics are practically complete for Public Sohols (A) Poor Shools. As in last report, all who loft Public Schools (A. 1., A. H., A. .i.) and Poor bols. As in last report, all who lert during the year are included, no deduction being made for those who may have
gone to other schools.
Taking all the schools together, the average leaving age is $11 \cdot 9$, which is $\cdot 7$
higher than last year; and the average leaving standard has improved slightly, though still under Standard II. Last year 575 out of 1,004 whi left did so, not having passed Standard II. ; this year the number is 531 out of 1,009 .

The average leaving age for Poor Schools is $11 \cdot 2$ years.

$$
\begin{array}{cllll}
\text { cerage leaving age for Poor Schools is } 11 \cdot 2 \text { years. } \\
" & \text { A. II. } & 11 \cdot 5 & 11 \cdot 3 & " \\
" & " & \text { A. II. } & " & 11 \cdot 3 \\
" & \text { A. I. } & " & 12 \cdot 7 & "
\end{array}
$$

The particulars as to average leaving Standard in each class of sohool are:-

> Poor Schools.

| Percentage who left. |  |  |  |  | 1897. | 1896. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In Standard |  |  | . | . | $22 \cdot 1$ | 25 |
| " | II. | . | . | . | $16 \cdot 7$ | $22 \cdot 4$ |
| " | III. |  | . | . | $11 \cdot 2$ | $8 \cdot 5$ |
| " | IV. |  | . | . | $5 \cdot 8$ | $3 \cdot 2$ |
| " | V. |  | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdot 3$ |  |

The average duration of the school life is 1.9 years. 42 per cent. of those on the roll left during the year. This is a great improvement on last year, when 80 per cent. left, and helps to account for the better percentage in the higher Standards.
A. iII. Schools.


The average duration of the school life is $2 \cdot 3$ years as against $2 \cdot 2$ years in 1896 . $39 \cdot 6$ per cent. of the number on the roll left during the year. Last year the percentage was $44 \cdot 3$.

There are a few very fair Third Class schools, chiefly in the villages, and these mprove the averages; but unfortunately there are still too many of this class which are miserably furnished, and where the teaching is very poor.
A. in. Schools

| Percentage who left. |  |  | 1897. | 1896. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In Standard IV. | . |  | $17 \cdot 5$ | $17 \cdot 3$ |
| , V. | . | . | $11 \cdot 2$ | $10 \cdot 5$ |
| " VI. | . |  | $8 \cdot 3$ | $5 \cdot 7$ |
| Above Standard VI. | . | . | $4 \cdot 9$ | $9 \cdot 6$ |

The average duration of the sohool life is $2 \cdot 3$ years as against $2 \cdot 6$ years in 1896 . 40.7 per cent. of the number on the roll left during the year. This is higher than last year, when the percentage was 38.

This year the results are not quite so good, yet the efficiency of the A. in. schools continues high. The severe drought has affected two of these schools to a large extent in regard to the number leaving. In one school $64 \cdot 6$ per cent. of those on the roll left during the year.
A. I. Schools.

| Percentage who left. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

The average duration of school life is $2 \cdot 4$ years as against $2 \cdot 5$ in 1896 .
The average duration of school life is 2.4 years as against 2.5 in 1896 .
40.7 per cent. of the number on the roll left -the same as last year. Some of these suffered through the prolonged drought. In one school the percentage who left is as high as $67 \cdot 1$, while in another it is as low as $22 \cdot 6$
The percentage who left above Standard III is 53.2 as against $49 \cdot 7$ last year, but taking above Standard V the improvement is still greater- $26^{\circ} \cdot 9$ as against $18^{\circ} .3$. The number of children in private schools in towns is 9.2 per cent. oi those in the public schools. As the percentage last year was 12, this indicates that the public schools are gaining more and more the confidence of the parents; especially is this the case where good Kindergarten departments have been established.

Standards of Pupilsi at Inspection.
As in last reports I again give, as the fairest test of improvement, the results for those schools only, which have been inspected for at least two years in succession; giving the results for those inspected for the first time in another table.

The results for all schools for whites are:-

|  |  |  | 1897 | 1896 | Increase. | Decrease. | Corresponding figures for 1896-5 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Increase. | Decrease |
| On Roll |  |  | 3247 | 3106 | 143 | . | 212 |  |
| At Inspection . . |  | $\therefore$ | 3024 | 2890 | 134 | $\ldots$ | 159 |  |
| Below Standard |  | . | 778 | 753 | 25 | $\cdots$ | . | 46. |
| Standard I |  | . | 395 | 474 | $\cdots$ | 79 | 20 |  |
| Standard II |  | $\cdots$ | 497 | 468 | 29 | . | $\cdots$ | 7 |
| Standard III |  | $\ldots$ | 445 | 413 | 32 | . | 24 | . |
| Standard IV |  | $\cdots$ | 386 | 376 | 10 | . | 43 |  |
| Standard V |  | . | 259 | 222 | 37 | . | 63 | $\cdots$ |
| Standard VI |  | $\ldots$ | 167 | 117 | 50 | $\ldots$ | 47 |  |
| Standard VII |  | . | 54 | 40 | 14 | . | 13 |  |
| Above Standard | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 43 | 27 | 16 | . | 2 | . |

This table, like the corresponding one of last year, shows continued progress. The number below Standard IV. is practically the same as last year, so that nearly all the increase appears in Standard IV. and upwards.

There were on the roll on the day of inspection in schools that had been at least two years in existence, 3,249. The corresponding figures for similar schools last year were 2,806, an increase of 443 . The increase in the above table is 143 , therefore the balance of, 300 must be due to new schools having entered the so-far permanent list, of
two years' existence at least. schools which continue at least two years in existence is gradually increasing

I shall now make the comparisons that were made in the last report from the corresponding table. The increase of pupils in the schools that have been in existence during $1896-7$ is 143 , during $1895-6$ it was 212 , and for $1894-5$ it was 13
As last year the increase appears in Standard IV. and upwards. The number in Standard IV. and upwards was for $1895-6,796$, forming 30.5 per cent. of all inspected. For 1896-7 the number is 909 , forming 30 per cent. of all inspected; but taking Standard V, and upwards, the numbers and percentages are respectively :-

> 415, forming $15 \cdot 8$ per cent. in $1895-6$
> 523 , forming $17 \cdot 2$ per cent. in $1896-7$

Leaving out those below standard, the pupils present at the inspection this year in all schools, who were also present at the inspection in 1896, formed $72 \cdot 6$ per cent. of the whole number in arce efficiency in the schools; this year the comparisons lead to the same conclusions.

The following table will show which class of school has contributed nost to the improvement:-


The Poor and A. ini. Schools have increased in each Standard from Standard II. upwards. The A. III. Schools have made most progress proportionately. The
character of the work both in the A. III. and Poor Schools has improved, though character of the work both in the A. III. and Poor Schools has improved, though
unfortunately there are still some very weak schools in both classes. It is satisfactory unfortunately there are still some very weak schools in both classes. It is satisfactor
to notice that in no class of sehool is there a decerease in Standard $V$. or upwards. to notice that in no class of school is there a decrease in Standard $\bar{\nabla}$. or upwards.

The large increase in the numbers attending the A. I. schools is largely due to Aliwal North and Cradook, ard should be more than maintained as the committees and teachers are working heartily together in the interests of the schools.

For the schools for white children inspected for the first time this year the numbers are:-

On Roll

| On Roll | .. | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 690 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At Inspection |  | $\because$ |  | $\because$ |  | 606 |
| Below Standard | $\cdots$ | . |  |  |  |  |
| Standard I. . ${ }_{\text {Standard }}$ | . | . |  |  |  |  |
| Standard II. | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| Standard III. | . |  |  |  |  | 56 |
| Standard IV. |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| Standard V. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The numbers in the new P.F. and A. III Schools are greater than in the similar schools added last year, but there is a considerable falling off in the number in the new Poor Schools.

The above table shows the elementary character of the new schools.
The percentages for all the schools for white children taken together are :-

|  |  |  | 1894. | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The increase below standard is due partly to the improved Kindergarten Departments attracting younger children. The percentage in Standard IV. has fallen slightly, but there has been a steady increase in Standards V. and VI. and above from 1894. This increase in the highest standards is a hopeful sign, and it obtains in each class of school, except the A. 1. Schools, where the falling off is very slight, and already
explained. explained
The

The percentages in Standard IV. and upwards are :-

> All Schools. A. I Schools. A. II Schools. A. III Schools. P.F. Schools.
1894
1895
1896
1897
$21 \cdot 5$
23.6
$25 \cdot 1$
25.5
$\because 2 \cdot 2$
$43 \cdot 8$
$\ddot{32}$
34.4
$37 \cdot 3$
$12 \cdot 8$
18
$\ddot{31}$
35
The percentage increase would have been much greater had it been calculated on nd upwards,
The numbers in schools for coloured children, inspected both in 1896 and 1897, are:-

On Roll
At Inspection
Below Standard
Standard I
" II.
"
III.
" IV. ..
(In last year's report the numbers for one school were omitted.)
hile the increase goes to the lower stant year. There is a falling off in Standard IV.,

The numbers for the new schools for coloured children inspected for the first time


The following table gives the average ages for the standards at last inspection :-

| Class of School. |  | Standard. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Below. | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. | Ex. |
|  |  | Yrs. $6.7$ | Yrs. | Yrs. $10 \cdot 6$ | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. $16 \cdot 9$ |
| A. II. | .. | $8 \cdot 1$ | 9 | $10 \cdot 9$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 4$ | $15 \cdot 6$ | 16 | $17 \cdot 4$ |
| A. III. |  | $7 \cdot 7$ | 9.6 | 11 | $12 \cdot 4$ | $13 \cdot 8$ | $14 \cdot 7$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | 14 | .. |
| Poor | $\cdots$ | $8 \cdot 9$ | $12 \cdot 5$ | $12 \cdot 6$ | $13 \cdot 8$ | 14 | 16 | . . | . . |  |

In a few of the schools the average ages for the different standards are improving, but in most it will be impossible to improve the averages until compulsory Education is introduced, as so many older pupils enter who are fit to join the lower standards only.
The average cost per scholar present at inspection to Government in the different
classes of schools is :classes of schools is :-


This table shows slight increases in A. I. and A. III. Schools; a considerable increase in the A. II. Schools, while the Poor and Mission Schools remain practically the same.

School Buildings and Furniture.-A considerable amount of building has been done during the year and several committees are moving in the matter of new or enlarged school buildings.

Two very suitable and substantial school buildings with dwelling houses attached in Wodehouse district, and one in Aliwal North, have been completed by aid of the special grant of last year. At Burghersdorp a large building is well on the way towards being completed, suitable for the requirements of the Albert Academy and the new Training School to be started there. The plan is an extensive one and includes a Lady Grey the committen a new building was commenced early in the year, and al Lady Grey the committee of the Poor School are altering and enlarging their schoo-
rooms. The Indwe Public School committee have decided to erect new buildings. A rooms. The Indwe Public School committee have decided to erect new buildings.
much needed building on a large scale has been begun for the Public School in Aliwal North.

Extensive alterations and additions to school and boarding-house have been made at Rayner Public School, Albert district. In Cradock a comfortable workshop has been at Rayner Public School, Albert district. In Cradock a comfortable workshop has been
put up for the Boys' Public School, and the committee are moving to secure new and
more suitable buildings and modern furniture. At Dordrecht the committee have decided to add a room for Kindergarten work and another for a work shop, and also to acquire modern furniture. New furniture has been procured for the Bellevue Seminary, Somerset East.

Subjects of Instruction.-The Kindergarten Departments in existence last year continue to do good work. As already mentioned, the Committee of the Dordrecht Public School will soon have in operation a Kindergarten Department and a Course of Instruction in Woodwork, and at Cradock a much more suitable building has been
erected for woodwork instruction. Except as stated above, the provision for woodwork and science teaching remains the same in my circuit; but I expect that in two schools at least proper arrangements will be made before long for science teaching.
The remarks made in my last report regarding the other subjects of instruction still apply. The improvements there mentioned continue, while a few of the backward schnols are gradually moving into line.

Qualifications of Teachers. -The training of pupil teachers in the larger schools is being carried on successfully, and I hope to see the Training Institution at Burghersdorp in thorough working order next year. Several of the pupil teachers who have finished their course are now teaching in my circuit, and generally doing very creditably.

The decrease in the percentage of uncertificated teachers is still gradually going on. For the schools of all classes taken together the percentage is $48 \cdot 8$; last year it was 50.4 . In schools for white children the percentage is 45.2 . In 1894 it was 59 in 1895 , 55 , and in 1896 it was $51 \% 2$.

The proportion of certificated to uncertificated teachers in A. III schools is 10 to 11 as against 3 to 4 last year ; and in P.F. Sohools, 4 to 5 as against 4 to 7 last year In Native Mission Schools the proportion has fallen very much, and is 13 to 27 instead of 14 to 11.
The numbers of certificated and uncertificated teachers in each olass are given below:-

| Class of School. |  |  |  |  |  | Number <br> Certificated. | Number <br> Uncertificated |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

I am glad to be able to report that in towns, committees are showing inoreasing willingness to meet the wishes of the principals of schools in regard to giving willingness to meet the wishes of the principals of schools in regard to giving
additional teachers where fair reasons can be given for such increase, and that greater additional teachers where fair reasons can be given
care is being exercised in the selecting of teachers.
$I$ have the honour to be,

## Sir,

Your obedient Servant,
WILLIAM MILNE.

Dordrecht, 12th January, 1898.

## 10.-Inspector Mitchell's Report.

[Circuit: Mossel Bay, George, Oudtshoorn, Ladismith and Riversdale.]
Sir,-I have the honour to submit my Report for the year 1897.
The total number of schools inspected is 145, being five more than in 1896 0 wing to indisposition I was unable to visit any of the Ladismith sehols, and these sixteen in all, together with five schools in the Division of Riversdale, were inspected by deputies.
Schools in Mossel Bay, George and Oudtshoorn were visited by me for the fourth time, those in Ladismith for the third time, and those in Riversdale for the seconid time. Visits to a few localities for which free grants for the erection of school buildings had been allowed were made.

I was unable to find time for either informal or surprise visits.

> Supply of Schools.

The number of schools in operation at the end of the September quarter of 1897 was about the same as the number in operation at the end of the September quarte 1890. Alorm Sh Schools, six Poor Schools an wo Private Farm Schools-were opened, but about an equal number were closed.
Oudtshoorn two, Mossel Bay one, and Ladismith one.
A number of new schools were opened during the December quarter of the year.
During the year free grants for the erection or enlarger quarter of the year. were sanctioned for the following places :-

| Ruiterbosch | .. | Division of Mossel Bay |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flesh Bay | .. | $"$ | " |
| Langvlei | . | $"$ | George |
| Waaikraal | . | $"$, | Oudtshoorn |
| Groot River | . | Ladsmith |  |
| Voorbat | .. | $"$ | ". |
| Anysberg | .. | $"$ | ", |
| Muiskraal | . | $"$ | Riversdale |

The new building at Groot River, Ladismith, has been completed. Waaikraal, Oudtshoorn and Ruiterbosch, Mossel Bay are approaching completion. In connection with arrangements which had to be made at nearly all these centres I would beg to cknowledge the cordial assistance which was given by the ministers of the Dutch Reformed Church

## Enrolment and Attendance

Enrolment.-At the close of the September quarter of 1896 there were 5,882 pupils on the roll in this circuit; the corresponding number for the same quarter of 1897 is 6,495 , an increase of 613 , or $10 \cdot 4$ per cent. This may the same quarter of satisfactory when it is remembered that a similar comparison for the yarded as very 1896 shows a decrease of 231 , or 3.7 per cent.

This increase in enrolment is to be found chiefly in country schools.
Irregular attendance is characteristic of most country schools, especially during loughing, harvesting and shearing operations ; the number on the roll, however hows decided advance.

The number in attendance at any school depends largely upon the degree of tact, nergy and efficiency displayed by the teacher. At the inspection of one country chool I noted the presence of 75 pupils, which was more than double the number present at the previous inspection. This remarkable increase is due entirely to the
 the walls of his schoolroom.
[G. 7-98.]

Attendance. -The average attendance for the September quarter of 1896 was 4,471 and the number for the corresponding quarter of 1897 is 5,160 , being an increase of 689 , or 15.4 per cent. A similar comparison for the years 1895 and 1896 shows a decrease of 309 , or 6.4 per cent.
An average attendance of 5,160 out of an enrolment of 6,495 gives an average of
$79 \cdot 4$ per cent., which is a more satisfactory result than that $79 \cdot 4$ per cent., which is a more satisfactory result than that of last year, viz., 76 per cent.

The following table shows the average enrolment and attendance for the quarter ended 30th September, 1896, and for the quarter ended 30th September, 1897 :-

| Division. | 1896. |  | 1897. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Enrolment. | Attendance. | Enrolment. | Attendance. |
| Mossel Bay . . | 1040 | 748 | 1026 | 763 |
| George . | 1242 | 974 | 1395 | 1085 |
| Oudtshoorn. | 1796 | 1333 | 2026 | 1575 |
| Ladismith | 774 | 594 | 875 | 738 |
| Riversdale | 1030 | 822 | 1173 | 999 |
| Totals . | 5882 | 4471 | 6495 | 5160 |

Thus it is seen that in each division under both headings (excepting Mossel Bay, in which there is a decrease of 14 on the roll) there is advance in numbers.

The following tables show for each division of my circuit and for the years 1896 and 1897 respectively the number of pupils (white and coloured) on the roll at the time of inspection, and the number present at inspection :-


It will thus be seen that the increase of whites on the roll on the day of inspection is 648 , and that the increase present at inspection is 632 .
II.

Colourbd.


The increase of coloured pupils on the roll on the day of inspection is therefore 66 , and the increase present at inspection is 112 .

It will be noted that in this table Mossel Bay is the only division which shows decrease

## Pupils' Attainments.

Standards at Inspection.-The following tables show the classification under standards after inspection :-

| Division. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ex. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mossel Bay | 12 | 484 | 437 | 0 | 156 | 84 | 59 | 52 | 47 | 29 | 6 | 3 |  |
| George | 20 | 853 | 787 | 9 |  | 112 | 109 | 115 | 94 | 34 | 17 | 0 | 2 |
| Oudtshoorn |  |  | 1366 | 19 |  | 208 | 192 | 166 | 85 | 48 | 13 | 2 |  |
| Ladismith | 13 | 471 | 432 |  |  | 55 | 70 | 38 | 46 | 19 | 8 |  |  |
| Riversdale | 37 | 786 | 727 | 22 |  | 127 |  |  | 71 | 32 | 19 | 6 | 11 |
| Totals | 121 | 4141 | 3749 |  | 1515 | 586 | 541 | 464 | 343 | 162 | 63 | 11 | 14 |

The average age for the Standards is :-

| Coloured. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Division. |  |  |  |  | Below Standard. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ex. |
| Mossel Bay | 5 | 473 | 357 |  | 250 | 47 | 39 | 20 | 1 | . | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| George | 5 | 460 | 358 |  | 205 | 67 | 64 | 22 | $\ldots$ | . | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Oudtshoorn | 6 | 380 | 269 |  | 218 | 22 | 18 | 10 | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Ladismith | 3 | 378 | 369 |  | 236 | 60 | 43 | 29 | 1 | . | $\cdots$ | . |  |
| Riversdale | 5 | 368 | 314 | 0 | 208 | 48 | 41 | 9 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Totals |  | 2059 | 1667 |  | 1117 | 244 | 205 | 90 | 11 | . | . | . | $\cdots$ |

The percentages are as follows :-
(I give also the percentages for 1896).
I.

White.
Below Standar
1896. Standard I $\quad . . \quad 15 \cdot 18$ per ce


These results correspond olosely. In '96, 15.8 per cent. of pupils present at inspection were placed in Standard IV. and above. The corresponding percentage for ' 97 is 16.8 .
II.

Coloured.


Here again results are almost identical. Nearly two-thirds of the pupils present at inspection in ' 97 were placed below standard.

| Class of School. | Standard. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bolow. | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. | Ex. |
|  | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. | .Yrs. | Yrs. | Yrs. |
| A. I | 5 | $8 \cdot 3$ | $9 \cdot 5$ | 11 | $12 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 1$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | $15 \cdot 3$ | $16 \cdot 5$ |
| A. II | 7-6 | $9 \cdot 1$ | $9 \cdot 9$ | $11 \cdot 1$ | 12 | $13 \cdot 2$ | $14 \cdot 8$ | $14 \cdot 7$ | . |
| A. III | $8 \cdot 4$ | $10 \cdot 1$ | $11 \cdot 5$ | $12 \cdot 3$ | $13 \cdot 4$ | $14 \cdot 1$ | $15 \cdot 1$ | , |  |
| Poor | $8 \cdot 5$ | 11 | 11.5 | $12 \cdot 8$ | 14 | 15 |  |  |  |



## II.

Coloured Mission Schools.
No. of pupils presented in Standards who were also present at last
Inspection.
Of these, number who reached a) 195
195
. 382
Of these, number who reached same
Standard.
i.e., $38 \cdot 01$ reached a higher Standard. i.e., $59 \cdot 6$ reached a higher Standard.

## School Buildings and Furniture.

The result of the issue of free grants for the ereetion of school buildings has already been referred to under the heading "Supply of Schools."

A new wing for the accommodation of junior pupils has been added to the Boys' A. I., Oudtshoorn. A commodious new Berlin Mission School has been erected at Novo, in the Division of Riversdale. The Dutch Church Mission School at Zoar, Roodeheuvel, Oudtshoorn, has added two rooms to The Committee of the A. III., the classrooms of the A. I., Ladismith, has been the teachers' dwelling. One of excellent dual desks. The A. II., Blanco, George, has equipped an additional room whioh affords accommodation for twenty pupils. And at Springfontein, Riversdale, a more commodious schoolroom has been provided.

In at least eight country schools boarded floors have taken the place of the frequently uneven and comfortless clay floors. The recommendation that an frequently uneven and comfortless clay floors. The recommendation that an
additional or a more efficient blackboard should be got has been complied with in about twenty schools.

One enthusiastic supporter of a small country mission school has enclosed four acres of land in the immediate vicinity of the school, and planted 1,500 trees; the pupils have small plots of garden ground which they cultivate.

In a number of schools better means of lighting have been provided.
These are evidences of progress, and point to the steady growth of a desire to provide increased and improved educational facilities.

The practice of class room adornment by means of pictures, photographs, \&c., is
by no means so general as it ought to be.
The Oudtshoorn Girls' A. I school is in advance of most other schools in this respect. I have noted with great pleasure that several teachers of country schools have been making an effort-and in some cases a very successful effort-to brighten the appearance of their class-rooms by fixing up a number of pictures and photographs. save a fow necerey maps, have a most depressing effect save a few necessary maps, have a most depressing effect

## Teachers.

Qualifications.-In the 145 schools inspected during the year were found 215 teachers; 75 males and 140 females. The following tables show how these were divided ancording to Certificates, academic and professional.
I.

II.

Holders of British Government Certificate. .

i.e., 78.6 per cent. had no academic certifioate, and 54.8 per cent. possessed no evidence of professional training.
The corresponding percentages for last year were $81 \cdot 4$ and $59 \cdot 4$; there is therefore evidence of distinct advance.

It must be borne in mind that these figures refer to teachers who were found in schools at the time of inspection.

The subjoined table shows the number of teachers in each of the divisions of my circuit who, at the time of inspection, had no certificate, academic or professional :-

|  | Diviston. |  |  | No. of <br> Ceachers. | No. <br> Uncertifioated. | Percentage <br> Uncertificated |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mossel Bay | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 31 | 20 | $64 \cdot 5$ |
| George.. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 44 | 12 | $27 \cdot 2$ |
| Oudtshoorn | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 62 | 25 | $40 \cdot 3$ |
| Ladismith | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 25 | 12 | 48 |
| Riversdale | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 53 | 32 | $60 \cdot 3$ |

Therefore, of 215 teachers, 101 or 46.9 per cent. had no certificate of any kind. The public estimate of the work and status of the country teacher is not a high one; the alaries offered, especially by the owners of Private Farm Schools, are not such as wil attract qualified teachers. The average yearly salary at ten Private Farm Schools in en teachers have no certificates and a few of the seven would probably find it difes to secure a pass in the Fifth Standard.
Pupil Teachers.-During the year 31 paid pupil teachers, 13 unpaid pupil teachers and five candidates for the Third Class Teachers' Certificate were examined by me in the practical part of their work. The total number of indentured pupil teachers in the circuit is 33 , of whom orly two are males (coloured). In the case of a few unpaid pupils I have learned that there is no intention of afterwards engaging in the work of teaching, so that the time which has been devoted to their training is, in a measure, wasted.

The indentured pupil teachers at the A1. Girls' School, Mossel Bay, the A1. Girls' School, George, the A1. Girls' School, Riversdale, the A2., Ladismith, and the Kinder garten Department of the A1. Girls' Sohool, Oudtshoorn, gave evidence of having received, on the whole, a satisfactory training. I have been obliged, however, to find fault with the way in which some pupils have been allowed to make ready their "note of lessons." To be allowed to make exact copies of the "notes" which are to be found in certain text-books, cannot be good either for the moral or intellectual welfare of the pupil.

## Evening Schools.

The two schools referred to in my last year's report are still in operation. The total number of pupils registered at these two schonls at the time of inspection was 86 , of whom 55 were present. There is undoubted need for these schools, but there are serious difficulties which hamper their successful progress. It is scarcely possible to obtain the services of competent teachers or to secure the regular attendance of pupils, nearly all of whom are engaged for several hours a day in more or less arduous labour. The result, therefore, of a survey of the amount and efficiency of the work done is by no means gratifying. Active interest by a meagre few is being taken in the
of the efforts of those few I would speak in terms of hearty commendation.

Subjects of Instruction.
Reading.-This subject continues, on the whole, to improve, but in the case of too many schools is still far from what it should be. Pupils are taught to know the words but the effort of the teacher appears too frequently to end there. I have reason, however, to be pleased with the advance which has been made. The recitation of poetry is in some schools superior to the reading, and the improvement generally is marked Very often, however, the poetry is poorly chosen, and too much importance is attached to the mere learning of meanings of words as given at the beginning or eud of the piece selected. In the sith good expression and praiseworthy comprehension'of the matter.

Penmanship.- Improvement in handwriting is being steadily maintained. One marked result of Vacation Course Lectures is the gradual growth of a uniform style of writing, which gives evidence of training and supervision. Slovenly examination papers are less frequently met with, and accuracy and neatness are receiving more attention. The subject is being increasingly taught on a definite system.

Arithmetic.-Considerable advances in mental arithmetic, especially in the lower standards, have been made throughout the circuit during the past year, and are shared in more or less by all schools. More attention has been made to the working of problems, but very frequently questions are worked very slowly. Revision of the which is often noticeable in the inaccuracy which is often noticeable in the work of there is improvement in the treater howaccuracy as far as mechanical work is concerned, but a greater readiness in dealing with questions requiring thought.

Spelling. -The dictation tests which are taken from the reading books in daily use are as a rule accurately done. A good deal of weak spelling is, however, to be met with in composition and other written exercises. The paper to the fifth Standard on grammar is not infrequently headed "grammer." I have not yet noted that essons on wood-building are given in any school.

Geography.-This subject receives satisfactory attention in many schools. The answers to questions in Physical Geography are, however, not always creditable; and
too frequently one notes that while classes have a very extensive and accurate acquaintance with the mere names and situations of places, matter which would be of interest is left alone

Woodwork:-At the time of my visit of Inspection, Mossel Bay Boys' was the only school in which Woodwork, in a well-equipped classroom, was being carried on This class maintains its reputation for commendable work.

Needlework.-In a good many schools very meritorious results are obtained in this department of school work. The number of schools in which Needlework is being taught systematically has considerably increased, and the character of the work, and the neat and tasteful way in which specimens are mounted, are deserving of praise.
Infant Iraining.-Three schools in this circuit, viz., the Girls' A. I., Mossel Bay, the Girls' A. I., George, and the Girls' A. I., Oudtshoorn, are doing commendable work. The chief defect of these Infant departments is that the rooms are not altogether suitable, especially because of want of space. Recreative exercises, which give an impetus to work, and make school life pleasant, need room, and plenty or it. Musical drill and exercises in marching, and all those exercises which the resourceful teacher devises for the amusement of the little ones, need space which must be well lighted and properly ventilated.
The Kindergarten Department of the A. I., Oudtshoorn, is liberally equipped, and is well supplied with pictures and such material as is needed for Infant Training.

Drill and Physical Training. - In a few schools the elements of military drill are
 raining receives attention, with beneficial efects on Singing.-In a few schools very fair progress is being made with Singing. Such Singing.-In a few schools very fair progress is being made with Singing. Such
xercises, however, as will enable the pupil to sing at sight, receive too little attention. xercises, however, as will enable the pupil to sing at sight, receive too little attention.
Vacation Course of Lectures.-A course which was attended by about a hundred teachers of the Oudtshoorn district and districts adjoining, was held at Oudtshoom uring the winter vacation.
ivhile the results of the examinations which were held at the conclusion of the curse reveled the fact that the attainments of a large number of the teachers wer not of a very high order, I have reason to hope that no small amount of good was accomplished, and that teachers, impressed with a sense of their own shortcomings, will make earnest effort to render themselves more efficient to discharge the duties of their calling.

I would ask to be allowed to express my indebtedness to friends in Oudtshoorn or kindnesses shown towards the teachers, to the secretary and members of the Local eachers to be than arrangement the Public Schools for their practical sympathy.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
JOHN MITCHELL.

## 11.-Inspector Murray's Report.

Circuif: Britstown, Colrsberg, Graaff-Reinet, Hanover, Middelburg

Philipstown, Richmond, Steynsburg.]
Sir,-I have the honour to submit my report for the year 1897.
During the year I have had under my charge for inspection 151 schools, but as in May I was removed to a wholly new circuit, my report deals with the 130 in the new oircuit. The totals for schools inspected by me in my old circuit I have handed to Inspector Hagen, while he has given me the totals for schools inspected by him a the beginning of the year in what is my circuit now. Of these 130 schools some 1 were visited by casual Inspectors, as the inspection was overdue before they could be reached by the Deputy Inspector. Schools in the Steynsburg division were inspected twice during the year. I was further able to give ten days to surprise visits to schools

Supply of Schools, \&c.-The number of schools in existence in the third quarters of 1896 and 1897 are practically the same. There would have been an increase to report but 1897 are practically the same. There would have been an Britstown, report but for the number of schools which closed in the divisions of sritstown, Middelburg and Steynsburg. In the last named division the closing was in some cases
unnecessary. Considering the ravages of drought and rinderpest it is a matter to be unnecessary. Considering the ravages of drought and rinderpest it is a mater, there is distinct progress to report in the number of pupils enrolled, as the following figures show. The average attendance remains stationary at 82 per cent.

|  | Third Quarter, '96. |  | Third Quarter, '97. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools. | Roll. | Av. Attendance. | Schools. | Roll | Av. Attendance. |  |
| 123 | 3,939 | 3,232 | 122 | 4,497 | 3,695 |  |

From the above figures we find that there has been an increase of 14 per cent. in the number on the roll. The town schools of Graaff-Reinet are chiefly responsible for this increase, but the public schools in the townships of Colesberg, Hanover, Middelburg Philipstown, Richmond, and the Railway Schools at De Aar and Naauwpoort Junction all show an increase.

The number of schools remaining the same, a larger number enrolled speaks of the longer school-life of children, the drafting of children from country to town schools, and finally gives promise of better work at a reduced cost. In this connection I may say that the work at publio schools in most of the towns in my circuit is such, that I find it a pleasure to recommend parents to send their children to them from the country.

I have not had time as yet to traverse my new circuit in ali directions with a view to finding out how well each division is supplied with schools, and where there are centres for new schools. In such divisions as Britstown, Hanover, Philipstown, are centres for new schools. In such divisions as Britstown, Hanover, Philipstown,
Richmond, where the farms are large and the population seattered, P. F. Schools will have to be relied upon chieflv for the education of country children, but it appears to have to be relied upon chieflv for the education of country children, but it appears to the opening of more schools. In Steynsburg I visited several centres and found the people apparently eager for the education of their children, and I have hoped that more schools will be opened. Unfortunately in this division, schools have not only been few but short lived, two schools having been closed for more than a quarter during the year, and three others closing after a single inspection.
[G. 7-998.]

Classification in Standards and Progress of Pupils.-The following figures indieate the position in standards occupied by pupils at Mission Public Schools for the years the position in standards oc
${ }^{96}$ and ' 97 respectively :-

Mission Schools.

|  |  |  | 1897. | 1896. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roll | . | . | 1500 | 1219 | 281 |  |
| Pres. |  | . . | 1459 | 1018 | 441 |  |
| B. St. | . | $\ldots$ | 1051 | 668 | 383 | . |
| Standard I. | . | $\cdots$ | 195 | 184 | 11 | . |
| , II. | . | . | 141 | 96 | 45 | .. |
| " III. | $\cdots$ | . | 53 | 62 | . | 9 |
| " IV. | . | . | 19 | 6 | 13 |  |
| " V. | . | . . |  |  | .. | 2 |

Public Schools.

|  |  | 1897. | 1896. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roll | . | 2954 | 2679 | 275 | $\ldots$ |
| Pres. | . | 2742 | 2409 | 333 | . |
| B. St. | . | 699 | 648 | 51 | . |
| Standard I. | $\ldots$ | 564 | 383 | 181 | . |
| " II. | . | 466 | 386 | 180 | i |
| " III. | . . | 367 | 382 | - | 15 |
| " IV. | . . | 377 | 316 | 61 | $\because$ |
| " V. | . | 163 | 183 | . | 20 |
| " VI. | . . | 112 | 78 | 34 | $\stackrel{+}{0}$ |
| " VII. | . . | 25 | 28 | 18 | 3 |
| Unclassified ${ }^{\text {Ab. St. }}$ | . . | 23 | 5 | 18 | . |
| Unclassified | . . | 46 | .. | 46 | . |

Note.-The majority of pupils unclassified are preparing for the Teachers' Examination, and all were above Standard V.

From this it will be seen that though the increase in numbers is chiefly due to the entry of pupils in the lower standards, there is some increase of numbers in the upper standards. The percentage of pupils in Public Schools in Standard IV. or a higher standard is the same for both years, viz., 25 per cent.

The advance in standards is as follows :-

|  |  | Presented for Higher | Higher Standard. | Lower Standard. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Standard. | 1202 | 415 |
| 1897 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 1617 | 1178 | 388 |

There were accordingly more pupils present at two consecutive inspections than in School Buildings and Furdly be considered satisfactory
School Buildings and Furniture.-Since last inspection several new buildings have been completed. At Naauwpoort the committee have succeeded in putting up a building which is a model in every respect. Committees intending to build would do well is easily accessible. An excellent building has just been completed at Colesberg, and the specifications for a new building at De Aar have been made out. At Hanover, Britstown, Philipstown, and Steynsburg, A. L's, the accommodation is hardly suitable or sufficient, and it is to be hoped committees will see their way elear to apply for loans for new or improved buildings during the coming year.

Dual desks are gradually taking the place of the ordinary form and desk, and these are even met with in P. F. Schools, more especially with the divisions of Britstown and Richmond. A school building for a country school is about to be ereoted at Lets Kraal in the Division of Graaff-Reinet.

Teachers.-In the new circuit I have taken over I find a much large proportion of the teachers are certificated than in my old circuit, in fact, 5C per cent. This is in Wart due to the larger number of pupil teachers attached to schools which I now visit. become easier to get a supply Gff-Reinet-Middelburg Line I am in hopes that it will become easier to get a supply of teachers for schools, where, owing to the absence of
railway communication, it has thus far been difficult to plater
way communication, it has thus far been difficult to place teachers from a distance. supplying pupils with suitable reading matter out of school hours has the subject of attention. School libraries have been opened at Philipstown and Britstewn and an addition made to the library at the Boys' A. I, Graaff-Reinet. Richmond A. I has a well-stocked library too, and at Hanover A. 2, and at Steynburg A. 2, there are funds in hand, and a selection of books is being made. This feature is distinetly promising-a taste for reading being one of the best inheritances a child carries away from school.

Subjects of Instruction.-I have little to add to my remarks last year
Arithmetic. - In the large town schools method and neatness in the working speak of careful training. In Standards IV and V there is too often an inability or unwilling incors to tackle anything in the shape of a problem, and it frequently happens that Graaff-Reinet Girls' A. I and Richmond A most practical value. I may single out to improve the teaching of mental arithmetic as giving evidence of successful attempts

Reading.-The attention of arthmetio.
organs or parts of organs used in making the for teachers should be drawn to the Dutch-speaking children find a difficulty in the sounds represented by e.g., th, sh, $k, g$. is removed when the organs which produce the sound are placed in the right position For instance, it is almost impossible to sound the th at the placed in the right position. $d$ (and this I have found a common to sound the $t h$ at the beginning of a word as $t$ or lips backwards as the word is being enunciated. There are similar from between the Wrting.-The writing known as a Civil Service hand has beases.
several schools with good results, a teacher on a farm school in been introduced into having been particularly successful in teaching this subject from division of Hanover vacation course.
In several smaller schools and in one or two of the larger schools, there is a want perpetuated thre grosser mistakes in writing with the result that the same errors are Reading. - In the the cop-book.

Reading.-In the better class sohools there is a fair amount of intelligent reading book before inspection many schools, however, the idea only seems to get through the Vocal Music.-Tin.
f schools in the the teaching of this subject varies. There are a sufficient number in Singing bs placed there fraaff-Reinet to warrant that the Departmental Instructor subject. This would react for a quarter to teach and create some enthusiasm for this this town.

Sewing. -The teaching of this subject continues to improve, in schools I find much pains taken with the coninues to improve, and in many country change in circuit is somewhat meagre. One thing has struck me, owing to the attempt to prepare pupils for a higher standard in too short a time or when so young that slower and surer work would be preferable both for the child's health and mental development. The desired end of passing is obtained, but too often at the expense of thoroughness and intellectual training.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
A. HALDANE MURRAY.

Graaff-Reinet, December 26th, 1897.

## 12.--Inspector Noaks' Report.

## [Circuit: Capk],

Sir,-I have the honour to submit my report for the year 1897
In the course of the year all of the 116 schools comprised in this circuit have been inspected; five by Mr. Nixon, one by Mr. Le Roux, and the rest by myself. I have an insight, which would not otherwise have been possible into tha and thus to obtain which their daily life is carried on, as well as into the possibilitio the difficulties unde

Supply of Sshools.-The number of schools the possibilities of improvement. the publication of the last quarterly returns, has been small : the number closed has however, been still smaller. The new schools, omitting mention of a Privesed has School which was but one half-year on the official list are as follows :-a First Class Barm Public School at Rondebosch, three Third Class Schools at Retreat, New Eisleben and Diep River Flats, respectively, a Private Farm School (Oatlands) and an Evening School in connexion with S. John's Church, Cape Town. The schools closed are a Third lass Public School at Platrug, a Mission School (D R.C.) at Elsje's River, a Private Farm School (Welgemoed) and an Evening School (Ind.) at Barrack Street, Cape Town. with the Duteh Reform two schools to the good. One Mission School, in connexion to be re-opened next the Public School at Observatory Road to the have been raised to a higher rank: viz. Mission Schools of S. Patrick and S. to the rank of a Second Class School, and th Schools. Two schools, it shrick and S. Hilda to the rank of (Church) Third Clas viz: those at Nhould be added, are in danger of being closed at the end support.
School Accommodation.-During the past year considerable activity has been manifested in extending and improving ordinary school accommodation actity has been buildings have been erected, or completed, for the Second Class Public Sew school Durbanville and Observatory Road, for the Third Class Schools at Diep River Flats the German (Lutheran) School at Wynberg and the English Church Mission School at Diep River; whilst a large and more commodious building has been purchased for the English Church Boys' School at Mowbray. New class-rooms have been built, or extensive alterations carried out, at the Normal College, the South African Coll, or Public School, the Cape Town Industrial Huberg Girls' School, the Green and Sea Point English Church Cublic Town Industrial Home and the Woodstock and Wynberg Ch.) and Simonstown (Wehools, together with the Mission School at Bellville (Eng. Buitenkant Street Mission School (Wes.), Bridget's Public School (R. C.), and at the

The schools in which there is the most pressing need for improved in progress. accommodation are the Second Class Public Scho Public Schools at Kalk Bay and Retreat torether with Trinity Sen the Third Class the following Mission Schools, viz:-

Cape Town, Frere Stre
". Hanover Street (Wes.)
Hanover Street (Wes.)
S. Paul's (Eng. Ch)

Sir Lowry Road (R.
Sydney Street (Wes.)
Kalk Bay (R.C.)
Maitland, Good Shepherd (Eng. Ch.) Rondebosoh, S. Paul's (Eng. Ch.) Walt River, S. Luke's (Eng. Ch.) Woodstork (D. R. C.)

To these must
In many schools the boarding department of the Kaffir College at Zonnebloem o: and I am and brighten the walls of the Infant much has been done in several Mission Schools to has been disappointing to find which have a mbderately f books should form part of the an 1 am very anxious that a suitable collectio look, in this matter, for the hearty support of the eircuit,
[G. 7--98.]
once more urge－what I have often had occasion to say－that it is of very little use to teach children to read unless they are also given a taste for reading．

Enrolment and Attendance．－The total average enrolment and attendance for the three quarters ending the 30th September，1897，are，respectively，15，981，and 11，130． The corresponding figures for 1896 are 15,529 and 10,662 ．There has thus been under each heading an appreciable advance；the enrolment having increased 2.9 per cent．，and the average attendance $4 \cdot 4$ per cent．；with the result that the percentage
of attendance to enrolment has risen from $68 \cdot 66$ to $69 \cdot 65$ ．This latter rate of increase，small as it is，compares very favourably with that which has obtained since 1894 in the Colony generally．But as the average attendance for the whole Colony was last year $74 \cdot 4$ per cent．of the enrolment，it is clear that special efforts and special measures are needed in the Metropolitan Division to bring the attendance to a satisfactory level．Table A．shows the percentage of attendance to enrolment in the various classes of schools in this Division for the first three quarters of 1897 and for the corresponding period of 1896 ．

Table A．


In Table B．，the schools are classified according to the denomination to which they belong；and the percentage of attendance to enrolment is given for the first half of this year

Table B．

Denomination of School．
Percentage of Attendance to Enrolment．

Baptis
Dutch Reformed Church
English Church
German Lutheran
Independent
Methodist
Roman Catholic
Undenominational

## 60

As it is in the Mission Schools that there is the greatest need and the greatest scope for improvement in regularity of attendance，it is in these that I shall hope to find at the close of another year that the greatest improvement has been effected．But so long as more than two－thirds of the children attending these schools are infants or at the infantile stage of school life（see Table C．），it is idle to expect that the average attendance can be high．

## Inspector Noaks＇Report．

Efforts for improving the attendance should，in the first instance，be concentrated upon the standard classes．Amongst the means to be employed may be mentioned（1） regularity and punctuality in calling the roll，（2）the requiring from parents of a written excuse or personal explanation in case of unpunotuality or absence，（3）the visiting of negligent parents，（4）the careful investigation of any suspected case of addition to marks for neatness，order and successful work，coupled with the weekly posting of an order of merit on the walls of the schoolroom，and lastly，（6）whatever helps，to render the curriculum bright and attractive．I would lay special stress on the need of regularity and punctuality in the calling of the roll．Too often，on the occasion of informal visits to schools，I have found the register not strictly in order．The attendance－register should be not only marked but entered up at the commence－ ment of each session，and the summary－register at the close of each week；whilst figures and names should show the same scrupulous neatness as is customary in com－ mercial bookkeeping．

The urgent importance of this subject must be my excuse for this detailed reference to the remedial steps which should be taken．By the adoption of these and similar means，in schools where they have not yet been employed，much may be done provided always that they are administered by a teacher of vigilant personality who is determined to succeed．If school managers could also agree to sink their differences in order to concert measures to check the incessant migration which now goes on from school to school，the task of the teachers would be very considerably lightened． Amongst the Mission Sohools which have been most successful in securing regularity of attendance，after the Kinderzending（D．R．C．），which is an orphanage，the English Church Mission Schools of St．John＇s，Cape Town，Simonstown（Boys）and Claremont
Boys）deserve special mention．At the other end of the scale are the following ：－
Distribution of Pupils into Standards．－Table C．gives for the different classes of schools，the actual number of pupils enrolled at the time of the annual inspection，the number present at inspection and the number who passed in the various standards．

Table C．

| Class of School． |  |  |  |  |  | E 筑 感 |  |  |  |  |  | 第 | 毞 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A． 1 ．． | 10 | $\ldots 9$ | 1993 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A． $2 . \ddot{\square} \quad \because$ | 12 | 1382 182 | 1153 | ${ }_{324}^{251}$ | 192 | ${ }_{216}^{240}$ | 177 | 112 | 278 78 | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ \hline 39\end{array}$ | 9 | 2 | 6 |
| A． 3 and P．F． | ${ }_{21}^{21}$ | 1882 | 1724 | 782 | 278 | 254 | 196 | 133 | 61 | 16 |  |  |  |
| B．（Cape Town）．． | 21 | ${ }^{4255}$ | 3280 | 2213 | 457 | 308 | 200 | 83 | 17 | 2 | ． |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {E }}{ }^{\text {B．（Suburban，de．}}$ ）．． | 44 | 4773 | 3465 | 2256 | 454 | 427 | 205 | 94 | 23 | 4 | ．． | ．． | 2 |
| $\stackrel{\text { Other S }}{ } \stackrel{\text { Sichools }}{ } \ddot{\square}$ | ${ }_{2}^{6}$ | 323 43 | 248 41 | 122 | ${ }_{7}^{43}$ | ${ }^{38}$ | 29 | 11 | 2 | ． | ． | ． | 15 |
| Total ．． | 116 | 14827 | 11904 | 5955 | 1624 | 1488 | 1065 | 763 | 58 | 298 | 110 | 57 | 86 |

Table D．gives the percentage of pupils who were placed in the various standards at the last inspection．（D．）A comparative table，giving similar results for the two years， 1894 and 1895，will be found in Mr．Brady＇s report for the latter year．＇It appears from these tables，that in the case of First Class Puolic Schools there has been a fair increase（from $19 \frac{1}{4}$ to $22 \frac{3}{4}$ per cent．of the attendance）in the number of pupils in the highest classes（Standard VI and upwards），that in the case of Second Class Public Schools there has been a serious decline in this number，and that in the case of Third Class Public Schools，these standards are virtually unrepresented．In Mission Sehools，I regret to find that the excessive disproportion between the number of ohildren below standard and the number of children in standards is this year still these schools（Standard IV and upwards）shows a regrettable shrinkage．
to be found in the transference of the two excellent Normal College Schools for boys and girls from the rank of Second Class to that of First Class Schools. It may be of interest to compare the percentage of progress in the various classes of schools in this division with those obtained last year in my former circuit (comprising Malmesbury, Schools, $82 \cdot 6$; for A. Worcester). These percentages then stood as follows :-For A. r. 54.7 . Thus the percentage of progress in A. III. Schools, 74 ; for Mission Schools, divisions is found to occupy a strictly intermediate of Mission Schools in these four of Cape Town and the other Mission Schools of the Cape division. The establishment of a relatively large system of Mission Schools in this latter division necessarily involves, as will be readily understood, a lowering of the general average of attendance for the whole division, and at the same time a lowering of the general average of progress.

Subjects of Instruction. - In regard to the teaching of the various fundamental subjects of instruction, I have little to add to the suggestions and criticisms that have been made in previous reports. The subject in which the greatest improvement appears解
 given again, I trust that many mopertunity be more striking testimony to the value teachers will avail themselves of it. I know of no takes place in the writing of a school when once the the rapid metamorphosis which properly systematised. In Reading the level of attainment is on the whole higher been have hitherto found to be customary. I have also been much phased with ther than of the Composition in some of the First Class Public Schools, more enpecially in the South African College School and the Girls' High School at Ronde especially in the the subject which is in the most backward and least promising state.
The experimental study of Natural Science has (with one bright exception) hardly as yet begun. Up to the present time the only school in this division with a suitably quipped Laboratory has been the Wynberg Boys' High School. But at lengt Laboratory has been built at the Normal College; and I am glad to learn that another is very shortly to be erected at the South African College School. At Simons own, it may be added, steps have been taken to provide the High School with a first Sewing is apparatus.
Sewing is generally taught with systematic skill and care. Woodwork, in school or boys, is far from occupying the position to which as a unique educational mean t is properly entitled. In this subject, it is again the Boys' High School at Wynber hich has led the way. And now there is good reason to hope that the practical ecognition of its value will not much longer be delayed.
refer is the position which he orefer is the position which Latin, Algebra and Euclid occupy in Second Class ime of the annual inspection 27 pupils were entered as learning Euclid, 29 as Latin and 56 as learning Algebra. As in schools of this class, in consequencearning mitations as to staff, and of the early age at which their pupils generally leave the teaching of these subjects up to a useful point is hardly to be expected, the abandonment of these subjects is not in their case to be much regretted. I should indeed welcome the dropping out of these subjects from their curricula, if only their place were taken by some subject likely to foster a scientific or literary bent. At present the tendency unfortunately is, when these subjeots are discarded, to restrict the Qualification the substantial, but not too generous fare provided in the standards.

Qualification of Teachers.- The number of certificated teachers during the thir quarid in 1894 ar period in 1894 these numbers were respectively 108 and 173. The percentage of ertificated teachers has thus risen in three years from 38 per cent. of the whole numbe to 57 per cent. In congratulating ourselves upon this marked diminution of the clas of uncertificated teachers, it should in justice be borne in mind that this class still Training of Pupil Teachers.-The well as some of the least efficient teachers.
ing to the latest returns available, was 180,59 of thes being in this division accordthe second year and 72 in the third. These pupil teachers in the first year, 49 in receiving a thoroughly serviceable training in the schools to which they are attach and they appear to be most anxious to profit by the special preparation ahbiched receive for their annual examinations. I may add that at S . Bridget's and S . Patrick's (Roman Catholic) Schools the care which is bestowed upon the training of the pupil teachers is such as to deserve special commendation. In the central classes
the work is animated by an excellent spirit; but it is much hampered by the lack of suitable accommodation and apparatus. There are at present no facilities fo teaching the use of the blackboard, and (what is still more serious) none for the experimental treatment of object lessons and of lessons in physical geography.
hrown upon pupil teachers of the third year. In the excessive strain which is now hhall be glad to see a superior limit placed upon. In the interests of these students I shall be glad to see a superior limit placed upon the number of hours a day which they may give to class teaching. Taking into account the time that they must give to they cannot be required to give more than three hours a day to class teaching without serious risk of arrest of growth and of permanent injury to health. In any case, it is at a heavy cost (to themselves as well as their pupils) that the attempt is made to equip these young people with the entire panoply of the certificated teacher, at a time when their training should have for its main object the forming of the mind and character, and the awakening of those perceptions and impulses which constitute culture.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
EDWARD NOAKS

Wynberg, 31st December, 1897

## 13.-Inspector Rein's Report.

Gircuit: Elliotdale, Matatiele, Mt. Ayliff, Mt. Currie, Mt. Fletcher, Mt. Frere, Mqanduli, Pondoland East, Pondoland West, Qumbu, Tsolo, Umtata, Umzimiulu.]

Sir,-I have the honour to submit my general report for the year 1897
Owing to a severe and most persistent attack of tinea sycosis, contracted in one of the native schools, I regret to state that I was incapacitated for outdoor work for a period of three months. It was only towards the middle of the third month of my ilness that a tocum tenens, Mr. George Underwood, was appointed. Unfortunately it Mount Currie, Matatiele and Mount Fletcher could in consequence not be inspected.

During the year 130 schools were inspected, while 36 schools preparing for a grant were visited; 27 inspections and 8 visits were undertaken by Mr. Underwood.

Supply of Schools.
The following table gives a list of the schools in operation in my circuit at the end of the September quarter, 1897 :-

| Division. | AII | AiII. | P.F. | Poor. | C. | C.I. | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1897. | 1896. |
| Bizana . | . | 1 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Elliotdale | . | . | 1 | $\ldots$ | 1 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Libode . | . | . |  | . | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Matatiele | . | 3 | 4 |  | 16 |  | 23 | 21 |
| Mount Ayliff | i | 1 |  |  | 6 |  | 7 | 6 |
| Mount Currie | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | 13 |  | 20 | 20 |
| Mount Fletcher . | . |  |  |  | 13 | $\cdots$ | 13 | 13 |
| Mount Frere | . | 1 | 1 |  | 20 |  | 22 | 22 |
| Mqanduli | $\ldots$ | . | . |  | 4 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 4 |
| Ngqeleni | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |  | 4 | 4 |
| Ntabankulu Qumbu | . | $\cdots$ |  |  | 4 |  | 4 | 3 |
| Qumbu . . | . | 1 | $\cdots$ | . | 20 | i | 22 | 19 |
| Tsolo Umsikaba | . | 1 |  | . | 24 |  | 25 | 24 |
| Umsikaba | , | 2 | 1 |  | 5 |  | 8 | 4 |
| Umtata . | 1 |  |  | 2 | 13 | 1 | 17 | 15 |
| Umzimkulu |  | 2 | 2 |  | 17 |  | 21 | 21 |
| Total | 2 | 15 | 12 | 2 | 164 | 2 | 197 | 180 |

During the twelve months ending 30th September, 1897, twenty-eight schools were opened, while twelve again became defunct.

|  | AIII. | P.F. | C. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opened | 5 | 5 | 18 | 28 |
| Closed | 2 | 1 | 9 | 12 |

At the beginning of the year the Boys' and Girls' Schools at Shawbury were amalgamated, and the training schools at Shawbury and Umtata were separated from the practising schools. Taking these changes into consideration as well, the official list of the September quarter, 1897, when compared with that of the corresponding quarter of the previous year, shows a net increase of 17 schools.

While the main increase consists of aborigines schools-as is natural, considering the enormous native population of the Territories-it is gratifying to be able to record some activity also on the part of Europeans in establishing new schools. But, unfortunately, the existence of smaller European schools, especially those of the clas A. III, is generally of such an ephemeral nature. This is not due to the fact that the number of pupils required to secure or retain the grant is insufficient; it is almost invariably attributable to the apathy, narrowmindedness, and want of unanimity of the parents. Several village schools, which have been in operation for barely a year, are already in a most precarious way. For the most trivial reason children are withdrawn, and the life and position of a teacher is rendered by no means enviable. This is all the more deplorable, as the present supply of schools for European children is established could be maintained in allourishing state But mans pablic schools if established could be maintained in a flourishing state. But many parents, being themselves illiterate, are disinclined to avail themselves of the liberal terms offered by the equip their progeny for the battle of life. For this class of people I see but one remedy, and that is a School Attendance Act. Unless legislation steps in at an early date, there is every prospect of a further swelling of the contingent known as " Poor Whites," and that too in districts which so far have escaped this calamity.

Enrolment and Attendance.-The enrolment and average attendance for the third quarter of 1897, and the corresponding quarter of the previous year, are given in the subjoined table:-

| Division. |  |  |  | Roll. |  |  | Average Attendance. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1897. | 1996. |  | 1897. | 1896. | ¢ \#. ¢ ¢ ¢ |
| Bizana |  |  |  | 106 | 90 | 16 | 67 | 61 | 6 |
| Elliotdale | . |  | $\ldots$ | 56 | 84 | -28 | 43 | 46 | -3 |
| Libode |  |  |  | 59 |  | 59 | 50 |  | 50 |
| Matatiele | . |  | $\ldots$ | 688 | 728 | -40 | 523 | 567 | -44 |
| Mount Ayliff | . |  | $\ldots$ | 431 | 402 | 29 | 361 | 336 | 25 |
| Mount Currie |  |  | . | 793 | 751 | 42 | 659 | 639 | 20 |
| Mount Fletcher | . |  | . | 643 | 651 | -8 | 479 | 511 | -32 |
| Mount Frere | . |  | . | 1585 | 1541 | 44 | 1216 | 1221 | $-5$ |
| Mqanduli | . |  | . | 267 | 279 | -12 | 186 | 206 | -20 |
| Ngqeleni | . |  | . | 222 | 207 | 15 | 194 | 149 | 45 |
| Ntabankulu | . |  | $\ldots$ | 214 | 196 | 18 | 166 | 133 | 33 |
| Qumbu |  |  | . | 1457 | 1439 | 18 | 1123 | 1083 | $40^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Tsolo |  |  | $\ldots$ | 1531 | 1400 | 131 | 1154 | 988 | 166 |
| Umsikaba |  |  | . | 441 | 350 | 91 | 307 | 228 | 79 |
| Umtata |  |  | . | 913 | 870 | 43 | 674 | 653 | 21 |
| Umzimkulu |  |  | . | 1101 | 1088 | 13 | 888 | 887 | 1 |
| Total | . | . | . | 10507 | 10076 | 431 | 8090 | 7708 | 382 |

We have thus a net increase in roll of 431 ; i.e. of $4 \cdot 3$ per cent. The average attendance for 1897 also shows a slight improvement, being 77 per cent. as against 76.5 per cent. for 1896. Considering that the average attendance for the Colony in the previous year was 74.4 per cent. of the enrolment, and that Rinderpest made its appearance in these Territories at the beginning of the quarter from which the affected, these figures may be looked upon as fairly satisfactory. The average affected, these figures may be looked upon as fairly satisfactory. The average
attendance would compare still better if the Registers were kept correctly in native schools, where it is not an unusual ocourrence to find pupils that have been withdrawn for some time past still shown as being on the roll-thereby, of course, again reducing the average attendance.

## Classification after Inspection.

The results of this year's inspection, showing the attainments of pupils, are embodied in the following summary :-

1. European Schools.

| Division. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mount Ayliff | 1 | 14 | 7 | 3 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Mount Currie | 2 | 21 | 20 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | $\dot{2}$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |
| Mount Frere. . | 2 | 39 | 32 | 7 | 12 | 5 | 3 | 5 |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Qumbu | 1 | 22 | 21 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 |  | . |  |
| Tsolo. . | 1 | 16 | 16 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Umsikaba | 1 | 16 | 15 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Umtata | 3 | 110 | 101 | $\because 3$ | 13 | 20 | 11 | 16 | 13 | 3 |  |
| Umzimkulu | 3 | 48 | 43 | , | 5 | 4 | 12 | 8 |  | 1 |  |
| Total | 14 | 286 | 255 | 65 | 49 | 46 | 34 | 34 | 21 | 4 | 2 |

II. Coloured Schools.

| Division. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bizana | 2 | 79 | 71 | 58 | 4 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Elliotdale . . | 1 | 39 | 33 | 15 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| Matatiele .. | 3 | 78 | 70 | 42 | 17 | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| Mount Ayliff | 4 | 363 | 256 | 125 | 40 | 34 | 39 | 18 |  |  |
| Mount Currie | 1 | 46 | 33 | 16 | 6 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |
| Mount Fletcher | 2 | 44 | 38 | 13 | 19 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| Mount Frere | 20 | 1415 | 1226 | 702 | 224 | 169 | 91 | 40 |  |  |
| Mqandali . | 4 | 267 | 228 | 118 | 41 | 43 | 22 | 4 |  |  |
| Ngqeleni . . | 3 | 179 | 157 | 103 | 27 | 14 | 10 | 3 |  |  |
| Ntabankulu | 3 | 199 | 150 | 111 | 18 | 17 | 4 |  |  |  |
| Qumbu . . | 21 | 1378 | 1215 | 671 | 208 | 173 | 86 | 48 | 6 | 23 |
| Tsolo . | 22 | 1270 | 1079 | 698 | 189 | 121 | 55 | 16 | 6 | 2. |
| Umsikaba.. | 3 | 282 | 247 | 148 | 22 | + 36 | 28 | 13 |  |  |
| Unitata . | 12 | 748 | 646 | 345 | 95 | 88 | 60 | 34 |  | 24 |
| Umzimkulu | 16 | 965 | 821 | 533 | 112 | 103 | 54 | 19 |  | 24 |
| Total. . | 116 | 7352 | 6270 | 3698 | 1028 | 839 | 456 | 196 | 6 | 47 |

Reduced to percentages the attainments of the pupils would appear as follows:-
I. European Schools.

II. Coloured Schools.

| Below Standard |  | 58.9 |  | 189 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard I |  | 16.4 |  | " | 15.5) |
| Standard II |  | $13 \cdot 4$ |  | " | $12)$ |
| Standard III |  | $7 \cdot 3$ | ( | " |  |
| Standard IV |  | $3 \cdot 1$ |  | " | 2) |
| Standard V |  | $\cdot 1$ |  | " | 4) |
| Unclassified |  | $\cdot 8$ |  | " |  |

The average attendance at inspection in both European and Coloured Schools is not so high as in the previous year, being $89 \cdot 2$ per cent. in European schools, as compared with 97 per cent. for 1896 , and 85.3 per cent. in Aborigines Schools as against ${ }_{88}$ pared per cent. The outbreak of Rinderpest will sufficiently explain this decrease, as far as Aborigines Schools are conserned. My only fear is that the devastations caused by the plague will be still keener in the coming year.

As rather more than half of the European Sow have been inspected twice I am my illness, not be inspected, and only a unfortunately prevented from instituting any comparison as to the actual work done.

In the case of Coloured Schools, it is gratifying to note 2 steady movement upwards. Though the percentage of 4.4 per cent. within the past twelve months; and this notwithstanding, a decrease of 4.4 per cent. witha corresponding steady increase in decrease below standards is accompanied it a a colso not be overloooked that it is the standards. This is a very hopeful sign. centres (i.e. first inspections) which tend to newly established schools in heathenish centres a great extent. In Ntabankulu, for swell the numbers telow in Bizana as much as 81.7 per cent, are in sub-standards; example, 74 per cent., and in izanant Frere, Qumbu, and Mount Ayliff the figures whereas for the older districts of Mount Frere, $48.8(57.7$ in 1896), respectively.

Annual Progress of Pupils.
The results here given are taken from all schools inspected during the year where The resuts here available.
I. European Schgols.


| Division. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elliotdale |  | 1 | 17 | 13 | 4 |  | $76 \cdot 5$ |  |
| Matatiele |  | 3 | 31 | 20 | 11 | $\cdots$ | $64 \cdot 5$ |  |
| Mount Ayliff | $\ldots$ | 4 | 93 | 74 | 19 | $\cdots$ | $79 \cdot 5$ | $6 \mathrm{i} \cdot 7$ |
| Mount Currie | . | 1 | 17 | 15 | 2 |  | $88 \cdot 2$ |  |
| Mount Fletcher | . | 2 | 21 | 17 | 4 |  | $80 \cdot 9$ |  |
| Mount Frere | . | 20 | 517 | 337 | 178 | 2 | $65 \cdot 2$ | $58 \cdot 5$ |
| Mqanduli . . | $\ldots$ | 4 | 105 | 73 | 30 | 2 | $69 \cdot 5$ |  |
| Ngqeleni . . | . | 2 | 45 | 30 | 15 |  | $66 \cdot 6$ |  |
| Ntabankulu. . | . | 2 | 15 | 13 | 2 | $\cdots$ | $86 \cdot 6$ |  |
| Qumbu | . | 17 | 409 | 330 | 78 | i | $80 \cdot 7$ | $6 \stackrel{\square}{8}$ |
| Tsolo |  | 17 | 277 | 194 | 81 | 2 | 70 |  |
| Umtata |  | 8 | 184 | 116 | 67 |  | 63 |  |
| Umzimkulu | $\ldots$ | 15 | 235 | 189 | 46 | . | 80 | $5 i \cdot 6$ |
| Total | . | 96 | 1966 | 1421 | 537 | 8 | $72 \cdot 28$ | 55 |

The European Schools, for reasons above mentioned, must again be left out of consideration.

The advance made this year by the pupils in Native Schools is most conspicuous, the percentage being $72 \cdot 28$ as against 55 in 1896. Two reasons may be adduced to account for this. The first is that in several divisions the pupils had a period of 15 to 18 months to prepare their work. The second, and to my mind the main reason, is that the native teachers, slow to grasp any innovation, have at length become reconciled to the remodelled system of Standards. I was also pleased to note that improved methods still in a woeful minority. However, there can not but unfortunately these schools are training of the mind are more in evidence, since translation from that intelligence and Sesuto, and vice versa, has been insisted upon. Ready answers in Gnglish into Kafir or definitions in Grammar-the two worst-taught subjects, exclusive of Arithmetio in Native Schools-when given in English, are no indication whatsoever that the subject matter is actually understood, unless the ideas can also be adequately expressed in the of teaching so much in vonly means of combating the mechanical, parrot like method of teaching so much in vogue in Native Schools.

Pupil Teachers.-63 Pupil Teachers and Candidates for the Teacher's Certificate were examined by me during the year, 47 of these were receiving professional training in the Native Institutions at Shawbury and Umtata, while the remaining 16 were sent in by private European Sohools.

School Buildings, Furniture, \&e.-Commodious and well ventilated premises have ooen erected for the Kokstad Public School, and important improvements have been carried out in connection with the equipment of the Public School at Umtata. At the energy of the Principal of the School a library has also been started, mainly through the among European Schools.
Considerable activity has been manifested in the erection and improvement of buildings for school purposes among the coloured community. Many schools are, however, still very inadequately housed. The worst case is, without doubt, that of the Girls' School at Emfundisweni, where the dilapidated state of the building stauds in glaring contrast to the excellent work done by the staff. 1 must also add, that thanks to the zeal and loyal support of the Rev. R. P. Underwood of Osborn, a most marked improvement has been effected in the equipment of the sohools under his superinendence in the district of Mount Frere. It would be well if other Missionary Superintendents would follow his example.
which the local contributions in aid report I referred to the unsatisfactory manner in which the local contributions in aid of the teacher's salary are paid, and expressed the
wish that the Glen Grey Bill might ere long be extended, if not to Pondoland at any rate to Tembuland and East Griqualand. I here again give expression to the wish. A general rate for educational purposes is urgently needed, and is even longed for by the more enlightened natives of these districts. Under the unsatisfactory arrange-
 And if the headman happens to take little or no interest in school matters the teacher may at the most receive only a fraction of the amount due. A few weeks ago a case was brought to my notice where the teacher of a large school and of many years' standing had not received a single penny of the local allowance for full fifteen months. Recurrences af such an experience can be obviated only by legislation.

Teachers.-At the 130 schools inspected during the year there were employed 206 teachers. Leaving out of account two trade instructors and five sewing mistresses, the remaining 199 teachers may be classified as follows:-

> A. Europeans.-(1) 11 males of which six certificated.
> (2) 16 females, of which five certificated.
> B. Coloured.- (1) 103 males, of which 38 certificated.
(2) 69 females, of which four certificated.

It will thus be seen that of the European teachers 40 per cent. were provided with a certificate of professional training; while of the Coloured teachers rather more than 75 per cent. were without such a qualification. Now, when we bear in mind that in the case of native teachers "uncertifieated " is in many instances synonymous with "incompetent," it will be obvious that there is a vast scope for improvement in the class of teacher employed. Though a higher efficiency will doubtless be attained when vacation courses are held and become more frequent in the territories, the main remedy will be with the Training Institutions. But the fact cannot be overlooked that for many years to come the demand for qualified teachers will be far in excess of the supply. It will also, I believe, not be out of place to point out that the Civi ervice is enabled the ofred more lucrative appointments as clerks or interpreters at a Magistrate's Court.

I have the honour to be,
Sir
Your obedient Servant,
THEO. W. REIN
(Lumbu, 6th January, 1898.

## 14.-Inspector Le Roux's Report.

Circuit :-Malmesbury, PaArl, Robertson, and Worcester.]
Sir,-I have the honour to submit my Report for the year 1897.

## Schools Inspected.

I commenced operations in my present circuit early in February, and continued until the last day of the school term, during which period I inspected 138 schools, viz. :-


The number 137 is 19 short of the total number of schools on my list at the end of the current year. Of these 19, Inspector Noaks inspected 13. Of the remaining , 1 was found closed on the last day of the last quarter, and the other 5 have been oned since my last visit of inspection
Pupils Registered. Pupils Present.
9,156

Supply of Schools.
The number of schools inspected, and the class of school for each division, are given below :-


Note.-Since the last inspection one school has beeen closed in the Parl Division, and the following changes have taken place with respect to certain other schools, viz: :-

3 P. F. Schools have become A. ini. Schools.
1 A. II. School has become A. I.
1 A. II. School has become A. III.
[G. 7-'98.]

During the past 3 years there has been a steady increase in the number of schools, as the following table shows:-

|  |  | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. | Increase on 1896 . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Malmesbury } . . \\ \text { Paarl } \\ \text { Robertson } & \ldots \\ \text { Worcester } & \ldots \end{array}$ | . | 51 | 52 |  | ${ }^{5}$ |
|  | $\ldots$ | 36 <br> 32 | 40 30 | ${ }_{30}^{41}$ | ${ }_{0}$ |
|  | $\ldots$ | 24 | 23 | 26 | 3 |
|  | .. | 143 | 145 | 154 | 9 |

The number of schools opened during the past year is 17 , viz. :-4 A. irr. Schools, 10 P. F. Schools, 2 Poor Schools, and 1 Evening School. The number closed is 8 , viz. :-6 P. F. Schools, and 2 Mission Schools.

Distributed among the 4 divisions they stand thus :-


Enrolment and Attendance.
In the following table the Enrolment and Attendance for the four quarters ending 30th September, 1896 and 1897, are compared -


[^2]There is also a slight improvement in the rate of attendance to eurolment. It stands thus for each of the Divisions :-

| Malmesbury | $\ldots$ | .. | 7896 | 1897. |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paarl | .. | .. | . | 76 | 77 |
| per cent. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Robertson | .. | .. | .. | 76 | 78 |
| Worcester | . | .. | .. | 75 | 78 |

Distribution of Pupils into Standards.-How the pupils, who were present at the last inspection in each division, were classified is shown in the following table:-
$\qquad$

| Division. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \text { 第 } \\ & \text { g } \\ & \text { W } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 皆 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Malmesbiry | 2393 | 2047 | 769 | 300 | 333 | 245 | 206 | 103 | 49 | 32 | 10 | 0 |
| Paarl .. | 3755 | 2955 | 1001 | 330 | 312 | 290 | 309 | 208 | 159 | 91 | 0 | 255 |
| Robertson | 1415 | 1206 | 467 | 155 | 182 | 144 | 135 | 74 | 26 | 7 | 4 | 12 |
| Worcester | 1593 | 1298 | 508 | 171 | 193 | 151 | 123 | 61 | 50 | 17 | 15 | 9 |
| Total. | 9156 | 7506 | 2745 | 956 | 1020 | 830 | 773 | 446 | 284 | 147 | 29 | 27 |
| for 1896 | 8714 | 7490 | 2832 | 1138 | 1020 | 821 | 649 | 385 | 279 | 62 | 10 | 294 |
| Increase.. | ${ }^{442}$ | 16 | -87 | -182 | 0 | 9 | 124 | 61 | 5 | 85 | 19 | -18 |

On comparing the totals for 1896 and 1897, I find that, whereas there is a fairly substantial increase in the roll, the attendance shows an increase of only 16. That the attendance does not show a proportionate increase to the roll is accounted for by the faet that several schools, which had been inspected in the division of Malmesbury. in 1896, had to be taken in 1897 just when the harvesting season was in full swing. I may remark here that it seems very desirable to transfer the inspection of schools in the Malmesbury division in the third quarter, so as to prevent what has been a matter of rather frequent occurrence this year, namely, the interference of special ordays dur its inspection of its schools deferred to the last quarter. The increase in Standards III to Progress of $P$ gra
Progress of Pupils.-Out of 3,517 pupils who were present at two consecutive inspections, 2,746 or $78 \cdot 1$ per cent. advanced a Standard; $7 \cdot 63$ or $21 \cdot 7$ per cent, made no distinct advance, and 8 or 2 per cent. receded a Standard.

The percentages for the different types of school work out thus:-

| Kind of | School. | No. of Schools Inspected. | Per cent. in Higher St. | Per cent. in same St. | Per cent. in Lower St. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. I | .. .. | 13 | $83 \cdot 6$ | $16 \cdot 4$ |  |
| A. II | . . . | 17 | $77 \cdot 1$ | $22 \cdot 9$ |  |
| A. III | .. . | 35 | $81 \cdot 5$ | $18 \cdot 5$ |  |
| P. F. | .. . | 30 | $75 \cdot 7$ | $23 \cdot 7$ | $\because 6$ |
| Poor |  | 8 | $84 \cdot 6$ | $15 \cdot 4$ |  |
| Mission | . | 32 | $67 \cdot 2$ | $32 \cdot 2$ | $\cdot 6$ |

Un comparing these results with those of last year, it is pleasing to note that there has been a further general advance in efficiency, with the exception of A. 2 Schools, in which the percentage is lower this year.

School Buildings and Equipment. - In the majority of eases I found that recommendations, made by Inspector Noaks, had been carried out, if not in full, partly at least. Throughout the circuit there is gratifying progress in respect of new, or enlargement and improvement of, existing premises,
[G. 7-'98.]

Newer and more suitable furniture is gradually being introduced almost everywhere.

Infant or so-called Kindergarten Departments are far from satisfactory in the matter of equipment. Bright rooms, with pictures and other attractions, are still conspicuous by their absence in most schools. The importance of the school hibrary as an efficient auxiliary, not only in teaching but in developing a taste for sound reading, has been constantly brought prominently before the minds of teachers and pupils, and several schools have responded to suggestions made. Eight schools have during the pas past increased their number of books by 939 volumes. respectively. I mean to take this matter up.afresh next year, and I look forward to the time when not only every First Class Public School but every Public School shall have a library of its own

In many schools Sanitation is still defective. This is a serious matter, for apart from the risk of infection, pupils get accustomed to unclean and immodest habits. Special Institutions.-Appreciation of the good work done in the Institute for Deaf Mutes and the Blind at Worcester is shown in the almost universal support whio that institution receives. The new building for the blind is a great acquisition, and provides a much felt want.

With reference to the Training School at Wellington, the expectation cherished has, I think, been realised, and the work remains full of promise for the future. The influx during the year has been considerable, and the advisability of raising the standar of admission, more especially for the Pupil-Teachers' Course, is a matter for Suljects of

Suljects of Instruction.-I have come across schools where Reading, more particularly in the juuior classes, was excellent. But what struck me as almost universal was tha Reading seems to deteriorate in the higher standards, and that girls, as a rule, read better than boys. Fluency and expression are more frequently found in Standards I. to III. than higher up.
The upright or semi-upright style of writing is becoming general and the influence f the Vacation Courses on the teaching of both writing and singing is apparent.

In Arithmetic, and more particularly in Mental Arithmetic, the results were often very gratifying.
Composition has not kept pace with the general advance in most standard subjects. My opinion is that this subject does not receive the attention it merits. Mistakes in exercise books, both in grammar and spelling, too frequently tell their tale of neglect of proper supervision.

Incustral Worl-Sewing receives increasing attention, but in Mission Schools ack of material was frequently an excuse for not fully complying with the standard requirements.

Manual Instruction for Boys is still confined to a few schools only. Good work is being done in the First Class Public Schools at Wellington, Blauwvallei, and Worcester ; but old established schools, like those of Robertson, Montagu, and the Paarl, have not yet entered the ranks. In connection with the school at Blauwvande a scheme for providerang I trust it may lead to something definite.

## Miscellaneous.

Discipline and Tone are in most schools commendable, and there are many teachers who realise the importance of combining the intellectual with the moral training. A few, however, are found who, in their anxiety to do well on the day of ingection, often exceed the bounds of strict honesty. The example they set in rendering, or in trying to render, unlawful help, is bound to leave its infuence on the mind
of their pupils. their pupils.
I have also a word to say with reference to the closing of schoors, notabinstancs Schools, on days other than those provided for in the almanale, when, for example, the when irregularity in Monday's school-work is unavoidable, when, for example, thay farmer and his family attend churening in time for school; but the closing of a school for purposes of reereation and pleasure, with the intention of making up for it some Saturday, is unpardonable, and teachers are cautioned against doing this.

Injudicious Promotion of Pupils.-It may have been that advantage was taken of the change in the inspectorate of this district, but in many a school I found a tendency to overlook failures of the previous year, and to present pupils for standaras for which
they were unfit. The good of the pupil should not be sacrificed either to his wishes or those of his parents.

Conclusion.
In reviewing the work of the past year I am glad to know that there has been marked progress in almost every department. What I regret is that, owing to the number of she when needed.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
B. P. J. LE ROUX.

Wellington, 4th January, 1889,

## 15.-Inspector Theron's Report.

[Circuit: Beaufort West, Carnarvon, Fraserburg, Murraysburg, Prince Albert, Sutherland, Victoria West.]

Sir,-I have the honour to submit to you herewith my General Report for the twelve months'ending December 31st, 1897.

Supply of Schools.-In December, 1896, there were, as stated in my last annual report, one hundred schools of all classes and grades in the districts under my inspection at the present moment the number is 119 , and these are scattered over 44,401 squar miles of country. As has been pointed out before the sparseness of population, and the great distances separating homesteads in rural areas are serious factors in keeping down the percentage of school attendance in these divisions of the Colony, and ar ikely to prove a great hindrance to future legislation for compulsory education. Th schools that have come on the list during 1897 are as follows:-

$$
\begin{array}{rccc}
\text { Third Class Public Schools . . } & \text {.. } & \ldots 10 \\
\text { Poor Schools } \\
\text { Private Farm Schools. . . } & \text {.. } & \ldots & \ldots \\
6 \\
\text { Total } & \text {.. } & \text {.. } & \ldots .38
\end{array}
$$

The following is the list of lapsed schools for the same period:-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Third Class Public Schools } \\
& \text { Poor Schools } \\
& \text { Mission School } \\
& \text { • } \\
& \text {.. } \quad . . \\
& \text {. } \quad . \quad 8 \\
& \text { Private Farm Schools } \\
& \text { Total } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
. \\
\hline \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
& \text { - } \frac{9}{10}
\end{aligned}
$$

This net increase of fifteen schools compares favourably with last year's decreas of fourteen. These figures refer to the year ending December 31st, 1897, but as it i impossible to tell with any degree of accuracy how many schools may have closed during the last quarter, I shall compare the quarterly abstract for September, 1896, with tha for the corresponding month this year. From this source I find that last year 104 schools sent in returns and this year the number has risen to 116. To this must be added two farm schools in Prince Albert and one in Murraysburg, which have been opened since September, bringing up the total to 119. The figures in the following table have likewise been taken from the Abstracts for the September quarters, and reveal at a glance what contributions the districts have severally made to the increase above referred to.

|  |  |  |  | No. of Sohools. |  | Increase. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Sept., 1896. | Sept., 1897. |  |
| Beaufort West |  | . | . | 26 | 31 | 5 |
| Carnarvon | . | . | . | 10 䌡 | 7 | -3 |
| Fraserburg | . | . | $\ldots$ | 14 | 16 | 2 |
| Murraysburg |  |  | . | 12 | 8 | -4 |
| Prince Albert | . | . | . | 15 | 29 | 14 |
| Sutherland |  |  | . | 6 | 2 | -4 |
| Victoria West |  | . | . | 21 | 23 | 2 |
| Totals | . | . | . | 104 | 116 | 12 |

The very satisfactory advance ( 93 per cent.) in the case of Prince Albert is due almost entirely to the praiseworthy efforts of the Rev. A. G. du Toit, who proved using persuasion wherever necessary, besides devoting much time and labour to the cause in various ways. The large measure of success he attained furnishes another proof of the value of such assistance as a man in his position can give.

Beaufort West and Victoria West have remained almost stationary. The latter district has gone through the agonies of a severe drought, which, to those who know what it means, is sufficient excuse for much in the way of omission. These two districts should give a better account of themselves next year, and so should Fraserburg. Of the districts that have receded, Carnarvon and Sutherland are the most in need of country schools, and their present educational condition is indeed pitiable. Here also the recent drought has cut the ground from under several schools, has reduced the attendance at others, and has nipped in the bud many a good intention which might have resuited in new ventures. The last remaining country school in Sutherland was closed on the suth indeed for want of Government support, for the rate of grant per for not indeed for want of Government support, for the rate of grant per pupil for
15 scholars present at last inspection was no less than $£ 611 \mathrm{~s}$. 8d., which is 15 scholars present at last inspection was no less than 46 Hos . 8d., which is
far above the average. In Murraysburg, the luss of 4 schonis is accompanied by a deerease of 15 scholars in the total enrolment, and 9 in the average attendance. The district is a small one, comparatively speaking, and on a recent tour I was surprised to find many fewer centres where schools could be started than I had expected. The majority of the farmers are fairly well-to-do, and many of them have their children educated away from home. Those, on the other hand, who are not in a position to incur the necessary expense, suffer through the absence of country schools. An A. III. will be re-opened at Poortje, and a private farm sehool started at Boksfontein next February.

The free building grants which have been set apart for poor localities will, I hope, be taken full advantage of wherever needed. Thus far, only two places have been found in my circuit where the conditions justified the bestowal of such grants, and where men came forward who were sufficiently self-sacrifing to interest themselves in the matter. It would, of course, have been next to impossible to have done anything
without local co-operation and management to direct building operations. The without local co-operation and management to direct building operations. The
two places referred to are Van Wyk's Vlei in Carnarvon, and Koornplaats in two places referred to are Van Wyk's Vlei in Carnarvon, and Koornplaats in
the division of Sutherland. In the former case the liberal grant of £350 was given, and has been economically expended on a teacher's house and schoolroom, Mr. Nicholson, C.C. and R.M. of Carnarvon, interested himself in the matter. and the work was superintended by Mr E. Garwood Alston, of Van Wyk's Vlei, whose assistance proved invaluable. Koornplaats is a farm in what is known as the "Moordenaars Karoo," and although within 50 miles of Laingsburg has very little communication with the outer world, appearing to be entirely beyond the reach of civilising influences. The name of the locality is seemingly not inappropriate. It is a dismal portion of a most uninviting part of country, and the people-well, they are sadly in need of all possible moral force to influence them in the direction of progress and education. The Rev. De Wet of Laingsburg has spared no pains in pushing forward the work of building the school, for which a grant of £200 was issued. The total outlay has been about $£ 250$, the extra amount being guaranteed by Mr. De Wet and a few local friends of education, whose help I must gratefully acknowledge. Similar work is soon to be begun at Van der Byl's Kraal. This farm is the residence of a special Justice of the Peace in the Division of Beaufort West. I found on enquiry that there were 54 farms or homesteads which fall under the jurisdiction of
this gentleman. The owners of these farms, with their "bijwoners," muster fully 75 this gentleman. The owners of these farms, with their of shool-going age. Of these, about 40 are provided for in aided country schools. Here it is proposed to build boarding accommodation, and to make a recently erected Duteh Church chapel serve as schoolroom. This neglected tract of country comprises the western corner of Beaufort West and portions of the Divisions of Prince Albert and Sutherland.

Enrolment and Attendance. -The following table indicates what progress has taken place during the last three years. The percentages of children at school in 1892 are also given for the different districts. These figures refer to white children exclusively.

Inspection Results. - The pupils' attainments in standard requirements are indicated below:-

| Class of School. | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { Roll. } \end{gathered}$ | Present. | No. of Pupils reaching Standards. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Below. | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. | 荌 |
| First Class Public | 631 | 599 | 157 | 78 | 67 | 116 | 77 | 54 | 31 | 12 | 7 |
| Second Class Public. . | 197 | 174 | 54 | 17 | 38 | 28 | 19 | 13 | 4 | 1 |  |
| Third Class Public . . | 505 | 487 | 203 | 65 | 80 | 78 | 38 | 23 |  |  |  |
| Private Farm | 453 | 440 | 150 | 68 | 78 | 74 | 39 | 15 | 15 | 1 |  |
| Poor.. | 319 | 287 | 167 | 38 | 26 | 42 | 13 | 1 | . . |  |  |
| Mission | 856 | 692 | 500 | 94 | 67 | 21 | 10 | . . | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |

The following percentages are derived from the figures in foregoing table :-
(a) European Schools.

| Below Standard |  |  | 3678 per cent |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard I |  |  | 13.37 | " |
| Standard II |  |  | 14.54 | " |
| Standard III |  |  | 17.01 | ", |
| Standard IV. |  |  | $9 \cdot 36$ | " |
| Standard V |  |  | $5 \cdot 33$ | ", |
| Standard VI and above |  |  | $3 \cdot 57$ |  |

(b) Mission Schools.

| Below Standard |  |  | $72 \cdot 25$ per cent. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slandard I |  |  | 13.85 | , |
| Standard II |  |  | $9 \cdot 68$ | " |
| Standard III |  |  | $3 \cdot 03$ |  |
| Standard IV |  |  | $1 \cdot 44$ |  |
| Above Standard IV |  |  | $0 \cdot 00$ |  |

Annual Progiess of Pupils.-In the following table the examination results of 36 sohools are left out of account, as they were this year inspected for the first time :-


At schools for Europeans 25.88 per cent. of the total number of pupils presented for standards failed, and at Mission Schools the percentage of failures was 53.61 . for standards failed, and at Mission Schools the percentage of failures was 53.61 . The fact that at one First Class School 102 pupils passed out of 110 presented, while at another only 35 were
differ in degree of merit.
Cost per pupil to Government.-The average rate of grant per child present at inspection is given below for all except Private Farm Schools in my circuit, and for
the purpose of comparison the averages for the whole Colony (last year's figures) are also given :-


The cheapest institution under my inspection is a First Class Girls' School where the cost per pupil was at last inspection only $£ 115 \mathrm{~s}$. 5 d . This calculation includes four pupil teacher grants
Qualifications of Teachers.-Uncertificated teachers still maintain the preponderance in lower grade schools. In first and second class schools few remain who do not possess scholastic credentials of some sort. In 1894 I found three teachers without certificates in Ai schools; this year there was only one amongst 17. In A in schools this year five teachers were certificated and three had passed no educational test. In A inl schools found 50 per cent of uncerticated teachers, in Poor Schools 60 per cent., in P. F held the T iII certificate.

School Buildings.-Under this heading I mentioned last year (1) the erection of suitable accommodation at Carnarvon, and (2) the addition of one classroom to the Public School at Victoria West. This year I have much satisfaction in referrin to the completion of (1) the Boys' School at Beaufort West, and (2) the new and commodious quarters for the Mixed School at Prince Albert. The former is a substantial and tasteful stone building; the furniture also, I am glad to say, is to be new and of modern type. A large classroom has been added to the accommodation of the Girls' School at Beaufort West ; but this has not sufficiently provided for the growing needs of the school. The teacher's residence at Prince Albert is also being enlarged, so as to make provision for about 15 boarders.

Pupil-Teachers.-I very much regret that hardly any addition to the number of young people that are being trained as teachers can be recorded. Last year were examined by me in the practical part of their work; this year there were 17 andidates, of whom were not indentured. The work is better in every respect解 Seond Class Schols without indentured pupil-aeshers in mira Th. I ocond Class Sohied to see remedied.
Subjects of Inst
Subjects of Instruction.-To go into details regarding the shortcomings in the eaching of every standard requirement would be repeating in effect what I have said o remarking that the faults reports for ' 94 , '95 and ' 96 . I shall therefore confine mysel distinct improvement may be noted in some particulars. For instance, the meaning of the reading lesson is generally better known, written arithmetic is slowly improving failures in spelling are of less frequent occurrence. I intend attaching increased importance to grammur and mental arithmetic next year in determining passes in tandards, and I hope to find evidence that composition is seriously taught in Standard IV. and V.

Kindergarten classes have this year been started at Victoria West and Prince Albert.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

## 16.-Inspector Watermeyer's Report.

## [Circuit: Bredasporp, Caledon, Stellenbosch, Swellendam.]

Sir,-I have the honour to forward to you herewith my annual report on the sehools in my circuit.

I shall restrict myself in it to bare statements of fact, reserving generalisations for next year, when I shall have been through the circuit a second time, and shall consequently be in a better position to make comparisons and to draw conclusions.

I am pleased to state that I was able to inspect personally all the schools, numbering 136, in operation in the varions districts of the circuit at the time of my visit t hese districts. Of these, twelve were now inspected for the first time, viz, four in ellendam.
The number of schools in operation in the circuit last year was 144 , so that 20 chools have ceased to exist since then. The majority of these lapsed schools lie in the Swellendam district

It is gratifying to note that the Swellendam Boy
Results at Inspection. -The following table shows the number of children in school and the standard reached at inspection. The figures for 1896 are given collaterally for purposes of comparison.

|  |  |  | Breda | sdorp. | Cale | on. | Stelle | bosch. | Swelle | dam. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. |
| Roll |  |  | 1016 | 998 | 1721 | 1754 | 1718 | 1752 | 1233 | 1375 | 5688 | 5879 |
| Prosent at Inspection |  | . | 844 | 861 | 1491 | 1496 | 1491 | 1489 | 1077 |  | 4902 |  |
| Below Standard |  |  | 472 | 468 | 724 | 756 | 668 | 680 | 480 | 589 | 2344 | 2493 |
| Standard I | . | . | 130 | 140 | 276 | 245 | 166 | 190 | 152 | 145 | 724 | 720 |
| Standard II .. |  | . | 108 | 111 | 226 | 214 | 214 | 165 | 166 | 169 | 714 | 659 |
| Standard III .. |  |  | 88 | 79 | 150 | 131 | 146 | 144 | 118 | 120 | 502 | 474 |
| Standard IV .. |  |  | 28 | 34 | 56 | 88 | 81 | 91 | 78 | 93 | 243 | 306 |
| Standard V .. |  | .. | 11 | 15 | 34 | 25 | 66 | 76 | 4 | 58 | 155 | 174 |
| Standard VI .. |  |  | 4 | 7 | 13 | 19 | 37 | 40 | 21 | 27 | 75 | 93 |
| Standard VII.. |  | . |  |  | 7 | 4 | 19 | 30 | 2 | 4 | 28 | 38 |
| Ex. Standard .. |  | .. |  |  |  | 5 | 57 |  | 1 | 1 | 58 | 42 |
| Unclaesified .. | .. | .. | ${ }_{3}$ | 7 | 4 | 9 | 37 | 37 | 15 | 15 | 59 | 68 |

From these figures it will appear that although the number of schools in operation is less by 8 than last year, yet the number of children on the roll has increased by 191 and the number present at inspection by 164.

If we take the percentage of pupils on the roll present at inspection, we find that the numbers for this year and last are identical, being 86 per cent. Bredasdorp and Swellendam show an increase from 83 per cent. and 86 per cent. to 86 per cent. and 89 per cent. respectively, whereas Caledon and Stellenbosch both sink from 87 per cent. to 85 per cent.

The following table shows these figures concisely :-
Percentage of Pupils on Roll present at Inspection.


## Circuit Reports.

Annual Progress of Pupils.-Of the 5055 children present at inspection this year, 1979 were also present last year, and of these 1491 advanced a Standard. This shows that 75 per cent. of the children who were present at school for the full year have advanced a Standard. The number last year was 67 per cent.
If we distribute the advance among the various classes of schools we get the
results shown in the following table.
Percentage of children who advanced a Standard during the year:-


School Buildings, Furniture, \&c.
The good progress in the erection of school buildings continues. The Stellenbosch Gymnasium has removed into its new home-a set of buildings worthy of the school. The Third Class Public School at Greyton, Caledon, has just opened its new classrooms; the committee deserve all credit for having completed the work so speedily. I hope soon to be able to report that several others of the schools at present very inadequately housed have followed the good example of these schools.

In the matter of school furniture and appliances there is not the same hopeful sign. It is to be regretted that in so few instances are schools equipped with any thing more than the most necessary desks, blackboards, maps, and reading cards Committees do not seem to appreciate sufficiently the want in this matter.

## Subjecis of Instruction

In Reading the chief fault I have to notice is want of expression. Simultaneous reading, too, is not practised sufficiently

Spelling and Dictation are not weak generally I am glad to notice that rewritin words misspelt is practised in most schools.
Writing is not generally taught methodically. As far as possible all the members of a class should write the same copy at the same time, and transcription should be resorted to regularly.

In Arithmetic problems are neglected very much. Most teachers seem satisfied to let their children work the various rules meehanically. Mental Arithmetic is neglected. Instead of mental exercises preceding slate work, the converse is the practice.

In Geography the text book is followed too closely, and the interest of the children is not excited. The same remarks apply to History.

In only a few of the sels in my
In only a few of the schools in my circuit are the higher subjects of instruction taught, and thoroughness characterizes the teaching.

I should like to see more done to calisthenics, drill, action songs, and similar exercises in infant schools and departments.

## Teachers.

Qualifications.-There is an increase in the percentage of teachers with professional certificates. At present 40 per cent. of the teachers in my circuit are certificated. Last year the number was 34 per cent. The increase is chiefly in the number of Third Class Teacher Certifioates,

Supply of Teachers.-The supply of teachers falls far short of the demand. This is due, to some extent, to the small salaries offered, but partly also to the isolation of,
and want of attraction in the life of a teacher in so many of Want of attraction in the life of a teacher in so many of our outlying sohools from the periodical vacation courses of leetures to teachers. large number of teachers in my circuit gained certificates at these lectures at mairly who have failed to gain certificates show by their improved method that they have

## The School Systea

P. F. Schools. -These are increasing in number and efficiency.

Poor Schools.-Many more are needed. Some of those already in existence are doing exceptionally good work.
Evening Schools. The two in operation in my circuit during the year were in an Mixed White and Coloured Scheen closed.
They may be a matter of necessity in a few lould like to see fewer of these schools. should attend separate schools.

Conclusion.
I have spent some time-as muoh as I could arrange for, but only a small fraction of what I feel is needed-in visiting neglected areas f new sohools. I trust to make more time for areas with a view to the establishment I am able to testify to increased interest in work next year.
look upon this as a hopeful sign. In these districts a large in the rural districts, and inhabitants are anxiously looking iorward to a compurge percentage of the influential assured that the time for one has arrived

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
C. E. Z. WATERMEYER.

Sea Point, 30th December, 1897.

## 17.-Rallway Education Officer's Repopt.

Sir,-I have the honour to submit to you my general report for the year 1897.

1. General.-Immediately on appointment, I visited all the then existing schools, and conferred with the respective School Committees.

I was much struok with the difficulties under which soholastic work was carried out at the various stations and Railway Camps, notably the absence of suitable accommodation for both children and teachers, as well as the general apathy at many of the school centres in regard to the advantages of educating the young. In many cases the slightest difficulty in the way of travelling to scheol was readily availed of as an excuse for keeping the children at home; and whilst some of the school committee endeavoured, energetically, to promote school attendance, there was room for very decided improvement.

On my visit of inspection, I compiled data regarding :-
(a) Existing school attendances
(b) School supply and accommodation.
(c) Equipment.
(d) Distances which present pupils travelled, and distances probable pupils would be required to travel to an education centre.
(e) Distribution and centres of railway population.
(f) Possible school attendances
and I found that the statistical information thus compiled afforded good groundworks for subsequent action

The two circumstances that appear to be most detrimental to education are
(1) Irregularity of attendance.
(2) Imperfect school supply.
2. Enrolment and attendance.-A census of the children of railway employés was made during the first half of the year, and although the particulars asked for were not supplied by every employé, the result obtained are sufficiently impressive. They are as follows :-

Number of children on Census forms

| Do. | do. | of school-going age | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots, 478$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Do. | do. | attendingotherthan Railway | Schools | 2,284 |  |
| Do. | do. | attending Railway Schools | $\ldots$ | 973 |  |
| Do. | do. | not at School | . | .. | .. |
|  |  |  | 2,108 |  |  |

From these figures it will be seen that the actual state of attendance falls far short of what it ought to be. Allowing for all the children who may be legitimately supposed be sen for the who ought to have been in attendance is 3,081 . But for the quarter during which the Census was compiled, there were only 973 actually on the quarter during which the of these only 782 were in average daily attendance. Again of the 973 on the roll, of these only
250 were the children of farmers and other residents near the railway, and were therefore not included in the number appearing on the census, unfortunately this still further accentuates the backwardness of education amongst the children of the railway staff In other words for every 100 children of school age who might have been at school, only thirty-one per cent. were on the registers, and only twenty-five per cent. in daily attendance.

There are several other causes that may be taken as going far to account for this serious disproportion between the actual and the requisite attendance. The first was the difficulty of starting a school where it was really needed, and the lack of the necessary perseverance to keep it going when started. The second is due to the apathy of the parents, the nature of their employment, and the peculiar circumstances of their
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surroundings. In some instances the apathy amounts to gross neglect. The testimony to this effect is quite overwhelming. One parent when asked why he failed to send his childreu regularly to school, actually replied "they may go if they please." And this is not by any means a solitary instance. The third cause is the excessive cost of education at many of the only schools which are accessible. A ganger with is. 6d. or a sub-ganger with 5 s. 6d. a day, residing near a town or village, after deducting 18. a day for house rent, and paying for food and clothing for his family, cannot afford to pay the fees of the better class town schools. Some of the Committees, it is true, make a liberal allowance in such cases, but they are rather the exception than the rule. The fourth cause is that most of the Committees have hitherto done nothing, or next to nothing, to secure proper regularity of attendance. The fifth is that throughout the Colony there lingers in the minds of the parents a strong prejudice against sending their children to school at an earlier age than 7 or at the soonest 6 . Hence the small proportion of children below 7 to be found in schools. Recently, I am glad to say, there have been signs of improvement in regard to the matter. Better provision is being made for the instruction of infants, and more children from 5 to 6 are now beginning to atteud. The sixth cause, which is a very formidable obstacle to regularity of attendance, is the fact that the children are often but poorly clothed and fed, and that the parents too readily make this an excuse. The seventh okstaile is the desire of the parents to profit by their children's labour. The value of it is no doubt considerable, but it is less so, I think, than is often supposed, and not worth the price that is in reality paid for it. Much would be gained if the parents could be made to understand, as I believe some are beginning to do, that the more regular and the longer they keep their children at school, not only will the children be better fitted to fulfil the duties of their after life, but will all the sooner secure more lucrative employment. In this connection it may be stated that the present District Engineer at Queenstown shews in a marked degree the high value he sets upon educational work, by insisting on all children who seek employment in his department bringing a certificate from the teacher of their school, that they have passed the fourth standard. If all Railway Officers would make such a sine qua non of entry into the service, they would do something notable to equip the future generation for the battle of life. It is a deplorable fact that many of the present gangers can neither read nor write; and when a note is received from their superior officer, they often, to my certain knowledge, have to take it to the nearest farmer to have it read for them.

Means for securing Regular Attendance.-Teachers themselves can do much in this matter by making the schools attractive to the children, and by being cordial and sympathetic in their intercourse with the parents. The kindly personal influence of individual managers, too, has sometimes the best results. While there is still much that is discouraging, both my observations and enquiries lead me to believe that improvement has, during the past year, taken place, slowly perhaps, but steadily.

ENROLMENT AND ATTENDANCE, 1897.


It will be observed that at the close of the December quarter of 1896 , there were 762 pupils on the roll, the corresponding number for 1897 is 1,090 -an increase of 328 , or 43 per cent.

The average attendance for the December quarter of 1896 was 600 , and the number for the corresponding quarter of 1897 was 892 , being an increase of 292 , or 49 per cent.
Of the 767 pupils admitted during the year the number of withdrawals amounted to 439 , or 57 per cent., a regrettably large number, inasmuch as many of the withdrawn pupils are of youthful age and their parents have called upon them to begin the work of life before they are educationally equipped.

Teachers.-During the year there were employed 33 teachers; 12 male and 21 female. These were divided according to certificates as follows :-

|  | Male. | Female. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Holders of University Degrees . . | 2 |  |
| ," Intermediate Certificates | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| British Government Certificates . . | 5 | 2 |
| Other European Government Certificates | 1 | . |
| Cape 2nd class Certificates | 1 | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ |
| "\%rd class | 1 | 16 2 |
| Total | 13 | 20 |

Pupil Teachers:
First Year
Second Year
Total

| 7 |
| :--- |
| 3 | 10

It is worthy of note that only 4 of the 33 adult teachers were without certificate of any kind, and that as many as 26 had certificates of professional training.

School Buildings.-The Department recognising its responsibility is seriously engaged with the question of supply. To meet the educational wants of the three systems, new schools should be established at the following stations :-

Name of Station.


With these important additions the supply would, in my opinion, be quite sufficient to meet the present wants of the population. But this is a matter which requires careful watching, as the Railway population is an ever changing one, oftimes
the change in a train service affecting the school centres. And it shonld be the change in a train service affecting the school centres. And it should be remembered that, in making this provision, the children of farmers living at or near the Railway are not taken into account.

Here and there the existing buildings are not all that one could wish. They are sometimes old and have been inefficiently added to from time to time, to meet the ccasional and pressing needs; the furniture and apparatus are barely up to date; sufficient for the immediate wants of the localities, and it would be still they are present circumstances, to do more than merely point out the deficiencies, and wait for a more convenient season to get them supplied. The two worst buildings, are those of Norvals Pont and Cookhouse, which should have been condemned long ago. It is no exaggeration to say that they are not only unsuitable and insufficient, but absolutely injurious to the health of both scholars and teachers. Modern sohool buildings have been erected at Naauwpoort and Matjesfontein. The former is in all respects one of the handsomest and best adapted to school purposes in the Colony. A building on the same plan is being erected at De Aar. In this connection I may, without prejudice, refer to the invaluable services rendered by the District Engineer at Naauwpoort, who is thoroughly up to date in all that concerns school structure and equipments.

3 (a). Division of Rooms.-In several schools the large room has been divided by partitions so as to give approximately a separate room to each teacher. The personal comfort and educational advantage of this is fully recognised by the teachers. More In the past be done in this direction, and will no doubt be done as soon as possible. In the past mistakes in construction have been made, but they are to be found almost exclusively in the external arrangements, particularly as regards the size, number, and onstrith of class rooms

With one or two solitary exceptions, School Committees are not conversant with the details of school organization, and consequently though they have provided a matter of minor importance a then, they have too often regarded its apportionment as a of the schools, in other respects is scarcely, therefore, to be wondered at if not a few which a practical aequaintance with school management and class manipulation would have secured. The class rooms, as a rule, are neither sufficiently large nor numerous. They have been sacrificed in too many instances to the attainment of one huge inwieldy room, where several classes have to be taught, or rather shouted to, by more than one teacher at a time.

3 (b). Cleaning.-The daily condition of the school premises as to cleanliness I found to be unfavourable. Throughout the year I have, therefore, verbally and in writing drawn attention of the local managers to this fact, and these suggestions were, in general, readily adopted, the committees being prepared to make the conditions of school work as favourable as possible, and I am able to report a great and most gratifying improvement
Among points requiring more careful attention in this connection, should be noted the following:-
nly having been attended to washed more frequently than has been the custom, some ortnightly, and if this were done little additional should be washed at least keep them clean. The dusting of the rooms should also be much more careful than it usually is.
(2) The out-offices should receive regular supervision. I found them generally worse than any part of the premises. They had been everywhere more or less neglected, and were not unfrequently in a disgraceful state. Managers and teachers had evidently not realised it as part of their duty to look into such matters, and had left it solely to servants. I do not think I can be wrong in hazarding the statement that one set of offices has, in several schools, remained practically unused, the other being resorted to by both sexes. In some schools there have been no division between the two, and I have more than once had ocular proof that unmannerly ronghness etween boys and girls ensues

To secure improvement, managers should appoint one of their numbers to keep an eye on such places, and regularly report the condition of them to the committees; and teachers should daily see that sanitation, cleanliness, and morals are not forgotten y the pupils.
been paid to decorating the schoolro - with very few ex fions, little attention ha
pupils and increasing their comfort. The walls are generally bare and unattractive, often even dull and dirty. We have not yet, as a people, risen to an adequate conception of the important part that our schoolrooms could be made to play in the improvement of national taste, especially as regards home life.

If the daily haunts of our children-the schools-were made the tasteful places they could become at no great outlay, culture would insensibly pervade the mass o the people, and their homes speedily present a marked improvement in tidiness an comfort. The Naauwpoort school furnishes an example of what can be done at littl cost, where vigour and intelligence gaide the work
(d). Ventilation - 1 have frequently had occasion to complain of the bad stat of the air in the rooms. Some of the teachers are not by any means sufficiently mpressed with the importance of fresh air. They even fail to give the rooms thorough airing in the short interval when the children are in the playground.
3. (e) Apparatus. - In a good many schools the desks are antiquated and cumbersome. Even where the desks are of modern type, their length or arrangement is such ar moving among the pupils during the writing lesson. ments. To obviate this 152 dual desks in four grades have been supplied. It is t be hoped that in time every school will be furnished with no other desk. During the year there have also been distributed 25 blackboards, 7 globes, 97 maps, and 48 object lessons cards.

Pupils' Progress and Attainments.-Number Classified According to Standards at Last Inspection.

| Standards |  |  |  |  |  | Male |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

[^3]i.e., 75 per cent. reached a higher Standard.

Number Classified according to Standards and Average Age as at 31st December, 1897.



Number Recriving Instruction in each Subject.

| Subject. | Male | Female. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reading . . | 606 | 484 |  |
| Writing . . | 606 | 484 | 1,090 |
| Arithmetio. . | 539 | 418 | ,957 |
| Grammar and Composition | 234 | 174 | 408 |
| Geography. . . . | 269 | 190 | 459 |
| History . | 88 | 62 | 150 |
| Drawing . | 362 | 196 | 558 |
| Object Lessons | 335 | 290 | 625 |
| Needlework | 33 | 351 | 387 |

Libraries.-I have been strnek by the absence of libraries at our Railway Schools. There is a fairly good selection of books in the Railway School at Burghersdorp, and There is a fairly good selection of books in the triot Engineer has done much by contributions from friends in ciroulating the Distriot Engineer has done children illustrated newspaper literature. Naauwpoort has also made a beginning. It is to be hoped, however, more will be done in this direction in the future. 5. School Management. -In the appointment of an advising board, consisting of the Traffic Manager, Resident Engineer, and Locomotive Superintendent of the respective systems, independent of the local committees, much good has resulted. These higher officials are intimately acquainted with their own part of the line, and,
besides being men of education themselves know its educational needs. The management therefore has resolved itself into two parts, that which can be conducted at a distance, and that which implies personal intercourse with the school, the teachers and the scholars.

For the personal oversight of schools, some amount of edueation, tact, interest in school work, a sympathy with the teachers and scholars are desirable. I regret to say, however, that in the greater majority of Railway Committees these qualifications are undoubtedly wanting. If every committee had Dr. Baird, or a Maintenance Inspector Westorman-the presst sor and Modder River respectiv
management of our schools.

In the smaller centres the men, in many cases, are lamentably blind to the advantages of a good education: in others where a man is forthcoming to take the lead, local jealousies may make it impossible for him to undertake the supervision of the school : but after careful observation, aided in some instances by the removal of an employé to another part of the line, I have been able to single out for each sehool, one good friend who has really become the mainstay.
6. Manners of School Children.-Along the line of railway, perhaps more so than in any other part of the Colony, one is reminded that an important element of education is neglected amongst us. The contact of the more merourial section of railway children with the sterner facts of town, or even village, life seems to result in rapid deterioration. Children on entering school are familiar with many forms of obscenity, and with coarse and foul language, to which they listen from infaney in the melancholy circle of their home, with its hardships and mean shifts. It need hardly be said that such are the most difficult to deal with, and their moral is of greater importance than their intellectual training. From the nature of their surrounding and their isolated condition, they are beyond the pale of any church, and the highes type of refinement they meet is at school. Much responsibility thus attaches to the teacher. Whatever qualifications he may possess he ought to be of high character. have now seen a great number of schools in every variety of posture, ofr their guard and
on it; and the inference is that no amount of mechanical drill, class movements, or on it; and the inference is that no amount of mechanical dill, ciass momements, centres in genuine, earnest, truthful and firm character. The example and character of the teacher form a standard for the pupils of the school; what he or she is they are likely to become.
I may remark in conclusion that the need for some measure of compulsory education has been repeatedly forced on my attention during the past year's work.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant
J. R. CUTHBERT.

Railway Education Officer

## A.-Music-Instructor Farrington's Report.

## [Circuit : Eastérn Districts.]

Sir,-I have the honour to present to you a report on the teaching of singing during the past year, in the Eastern half of the Colony.

During the first ten months I regularly visited each week about twenty schools in Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage. The remaider of the year I spent in visiting the schools of the following towns: Grahamstown, Bedford, Somerset East, Cradock, Tarkastad, Middelburg, Middelburg Road, Naauwpoort Junction, Colesberg, Steynsberg, Molteno, Burghersdorp, Aliwal North, Queenstown, Cathcart, Lesseyton, Sterkstroom, Indwe, Cala, and Dordrecht. In the first period I also paid a visit to Graaff-
$\qquad$ Port Elizabeth and Uitenhage.-My visits to the schools were for the purpose of giving model lessons to the scholars in the presence of the ordinary staff. The teachers were encouraged to give exercises in my presence, and this was beneficial, especially in the case of the younger ones.
Central Classes.-(a) For teachers of public schools. Fifty teachers attended his class, whioh was held on Saturday mornings in the Marist Brothers' School. A prize giver
(b) For teachers of mission schools. Fifteen teachers attended, but I was only able to hold this class during the third quarter. The class was very satisfactory

Examination Tour.-I reported on the teaching of singing at the places visited in November and December. Ialso examined pupil-teaohers and others for sol-fa certificates, and gave hints to the teachers on the teaching of class singing. In Grahamstown about sixty teachers from the various schools listened to an address which I gave in the public school.

It was impossible to pay a visit to many important places in the Eastern Districts, but perhaps they may be visited this year.

General condition of schools.-These districts have not in the past had similar advantages to the Western. It is not surprising therefore to find that almost everywhere the attainments are meagre. A praiseworihy effort has, however, been made by some, who show that, with proper care, the abilities of the scholars are of no mean order. With little teaching they easily sing at sight, and part singing comes naturally to them.
Singing by note. This is attempted in eighty-four per cent. of the schools I school and the schools which do not pretend to sing by note one is a third class public calculated that in eighty-three per cent. of the poor schools which I visited singing by note is entirely neglected.
Method employed - The soi-fa system is almost everywhere employed. The Tarkastad Girls' School, at my visit, satisfactorily sang from the staff notation, at sight. Scholars not taught to sing. -In some schools pupils are debarred from singing for ne or other of the following reasons: Because they are Malsys, have bad voices, are in the school higher class, have breaking voices, take science, show little capacity, are infants, are very little ones. In one public school forty-seven scholars were debarred, wenty per cent. of the number on the roll. Next year I hope that there will not be a Atten sot systemation to

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
\text { On the roll } . . & . . & . & . & 6,590 \\
\text { Present } & . . & . & . . & . . & 5,167
\end{array}
$$

which gives a percentage of seventy-eight, certainly not a high one for an examination day. It is only fair, however, to add that some schools were visited without notice In one school no proper attendance register had been kept for six months.
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Time Tables.-Many teachers are careless about the time devoted to singing. It is either too short or badly arranged, or else there is indifference in adhering to it. In one school a teacher gives seventy minutes consecutively to arithmetic each day, but makes no provision during the ordinary school day for singing. He keeps the singing class back after school for half-an-hour's singing twice a week.

Attainments of teachers.- Practically the only certificate held whioh shows a practical knowledge of class singing is that of the Tonic Sol-fa College
(a) In the schools referred to this was held as follows:

| Junior |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elementary |  | $\cdots$ | . | . | 16 |
| Intermediate |  |  | . |  | 19 |
| No certificate |  |  |  |  | 38 |

This table only refers to the responsible teachers of singing, fifty per cent. of whom hold no certificate whatever.
(b) At the Dordrecht vacation course the following obtained among the teachers who attended :

| Junior | . | . | . | . | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Elementary | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 8 |
| Intermediate | . | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| No certificate | .. | .. | .. | .. | 58 |

Thus eighty-six per cent. possess no certificate at all, none hold a higher one than the elementary. At the commencement of the vacation course only forty-five per cent. of these teachers could tell the names of the common chord (d. m. s.) when sung to laa in exercises to children. exercises to children. in July last:

Junior<br>Elementary<br>Intermediate<br>No certificate

10
36
8
67

1 rom this it will be seen, by comparison with (a), that in these towns the average attainment of the class teacher is about the same as that of the music teacher in the other towns. Aad from the three tables it will be seen that throughout the Eastern I istricts the teacher's standard of attainment in this subject is a low one.

Attainments of scholars. - It cannot be expected that these are high. There are a few schools which are well advanced, notably Riebeek College, which has for some time made a strong point of vocal music. Few classes are able to divide and sing easy two part voluntaries satisfactorily, and still fewer can sing in two parts, at sight, a written test.

During the year the following certificates have been granted to scholars in the Enstern Districts:

> Junior
> Elementary $\quad$.
> Intermediate
> Intermediate theory
> School teachers . .

Now that schools can depend upon obtaining the services of an examiner no doubt these numbers will increase. It should not be lost sight of that individual training is of the highest importance
Co-operation of Teachers.-It often happens that, while singing is being taught, several class teachers are set free, owing to the grouping of standards. Whenever this occurs it is best for the free teachers, as far as possible, to take an active part in the Now and again they can assist the jorng torer exises, Now and again they can assist the regular teacher by giving a modulator, voluntary independent part.

Pupil Teachers, especially, are often of use in giving variety to a lesson, and the schools which make use of pupil teachers in this way, oiten produce good results. Too often the pupil teachers are neglected altogether. Even when they are trained privately to enable them to obtain the necessary certificates they are not allowed to join in the singing of the school. They are neither teachers nor scholars and consequently get no practice either in the giving of exercises or in the performance of them. When sufficient attention is paid them pupil teachers often produce excellent results. The most expert in giving ear execises and in giving two part voluntaries that I have met in the Colony have been the pupil teachers of the big centres.

Exhibition. Concert. - This was held in the Feather Market, Port Elizabeth, before an audience of about 2,000 people. The choir, 500 strong, was assisted in the rendering of four items by tenors and basses of the Municipal Choir, but all the other pieces
were performed by the scholars alone. All the public schools of Port Elizabeth and were perrormed by follows:

| Second Contralto | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Teachers and pupil teachers. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| First Contralto | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Pupils of Riebeek College. |
| Second Soprano | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Pupils of Grey Institute Branch Schools. |
| First Soprano | $\ldots$ | . | Pupils from the other schools. |

First Soprano
Sight-singing from hand signs and from printed copies was successfully done, the two-part hand sign voluntaries being much appreciated. Two pupils also wrote a single chant, never seen or heard before, on the blackboard in both notations on hearing it played on the piano.

Remarks on School Exercises.-Throughout the schools which I have visited the modulator is used. Mission schools are often unsatisfactory in the use of it, and it is not unusual to find that the scholars are only exercised in singing up and down the scale. In other schools the exercises are too dry and often run in a groove. Very few frequently be given, and there should be regular breaks for breathing exerci

Quite a large number of schools do not employ hand signs. The other
Quently
exhibit the same faults as one finds in the case of the modulator. The easiest way of introducing part singing is by using hand signs. Teachers should lose no time in trying easy exercises in two parts.
A few of the better schools sang well in unison and in two-part harmony from the blank staff. This exercise is a good one for more advanced classes, and it forms an excellent introduction to the old notation.

The blackboard is not used very much, except in mission schools. Here it is not uncommon to find all the available blackboard space covered with hymns and anthems. Such pieces as the Hallelujah Chorus are written out in four parts. It would save time if song books were used.

Song books are rarely used. Even when a teacher wishes to teach special songs from various books it is a good plan to have an easy book for class use, which should be mastered from beginning to end like a class reader. Perhaps the best part of the work
is the rendering of songs. When all good methods of teaching singing are ignored the is the rendering of songs. When all good methods of teaching singing are ignored the
show songs are worked at with extra care so that a good impression (I am sorry to say, often a false one) may be made upon parents with regard to the success of the teaching of singing.

Singing at sight to laa or some other open sound is not practised much. As the sholars hecome more advanced, increased practice is needed, but great care is needed to were not for thes both simple and useful. The teacher wants a well-trained ear. If badly attempted wonderful quickness of the native children, ear exercises would be eachers do not know what theyers give them regularly, and some of the native vere given, the teacher said "Yes," and proceeded to carry the desks if ear exercises outside in order to make more room. She then pave an exhibition of drill A nother teacher, after some hesitation, not willing to confess ignorance ound. I recommend that ear exercises, graduated according to the Tonic Sol-fa College certificate syllabus, be given for a few minutes at each singing lesson.
which prepare scholars for sol-fa certificates present, as is shown by the few schools hich $p$ be by little sehola the delighted to sing their action songs alone
Increased care is needed with voice production. Shouting prevails among many native schools. In very few schools are proper exercises systematically given.
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Examiners of the Tonic Sol-fa College. -The following is a complete list of examiners in these districts, so far as is known to the Department of Public Education :

Mr. W. W. Anderson, Biythswood, Butterworth
hiss M. Bartlett, Sunday's River, Blueeliff.
Sister Christian, St. Peter's Home, Grahamstown.
Mr. Davis, Burghersdorp.
Mr. J. W. Goldsbrough, Stanley Street, Port Elizabeth.
Mr. P. Gent, Railway Works, Uitenhage.
Mr. M. Hawken, Grahamstown.
Miss A. H. Hutchons, Public Schcol, Dordrecht
Miss M. Knaggs, Riebeek College, Uitenhage.
Rev. J. Lennox, Lovedale.
Mr. J. W. Pemberton, Railway School, Alicedale.
Mr. W. T. Taylor, Grey Ins
Rev. C. Taberer, Keiskama Hoek, King William's Town
Mev. K. M. M. Ward, Girls' Public School, Cradock.
Mr. J. Wedderburn, Grahamstown
Mr J. W. Woodward, Herschel, Bensonvale.

Returns of Examiners.


Thus 498 certificates altogether have been grauted. The other qualified examiners have either not examined any pupils, or else have not sent in a return.

Table showing the Number of Sol-fa Certificates granted to various Schools during 1897.

| NAME or School. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

I have the honour to be,

## Sir,

Your obedient Servant,
FREDERICK FARRINGTON.

Cape Town, 24th January, 1898.

## B.-Music-Instructor Lee's Report.

## [Circuit:-Western Districts.]

Sir,-I have the honour to submit my Report for the year 1897.
The area under my supervision, which has hitherto been almost exelnsively the Cape Division, was in July made to comprise the Inspection Circuits of Messrs, Briee Hofmeyr, Mitchell, Noaks, Le Roux, Theron, Watermeyer, and Hagen-that is to say, approximately the Western half of the Colony.
As my time has been fully occupied since that date in conducting examinations, training the choir for the Fourth Annual Exhibition Concert, and in general supervision of schools in the Cape Division and its immediate vicinity, I have not had time to collect data of a sufficiently comprehensive nature respecting the state of singing in the enlarged area referred to. I hope, however, to be in a position to lay before yin next year, statistics which will define clearly the state of affairs, and enable me to how thereafter year by year what is being done in Inspeotor's Cirouit

This report will therefore be confined to the state of singing in the Inspection Circuit of Mr. Noaks, and at a few centres in the Circuits of Messrs. Le Roux, Hofmeyr, Watermeyer, and Theron.

Cape Division
The state of singing in the schools of the Cape Division, and the progress accomplished during the last four years, can be seen at a glance from the following accomplished during the last four years, can be seen at a glance from the following
table of facts which are taken from the report of a special inspection of the singing table of facts which are taken from the report of a special inspection
of this Circuit in 1893, and from data collected at the close of 1897 :-

| Date. | No. of Schools where Singing <br> is taught by 'Jote. | No. of Teachers competent to <br> give Instruction in Music. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1893 | 9 | 14 |
| 1897 | 97 | 131 |

The state of affairs in 1893 could only be described as lamentable. In 1897 we have 131 teachers who are doing work of real educational value, singing taught by note in 97 schools, and in 60 per cert. of the same with thoroughness and efficiency

The next table shows how the four grades of schools stand in respect to general efficiency:-


First Class Public Schools.-Singing has been introduced into each of these schools with the exception of the South African College School. A master, however, has been appointed to this institution who has the necessary qualifications, and but for serious indisposition a beginning would have been made in the last term of the year.
several of the schools the teaching of singing cannot be considered to be on a satis factory basis so long as the pupils of every standard have to look to one member of the staff for their instruction in vocal music. Not only does such an arrangement interfere with the school organization, but one of the chief benefits of class singing is lost, when, for a few minutes each day, the teachers fail to utilise song as a means of recreation. The following take the lead in general efficiency:-Rondeboseh Girls High School ; Sea Point Boys' Public School, and Simon's Town Public School.

Second Class Public Schools.-In these schools the singing is well organised and the average attainment is good. The most advanced are Cape Town West End Public School, and Durbanville Public School.

Third Class Church Schools. -Some of the best schools in the division are to be found in this group. Splendid work is being accomplished in each of the following nglish Church; St. Bridget's, Roman Catholic St. Aloysius', Roman Catholic; St. Patrick's, Roman Catholic; St. Michael's, English Church, and St. Philip's, English Church.

Mission Schools. "From the above table it will be seen that the number of mission schools classified as "fair" and "poor" is rather high. This is attributable to the fact that several of the teachers can scarcely be said to possess the rudiments of the most elementary education, and also to the frequent changes in staff. In regard to efficiency, extremes meet in this category. The schools of the following list compare very favourably with the best public schools :-Wynberg, St. Anne's, Roman Catholic ; Rondeboseh, St. Michael's, Roman Catholic ; Rondebosch, St. Paul's, English Church Cape Town, Frere St., Moravian ; and Cape Town, Buitenkant-street, Wesleyan.

This being the first annual report, it will not be inopportune to indicate briefly the fivefold means adopted by the Department for accomplishing the radical chang above referred.
I. The scho

1. The schools have been visited by instructors for the purpose of giving model lessons in the presence of those members of the staff who were in need of training. In this manner singing by note has bee
helped to overcome the initial difficulties.
II. Classes have been held regularly in Cape Town and suburbs for the training of teachers.
III. Individual examinations for the junior, elementary and intermediate certificates of the Tonic Sol-Fa College, London, have been introduced and encouraged These certificates are an incentive to the children to strive after individual ability, and act as a gentle whip to the teaching staff, being a constant reminder that excellency in simultaneous class singing does not necessarily imply individual proficiency
IV. Annual exhibitions of school singing have been given in the Good Hope Hall, Cape Town, for the purposes of creating interest, of demonstrating to the public the possibilities that lie within the reach of even young school children, and, lastly but ohiefly, for the purpose of bringing the rising generation into touch with, and an

At the Concert given in September, 1896, it was intimated that the time was ripe for inaugurating an Annual School Choir Competition. The suggestion met with an immediate response, and in the course of a few days $£ 50$ was contributed for the
purebase of a Challenge Shield. The first competition took place in September, 1897, the winning school being Trinity Churen Third Class School, a sohool in which singing was not taught by note in 1893.
V. The pupil-teachers are now taught in Central classes, and throughout their three years training they have regular and systematic practice in teaching singing. In this branch of the work lies the chief warranty of future progress. I find that the tuition given by assistants who have had a three years' training in the Colony since 1893, is, with few exceptions, of a very promising character.
at Ceres, Worcester, and Beaufort West ; in course of time, it is hoped to establish similar classes in every important centre of each Inspection Circuit. The advance in both class and individual singing at these places is very considerable, and the interest and enthusiasm everything that could be desired.

For thoroughness of work, the following schools are worthy of special mention :-
Riebeek West Public School
Stellenbosch, Bloemhof Seminary.
Paarl Girls' School.
Beaufort West Girls' School.
Following close upon these come
Paarl, Huguenot Seminary.
Tulbagh Public School.
Blauwvallei Public School
North Paarl Public Schoo

Tonic Sol-Fa Certificates.-The results of examinations which have been held in schools in my circuit are as follows, the corresponding figures for 1896 being given also for purposes of comparison-

```
Junior
Elementary
Intermediate
Higher ..
```

|  | Year 1896. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | Year 1897.

The returns of examinations conducted by other examiners within the same area are, Junior 48, Elementary 50, Intermediate 28, Higher Certificates (including 10 School Teachers' Certificates) r5, making a total of 1,244 for the year.

It is hoped that examinations for these certificates will shortly be introduced into all public schools.

The number of children taught singing by note in the schools which have been visited is 23,570

Ability to give instruction in the elements of time and tune is becoming more and more general, and in the districts mentioned in this report these branches of the subject are receiving adequate attention. Many teachers, however, through want of experience in choral work and opportunities of hearing good music, do not realise the vital importance of teaching songs of real merit. This branch of the work is as essential as the memorising and study of selections from the best writers of prose and Roetry, and with such an excellent magazine in our midst as the "School Music necessity of calling special attention needful in this direction, it is hoped

In conclusion, I desire to acknowledge the hearty oo-operation which has been accorded me by the teachers of every centre I have visited. Their interest in the spread of the work has facilitated matters very considerably.

I have the honour to be,
Your obedient Servant,
ARTHUR LEE,

Sea Point, 31st December, 1897.

## C.-Report of Needlework Instructress.

Sir,-I beg to submit a report on the condition of the subject of needlework in the schools of Cape Town and its neighbourhood for the year 1897.

Most of the schools I have visited twice, on the first occasion my object was to see the work in progress, to judge of the classes and teaching, and to advise the teachers ; on the second occasion, to examine the work as finished at the end of the school year. Periodical visits for teaching are not now in the majority of cases a necessity in
district, but where circumstances demanded such I instituted and carried them out. In nearly all the Mission Schools I am met by complaints of poor attendance and the consequent difficulty of keeping the children of a class together, a thing very desirable in this particular subject, as without it the teacher is apt to fall baek on individual teaching.

A few schools were still working without proper apparatus and depending on the pocket of the teacher for the supply of material, a thing obviously unfair, and which I hope I shall find remedied when next I visit them, the most noteworthy instance was Constantia Mission School

I am glad to say it is becoming the rule for every teacher to take her own class for needlework, this secures better order, greater interest on the part of teacher and taught, and of necessity better work

In 50 per cent. of the schools the subject is thoroughly well handled, and in the majority of these there are one and in a few cases two, teachers holding either th English Privy Council certificate or the special needlework certificate of this Department

The following are the schools distinguished by teachers who have completed the five branches of the Cape Government Needlework Certificate :-

> Good Hope Seminary ;
> St. Martin's ;
> Caremont Public
> Dock District
> St. Rridget's ;
> Holy Trinity
> Woodstock, St. Mary's ;
> Diep River, Wesleyan ;
> St. John's;
> Roeland Street;
> St. Saviour's, Claremont ;
> Newlands;
> St. Michael's, Rondebosch.

Several others hold partial certificates.
The following deserve special mention for excellent work :-
St. Patrick's ;
Simon's Town, Public.
St. Philip's (A 3 and Mission);
Holy Trinity
St. Stephen's;
St. Michael's; and
St. Saviour's, Claremont ;
whilst at Camp Ground, Rondebosch, Black River and St. Anne's, Maitland, I was whilst at to speak very seriously of neglect and indifference

The Classes fery seriously or negleosisfactory throughout the year, 29 lid have worked for Course I, and 13 for Course IV in the early part of the year ; in the tter half, Course II and III we carried on, 28 working for Course II, 16 for Course III.
[G. 7-98.]

The Classes for Course V have produced some very good results. 14 joined the first, and 11 the second.

The earnestness with which all the members of these Teachers' Classes work, and the way in which mary of them apply what they learn, is satisfactory in the extreme

I have the honour to be, Sir,

## Yours obediently,

HARRIET D. FUECHSEL.
Departmental Instructress.

Capetown, 20th February, 1898.
anNEXURE II.

SCHOOL STATISTICS.
[These are extracted from the Quarterly Statistios published in The Government Gasette. Detailed information from the Inspection Reports for the year is added. When the class of a school has been changed during the year, it is entered the time of the Inspection.]
2. Increase of Schools and Pupils .
[The comparison instituted is between 31st December, 1896, and 31st December, 1897, as represented by the Quarterly Statistics published in the Gazette. In addition to this a comparison is given for the five-year period 1892-1897, based on information from the same source.]

## 3. Schools Closed

[These tables include all schools closed from 31st December, 1896, and do not include those closed from 31st December, 1897.]
4. Inspection Statistics
[In these tables each school is placed in the class to which it belonged at the time of the Inspection. When a school has been inspected twice during the year, the figures relating to both Inspections are included in the totals. The figures given under "Total Rate of Government Grant," and "Total Rate of Local Contrioution," are the "Total the rates per annum at which the grants and local contributions were being sums of the rates per annum at at the time of the Inspection; the figures given under "Government "Grant," paid at the time of the Inspection; the fogures given "Local Contribution" is only include all annual grants to the various schoods, of the local expenditure on schools not being reported to the Department.]
5. Examination Statistics
[Particulars of the numbers of Candidates who entered for the various December Examinations, arranged according to Inspectors' Circuits, are given in these Tables.]
6. School Libraries
[Information as to the number of Sohool Libraries (arranged according to classes and according to the Inspectors' Circuits) is given under this heading.]

## ABBREVIATIONS.

| A. 1 | First Class Undenominational Public School. |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. 2 | .. Second Class do. do. |
| A. 3 | . Third do. do. do. |
| A.N.C. | . African Native Church. |
| B. | Mission School. |
| Bap. | . . Baptist Church. |
| Berl. M.. . | . Berlin Mission Society. |
| C. | .. Aborigines' School. |
| D. | District Boarding School. |
| D.R.C. | Dutch Reformed Church. |
| E. | . . Evening School. |
| Eng. Ch. | English Church. |
| F.C. | Free Church of Scotland. |
| Fr. Ev. | . Paris Evangelical Society. |
| Ind. | .. Independent (Congregational). |
| Insp. | . . Inspection. |
| Luth. | .. German Lutheran Church. |
| Mor. | .. Moravian Church. |
| P.F. | . Private Farm School. |
| Prim. Meth. | . Primitive Methodist Church. |
| R.C. . | .. Roman Catholic Church. |
| Rhen. M. | . Rhenish Mission Society. |
| Sp. | . Special Institution (Deaf, Blind and Dumb). |
| Trap. M | Trappists' Mission. |
| U.P. . | United Presbyterian Church of Sootland, |
| Wes. | Wesleyan Methodist Church. |

The information given in the last five columns is as follows :-
"Presented"-the number of pupils presented for Standards in the School.
"Passed"-the number of pupils who passed the Standard for which they were presented.
"Higher"-the number of pupils presented for Standards this year who were also present at the previous Inspection, and who this year passed a higher Standard.
"Same"-the number of pupils who passed the same Standard as at the previous Inspection.
"Lower"-the number of pupils who passed a lower Standard than at the previous Inspection.
[G. 7-98.]

| Name of School． | Class． | Scholars on Roll during | Average Attendance during |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1st 2nd 3rd 4th Qr．Qr．Qr．Qr | 1st 2nd 3rd 4th Qr．Qr．Qr．Qr． |

## COLONY．

## AbERDEEN（Inspector Hagen）

| 1．Aberdeen | A． 2 | 121 | 89 | 114 | 112 | 112 | 3 | 94 | 98 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brakfontein G．F．Rautenbach | A． 3 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 16 | 16 |  |
| 3．Doorndraai | A． 3 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 9 | 10 |
| 4．Groot Tafelkop | A． 3 |  |  | 12 | 12 |  |  | 11 |  |
| j．Groot Vlakte ．．P．Steynberg | A． 3 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 15 |
| 6．Oaklands | A． 3 | 20 | 24 | 26 | 27 | 17 | 22 | 4 | 21 |
| 7．Borrowdale ．．A．H．Thurtell | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 5 | ${ }^{5}$ | 5 | ${ }^{5}$ | j | j |
| 8．De Kus ．．．．P．J．Pretorius | P．F． |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9．De Rust ．．J．W．v．d．Vyver | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 10．Hops River．．Mrs．S．E．v．d．Merwe | P．F． | 8 | 8 | 6 |  | 8 | 8 | 6 |  |
| 11．Oude Plaats D．C．v．d．Merwe | P．F． | 11 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 10 |
| 12．Sjambokdoorns ．．J．L．Burger | P．F． | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| 13．Somerville ．．．．R．F．Hurndall | P．F． | 5 |  | 5 | 5 | 4 |  |  | 5 |
| 14．Tafelkop ．．．J．Swanepoel | P．F | 9 | 9 | 11 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 11 |  |
| 15．Aberdeen | Poor | 52 | 44 | 44 | 41 | 28 | 40 | 24 | 35 |
| 16．Do．．．．．．（Ind） | B | 65 | 65 | 70 | 65 | 52 | 49 | 51 | 46 |
| Total |  | 360 | 317 | 371 | 343 | 305 | 285 | 303 | 288 |
| ALbANY（Inspector Fraser）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Grahamstown，Boys＇ | A． 1 | 228 | 229 | 241 | 236 | 194 | 202 | 209 | 196 |
| 2．Salem | A． 2 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 30 | 25 | 22 | 28 | 34 |
| 3．Sidbury（Rockeliffe） | A． 2 | 31 | 29 | 34 | 34 | 26 | 25 | 27 | 30 |
| 4．Alicedale Station | A． 3 | 102 | 102 | 116 | 114 | 87 | 96 | 110 | 104 |
| j．Fort England | A． 3 | ธ0 |  | 46 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6．Grahamstown，Douglas（En | A． 3 |  |  | 163 | 161 |  |  | 111 | 136 |
| 7．Do．，St．Joseph＇s，Girls＇（R．C．） | A． 3 | 116 | 121 | 124 | 112 | 100 38 | 94 35 | 103 | 91 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 8．} & \text { Do．，} & \text { St．Patrick＇s，} \\ 9 & \text { Do．，} & \text { St．Peter＇s } \\ \text {（Eng．}\end{array}$ | A． 3 A． 3 a | 51 120 | 51 114 | ${ }_{116}^{58}$ | 103 | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | 35 89 | 87 | 51 |
| 10．Do．，Shaw Hall－．（Wes．） | A． 3 | 198 | 167 | 134 | 159 | 114 | 117 | 106 | 97 |
| 11．Kariega Valley | A． 3 | 27 | 22 | 19 | 16 | 17 | 14 | 12 | ${ }^{13}$ |
| 12．Riebeek East | A． 3 | 40 | 40 | 43 | 33 | 35 | 34 | 40 | 27 |
| 13．Seven Fountains | A． 3 | 23 | 22 |  | ． | 18 | 17 |  |  |
| 14．Sidbury House | A． 3 |  | ． | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15．Beggar＇s Bush ．．R．Wallace | P．F． | 6 | 8 | $\delta$ | 8 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 8 |
| 16．Bergplaats ．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ Mrs．H．Parr | P．F． | 6 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
| 17．Bezuidenhout＇s Kraal J．H．Bosch | P．F． |  |  |  | 14 |  |  |  | 13 |
| 18．Blauwkrantz ．．T．W．Palmer | P．F． | 4 | 14 |  |  | 4 | 12 |  |  |
| 19．Do．．．W．H．Willmore | P．F． | 15 |  | 14 |  | 13 |  | 13 |  |
| 20．Botha＇s Hill ．．．A．C．Page | P．F． | 7 | 7 |  |  | 6 | 7 |  |  |
| 21．Ellende ．．．．W．Atherstone | P．F． | 4 | 3 | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| 22．Fort Brown－．$\quad$ W．Cole | P．F． |  | ．． | ${ }^{6}$ |  | ． |  |  |  |
| 23．Fraser＇s Camp［．J．J．Kent | P．F． | $\cdots$ |  | 14 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
| 24．Karreebosch ．．J．F．Lombard | P．F． |  | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | 5 |  | 5 |  |  |
| 25．Kruisfontein ．．T．T．Hoole | P．F． | 4 | 4 | 5 | j |  |  |  |  |
| 26．Lowestoft ．．．．．．T．Smith | P．F． | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | 5 |  | 5 |  | ${ }^{5}$ |
| 27．Manley＇s Flats ．．．：E．Lark | P．F． | 8 | 9 | 7 |  | 8 | 8 | d |  |
| 28．Newingreen ．．Mrs．J．F．Lake | P．F． |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 29．Roodekrantz ．．G．P．Austin | P．F | 5 |  | J | 5 |  | s |  |  |
| 30．Schelmsdrift ．．Mrs．M．Bester | P．F |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 13 | 6 |  |
| 31．Sidbury House ${ }^{\text {32．Sidbury Park }}$（\％S．T．Berringto | P．F |  |  |  | \％ |  |  |  |  |
| 33．Sydney＇s Hope $\quad$ ：－ Rev．S．Rippon | P．F． | 3 |  |  | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| 34．Thorn Kloof $\quad$ ．${ }^{\text {a }}$ W．M．Kelly | P．F． | 5 | 5 | j | 〕 | 5 | 4 | 4 |  |
| 35．Grahamstowu，Douglas（Eng．Ch．） | B | 157 | 154 |  |  | 129 |  |  |  |
| Do．，St．Bartholomew＇s（do | B | 39 | 50 | 58 | 5） | 31 | 29 | 3 | 32 |
| 37．Do．，St．Philip＇s，Kafir（do．） | B | 98 | 94 | 11 | 113 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 91 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 芽 要 菏 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 | 107 |  | 7 | 7 | 6 | 15 | 33 |  | 5 | 13 |  | 5 | 3 |  |  | 103 | 60 | 51 | 24 |
|  | 3 | 16 | ． | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 6 | 6 | 3 |
|  | 4 | 11 | \％ | ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{9}$ | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ |  | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ |
| ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | 3 3 3 | ${ }_{16}^{9}$ | $\cdots$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ | 1. | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 2 |  | 4 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 13 | 3 | First | 4spection． |
| 6 | 3 | 22 | $\cdots$ | 10 |  | 8 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  | 6 | ${ }_{3}$ |
|  |  | 5 | ．． |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  | 4 |  | 4 |  |
| \％ | 3 | 6 | $\ldots$ |  | 3 | ． | － | i |  | 1 | i |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 ．． |
|  | 3 | 5 | $\cdots$ |  | 1 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 1 |
| 10 | 4 | 4 | $\ldots$ |  | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． |  |  |  | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | nspection． |
| 11 | 3 | 12 | $\cdots$ |  |  | ${ }_{7}^{2}$ | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | 1 |  | $\because$ |  |  | ． |  |  |  | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |  | nspection． |
| 12 | 3 | ${ }^{10}$ | $\because$ |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |  | nspection． |
| 14 | 3 | 11 | $\because$ |  | 3 |  | 4 | 4 |  | ． |  |  | ．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 3 | 27 |  |  | 2 | 8 | 7 | ． |  | ． | ．． |  | ． |  |  |  | 17 | 13 | 13 | 2 |
| 16 | 3 | 56 |  |  | 7 | 9 | 15 | 4 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 31 | 17 | 18 | 11 |
| 1 | 2 | 215 | 6 |  | 51 | 15 | 24 | 37 |  | 26 | 21 |  | 22 |  | ${ }^{5}$ | 8 | 131 | 120 | 72 | 15 |
| 2 | 4 | 26 |  |  | 3 | 3 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 7 |  | 5 6 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 2 | ． | 23 30 |  | 12 9 | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ |
| 3 | 3 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 3 | 102 |  |  | 42 | 15 | 25 | 13 |  | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |  | $\because$ | 60 |  | 40 | 11 |
| 5 | 4 | 11 | $\cdots$ |  | ＋ | 4 | 1 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | ． |  |  | ． |  |  | 4 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 7 \end{array}$ |  | 102 | ． |  | 46 | 11 | 22 | 13 |  | 4 |  | 6 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 58 | 45 | 28 | 11 |
| 8 | 2 | 38 |  |  |  | 14 | 7 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | \％ | 35 | ${ }_{61}^{20}$ | 19 |  |
|  | 2 | 140 | 45 |  | 62 | 18 20 | ${ }_{21}^{17}$ | 12 |  | 10 4 |  | 6 |  |  |  | \％ | 73 69 | ${ }_{53}^{61}$ | ${ }_{35}^{18}$ | 12. |
| 10 | 4 | 126 | ．． |  | 2 | 2 | 6 | 12 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 14 | 10 | 10 | 4 |
| 12 | 3 | 42 | $\cdots$ |  | 10 | 4 | 7 | 12 |  | 6 |  | 2 |  |  | 1 | ． | 33 | 17 | 11 | 12 |
| 13 | 3 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | ．． |  | ．． | \％ | 5 | 4 | First | Inspection． |
|  | 2 | 8 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | ．． |  | ． | ． | 7 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| 16 |  |  |  |  | ． | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | ． | ． |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  |  | ． |  | ． | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 4 | 14 |  |  | 4 | 2 | 3 |  | ； | ． |  |  | $\because$ |  | ． |  | 10 | ${ }^{6}$ | 6 | 4 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  | ． | ． |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 4 | 3 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 4 | 6 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | ${ }_{5}$ | Inspection． |
| 23 | 4 | 7 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 | $\therefore$ |  | ． | $\because$ |  |  | ．． |  |  |  | ${ }_{1}$－$\quad$ ？ |
| 24 | 4 | 5 |  |  | 2 | － | ${ }_{1}$ |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\because$ |  | ．． | $\because$ | 2 |  |  | 1 ．． |
| ${ }_{26}^{25}$ | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ |  | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | ． | 4 | 2 | ${ }_{2}$ | 2 |
| 27 | 4 | 4 | ． |  | 1 | 1 | ． |  | 6 | ． |  |  |  |  | ． | ．． |  |  |  | 3 |
| 28 |  |  | ， |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{-1} 1$. |
| 29 30 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 3 － |  |  | ．． | 1 | ． |  |  | ${ }_{2}$ |  | 3 | $\because$ |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | Firs | Inspection． |
| 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |  | ． |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  | ． | ． |  |  | Firs | Inspection． |
| 33 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | 4 | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 4 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | ． | 89 |  | 74 |  |
| 36 | 3 | 342 |  |  | 17 | 9 | 13 |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{46}^{27}$ |  |  |  |
| 37 | 4 | 4103 |  |  | 57 | 22 | 12 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  | ． |  |  |  |  |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{4} \\ & \text { 药 } \\ & \text { 蕆 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 |  | 169 |  | 120 | 29 | 15 | 5 |  |  | .. | .. |  | 52 | 36 | 18 | 13 |
| 39 | 2 | 53 |  | 40 | 9 | 4 |  |  |  | .. |  |  | 13 | 11 | 8 |  |
| 40 |  | 93 |  | 63 | 14 | 13 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 34 |  |  |  |
| 41 | 4 | 40 48 |  | 26 17 | 10 13 | 11 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | 17 | 7 | 3 | 7 |
| 43 | 3 | 23 |  | 16 | ${ }_{5}^{13}$ | 11 |  | 1 |  | . | $\cdots$ |  | 34 9 | 19 | $\stackrel{19}{\text { First }}$ | 10 |
| 44 |  | 130 |  | 83 | 21 | 17 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 9 49 |  | ${ }_{16}{ }_{\text {first }}$ | ${ }_{15}$ |
| 45 | 4 | 45 | 6 | 2 | .. | 10 | 12 | 11 | 4 | .. |  |  | 39 | 7 | 2 | 7 |
| 1 | 3 | 135 |  | 37 | 11 | 15 | 17 | 22 | 16 | 10 | 7 |  | 98 | 89 | 63 | 5 |
| 2 | 3 | $8{ }^{89}$ |  | 15 | 17 | 8 | 15 | 12 |  | 3 | .. |  | 65 | 59 | 39 |  |
| 3 | 4 | 113 | 2 | 31 | 18 | 3 | 17 | 14 | 13 | 7 | $\ldots$ | 8 | 72 | 65 | 48 | 6 |
| 5 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 12 46 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{2}^{5}$ | ${ }_{7}$ | 3 | 2 |  |  | .. | .. |  | 7 | 6 | First | nspent |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 20 | $\ldots$ | 22 2 | 5 | 3 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | $\stackrel{2}{4}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | 24 | 21 |  | , |
| $7$ | 4 | 15 | $\ldots$ | 4 | . | 4 | 4 | ${ }_{3}$ | 2 | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | 18 12 | 13 10 | $\stackrel{12}{\text { First }}$ | spectio |
| 8 | 3 | 9 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 9 |  |  | spectio |
| 9 | 4 | 18 | . | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | . | 14 |  |  | 1 |
| 10 | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| 11 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 33 15 | $\ldots$ | 14 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 3 | 3 2 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 1 | . |  | 19 | 14 | $10$ | 2 |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | .. | . | 13 | 11 | First I | spection |
| 14 | 3 | 15 | . | 2 | 7 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 30 | . | 2 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 1 |  | .. | 30 | 14 | 20 |  |
| 16 | 3 | 98 | .. | 22 | 8 | 19 | 16 | 14 | 7 | 12 | . | . | 78 | 65 | 40 | 11 |
| 18 | 3 | 28 | .. | 20 | 6 | .. | 2 | .. | .. | .. | .. |  | 8 | 8 | 1 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | $\cdots$ | . | - |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | .. | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| 21 |  | - | $\ldots$ | . | 1 | .. | .. | 2 | $\stackrel{3}{.}$ | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | . |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | .. | .. | . | . | .. | . | . | . | .. |  |  |
| 24 | 4 | 5 | . | 2 | $\cdots$ | .. | 3 | .. | .. | . | $\cdots$ | . | 4 | 1 | First | spectio |
| ${ }_{06}^{25}$ |  | . | .. | . | .. | .. | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\because$ | .. |  |  | First In | ppectio |
|  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | . |  | . | .. |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 45 | .. | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | 3 | 27 | $\because$ | 18 | 7 | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 11 9 | 118 | First In | spectio |
|  | 3 | 18 | .. | 6 | 1 | 7 | 4 | - | $\ldots$ | .. | $\because$ | . | 12 | 6 |  |  |
| 31 | 3 | 40 | . | 32 | 4 | 3 | .. | 1 | .. | .. | .. | .. | 8 | 3 |  | D. |
| ${ }_{22}^{32}$ | 3 | 83 |  | 46 | 18 | 7 | 7 | 5 | $\ldots$ | .. | .. |  | 51 | 24 | 18 | 16 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 00 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 34 | . | 23 | $\overline{5}$ | 3 | 2 | 1 |  | \% | \% | . |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 |  |  | - | - | 14 | 6 | 4 | ${ }_{5}^{10}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | First In | spection. |
| 1 | 4 | 59 | . | 4 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 8 | 1 | $\because$ | 55 | 43 | 37 | 10 |
| 2 | 3 | 27 | . | 19 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | . |  | . |  | 13 | 1 | First In | spection. |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4 | 15 | $\ldots$ | 6 | j | 3 | 3 | 1 |  | . |  |  |  |  |  | .. | 10 | 8 | Fir | nspection. |
| 5 | - 2 | $\ddot{36}$ | $\cdots$ | 14 | 6 |  |  | $\dot{3}$ |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 23 |  | 10 |  |
| 6 | , | 12 |  | 3 | .. |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{9}$ | 6 | 6 | ${ }_{3}$ |
| 7 | 4 | 8 |  | 1 |  | , | 3 | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | .. | 7 | 7 | 6 |  |
| 8 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 1 | First | nspection. |
| 9 | 4 3 | 17 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  | 5 |  |  | 1 |  |  | . | 14 | 9 |  | 2 . |
| 11 | 3 | 6 |  | i | i | , |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 5 | 4 | $\dot{3}$ |  |
| 12 | 3 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |  | , | 2 |  |  |  |  | .. | 8 | 6 | 6 | 2 . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 13 |  | 19 |  | 5 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | . |  |  | 1 |  |  | .. | 14 | 6 | 3 | 8 .. |
| 14 |  | . | . | . | .. |  |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | . |  |  |  | .. | .. |  | .. . |
| 16 |  |  |  | . |  | $\cdots$ |  | . |  | . |  |  | .. |  |  | .. | . |  | .. | : . . |
| 1 | 3 | 171 |  | 42 | 21 | 19 |  | 21 |  | 29 | 15 |  | 14 |  |  | $\grave{j}$ | 132 | 97 | 49 | 9 .. |
| 2 | 4 | 73 |  | 8 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 14 |  | 11 | 12 |  | 6 |  |  | .. | 66 | 62 | 47 | 3 |
| 3 | 4 | 32 |  | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 4 |  | ¢ | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | .. | 25 | 19 | 14 | 4 .. |
| 4 | 4 | 39 |  | 21 | 10 | 4 | $t$ | 3 |  | 1 |  |  | .. |  |  | .. | 18 | 10 | 2 | 7 .. |
| $\begin{gathered} \dot{j} \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | 4 | 9 |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $7$ |  | 12 |  | 3 | 2 |  | 4 | ${ }_{3}$ |  | . |  |  |  |  |  | .. | 9 |  |  | nspection. Do. |
| 8 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 8 |  | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | . |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 7 | 7 |  |  |
| 10 | 4 | 6 |  | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ |  |  |  | i |  | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 8 | 5 | 3 | 2 .. |
| 11 | 4 | 11 | \% | 3 | 3 | \% | , | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | . | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ | 4 | 3 | . |
| 12 | 4 | 13 | . | 4 | $j$ | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | $\stackrel{2}{9}$ |  |  |
| 13 | 4 | ${ }^{5}$ |  | . | .. | . |  | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | 3 |  |  |  |  | . | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{5}$ |  | .. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 15 | 4 | 11 |  | 8 | : |  |  | . |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| 16 | 1 | 9 | .. | .. | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | First | nspection. |
| 17 | 4 | 96 |  | 68 | 10 | 14 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | 28 |  | 10 | 5 |
| 18 19 | 4 4 | 24 66 |  | 10 | 11 | , |  |  |  | 1 | . |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | 15 | 11 |  | $9 \quad \ddot{2}$ |
| 20 | 4 | 33 |  | ${ }^{2} 8$ | 14 | 14 |  | 8 |  | 4 | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  | 39 | 34 | 24 |  |
| 21 | 4 | 43 | .. | 22 | 12 |  |  | 4 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 4 | 17 | $\ldots$ | 9 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 23 | 4 | 41 |  | 25 | 7 | 3 | , | ¢ |  | 1 | .. |  | .. |  |  | . | 19 | 14 | 13 | 2 |
| 24 | 4 | 12.5 |  | 67 | 24 | 13 |  | 16 |  | ј |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 | 44 | 27 | 18 |
| 1 |  | 89 |  | 20 | 8 | $1: 1$ |  | 12 |  | 15 | 10 |  | 2 | . |  | 0 | 66 | 36 | 18 | 13 |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 4 |  | ${ }_{21}^{32}$ |  | 12 | ${ }_{6}^{4}$ | 8 |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 10 | 6 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | 14 | 9 | First | uspection. |


| Name of School. |  |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { st } \\ & \mathrm{Qr} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 5. Glen Gyle |  | C. A. Sephton |  | A. 3 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |  |
| 6. Glenorchy | .. |  | A. 3 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 7. Killowen - |  |  | A. 3 |  |  | 15 | 15 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 14 |
| 8. Lymore Lodge | .. |  | A. 3 | 11 | 12 | 12 |  | 11 | 12 | 10 |  |
| 10. Mossdell .. | $\because$ |  | A. ${ }^{\text {A. }} 3$ | 17 | 37 16 | 37 | 24 | 15 | 27 14 | 36 | 23 |
| 11. Rhodes |  |  | A. 3 | 76 | 49 | 34 | 23 | 67 | 41 | 28 | 16 |
| 12. Rooipoort. | J. H | I. Grijvenstein | A, 3 | 22 | 22 | 24 | 22 | 22 | 17 | 20 | 16 |
| 14. Willowleigh |  |  | A. ${ }^{\text {A. }} 3$ | 20 | 22 | 21 | 12 | . 6 | 20 | 9 | 11 |
| 15. Beeste Kraal |  | J. Linstrom | P.F. |  | 5 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| 16. Donnybrook | $\cdots$ | J. H. Stack | P.F. | 5 | ¢ | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 17. Doordrift |  |  | P.F. | .. | .. |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 18. Glen Gyle | . |  | P.F. |  |  | . | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |
| 19. Glenorchy |  | R. P. Jordaan H. Benson | P.F. P.F. | ${ }^{10} 5$ | 10 | .. |  | 10 3 | 10 |  |  |
| 21. Mount Newton | .. |  | P.F. |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  | 8 |
| 22. Thirlstane .. |  | J. Greyling | P.F. | . |  | 11 |  |  |  | 9 |  |
| 23. Westbrook ${ }_{\text {24 }}$ |  | M. A. Murray | P.F. | . | 7 | 6 |  |  | 7 | 6 |  |
| 24. Wintershoek |  |  | P.F. |  |  | .. | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 25. Bamboeshoek |  | . .. | Poor |  | 20 |  | 18 |  | 18 |  |  |
| 26. Barkly East | . |  | Poor |  | 40 | 37 | 29 |  | 21 | 27 | 18 |
| 27. Buckhold .. | .. | ... | Poor | 19 | 30 | 30 | 34 | .7 | 24 | 28 | 30 |
| 28. Vaal Həek |  |  | Poor |  |  | 18 |  |  |  | 15 |  |
| Total |  | .. .. |  | 349 | 438 | 447 | 383 | 311 | 354 | 36 ¢ | 313 |
| BARKLY WEST (Inspector Brice). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Klipdam |  |  | A. 2 | .. | . | . | 116 |  |  |  | 73 |
| 2. Barkly West |  |  | A. 3 | 22 | 23 | 25 |  | 19 | 17 | 19 |  |
| 3. Daniel's Kuil | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | A. 3 | 31 |  | 39 | 34 | 23 |  | 29 | 19 |
| 4. Klipdam .. |  |  | A. 3 | 136 | 137 |  |  | - 01 | 91 |  |  |
| 5. Koopmansfonteiu | $\cdots$ | F. J. Strauss | A. 3 | 33 | 36 | 36 | 29 | 31 | 30 | 27 | 23 |
| 6. Waldecks Plant |  |  | A. 3 | 47 |  | 50 | 49 | 29 | 29 |  |  |
| 8. Fairview | . | J. Hankin | P.F. | 13 | 11 |  |  | 8 | 10 |  |  |
| 9. Groot Boetsap | . | T. G. Rawson | P.F. |  | 1 | 6 | 6 |  | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| 10. Harrisdale .. |  | J. Harris | P.F. | 14 | 11 | 11 | 11 | ¢ | 8 | 10 | 11 |
| 11. Horsewell |  |  | P.F. | 7 | , | , |  | 7 | 5 |  |  |
| 12. Delport's Hope | . |  | Poor |  |  |  |  | 30 |  | 31 | 27 |
| 13. Holpan |  |  | Poor | 95 | 94 | 101 | 90 | 60 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| 14. Klein Boetsap | . | . .. | Poor |  | 38 | 40 | 34 |  | 31 | 29 | 26 |
| 15. Mayeakgore | .. | (Berl. M.) | B | $5_{2}$ | 44 | 45 | 42 | 30 | 33 | 35 | 30 |
| 16. Pniel | .. | (do.) | B | 132 | 135 | 147 | 144 | 94 | 89 | 114 | 124 |
| 17. Windsorton | . | . . (D.R.C.) | B | 31 | 27 | 38 | 27 | 17 | 16 | 20 | 17 |
| 18. Barkly West |  | (Ind.) |  | 68 | 72 | 70 | ${ }^{65}$ | 54 | 60 | 60 | 57 |
| 19. Gong-Gong | .. | .. (do.) | ${ }^{8}$ | 20 | 24 | 35 | 28 | 9 | 11 | 32 | 16 |
| 21. Rooidam |  | (do.) | B | 37 | 27 | 34 | 29 | 28 | 18 | 26 | 25 |
| 21. Rooidam |  | (do.) | B | 54 | 56 | 68 |  | 49 | 45 | 59 |  |
| 22. Klipdam .. | . | .. (Luth.) | B |  | 35 | 39 | 27 |  | 17 | 24 | 17 |
| 23. Berg Puts | .. | . (Wes.) |  | 37 | 35 | 35 |  | 30 | 31 | 24 |  |
| 24. Klipdam |  | - (do.) | B | 38 | 41 | 37 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 25 |
| 25. Windsorton |  | (do.) | B | 33 | 39 | 43 | 42 | 28 | 34 | 36 | 37 |
| Total . |  |  |  | 939 | 980 | 954 | 956 | 697 | 713 | 731 | 726 |



|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{a} \\ & \dot{E} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{6} \\ & \stackrel{\dot{C}}{8} \\ & \dot{80} \end{aligned}$ |  | + |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 8 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 28 |  | 18 |  |  |
|  | 4 |  |  | .. | 7 |  | 4 | 8 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  | $\because$ | 30 | 16 | 15 | 9 |  |
|  | 4 |  |  | . |  |  | 3 | 5 |  | 7 | s |  | 5 | $t$ |  |  | .. | 34 | 22 | 21 | 9 | . |
|  | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 4 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 8 | 4 | 5 | 3 | .. |
|  | 4 |  |  | .. | 7 |  | 7 | 7 |  | 1 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 23 | 20 | - 15 | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 3 | 4 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  | . | 15 |  | 9 | ${ }_{5}$ |  |
|  | 4 |  |  | .. | 1 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 6 | 6 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | .. | 19 | 15 | 11 | 4 | $\ldots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 4 | 3 |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. | 7 | 6 | 3 | 1 |  |
|  | 4 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | . | 1 |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | .. | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 |  |
| 10 | 4 |  |  | . | 35 |  | 4 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 |  | . |  |  |  |  | 11 | 3 | 3 | 8 |  |
| 1 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | . |  | . | . |  | . | . |  | . | . |  |  | . |  |  |  | . |  |
| 12 | 4 |  |  | .. | 22 |  | .. | 5 |  | 2 | . |  | .. |  |  |  | .. | 8 | 1 | 1 | 5 | .. |
| 13 | 4 |  |  |  | 16 |  | 3 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | .. |  |  |  | .. | 9 | 2 | 2 | 5 |  |
| 1. | 4 4 4 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 20 34 |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | 9 | $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ |  | Inspecti <br> Do. |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | 4 | 12 |  | 13 | 7 |  |  | .. | 63 | 49 | 25 | 6 |  |
|  | 2 |  |  | .. | 57 |  | 37 | 22 |  | 1 | 18 |  | 12 | 8 |  |  |  | 110 | 102 | 61 | 4 |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  | , | 6 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 9 | 7 |  | uspecti |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 3 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 11 | 8 | 6 |  |  |
|  | 2 |  |  | . | 6 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | .. | 9 | 7 | ${ }_{5}$ | 2 |  |
|  | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | . | ${ }_{5}$ | ¢ | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |
| 10 | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ |  | 2 |  |  | 2 2 | 1 |  |  | ... | 6 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 6 4 |  |  |
| 11 | 2 |  |  | .. | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{6}{3}$ | ${ }_{1}^{6}$ |  |  |  |
| 12 | 2 |  |  | $\because$ | 2 |  | 4 | - |  | 5 | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |  |  | 9 | 9 | 9 | 1 |  |
| 1 | 2 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | . | $\because$ |  | 2 | $\because$ |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 4 | 4 | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ |  |  |
| 15 | 2 |  |  | .. |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. | ${ }_{5}$ |  | First | Inspecti |  |
| 16 | 2 |  |  | .. | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  | .. | . |  |  | . | , | 4 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 17 | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |
| 18 | 1 |  |  | .. |  |  | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  | .. | 7 | 7 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| 19 | 3 |  |  | .. |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{\square}$ |  | First |  |  |
| 20 | 3 |  |  | .. | 1 |  | .. | 1 |  | 2 | ; |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | .. | 7 | 7 | ${ }^{5}$ | $1$ |  |
| 21 | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | .. | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | . |  |  |  | .. | 3 | 2 | First | Inspecti |  |
| 23 | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 3 | 3 |  |  | 2 |  |  | $\because$ | ${ }_{9}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |
| 24 | 2 |  |  | . | 2 |  | . | 4 |  | , | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  | First | Inspecti |  |
| 25 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | ${ }_{5}$ | 1 |  | Do. |  |
| 27 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 27 | 2 |  |  | .. | 1 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | . | 5 | 4 | 4 | 1 |  |
| 28 | 2 |  |  | .. |  |  | 1 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. | ${ }_{5}$ | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | First | nspectio |  |
| 39 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ |  | $\because$ | 1 |  | 1 | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{5}$ | 5 8 8 | 1 |  |
| 31 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | $\because$ | 3 |  |  | i |  |  | $\cdots$ | \% | 5 |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
|  | 3 |  |  | .. | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  | . | 2 |  | .. | 2 |  |  | . | 6 | 6. | 6 | . |  |
| 33 | 2 |  |  |  | 26 |  | 6 | 6 |  | 0 | 1 |  | .. | . |  |  | .. |  |  | . . |  | .. |
| 34 | 2 |  |  |  | 66 |  | 8 | 12 |  | 6 | 2 |  | .. | . |  |  | .. | 41 | 15 | 16 | 22 |  |
| 35 | 2 |  |  | .. | 40 |  | 5 | 1 |  | . | . |  | . |  |  |  | . | 6 | 3 | 1 | 3 |  |


| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BEDFORD (Inspector Fraser). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Bedford .. |  |  | A. 1 | 80 | 70 | 75 | 69 | 61 | 53 | 54 | 60 |
| 2. Baviaansdrift |  | A. 3 | 17 | 17 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 4. Bester's Kraal <br> 5. Cheviot Fells | F. v. d. Vyver H. S. de Beer | P.F. P.F. | 7 | 6 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | $6$ | 7 6 | 6 | 5 5 |  |
| 6. Coiliesfontein | .. J. H. Nel | P.F. | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 10 |  |
| 7. Collieskraal | B. D. Bouwer | P.F. |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 6 |  |
| 8. Commando ${ }^{\text {9. Daggaboer's Hoek }}$ | S. T. Meaker | P.F. P.F. | 5 | 5 |  | 5 | 9 | 5 | $5$ |  |
| 10. Fontein .. | W. S. J. Lombard | ${ }_{\text {P.F. }}$ | 11 |  | 11 | ${ }_{9}$ | ${ }_{8}$ | 5 | ${ }_{10}^{5}$ |  |
| 11. Ganna Hoek | .. W. N. Blake | P.F. | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 |  |
| 12. Glen Gregor | .. J. A. Mspham | P.F. | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | $\stackrel{5}{7}$ |  |
| 13. Highlands .. | .. T. J. Watson | P.F. | 9 |  | 9 | 9 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 14. Kingsvale .. | J. J. W. King | P.F. | 5 | 5 | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | ${ }_{8}^{5}$ | 4 | 5 |  |
| 15. Knoftelfontein | G. F. Stegman | P.F. | 9 |  |  | 9 | 8 |  |  |  |
| 16. Lower Austrey | G. Nourse | P.F. | . |  | 8 | 8 | . | 5 | 5 |  |
| 18. Mower Lintoss | $\cdots \quad$ C. Pearson | P.F. | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 19. Olivewoods | G. A. Whitehead | P.F. | 5 | 7 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 10 |
| 20. Ondersmoor Drift | . A. Louw | P.F. | 7 | 9 | 13 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 13 |  |
| 21. Schelmkloof | C. P. F. Marais | P.F. | 8 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 9 |  |
| 22. Spring Grove | W. S. Ainslie | P.F. | 6 |  | 6 | 6 | ${ }_{6}$ |  | 6 | 5 |
| 23. Wilfred's Hope | J. Hurworth | P.F. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |  |
| 24. Glen Lynden | . (D.R.C.) | B | 36 | 36 | 45 | 39 | 30 | 29 | 35 | 34 |
| 25. Bedford | (Ind.) | B | 41 | 48 | 49 | 45 | 30 | 31 | 30 | 24 |
| 26. Cowie Bush | (do.) | B | 58 | 52 | 56 | 48 | 29 | 34 | 36 | 31 |
| 27. Bedford | (R.C.) | B | 18 | 26 | 24 | 25 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 21 |
| 28. Glen Thorn | (U.P.) | B | 74 | 72 | 59 | 54 | 55 | 38 | 43 | 39 |
| 29. Zeerust | (do.) | B |  |  |  | 43 |  |  |  | 30 |
| 30. Bedford, Trinity | (Wes.) | B | 82 | 71 | 72 | 67 | 51 | 48 | 51 | 48 |
| Total |  |  | 519 | 500 | 534 | 554 | 390 | 366 | 412 | 435 |
| BREDASDORP (Inspector Watermeyer). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Bredasdorp |  | A. 2 | 89 | 93 | 98 | 94 | 78 | 79 | 82 | 77 |
| 2. Napier |  | A. 2 | 80 | 85 | 80 | 80 | 62 | 50 | 61 | 53 |
| 3. Elands Drift |  | A. 3 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 18 | 17 |
| 4. Kathoek | D. Odendaal | A. 3 | 18 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 15 | 17 |
| j. Klein Zout River |  | A. 3 |  |  | 11 | 13 |  |  | 10 | 12 |
| 6. Matjeskloof | P. Wessels | A. 3 | 13 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 12 |
| 7. Wolfgat .. |  | A. 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Zand Drift.. |  | A. 3 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 11 |
| 9. Zout River.. | H. Groenewald | A. 3 | 19 | 18 | 25 | 25 | 15 | 13 | 19 | 14 |
| 10. Cupidos Kraal | L. J. du Toit | P.F. | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| 11. Driefontein | A. Dreyer | P.F. | 6 | 5 | .. | . | 5 | 4 | . |  |
| 12. Elands Vlei | .. D. Uys | P.F. | 11 |  | .. |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| 13. Hansjes River | ..P. Swart | P.F. | 19 |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |
| 14. Helderfontein | D. du Toit | P.F. | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 15. Lange Vlei | L. Swart | P.F. | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |  | 9 |
| 16. Lower Zout River | J. Human | P.F. | 13 | 13 | 11 |  | 13 | 12 | 10 |  |
| 17. Nooitgedacht | D. Lourens | P.F. | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 18. Patrijskraal |  | P.F. |  | 11 | 11 | 11 |  | 10 | 10 | 9 |
| 19. Rooi Draai.. | J. D. de Kock | P.F. | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| 20. The Hope | D. de Wet | P.F. | 11 | 4 |  | 4 | 7 | 4 |  | ${ }^{4}$ |
| 21. Vissersdrift | J. de Kock | P.F. |  | 10 | 10 | 11 |  | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| 22. Welgegund | J. Mathee | P.F. | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 23. Zoetendal's Vlei | . H. H. v. Breda | P.F. | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 |  | 7 | 7 |

Enrolment and Attendance.

| Name of School, |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll. during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2nd } \\ \text { Qr. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st } \\ & \mathrm{Qr} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 24. Zout River. . | . .. |  | P.F. | .. |  | .. | 12 | . | .. |  | 12 |
| 25. De Tuin | .. . | Poor <br> Poor <br> Poor <br> Poor <br> Poor <br> Poor | 41 | 34 | 35. | 32 | 29 |  | 31 | 29 |
| 27. Langvlei | .. $\quad .$. |  | 232716 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 28 \\ & 26 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{i} \\ & 26 \\ & 21 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | 211715 |  |  | 15191713 |
| 28. Oudeplaats | J. Mathee |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 28 \\ & 24 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 18232011 | 18252113 |  |
| 29. Wolfgat .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. Zoutbosch .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31. Bredasdorp | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Eng. Ch.) } \\ \text { (do.).) } \\ \text { (do.) } \\ \text { (do.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 59 \\ & 44 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 54 \\ & 40 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | 80524044 | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \\ & 41 \\ & 36 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | 55363528 | 71243129 |  | 61253125 |
| 32. Napier <br> 33. Struis Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. Wagenhuis Krantz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35. Elim | (Mor.) | B | 307 | 358 | 327 | 394 | 253 | 293 | 225 | 166 |
| Total . |  |  | 1015 | 1068 | 1040 | 1071 | 812 | 847 | 810 | 705 |

BRITSTOWN (Inspector Murray).

| 1. Britstown |  |  | A. 2 | 81 | 77 | 87 | 81 | 68 | 66 | 73 73 | 66 75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. De Aar |  |  | A. 2 | 85 | 86 | 92 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Boter Kraal |  | F. Venter | A. 3 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 8 |
| 4. Minnie's Kloof |  |  | A. 3 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 |  |
| 5. Bloemfontein |  | P. L. Smith | P.F. | 12 | 12 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 7 |
| 6. Daggafontein |  | J. J. G. Loots | P.F. | 10 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| 7. Damfontein |  | O. Marais | P.F. | 5 | 5 |  |  | ${ }_{8}$ | 3 |  |  |
| 8. Doornkuilen | . |  | P.F. | 8 | 7 | 6 |  | 8 | 7 | 6 |  |
| 9. Holpan |  | J. S. Roux | P.F. | 6 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |
| 10. Kolkenburg |  | ... A Steyn | P.F. | $5 \cdot$ | 5 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| 11. Lemoenkloof |  | J. v. d. Merwe | P.F. | 5 | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |
| 12. Schilderspan |  | P. v. d. Merwe | P.F. | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |
| 14. Britstown |  |  | Poor | . |  |  | 57 |  | .. |  | 40 |
| 15. Britstown |  | . (D.R.C.) | B | 31 |  |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |
| 16. De Aar |  | (Eng. Ch.) | B | 66 | 69 | 76 | 90 | 50 | 52 | 57 | 70 |
| 17. Do. |  | . (Wes.) | B | 49 | 54 | 47 | 61 | 30 | 34 | 37 | 46 |
| Total |  |  |  | 401 | 365 | 377 | 446 | 318 | 298 | 309 | 351 |
| CALEDON (Inspector | Water | ermeyer). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Caledon | . | .. | A. 1 | 122 | 118 | 119 | 121 | 105 | 103 | 107 | 106 |
| 2. Alexander's Kloof |  |  | A. 3 | 15. | 12 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 3. Bcontjes Kraal |  |  | A. 3 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| 4. Bot River .. |  | Mrs. G. le Roux | A. 3 | 22 | 23 | 26 | 18 | 15 | 16 | 14 |  |
| 5. Diep River.. |  | G. Metalfe | A. 3 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 8 |  | 17 |
| 6. Droogeboom | .. | N. Neethling | A. 3 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 18 | 14 | 40 | 15 | ${ }_{35}$ |
| 7. Greyton |  |  | A. 3 | ${ }_{24} 2$ | 48 | ${ }_{25}^{50}$ | ${ }_{25}^{48}$ | ${ }_{20}^{43}$ | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| 8. Haarwegs River | ntein |  | A. 3 | ${ }_{41}^{24}$ | 43 | 53 | ${ }_{47}^{25}$ | 31 | 26 | 33 | 42 |
| 10. Karnmelks River | .. | A. E. Poole | A. 3 | 19 | 19 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 9 | 8 | 7 |
| 11. Klipdrift |  |  | A. 3 |  | 14 | 12 | 11 |  | 12 | 11 | ${ }_{15}^{9}$ |
| 12. Langverwacht | $\cdots$ | J. N. Human | A. 3 | 17 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 15 |
| 13. Nethercourt |  | W. G. Vos | A. 3 | 10 | ${ }_{27}^{11}$ | 11 | 26 | 15 | 17 | 24 | 16 |
| 14. Palmiet River |  |  | A. 3 | 31 | ${ }_{31}^{27}$ | 29 | 30 | 23 | 28 | 19 | 28 |
| 15. Papies Vlei. | . | J. B. Francke S. Swart | A. 3 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 17. Stanford .. | $\cdots$ | ... .. | A. 3 | 47 | 47 | 49 | 46 | 31 | 26 | 30 | 24 |
| 18. Villiersdorp | . | .. .. | A. 3 | 94 | 93 | 92 | 94 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 82 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 䔍 | 告 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | . |  |  |  | .. |  | .. |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 28 |  |  | 18 |  | 7 |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | First Inspection. No Record. |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 9 |  |  | 6 |  | 2 |  |  | .. |  |  | . |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 23 | . |  | 15 |  | 3 | 2 | 2 | .. |  | 3 | .. |  |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 16 |  |  | 10 |  | 6 |  |  | . |  |  | . | . |  | $\because$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | First Inspection. |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 57 42 |  |  | 40 30 |  | 5 | 4 |  | 8 |  |  | . |  |  |  | . |  |  | 17 | $\begin{array}{rrr} 13 & 3 & . . \\ 6 & 2 & \because \\ \hdashline 2 & 3 & \because \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 36 |  |  | 39 29 |  | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ |  | 1 |  |  | . | . |  | . | .. |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 29 | . |  | 23 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | . |  | 8 9 | 5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 254 |  |  | 165 | 42 |  | 21 |  | 26 |  |  | . | .. |  |  | - |  | 93 | 68 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 75 80 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 80 |  |  | 43 | ¢ |  | 10 |  | 11 | 9 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 5 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 52 31 | 39 29 | 7 |  |
|  |  |  | 12 | $\cdots$ |  | 2 | 3 |  | 3 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 12 | .. |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  | 2 | 3 |  | $\because$ | $\therefore$ |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | 8 | 8 4 | ${ }_{5}^{2}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 7 | $\cdots$ |  | 2 |  |  | , |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 9 | $\because$ |  | 2 | 1 |  | , |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 2 | 4 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 6 | $\because$ |  | 3 | 1 |  | . |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | : |  |  | .. |  |  | 2 |  | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| 10 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | ? | 2 | 3 |  |
| 1 |  |  | 5 | . |  | 1 | i |  |  |  | 3 <br> 2 <br> 2 |  |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 3 | 3 | 2 | \% |
| 12 |  |  | 5 | . |  |  | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | . | 1 |  | $\because$ |  | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | 4 <br> 3 | 4 |  | . |
|  |  |  | 5 | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | 4 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 4 |  | 1 |  |
| 14 | 4 |  | 42 | . |  | 36 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  | . |  | . | .. |  |  | . |  | 7 | 5 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 4 |  | 69 |  | 51 | 1 | 8 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. .. |  |  |
| 7 | 4 |  | 45 |  | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  | . | 23 | , | 9 | 98. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | . | 16 |  | 4 | 12 |  |  |
| 1 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 7 | 26 |  | 9 |  | 11 | 14 |  | 19 |  | 7 | 9 | 4 |  | 5 | 75 | 64 |  | 57 | 8 |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 1 | 1 | . | $3$ |  |  |  | 1 | 3 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | . | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 3 | 1 | \% |  | ${ }_{10}^{6}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | . |  |  | 8 |  |  | First In | pectio |  |
| 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  | 3 |  | 1 |  | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 1 |  | 2 | 1 |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 8 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ |  | ${ }_{8}$ | 4 |  |
| 6 | 3 3 3 | 1 | 3 |  | 7 |  | 7 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | . |  |  |  | 8 |  | 8 | .. |  |
| 8 | 3 3 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 7 |  | 8 | 15 |  | 9 |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | ${ }_{38}$ | $\stackrel{9}{4}$ |  | ${ }^{7}$ | 2 |  |
|  | 3 | 17 | , | $\because$ | 5 |  | 6 9 |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 12 | 7 |  | 11 |  |  |
| 1 | 3 | 1 |  | . | 7 |  |  | 10 | ) | 2 |  | 2 |  |  | $\because$ | . |  |  | 23 | 19 |  | 15 | 4 |  |
| 1 | , | 11 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ | .. |  |
| 2 | 3 | 17 |  | . | 5 |  |  | 5 | 5 | 3 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{12}^{6}$ |  |  | ${ }_{7}$ First | pection |  |
| 4 | 3 3 1 | 11 | . |  | 1 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  | $\cdots$ |  | 10 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 1 | 27 |  |  | 13 |  | ${ }_{5}$ | 3 6 |  | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 7 |  | $5 /$ | ¢ |  |
| 6 | 3 | 15 |  |  | 10 |  | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{2}^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | 9 |  | 7 | 5 |  |
|  | , | ${ }^{40}$ |  | . | 26 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 | ${ }_{11}^{3}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{7}$ |  |
|  |  | 86 |  |  | 20 | 13 |  | 20 |  | 11 |  | 16 | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5} 9$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| Name of School. | ass. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Wrtklipjeskloof C. H. Groenewald ${ }_{\text {B. J. de Kock }}$ | A. 3 | ${ }_{25}^{16}$ |  |  | 17 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 17 16 |
| 20. Zandfontein .. B. J. de Kock |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. Aries Kraal .. H. Beukes | P.F. | s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | P.F.F: P.F. | 11 |  |  |  | i0 |  |  |  |
| 24. Kwartelfontein $\quad$.. J. P. de Wet | ${ }_{\text {P.F.F. }}$ |  |  |  | 11 | ${ }_{7}^{10}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {P.F. }}^{\text {P.F. }}$ | 12. |  | 10 |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{27}{ }^{26}$. Weiterreden ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( W. A. Morton | P.F. |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | 7 |
| Schild's Kloof | $\xrightarrow{\text { Poor }}$ Poor | ${ }_{2}^{20}$ | 16 | 15 34 3 | ${ }_{32}^{16}$ | ${ }_{27}^{16}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{23}^{12}$ |
| 30. Caledon .. .. .. (D.R.C.) | B | 62 | 59 | 61 | 52 | 40 | 39 | 13 | 32 |
| 31. Do. .. .. (Eng. Ch.) |  |  |  | 123 |  | 82 | 73 | 90 |  |
| 32. Glebe .. .. .. (do.) | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | ${ }_{83}^{31}$ | ${ }_{76}^{32}$ | ${ }_{82}^{32}$ | ${ }_{8}^{34}$ |  | ${ }_{61}$ | ${ }_{67}^{27}$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{8}$ | ${ }_{22}$ | 18 |  |  |  | 14 |  |  |
|  | B | 45 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36. Hermanus Pietersfontein $\quad$. (do.) | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 67 37 | ${ }_{42}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39. Berea .. .. .. (Mor.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40. Genadendal .. .. (do.) | ${ }_{8}^{\text {B }}$ | 483 | 439 | $\begin{array}{r}430 \\ 43 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{414}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1828175317751685 |  |  |  | 1480133014121334 |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| calvinia (Inspector Hofmeyr). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Calvinia | A. 2 |  | .. | . | 67 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Bioembergsvlakte | A. 3 | 13 | 14 | 14 |  | 12 | 14 | 14 | ${ }_{20}^{10}$ |
| 3. Brandvlei -. | A. ${ }^{3}$ | 37 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Gruen River | A. 3 | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{35}$ |
| 6. Grootvlakte | A. ${ }^{\text {A. }} 3$ | 25 |  | 19 |  | 21 | 17 | 16 | 15 |
|  | A. 3 | 13 |  |  |  | 13 |  |  | 13 |
|  | A. ${ }^{\text {A }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 13 |  |  | 15 | 11 |  |  |  |
| 10. Tiger Hoek (Brandwacht) | A. 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Spitskop ${ }_{\text {12 }}^{\text {Oorlogs }}$ Kloof | A. 3 |  |  | 32 | 34 |  |  | 25 | 29 |
| 13. Brak River Widow E. H. C. Nel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. De Hoek .. .. C. v. d. Merwe | $\stackrel{\text { P.F. }}{\text { P. }}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ |  |  |
| 15. Houwhoek.. .. F. S. v. Dyk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. Bushmauland (Broekzynputs) | Poor |  | 12 | 13 | 12 |  | 9 | 11 | 12 |
| 17. Calvinia .. .. .. (D.R.C.) | B | 51 | 46 | 38 | 59 | 34 | 39 | 28 | 50 |
| Total |  | $255 \quad 283 \quad 271$ |  |  |  | 192 | 220 | 206 | 272 |
| CAPE (Inspector Noaks). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cape Town, Deaf and Dumb Inst. (R.C.) | S.P. | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 |  | 12 | 15 | 14 |
| Do., S.A. College Schoo |  |  | ${ }^{238}$ | 237 |  | 214 | 201 | 213 |  |
| 3. Do., Good Hope Seminary, | A. 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 259 | 291 |  |
|  | d. 1 | ${ }_{378}$ | 392 | ${ }_{414}$ | 431 | 329 | ${ }^{339}$ | ${ }^{363}$ |  |
| 6. Rondeboseh, High School, Boys ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | A. 1 | 17 198 | 33 199 | $\stackrel{46}{46}$ | - ${ }^{56}$ | ${ }_{167}^{14}$ | ${ }_{171}^{27}$ |  |  |
| 7. Sea Po.int, Boys ${ }^{\text {do., }}$, ${ }^{\text {dirls }}$ | A. 1 |  | 159 | 176 | ${ }^{209}$ |  | 154 | ${ }^{156}$ |  |
| Simonstown |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{125}$ | ${ }^{115}$ | - 112 |  | ${ }_{166}^{110}$ |  |  |
| 10. Wynberg, Boys' | A. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 哥 } \\ & \text { W2 } \\ & \text { 崮 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2 | 212 | 7 | 28 | 21 | 17 | 20 | 30 | 20 | 24 | 30 | 15 | 164 | 128 | 82 | 20 |  |
|  |  | 4 | 131 |  | 54 | 26 | 23 | 16 | 8 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 78 | 74 | 42 |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 189 |  | 28 | 33 | 38 | 38 | 18 | 20 | 11 | 3 |  | 165 | 115 | 97 |  |  |
|  |  | 3 | 165 |  | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 28 | 24 | 23 | 17 | 14 | 4 |  |  | 118 | 102 | 74 | 6 |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 76 | $\cdots$ | 19 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 6 | 4 | 1 | ． | ．． | 61 | 49 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 35 104 |  | 35 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．． | $\cdots$ |  |  | First Inspection． |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 77 | 2 | 13 | 21 | 12 | 15 | 12 | ${ }_{10}^{2}$ | ${ }_{9}$ | $\because$ | ． | 85 | 47 | 15 |  |  |
|  |  | 4 | 71 | ． | 14 | 17 |  | 21 |  |  | 1 | ．． | $\cdots$ | 57 | 46 | 23 |  | － |
|  |  | 3 | 58 | ．． | 28 | 8 | 15 | ， |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{30}$ | 17 | No Record． |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 46 |  | 8 | 7 | 13 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | ．． | 39 | 28 | 25 | 8 |  |
|  |  | 3 | 111 | $\cdots$ | 30 | 21 | 21 | 14 | 13 | 7 | 5 | ．． | ． | 81 | 71 | 43 |  |  |
|  |  | 3 | 198 |  | 104 | 27 | 36 | 18 | 9 | 4 |  |  |  | 120 | 61 | 46 | 36 | 1 |
|  |  | 3 | 76 | $\cdots$ | 27 | 11 | 19 | 7 | 9 |  | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | 54 | 21 | 11 |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 | 256 | ． | 118 | 56 | 27 | 38 | 13 | 4 |  |  | ． | 145 | 93 | 77 | 32 | 1 |
|  |  | 3 | 158 |  | 66 | 18 | 24 | 22 | 14 | 9 | 5 |  | $\ldots$ | 92 | 82 | 63 |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 | 139 | ．． | 54 | 24 | 16 | 29 | 11 | 5 | ． | $\because$ | ． | 86 | 82 | 60 | 14 |  |
|  |  | 4 | $\ddot{86}$ |  | $\ddot{26}$ | 7 | 24 | 11 | 12 | $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | 68 | 39 | 23 |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 | 215 | $\cdots$ | 81 | 47 | 23 | 30 | 12 | 15 | 4 | 3 | $\because$ | 134 | 105 | 76 |  |  |
| 3 |  | 1 | ${ }^{56}$ | $\cdots$ | 32 | 13 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  | ．． | 29 | 11 |  |  | 3 |
|  |  |  | 15 | ．． | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |  | ． | $\cdots$ | 11 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  | 4 | 6 | $\cdots$ | 6 | ． | $\cdots$ | ． | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ | ．． | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | First | nspect |  |
| 3 |  |  | 21 | ．． | 8 | 7 | 2 | 4 | ． | ． | ， | $\because$ |  | 13 |  | First Inspection． |  |  |
| A |  | 3 | 56 | ． | 25 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 11 | 4 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 35 | 31 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 174 | ． | 62 | 24 | 27 | 17 | 26 | 13 | 4 | i | $\cdots$ | 121 | 78 | 45 |  |  |
| 38 |  | 3 | 219 | ． | 121 | 34 | 27 | 23 | 12 | 2 |  |  |  | 100 | 92 | 51 |  |  |
| 40 |  |  | 54 | ． | 42 | 5 | 7 |  |  | ．． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ． | 16 | 6 | No R | cord． |  |
|  |  | 4 | 174 | ．． | 103 | 32 | 16 | 14 | 9 |  |  | ．． | ．． | 71 | 70 |  |  |  |
| 41 |  |  | 90 | 6 | 18 | 13 | 18 | 14 | 11 | 10 |  | ．． |  | 73 | 36 | 21 | 7 | 1 |
| 42 | 4 |  | 40 | ．． | 40 | ， |  | ． | ． |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ． |  | No Record．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| 4 | 4 |  | 50 | ． | 14 | 7 | 12 | 12 | 5 | ． |  |  |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 4 |  | 73 | ．． | 40 | 15 | 9 | 9 | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ | ． | ．． | 41 | 24 | First Inspection． |  |  |
| 46 | 4 |  | 20 |  | 9 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{27}$ | 3 | ＋ | 13 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 2 |  | ．． | ．． | 20 |  | First Inspection |  |  |
| 8 | 4 |  | 38 | ．． | 14 | 13 | 11 | ．． | ．． | ．． | ． | ．． | ． | 25 | 23 | No R | cord． |  |
| 49 | 2 |  | 12 | ， | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 |  | 111 | $\ldots$ |  | 4 | 3 <br> 3 | 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ． | 8 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 2 |  | 5 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | ． | ${ }_{5}$ | 0 | （erst |  |  |
|  | 2 |  | 10 | ．． | 1 | 6 | 3 | ． | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{5}{9}$ | 3 | 5 |  |  |
| 54 | 1 |  | 123 | ．． | 86 | 13 | 14 | 8 | 2 | ．． |  | ．． | ．． | 39 | 33 | 25 | 4 |  |
| 5 | 1 |  | ${ }^{23}$ | $\cdots$ |  | 5 | 7 | ${ }^{3}$ | 2 |  |  |  |  | 19 |  | 3 | 12 |  |
|  | 2 |  | 172 | $\cdots$ | 124 | 22 | 12 | 11 | 3 |  |  |  | ． | 48 | 41 | 29 |  |  |
| 57 | 3 |  | 171 | $\cdots$ | 118 | 20 | 20 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | 55 | 40 | 23 | 12 |  |
| 58 | 2 |  | 20 | $\cdots$ | 6 | 3 | 7 | 4 |  |  |  | ． | － | 15 | 10 |  | 6 | 2 |
| 9 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  | 129 | － | 109 | 13 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 |  |  |  |  | ． | 27 | 8 | 4 | 10 | 3 |
| 60 | 3 |  | 219 | ． | 155 | 27 | 12 | 7 | 18 |  | ． | － | ．． | 69 | 52 | 37 | 13 |  |
| 61 | 3 |  | 81 | ． | 55 | 18 | 5 | 3 | ．． | $\cdots$ | ．． |  | ．． | 30 | 15 | 8 | 10 |  |
| 63 | 4 |  | 72 | ． | 68 | 3 | 1 | ． | ． |  |  | $\cdots$ | ． |  | ．． | First Inspection． |  |  |
| 64 | 1 |  | 25 | ． | 15 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 |  | 28 | ．． | 14 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  | ．． | － | ． | 17 | 1 i | ${ }_{8}^{1} \quad 3$ |  |  |
| 6 | 1 |  | 90 |  | ${ }^{56}$ | 12 | 1 | 6 | ${ }_{5}$ | 2 |  |  | ．． | 36 | 28 | $20 \quad 11$ |  |  |
|  | 4 |  | 16 | ． | 12 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | ． | ． | ， | 8 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 8 | 2 |  | 121 | ．． | 90 | 14 | 16 | 1 |  |  |  | ． |  | 38 | 6 | 3 | 1816 | 11 |
| 69 | 4 |  | 171 | ．． | 116 | 22 | 23 | 7 | 3 | ．． |  |  | ．． | 38 | 2 | 34 |  |  |
| 0 | 1 |  | 40 | ． |  | 1 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 3 |  | 172 | ． | 129 | 17 | 16 | 5 | 5 |  |  |  | ． | 48 | 17 | 11 | 32 |  |
| 72 | 3 |  | 85 | ．． | 56 | 10 | $13^{\circ}$ | 5 | 1 | ．． | ．． |  | ．． | 36 | 16 | 13 | 17 | 1 |



Enrolment and A.ttendance.

| Name of School． | Class． | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 9．Kalkuilen ．．．．P．J．Benade | Poor | ． | 13 | 13 | 13 |  | 11 | 12 | 9 |
| 10．Caruarvon ．．．．（Rhen．M．） | B | 203 | 199 | 217 | 193 | 135 | 147 | 155 | 156 |
| Total |  | 375 | 381 | 400 | 397 | 269 | 294 | 311 | 326 |
| CATHCART（Inspector Clarke）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Cathcart | A． 2 | ． | 70 | 86 | 80 | ．． | 61 | 75 | 71 |
| 2．Cassilis ．．．．．．S．Dell | A． 3 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 9 |
| 3．Hilton ．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | A． 3 | 29 | 28 | 30 | 29 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 27 |
| 5．Kirkwall（Coverside）${ }^{\text {4．}}$－J．Wardie | A． 3 <br> A． 3 | 20 13 | 18 | 18 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 110 | $1{ }_{10}^{13}$ | 11 | 111 |
| 6．Lowestoft ．．．．B．D．Marshall | A． 3 | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 7．Roslyn ．．．．W．Miles | A． 3 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 |
| 8．Spanover | A． 3 | 13 | 13 |  |  | 11 | 8 |  |  |
| 9．Toise River Station | A．${ }^{\text {A．}} 3$ | ${ }_{27}^{21}$ | 17 20 | ${ }_{22}^{18}$ | 17 23 | 17 20 | 17 | 13 19 | ${ }_{21}^{12}$ |
| 11．Welterreden（Dunskye）M．Bowker | A． 3 | 31 | 33 | 27 | 26 | 20 | 21 | 23 | 24 |
| 12．Blackpool ．．．．W．R．Hart | P F． | 6 | 6 |  |  | 6 | 5 |  |  |
| 13．Bonchurch ．．．．J．Tweedie | P．F． | ${ }^{5}$ | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| 14．Craig Cross ．．B．Brown | P．F． | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 10 | 15 | 14 | 14 |
|  | P．F． | 5 6 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 7 | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 7 | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ |
| 17．Hopewell ．．．．H．Harley | P．F． | 9 | ．． | 8 | 5 | 8 |  | 8 | 4 |
| 18．Hotfire ．．．．B．J．Erasmus | P．F． | 9 |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 19．Italy Farm．．．．．．J．Dell | P．F． | 7 | 5 | ${ }^{5}$ | ． | 7 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 20．Middledrift ．．．．C．Kuhn | PF． | 6 | 6 | 6 | ． | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |
| 21．North Cliff ．．J．Arnold | P．F． | 8 | 8 |  |  | 7 | 5 |  |  |
| 22．Paradoxus ．．．．W．Thompson | P．F． | 6 | 6 | 12 | 12 | 6 | 6 | ¢ | 11 |
| 23．Raglan Farm ．．Ui Smith | P．F． | 8 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 7 |  |
| 25．Stoneridge ．W．B．Calderwood | ${ }_{\text {P．F．F．}}$ | 7 | 7 | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 7 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| 26．Ellington ．．．．J．C．Oosthuizen | Poor | 14 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 10 | 11 | 8 |
| 27．Goshen ．．．．．．（Mor．） | B | 129 | 119 | 118 | 116 | 110 | 110 | 106 | 104 |
| 28．Catheart Location ．．．．（Wes．） | B | ， 33 | 28 | 46 | 41 | 20 | 26 | 43 | 33 |
| Total |  | 474 | 495 | 511 | 492 | 393 | 422 | 451 | 432 |
| CERES（Inspector Hofmeyr）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Ceres | A． 1 | 147 | 162 | 147 | 152 | 139 | 145 | 134 | 138 |
| 2．Prince Alfred＇s Hamlet | A． 2 | 86 | 84 | 82 | 83 | 80 | 78 | 75 | 74 |
| 3．Karoospoort | A． 3 | 14 | 13 | 16 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 15 | 13 |
| 4．Kleinfontein ．．M．H．A．Prins | A． 3 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 15 | 18 | 14 | 14 |  |
| 5．De Vley ．．．．P．G．dn Plessis | P．F． | 10 |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |
|  | P．F． | 5 | 5 |  | 11 | 5 | 5 | 9 9 | 5 |
| 8．Groot River ．．P．J．Muller | P．F． | 7 |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| 9．Leeuwfontein ．P．T．Conradie | P．F． | 11 | 11 | 11 | ii | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 |
| 10．Leeuwkuil ．．．．C．J．v．d．Merwe | P．F． | 9 |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 11．Moerasvlei ．．．．J．W．v．d．Merwe | P．F． |  | 8 | 8 | 8 |  | 7 | 7 | \％ |
| 12．Molen River ．．M．J．v．Niekerk | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| 13．Rietfontein W．J．v．d．Merwe | P．F． | 6 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| 14．Spes Bona ．．．．．A．Louw | P．F． | 9 | 8 | ．． |  | 7 | 5 | ． |  |
| 15．Vlakte ．．．．L．Esterhuizen | P．F． | 7 | ．． | ．． | ．． | 6 | ．． | ． |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 今 莯 \＃． 感 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت区 } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | 1 | 9 |  | 9 | ． | ． | ． | ．． |  |  | ．． |  | ． | 2 | 0 | First Inspection． |  |  |
| 10 | 1 | 130 |  | 68 | 33 | 20 | 8 | 1 |  |  | ．． |  |  | 64 | 45 | 33 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 57 | ．． | 19 | 7 | 16 | 6 | 8 |  | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | 39 | 27 | 11 | 3 |  |
| 2 | 3 | 13 | ．． |  | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 4 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 3 | 1 | 27 | ．． | 2 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 7 |  |  | i |  | ． | 25 | 22 | 13 | 3 |  |
| ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 18 | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ | 1 | i | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{2}$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | ． | ． | 16 | 13 9 | 11 |  |  |
| 6 | 3 | 15 | $\cdots$ | 1 | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 11 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9 | 1 |  |
| 7 | 3 | 13 | ． | ．． | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 13 | 11 | 7 | 2 |  |
| ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | 3 | 15 | $\cdots$ | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\because$ | 14 | 8 | 6 | 3 |  |
| 10 | 2 | 19 | ． | 2 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 3 |  |  | ． |  | $\because$ | 17 | 16 | 11 | 1 |  |
| 11 | 3 | 23 | ．． | 6 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 4 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 17 | 15 | 15 | 2 |  |
| 12 | 3 | 5 | $\cdots$ | － |  | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 3 | 15 | ． | 2 | 2 |  | 1 | 7 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | $\stackrel{4}{13}$ | $1{ }_{11}^{4}$ | $\stackrel{4}{9}$ | 2 |  |
| 15 | 2 | 5 | ． |  | ． | 1 | ${ }_{2}$ | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | ． | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 |  |
| 16 | 3 | 6 | ． | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | ．． |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 17 | 3 | 8 | ． | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | ．． |  |  | ． | ． | ．． | 6 | 5 | ．． | 6 |  |
| 18 | 3 | 5 | ．． | 1 | － | ． | 1 | ． |  |  | 1 |  | ． | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 3 | 6 | ．． | 2 | 2 | ． | 2 | ． |  |  | ． | \％ | $\ldots$ | 5 | 3 | $\stackrel{3}{3} \stackrel{3}{\text { First }}$ Inspection． |  |  |
| 22 | 3 | 6 | $\cdots$ | $\ddot{2}$ | ： | $\cdots$ | 2 | 2 | ． |  | $\because$ |  | $\because$ | 4 | 4 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | ．． |  |
| 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 3 | 7 |  | 2 | ． | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ．． | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 25 | 3 | 5 | ． |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | First Inspection． |  |  |
| 26 | 3 | 12 | ． | 2 | 2 | 8 | ． | ．． | ． |  |  |  | ． | 10 | 5 | 5 | 4 |  |
| 27 | 1 | 103 | ．． | 9 | 18 | 43 | 19 | 14 | ． |  | ．． |  | ．． | 94 | 56 | 50 | 40 |  |
| 28 | 1 | 26 | ．． | 21 | 1 | 4 | ． | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． | ．． |  | 16 | ．． | ．． | 9 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 143 | ．． | 13 | 17 | 22 | 25 | 10 | 34 |  | 14 | 8 | ．． | 133 | 113 | 79 | 21 |  |
| 2 | 1 | 80 | ．． | 16 | 12 | 20 | 13 | 8 | 7 |  | 4 | ．． |  | 65 | 48 | 42 | 13 |  |
| 3 | 2. | 14 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 | ． |  |  | ．． |  |  | 9 | 8 | First Inspection． 14 ．． |  |  |
| 4 | 1. | 19 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 7 | ． |  |  | ．． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 16 | 14 |  |  |  |
| $5$ | 1 | 10 | ．． | 2 | 1 | 4 | ． | 1 |  |  | ．． |  |  | 9 | 6 | 6 | 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 5 | $\ldots$ | 1 | ．． | 1 | 1 | 2 | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | $\cdots$ |  | 4 | 3 | 4 | ．． |  |
| 8 | 1 | 11 | ． | $\cdots$ | 2 | 2 | ． |  |  |  | 㫛 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 1 | 7 | ．． | $\ldots$ | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 7 | 7 | First | nspeet |  |
| 1 |  |  | ．． | ．． | ．． | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 1 | 5 | ．． |  | ． |  | 2 | 3 |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 5 | 5 | 4 |  |  |
| 13 | 1 | 6 | ． | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 14 | 2 |  | ．． | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  | ． | － |  | 4 | 4 | First | nspect |  |
| 15 | 1 | 7 | ．． | ．． | ．． | 3 | 1 | 3 | ．． |  | ．． |  | ．． | 7 | 5 | 5 | 2 |  |


| Name of School. | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st } \\ & \mathrm{Qr} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 16. Winkelhaak .. A. C. Mouton | P.F. | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 6 |
| 17. Ceres .. .. (D.R.C.) | B | 121 | 116 | 109 | 108 | 113 | 110 | 106 | 102 |
| 18. Ceres . (Eng. Ch.) <br> 19. Prince Alfred's Hamlet <br> (do.) | ${ }_{\text {B }}^{\text {B }}$ | 138 | 126 | $\begin{array}{r} 122 \\ 47 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 119 \\ 48 \end{gathered}$ | 103 | 90 48 | 96 42 | 94 44 |
| Total |  | 605 | 626 | 593 | 600 | 541 | 542 | 531 | 525 |
| Clanwilliam (Inspector Hofmeyr). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Clanwilliam | A. 2 | 32 | 32 | 26 | 31 | 28 | 25 | 19 | 28 |
| 2. Driehoek <br> 3. Kookfontein | A. 3 | 25 | 25 | 34 | 13 <br> 34 | 23 | 21 | 29 | 11 |
| 4 Olijvenbosch Kraal | A. ${ }^{\text {A. }} 3$ | ${ }_{23}^{25}$ | 24 |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |
| 5. Thee Rivier | A. 3 |  | 21 | 25 | 21 |  | 20 | 24 | 20 |
| 6. Welbedacht .. G. J. Lubbe | A. 3 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 7. Olijvenbosch Kraal | D |  | .. | . | 22 | .. | .. | . | 19 |
| 8. Boschkloof | P.F. | 26 |  |  |  | 22 |  |  |  |
| 9. Bovenbergvallei .. P. J. Smit | P.F. |  | .. | 8 | 8 |  |  | 7 | 8 |
| 10. Drooge Rivier .. N. v. Zijl | P.F. | 10 |  |  |  | 10 | 6 | - | 9 |
| 12. Langekuil ... ${ }^{\text {. }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ P. A. v. Taak | ${ }_{\text {P. }}^{\text {P.F. }}$ P. | ? | 8 | 5 | 118 |  | 8 | 5 | 8 |
| 13. Langvlei .. .. J. E. v. Wijk | P.F. | 10 |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 14. Steenbokfontein .. D. Burger | P.F. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. Stinkriver .- .. J. McLachlan | P.F. | 15 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 9 | 10 | 13 | 12 |
| 16. Zwartboschkraal .. F. Carstens | P.F. | 11 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| 17. Augsburg | Poor | 46 | 46 | 53 | 47 | 31 | 33 | 42 | 43 |
| 18. Boschkloof. | Poor |  | 30 | 30 | 30 |  | 23 | 27 | 25 |
| 19. Compagnies Drift | Poor | 21 | 19 | 25 | 23 | 17 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 20. Doornbosch .. | Poor | 25 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 13 | 24 | 23 | 24 |
| 21. Olijvenbosch Kraal .. .. .. | Poor |  |  | 25 |  |  |  | 21 |  |
| 22. Onàer Lange Vlei .. .. .. | Poor | 26 | 23 | 19 | 14 | 23 | 16 | 19 | 14 |
| 23. Clanwilliam .. .. (D.R.C.) | B | 157 | 153 | 150 | 156 | 106 | 98 | 106 | 126 |
| 24. Elandskloof .. .. (dio.) | B | 79 | 75 | 71 | 77 | 70 | 64 | 55 | 61 |
| 25. Clanwilliam .. (Eng. Ch.) | B | 60 | 54 | 50 | 48 | 44 | 33 | 40 | 40 |
| 26. Wupperthal .. (Rhen. M.) | B | 151 | 151 | 146 | 148 | 130 | 122 | 116 | 117 |
| Total |  | 736 | 729 | 736 | 751 | 585 | 554 | 587 | 631 |
| COLESBERG (Inspector Murray). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Colesberg | A. 1 | 138 | 152 | 152 | 153 | 120 | 134 | 130 | 126 |
| 2. Naauwpoort Station | A. 2 | . | . | 126 | 136 | .. | .. | 101 | 106 |
| 3. Naauwpoort Station | A. 3 | 123 | 117 |  |  | 89 | 89 |  |  |
| 4. Norval's Pont Station | A. 3 | 29 | 29 | 24 | 27 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 19 |
| 5. Norval's Pont .. .. (Wes.) | E | 20 | 17 | .. | .. | 13 | 10 | .. |  |
| 6. Blauwkrantz .. C. M. Botha | P.F. | 13 | 15 |  |  | 12 | 12 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { 7. Doornhoek } & \text { 8. Haasfontein } & \text { a } \\ \text { c. } & \text { C. } \\ \text { S. d. Whshoff }\end{array}$ | P.F. |  | 9 |  | 8 |  | 9 |  | 8 |
| 8. Hakhalsfontein $\quad \cdots$ H. S. v. v. d. Walt | P.F. | 10 | 14 | 11 | 16 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 15 |
| 10. Oorlogspoort ..M. A. Theunissen | P.F. |  | 9 |  | .. | 8 | 8 |  |  |
| 11. Overschot .. .. D. A. Muller | P.F. | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
| 12. Rietfontein N. J. v. Rensburg, Jun. | P.F. | 12 | 12 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| 13. Twijfelpoort $\quad . . \quad$ D. J. Venter | P.F. | 8 | 7 |  |  | 7 | 7 |  |  |
| 14. Ventersfontein | P.F. |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 6 |
| 5. Boachjesmanspoort | Poor |  |  |  | 23 |  | 23 | 27 | 17 |


|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { ت } \\ & \text { 哥 } \\ & \text { a } \\ & \text { W } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 1 | 11 |  | 2 | 5 |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | . |  | 9 | 9 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 17 | 1 | 118 |  | 86 | 14 | 12 |  | 6 | . |  |  |  |  |  | 36 | 28 | 27 | 7 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 114 41 |  | 74 32 | ${ }^{17}$ | 4 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | . | .. | 45 16 | 30 4 | 23 4 | 13 12 |  |
| 1 | 4 | 30 |  | 9 | $j$ | 2 |  | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 |  | .. | .. | 21 | 16 | 12 | 5 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 34 | .. | 5 | 2 | 8 |  | 2 | 6 | 4 |  |  | 3 | . | 29 | 22 | 14 | 7 | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 19 | . | 2 | 5 | 4 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 12 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 10 | 4 | 8 | . | 4 | 3 | 1 |  |  | . |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 5 | $\because$ | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 11 | 3 | 8 | . | 2 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | . |  |  |  |  | .. | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 8 |  | 4 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | . |  |  |  | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | 6 | 4 | 3 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |  | . | $\because$ | . | .. | . |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | . | . | . | .. |  |  |  |
| 15 | 4 | 14 | $\because$ | 3 | 3 | 4 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | ii | 7 | 8 | $\dot{3}$ |  |
| 16 | 3 | 8 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | $\because$ | 6 | 6 | 5 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 46 30 |  | 11 | ${ }^{5}$ | 9 |  | 9 | 3 | 11 | 2 |  |  | . | 39 | 36 | 16 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 30 22 | . | 11 7 | 12 9 | 4 |  |  | 1 | $\ldots$ | . |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{16}^{22}$ | 19 | $15 \quad 3$ |  |  |
| 20 | 2 | 24 | $\cdots$ | 19 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 1 | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 16 | ${ }_{5}^{11}$ | First Inspection.Do. |  |  |
| 21 | 3 | 24 |  | 13 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | $\because$ |  | 14 | 9 |  |  |  |
| 2.2 | 3 | 18 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 9 | 2 |  |  |
| ${ }_{24}^{23}$ | 4 4 | 130 65 |  | 79 34 | 20 | ${ }^{27}$ | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 62 | 39 | 41 | 15 |  |
| 24 | 4 | 65 |  | 34 | 3 | 15 | 13 |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  | 36 | 22 | 12 | 14 |  |
| 25 | 4 | 43 |  | 38 | . | 4 |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  | .. | 8 | 5 | 2 | 6 |  |
| 26 | 2 | 115 |  | 57 | 24 | 18 | 16 |  | . |  |  |  |  | .. | 64 | . 33 | 17 | 37 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 127 |  | 23 | 16 | 28 | 18 |  | 24 | 11 | 5 |  | 2 |  | 104 | 91 | 53 | 7 |  |
| 2 |  |  |  | . | . |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  | . | . |  |  |  |
| 3 4 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 93 23 | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | 22 6 | 13 |  | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 69 14 | 53 | 33 |  |  |
| 5 | 2 | 5 |  | 4 | 1 | . | - |  | .. | .. | . |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 2 | $\stackrel{10}{9}$ |  | $1$ |  | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 |  | 3 | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | 9 | , | $\underset{\text { First Inspeetion. }}{8}$ |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 10 | 2 | 14 9 |  | 10 | 3 | $\because$ | 1 |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | . | . | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |  | ${ }_{7}^{\text {First }}$ Inspection. |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | 7 |  | i |  |  |  |  | .. | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | $\stackrel{9}{5}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 12 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 11 |  | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 |  | .. | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 7 | 7 | First Inspection |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 4 |  |  | . |  |  |  |  | .. | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 2 | 23 | .. | 9 | 7 | 3 | 2 |  | 2 | . |  |  |  | . | 15 | 12 | First Inspection. |  |  |





|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { 采 } \\ & \text { ت} \\ & \text { It } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 己i } \\ & \text { 部 } \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 15 | 3 3 | 54 23 |  | 9 11 | ${ }_{8}^{5}$ | 12 4 | 15 |  | 6 | 6 |  | 1 | ． |  | \％${ }_{\text {º }}^{8}$ | $\begin{array}{r}40 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 29 9 | 5 |  |
| 16 | 4 | 5 | ．． | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | ．． |  |  | 4 |  | 4 | 1 |  |
| 17 | 2 | 17 |  | 3 | ${ }_{5}$ | 3 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | ．． | ． | ． | 13 | 9 | 6 | 4 |  |
| 18 | 4 | 7 | ．． | 5 | 1 | ． |  |  | ． |  |  | ．． | ．． | ．． | 2 |  | First | nspectio |  |
| 19 | 4 | 38 | ．． | 23 | 5 | 8 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．． | 16 | 13 | 8 | 2 |  |
| 20 | 4 | 29 | $\cdots$ | 15 | 8 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | ．． | ． | ．． | 17 | 8 | 4 | 9 | ．． |
| 21 | 4 | 8 | ． | ${ }_{5}$ | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | ， | 2 | 3 |  |
| 22 | 4 | 67 | $\ldots$ | 41 | 7 | 9 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 23 | 19 | 3 | ．． |
| 23 | 4 | 32 |  | 21 | 7 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  | 9 | 4 |  |
| 24 | ．． | ． | ．． | ． | ．． | ． | ． |  | ． |  |  |  | ．． | ． | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． |
| 25 | 4 | 41 | $\cdots$ | 32 | 1 | 5 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | ．． | 15 | 5 | 4 | 14 | ． |
| 26 | 4 | 30 |  | 18 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 5 | 4 |  | ．． |
| 27 | 4 | 48 |  | 23 | 6 | 7 |  |  | 5 |  |  | ． |  | ． | 30 | 13 | 13 | 23 | 1 |
| 28 | 4 | 51 | ．． | 26 | 12 | 8 |  |  | 2 |  |  | ． | ．． | ． | 30 | 16 | 10 | 9 |  |
| 1 |  | 85 |  | 14 | 8 | 20 |  |  | 9 | 9 |  | 10 | j | 3 | 68 | 60 | 55 | 1 | ． |
| 2 | 2 | 105 |  | 20 | 13 | 15 | 13 |  | 22 | 7 |  | 10 |  | 5 | 80 | 76 |  | ． | ．． |
| 3 | 2 | 25 | ． | 11 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 14 | 9 | 7 | 2 |  |
| 4 | 2 | 18 | $\cdots$ | 8 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 11 | 7 | ${ }_{7}$ | 1 | ．． |
| 5 | 2 | 16 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | ． | 11 | 9 |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| 6 | 2 | 16 | ．． | 4 | 1 | 5 | 1 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  | ．． | 13 | 9 | 8 | 2 | ．． |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 2 | 6 | ． | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | ．． | ． | ． | ј | 4 | First | nspentio |  |
| 9 10 | 2 | 12 | ． | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 4 | i | 1 |  |
| 11 | 4 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  | 5 | 2 | First | nspectio |  |
| 12 |  | 16 | ． | 2 | ．． |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |  |  | 1 | ． | 15 |  | 6 | 4 |  |
| 13 14 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 11 | $\ldots$ | 4 | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | i |  | i |  |  | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 7 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 15 | 3 | I | $\because$ | ． | $\because$ | 2 | ． |  | ， | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |  | ． | 9 | 8 |  | 2 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | ． | ． |  | ． |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 3 | ． |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | ${ }_{10}^{5}$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 3 1 | 3 |  |  | 2 |  |  | ．． |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | 7 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ |  |  |
| 19 | 2 | 10 | ．． |  | 1 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | ．． | ．． | 7 |  | 6 | 1 |  |
| 20 | 3 | 7 | ．． | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | ．． | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 | ．． |
| 21 | 2 | 29 | ． | 20 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 9 | First | uspectio |  |
| 22 | 2 | 18 | ．． | 6 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 14 | 10 |  | 4 |  |
| 23 | 1 | 22 |  | 16 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 24 | 2 | 8 | ， | 8 | ． | ． | $\because$ |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | ． | ．． |  | ．． | First | nspectio |  |
| 25 | 2 | 50 | ．． | 24 | 11 | 4 | 6 | 6 | ${ }^{5}$ | ．． |  | ． | ．． | ．． | 28 | 16 | 16 | ¢ |  |
| 26 | 2 | 80 | ． | 34 | 15 | 19 | 11 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | ． | 43 | 38 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 29 42 | ． | 11 22 | 8 | 10 9 |  |  | ． |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | ${ }_{21}^{22}$ | 12 |  | ${ }_{\text {nspectio }}^{\text {L5 }}$ |  |
| 29 | 2 | 34 |  | 23 | 11 | 6 | 2 |  | 3 | ．． |  | ．． | ． |  | 12 | 10 |  | Record． |  |
| 30 | 2 | 49 |  | 20 | 12 | 7 |  |  | 2 | ．． |  |  |  |  | 31 | 21 | 17 | 8 | ．． |
| 31 | 3 | 51 | ．． | 23 | 15 | 6 |  |  |  | ．． |  | ． |  |  | 30 | 27 | 10 | 7 | ．． |
| 32 | 2 | 166 |  | 60 | 22 |  | 28 |  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  | 112 |  | 46 | 39 |  |
| 33 | 2 | 60 | ． | 28 | 11 | 10 | 9 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 37 | 12 | 11 | 25 | － |
| 34 | 2 | 72 | ．． | 28 | 22 | 13 |  |  | 4 | ． |  | ． |  | ． | 49 | 19 | 3 | 16 |  |




| Name of School, | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { st } \\ \mathrm{Qr} . \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| GLEN GREY (Inspector Bennie). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Lady Frere.. | A. 2 | 65 | 63 | 51 | 51 | 55 | 37 | 39 | 37 |
| 2. Bolotwa | A. 3 | 23 | 27 | 25 | 22 | 20 | 24 | 18 | 19 |
| 3. Embinzana.. 4. Indwe | B ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | 33 67 |  | 41 79 | 39 88 | 28 62 |  | 32 59 | 31 66 |
| 5. Komana's .. ${ }^{\text {.. }}$ (d. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (do.) | ${ }_{8}$ | 46 |  | 48 | 58 | 33 | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{37}$ | 42 |
| 6. Mtebele .. .. (do.) | B | 69 |  | 71 | 63 | 44 |  | 37 | 28 |
| 7. Rwantsana.. .. (do.) | B | 26 |  | 27 | 24 | 18 |  | 7 | 8 |
| 8. Agnes - .. .. (Wes.) | ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | 74 116 | 57 121 |  | 67 113 | 53 79 | ${ }_{60}^{46}$ | 41 82 | 47 77 |
|  | ${ }_{\text {B }}^{\text {B }}$ | 116 63 | 121 47 | 117 | 113 54 | 79 35 | 60 30 | 82 44 | 77 44 |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 10. Bowden } \\ \text { 11. Cacadu } & \text {.. }\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | ${ }_{85}^{63}$ | 82 | 80 | 82 | 70 | 62 | 61 | 60 |
| 12. Fransbury .. .. .. (do.) | B | 52 | 65 | 76 | ء2 | 49 | 45 | 52 | 59 |
| 13. Gqebenya .. .. .. (do.) | B | 47 | 34 | 35 | 38 | 30 | 30 | ${ }_{63} 1$ | 24 |
| 14. Jojo .. .. .. (do) | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 79 |  | 74 59 | 90 70 | 60 | 36 | 63 37 | 70 27 |
| 15. Macibini 16. Macubeni .. | ${ }_{\text {B }}^{\text {B }}$ | 79 38 | 49 | 59 54 | ${ }_{65} 6$ | ${ }_{36}^{60}$ | 30 | ${ }_{36}$ | 49 |
| 17. Matyantya.. .. .. (do. | B | 38 | 35 | 34 | 28 | 36 | 29 | 22 | 26 |
| 18. Mkapuse .. .. .. (do.) | B | 60 | 51 | 59 | 57 | 31 | 36 | ${ }^{42}$ | ${ }^{46}$ |
| 19. Qugqwaru .. -. .. (do.) | B | 33 | 27 | 35 | 35 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 28 |
| 20. Qunqu .. .. ... (do. | ${ }_{8}^{\text {B }}$ | 44 | ${ }_{45}^{38}$ | 68 | 68 53 | ${ }_{37} 30$ | 30 30 | ${ }_{22}^{42}$ | ${ }_{33}^{46}$ |
|  | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | ${ }_{66}^{40}$ | 63 | 71 | 77 | 44 | 40 | 46 | 55 |
| 23. Xonxa .. .. .. (do.) | B | 47 | 43 | 46 | 46 | 32 | 35 | 26 | 37 |
| 24. Zwartwater .. .. (do.) | B | 84 | 86 | 90 | 92 | 63 | 61 | 66 | 66 |
| 25. Bolotwa . . .. (Eng. Ch.) | C | 77 |  | 81 | 83 | 39 |  | 60 | 36 |
| 26. Kleinbooi's Farm (Macibini) (do.) |  |  |  |  | 68 | 38 |  | 45 | 46 |
| 27. Mount Arthur .. - (Wes.) | C | 129 | 131 | 127 | 112 | 91 | 91 | 80 | 89 |
| Total |  | 1569 | 1121 | 1686 | 1725 | 1131 | 772 | 1152 | 1196 |
| GORDONIA (Inspector Brice). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Upington | A. 2 | 85 | 82 | 106 | 91 | 67 | 77 | 85 | 82 |
| 2. Keidebees .. .. J. C. Strauss | A. 3 | 32 | 32 | 33 | 35 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 28 |
| 3. Uitzicht | A. 3 |  |  | 19 | 16 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Keimoes . . . (D.R.C.) | B | 89 | 96 | 99 |  | $\checkmark 3$ | 58 | 54 |  |
| 5. Upington .. .. .. (åo.) | B | 72 | 78 | 102 | 120 | 58 | 56 | 73 | 70 |
| Total |  | 278 | 288 | 359 | 262 | 204 | 218 | 255 | 195 |
| GRAAFF-REINET (Inspector Murray). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Graaff-Reinet, College, Boys' | A. 1 | 145 | 144 |  | 166 | 132 | 132 | 145 | 154 |
| 2. Do., Midland Sem., Girls' | A. 1 | 183 |  | 193 | 188 | 167 | 169 | 172 | 168 |
| 3. New Bethesda | A. 2 | 90 | 94 | 86 | 76 | 60 | 66 | 70 | 66 |
| 4. Graaff-Reinet, Cradock Street | A. 3 | 49 | 47 |  | 51 | 39 | 45 | 44 |  |
| 5. Do. .. .. (D.R.C.) | A. 3 | 118 | 110 |  | 116 | 74 | 79 43 | 92 40 | 85 40 |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}6 . & \text { Do. } \\ \text { 7. } & \text { Do. } & \text { - } & \text { (Eng. Ch.) }\end{array}$ | A. 3 A. 3 |  | 49 94 | ${ }_{80}^{43}$ | 47 74 | 63 | 43 69 | ${ }^{40}$ | ${ }_{66}^{40}$ |
| 8. Letskraal .. - .. | A. 3 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 18 |
| 9. Mount Pleasant | A. 3 | 23 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 21 | 17 | 16 | 15 |
| 10. Petersburg. | A. 3 | .. | 28 | 29 | 27 |  | 22 | 24 | 21 |
| 11. Belmont .. . R. Brent | P.F. | 5 |  |  | , | 5 |  | 5 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| 12. Boschkraal .. M. D. Hobson | P.F. |  | 13 |  | 12 |  |  |  | 10 |
|  | $\underset{\text { P.F.F. }}{\text { P. }}$ | 6 |  | 6 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 6 | 6 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 |
| 14. Doors Kraal .. J. J. Swart | P.F. |  |  |  | 7 | . |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | $8$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 发 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 1 | 64 |  | 19 |  | 8 | 13 |  | 6 | 13 |  | 1 | 4 |  | .. |  | 49 | 33 | 30 | 13 | 1 |
|  | 1 |  | 23 |  | 3 |  | 4 | 7 |  | 2 | 6 |  | 1 | .. |  |  |  | 21 | 1 | 6 | 11 |  |
|  | 1 |  | 24 |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | 64 37 | $\because$ | 28 17 |  | 15 | ii |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | 46 | 22 | 20 | $2 i$ |  |
|  | , |  | 50 | $\cdots$ | 17 41 |  | 6 7 | 12 2 |  | 2 | . | : |  | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | 27 | 13 | 13 | 13 |  |
|  | 1 |  | 19 |  | 19 |  | 7 | 2 |  | : | . |  |  | .. |  | .. |  |  | 6 | 3 | 5 |  |
|  | 1 |  | 65 |  | 37 |  | 12 | 11 |  | 4 | 1 |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| 10 | 1 |  | 66 46 | .. | 24 20 |  | 18 | 11 | 12 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 1 |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | 45 | $\stackrel{14}{24}$ | ${ }_{22}^{16}$ | 15 |  |
| 11 | 1 |  | 89 | $\because$ | 51 |  | 20 | 12 |  | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | $\cdots$ | , |  | . |  | $\because$ |  |  | 4 36 | ${ }_{3.6}^{6}$ | 20 6 |  |
| 12 | 1 |  | 54 | $\cdots$ | 22 |  | 8 | 5 |  | 5 | 4 |  |  | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ |  | 44 | 36 24 24 | 32 17 | ${ }_{13}^{6}$ |  |
| 13 | 1 |  | 33 | .. | 15 |  | 8 | 7 |  | 3 | .. | , |  | . | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  |  | 7 | 13 9 |  |
| 15 | i |  | 36 | . | 17 |  | 7 | 9 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  | - |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 1 |  | 64 | .. | 28 | 1 |  | 7 | 9 | 9 | 1 | . |  | .. | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  | 16 | 15 | ${ }_{16}^{6}$ |  |
| 17 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 21 26 |  |  | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |  | , |  |  |  | .. |  | .. |  | 18 | 9 | 7 | 8 | $\because$ |
| 19 | 1 |  | 22 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{9}^{26}$ |  | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ | 4 | 1 |  | . |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\because$ |  | 1 | 11 | 10 | 4 |  |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | , |  |  | 10 | 9 | 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | 48 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{24}^{24}$ |  | 8 | 14 | 2 | 2 | . | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  | 29 | 11 | 10 | 13 |  |
| 23 | 1 |  | 38 | . | ${ }_{21}^{24}$ | 13 |  | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | 4 4 | 4 | . | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 3 | 2 | 12 | 11 | 14 |  |
| 24 | 1 |  | 71 | .. | 24 | 13 |  | 14 | 12 |  | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{4}^{25}$ |  | 8 34 | 3 29 | 17 | 2 |
| 25 | 1 |  | 35 | .. | 16 | 11 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 1 |  | 44 | .. | 36 |  |  | 3 | . |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | .. | 13 |  | 17 2 | 11 3 | 7 8 |  |
| 27 | 1 | 10 | 01 |  | 29 | 18 |  | 28 | 11 |  | 11 | 4 |  |  | . | .. | 7 |  | 35 | 31 | 22 |  |
| 1 | 1 |  | 63 | .. | 25 | 12 |  | 7 | 11 |  | 5 | 3 |  | . | .. | .. | 43 |  | 33 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 1 |  | 9 |  | 10 | 8 |  | 8 | 2 |  | 1 | .. |  |  |  | .. | 27 |  | 16 | 3 .. |  |  |
| 4 | 1 | 6 | 62 | .. | 58 | 4 |  | . | .. |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 21 |  |  | .. | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  | . | $\stackrel{4}{\text { No }} \stackrel{2}{2} .$ |  |  |
|  | 3 | ${ }_{175}^{143}$ |  | 5 30 |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  | 9 | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 175 |  | 30 | 16 | 13 |  | 12 | 19 |  | 38 | 15 |  |  | 3 | 6 | 123 |  | 96 | 72 | $18$ |  |
| 3 | 3 | 74 |  | .. | 22 | 11 |  | 8 | 14 |  | 12 | 3 |  | 4 | . |  | 5j |  | 36 | 34 | 11 |  |
|  | 3 | 51 |  | . | 11 | 13 |  | 8 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | 110 |  |  | 45 | 19 |  | 12 | 16 |  | 12 | 6 |  |  |  | .. | 44 79 |  | 31 44 |  | 10 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 3 3 | ${ }_{5}^{43}$ |  | 7 | 14 <br> 28 | ${ }_{10}^{2}$ |  | 8 | 9 |  | 3 | 6 |  |  |  | . | 28 |  | 18 | First Ins |  |  |
| 8 | 3 | 21 |  | $\cdots$ | 28 4 | 10 |  | ${ }_{2}^{8}$ | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |  | 6 3 | i |  |  |  | . | 28 |  | 23 | 12 | 5 |  |
|  | 3 | 19 |  | $\cdots$ | 3 | 8 |  | 6 | ${ }^{5}$ |  |  | I. |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 17 |  | 0 | 9 | 7 |  |
| 10 | 3 | 26 |  | . | 9 | 8 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 1 | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ |  |  |  | .. | 16 17 |  | 5 | ${ }_{12}^{12}$ | + |  |
| 11 | 3 | ธ |  | . | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | 2 | First Ins | pection |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 6 |  |  | . | . |  | 4 | 1 |  | 1 | . |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 6 |  | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  | .. |  |  |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B ت \# \# w |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 3 | 7 |  | 3 |  |  | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | First | Inspectio |
| 16 | 3 | 5 | . | . |  |  |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  | .. | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 17 | 3 | 7 | . | i |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ | 1 |  | 2 | . |  |  |  | 7 | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ | 1 |
| 19 | 3 | 6 | $\because$ | 1 | . |  | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 6 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 1 |
| 20 | 3 | 11 | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | ${ }_{2}$ | 1 | . | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{10}^{5}$ | 4 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 1 |
| 21 | 3 | 11 | . | 4 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | . | . | . | $\because$ | 10 | 2 |  | .. |
| 22 | 3 | 7 | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | $\because$ |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ |
| 23 | 2 | 10 | .. | 1 |  |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 | 1 | $\therefore$ | $\cdots$ | .. | 10 | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| $\stackrel{24}{25}$ | 3 | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ |  | 2 | , |  | $\dot{2}$ | 1 |  | 1 |  | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 4 |  | Inspectio |
| 26 | 3 | 6 | $\because$ | ${ }_{2}$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}$ | 1 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | . | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{6}^{4}$ | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | ${ }_{5}$ | Inspectio |
| 27 | 3 | 9 | .. | .. |  | 1 | 5 |  |  | 3 | .. | .. | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | 9 |  | 6 | .. |
| 28 | 3 | 59 | . | 15 |  | 8 | 12 | 10 |  | 10 | 4 | . | .. | . | 51 | 23 | 21 | 15 |
| 30 | 3 | 33 | .. | 32 |  |  | .. | .. |  |  | .. | .. | . | .. | 2 | 1 | First | nspectio |
| 31 | 3 | 144 | . | 118 | 1 |  | 7 | 6 |  | 1 | . | .. |  |  | 28 | 20 | 15 | 5 |
| 32 | 3 | 70 | . | 44 |  |  | 8 | 5 |  | 4 | . | .. |  | .. | 26 | 25 | 23 | 3 |
| 33 | 3 | 84 | .. | 60 | 10 |  | 12 | 1 |  | 1 | . | .. |  | .. | 28 | 16 | 9 | 10 |
| 34 | 3 | 29 | .. | 16 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | 13 | 12 | 3 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | 3 3 3 | ${ }_{132}^{126}$ | $\cdots$ | 77 99 | 25 |  | 13 | 5 |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | . |  | .. | 60 | 34 | 27 | 21 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 132 23 | $\cdots$ | 99 9 | 15 |  | ${ }_{11}^{11}$ | -5 |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 40 | 27 | 21 | 8 |
| 38 | 3 | 52 | $\cdots$ | 38 | \% |  | ${ }_{5}$ | 2 |  | . | .. | .. |  | $\because$ | 17 | ${ }_{13}^{6}$ | ${ }_{12}^{6}$ | 5 3 |
| 39 | 3 | 10 |  | 7 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 2 | First | nspecti |
|  |  | 56 | $\ldots$ | 38 |  |  | 5 | 5 |  | 2 | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |
| 1 | 2 | 99 | . | 35 | 6 |  | 16 | 13 | 12 | 2 | 9 | 6 | 2 | . | 67 | 58 | 37 | 6 |
| 2 | 2 | 32 |  | 13 | 6 |  | 5 | 4 |  | 4 | .. | . |  |  | 21 | 16 | 12 | 2 |
| 3 | 2 | 10 |  | 4 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{6}$ |  | 4 |  |
| 5 | 2 | 8 | $\ldots$ | 2 | . |  | 4 | . |  | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 5 | First | nspection |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 6 | $\because$ | 3 |  |  | . | 1 |  | 2 | . | .. |  | $\cdots$ | 3 | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ | First | $\stackrel{.}{\text { nspection }}$ |
| ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | 2 | 5 | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 2 |  |
| 11 | 2 | 6 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 2 |  | $\ldots$ |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | . | 6 | ¢ | 4 | 1 |
| 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | 10 | $\cdots$ | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | - |  | 6 |  | 3 | 2 |
| 15 | 2 | 10 | $\because$ | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ | 4 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |  | 1 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 5 | 5 | First | nspection |
| 16 | 2 | 11 | .. | 1 |  |  | 1 | 4 |  | 4 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 10 | 7 | 6 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 | 34 | $\cdots$ | 5 | 8 |  | , | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 4 | 27 | .. | 10 |  |  | 5 | 6 |  | 3 | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | 21 | 10 | , | , |
| 4 | 4 | 6 | .. | 5 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | First | nspecti |
| 5 | 4 | 4 | . |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 4 | $\stackrel{11}{8}$ |  | ${ }_{6}$ | 5 |  | 3 |  |  |  | .. | .. |  |  | 9 | 8 | First | nspection |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | . | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{c} \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { Ig } \\ & \text { Sin } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ت |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \dot{\tilde{W}} \\ \text { む̈n } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ¢ \% H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $3$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 49 \\ & 34 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | 8 |  | 4 10 5 12 |  | 8 16 5 8 |  | 6 9 5 8 | 1 |  | 2 1 $\vdots$ | 2 |  |  | : | 27 42 27 37 | 10 30 4 36 |  | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 3 \\ 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\because$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 |  | 1. | . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 3 | 4 | First Inspection.Do. |  |  |
| 8 | 4 |  | 38 |  | 21 |  | 6 |  | 6 | 5 |  | .. | . |  | . |  |  |  | 19 | 16 | 14 | 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | 3 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 33 \\ 6 \end{array}$ |  | $\stackrel{8}{1}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 6 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 27 5 | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 8 & . . \\ \text { First } & \text { Inspection. } \end{array}$ |  |  |
| 3 |  |  | 69 | $\cdots$ | 54 |  | 10 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 4 |  | 42 | . | 23 |  | 10 | 19 | 7 | 2 |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 19 | ${ }^{7}$ | 10 | 12 |  |
| ${ }_{6}^{0}$ | 4 |  |  |  | 43 71 |  | 10 | 19 |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 22 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{101}^{53}$ |  | 71 26 |  | 12 | 8 |  | 7 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35 39 | 24 | 18 | 11 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  |  | 29 | 15 | 12 | 13 | 1 |
| 8 | 4 |  | 43 41 | .. | ${ }_{27}^{22}$ |  | ${ }_{9}^{9}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | 3 3 |  | 3 |  |  | . |  |  |  | 24 | 20 | 19 |  |  |
| 10 | 4 |  | 43 | $\ldots$ | 29 |  |  | 5 |  | ${ }_{2}$ |  | 1 | . |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 15 19 | 7 | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ |  | 6 |
| 11 | + |  | 71 | $\cdots$ | 34 |  | 13 | 8 |  | 9 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |  | 26 |  |  |
| 12 | 4 |  | 15 62 |  | 6 39 |  |  | 3 4 |  | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | . |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | 9 | 4 | 5 | 3 |  |
| 14 | 4 |  | 34 | $\because$ | ${ }_{25}$ |  | 5 | 4 |  |  |  | . |  |  | \% |  | $\because$ |  | 30 12 | 12 6 | 8 | 16 |  |
| 15 | 4 |  | 51 40 | \% | 32 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 4 |  | 13 |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  | . | $\because$ | $\because$ |  | 21 | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ | 5 | 5 6 |  |
| 16 | 4 |  | 40 90 | $\cdots$ | 34 48 |  | ${ }_{16}^{2}$ | ${ }_{13}^{2}$ |  | ${ }_{11}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  | Record. |  |
| 18 | 4 |  | 94 |  | 62 |  | 12 | ${ }_{8} 8$ |  | 10 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | .. |  |  | $\cdots$ | . |  | 43 34 | 39 | ${ }_{19}^{33}$ | ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| 19 | 4 |  | 21 | $\cdots$ | 14 |  | 4 | 3 |  | 1. |  | 2 | $\because$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | . |  |  | 20 1 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 21 | 4 |  | 33 | $\ldots$ | 25 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 3 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 4 |  | 54 | $\cdots$ | 42 |  | 8 | 3 |  | 1 |  | 1 | .. |  |  | - | . |  | ${ }_{22}^{8}$ | 4 6 | ${ }_{5}^{2}$ |  |  |
|  | 4 |  | 62 | .. | 29 |  | 9 | 15 |  | 9 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | . | : |  | 41 | 19 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 4 |  | 43 70 |  | ${ }_{38}^{24}$ |  | 8 13 | ${ }_{11}^{6}$ |  | 5 4 |  |  | . |  |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  | 26 | 2 | 6 | 14 |  |
| 26 | 4. |  | 100 | $\cdots$ | 47 |  | 13 | 25 |  | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ |  | 4 | 3 |  |  |  | .. |  | 36 58 | 18 30 |  | 12 26 |  |
| 7 | 4 |  | 54 |  | 39 |  | 4 | 9 |  | 1 |  | 1 | .. |  |  | .. | .. |  | 21 | 4 | 4 | 11 |  |
| 8 | 4 |  | 67 |  | 70 |  | 2 | 24 |  | 20 | 26 |  | 5 |  |  |  | . |  | 02 | 69 | 58 | 22 |  |
| 12 | 2 |  | 67 | .. | 11 |  | 6 | 5 |  | 8 | 19 |  | 5 | 10 |  | 3 | . |  | 56 | 52 | 29 | 11 |  |
| $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 2 |  | 58 |  | 20 |  | 3 | 17 |  | 3 | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  | .. |  | 41 | 34 | 20 | 3 |  |
| 42 |  |  | 6 | .. | 1 |  | 1 | .. |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | 5 <br> First Inspection. <br> First Inspection. |  |  |
| 5  <br> 6 2 <br> 6 2 |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | \% | 1 |  | 2 | . |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 8  <br> 9 2 <br>  . |  |  | 6. |  | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | . |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  | .. |  |  |  |


| Name of School． |  | Class． | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 11．Strijdenburg | ．（D．R．C．） |  | B | 25 | 29 | 48 | 46 | 21 | 24 | 40 | 37 |
| 12．Hope Town | （Eng．Ch．） | B | 41 | 47 | 43 | 36 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 20 |
| Total |  |  | 252 | 260 | 280 | 270 | 213 | 215 | 239 | 207 |
| HUMANSDORP（Inspector Murray）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Humansdorp |  | A． 2 | 96 | 99 | 91 | 93 | 91 | 81 | 82 | 80 |
| 2．Andries Kraal in Boekenhoutfontein ．．m | J．du Preez | A． 3 | 11 | ${ }_{11}^{9}$ | 10 | 10 12 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 4．Boschkraal ．．． | L．Mathee | A． 3 | 14 | 15 | 19 | 18 | 14 | 14 | 18 | 16 |
| 5．Cambria |  | A． 3 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 26 | 15 | 17 | 19 | 25 |
| 6．Geelhoutboom |  | A． 3 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 7．Hankey |  | A． 3 | 26 | 24 |  | 25 | 22 | 17 |  | 23 |
| 8．Honey Valley |  | A． 3 | 17 | ${ }_{2}^{17}$ | 11 | 10 | 17 | 14 | 10 | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 10．Quagga North Bank）S | S．Scheepers | A． 3 A． 3 | 26 | 24 | 20 | ${ }_{20}^{20}$ |  | 20 | 18 | 16 16 |
| 11．Quagga South ： |  | A． 3 |  |  | 17 | 16 |  |  | 12 | 14 |
| 12．Sand Drift（late Klein Vlei） |  | A． 3 | 17 | 20 | 19 | 11 | 16 | 16 | 13 | 11 |
| 13．Taaiboschlaagte |  | A． 3 |  |  | 11 | 11 |  |  | 11 | 1 |
| 14．Tweefontein |  | A． 3 | 22 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 17 | 6 |
| 15．Uitvlucht |  | A． 3 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 18 |
| 16．Andries Kraal ．．．D． | P．Ferreira | P．F． |  | 6 | 7 | 7 |  | 6 | 6 |  |
| 17．Driefontein ．N．P． | Rademeyer | P．F． | 7 |  |  |  | 7 |  | 6 |  |
| 19．Klein Plaats ．．C | C．P．Mieyer | P．F． | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 7 |  |
| 20．Klijn River ．．F． | A．Gerber | P．F． | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 9 |  |
| 21．Mistkraal |  | P．F． |  | 11 | 14 | 13 |  | 9 | 11 |  |
| 22．Mond Plaats | S．Ferreira | P．F． | 9 |  | 10 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 8 |
| 23．Quagga South ．．A． | A．Vermaak | P．F． | 14 | 14 |  |  | 14 | 7 |  |  |
| 24．Stilgenoeg ．．$\quad$ R． | ．v．d．Walt | P．F． | ． | ． | 6 | 8 |  | ．． | 6 | 8 |
| 25．Zaagkuilen |  | P．F． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26．Draaiklip |  | Poor | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 11 | 17 | 16 |
| 27．Eerste River | $\cdots$ | Poor | 38 | 37 | 33 | 32 | 33 | 32 | 28 | 28 |
| 28．Fynboschhoek |  | Poor | 23 | 24 | 24 | 19 | 20 | 22 | 19 | 18 |
| 29．Jagersbosch |  | Poor |  |  | 16 | 13 |  |  | 15 | 10 |
| 30．Klein River 31. Melkhoutkraal $\quad$ P．H |  | Poor | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
| 32．Patentie East $\because$ P．H． | v．Rooyen | Poor Poor | 29 |  | 31 | 30 32 | ${ }_{34}$ | ${ }_{27}^{24}$ | 26 | ${ }_{26}$ |
| 33．Quagga North ．．S | S．Scheepers | Poor |  | 22 |  |  |  | 21 |  |  |
| 34．Stinkwood River |  | Poor | 32 | 30 | 29 | 26 | 28 | 27 | $20^{\circ}$ | 24 |
| 35．Storms River |  | Poor |  |  | 13 | 12 |  |  | ， | 9 |
| 36．White Els Bush |  | Poor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37．Andries Kraal（St．Aidan＇s） <br> 38．Humansdorp（St．Patrick＇s） | （Eng．Ch．） （do．） | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }_{41} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{38}^{21}$ |
| 39．Hankey | （do．） | B | 89 | 99 | 107 | 101 | 64 | 55 | 58 | 48 |
| 40．Jeffrey＇s Bay | －（Ind．） | B | 26 | 29 | 29 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 41．Kleinfontein |  | B |  | 48 | 34 | 43 |  | 37 | 24 | 37 |
| 42．Kruisfontein | ．．（do．） | B | 70 | 83 | 87 | 76 | 48 | 50 | 52 | 38 |
| 43．Milton－． | ．．（do．） | B |  |  |  | ${ }^{5} 9$ |  |  |  |  |
| 44．Weston | （do．） | B | 56 | 55 | 63 | 49 | 42 | 39 | 43 | 37 |
| 45．Clarkson |  |  |  |  |  | 83 | 66 |  |  | 72 |
| 46．Snijklip | （do．） | B | 24 | 26 | 26 | 35 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 20 |
| 47．Witkleibosch | （do．） | B | 36 | 34 | 34 |  | 16 | 28 | 23 |  |
| Total |  |  | 990 | 1111 | 1082 | 126 | 807 | 867 | 832 | 886 |
| Jansenville（Inspector Murray）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Jansenville． | ．．． | A． 2 | 79 | 82 | 76 | 79 | 72 | 71 | 64 | 71 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hy } \\ & \text { む } \\ & \text { 荡 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت} \\ & \text { ت} \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 告 |  | ＋ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 2 | 21 |  | 16 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 9 | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 12 | 2 | 18 |  | 16 | 2 |  | ．． |  | ． |  |  | ． | 4 | ． |  | 2 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 89 |  | 8 | 8 | 7 | 23 | 18 | 12 | 12 | 1 | ．． | 83 | 56 | 41 | 5 |  |
| $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 1 | 11 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | ．． | ．． |  | ．． | 8 | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |
| $4$ | 1 | 14 |  | 2 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 12 | 11 | ${ }_{10}^{5}$ | 1 | $\because$ |
| $5$ | 2 | 16 | ． | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | ， | $\therefore$ |  | ． | 8 | 6 | 6 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 1 | $\ldots$ | 6 | 3 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | 12 | ${ }^{9}$ | 9 | 1 | ． |
| 8 | 2 | 17 | $\because$ | \％ | \％ | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |  | 4 | 1 | $\cdots$ | ．． | 18 | 13 9 | 8 | 6 | ． |
| 9 | 2 | 24 | $\ldots$ | 5 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 6 | $\because$ |  | $\ldots$ | ． | 19 | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{7}$ | 6 | － |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． | ． |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | ．． |  |  |
| 12 | 2 | 20. | $\ldots$ | 5 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | ． | ． |  | $\cdots$ | 16 | 10 | 8 | 4 | ．． |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |  | 22 |  | ， | 4 |  | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1 | 19 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 3 | 10 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | 18 | 13 6 | 8 | ${ }_{9}$ | $\cdots$ |
| 16 | 2 | 12 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | $j$ |  |  |  | \％ | 12 | 7 | 6 |  |  |
| 17 | 2 | 8 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 2 | ． | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | ． | ．． | ．． | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | ． |
| 19 | 2 | 9 | ． | 1 | ． | i | 4 | 2 | 1 | ．． |  | $\cdots$ | 8 | 6 | 6 | 1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 11 | ． | I |  | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | j | 5 | 3 | ， |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 2,22 \end{array}$ | 1 | 7 | ．． | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | ． | $\ldots$ | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\because$ |  | ． | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． |  | ．． |
| 25 | 2 | $j$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | ． |  |  | 4 | $j$ | $j$ | 3 | 2 |  |
|  | 1 | 18 |  | 13 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 37 | $\cdots$ | 16 |  | 7 | 7 | $\cdots$ | ． | ． | ． | ． | 26 | 19 | 13 | 9 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 23 | $\cdots$ |  | 6 | 3 | ${ }_{5}$ | ．． |  | ． | ．． | ． | 15 | 12 | 7 | 1 | ．． |
| $\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ 30 \end{array}$ | 1 | 12 | ． | 1 | 4 | 7 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ．． | 11 | 6 | 6 |  |  |
| $31$ | 1 | 29 | ． | 9 | 8 | 8 | 4 |  |  |  | ．． | $\ldots$ | 20 | 10 | 12 |  | $\cdots$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{2}$ | 34 21 | ．． | $\because$ | 3 4 | 9 6 | 5 3 | 8 3 | 1 | $\cdots$ | ． | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{29}{18}$ | ${ }_{21} 1$ | 19 | 3 | ．． |
| $34$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ． | $\because$ | 18 | 13 | 8 | ${ }^{5}$ | ．． |
| 35 | 2 | 12 | ． | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |  | ． | ． | ． | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | 1 | 29 | ．． | 21 | 7 | 1 |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 11 | 7 | First | Inspectio |  |
| 37 | 2 | 22 | $\cdots$ | 16 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 7 | 6 | 5 | 1 |  |
| 38 | 2 | 47 | ．． | 33 | 8 | 4 | 2 |  | ． |  | ．． | $\ldots$ | 19 | 8 | 5 | ， |  |
|  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | ${ }^{3} 8$ | $\cdots$ | 44 | 10 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 18 |  | 8 | 8 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ | 18 25 | ¢ | 2 | － |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |  | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |  |
| 42 | 1 | 61 | $\cdots$ | 47 | 3 | 10 | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | 15 | $\stackrel{\square}{8}$ | $\underset{6}{\text { First }}$ | uspectio |  |
| 43 | 2 | 50 |  | ＂̈t | 6 | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 6 | 8 | 9 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 46 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 67 | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{2.5}$ | 9 | $\stackrel{20}{+}$ | 3 | 10 | ．． |  |  |  | 42 | 25 | 18 | 19 | 1 |
|  | 2 | 31 | $\ldots$ | 11 | 11 | 3 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  | 10 |  |
| 1 | 3 | I2 | $\cdots$ | 12 | 11 | 16 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 3 |  |  | 61 | 45 | 44 | 11 |  |


| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Darlington. . | P. Weyer |  | A. 3 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 16 |
| 3. Driekops Vlei East |  | A. 3 | 19 | 11 | 11 |  | 15 | 10 | 9 |  |
| 4. Kaalsfontein |  | A. 3 | 19 | 12 |  |  | 16 | 15 |  |  |
| 6. Mount Stewart Station |  | A. ${ }^{\text {A }} 3$ | 29 | 19 | 29 | 26 | 20 | ${ }_{23}^{18}$ | 23 | 23 |
| 7. Vaaldraai .. .. |  | A. 3 | 13 | 14 | 18 | 21 | 10 | 10 | 13 | 15 |
| 8. Biesjesvlei .. .. | C. Terblanche | P.F. | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| 9. Coffie Laagte .. | J. Chowles | P.F. | 11 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 |  |
| 10. Dasjeskrans | P. Strydom | P.F. |  | 17 | 17 | 13 |  | 14 | 13 | 12 |
| 11. Doornfontein | C. J. Greef | P.F. | 8 | 11 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 12. Draaihoek ... ${ }^{\text {13. }}$ East of Gouwskraal.. |  | P.F. | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 14. Fairview .. .R. J. | J. $\ddot{H}$ ydenrych | P.F. | 10 | 8 | 8 | s | 10 | 8 |  | 8 |
| 15. Gannavlakte .. | J.v. Eeden | P.F. | 18 |  |  | 16 | 15 | \% | s | 13 |
| 16. Jericho (Moddergat) | C. S. Birch | P.F. |  | 6 | 6 |  | 15 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 17. Klipfontein | W. A. Nell | P.F. |  | 12 |  | 12 |  | 12 |  | 11 |
| 18. Kommetjeskraal A. D. | . Slabber, Jun. | P.F. | 8 | , | 7 |  | 8 |  | 7 | 6 |
| 19. Leeuwfontein - | T. Dodds | P.F. | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 5 |
| 21. Matjesfontein | R. Foxaroft | P.F. | 6 | 6 | 6 | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ | . 6 | 5 |
| 22. Millwood .. T | T. H. Cawood | P.F. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 23. Olievenfontein | C. J. Lotter | P.F. |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  | 12 |
| 24. Rietkuil | L. D. Dodds | P.F. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. Vogelstruis Laagte . | J. Strydom | P.F. |  |  | 5 | 5 |  |  | 4 | 4 |
| 27. Witpoort . . | J. Pieterse | P.F. | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 28. Blauwkrantz |  | Poor | 41 | 37 | 39 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 26 | 27 |
| 29. Brakfontein |  | Poor | 32 | 31 | 34 | 18 | 23 | 22 | 28 | 14 |
| 30. Jansenville.. |  | Poor | 33 | 28 | 30 | $2+$ | 16 | 12 | 15 | 11 |
| 31. Meerlust East |  | Poor | 26 | 25 | $2 \dot{5}$ | 20 | 25 | 25 | 19 | 14 |
| 32. Uitkomst .. |  | Poor | 19. | 16 | 12 | 17 | 11 | 11 | ${ }_{5}$ | 14 |
| 33. Welgeglegen |  | Poor | 25 | 23 | 27 | 19 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 15 |
| 34. Wilgenfontein |  | Poor | 18 | 15 | 14 |  | 17 | 14 | 12 |  |
| 35. Zwart River |  | Poor | 17 |  |  |  | 12 | .. |  |  |
| 36. Janseuville.. | (Wes.) | B | 86 | 84 | 76 | 79 | 70 | $6 \overline{1}$ | 66 | 72 |
| Total |  |  | 616 | 568 | 507 | 491 | ${ }_{507}$ | 462 | 403 | 402 |
| KENHARDT (Inspector Brice). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Kenhardt |  | A. 3 |  | 27 | 28 | 35 |  | 19 | 23 |  |
| 2. Klein Begin | L. J. Kotze | A. 3 | 22 | 22 | 15 | 25 | 20 | 19 | 14 | 23 |
| 3. Karos | F. Strauss | P.F. | . |  | 24 | .. | .. |  | 23 |  |
| 4. Kenhardt | .. (D.R.C.) | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  | 22 | 49 | 67 | 60 | 20 | 38 | 60 | 49 |
| KIMBERLEY (Inspector Brice). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Kimberley, Boys' |  | A. 1 | 237 | 241 | 275 |  | 210 | 21.5 | 251 | 242 |
| 2. Do. Girls' | . . | A. 1 | 337 | 344 | 348 | 353 | 286 | 296 | 295 | 295 |
| 3. Beaconsfield |  | A. 2 | 207 | 178 | 188 | 165 | 139 | 126 | 100 | 120 |
|  |  | A. 2 | j9 | 68 | 78 | 76 | 44 | ${ }_{5}{ }^{5}$ | 64 | 61 |
| j. Kimberley, Hall Street |  | A. 2 |  |  | 306 | 322 |  |  | 262 | 240 |
| 6. Do. West Eud | .. | A. 2 | 67 | 66 | 62 |  | 33 | 99 | ${ }_{51}$ |  |
| 7. Do. Transvaal Road |  | A. 3 | 70 | 73 | 80 | 84 | 61 | 61 | 64 | 70 |
| 8. Mauritzfontein |  | A. 3 | .. | 14 | 14 | 14 |  | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| 9. Modder River |  | A. 3 |  | 66 | 77 | 72 |  | $\dot{3} 6$ | 60 | 68 |
| 10. Newton | . | A. 3 | 54 | 69 | 59 | 51 | 43 | ${ }_{5} 5$ | 49 | 46 |





|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 菟 |  | 囱 | + |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | 4 | 23 | . | 20 | 3 |  | . | .. |  |  | - |  | 7 | .. |  | 1 |  |
| 25 | 2 | 7 | . | 2 | . | 2 | 3 | .. |  |  |  |  | 5 | 3 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| ${ }_{27}^{26}$ |  | .. | .. | . | . | .. | . | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{28}{28}$ | 3 | 8 |  | 3 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 29 | 3 |  | $\because$ | 1 | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 | i |  |  | 5 | 5 3 |  |  |  |
| 30 | 3 | 13 |  | 3 | + | . | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 10 | 8 |  |  | $\because$ |
| 31 | 3 | 5 | . |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | i |  |  | ${ }_{0}$ | 1 | 2 |  | $\because$ |
| 32 | 2 | 39 | .. | 22 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |  |  | . | 21 | 16 | 17 | 3 |  |
| 33 | 2 | 13 | . | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 |  |  | .. |  | .. | 10 | 6 | 5 | , |  |
| 34 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ |  | . |  |  | . |  |  | .. |  |
| 35 | 3 | 18 | .. | 12 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  | .. |  |  | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 |  |
| 36 | 3 | 30 |  | 17 | 4 | , |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 | 10 | 9 | 5 |  |
| 37 | 3 | 35 |  | 17 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 4 |  | . |  |  | 18 | 12 | 7 | 6 |  |
| 38 | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | .. | . |  |  |  | . |  | .. | .. | .. |  |  |  |
| 39 | 4 | 18 | - | 15 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | .. |  |  | 6 | 2 | First Inspection. |  |  |
| 40 | 4 | 14 | . | ${ }_{25}^{13}$ | 1 |  |  |  | . | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 41 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 17 | $\cdots$ | 25 9 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 10 1 | 4 |  |  | .. |  | . | 24 | 10 | 10 | 12 |  |
| 43 | 2 | 69 | $\ldots$ | 40 | 10 | 7 | 9 | $\dot{3}$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 29 | 26 | 25 | 5 | $\because$ |
| 44 | 3 | 31 | . | 16 | 5 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  | 10 |  |  |
| 45 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 109 | - | 48 | 14 | 20 | 13 | 14 |  | . |  | $\cdots$ | 62 | 54 | 60 | 28 |  |
| $46$ | 1 | 69 | . | 31 | 19 | 10 | 6 | 3 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | 42 | 28 | 25 | 11 | 1 |
| 48 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | ${ }_{33}$ | $\cdots$ | 51 14 | 17 | 14 | ${ }_{4}^{5}$ | 3 |  |  |  | . | ${ }_{20}^{43}$ | 18 16 | ${ }_{13}{ }^{34}$ | 25 | ; |
| 49 | 2 | 41 | . | 26 | 10 |  | 1 | i | . | .. |  |  | 18 | 18 9 | 10 | 11 | 1 |
| 50 | 3 | 54 | $\cdots$ | 47 | 4 | 3 |  | . |  | .. |  | - | 10 | 2 |  | 9 | $\ldots$ |
| 51 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 57 | $\cdots$ | 21 | 14 | 16 | 6 | . | .. |  |  |  | 43 | 16 | 11 | 18 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 53 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ | ${ }_{73}^{44}$ | $\ldots$ | 29 47 | 10 | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | ${ }_{29}^{16}$ | 10 | 8 | 12 | . |
| 54 | 2 | 77 | .. | $4 \overline{1}$ | 11 | 8 | 9 | 4 |  | . | . | $\cdots$ | 42 | $3{ }^{23}$ | 18 | 8 | 2 |
| $\stackrel{55}{-5}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 37 28 28 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{20}^{26}$ | 7 | 1 | 3 | . | .. | $\cdots$ |  | $\because$ | 11 | 9 | 13 | 13 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 43 | $\cdots$ | 38 | ${ }_{4}^{5}$ | 1 1 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 14 9 | 3 4 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| 58 | , | 48 | .. | 17 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 3 |  | - |  | $\cdots$ | 32 | 28 | 22 | 4 |  |
| 59 | 2 | 23 | .. | 19 | 4 |  |  |  |  | .. |  | .. | 16 | 4 | 4 |  | .. |
| 60 | 2 | 22 | - | 15 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  | .. |  |  | . |  | 7 | 7 |  |  |
| 61 | 3 | 42 | .. | 28 | 7 | 4 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 10 | 13 | 10 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 62 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 67 55 | $\cdots$ | 48 34 | 3 9 | $\stackrel{9}{19}$ | 5 | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | .. | 22 | 14 | 10 | 15 |  |
| 64 | 3 | ${ }^{58}$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{56}^{34}$ | 9 | 12 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | $\cdots$ |  | .. | $\because$ | $\therefore$ | 28 25 | 16 20 | ${ }_{20}^{6}$ | 11 | 1 |
| $6 \overline{5}$ | 3 | 35 | $\cdots$ | 13 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 3 | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | . | ${ }_{27}$ | 18 | 14 | 2 |  |
| 66 | 1 | 39 | .. | 19 | 5 | 14 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 23 | 12 | 11 | 11 |  |
| ${ }_{6}^{67}$ | 3 | 77 | $\cdots$ | 44 | 15 | 10 | 6 | 2 | .. | .. |  | . | 35 | 16 | 16 | 32 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 69 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 56 37 | $\cdots$ | 36 21 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 9 9 | 4 | 1 |  | . |  | $\cdots$ | 21 | 12 | 16 | 11 |  |
| 70 | 3 | 32 | $\cdots$ | 19 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 2 | .. | $\cdots$ | , | $\cdots$ | 1 | 11 9 | 4 | ${ }_{16}^{6}$ | 1 |
| 71 | 3 | 59 | .. | 44 | 1 | 12 | 2 | . |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 25 | 6 | 6 | 13 | $\because$ |
| 72 | 3 | 27 | . | 14 | 7 | 6 | . | .. | . | .. | .. | $\ldots$ | 21 | 12 | 17 | 2 | $\ldots$ |
| 11 |  |  |  |  | . | . | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 74 | 4 | 66 | . | 45 | 9 | 8 | 4 | . | .. |  |  |  | 25 | 17 | 10 | 5 |  |
| 75 | 2 | 46 | $\cdots$ | 15 | 9 | 11 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 33 |  | 18 | 13 |  |
| 76 | 2 | 28 | . | ${ }^{28}$ | 24 | 19 | 10 | 8 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 66 | 45 | 41 | 14 | i |
| 78 | 2 | ${ }_{23}$ | $\cdots$ | 15 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 1 | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\ldots$ | 28 13 | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | ${ }_{10}^{4}$ | 10 |
| 79 | 2 | , 48 | .. | 41 | 6 | 1 |  |  |  | . |  | $\because$ | 10 | 4 | 2 | 5 |  |
| 80 | 2 | 52 | . | 28 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 3 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\because$ | 26 |  | 15 | 17 | 3 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 81 \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 102 | .. | ${ }^{64}$. | 18 | 1 | , | 4 | .. | . |  | . | 56 | ${ }_{\text {ckick }}$ | 15 | 26 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 82 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 60 27 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{26}^{30}$ | 1 | 11 | ${ }^{5}$ | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 44 ${ }_{5}^{\text {mion }}$ | 21 | 21 | 24 | .. |
| 84 | 3 | 35 | .. | 28 | 7 |  | $\cdots$ | . | .. |  | . | . | $10^{1}$ | 7 | 7 | ${ }_{6}$ | 1 |
| 85 | 3 | 21 | .. | 10 | 4 | 7. | .. | .. | .. | .. | . | .. | 11 | 10 | 14 | 6 |  |




Statistics.







| Name of School. |  |  | Class | Scholars on Roll. during |  |  |  | Average Attendauce during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4th Qr. |
| 4. Droogefonteiu |  |  |  | A. 3 | 13 |  |  | 22 | 12 |  |  | 20 |
| 5. Herbertsdale |  |  | A. 3 | 82 | 85 | 83 |  | 75 | 80 | 76 | 77 |
| 6. Roodehoogte |  | A. Muller | A. 3 | ${ }_{33}^{18}$ | ${ }_{35}^{19}$ | ${ }_{37}^{21}$ |  | ${ }_{33}^{16}$ | 17 29 | 19 |  |
| 7. Vogelvlei ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | H. M | Terblanche | A. ${ }^{3}$ A. 3 | 33 30 | 35 28 | 38 28 | 24 | ${ }_{24}^{33}$ | 29 | 31 21 | 16 |
| 9. Kleinplaats | .. | H. Muller | P.F. | .. |  |  | ; | .. | .. |  | 6 |
| 10. Hartebeestkuil |  |  | Poor | 23 | 20 | 16 | 14 | 17 | 13 | 12 | 9 |
| 11. Honingklipskloof |  |  | Poor | ${ }_{16}^{21}$ | ${ }_{17}^{21}$ | 12 | 19 | 18 | 19 | 17 | 14 |
| 12. Melkhoutessenbos |  |  | Poor <br> Poor | 48 | 17 36 | ${ }_{45}^{17}$ | 17 <br> $3+$ | 14 21 | 18 | 14 | 15 |
| 14. Paardenkop |  |  | Poor | 21 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 11 | 12 | 14 |
| 15. Zandhoogte |  |  | Poor |  | 27 | 27 | 27 |  | 21 | 20 | 19 |
| 16. Herbertsdale | . | (Berl. M.) | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 73 | 73 | 77 | 72 | ${ }^{5} 8$ | 59 | 67 | ${ }_{69}$ |
| 17. Mossel Bay |  |  |  | 153 | 137 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. Gonnakraal (Friem | rsheim) | (D.R.C.) | B | 52 | 58 | 63 | 62 | 42 | 40 | 46 | 46 |
|  |  | (Eng. Cb.) | B | 67 | 72 | 69 | 61 | 56 | 62 | 49 | 39 |
|  |  | (do.) | B | 223 | 188 | 201 | 195 | 111 | 112 | 122 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1082 | 1036 | 1026 | 1000 | 766 | 660 | 763 | 25 |
| MURRA YSBURG (Inspector Theron). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Murraysburg |  |  | A. 1 | 86 | 8 ¢ | 85 | 84 | 83 | 81 | 80 | 77 |
| 2. Driehoeksfontein | H. S. | d. Merwe | A. 3 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 3. Poortje West | G. | P. Rossouw | A. 3 | 11 | 11 | 14 |  | 11 |  |  |  |
| 4. Allemansfontein | H. S. | d. Merwe | P.F. | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 5. Dournbosch |  | v. Heerden | P.F. | 7 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 11 | ${ }_{9}$ |
| 7. Misthoek |  |  | P.F. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Stelfontein |  | J. Benadie | P.F. | 8. |  | $\cdots$ |  | 6 |  |  |  |
| 9. Wraifontein |  | J. Pienaar | P.F. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Wilgehoudkloof | . F. J. | Ryneveld | P.F. | 5 | ¢ | 5 | 6 | 5 | $j$ | 5 | 4 |
| 11. Murraysburg |  | (Ind.) | B | 87 | 88 | 91 | 107 | 74 | S1 | 81 | 94 |
|  |  |  |  | 227 | 215 | 230 | 231 | 204 | 200 | 210 | 204 |
| namaqualand (Inspector Hofmeyr). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. O'okeip | . |  | A. 2 | 43 | 42 | 40 | 38 | 25 | 27 | 27 | 28 |
| 2. Garies |  |  | A. 3 |  |  | 25 | 34 |  |  | 21 |  |
| 3. Port N..lluth |  |  | A. 3 | 38 | 42 | 42 | 37 | 32 | 35 14 | 35 9 | 14 |
| 4. Springbokfontein | . | . | A. 3 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 9 | 14 |
| 5. Bowesdorp |  |  | D | 21 |  |  |  | 15 | 17 | 12 | 15 |
| 6. Pella |  | (R.C.) | D | 55 | 50 | 54 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 48 | 43 | 46 |  |
| 7. Nammies |  | .. | Poor | 15 | .. | 14 |  | 15 | .. | 14 |  |
| 8. Anenous |  | (Eng. Ch.) <br> (do.) <br> do. | B | ${ }_{9} 3$ |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{50}$ | 43 | 39 |  | ${ }_{47}^{40}$ |
| 10. Port Nolloth | . |  | ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | 97 77 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & 73 \end{aligned}$ | 5 |  |  |  |
| 11. Concordia |  | (Rhen. M.)(do.) | B | 184 |  |  | 156 | 115 | 78 |  | 103 |
| 12. Kammaggas | . |  | B | 142 | 106 | 103 |  | 117 | 60 | 1 |  |






| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th: } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 2. Hamburg |  |  | A. 3 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 19 | 19 | 17 | 19 |
| 3. Springs |  | A. 3 | 21 | 21 | 11 | 12 | 21 | 18 |  | 10 |
| t. Wesley |  | A. 3 | 35 | 33 | 33 | 28 | 32 | 31 | 27 | 26 |
| 5. Barnfather | J. Peveritt | P.F. | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 6 | 6 | 8 |  |
| 6. Falloden | Miss W. Powell | P.F. | 16 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 |
| 7. Kelham | J. B. Hartley | P.F. | 12 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| 8. Cwaru | (Eng. Ch.) | B | 42 | 37 | 38 | 36 | 28 | 22 | 24 | 24 |
| 9. Cesira | (Wes, | B | 54 | 51 | 51 | 56 | 27 | 24 | 20 | 22 |
| 10. Efeni | ( ${ }^{\text {co. }}$.) | B | 48 | 48 | 53 | 52 | 26 | 23 | 18 | 24 |
| 11. Ehlosini | (do.) | B | 72 | 76 | 88 | 65 | 42 | 41 | 57 | 42 |
| 12. Empekweni | (do.) | B | 110 | 117 | 117 | 116 | 81 | 91 | 80 | 53 |
| 13. Emqwashweni | (\%o.) | B | 39 | 39 | 38 | 35 | 26 | 26 | 18 | 14 |
| 14. Enquebebeni (Hor | .. (do.) | ${ }_{8}^{\text {B }}$ | 103 | 101 | 107 | 108 | 59 | 73 | 60 | 56 |
| 15. Erura | (do.) | B | 84 | 48 | 98 | 101 | 51 | 45 | 49 | 75 |
| 16. Etuwa | (do.) | B | 47 | 84 | ¢2 | 52 | 26 | 17 | 27 | 18 |
| 18. Etytyaba | $\cdots$ (do.) | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 50 70 | ${ }_{71}^{51}$ | ${ }_{76}^{52}$ | 52 51 | $\stackrel{29}{35}$ | ${ }_{64}^{26}$ | ${ }_{27}^{30}$ | 25 32 |
| 19. Gwalana | (do.) | ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | 103 | 104 | 103 | ${ }_{95}$ | 74 | 85 | 80 | ${ }_{35}^{32}$ |
| 20. Hamburg | (do.) | B | 24 | 24 | 23 | 27 | 13 | 13 | 17 | 19 |
| 21. Kwa Tuku | . (ajo.) | B | 104 | 90 | 96 | 86 | 45 | 37 | 48 | 33 |
| 22. Ndwayana | . (do.) | B | 45 | 45 | 45 | 46 | 33 | 32 | 40 | 30 |
| 23. Newtondale | (do.) | B | 75 | 77 | 86 | 81 | 36 | 58 | 53 | 39 |
| 24. Nobumba | (do.) | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 64 | 61 | ${ }^{63}$ | ${ }^{65}$ | 53 | 55 | 49 | 46 |
| ${ }^{25} . \mathrm{Nq}$ wekazi (Damda |  | B | 76 | 74 | 77 | 79 | 59 | 40 | 56 | 58 |
| 26. Qamnyana | (do.) | B | 66 | 65 | 61 | 64 | 48 | 43 | 50 | 50 |
| 27. Ayliff Inst., Boys' \& Infants' 28. Do. Girls' <br> Total . |  | C | 91 | 87 | 96 | 87 | 48 | 44 | 46 | 28 |
|  |  |  | 48 | 50 | 59 | 59 | 38 | 44 | 54 | 56 |
|  |  |  | 1607 | 1561 | 1623 | 1549 | 1031 | 1044 | 1021 | 889 |
| PHILIPSTOWN (Inspector Murray). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Philipstown |  | A. 2 | 90 | 92 | 102 | 98 | 81 | 82 | 89 | 81 |
| 2. Brakfontein |  | A. 3 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  | 12 | 12 |
| 3. Petrusville |  | A. 3 | 75 | 69 | 72 | 63 | 68 | 59 | 58 | 49 |
| 4. Schaapkraal |  | A. 3 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| 5. Doornfontein | P. v. d. Walt | P.F. | 8 |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 6. Leeuwfontein | L. J. de Jager | P.F. | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 7. Macasserfontein |  | P.F. |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 8 |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  |
| 8. Modderfontein | J. H. Potgieter | P.F. | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| 10. Rolfontein. | G. E. p. d. Merwe | P.F. | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 6 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 6 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 6 4 | 6 | 5 |
| 11. Tuinfontein | A. P. Fourie | P.E. | 7 | 7 | ${ }_{9}$ | 8 |  | ${ }_{6}$ | 8 |  |
| 12. Philipstown | .. (Wes.) | B | 43 | 46 | 48 | 52 | 36 | 40 | 43 | 39 |
| Total |  |  |  | 5273 | 274 | 266 | 24 | 235 | 238 | 217 |
| PIQUETBERG (Inspector Hofmeyr). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Piquetberg |  | A. ${ }^{\text {A }} 2$ |  | 62 | 56 | 56 | 5473 | 45102 | 50110 | 53112 |
|  | . |  | 120 | 118 | 132 | 122 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Baviaanskloof |  | A. 3 |  |  | 18 | 17 |  |  | 15 | 15 |
|  |  | A. 3 | .. | 15 | 19 | 20 |  | 12 | 16 | 18 |
| 5. Groenvlei ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | A. 3 |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  | 10 |
| 6. Halfmanshof |  | A. 3 |  |  |  | 19 |  |  | 20 |  |
| 7. Herculesfontein <br> 8. St. Helenafontein |  | A. 3 | 16 | 18 | 21 | 19 | 11 | 16 | 18 | 16 |
|  | A. Rocher | A. 3 |  | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 14 |  |
| 9. Kruis River | P. J. Smit | P.F. | 11 | .. | 8 | 8 | 9 | . | 7 | 6 |





|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{2}{3}$ | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | 7 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | First | nspect |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 11 | $\because$ |  | ${ }_{2}$ |  | 4 | 1 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 11 | 10 | .. |
| 5 | 1 | 13 | .. | 9 |  |  | 4 |  |  | .. |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | First | nspect |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 1 | 14 | . | $\dot{3}$ | 2 |  | 7 | 2 |  | .. | .. |  | . | .. |  | 11 | 9 | 8 | 2 |
| 8 | 1 | 6 | .. | .. | 2 |  | .. |  |  | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | .. | . | 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| 9 | 1 | 30 | .. | 16 | 7 |  | 5 | 2 |  | .. | . |  | . |  |  | 7 | 12 | 12 | 2 |
| 1 | 4 | 135 | .. | 57 | 7 |  | 15 | 26 |  | 13 | 8 |  | 1 | 3 | 5 | 84 | 35 | 26 | 23 |
|  | 4 | 10 |  | 5 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | First | nspe |
| 3 | 4 | 13 | $\cdots$ | 6 | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 7 |  |  |
| 4 | 4 | 10 | . | 3 |  |  | 1 | 4 |  | 2 |  |  | . | . | $\because$ | 9 | 5 | First |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 19 |  | 11 | 5 |  | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 1 |  | $\because$ |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\because$ | 9 | 7 | First | nspecti 1 |
| 7 | 3 | 72 | $\cdots$ | 33 | 7 |  | 10 | 14 |  | i | 7 |  |  | $\cdots$ | . | 42 | 36 | 26 | 11 |
| 8 | 3 | 11 | . | 3 | 2 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 8 | 8 | First | nspect |
| 9 | 4 | 6 |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |
| 10 | 4 | 8 |  | 5 |  |  | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | . |  | $\cdots$ | 5 | 0 | First | nspect |
| 11 | 4 | 13 |  | 5 | 5 |  |  | 3 |  | . |  |  | .. |  | $\because$ | 8 | 7 |  |  |
| 12 | 4 | 10 |  | 1 | 2 |  | , | 4 |  |  |  |  | . | $\cdots$ | . |  |  | 6 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 8 |  | 5 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 3 | 3 | 3 | .. |
| 15 | 4 | 8 |  | 4 | 1 |  | 2 | i |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\because$ | .. | - | 4 | 4 | 4 |  |
| 16 | 4 | 11 |  | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  | . |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 6 | 6 |  |  |
| 17 | 4 | 13 |  | 13 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 3 |  | Do. |
| 18 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 7 |  | 4 | 3 |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | . | .. |  | $\because$ | $\because$ | - | . ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
| 20 | 3 | 27 |  | 9 | 8 |  |  | 10 |  | .. | .. |  |  | . | . | 18 |  |  | 9 |
| 21 | 3 | 25 | ! | 18 | 4 |  | 2 | 1 |  | . |  |  |  | .. | $\cdots$ | 8 | 7 | First | nspect |
| 22 | 4 | 11 | . | 8 | 2 |  | 1 | . |  | . |  |  | . |  | . | 3 |  |  |  |
| 23 | 4 | 13 | . | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | . |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 3 | 20 |  | 11 | 2 |  | 3 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | .. | . | 11 | 8 | 7 |  |
| 25 | 3 | 10 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| 27 | 4 | ${ }^{23}$ |  | 9 | 7 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 15 | 12 | First | ${ }^{15}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 3 4 4 | ${ }^{26} 18$ |  | 18 8 | j |  | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ |  | . | . |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 16 10 | 9 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 15 |
| 29 | 3 | 26 | $\cdots$ | 16 | 1 |  | 4 | 4 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 15 | 3 | 4 | 12 |
| 30 | 3 | 112 | .. | 86 | 13 |  | 8 | 3 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | . | 38 | 19 | 16 | 28 |
| 31 | 4 | 69 |  | 50 | 4 |  | 11 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  | .. | .. | 26 | 13 | 13 | 9 |
| 32 | 4 | 32 |  | 22 | 4 |  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 | .. |  |  | .. | .. | 11 | 8 | 7 | 2 |
| 33 | 4 | 23 |  | 16 | 7 |  | $\cdots$ | . |  | . |  |  |  | .. |  | 7 | 7 | First | nspect |
| 1 | 2 | 198 |  | 41 | 30 |  | 18 | 17 |  | 36 | 22 |  | 28 | 2 | 4 | 155 | 134 | 101 | 16 |
| 3 | 1 | 30 |  | 3 | $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ |  | 3 | 6 |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  | 29 | 17 | 16 | 7 |

[G. 7-'98.]


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\sharp} \\ & \text { \#゙ } \end{aligned}$ | + |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 1 |  | 11 | .. | 4 |  | 1 | 4 |  | .. | .. | 2 |  |  | .. |  | .. | 7 | 7 | 5 |  | .. |
| 5 | 1 |  | 13 |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 11 | i1 | 8 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 7 | 2 |  | 120 | $\cdots$ | 64 |  | 21 | 14 |  | 11 | 10 |  |  | . |  |  | $\ldots$ | 56 | 55 | 49 | 4 | $\cdots$ |
|  | 1 |  | 73 | $\cdots$ | 28 |  | 14 | 15 |  | ${ }^{3}$ | 7 | 6 |  |  | .. |  | . | 49 | 33 | 10 | 6 | .. |
| 9 10 | 1 |  | ${ }_{26}^{16}$ | $\because$ | $\stackrel{2}{10}$ |  | 1 | 5 |  | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 2 |  | 2 | .. |  | $\cdots$ | 14 | $\stackrel{9}{16}$ | 7 | 6 | .. |
| 11 | 1 |  | ${ }_{15}$ | $\ldots$ | 2 |  | 2 | 5 |  | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | 2 | . |  | .. | : |  | $\cdots$ | 14 | 16 | First | Inspeet |  |
| 12 | 1 |  | 8 | .. | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | .. |  |  | .. | 7 | 7 | 7 |  |  |
| 13 | 1 |  | 6 | $\cdots$ | 3 |  | 1 | ${ }_{2}$ |  | . | $\ldots$ | . |  | $\because$ | . |  | $\ldots$ | 5 | 2 | First | nspect |  |
| 14 | 1 |  | 5 | . | 1 |  | 1 | . |  | 3 | . |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | .. | 4 | 4 | 4 |  | .. |
| 15 |  |  | .. | .. | . |  | .. | .. |  | . | .. | $\cdots$ |  | . | .. |  | .. | . | . | . | .. | $\cdots$ |
| 16 17 | 1 |  | 5 | . | 1 |  | i | 1 |  | .. | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ | .. |  | $\ldots$ | 4 | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ | 3 | i | $\because$ |
| 18 | 1 |  | 4 | $\because$ | . |  | 1 | $\ldots$ |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | 4 | 3 | First | nspect |  |
| 19 |  |  | . | . | . |  | .. | . |  | .. | .. | . |  | . | .. |  | .. | .. | .. | .. |  | .. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ |  | .. | . | .. |  | . | .. |  | . | .. | . |  | . | .. |  | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | . |
| 22 | i |  | 6 | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | $\because$ | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | 3 |  | .. | .. |  | $\cdots$ | 5 | $\ddot{\square}$ | 4 | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 23 |  |  | .. |  | .. |  | . | . |  | - | .. | . |  | .. | .. |  | .. | .. | . | .. | .. | .. |
| 24 | $\cdots$ |  | .. | . |  |  | . | . |  | . | . | . |  | . | .. |  | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | .. |
| ${ }_{26}$ | 1 |  | 8 | $\ldots$ | $\because$ |  | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 2 | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 8 | 7 | 7 | i | $\cdots$ |
| 27 | 1 |  | 5 | $\ldots$ | 1 |  | 1 | . |  | 1 | 2 | $\because$ |  | .. |  |  | $\ldots$ | 4 | 4 | 3 |  | $\ldots$ |
| 28 | 1 |  | 8 |  | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  | - | 1 |  | . | . | 3 |  | 1 |  |  | .. | 7 | 5 | 5 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |
| 31 | i |  | 6 | . | .. |  | 1 | i |  |  | 3 | 1 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 6 | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |
| 32 | 1 |  | 11 |  | . |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | .. |  |  | .. |  |  | .. | 11 | 10 | First | nspect |  |
| 33 |  |  | . | . | . |  | . | . |  | $\cdots$ | .. | .. |  | .. | $\cdots$ |  | . | .. | . | . |  | .. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | 14 |  | 6 |  | 5 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 10 | 7 | First | nspect |  |
| 36 | 1 |  | 55 |  | 30 |  | 9 | 11 |  | 1 | 4 | .. |  | .. |  |  | .. | 33 | 22 | 11 | 12 | .. |
| 37 | 1 |  | ${ }_{7}^{62}$ | $\cdots$ | 23 |  | 13 | 12 |  | 7 | 7 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 41 | 32 | 32 | 6 |  |
| $38$ | 1 |  | 71 | .. | 14 |  | 3 | 13 |  | 12 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62 | 46 | 45 | 16 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | 65 |  | 31 |  | 14 | 8 |  | 10 | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | .. | 40 | 29 | 29 | 11 | .. |
| 40 | 1 |  | 51 |  | 29 |  | 7 | 13 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |  |  | .. |  |  | .. | ${ }_{21}^{26}$ | 11 | 10 | , | .. |
| 41 | 1 |  | 30 | . | 13 |  | 9 | 6 |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | .. | $\cdots$ |  | . | 21 | 14 | 13 | 6 | .. |
| 42 | 1 |  | ${ }^{63}$ | . | 13 |  | 2 | 7 |  | 15 | 16 |  |  | . |  |  |  | 50 | 41 | 31 | 18 | 1 |
| 43 | 1 |  | 50 | . | 24 |  | 8 | 3 |  | 3 | 2 |  |  | . |  |  | . | 29 | , 11 | 10 | 16 | . |
| 44 | 1 |  | 152 | .. | 67 |  | 6 | 43 |  | 14 | 12 |  |  | .. |  |  | .. | 112 | 53 | 64 | 47 | , |
| 45 | 1 |  | 71 | $\cdots$ | 43 |  | 7 | 8 |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 | 10 | No R | cord. |  |
| 46 | 1 |  |  |  | 24 |  |  | 11 |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 | 22 | 16 |  | $\cdots$ |
| 47 | 1 |  | 105 | . | 43 |  | 3 | 16 |  | 13 | 10 | $\cdots$ |  | . |  |  | .. | 66 | 44 | 14 | 15 | $\ldots$ |
| $48$ | 1 |  | 58 | $\cdots$ | 24 |  | 4 | 10 |  | 4 | 2 |  |  | .. |  |  |  | 36 | 13 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | 56 | . | 44 |  | 6 | 3 |  | 3 | . |  |  |  |  |  | .. | 22 | 8 | First | nspect |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | ${ }_{4}^{40}$ | . | ${ }_{38}^{22}$ |  | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | . |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | .. | 19 | 14 | 4 |  |  |
| 51 | 1 |  | 61 |  | 38 |  | 9 | 8 |  | 6 | $\cdots$ |  |  | . |  |  | . | 36 | 12 | 7 | 17 | .. |
| $\tilde{j}_{2}$ | 1 |  | 40 | .. | 26 |  | 2 | 6 |  | 6 | .. |  |  | . |  |  | .. | 18 | 11 | 7 | 8 | .. |
| 53 | 1 |  | 35 |  | 22 |  | 5 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | . | 14 | 12 |  |  | .. |
| 54 | 1 |  | 42 |  | .. |  | 2 | 12 |  | 19 | 7 | 2 |  | . |  |  | .. | 42 | 13 | 3 | 3 | $\ldots$ |
| 1 | 4 |  | 155 | 10 | 38 | 11 |  | 20 |  | 17 | 29 | 16 |  | 11 | 2 |  | 1 | 109 | 90 | 81 | 12 |  |
| 2 | 4 |  | 17 | .. | 6 |  | 2 | 5 |  | 2 | 2 | . |  | . | .. |  | . | 11 | 9 | 8 | 1 |  |
| 3 | 4 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| 4 | 4 |  | 7 | . | .. |  | 2 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | . |  | 1 |  |  | . | 7 | 3 | 3 | 4 |  |


| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Deelfontein | D. C. Hauptfleisch |  | P.F. | 6 | 6 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 6 | 6 |  |  |
| 6. Gegundefontein | A. P. Burger | P.F. |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Nooitverwacht | F. H. Jansen W. A. Booysen | P.F. | 8 | ${ }_{5}^{8}$ |  | 4 | ${ }_{5}^{8}$ | 5 |  |  |
| 8. Patrysfontein | W. A. Booysen | $\stackrel{\text { P.F. }}{ }$ |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 7 |  |
| 10. Thomasgat ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | H. Ackerman | P.F. |  |  | 4 | 4 | .. |  | 3 |  |
| 11. Zoetvallei .. Mr | W. Burgers, Jun. | P.F. |  | 5 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Richmond | . . (D.R.C.) | B | 81 |  | 81 | 90 | 67 | 65 | 64 | 73 |
| Total |  |  | 286 | 306 | 332 | 338 | 257 | 263 |  | 285 |
| RIVERSDALE (Inspector Mitchell). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Riversdale, Boys' |  | A. 1 | 78 | 79 |  | 77 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 69 |
| 2. Do., Girls' |  | A. 1 |  |  |  |  | 106 |  |  |  |
| 3. Buffelsdrift |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  | 15 |  |  |
| 4. Love Spot, |  | A. 3 |  |  | 18 |  | 13 | 15 | 16 |  |
| 6. Riversdale |  | E | 17 | . | 24 | 22 | 10 | .. | 18 | 12 |
| 7. De Draai | J. W. de Jager | P.F. | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 |
| 8. Driekuilen | . . F. S. J. de Jager | P.F. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Holbak | - J. P. Stegmann | P.F. |  |  |  | 7 | 12 | ${ }_{14}^{6}$ |  |  |
| 10. Kafir Kuils River | . . P. L. de Bruyn | P.F. | 14 |  | 16 |  | 12 | 11 | 14 |  |
| 11. Keurfontein | ..J. J. v. Rensburg | P.F. |  | 18 | 16 | 11 |  | 11 |  |  |
| 12. Klipdrift Krombeck's River |  | P.F. |  |  |  | 11 |  | 10 |  | 11 |
| 14. Kruis River | J. F. Snyman | P.F. | 10 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 9 |  |
| 15. Platbosch | M. de Jager | P.F. | 7 | 7 |  |  | 8 | 5 | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |  |
| 16. Springfontein | A O. Ske | P.F. | 8 |  | 10 |  |  | 3 | 5 |  |
| 17. Tygerfontein | $\because$ J. T. de Jager | P.F. |  | 9 |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |
| 19. Valsch River | .. G. Muller | P.F. | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 20. Zandfontein | ..J. W. Smalberger | P.F. | 10 | 10 |  |  | 9 | 9 | ${ }_{5}$ |  |
| 21. Zoetmelksfontein | .. J. A. v. Wijk | P.F. | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ | 5 | ${ }_{9}^{5}$ | ${ }_{9}$ |
| 22. Zoetmelks River | .. M. W. Sayyman | $\xrightarrow[\text { P.F. }]{\text { P. }}$ |  |  |  |  | 9 | 8 | 9 9 | 4 |
| 23. Zoutpan -. | A. L. v. Wijk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. Blandsdrift | D. Pienaar | Poor | 37 | 35 | 35 |  | 35 | 31 | 24 |  |
| 25. Bonaventura | J. | Poor | 18 | 18 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. Bovenplaats | J. A. v. Zijl | Poor | 30 | 28 | 25 | 24 | ${ }_{18}^{25}$ | 19 | 16 |  |
| 27. Brakfontein |  | Poor | 22 | 20 | 19 | .. | 18 | 18 | 16 |  |
| 28. Drooge Vlakte |  | Poor | 27 | $\cdots$ | 17 |  | 24 | $\because$ |  |  |
| 29. Kafir Kuils River. |  | ${ }^{\text {Poor }}$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | . | . |  |  |
| 30. Keurfontein ${ }^{\text {31. }}$ Karnemelks Vlei | C. J. Cronje | Poor | 23 | 25 | 29 |  | 20 | 19 | 27 | 18 |
| 32. Klein River | C. J. Cronje | ${ }^{\text {Poor }}$ | 15 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 17 |
| 33. Krenten River |  | Poor | 15 | 15 |  |  | 13 | 14 |  |  |
| 34. Kruis River | Mrs. W. Joubert | ${ }^{\text {Poor }}$ | 20 | 18 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | 18 | 12 | 24 |  |
| 35. Melkhoutfontein 36. Oakdale . | :. $\quad$ D. J. v. Wepner | ${ }_{\text {Poor }}$ | 23 | 13 | 23 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 21 |  |
| 37. Riversdale |  | Poor | 42 | 59 | 65 | 60 | ${ }^{33}$ | 39 |  |  |
| 38. Soebatter's Vlakte | T. Knutzen | Poor | 23 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 19 | 15 |  |  |
| 39. Vermakelykheid |  | ${ }^{\text {Poor }}$ |  |  |  |  | 16 |  | 17 |  |
| 40. Weltevreden |  | Poor Poor |  | 14 | 17 | 17 |  | 12 |  |  |
| 42. Zoetmelksfontein | $\cdots \quad$.. | Poor |  | 18 | 14 | 14 |  | 12 | 14 |  |
|  |  |  | 31 |  |  |  | 21 |  |  |  |
| 44. Riversdale .. | (do.) | B | 146 | 150 | 147 |  | 118 |  |  |  |
| 45. Bergfontein, | .. Eng. Ch.) | B | 26 | 26 | .. | 23 | 21 | 19 |  | 18 |




|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 46 \\ & 47 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{l} \dot{4} \\ 4 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 87 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 63 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{9}^{10}$ | 12 12 . |  | 7 3 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{27}^{29} 8$ |  |  | 17 12 1 | 5 11 7 |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 3 | ${ }_{251}^{171}$ | ${ }_{4}^{8}$ | ${ }_{53}^{51}$ |  | ${ }_{27}^{12}$ | ${ }_{35}^{15}$ |  | ${ }_{35}^{24}$ | ${ }_{54}^{21}$ | 1 | ${ }_{21}^{30}$ | ${ }_{11}^{10}$ | 1 | 7 | 4 | ${ }_{195}^{115}$ |  |  | 99 115 | 10 30 |
|  | 3 | 53 | .. | 11 |  | 6 | 16 | 6 | 8 |  | 6 | 4 |  | 2 |  | . |  |  |  | 24 | 9 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 35 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{11}^{8}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | $\stackrel{1}{12}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ |  | $5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {First }}^{7}$ In | nspectic |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{31}^{13}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{3}$ | $\frac{1}{7}$ |  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  |  | 4 |  | 2 |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{22}^{7}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | - | 20 13 | $\because$ |  |  | ${ }_{3}$ |  |  | 5 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{22}{9}$ | ${ }_{2}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | ${ }_{63}^{13}$ |  | ${ }_{2}^{6}$ |  | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | ${ }_{13}^{1}$ |  | $\stackrel{3}{9}$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{41}^{7}$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{7}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | ${ }_{20}^{28}$ | . |  |  | 14 |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  | . |  | 25 <br> 16 |  |  | 16 | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{15}^{20}$ | $\because$ |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | $\because$ |  |  |  | 4 | ${ }^{14}$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 9 | . |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |  | ${ }_{1}^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |
|  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| 1617181920212122232424 |  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | $\because$ |  |  | i |  | $\dot{2}$ | . |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ |  |  | \% |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | ${ }_{9}^{10}$ | .. |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ |  |
|  | 3 | ${ }_{12}^{11}$ | \% |  |  | 4 |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |  | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . | 12 | $\because$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  |  | 1 |  |  | . |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{10}$ |  |
|  | 3 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | . | .. | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  | ${ }_{43}^{36}$ | .. | ${ }_{29}{ }^{7}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{10}$ |  | ${ }_{7}^{8}$ | 4 |  | 4 | . |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{11}^{21}$ |  |
|  | 3 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | 18 | . |  |  | 4 |  |  | 3 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | . | ${ }_{65}^{42}$ | .. | ${ }_{36}^{34}$ | 34 | 3 19 |  | . | $\dot{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{3}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | 3 <br> 3 | 41 <br> 126 | .. | 102 |  | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ |  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | ${ }_{4}^{3}$ |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | ${ }_{13}^{13}$ |  |
| 1 | 2 | 137 | 7 | 3 | 34 | 16 |  | 22 | 13 |  | 15 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74 | ${ }_{5} 2$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 3 3 | ${ }_{23}^{17}$ | .. |  |  | 2 |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{12}$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{.}$ | 61 | .. |  |  | 10 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | ${ }_{26}$ |  |
| 8 | 3 | 12 | .. |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ |  | ${ }_{18}^{32}$ | $\ldots$ |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{7}$ |  | ${ }_{5}^{7}$ | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{66}^{18}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No ${ }^{8} \mathrm{Re}$ | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |


| Name of School． |  | Class． | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $1 \mathrm{stt}$ |  |  |  |
| 12．Welkom | P．B．de Klerk |  | A． 3 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 10 |
| 13．Brakpoort | W．Hurter | P．F． |  |  | ${ }^{5}$ | 5 |  |  | 5 | 4 |
| 14．Buffelsfontein | J．Hiscock | P．F． | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 15 | 12 |
| 15．Charlton | F．J．Gowar，Jun． | $\xrightarrow[\text { Pr }]{\text { P．F．}}$ | 7 | 7 | 8 |  | 7 | 10 | ${ }^{7}$ | 7 |
| 17．Driefontein | $\therefore$ C．J．v．Aardt | ${ }_{\text {P．F．}}^{\text {P．}}$ ． | 10 | 10 | 10 |  | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| 18．Fonteinshoek | ．．D．G．Drennan | P．F． | 5 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| 19．Good Hope | $\cdots$ ．．$\because$－ | P．F． |  |  | 9 | 9 |  |  | 6 | 8 |
| 20．Grootfontein | A．C．Meyer | ${ }_{\text {P／}}^{\text {P．F．}}$ | 6 | 16 | － | 6 | 4 | 15 |  | 6 |
| 22．Joskraan＇s Ǩraal | ．．J．J．v．d Vyver | ${ }_{\text {P．F．}}^{\text {P．F．}}$ | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |  | $\because$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{4}$ | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ | $\because$ | 6 |
| 23．Karreelaagte | $\cdots$ C．J．Lotter | P．F． |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  | 9 |
| 24．Klipfontein | C．Geyer | P．F． | ． | 10 | ． | 10 | ． | 10 | ．． | 10 |
| 25．Klipfontein |  | P．F． |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  | 10 |
| 26．Klipfontein | J．J．Vosloo | P．F． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27．Kruidfontein | ．C．F．Geyer | P．F． | 6 | 6 |  |  | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| 28．Modderfontein | ．H．W．Peacock | P．F． | 11 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 11 |
| 29．Nelskraal | ．．H．J．Nel，Jun． | P．F． | 11 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 9 |  |
| 30．Nooitgedacht | P．A．Welken | P．F． |  |  | 5 | 5 |  |  | 5 | 5 |
| 31．Paardefontein | W．A．C．de Klerk | P．F． |  |  | 6 | 6 |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 6 |
| 32．Palmietfontein | T．Watson | P．F． | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 33．Poorts Hoek | J．A．Erasmus | P．F． |  | 7 |  | 6 |  | 7 | 6 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| 34．Prospect Farm | H．J．Moolman，Jun． | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 35．Rhenosterfontein | J．Bouwer | P．F． | 9 | 8 | 10 | 8 | ${ }_{6}$ | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| 36．Riet River ．． | W．H．Steyn | P．F． | 6 | 6 |  | 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| 37．Riet Vlei | G．Geyer | P．F． | 5 |  |  | 10 | ${ }_{9}^{5}$ |  | 9 | ${ }_{9}$ |
| 38．Riversdale ${ }^{\text {39．}}$ Russell Park | E．A．Smith | P．F． | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | ${ }_{5}^{9}$ | 7 | 6 | 4 |
| 40．Schurfteberg | A．Botha | P．F． | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 7 |
| 41．Spioenkop ． | C．P．Bekker | P．F． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42．Spring Vale | M．J．Lombard | P．F． | 10 | 9 | 5 |  | 9 | 9 | 9 |  |
| 43．Stockpoort | －J．Brent | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| 44．Strooisfontein | J．R．Lotter | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |
| 45．Upsal | G．C．Scheepers | P．F． | ． |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 7 |
| 46．Vaalkrantz 47．Do． | $\cdots \quad$ J．W．Bouwer | P．F． | 12 | ${ }_{12}^{6}$ | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 48．Vlakfontein | L．v．Niekerk | P．F． | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 10 |
| 49．Zoo Als＇t Valt | M．C．S．Botha | P．F． | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| 50．De Draai |  | Poor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51．Keerom |  | Poor | 28 | $\cdots$ | ． | ． | 26 | ． |  |  |
| 52．Matjesvlei |  | Poor | 10 |  |  |  | 7 |  | 45 |  |
| 53．Riet Vlei $\ddot{\text { ar }}$ | $\cdots \quad . \quad$ ． | ${ }_{\text {Poor }}$ |  |  |  |  | \％ | 17 | ${ }_{21}^{45}$ |  |
| 54．Somerset East <br> 55．Smit＇s Kraal |  | Poor Poor |  | 29 | 33 | 12 | $\because$ | 17 | 21 | 10 |
| 56．Sunday＇s River |  | Poor | 31 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 29 |  | 24 | 24 |
| 57．Upsal－． |  | Poor |  | 22 | 20 | 20 |  | 15 | 14 |  |
| Somerset East | （Eng．Ch．） | B | ． | ．． | 37 | 43 | ． |  | 21 | 29 |
| 59．Somerset East | （Ind．） | B | 68 | 77 | 94 |  | 45 | 55 | 66 |  |
| 60．Somerset East | （Pres．） | B |  |  | 51 | 59 | ． | ．． | 35 | 42 |
| 61．Glen Avon ．． | ．．（U．P．） | B | ．． | ． | ． | 24 | ．． | ． |  | 20 |
| 62．Cookhouse，Native | （Wes．） | ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 68 | 62 | 80 | 90 | 61 | 55 | 73 | 80 |
| 63．Somerset East | （do．） | B | 211 | 197 | 215 | 196 | 162 | 128 |  |  |
| Total |  |  | 1089 | 1130 | 1311 | 1277 | 918 | 922 | 1070 | 1050 |
| STELLENBOSCH（Inspector Watermeyer）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Stellenbosch，Bloe | mhof，Girls＇ |  | 144 | 137 |  | 163 | 127 |  |  |  |
| 3．Do．，Gym | nasium，Boys＇ | A． 1 | 166 | 171 | 163 | 3 | 148 | 149 |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 总 } \\ & \text { 麀 } \\ & \text { 感 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 3 | 11 | ．． | ．． | 2 | 4 | 5 |  |  |  | ．． | ． |  | 11 | 8 | ． |  |
| 14 | 1 | 14 | $\ldots$ | i | 7 |  | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | $\ldots$ | ．． | 14 | 12 | 12 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 15 | 3 | 8 | $\ldots$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ． | ${ }_{3}$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{6} 6$ | ${ }^{1} 6$ | ${ }_{6}$ |  |  |
| 16 | ${ }^{3}$ | 10 | ． | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  | ． | ． | 10 | 4 |  | Reco |  |
| 17 | 3 | 6 | ． | 3 |  | ． |  | 2 | 1 | ． | ． | ．． |  | 3 | First | Inspect |  |
| 18 | 1 | 5 | ． | 3 | 1 | ． | 1 | ．． | ． | ． | ．． | ．． |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| 19 20 | 3 | ．． | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | ． | ． | ．． | ． | ． | ． | ． | ． | ． | ． | ． | ． |  |
| 21 | 1 | 5 | $\cdots$ | 2 | i | i | 1 | ． |  | $\cdots$ | ． | ． |  | $\dot{3}$ | First | Inspe |  |
| 22 |  | 8 | ．． |  | 2 | 3 | 1 | ． | 2 | ．． | ．． | ．． |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 1 | 10 | ． | 2 | 2 | 6 |  |  |  | ． |  | $\ldots$ |  | 7 | First | Inspe |  |
| 24 | 1 | 11 | ．． | 2 | ． | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | ．． | 1 | ． |  | 9 | 9 |  |  |
| 25 26 | 4 | 11 | ． | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．． | 10 | 8 |  | Inspe |  |
| 27 | 3 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ | ． | ．．． | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  | Do． |  |
| 28 | 3 | 12 | ．． | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | ．． | ．． | ．． | 11 | 9 |  |  |  |
| 29 | 3 | 11 | ． | ${ }_{2}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ |  | 5 | 1 |  | ．． | ． | ． | 9 | 7 | First | nspect |  |
| 30 | 3 | 5 | ． | 1 | 3 | 1 | ， | ． | ． | ．． | ： | ．． |  |  | 1 | 3 |  |
| 32 | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ | 5 | $\cdots$ | ．． | ．． | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ | i | i | ． | ．． | ． | $\cdots$ | 5 | 5 | First | nspect |  |
| 33 |  |  | ． | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | ． | ．． |  |  |  |  | Spe |  |
| 34 | 2 | 5 |  | ．． | 2 | 1 |  | i | 1 | ．． | ．． |  | 5 |  | First | nspe |  |
| 35 | 3 | 10 | ． |  | 1 | 2 | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ | 1 | ．． | ．． | ．． | $\ldots$ | 10 | 10 |  | Spe |  |
| 36 |  | 6 | ．． | 2 |  | 3 | 1 | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ． | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 5 | $\cdots$ |  | 5 |  |  | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．． | 5 | 5 | First | nspect |  |
| 39 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 8 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | i | －4 | 4 |  |  | 2 | ．． | ．． | 9 |  | ， |  |  |
| 40 | 1 | 11 | ． | 1 | ． | 3 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 1 | 3 | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }^{7}$ | 3 | 4 |  |
| 41 | 1 | 11 | ．． | 1 | ． | 3 | 5 | 2 | 3 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 11 | 10 3 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 6 |  |
| 42 | 3 | 9 | ． | 2 | ．． | 5 |  | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | ．． | ．． | 7 | 7 | 7 |  |  |
| 43 | 1 | 5 | ． | 1 | ．． | ． | 1 | 2 | i | ．． | ．． | $\because$ | 4 | 1 | 1 | $\dot{3}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 5 | $\cdots$ | － | 1 | 2 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ．． | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | 3 | 7 | ．． | $\because$ | 2 | 3 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | － | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 4 | 3 4 |  |  |
| 47 | 4 | 9 | ． |  |  | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 |  | ． | $\cdots$ | 9 | 8 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ |  |  |
| 48 | 1 | 10 | ．． | 3 | 3 | 2 | ．． | 1 |  | 1 | $\ldots$ | ． | 7 | 7 |  |  |  |
| 49 | 3 | 6 | ．． | 1 | 3 | 2 | ．． | ．． | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． | 5 | 5 | First | nspecti |  |
| 50 | 1 | 13 | $\ldots$ |  | 4 | 6 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 26 9 | ． | 9 | ${ }_{1}^{3}$ | ${ }_{3}^{8}$ | ${ }_{1}^{3}$ | 3 | ． | $\cdots$ | ． | ． | 17 | 2 | No Re | cord． |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 53 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 39 | $\cdots$ | 17 | 15 | 3 4 | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | 1 | 19 | $\ldots$ | 14 | 5 | ． | S | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 27 | 12 | First 2 | nspecti |  |
|  | 1 | 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57 | 1 | 31 | $\cdots$ | 7 | 4 | 11 | 4 | 5 | ． | ． | ．． | ． | 24 | 15 | 16 | 5 |  |
|  | ． | ． | ．． | ． | ． | ． |  | ． | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．． |  |
| 58 | 3 | 16 | ．． | 16 | $\cdots$ | ． | ． | ． | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． |  |
| 59 | 1 | 46 | ． | 30 | 7 | 9 |  | $\ldots$ | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | 19 | 12 | 9 | 7 |  |
| 60 | 2 | 31 | ． | 23 | 5 | 1 | 2 | ．． | ．． |  | ．． | ．． | 11 | 4 | First | spectio |  |
| 61 | ． | ．． | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | $\because$ | ． | ． | ．． |  | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． |  |
| 62 | 1 | 60 | ． | 39 | 11 | 9 | 3 | 2 | $\cdots$ | ． | ．． | ． | 35 | 23 | 15 | 16 |  |
|  | 1 | 189 | ． | 131 | 28 | 21 | 5 | 4 | $\cdots$ | ． | $\cdots$ | ．． | 68 | 34 | 25 | 21 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 131 | 21 | 21 | 9 | 10 | 16 | 11 | 17 | 5 | 5 | 16 | 78 | 50 | 39 |  |  |
| 2 | 2 | 152 | ．． |  | 3 | 16 | 20 | 23 | 27 | 20 | 23 | 20 | 132 | 116 | 98 | 3 |  |
| ［G．7－－＇98．］ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L |  |




|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rit } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 忽 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\sharp} \\ & \text { ⿷匚 } \\ & \text { ⿷匚⿳ } \end{aligned}$ | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | ． | ．． | $\cdots$ |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | ． | ．． | ．． | $\cdots$ | ． | ．． | ．． |  | ．． |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 24 | $\cdots$ | 8 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 1 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 16 | 9 | 9 | 6 | $\ldots$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 20 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 2 |  | $\cdots$ |  | ． | 17 | 14 | 14 |  | $\ldots$ |
| $8$ |  | 10 |  | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 |  | ．． |  | ． | 10 | 6 | 5 | 3 | ．． |
| ${ }_{10}^{9}$ | 4 | 29 | ． | 2 | 4 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 27 | 26 | 15 | 2 | ． |
| 11 | 1 | 15 | ．． | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 11 | 9 | 8 | 2 | ．． |
| 12 | 2 | 38 | ．． | 22 | ¢ | 5 | 6 | ． |  |  |  | ．． | 17 | 16 | 7 | 7 | ．． |
| 14 | 1 | 27 | ． | 16 | 6 | 3 | 2 | ． |  | ． |  | ． | 11 | ii | No R | cord． |  |
| 15 | 1 | 24 |  | 15 |  | 5 | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 4 | 1 |  |  |
| 16 | 1 | 33 |  | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 19 | 12 | 6 | 6 | ．． |
| 1 | 4 | 37 | － | 5 | 7 | 12 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 1 |  | ． | 32 | 27 | 18 |  | ．． |
| 2 | 4 | 61 |  | 18 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 8 |  |  |  | ．． | 44 |  | 29 | 4 | ．． |
| 3 | 4 | 15 | $\cdots$ | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 |  | 3 | ．． |  |  | 12 |  | ， |  |  |
| 4 | 4 | 18 | ． | ${ }^{5}$ | 3 | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 13 | 8 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 4 | 26 | ．． | 11 | ． | 7 | 4 | 3 | 1 |  |  | ．． | 15 | 13 | First | specti |  |
| 6 | 4 | 5 | ． | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 1 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | 4 4 |  |  | 4 |  | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 2 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 1 |  |  | $\because$ | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 4 | 6 | ． |  | 2 | 4 | ． | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | 6 | 3 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  | $\cdots$ |
| 11 | 4 | 8 | ． | 3 | 2 | 3 | ．． | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | First | specti |  |
| 12 | 4 | 4 | ． | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 13 | 4 | 7 | ．． | 2 | ． | 2 | 1 | ${ }_{1}$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 5 | 4 | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 15 | 4 | 10 9 | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 3 1 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | 8 | 5 | 5 6 |  | $\cdots$ |
| 16 | 4 | 6 | $\ldots$ | 1 | ． | 1 | 4 | ． |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| 17 | 4 | 15 | ．． | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | ．． |  |  |  | ．． | 10 | 10 | First | specti |  |
| 18 | 4 | 7 | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | $\because$ | i |  | ． | 4 6 | $\frac{1}{6}$ | 3 | ${ }_{2}$ |  |
| 20 | 4 | 11 | $\cdots$ | 4 | $\ddot{2}$ | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 7 | 2 | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |
| 21 | 4 | 61 | ． | 28 | 17 | 7 | 5 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 35 | 28 | 17 |  |  |
| 22 | 4 | 58 | $\ldots$ | 27 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 2 | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\because$ | 36 | 20 | 19 | 8 | $\ldots$ |
| 23 | 4 | 105 | ．． | 69 | 15 | 10 | 7 | 4 | ．． |  |  | ． | 37 | 28 | 18 | 4 | ． |
| 24 | 4 | 32 | ．． | 16 | 11 | 3 | 2 | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．． | 16 | 12 | First | specti |  |
| 25 | 4 | 42 |  | 30 | 7 | 3 | 2 | ．． | ．． |  | ．． | ．． | 12 | 9 | 6 | 5 | ．． |
| 26 | 4 | 78 | ．． | ¢2 | 12 | 12 | 2 | ． | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．． | 35 | 13 | 12 | 21 | ． |
| 28 | 4 | 42 | ． | $2 \overline{5}$ | 6 | 7 | 4 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 25 | $\dot{3}$ |  |  |  |
| 29 | 4 | 34 | $\ldots$ | 20 | 12 | 2 | ． | ． |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 14 | 14 | First | spectio |  |
| 30 | 4 | 38 | ． | 16 | 8 | 10 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 24 | 8 | 6 |  |  |
| 31 | 4 | 119 | ．． | 32 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 23 | 20 |  | ． | ． | 87 | 73 | 34 | 18 | 1 |
| 1 | 3 | 49 | ．． | 15 | ．． | 12 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 3 | ．． | ．． | 38 | 31 | 26 | 11 | ．． |


| Name of School． | Class． | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2．Zaaiplaats（Schietfontein）F．Conradie | A． 3 | 23 | 22 | 15 |  | 19 | 17 | 13 |  |
| 3．Sutherland ．．．．（D．R．C．） | B | 19 |  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |
| Total ！ |  | 129 | 104 | 86 | 82 | 115 | 84 | 72 | 7 |
| SWELLENDAM（Inspector Watermeyer）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Swellendam，Girls＇ | A． 1 | 68 | 76 | 70 | 80 | 48 | 66 | 64 | 70 |
| 2．Heidelberg |  | 90 | 86 | 82 |  | 84 | 78 | 79 |  |
| 3．Swellendam，Boys＇ | A． 2 |  | ．． | 28 |  | ．． | ．． | 24 |  |
| 4．Barrydale ． | A． 3 | 58 | ． | 48 | 50 | 41 10 |  | ${ }^{46}$ | 43 |
| j．Brakfontein 6．Bruinklip ． | A． 3 | ${ }_{20}^{11}$ | 21 | ${ }_{21}^{10}$ |  | 19 | 19 | ${ }_{21}^{10}$ |  |
| 7．Buffelsjachts River ．．．．．． | A． 3 | 39 | 39 | 40 | 39 | 32 | 28 | 35 | 31 |
| 8．Klipdrift ．． | A． 3 |  |  | 30 | ${ }_{26}^{23}$ |  |  | ${ }_{25}^{30}$ |  |
| 9．Kliphoogte | A． 3 | 24 | 28 | 31 | ${ }^{26}$ | 20 | 19 | 25 | 2 |
| 10．Lemoen Hoek 11. | A．${ }^{\text {A }} 3$ | 11 | 13 | 14 | 38 14 | 28 | 11 | 35 13 | 34 13 |
| 12．Waterkloof ．．．．．． | A． 3 |  |  | 15 | 14 |  |  | 14 | 14 |
| 13．Zuurbraak．． | A． 3 | 16 | 17 | 21 | 25 | 9 | 13 | 17 | 2 |
| 14．Buffeljachts River | E | 14 | 13 | ， |  | 1 | 11 | 9 |  |
| 15．Swellendam | E |  |  |  | 11 |  | 7 | 6 | 7 |
| 16．Angora ．．．．．P．J．Roux | P．F． |  | 9 | 9 |  | 7 | 8 | 8 |  |
|  | P．F． | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 | 4 | 4 |  |  |
| 19．Fonteins Kloof ．．M．J．C．Human | P．F． |  |  | 11 | 11 |  |  | 9 |  |
| 20．Goedgeloof．．．J．Bruwer | P．F． | 8 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 11 | 11 |
| 21．Groot Vader＇s Bosch D．Moodie | P．F． | $\stackrel{5}{10}$ | ${ }_{9}$ | 9 | 9 | 7 | ${ }_{7}$ | 6 | 8 |
| 22．Karnemelk＇s River ．．．${ }_{\text {23．}}$ Kinko ${ }^{\text {G．R．Uijs }}$ | P．F． |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 24．Klaaskafirkuilsheuvel | P．F． | 11 | ． |  |  | 10 | ．． |  |  |
| ${ }_{20}$ ．Klipdrift ．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ J．H．Lingenfelder | P．F． | 6 |  | 6 | ．． | 5 |  | 4 |  |
| 26．Klipfontein ．．D．Coetzee | P．F． |  | 8 |  |  | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| 27．Koesani ．$\quad \cdots \quad$ M．J．Swart |  | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
| 29．Potjeskraal ．${ }_{\text {29，}}$ Rhenosterfontein J．G．Streicher | P．F． | 7 | 7 | $\stackrel{ }{5}$ | $\bigcirc$ | ． | 7 | ． |  |
| 30．Slang River－．N．J．Uys | P．F． |  | ， | 13 | ， |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 12 | 6 |
| 31．Voorregts Vlei ．．F．J．v．Eeden | P．F． | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 8 | 12 |
| 32．Weltevrede（Modderasfontein） | P．F． | 10 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |  |
| 33．Do．．．．．G．F．Joubert | P．F． | 11 | ， | 12 |  | 9 | 8 |  |  |
| 34．Zwartklip ．．．．．M．Rensburg | P．F． | ．． | ．． | 9 | 9 | ．． |  | 9 |  |
| 30．Brakfontein | Poor |  | 10 | ．． | 22 |  | 9 |  | 2 |
| 36．Doornkraal | Poor | 13 | 12 |  |  | 10 | 8 | 23 | 22 |
| 37．Grootvadersbosch | Poor | 19 13 | 14 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 38．Malagas ${ }_{\text {3p }}$ | Poor Poor | 28 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 23 | 20 | 19 |
| 39．Op de rradouw（Barrydale） 40．Vorhuis ．．Steyn | Poor |  | ．． | 25 | 25 |  |  | 2 | 25 |
| 41．Barrydale ．．．．．．．（D．R．C．） | B | 35 | 31 | 39 | 39 | 25 | 26 | 28 | ， |
| 42．Klip River ．．．．．．（do．） | B | 70 | 68 | 65 | 63 | 51 | 43 | 47 | 44 |
| 43．Swellendam ．．．．（do．） | B | 49 | 53 | 54 | ${ }_{5} 2$ | 36 | 40 | ${ }^{45}$ | 44 |
| 44．Zuurbraak ．．．．．．（do．） | B | 125 | 124 | 121 | 116 | 90 | 82 | 86 | 84 |
| 45．Barry dale ．．．．（Evg．Ch．） | B | 23 | 26 | 27 | 30 | 19 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| 46．Buffelsjachts River ．．（do．） | B | 24 | 23 | 25 | 25 | 21 | 19 | 23 | 19 |
| 47．Heidelberg．．．．（do．） | B | 56 | 54 |  | ${ }^{59}$ | 46 | 36 | $45$ | 52 |
| 48．Slang River ．．（do．） | B |  |  |  | 28 | 31 |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { च्ष் } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 馬 } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { 苗 } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\oplus}{む ゙}$ | \％ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 3 | 15 | ．． | 4 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 3 |  | ． |  |  | ． | 11 | 6 | 3 | 5 | ．． |
| 3 |  |  |  | ． |  | ． | ． |  | ． | ．． |  |  |  |  | ．． |  | ．． | ．． | ． | ．． |  | ．． |
| 1 | 4 | 75 | 2 | 17 |  | 7 | 10 |  | 10 | 11 |  | 10 |  | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 55 | 45 | 35 | 8 | ．． |
| 2 | 4 | 79 | 1 | 10 |  | 4 | 11 |  | 11 | 15 |  | 15 |  | 12 |  |  | ． | 26 | 16 | 6 | 1 |  |
| 3 | 4 | 27 | ．． |  |  | 1 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 5 |  | 2 |  |  | ．． | 68 | 62 | 48 | 10 | $\ldots$ |
|  |  | 42 | ． | 12 |  | 3 | 12 |  | ¢ |  | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 34 | 22 | 20 | 1 | ． |
| 5 | 4 | 10 | $\because$ | 4 |  | 1 | ． |  | 2 |  | 2 | 1 |  | ． | $\ldots$ |  | ．． | 7 | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | ．． |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 4 4 4 | ${ }_{37}^{22}$ | $\because$ | 8 |  | 4 |  |  | 4 5 |  | 5 | 1 |  | 7 | $\because$ |  | ． | 14 28 | ${ }_{25}^{12}$ | 10 25 | 3 | ．． |
|  | 4 | 16 16 | $\cdots$ |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{5}$ | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{5}$ |  |  |  |  | 7 | $\because$ |  | ．． | 13 | ${ }_{4}^{25}$ | ${ }_{9}^{20}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | ．． |
| 9 | 4 | 22 | ． |  |  | 1 | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 | 6 |  |  |  |  | ． | 19 | 18 | 19 | ．． | ．． |
| 10 | 4 | 38 | $\ldots$ | 18 |  | 2 | 10 |  | ．． |  | 3 | 4 |  | 1 |  |  | ．． | 20 | 17 | 12 |  | ．． |
| 11 | 4 | 15 | ． |  |  | 1 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | ${ }^{6}$ | $\cdots$ |  | 6 | 1 |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  | ．． | 13 | 7 9 |  |  |  |
| 12 | 4 4 | 14 25 | $\cdots$ | 11 |  | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ |  | ${ }_{2}^{5}$ | 5 | 1 | 1 | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 15 | 12 |  |  | ． |
| 14 |  |  |  | ．． |  | ． | ． |  | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ． | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 15 | 4 | 11 | 11 |  |  | $\cdot$ |  |  | ．． |  |  |  |  | $\cdot$ |  |  | ．． | ．． | ．． |  |  |  |
| 16 | 4 | 9 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 1 | ． |  | ．． |  |  | $\cdots$ | 8 | 7 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 5 | ．． |  |  | 3 |  | 2 | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  |  | $\because$ |  | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 5 4 |  | $\ldots$ |
| 19 | 4 | 5 | ． |  | 6 | 2 |  | 1 | ． | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | ．． |  | ． |  |  | ． | 4 |  | First | Inspecti |  |
| 20 | 4 | 11 | ．． |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | ．． |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 4 | 2 | 1 |  | ． |
| ${ }_{22}^{21}$ |  | 9 | $\because$ |  |  | ．． |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | 5 | $\cdots$ |  | $\because$ |  |  | ．． | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |  | 7 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |
| 23 | 4 | 11 | $\because$ |  | 7 | $\ddot{2}$ |  | 1 | i |  |  | ．． |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  | 4 | 2 |  | o record． |  |
| 24 |  |  | ． | ． |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 6 | 4 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\Omega}^{25}$ | 4 | 6 | ． |  |  | 1 |  | $\stackrel{2}{ }$ | 2 |  | 1 | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\because$ | 6 | 4 |  | 2 | $\because$ |
| 27 |  |  |  | ． |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | \％ |  |  |  |  | ．． | $\because$ | ， |  | $\cdot$ |  |
| 28 | 4 | 5 |  | ．． |  | 1 |  | 1 ＊ | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | ． |  |  | ． | 4 | 4 | 3 |  | ． |
| 29 30 | 4 | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{2}$ | i | i | 1 |  | 2 | ！ |  |  |  |  | ．． | $\stackrel{6}{6}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{6}$ |  | Inspectio |  |
| 31 | 4 | 13 | $\because$ |  | 3 | 3 |  | 4 | 1 |  | 1 | i |  |  |  |  | ． | 10 | 9 |  |  | ． |
| 32 | 4 | 9 | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | ； |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 8 | 6 |  |  |
| 33 | 4 | ${ }_{10}^{10}$ | ． |  | 3 | 4 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 1 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | ．． | ${ }_{7}^{9}$ | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | First | $\stackrel{1}{\text { Inspecti }}$ |  |
| 34 | 4 | 9 | ． |  |  | 4 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | ． |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  | First | Inspectio |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ |  | ．． | ． |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdot$ | ． |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | － |  |  | ． | ． | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| ${ }_{37} 3$ | 4 | 26 | ．． | 6 | 6 | 2 | 11 | 1 | 7 |  |  | ． |  |  |  |  | ．． | 2 i | 14 | 9 | 5 | ． |
| 38 | 4 | 10 |  |  | 5 | 1 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 11 | ${ }_{10}^{2}$ | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 39 | 4 | 22 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 6 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 15 | 11 | 10 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 40 | 4 | 22 | ．． | 22 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | ．． |  |  | ． |  | ．． | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | ． | ． | ．． | ． | $\cdots$ |
| 41 | 4 | 26 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 11 | ${ }_{15}^{2}$ | 3 | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| 42 | 4 | 52 53 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 7 |  | 6 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{20}^{22}$ | 14 | 9 | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ | ． |
| 44 | 4 | ${ }_{92}$ | $\because$ | 69 |  |  |  | 7 | 9 |  |  | ．． |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 24 | 21 | 13 | 6 | ． |
| 45 | 4 | 18 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  | $\because$ | 5 | 1 |  | 3 | ． |
| 46 | 4 | 23 59 | ． | 16 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 28 | 22 | 1989 | 4 | $\because$ |
| 48 | 4 | ${ }_{27}^{59}$ | ．． | 1 |  | 14 2 |  | 7 | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | ．． |  |  | $\cdots$ | 12 | 8 | 3 | 2 | ．． |


| Name of School． |  | Class． | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49．Swellendam <br> 50．Zuurbraak | (Eng. Ch.) <br> （do．） |  | B ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | 86 177 |  | 87 186 |  | $\stackrel{47}{118}$ | 52 108 | 56 125 |  |
| 51．Heidelberg | ．（Ind．） | B | 74 | 69 | 74 | 72 | 58 | 51 | 53 | 54 |
|  | Total |  | 1330 |  | 1440 | 1379 | 1012 | 917 | 1154 | 1105 |
| TARKA（Inspector Milne）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Tarkastad，Boys＇ <br> 2．Do．Girls＇ |  | A． 1 | 97 |  | 80 | 77 | 84 | 73 | 68 | 67 |
|  |  | A． 1 | 128 | 125 | 123 | 116 | 111 | 103 | 108 | 99 |
| 3．Dunedin ．． |  | A． 3 A． 3 | 14 |  | $\cdots$ |  | 11 |  |  |  |
| 4．Groenfontein |  | A． 3 | 14 | ${ }_{13}^{16}$ | 16 | 15 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 12 |
| 6．Klip Kraal | A．C．Lombard | A． 3 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| 7．Modderfontein |  | A． 3 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 12 |
| 8．Rietpoort ．． |  | A． 3 |  |  | 10 | 10 |  |  | 9 |  |
|  |  | A． 3 | 11 | 12 | 12 |  | 9 | 10 | 11 | 8 |
| 10．Ewen＇s Hope |  | P．F． | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
| 11．Glen Rock ．．． | G．M．King | P．F． | 9 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 9 | 4 |
| 13．Highland Home | J．H．King | $\stackrel{\text { P．F．}}{ }$ | ．． | ． | 6 | 5 |  |  | 6 |  |
| 14．Hill and Dale | G．A．Whitehead | P．F． | 9 |  | 10 | 10 | 9 |  | 10 | 10 |
|  | G．Webster | $\stackrel{\text { P．F．}}{ }$ | － | 9 |  | 9 | 7 | 6 |  | 8 |
| 16．Kleinfontein | L．P．Becker | P．F． | 13 | 10 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 8 | 9 |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  |
| 18．Tarkastad |  | Poor | 41 | 47 | 45 | 40 | 26 | 29 | 29 | 30 |
| 19．Do．．．．．．．（Ind．） |  | B | 41 | 43 | 40 | 41 | 30 | 32 | 27 | 24 |
| 20．Do． | ．．（Wes．） | B | 28 | 63 | 73 | 84 | 25 | 55 | 65 | 64 |
|  |  |  | 444 | 464 | 473 | 451 | 373 | 376 | 401 | 368 |
| TULBAGH（Inspector Hofmeyr）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Tulbagh |  | A． 2 | 92 | 92 | ＇99 | 99 | 85 | 86 | 95 | 94 |
| 2．Artois Mills | ．．．． | A． 3 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 |  | 9 | 9 |
| 3．Ceres Road．． |  | A． 3 | 41 | 41 | 48 | 43 | 33 | 29 | 34 | 36 |
|  | ．．． | A． 3 | 32 | 28 |  | 28 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 5．Halfmanshof |  | A．${ }^{3}$ A． 3 |  | 18 |  | 15 | 17 | 14 | 13 | 14 |
| 7．Waterfall ．． | $\cdots$ | A． 3 | 19 | 18 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 15 | 15 |
| 8．Weltevreden |  | A． 3 | 16 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 10 | 11 | 8 |
| 9．Winterhoek，No． 1 | ．. | A． 3 | 19 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 |
| 10．Do．，No． 2 |  | A． 3 | 19 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 13 |
| 11．Bosch Plaats <br> 12．Diggers＇Home <br> 13．New Munster <br> 14．Vogel Valley | P．v．Santen | P．F． | 11 | 9 |  | 10 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 7 |
|  | S．v．B．－．Niekerk | P．F． | 7 | 7 |  | 7 | ${ }^{5}$ | ， | 6 | 6 |
|  | H．Conradie | P．F． | 13 | 10 |  |  | 11 | 10 | ． | ． |
|  | P．C．de Klerk | P．F． |  |  | ．． | ． |  |  |  |  |
| 15．Ceres Road | ．．（D．R．C．） | B | 59 | 64 | 59 | 60 | 55 | 38 | 41 | 41 |
| 16．Saron <br> 17．Steinthal <br> 18．Tulbagh | （Rhen．M．） |  | 386 |  |  |  | 269 | 162 |  | 231 |
|  | （do．） | B | 59 | 44 | 51 | 52 | 39 | 27 | 27 | 37 |
|  |  | B | 109 | 97 | 89 | 96 | 72 | 64 | 61 | 64 |
| Total |  |  | 911 | 729 | 814 | 817 | 689 | 529 | 600 | 618 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 哥 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{c} \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 荡 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 49 50 | 4 4 4 | 52 136 | ．． | 40 113 | 5 | 5 10 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 10 21 | $\stackrel{6}{13}$ | 6 7 |
| 51 | 4 | 57 | ．． | 21 | 14 | 11 | 8 |  | 3 | ．． | ．． | ．． |  |  |  | 22 | 12 | 14 |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 76 111 | $\cdots$ | 4 43 | 4 | 13 8 | ${ }_{15}^{10}$ |  | 17 11 | 13 9 | 11 12 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ |  |  | 70 | 60 66 | 41 52 | 4 2 |
| 3 | 2 | 13 | ． | 6 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢． |  | 7 | 6 | First In | nspeetio |
| 4 | 2 | 16 | ． | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 |  | $\dot{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | ， | 11 | 3 |
| 6 | 4 | 10 | ．． | ．． |  | 3 | 1 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 10 | 8 | 6 | 2 |
| 7 | 2 | 16 | ．． | 1 | 1 | 4 | 6 |  | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 15 | 14 | 13 |  |
| 8 9 | 2 | 11 | ． | 7 | $\cdots$ | 3 | 1 |  |  | ． |  |  |  |  | 4 | 3 | First In | nspectio |
| 10 | 2 | 6 | ．． | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 4 |  | Do． |
| 11 | 2 | 9 | ．． | 1 | ． | 3 | \％ |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 2 |  |  | 8 |  | 4 |  |
| 13 | 2 | 5 | ．． | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  | ．． | ．． |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | First In |  |
| 14 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 9 | ． | 1 | ${ }_{5}$ | 4 | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  |  | 8 | 8 |  | Do． |
| 15 | 2 | 9 | ．． | 3 | 5 | 1 |  |  | ．． | ． |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 |  | Do． |
| 17 | 2 | 10 | ． | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |  | 2 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 9 | 8 | 6 |
| 18 | 2 | 31 | ． | 20 | ． 4 | 1 | 3 |  | 3 | ．． |  |  |  |  | 12 | 11 | 7 |  |
| 19 | 2 | 9 | ．． | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 2 | ．． |  |  |  |  | $j$ | $\because$ | 2 | 3 |
| 20 | 2 | 38 | ．． | 29 | 3 | 6 | ． |  | ． | ． |  | ．． |  |  | 11 | 7 | 6 | 3 |
| 1 | 4 | 90 | ．． | 17 | 7 | 14 | 15 |  | 17 | 11 | 5 | 4 |  |  | 73 | 61 | 51 | 13 |
| 2 3 | 1 | 10 37 |  | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{5}^{2}$ |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{25}^{6}$ | 3 14 14 | 4 | ${ }_{9}^{2}$ |
| 4 | 1 | 25 |  | 3 | 5 | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | s |  | ${ }_{6}^{4}$ | 4 | 1 |  |  |  | 25 | 15 | 14 | 9 |
| 5 | 1 | 18 | $\because$ | 5 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  | 6 | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 13 | 9 | 9 | 3 |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 1 | 19 |  | 4 | $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ | 6 | 4 |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  | $1 \stackrel{1}{1}$ | 11 | 10 | 5 |
| 8 | 1 | 15 |  | ， |  | 4 | 3 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 14 | 12 | 11 | 2 |
| 9 | 1 | 19 |  | 3 | 1 | 2 | 8 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 16 |  | 11 |  |
| 10 | 1 | 14 | ． | 4 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 11 | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 |
| 11 | 1 | 10 |  | 2 | 3 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 8 | 8 |  |
| 12 | ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | ${ }_{12}^{7}$ | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 3 2 2 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 10 | 5 9 9 | 4 8 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ |
| 14 | 1 | 10 |  | ． | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 3 |  |  |  | 10 | 7 | 4 | 1 |
| 15 | 1 | 49 | ． | 34 | 9 | 4 |  |  | ．． | ． | ．． |  |  |  | 19 | 12 | 10 | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 253 46 87 |  | 195 36 51 | 28 | 21 3 12 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 75 13 10 | 45 | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 31 |
|  | 1 | 87 | ．． | 51 | 17 | 12 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |



Enrolment and Attendance.


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & > \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 哥 } \\ & \text { 要 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 평 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 㵄 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 84 |  | 22 | 15 |  | 13 | 10 |  | 13 |  | 6 | 5 |  | ．． | ．． | 55 | 43 | 31 | 7 |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | i | i 5 | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ | i |  | 4 |  | 5 | $\ddot{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 14 | 11 | 10 |  |  |
| 4 | 1 | 25 | $\ldots$ | 4 | 5 |  | 6 |  | 6 | 4 |  | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | 21 | 13 | 17 | 1 |  |
| 5 6 | 1 | 11 | $\because$ | 7 13 | 6 |  | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ |  | 4 | ． |  | ． | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | ． | 4 | 4 | First | Doct |  |
| 7 | 4 | $1 \pm$ | $\cdots$ | 4 | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 | ．． |  | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ | －． | 10 | 4 | 8 |  |  |
|  |  | 25 | $\cdots$ | 12 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | 5 |  | ．． | $\because$ | 13 | 11 | 10 | 2 |  |
| 8 | 14 | 23 | $\ldots$ | 8 | 6 |  | 5 |  | 1 | 3 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\because$ |  | 16 | 6 | 6 | 7 |  |
| 9 | 1 | 21 | ．． | 9 | 2 |  | 8 |  | 2 |  |  | ． |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 12 | 8 | 6 | 2 | $\cdots$ |
| 10 | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | 5 | － | $\stackrel{4}{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | \％ |  |  | ． | ．． | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  | 9 | 5 |  |
| 11 | $\{1$ | 18 | ． | 7 | ${ }_{2}$ |  | 3 |  | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ | 4 |  | 5 |  |  | $\because$ | ．． | 11 | 7 | 5 | 5 |  |
| 12 | is ${ }^{4}$ | 7 | 1 | ． | 4 | 4 | ． |  | 2 | ．． |  | ． |  |  | ． | ．． | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |  |
| 13 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 4\end{array}\right.$ | ${ }_{25}^{26}$ | $\cdots$ | 8 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  | 3 |  | 2 | 5 6 |  | 5 |  |  | ． |  | 18 | 16 17 | 15 17 | 1 |  |
| 14 | 4 | 16 | $\ldots$ | 6 | 2 |  | 3 |  | 5 | ． |  | ． |  |  | ． | ．． | 11 | 10 | 9 | 1 |  |
| 15 |  | ．． |  | ．． | ． |  | ． |  | ． | ．． |  | ． |  |  | ．． | ．． |  | ．． |  |  |  |
| $16$ | 1 | 8 | $\because$ | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | 29 | $\because$ | $\stackrel{4}{3}$ | 13 |  | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ |  | 10 |  |  | 1 |  |  | $\because$ | ． | 28 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21 | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |  |
| 18 | 14 | 41 | $\because$ | 15 | 2 |  | 12 |  | 1 | 11 |  | I |  |  | ．． |  | 26 | 24 | 21 |  |  |
| 19 | 1 | ${ }^{45}$ | ．． | 12 | 10 |  | 13 |  | s | 2 |  | － |  |  | － | ． | 36 | 24 | 16 | 6 |  |
| 20 | \｛ 1 | ${ }^{23}$ | $\cdots$ | 14 | 3 | 3 | 4 |  | 2 | ．． |  |  | ． |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 12 | 8 | 7 | ${ }_{4}$ |  |
| 21 | 1 | 14 | ．． | 16 6 | 7 | 5 | 1 |  | $\because$ | ． |  | $\because$ | － |  | $\cdots$ | ．． | $\stackrel{9}{8}$ | ${ }_{5}^{8}$ | First | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ |  |
| 22 | 4 | 14 | － | 7 |  | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 7 |  |  |  |
| 23 | 4 | 29 | ． | 8 | 6 |  | 5 |  | 7 | 2 | 2 | 1 |  | ． | ．． |  | 21 | 16 | 14 | 2 |  |
| 24 | 1 | 103 | ．． | 78 | 7 | 7 | 3 |  | 10 | 5 |  |  |  | ． | ．． |  | 27 | 20 | 19 | 4 |  |
| 25 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 4 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | 5 |  | 4 |  | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | 13 13 | 7 3 | 5 2 | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |  |
| 1 | 3 | 58 | ． | 15 | 8 | s | 7 | 1 | 5 | 6 |  | 3 |  | 1 | 3 |  | 43 | 27 | 26 | 12 |  |
| 2 | 3 3 | 8 | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  | ． |  | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 |  |
| 4 | 3 | 13 |  | 3 | 5 | ， | 2 |  | 3 | － |  |  |  |  | ．． |  | 10 | 8 | 6 |  |  |
| $!$ | 4 | 50 | ． | 8 | 21 |  |  |  | 6 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  | ． |  | 27 | 23 | 16 | 3 |  |
| 2 | 4 | 10 |  | ${ }_{5}^{\circ}$ | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | 5 | 4 | First | nspec |  |
| 3 | t | 53 | $\cdots$ | 13 | 13 |  | 11 |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  | ． | ． | 42 | 24 | 23 |  |  |
| 4 | 3 | 10 | ．． | 5 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | ． |  | 5 | 4 | First | nspec | tion． |
| 5 | 3 | 5 | ．． | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 3 |  |  |
| $6$ | 2 | 7 | ．． | 2 | 3 |  | 2 | － |  | ． |  | ． | ． |  | ． | $\ldots$ | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\therefore$ | ． |  |
| 9 | 4 | 49 | ．． | 33 |  |  | 7 | ． |  | ．． |  | ．． | ． |  | ． |  | 22 | 8 | 8 | 13 |  |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 荡 } \end{aligned}$ | $\dot{シ}$ | 害 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 3 | 93 |  | 67 | 10 | 0 | 12 |  | 4 | ．． |  |  | ． |  |  | $\ldots$ | 29 | 22. | 19 | 8 |  |
| 11 12 | 4 | 99 | ．． | 47 |  |  | 13 |  | 9 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． | 58 | 46 | 43 | 13 | 2 |
| 13 | 4 | 68 | $\ldots$ | 30 | 2 |  | 10 |  | 7 | 1 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 41 | 31 | 11 | 7 |  |
| 14 | 4 | 76 | ． | 24 | 2 |  | 12 |  | 4 | ．． |  | ． | ．． |  |  | ． | 53 | 42 | 42 | 11 | ． |
| 15 | 4 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | ． | 25 | 1 |  | 12 |  | 7 |  |  | ． | ． |  |  | ．． | 41 | 26 | 20 | 13 | ． |
| 16 | 4 |  |  | 18 |  |  | 14 |  | 7 | 2 |  |  | ． |  |  | ． | 47 | 36 | 31 | 10 |  |
| 17 | 4 | 51 | ． | 29 |  | 7 | 8 |  | 7 | ． |  | ． | ．． |  |  | ． | 27 | 15 | 11 | 9 |  |
| 18 | 4 | 113 | ． | ${ }^{35}$ |  | 3 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 66 | 52 | ${ }_{5}^{16}$ | 15 |  |
| 19 | 4 | ＋4 | $\cdots$ | 11 |  | 3 <br> 2 <br> 2 | 9 3 |  | 1 |  |  | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | 27 13 | 16 6 | － $\begin{gathered}16 \\ \mathrm{~N} ⿵ 冂\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\cdots$ |
| 21 | 4 | 35 | ． | 15 | ， | 7 | ${ }_{7}$ |  | ${ }_{6}$ | $\ldots$ |  | ． | $\because$ |  |  | $\because$ | 20 | 16 | ${ }_{10}$ | 10 |  |
| 22 | 4 | 47 | ． | 26 |  | 3 | 14 |  | 4 |  |  | ．． | ．． |  |  | ． | 28 | 12 | 12 | 4 | ．． |
| 23 | 4 | 262 | ． | 1 |  | 13 | 51 |  | 49 | 68 |  | 57 |  |  |  | 23 | 239 | 133 | 50 | 47 |  |
| 24 | 4 | 99 |  | 6 |  |  | 11 |  | 7 | 38 |  | 12 |  |  |  |  | 93 | 41 | 7 | 16 |  |
|  | 4 | 120 |  | 75 |  | 26 | 18 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 61 | 34 | 30 | 29 |  |
| ． 1 | 3 | 140 | ．． | 38 |  | 2 | 18 |  | 34 | 13 |  | 10 | 7 |  |  |  | 102 | 78 | 46 | 23 |  |
| 2 | 1 | 13 |  | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 3 | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 11 | 10 | 10 | 1 |  |
| 3 | 1 | 10 | $\because$ | ， |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | ${ }^{6}$ | 3 | 2 |  |
| $t$ | 1 | 11 | $\cdots$ |  |  | 4 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\because$ | 8 | 6 | 4 | 1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | ii | ． | i |  |  |  |  | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 10 | 7 |  |  |
| 7 | 1 | 76 | ． | 51 |  | 3 | 12 |  | 5 | 1 |  | 4 |  |  |  | ．． | 27 | 21 |  | 13 |  |
|  | 1 | 9 | ． | 6 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 2 |  | nspecti |  |
| 9 | 1 | 16 |  | 4 |  | 7 | 5 |  |  |  |  | ． | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 12 | 11 |  | Do． |  |
| 10 | 1 | 13 | ． |  |  | $\because$ | 4 |  | 4 | 2 |  | ．． |  |  |  |  | 11 | 10 | 1 |  |  |
| 11 | 1 | 5 | ． | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 3 |  |  |
| $12$ | 1 | 8 | ． |  |  | 1 | ． |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{5}$ | 4 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 11 | $\because$ | 4 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 1 1 | 1 |  | ． |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | First | nspectio |  |
| 15 | 4 | 4 | ． |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | Do． |  |
| 16 | 4 | 7 | ． | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | $\because$ | 6 | 6 | 6 | 1 |  |
| 17 | \｛ ${ }^{4}$ | 7 | ． | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |  | ．． |  |  |  | ． | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 3 | 3 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |
| 18 | （1） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  | 2 |  |
| 19 | 1 | 5 | ． | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | ．． | 3 | 3 | First | Inspect |  |
| 20 | 1 | 5 | ． | 2 |  | ． | 2 |  | 1 | ．． |  | ． | ． |  |  | ． | 4 | 3 |  | － |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | ¢ | ． | 2 |  | i | i |  | 1 | 3 |  | ． |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 |  |
| 23 | 4 | 7 | $\because$ | 3 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | ． |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| $24$ | 1 | 8 | ． |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | 1 | ．． |  | ．． | $\cdots$ |  |  | ． | 5 | 5 | 2 |  |  |
| 25 | 1 | 6 | ． | ＋ |  |  |  |  | 2 | ．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| $26$ | 1 | 6 | ． | 2 |  | ． | 1. |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 3 | 3 |  |  |
| 27 | 1 | 5 | ． |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 28 | 1 | 5 |  | 3 |  | 1 | ． |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 2 | 2 | 2 | ．． |  |
| 29 | 1 | 47 | ． | 42 |  | 4 | 1 |  | ． | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 4 | 7 |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | 133 | ．． | 58 |  | 16 | 21 |  | 10 | 16 |  | 8 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 74 | 70 | 39 | 19 |  |
| 2 | 4 | 10 | ．． | 1 |  | 6 | 1 | － | ． | 2 |  | ． | ．． |  |  | ．． | 10 | 5 | First | Inspecti | ion． |







| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { st } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 5. Rawsonville |  | A. 2 | 59 | 53 | $\check{5}_{0}$ | 51 | 39 | 45 | 48 | 47 |
| 6. Achter Hex River |  | A. 3 | 14 | 15 | ${ }_{52}^{13}$ |  | 14 | 10 | 11 | 7 |
| 8. Doorn River |  | A. 3 | 29 | 27 | 24 | ${ }_{22}$ | 23 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 9. Ebenezer (Hex River East) |  | A. 3 |  |  |  | 27 |  |  |  | 25 |
| 10. Lower Hex River |  | A. 3 | 30 | 30 | 28 | $\stackrel{26}{ }$ | 28 | 29 | 25 | 25 |
| 11. Goudini | - .. | A. 3 |  |  | 26 | 27 |  |  | 19 | 22 |
| 12. Matjesfontein Station | . .. | A. 3 | 19 | 23 | 22 | 24 | 14 | 16 | 19 | 17 |
| 13. Nonna .. |  | A. 3 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 14 |
| 14. Roodehoogte |  | A. 3 | 32 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 26 | 22 | 24 | 28 |
| 15. Slang Hoek |  | A. 3 | ${ }^{26}$ | 24 | ${ }_{3}^{23}$ | ${ }_{2}^{22}$ | 21 | 19 | 14 | 18 |
| 16. Spes Bona ${ }^{\text {17. Touws River Station }}$ |  | A. 3 A. 3 | ${ }_{64}^{36}$ | ${ }_{62}^{33}$ | 37 | ${ }_{63}^{34}$ | ${ }_{43}$ | 29 | 31 | 28 |
| 18. Tweefontein |  | A. 3 | 13 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 47 13 |
| 19. Wagenboom River |  | A. 3 | 27 | 21 | 19 | 19 | 22 | 12 | 18 | 18 |
| 20. Worcester .. |  | A. 3 | 57 | .. | 42 | 38 | 41 |  | 36 | 36 |
| 21. Kanet Vlei. . <br> P. J. Conradie <br> 22. Olifantsberg <br> 23. Oudewagen Drift <br> W. H. de Vos <br> C. P. Naude <br> 24. Upper Brandvlei <br> D. J. de Wet <br> 25. Vendutie Kraal (Blue Gum Grove) <br> S. T. Naudé |  | P.F. | 16 | 14 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 9 | 10 | 12 |
|  |  |  | 8 | 11 | 15 | 13 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 15 |
|  |  | P.F. | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 5 |  |
|  |  | P.F. | 11 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 4 |  | 5 |
|  |  | P.F. | .. |  | 8 | 6 |  |  | 8 | 6 |
| 26. Worcest |  | Poor | 42 | 55 | 53 | 48 | 31 | 47 | 47 | 42 |
| 27. Do. | .. (Luth.) | B | 93 | 90 | 83 | 82 | 73 | 73 | 72 | 72 |
| 28. Ḋo. | (Rhen. M.) | B | 601 | 552 | 544 | 548 | 374 | 360 | 380 | 436 |
| Total |  |  | 1666 | 1582 | 1591 | 1583 | 1239 | 1203 | 1255 | 1336 |
| B.-TERRITORIES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BIZANA (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Bizana | .. .. | A. 3 | .. | .. | 12 | 13 | . |  | 7 | 11 |
| 2. Emtamvuna | (Wes.) |  | 40 | 37 |  |  | 27 | 22 |  |  |
| 3. Ludeka |  | C | 44 | 40 | 36 | 39 | 34 | 33 | 24 | 22 |
| 4. Enqabeni | (do.) | C |  | .. | 27 | 28 |  |  | 18 | 22 |
| Total .. |  |  | 84 | 77 | 106 | 110 | 61 | 55 | 67 | 76 |
| BUTTERWORTH (Inspector McLaren). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Butterworth |  |  | 80 | 87 | 98 | 94 | 74 | 74 | 82 | 76 |
| 2. Ndabakazi <br> 3. Toleni | R. E. Gaylard |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
|  | T. Geach | P.F. | $\delta$ | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 4. Ceru <br> 5. Izagwityi |  | C |  |  | 44 | 40 |  |  | 38 | 42 |
|  | (do.) | C | 95 | 89 | 87 | 65 | 64 | 50 | 38 | 42 |
| 6. Ceru Bawa <br> 7. Cunningham <br> 8. Ndabakazi <br> 9. Nqutu <br> 10. Qege <br> 11. The Springs | (F.C.) |  | 49 | 63 | 81 | 80 | 38 | 55 | 67 | - 59 |
|  | (do.) | C | 103 | 66 | 77 | 80 | 45 | 60 | 68 | 59 |
|  | (do.) | C | 60 | 57 | 60 | 61 | 43 | 36 | 32 | 43 |
|  |  | c | 64 | 74 | 69 |  | 55 | 53 | 62 | ${ }_{5} 5$ |
|  | (do.) |  | 78 | 76 | 83 | 79 | 69 | 72 | 75 | 68 |
|  | (do.) | C | 43 | 38 | 39 | 52 | 22 | 23 | 17 | 27 |
| 12. Bulube's <br> 13. Butterworth <br> 14. Do., Girls' |  |  |  |  |  |  | 53 |  |  | 51 |
|  | (do.) | C | 189 | 166 |  |  | 150 | 138 | 154 | 137 |
|  | - (do.) | C | 34 | 34 | 55 | ${ }^{5} 6$ | 30 | 34 | 52 | 55 |



| Name of School. |  |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 15. Cegcuana |  | .. (Wes.) |  | C | 76 |  |  |  | 40 | 41 | 45 |  |
| 16. Kobodi |  | $\cdots$ (do.) | C | 166 | 133 | 110 | 99 | 84 | 79 | 88 | 70 |
| 17. Mgagasi |  | .. (do.) |  | 56 | ${ }^{53}$ | 56 | 54 | 45 | 42 | 43 | 43 |
| 18. Mgomanzi |  | .. (do.) | C | 60 |  | 49 | ${ }_{5}^{51}$ | 41 | 31 | ${ }_{38}^{25}$ | 25 |
| 19. Mpenduza .. |  | $\cdots$ (do.) | C |  | 45 | 48 | 45 |  | 30 | ${ }_{31}$ | 29 |
| 21. Tongwane .. |  | .. (do.) | C | 44 | 40 | ${ }^{54}$ | 58 | 38 | 36 | 42 | 48 |
| 22. Veldman's .. |  | .. (do.) | C | 130 | 106 | 101 | 94 | 91 | 83 | 72 | 62 |
| 23. Zangwa .. |  | .. (do.) | C |  |  |  | 44 |  | 28 | 39 | 31 |
| Tota |  |  |  | 1442 | 13771 | 5331 | 1473 | 1059 | 1073 | 167 | 102 |
| ELLIOT (Inspector Bennie). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Elliot |  |  | A. 3. | 33 | 39 | 46 |  | 25 | 27 | 34 |  |
| 2. Kilchamaig |  | L. C. Hattiogh <br> J. Hart | A. 3. |  | 31 |  | 22 26 | ${ }_{3}^{8}$ | 24 | 23 | 18 |
| 4. Rooipoort .. |  |  | A. 3 . |  |  | '17 |  |  |  | 15 |  |
| 万. Ulva .. |  | .. .. | A. 3 | 13 | 13 |  | 10 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 6. Draaifontein |  |  | P.F. | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 |  | , | ${ }^{6}$ | - | 7 |
| 7. Morven .. |  | C. J. Read | P.F. | 17 | 17 |  |  | 13 | 15 | 12 |  |
| 8. Ordfianna |  | G. Dargie | P.F. | .. | .. |  | 6 |  | .. | 4 | 6 |
| 9. Ballater |  |  | Poor | 19 | 21 | 21 |  | 18 | 19 | 19 |  |
| 10. Embokotwa |  | .. .. | Poor | 34 |  | 36 | 32 | 15 |  | 33 | 30 |
| 11. Gubenxa, Erf 85 |  | .. .. | Poor | 20 | 13 | 16 |  | 18 | 12 | 14 |  |
| 12. Kilchamaig |  | - .. | Poor | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 13. Lower Gubenxa |  | .. . | Poor | 12 | 12 | ${ }_{10}^{33}$ |  | 11 | 10 | 31 9 |  |
| 14. Orla |  | .. $\cdot$ | Poor | 31 | 28 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 |
| 16. Upper Gubenxa |  | .. | Poor | 31 | 29 | 12 | 13 | 28 | 26 | 12 | 13 |
| 17. Xuka Drift |  | .. - . | Poor |  |  |  | 29 |  |  | 25 | 22 |
| 18. Zuurhoek |  | .. .. | Poor | .. | .. | 24 | .. | .. | .. | 24 |  |
| 19. Cengcu |  | (Eng. Ch.) | C | 32 | 29 | 39 | . | 20 | 23 | 17 |  |
| 20. Maxongo's Hoek |  | .. (Wes.) | C | .. | .. | . | 56 | .. | .. |  | 47 |
|  |  | .. .. |  | 297 |  | 376 | 350 | 230 | 226 | 312 | 299 |
| Elliotdale (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Tubine |  | . .. | A. 3 | 12 | .. | . |  | 6 | .. |  |  |
| 2. Elliotdale .. | W. J | J. Morris, R. M. | P.F. | .. | 8 | 8 | 9 | . | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| 3. Ntlonyane .. |  | .. (U.P.) | C | .. | .. | . | 31 | . | .. | .. | 21 |
| 4 Ncehana |  | .. (Wes.) | C | 44 | 39 | 48 | 48 | 25 | 33 | 36 | 35 |
|  |  |  |  | 56 | 47 | 56 | 88 | 31 | 39 | 43 | 62 |
| ENGCOBO (Inspector Bennie). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Emjanyana, Lep | ti | tute .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Engcobo .. | . | .. .. | A. 3 . | 34 | 32 | 30 | 34 | 26 | 24 | 25 |  |
| 3. Clarkebury.. |  | v. T. A. Chalker | P.F. | .. | .. | 10 | 10 | . |  | 8 | 10 |
| 4. All Saints' .. |  | (Eng. Ch.) |  | 206 | 209 | 206 |  | 134 |  | 123 |  |
| 5. Emkanzi .. |  |  | C | 45 | 47 | 48 | 44 | 30 | 31 | 26 |  |
| 6. Esitoleni |  | (do.) | C | 34 |  |  | 25 | 24 | 18 | 17 |  |
| 7. Manzana |  | (do.) | C | 107 | 103 |  | 124 | 78 | 76 | 89 | 87 |
| 8. Mjanyana, Leper |  | (do.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Qutubeni ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ |  | (do.) |  | 62 106 |  |  | 63 86 | 38 75 | ${ }_{76}$ | 75 | 46 |
| 10. St. Alban's (Ego |  | (do.) | ${ }_{\mathrm{C}}$ |  |  |  | 86 <br> 38 | 75 |  |  | 28 |
| 12. Silo's |  | (do.) | C | 50 | 41 | 46 | 52 | 21 | 24 | 26 | ${ }^{28}$ |
| 13. Sitonga's |  | do.) | C | 37 | 43 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 14 | 22 |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 2 | 60 | . | 38 | 12 |  | 5 | 5 |  |  | . | .. |  | . | . | 31 | 15 | 8 |  |  |
| 16 | 1 | 66 | .. | 23 | 18 |  | 11 | 13 |  | 1 | . | .. |  |  |  | 44 | 32 | 17 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| 17 | 1 | 41 | .. | 11 | 21 |  |  | 3 |  | . | .. | .. |  |  |  | 31 | 19 | 14 | 10 | .. |
|  | 2 | 41 | - | 19 | 14 |  | 5 | 3 |  | . | .. | . |  | . | . | 22 | 20 | 14 | 1 | .. |
| 19 | 2 | 45 | .. | 14 | 6 |  | 10 | 11 |  | 4 | .. | .. |  | . | .. | 31 | 31 | 28 | 1 | .. |
| ${ }_{21}^{20}$ | 1 | 42 | .. | 27 | 8 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 3 | . | . |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 15 | 14 | 12 | 1 | $\because$ |
| 22 | 2 | 85 | . | 46 | 23 |  | 9 | 7 |  | . | $\ldots$ | . |  | . | .. | 51 | 18 | 8 | 15 | 2 |
| 23 | 1 | 26 | .. | 18 | 6 |  | 2 | . |  | . | .. | . |  | . | .. | 12 | 3 | 5 | 2 |  |
| 1 | 3 | 39 | .. | 12 | 5 |  | 5 | 8 |  | 2 | 3 | 2 |  | 2 | .. | 57 | 15 | 14 | 9 | .. |
| 3 | $\ddot{3}$ | 16 |  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 | 3 |  | 7 |  |  |  | . |  | 13 | 9 | 9 | - |  |
| 4 | 3 | 17 | $\cdots$ | 14 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  | 10 |  | First | nspecti |  |
| ${ }_{5}$ | 3 | 12 | . | 3 | 3 |  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  | .. | .. | 11 | 1 |  | Do. |  |
| 6 | 3 | 7 | . | 4 |  |  | 3 |  |  | . |  | .. |  | . |  |  |  |  | Do. |  |
| 7 | 3 | 15 | .. | 10 | 3 |  | 2 | .. |  | .. | $\cdots$ |  |  | . | . | 7 | 5 |  | Do. |  |
| 8 | 3 | 5 | . | 4 | 1 |  | .. | .. |  | . | . | $\cdots$ |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 3 | 21 | .. | 9 | 10 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | 16 | 12 |  | Do. |  |
| 10 | 4 | 33 | $\cdots$ | 9 | 5 |  | 9 | 5 |  | 2 | 2 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 28 | 22 | 7 |  |  |
| 11 | 3 | 14 | $\ldots$ | 3 | 5 |  | 6 | . |  |  |  |  |  | . | . | 13 |  | 8 | 2 |  |
| 12 | 3 | 33 | .. | 16 | 3 |  | 9 | 4 |  | 1 |  |  |  | . | .. | 17 | 13 | 8 | 3 |  |
| 14 | , | 10 | . | 3 | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | .. |  | 9 | 6 | 7 |  |  |
| 15 |  | 25 | . | 3 | 10 |  | 1 | 7 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | . | $\cdots$ | 26 | 16 | 13 | 5 |  |
| 16 | 3 | 20 | .. | 3 | 5 |  | 4 | 6 |  | 2 |  |  |  | . |  | 17 | 8 | 3 | 10 |  |
| 17 | 3 | 21 | . | 11 | 8 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | \% | . | 10 | 8 |  | 3 |  |
| 18 | 3 | 24 | . | 20 | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | .. |  | .. | .. | 7 | .. | First | Inspecti |  |
| 19 | 3 | 22 |  | 9 | 1 |  | 6 | 2 |  | 4 |  | .. |  | . | . | 13 | 7 | 7 | 3 |  |
| 20 | . | . | . | $\cdot$ | . |  | . | $\cdots$ |  | . | . | . |  | .. | . | . | .. | .. | . |  |
| 1 | . | . | .. | .. | .. |  | . | $\because$ |  | . | . | .. |  | . | . | .. | .. | .. | .. | . |
| 2 |  | .. | .. | . | . |  | .. | .. |  | . | . | . |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | . |  |
| 3 |  | .. | .. | .. | . |  | .. | . |  | . |  | . |  | .. | .. | .. | .. |  |  |  |
| 4 | 2 | 33 |  | 15 | 6 |  | 8 | 3 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |  | . |  | 19 | 14 | 13 | 4 |  |
| 1 2 | 4 2 | 12 27 |  | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 3 2 |  | $\ddot{4}$ | 3 8 |  | 7 | I |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 9 23 | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ | First | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inspecti } \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 3 | 4 | 10 | . | 3 | 4 |  | 3 | .. |  | .. | .. |  |  |  |  | 8 | j | First | Inspecti |  |
| 4 | 2 | 156 |  | 61 | 17 |  | 32 | 33 |  | 13 |  |  |  | .. |  | 102 |  | 26 |  | 1 |
| $5$ | 2 | 31 | . | 21 | 6 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  | 16 | 6 | 5 |  |  |
| 6 | 2 | 21 | . | 10 | 4 |  | 6 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 7 | 2 | 78 | . | 25 | 31 |  | 15 | 3 |  | $\pm$ | . |  |  | . | . | 53 | 46 | 43 | 7 |  |
| 9 | 2 | 49 | , | 19 | ii |  | 10 | 6 |  | 3 |  |  |  | . | $\ldots$ | 38 | 21 | 19 | 17 |  |
| 10 | 2 | 92 | .. | 31 | 21 |  | 24 | 11 |  | 5 |  |  |  | . | .. | 65 | 36 |  | 25 |  |
| 11 | 2 | 18 |  | 17 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | First | Inspect |  |
| 12 | 2 | 31 |  | 12 | 7 |  | 7 | 5 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | . |  | 23 | 16 | 14 |  |  |
| 13 | 2 | 36 | . | 33 | 3 |  | .. | . |  | . | . |  |  | .. |  | 11 | .. | . | 9 |  |


| Name of School. |  |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll. during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 14. Sitoza's |  | (Eng. Ch.) |  | C | 33 | 37 | ,46 | 52 | 24 | 25 | 35 | 14 |
| 15. Qengqeleka |  | (F.C.) | C | 61 | 56 | 61 | 65 | 42 | 48 | 47 | 41 |
| 16. Tora (Kidston) |  | (do.) | C | 101 | 102 | 127 |  | 84 | 91 |  |  |
| 17. Elucweowe (Solomon's Vale) <br> 18. Kipping <br> 19. Mqonci |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text {.. } & \text { (Ind.) } \\ \text { (do.) }\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {C }}^{\text {C }}$ | 55 41 | 52 36 | 47 39 | 47 <br> 38 <br> 8 | ${ }_{28}^{40}$ | 38 27 | 33 28 | 35 29 |
|  |  | $\cdots$ (do.) | C | 34 | 31 | 56 | 44 | 28 | 27 | 38 | 41 |
|  |  | .. (Mor.) | C | 29 | 27 | 26 | 32 | 22 | 21 | 17 | 22 |
|  |  |  |  | 73 | 72 | 76 | 78 | 53 | 52 | 55 | 54 |
| 22. ${ }^{\text {22. }}$. Cojanana |  | $\begin{array}{cc}\text {. } & \text { (Wes.) } \\ . & \text { do.) }\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {C }}^{\text {C }}$ |  |  |  | 44 |  |  | 40 | 37 |
| 23. Clarkebury, Boys' |  | $\therefore$ (do.) | ${ }_{C}$ | 126 | 111 | 106 | 94 | 76 | 90 | 66 | 66 |
| 24. Do., Girls' |  | (do.) | C | 116 | 116 | 130 | 126 | 97 | 83 | 102 | 96 |
| 25. Cweoweni .- |  | .. (do.) | C | 79 | 67 | 80 | -75 | 44 | 40 | ${ }^{41}$ | 41 |
| 26. Gqobonco - |  | .. (do.) | C | 60 | 50 | 43 | -45 | 40 | 30 | 39 | 35 |
| 27. Mqutyini .. |  | $\cdots$ (do.) | ${ }_{\text {C }}^{\text {C }}$ | 50 50 | 32 | 37 98 | 37 <br> 89 | 37 39 | ${ }_{43}^{20}$ | 34 | ${ }_{71}$ |
| 29. Myanyana .. |  | (do.) | C | 43 | 49 | ${ }_{56}^{98}$ | 89 45 | 29 | 22 | ${ }_{27}$ | 33 |
| 30. Mgqwaru . |  | (do.) | c | 67 | 57 | 68 |  | 37 | 43 | 42 |  |
| 31. Tyeni $\quad . \quad$ Total |  | (do.) | C | 85 | 81 | 87 | 73 | 69 | 53 | 66 | 61 |
|  |  | .. |  | 1784 | 1692 | 1896 | 1843 | 1246 | 1180 | 1336 | 1289 |
| INDUTYWA (Inspector McLaren). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Idutywa |  |  | A. 2 | 35 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 32 | 34 | 34 | 33 |
| 2. Stemele's (Taleni) <br> 3. Ziwundwana |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Eng Ch.) } \\ & \text { (do.) } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{C}}$ | 59 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \\ & 53 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & 56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{35}^{37}$ | ${ }_{33}^{26}$ |
| 4. Dale |  | (F.C.) | C | 53 | 57 | 57 | 52 | 36 | 40 | 41 | 40 |
| o. Douglas |  | - (do.) | C | 40 | 38 | 52 | 46 | 26 | 30 | 38 | 38 |
| 6. Ewing |  | (do.) | C | 39 | 38 | 39 | 44 | 33 | 30 | ${ }^{35}$ | 34 |
| 7. Keti |  | (do.) | C | 43 | 43 | 44 | 44 | 32 | 50 | 33 | 33 |
| 8. Morrison $\because$ |  | (do.) | C | 48 | 41 | 43 | 42 | 29 | 28 | 30 | 28 |
| 9. Nqabara (Duff) |  | (do.) | C | 36 | 38 | 52 | 39 | 23 | 26 | 38 | 19 |
| 10. The Residency |  | (do.) | C | 67 | 60 | 68 | 61 | 34 | 33 | 29 | 36 |
| 11. Colosa .. |  | .. (Wes.) | C | 51 | 56 | 74 | 74 | 39 | 38 | 48 | 44 |
| 12. Gwadana .. |  | .. (do.) | C | 66 |  | ${ }^{56}$ | ${ }^{55}$ | 41 | 32 | 46 | 34 |
| 13. Lota |  | (do.) | C | 34 | - 35 | 36 | 32 | 21 | 14 | 22 | 13 |
| 15. Nqabane |  | (do.) | C | 59 | 56 | 56 | 56 | ${ }^{51}$ | ${ }^{53}$ | 49 | ${ }_{5}^{50}$ |
| 15. Qora |  |  | C | 51 | 45 | 56 | 54 | 36 | 21 | 32 | 37 |
| 16. Sipika's (Bolotwa) |  | (do.) | C | 55 | 52 | 58 | 54 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 43 |
| Total .. |  | .. |  | 786 | 757 | 844 | 796 | 550 | 530 | 594 | 541 |
| Kentani (Inspector McLaren). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Manyube Forest |  | .. | A. 3 | 13 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 8 | 9 | 8 |
| 2. Reidency | J. W. Lieberum |  | P.F. | 11 |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 3. Tutura |  |  | P.F. |  | 10 | 11 | .. | 12 | 9 | 11 |  |
| 4. Anta's |  | .. (U.P.) |  |  | 21 |  | 33 | 14 | 11 | 8 | 17 |
| 5. Columba |  | (do.) | C | 30 |  | 28 | ${ }^{22}$ | 18 | 15 | 16 | 14 |
| 6. 1sigangala |  | (do.) | C | 51 | 58 | 73 | 46 | 33 | 43 | 34 | 31 |
| 7. Jantje's |  | (do.) | ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | ${ }_{3}^{29}$ | 34 | 38 |  | ${ }_{26}^{21}$ | 19 | 8 |  |
| 8. Nabezele |  | (do.) | C | 34 |  |  | 42 | 26 | 29 | 34 | 29 |
| 10. Qoboqobo |  | (do.) | ${ }_{C}$ | 32 | 37 | 45 | 43 | 19 | 26 | 24 | 26 |
| 11. Rwantsuna |  | (do.) | C | 23 | 27 | 33 | 27 | 13 | 17 | 16 | 21 |
| 12. Tutura .. |  | .. (do.) | C |  | 56 | 64 |  | 43 | 43 | 37 | 41 |



[^4]| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll <br> during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{\text {lst }}$ Qr. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { st } \\ & \mathrm{Qr} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 13. Cebe <br> 14. Iqina <br> 16. Maki's <br> 17. Mtunzi <br> 18. Ncingane (Leslie) |  |  | C C C C C C | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 56 \\ & 39 \\ & 46 \\ & 55 \\ & 51 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 56 \\ & 63 \\ & 45 \\ & 54 \\ & 51 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \\ & 41 \\ & 57 \\ & 45 \\ & \hline 88 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 82 42 46 39 33 30 30 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 37 \\ & 37 \\ & 36 \\ & 44 \\ & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & 37 \\ & 53 \\ & 33 \\ & 32 \\ & 42 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 36 \\ & 49 \\ & 31 \\ & 31 \\ & \hline 11 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \\ & 33 \\ & 33 \\ & 33 \\ & 27 \\ & 43 \\ & 23 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total |  |  | 646 | 691 | 714 | 629 | 472 | 500 | ${ }_{5} 32$ | 27 |
| Libode (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Ncambedlana | $\therefore \quad \begin{gathered} (\text { Wes. }) \\ (\text { do. }) \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{c}_{\text {c }}$ | . | 53 | 59 | ${ }_{46}^{66}$ | $\because$ | 50 | 50 | $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ 36 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |
| Total |  |  | . | ${ }^{53}$ | 59 | 115 | . | 50 | 50 | 97 |
| ACLEAR (Inspector Bennie). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | G. C. Schutte | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A. } 3 \\ & \text { A. } 3 \\ & \text { A. } 3 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{24}^{27}$ |  | ${ }_{12}^{19}$ |  | 19 20 |  | ${ }_{8}^{13}$ | 16 11 13 |
| 5. Cornlands <br> 6. Thompson. Weatherby (Bendam, Nort <br> 8. Wizard's Vale | H. J. . . Holder . T. Mackeneie th Brock) D. <br> B. E. Lea | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P.F. } \\ & \text { P.F. } \\ & \text { P.F. } \end{aligned}$ | ; | 5 5 6 | 8 5 7 5 | 6 6 6 6 6 | 4 |  | ${ }_{6}$ |  |
| 9. Gatberg | .. .. | Poor | 26 | 25 | 24 | 27 | 25 | 25 | 23 | 26 |
| 10. Upper Tsitsana | (Eng. Ch.) | c | 20 | 18 | . |  | 14 |  |  |  |
| 11. Mapassa's Hoek <br> 12. Remia | $\therefore \quad \begin{gathered} \left(\begin{array}{c} \text { (F. . C. }) \\ (\text { (do.) } \\ (\text { (do.) } \end{array}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { c } \\ & \text { C } \\ & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | 45 25 24 | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{2}^{48}$ | 51 | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 14 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 35 16 | 39 16 1. | 41 |
| 14. Lower Tsitsana | (Wes.) | c | 48 | 47 | 64 | 59 | 31 | 29 | 47 | 47 |
| Total |  |  | 244 | 234 | $21+$ | 207 | 171 | 159 | 167 | 174 |
| Matatiele (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cedarville <br> 2. Henwood 3. Matatiele |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A. } 3 \\ & \text { A: } \\ & \text { A. } \end{aligned}$ |  | 35 <br> 17 <br> 17 | ${ }^{31} 16$ | 32 13 16 16 | 21 | ${ }^{31}$ | 28 16 | 28 <br> 10 <br> 14 |
| Otters ${ }_{\text {Fort }}$ | A. Maartens | A 3 |  | 15 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 10 |  |
| 5. High Flats. <br> 6. Harmony <br> 7. Valschfontein .. S. <br> 8. Zamenloop (Sunnyside) | J. v. Niekerk C. E. Tod | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P.F. } \\ & \text { P. F. } \\ & \text { P.F. } \end{aligned}$ | 6 11 16 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ |  | 14 6 13 | (11 | ${ }_{10}^{6}$ | 10 6 10 4 | 12 15 10 1. |
| 9. Liower Rolweni <br> 10. Manning (Moso's) <br> 12. Prospect <br> 13. Queen's Mercy <br> 14. Ramohlakoana's | (Eng. Ch.) <br> (do.) <br> (do.) <br> (do.) <br> (do.) | C <br> C <br> C <br> C <br> C <br> C <br>  | 43 <br> 33 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 34 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 26 \\ & 27 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3+ \\ & 27 \\ & \hline 44 \\ & 31 . \\ & 27 \\ & 32 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | 28 | 26 24 20 20 28 25 | 21 22 22 21 17 15 | 24 23 38 38 18 18 18 |
| 15. Hebron <br> 16. Mafube <br> 18. Patatiele <br> 19. Tsikarong |  |  | 48 51 37 37 25 | 40 47 48 35 25 | 35 50 20 | 34 62 626 71 | 36 43 44 24 19 | 20 33 25 16 16 | 25 35 if | 26 49 42 49 49 |
| 20. Bethesda <br> 21. Bubese <br> 22. Elukolweni |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C} \\ { }_{\mathrm{C}}^{\mathrm{C}} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \\ & 49 \\ & 33 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \\ & 49 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79 \\ & 49 \\ & 4! \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79 \\ & 41 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & 43 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & 35 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & 37 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | 67 <br> 33 <br> 32 <br> 22 |





| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { st } \\ & \mathrm{Qr} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 2. Ngodiloe | (Eng. Ch.) |  | C | 39 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 28 | 26 | 29 | 28 |
| 3. Paballong | (Fr. Ev.) | C | 77 | 76 | 76 | 72 | 63 | 53 | 52 | 48 |
| 4. Emtumasi | (Mor.) | c | 51 | 50 | 46 | 41 | 40 | 36 | 31 | 31 |
| 5. Ezincuka | . (do.) | C | 135 | 116 | 120 | 108 | 102 | 96 | 100 | 94 |
| 6. Gxaku .- | -. (do.) | C | ${ }_{33}^{24}$ | ${ }_{2}^{24}$ | 24 | ${ }^{24}$ | $\stackrel{20}{16}$ | ${ }_{9}^{21}$ | ${ }_{10}^{21}$ | 15 |
| 7. Nxotshane .. | $\begin{array}{ll}\text {.. } & \text { (do.) } \\ \text { (do.) }\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {C }}^{\text {C }}$ | ${ }_{78}^{33}$ | 22 78 | ${ }_{81}^{22}$ | 16 <br> 78 | 16 63 | 65 | 10 | 9 67 |
| 9. Ulundi | $\cdots$ (do.) | C |  | 26 | 23 | 22 |  | 13 | 21 | 11 |
| 10. Mount Fletcher | (U.P.) | C | 44 | 43 | 40 | 32 | 33 | 32 | 33 | 20 |
| 11. Fletcherville | (Wes.) | C | 77 | 75 | 77 | 75 | 55 | 45 | 59 | 55 |
| 12. Ketekete .. | $\begin{array}{ll}\text {.. } & \text { (do.) } \\ . & \text { (do.) }\end{array}$ | $\underset{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{C}}$ | 49 39 | ${ }_{33}^{52}$ | 50 30 | 24 | 44 33 | ${ }_{26}^{21}$ | ${ }_{27}^{21}$ | 22 |
| 14. Mrobe | .. (do.) | C | 23 | 20 | 16 |  | 21 | 20 | 12 | $\ldots$ |
| Total |  |  | 669 | 659 | 643 | 530 | 518 | 469 | 479 | 400 |
| MOUNT FRERE (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Mount Frere |  | A. 3 | 14 | .. | 32 | .. | 14 | .. | 28 | .. |
| 2. Buffels Nek (M'ke | R. McKenzie | P.F. | 5 | 5 | ¢ | 5 | 5 | 4 | ј | 5 |
| 3. Mnyamana's <br> 4. Mount Frere | (Eng. Ch.) <br> (do.) | $\underset{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 106 \\ 85 \end{array}$ | 103 93 | 83 | 72 | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | 30 82 | 44 | 44 |
| 5. Etoleni | .. (U.P,) | C | 60 | 41 | 46 | 51 | 46 | 24 | 38 | 32 |
| 6. Lower Mkemane | $\cdots$ (do.) | ${ }_{\text {C }}$ |  |  |  | 49 48 |  | 45 | 39 | 36 32 |
| 8. Ncome | $\cdots$ (do.) | C | 101 | 97 | 127 | 140 | $\ddot{69}$ | 78 | 191 | 94 |
| 9. Cabane | (Wes.) | , | 46 | 32 | 41 | 35 | 39 | 22 | 33 | 24 |
| 10. Cancele .. | .. (do.) | c | 92 | 88 | 93 | 95 | 77 | 72 | 75 | ${ }^{61}$ |
| 11. Colana ( ${ }^{\text {12 }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {angwana }}$ | $\cdots$ (do.) | C | ${ }_{20}^{65}$ | 66 40 | 64 28 | 68 21 | ${ }_{12}^{52}$ | ${ }_{14}^{51}$ | ${ }_{10}^{42}$ | ${ }^{5} 8$ |
| 12. Dangwana (Maket | $\begin{array}{ll}. \\ . & \text { (do.) } \\ \text { (do.) }\end{array}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{C}}$ | - | 40 103 | ${ }_{115}^{28}$ | 21 104 | 8 | 14 | 105 | ${ }_{96}^{14}$ |
| 14. Emgungundlovu | .. (do.) | c | 36 | 38 | 34 | 41 | 30 | 35 | 33 | 34 |
| 15. Lutateni .. | .. (do.) | c | 54 | 45 | 53 | 48 | 42 | 38 | 42 | 37 |
| 16. Lwandlana.. | .. (do.) | C | ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 56 | 53 | 54 | 49 | 45 | 47 | 40 |
| 17. Mandileni .. | .. (do.) | C | 82 | 68 | 80 | 72 | 67 | 65 | 53 | 39 |
| 18. Mpemba .. | .. (do.) | C | 88 | 88 | 99 | 103 | 76 | 61 | 80 | 62 |
| 19. Mouzi | .. (do.) | C | 63 | 60 | 68 | 58 | 49 | 46 | 54 | 42 |
| 20., Ntenetyana | .. (do.) | C | 66 | 66 | 76 | 82 | 38 | 40 | 42 | 40 |
| 21. Ntlabeni |  | C | 97 | 96 | 100 | 79 | 81 | 71 | 75 | 59 |
| 22. Osborn .. | .. (do.) | C | 251 | 252 | 252 | 243 | 188 | 126 | 204 | 152 |
| 23. Qwidlana .. | $\begin{array}{ll}\text {.. } & \text { (do.) } \\ \text { (do.) }\end{array}$ | ${ }_{C}^{\text {C }}$ | ¢ 31 | 31 4 4 | 28 62 | 32 <br> 58 | ${ }_{28}^{28}$ | 24 37 | 18 | 25 44 |
| Total .. |  |  | 1630 | 1562 | 1585 | 1558 | 1263 | 1104 | 1216 | 1070 |
| MQANDULI (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Darabe | S. J. Sutton | P.F. | .. | .. | .. | 5 | .. | .. |  | 4 |
| 2. Nqara | (U.P.) |  | 43 | 43 | 32 |  | 36 | 32 | 18 | 21 |
| 3. Upper Nqwara | (do.) | C |  |  |  | 36 |  |  |  | 25 |
| 4. Mqanduli |  |  |  |  |  | 23 | 15 |  |  |  |
| 5. Ncanasini | (do.) | C | 63 | 63 |  | 56 | 43 | 40 | 49 | 44 |
| 6. Qokolweni .. | .. (do.) | c | 122 | 152 |  |  | 115 |  |  | 86 |
| Total .. |  |  | 260 | 284 | 267 | 280 | 209 | 155 | 186 | 189 |





| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2nd } \\ \text { Qr. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{st} \\ & \mathrm{Qr.} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 3. Tolweni | (Wes.) | C | 60 | 60 | 69 | 62 | 37 | 42 | 49 | 46 |
| 4. Xoposo | .. (do.) | C |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| Total |  |  | 195 | 218 | 214 | 212 | 145 | 170 | 166 | 156 |
| QUMBU (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Qumbu | .. .. | A. 3 |  | 31 | 26 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 17 |
| 2. Lower Roza <br> 3. Qunqu | (Eng. Ch.) (do.) | $\underset{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 102 \\ 102 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & 8 \overline{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | 29 |  | $\begin{aligned} & { }_{59}^{49} \end{aligned}$ | 39 55 |
| 4. Balasi ${ }^{\text {5 }}$. | $\text { . } \quad \text { (U.P.) }$ | ${ }_{\text {C }}$ | ${ }_{58}^{88}$ | 82 | 88 | $111$ | 78 37 | 71 41 | 82 | 81 55 |
| 6. Etwa .. | (do.) | C | 41 | 37 | 30 | 33 | 32 | 28 | 22 | 23 |
| 7. Khohlopong | . (do.) | C |  | 37 | 46 | 40 |  | 25 | 35 | 27 |
| 8. Kubusi | (do.) | C | 34 | 37 | 36 | 30 | 27 | 27 | 25 | 25 |
| 9. Lower Nxaxa | .. (do.) | ${ }_{\text {C }}$ | 53 | 57 | 58 | 58 | 41 | 48 | 39 | 48 |
| 10. Sulenkama | $\cdots$ (.) (do.) | ${ }_{C}^{\text {C }}$ |  | 34 56 | 58 | 56 | 39 | 44 | 44 | 50 |
| 12. Upper Nxaxa | $\cdots$ (do.) | ${ }_{C}$ | 26 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 24 | 20 | 23 | 18 |
| 13. Caba | (Wes.) |  | 74 | 65 | 63 | 56 | 57 | 57 | 46 | 49 |
| 14. Encoti .. | $\cdots$ (do.) | C | 90 | 82 | 80 | 71 | 56 | 61 | 57 | 56 |
| 15. Gura | .. (do.) | c | 49 | 35 | 43 | 47 | 19 | 24 | 29 | 25 |
| 16. Laleni | .. (do.) | c | 71 | 66 | 96 | 97 | 46 | 41 | 83 | 78 |
| 17. Lotana $\cdot$. | (do.) | C | ${ }_{60}^{60}$ | 58 | ${ }^{63}$ | ${ }^{60}$ | 40 | 41 | 50 | ${ }_{69}^{36}$ |
| 18. Lower Culunca | $\cdots$ (do.) | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {C }}$ | 107 | ${ }^{106}$ | ${ }_{72}^{105}$ | 108 67 | 69 40 | ${ }_{4}^{68}$ | 67 42 | 69 <br> 38 |
| 19. Mahlungulu ... | $\cdots$ (di).) | ${ }_{C}^{\text {c }}$ | 72 193 | - 194 |  |  | 169 | 163 | 208 | 38 |
| 20. Shawbury, Elementary | -. (do.) . (do.) | ${ }_{C}^{\text {C }}$ | 74 | +67 | 77 | -79 | 52 | 64 | ${ }^{5} 7$ | 58 |
| 22. Upper Roza | $\cdots$ (do.) | C | 44 | 42 | 40 | 39 | 34 | 36 | 29 | 22 |
| Total | .. - |  | 1366 | 1381 | 14571 | 1426 | 984 | 1015 | 1123 | 1046 |

ST. MARK'S (Inspector Bennie),

| 1. St. Mark's |  |  |  | A. 3 | 17 | . |  | . | 12 |  | . | .. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Cofimvaba |  |  | wdry | P.F. | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 3. Cuncuzo | . |  | Lloyd | P.F. | 5 | 5 | $j$ | 5 | 5 | $\stackrel{5}{\square}$ | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ |
| 4. Southeyville |  | W. H. | Wilson | P.F. | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 8 |
| 5. St. Mark's .. |  | eacon | Coakes | P.F. | . | . | 5 | 16 | .. | - | 4 | 14 |
| 6. Banzi |  |  | . Cb.) | C | 18 | 16 |  |  | 9 | 9 |  |  |
| 7. Cofimvaba .. |  |  |  | C | 47 | 53 | 46 | 48 | 30 | 28 | 26 | 32 |
| 8. Hoita | .. |  | (o.) | C | 24 | 21 | 26 | 33 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 20 |
| 9. Kwababa |  |  | (o.) | C | 65 | 72 | 81 | 75 | 42 | 48 | 60 | 42 |
| 10. Matoleanyile | . |  | o.) | C | 30 | 27 | 27 | 37 | 11 | 11 | 15 | 18 |
| 11. Mtonjeni |  |  | o.) | C | 47 | 58 | 58 | 70 | 32 | 35 | 36 | 34 |
| 12. St. Mark's, Boys' |  |  | do.) | c | 70 | 75 | 84 | 110 | 44 | 60 | 60 | 72 |
| 13. Do., Girls' |  |  | o.) | c | 102 | 114 | 107 | 111 | 71 | 68 | 66 | 71 |
| 14. Tafeni |  |  | do.) | C |  | 43 | 78 | 82 |  | 27 | 54 | 56 |
| 15. Tshingeni | $\cdots$ |  | do.) | C | 93 | 80 | 84 | 114 | 67 | 66 | 58 | 82 |
| 16. Koning's |  |  | (F.C.) |  | 42 | 44 | 46 | 32 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 38 |
| 17. Main |  |  | (do.) | C | 76 | 75 | 81 | 66 | 61 | 57 | 70 | 59 |
| 18. Qitsi (Smithvale) | . |  | (do.) | C | 37 | 39 | 42 | 45 | 17 | 24 | 27 | 61 |
| 19. Hoyle |  |  | (Ind.) | C | 40 | 36 | 32 | 30 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 22 |
| 20. Isikoba |  | - | (Wes.) |  | 67 | 67 | 73 | 71 | 41 | 47 | 42 | 37 |
| 21. Matafeni |  |  | (do.) | C | 48 | 46 | 43 | 46 | 35 | 33 | 32 | 35 |
| 22. Neora |  |  | (do.) | C | 66 | 67 | 72 | 72 | 50 | 34 | 52 | 50 |
| 23. Nquqhu |  |  |  | C | 45 | 38 | 42 |  | 34 | 33 | 25 |  |
| 24. Ngqwani |  |  | (do.) | C |  |  |  | 59 |  |  |  | 36 |
| 25. Southeyville |  |  |  | c | 73 | 77 | 70 | 72 | 52 | 55 | 48 | 51 |
| 26. Wodehouse Forests | .. |  | (do.) | C | 90 | 87 | s0 | 79 | 57 | 50 | 44 | 45 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 1120 | 1157 | 1199 | 130 C | 751 | 771 | 814 | 869 |


| Name of School |  |  | Class． | Scholars on Roll during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st } \\ & \mathrm{Qr.} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| TSOLO（Inspector Rein）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Tsolo |  |  | A． 3 | 17 | 17 | 28 | 22 | 16 | 12 | 17 | 18 |
| 2．Gqaqala |  | （Eng．Ch．） | C | 77 | 73 | 78 | 75 | 64 |  |  | 62 |
| 3．Gqofqora ．． | $\cdots$ | （do．） | C |  | 45 | 37 | 36 |  | 35 | 35 | 33 |
| 5．Mbidlana | $\because$ | （do．） | ${ }_{\text {C }}$ | 37 | ${ }_{33} 3$ | ${ }^{55}$ | 58 | 34 | 29 | 38 | ${ }_{29}$ |
| 6．Mbokotwana | $\because$ | （do．） | c | 82 | 74 | ${ }_{83}$ | ${ }_{79}$ | 54 | 63 | 79 | ${ }_{56}$ |
| 7．Neolosi ．． | ．． | （do．） | c | 139 | 132 | 138 | 129 | 61 | 101 | 106 | 107 |
| 8．Nqadu |  | （do．） | C | 76 | 70 | 63 | 65 | 48 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 47 | 44 |
| 9．St．Augustine＇s |  | （do．） | C | 50 | 45 | 48 | 46 | 33 | 23 |  | 25 |
| 10．Siqungqini | ． | （do．） | C | 72 | 65 | 73 | 67 | 39 | 39 | 42 | 48 |
| 11．Umjika |  | （do．） | C | 65 | 79 | 86 |  | 56 |  |  |  |
| 12．Cingoo |  | ． ．（F．C．） | C | $59^{\circ}$ | 48 | 50 | 50 | 41 | 30 | 37 | 35 |
| 13．Egoqwana |  | （do．） | c | 28 | 24 | 51 |  | 20 | 20 | 39 | 45 |
| 14．Esidwadweni |  | $\cdots$（do．） | C | 58 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 47 | 29 | 38 | 47 |
| 10．Lower Esinxaku |  | $\cdots$（do．） | ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 41 | 41 | 49 | 47 | 29 | 30 | 36 | 35 |
| 17．Mqokolweni | $\because$ | $\cdots$（do．） | C | 39 | 28 | 19 | 28 | 20 | 13 | 10 | 18 |
| 18．Ngeele ．． | $\because$ | $\therefore$（do．） | ${ }_{C}$ | 24 29 | 29 | ${ }_{39}$ | 44 | ${ }_{22}^{42}$ | 18 | ${ }_{25}$ | 26 |
| 19．Qelana ．． |  | （ao．） | c | 29 | 23 |  | 20 | 13 | 12 |  | 5 |
| 20．Somerville ．． |  | （do．） | C | 66 | 65 | 75 | 81 | 49 | 44 | 62 | 54 |
| 21．Etyeni |  | －（Wes．） | C | 114 | 102 | 117 | 119 | 62 | 54 | 80 | 86 |
| 22．Gungululu |  | （do．） | C | 68 | 60 | ${ }^{65}$ | 49 | 52 | 50 | 54 | 43 |
| 24．Ncambele ．． |  | （do．） | C | 90 | 79 | 100 | 89 | 75 | 42 | 75 | 64 |
| 25．Upper Esinxaku |  | （do．） | ${ }_{\text {C }}$ | 36 63 | 33 64 | ${ }^{30}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{41}^{28}$ | ${ }_{31}^{25}$ | ${ }_{43}^{25}$ | ${ }_{26}^{23}$ |
| Total |  |  |  | 1389 | 1378 | 1501 | 1469 | 946 | 1061 | 1138 | 1069 |
| TSOMO（Inspector McLaren）． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1．Hange |  | J．Wattrus |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| 2．Mkwinti |  | R．B．Garner | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | ¢ | 5 |  | 5 |
| 3．Tsojana |  | B．Philips | P．F． | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |  | 5 |  | 5 |
| 4．Caba |  | （Eng．Ch．） |  | 118 | 119 | 108 |  | 98 |  | 78 |  |
| 5．Hange ．． |  |  | C | 52 | 52 | 63 | 65 | 34 |  |  |  |
| 6．Mbulukweza |  | （do．） |  | 44 |  | 49 | 46 | 27 |  | 31 | 26 |
| 7．Mfula ．． |  | （do．） | C | 81 | 74 | 92 | 92 | 54 | 55 |  | 74 |
| 8．Nconcolora |  | （do．） | C | 30 | 38 | 31 | 36 | 22 | 18 | 28 |  |
| 9．Ngonyama |  | （do．） | C | 76 | 71 | 90 | 71 | 55 |  |  | 43 |
| 10．Nguảhle＇s |  |  | c | 93 | 95 | 87 | 86 | 66 | 60 | 57 | 55 |
| 11．Nqolosa |  | （ào．） | c | 77 | 70 | 79 | 87 | 54 | 42 | 53 | 48 |
| 12．Qutsa（Sijula＇s） |  | （do．） |  | 39 | 34 | 45 | 48 | 37 |  |  | 35 |
| 13．Tsojana（Pitso＇s） | $\cdots$ | （do．） | C | 75 | 70 | 99 | 89 | 46 |  | 66 | 55 |
| 14．Upper Qutsa |  |  | C | 39 |  |  | 71 | 37 |  |  | 52 |
| 15．Upper Xolobe | $\therefore$ | （do．） | C | 76 | 60 | 71 | 62 | 62 | 50 | 57 | 50 |
| 16．Cibala |  | ．（U．P．） |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |  |  |  |
| 17．Esigubudwini |  | ．（do．） | c | 71 | 81 | 88 | 82 | 60 | 62 |  |  |
| 18．Lutuli ． |  | ．．（do．） | c | 67 | 65 | 76 | 66 | 46 | 43 |  |  |
| 19．Mbaxa ${ }_{\text {20 }}$ |  | ．．（do．） | C | 66 | 63 | 73 | 76 | 46 | 44 |  | ${ }^{60}$ |
| 21．Mbulu（Paterson） |  | ．．（do．） | C | 112 | 106 | 100 | 101 | 90 | 72 | 75 | 72 |
|  |  | ．．（do．） | C |  |  |  | 36 | ． |  |  | 29 |
| 22．Intsito |  | （Wes．） |  | 53 |  |  |  | 33 |  |  |  |
| 24．Mumaniondleni＇s |  |  | C | 43 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 30 |  |  |  |
|  |  | ．（do．） | c | 84 | 85 | 78 | 70 | 45 |  |  |  |
| 25．Tshangana＇s |  | ．（do．） | C | 55 | 56 | 49 | 66 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 57 |
| 26．Tsojana（Mhluzi＇s） | ．． | ． ．（do．） | C | 87 | 79 | 92 | 96 | 60 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | C | 65 | 84 | 108 | 104 | 31 | 56 | 66 | 65 |
| 28．Tsume＇s $\quad$ ． | $\cdots$ | ．．（do．） | C | 53 | 46 | 52 | 50 | 32 | 23 | 38 |  |
| Total ．． |  |  |  | 1607148517711764 |  |  |  | 1138101312951199 |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { ت } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 道 } \\ & \text { 药 } \\ & \text { 忽 } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | － |  |  | ＋ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 9 | 2 | 2 |  | ． | 1 |  |  |  |  | 15 | 14 | 9 | － 1 |  |
|  | 1 | 6 |  |  | 50 | 10 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 80 | 10 | First Inspection． |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ．． | ． | ． |  | ． |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．． |  |  |  |
|  | i | $\dot{3}$ |  |  | 29 | 10 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 8 | First Inspection． |  |  |
|  | 1 | 4 |  |  | 29 | 10 | 3 | 3 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{23}$ | 17 |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 12 |  |  | ${ }_{28}^{58}$ | ${ }_{11}^{24}$ | 25 9 | 14 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | 74 | 54 | 41 |  |  |
|  | 1 | 4 |  |  | 28 | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 7 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 25 16 | 15 4 | 10 4 |  |  |
|  | 1 | 5 |  |  | 36 | 10 | 4 | 3 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | $\stackrel{4}{13}$ | 4 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 60 |  |  | 34 | 13 | 6 | 7 |  | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | 28 | 20 | 9 | 4 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 4 |  |  | 33 | 4 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |  | 6 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | ${ }_{46}$ |  |  | 14 35 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 5 | 5 | 6 |  |
| 15 | 1 | ${ }_{3}$ |  |  | ${ }_{22}$ | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{4}^{1}$ | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 11 | 8 |  |  |
|  | 1 | 26 |  |  | 16 | 5 | 4 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 11 |  | 1 |  |
| 1 | 1 | 46 |  |  | 35 | 5 | 5 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | 15 | 11 | First Inspection． |  |  |
|  | 1 | 32 |  |  | 17 | 8 | 4 | 3 |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |  |  | 20 |  | 6 |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  | 14 | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  | 4 |  |  |
|  | 1 | 59 |  |  | 31 | 7 | 12 | 6 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 35 | 21 | 17 | 10 |  |
|  |  | 6 |  |  | 40 | 16 | 5 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20First Inspection $\begin{array}{cc}11 & 5 \\ \text { First } \\ \text { Inspection．}\end{array}$$\qquad$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 4. |  |  | 35 | 10 | ${ }_{8}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 10 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{23}$ | 1 | 7 |  |  | 2\％ | 10 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 | 14 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 52 |  |  | 37 | 5 | 10 |  |  | ．． |  |  |  |  |  | 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | First Inspection． Do． |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 4 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | ． | 1 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | ${ }_{91}$ |  |  | 24 | 21 | 27 | 14 |  | ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 70 | 42 | 32 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | ${ }_{39}^{24}$ |  |  | 8 19 | 6 | 5 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ |  | 1 | ． |  |  |  |  | 150 |  | 10 |  |  |
| 7 | 3 | 76 |  |  | 62 | 8 | ${ }_{4}^{5}$ | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ |  | ．${ }^{4}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 23 14 | 9 11 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |  |  |
|  | 3 | 20 |  |  | 8 | 3 |  | 4 |  | ．． | ． |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | First Inspection． |  |  |
|  | 3 | 61 |  |  | 37 | 11 | 7 | 6 |  |  | ．． |  |  |  |  | 26 |  | 12 |  |  |
| 10 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 46 60 |  |  | 18 | 7 | 13 | 6 |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 16 | 15 | 5 |  |
| 11 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 60 34 |  |  | 19 | 11 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | 4 |  | 4 | ． |  |  |  |  | 36 | 17 | 17 | 15 |  |
| 13 | 3 | 76 |  |  | 51 | 10 | 9 | ${ }_{3}$ |  | 3 | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 3 | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |  |  | 31 | 8 | 6 | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 24 | 20 | 17. | ${ }_{2}$ |  |
| 15 | 3 | 50 |  |  | 21 | 14 | 9 | 4 |  | 2 | ． |  |  |  |  | 35 | 18 | 14 | ${ }_{16}^{2}$ |  |
| 16 | 3 | 41 |  |  | 28 | 6 | 6 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | 3 | 78 |  |  | 38 | 20 | 10 | 6 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 3 | 54 |  |  | 20 | 9 | 12 | 7 |  | 6 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | 37 | 19 | 12 |  |  |
| 19 | 3 | 62 80 |  |  | 30 | 14 | 6 | 9 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 18 | 15 | 19 | ${ }_{1}$ |
| 21 |  |  |  |  | 29 | 14 | 14 | 20 |  | 3 | ．． |  |  |  |  | 37 | 35 | 32 | 24 |  |
| 22 | 4 | 39 |  |  | 20 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $23$ | 3 | 35 |  |  | 20 | 5 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20 | 12 | ， |  | 1 |
| 24 | 3 | 59 |  |  | 43 | ${ }_{5}$ | 3 | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 11 12 |  |  |  |
| 25 | 3 | 38 |  |  | 19 | 8 | 7 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 20 | 10 | 10 |  |  |
| ${ }_{27}^{26}$ | 3 | 72 |  |  | 38 | 13 | 11 | 5 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 18 | 12 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 83 37 |  |  | 46 | 18 | 11 | 6 |  | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 43 | 19 | 19 |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6 | 7 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 9 | 8 |  |  |


| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll duing |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } \\ & \text { Qr. } \end{aligned}$ |
| UMSIKABA (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Flagstaff |  |  | A. 3 | 17 | 16 | 16 |  | 14 |  | 14 | 14 |
| 2. Lusikisiki |  | A. 3 |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Willow Park | L. T. Clarke | P.F. |  | .. | 5 |  | . |  | 5 | 4 |
| 4. Eqebetu <br> 5. Lusikisiki | (Eng. Ch.) (do.) | ${ }_{\text {C }}^{\text {C }}$ |  |  | ${ }_{33}^{38}$ | 37 30 |  |  | ${ }_{17}^{26}$ | 17 13 |
| 6. Emfundisweni, 1 | (Wes.) | C | 76 |  | 93 | 88 | 51 | 48 | 64 |  |
| 7. Do., G | (do.) | c | 119 | 132 | 130 | 131 | 87 | 90 | 94 |  |
| 8. Palmerton . | (do.) | C | 106 |  |  | 94 | 24 | 54 |  | 56 |
|  |  |  | 318 | 309 | 441 | 414 | 176 | 207 | 307 | 261 |
| UMTATA (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Uñtata, Boys' |  | A. 2 | 71. | 71 | 66 | 65 | 64 | 52 | 54 | 60 |
| 2. Egerton | J. J. Bouwer | Poor | 19 | 17 | ${ }^{211}$ | 15 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
| 3. Roodeheuvel | T. Kriel | Poor |  |  | 21 | 21 | 17 | $\mathrm{r}_{4}$ |  |  |
| 4. Esikobeni | (Eug. Ch.) | ${ }_{\text {C }}$ | 69 | 66 48 | 65 50 | ${ }_{36}^{43}$ | 48 . | 53 34 | ${ }_{30}^{45}$ | 31 26 |
| 5. Soringvale .. | (do.) | ${ }_{\mathrm{C}}^{\mathrm{C}}$ | ju 169 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 119 |
| 6. Umtata ${ }^{\text {6. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (do.) } \\ & \text { (do.) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 103 39 |  | 23 | 24 | ${ }_{30}$ |
| 8. Ncisi (Ross) | (F.C.) | C | 39 | 33 | .. | 38 | 21 | 17 |  | 23 |
| 9. Baziya | - (Mor.) |  | 90 | 92 | 96 | 93 | 74 | 78 | 83 | 73 |
| 10. Mbolompo | . (do.) |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{40}^{27}$ |  |  | ${ }_{34}^{20}$ | ${ }_{34}^{14}$ |
| 11. Mhlukuhlwa's | .. (do.) | ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 35 | 38 | 41 | 40 | 29 | ${ }_{50} 3$ | 34 | ${ }_{54} 54$ |
| 12. Tabase .. | (do.) | C | 57 | 58 | 61 | 64 | 47 | 50 | 57 | 54 |
| 13. Bedford | . (R.C.) | C | 37 | 34 | 37 | 42 | 31 | 32 | 31 | 37 |
| 14. Emqekezweti | (Wes.) | C | 110 | 112 | 101 | 82 | 102 | 75 | 62 | 69 |
| 15. Encise - | .. (do.) | C |  |  |  | 37 |  |  |  | 28 |
| 16. Kambe | (do.) | ${ }_{C}^{\text {C }}$ | ${ }_{66} 8$ | ${ }_{65} 5$ |  | 70 | 49 | 37 | 47 | ${ }_{39}$ |
| 17. Qweqwe 18. Zimbani | $\therefore$ (do.) | ${ }_{\text {C }}^{\text {C }}$ | 66 56 |  |  | 70 30 | 49 32 | ${ }_{31}$ | 24 | 21 |
|  | .. .. |  | 960 | 919 | 879 | 972 | 708 | 695 | 656 | 722 |
| UMZIMKULU (Inspector Rein). |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| 1. Umzimkulu | $\cdots$ J. E. Hancock | A. 3 | ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |
| 2. Waterfall .. |  | A. 3 |  | 18 | 18 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 15 | 14 |
| 3. Wansbeck | E. A. Woodrooffe <br> C. Whitelock | $\underset{\text { P. }}{\text { P.F. }}$ | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 5 6 |
| 5. Clydesdale | (Eng. Ch.) | C | 108 | .. | 106 | 100 | 77 | .. | 82 | 74 |
| 6. Rietvlei | - (Ind.) | C | 39 | 37 | 43 | 40 | 31 | 29 | 39 | 33 |
| 7. Lourdes, Boys' | $\left(\begin{array}{l} \text { (Trap. Mo.) }) \\ \text { (do.) } \end{array}\right.$ | C | 59 | 52 | 56 | 40 | 57 | 51 | 29 | ${ }^{33}$ |
| 8. Do., Girls' |  | C | 66 |  |  | 52 | 63 | 69 | 45 | 50 |
| 9. Boschfontein | (Wes.) |  | 53 |  |  | 57 | 42 | 40 | 40 | 48 |
| 10. Cabane |  | C | 36 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 31 | 31 |
| 11. Diep Kloof. | (do.) | C | 37 | 43 | 40 | 42 | 30 | 34 | ${ }_{36} 1$ | ${ }^{32}$ |
| 12. Emvubukazi | (do.) | C | 38 |  | 37 | 39 | 21 | 1. | 36 | 28 |
| 13. Engungini .. |  | C | 43 |  | 51 | 47 | 40 | 42 | 38 | 35 40 |
|  | .. (do.) | C | 54 |  | 52 | 47 | 40 | 40 | 46 |  |






Enrolment and Attendance．

|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت゙ } \\ & \text { تِ } \\ & \text { 若 } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | B ت \＃ 馬 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { y } \\ & \text { y } \\ & \text { By } \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 10 | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 64 14 | $\cdots$ | 28 10 | 18 1 | 8 | 8 | 2 |  |  |  | $\because$ | 39 7 | 28 | 20 1 | 15 5 | i |
| 11 | 3 | 76 | ． | 34 | 19 | 10 | 6 | 7 | ．． | ． | ．． | ． | 48 | 33 | 25 | 12 | ．． |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 56 24 | $\cdots$ | 34 11 | ${ }^{10} 5$ | 7 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | ．． | ${ }_{15}^{29}$ | 19 7 | 14 5 | 6 | $\cdots$ |
| 14 | 3 | 34 | ．． | 13 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 1 | ．． |  | ．． | 21 | 19 | 19 | 2 | ．． |
| 15 16 | 3 | 71 | $\ldots$ | 42 | 16 | $\dot{9}$ | 4 |  |  |  |  | ， | 35 | 24 | 17 | 8 | $\cdots$ |
| 17 | 4 | 86 |  | 29 | 20 | 22 | 13 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 58 | 49 | 39 | 7 |  |
| 18 | 4 | 62 | ． | 31 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 7 |  |  |  | $\because$ | 31 | 29 | 24 | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 19 | 4 | 41 | ．． | 14 | 12 | 12 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 31 | 16 | 10 | 10 | $\ldots$ |
| 20 | 3 | 42 | ． | 21 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 1 | ．． | ． | $\cdots$ | ：－ | 25 | 19 | 15 | 6 | $\ldots$ |
| 22 | $\stackrel{\square}{3}$ | 37 | ． | 15 | 6 | 11 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 28 | 14 | 10 | 9 | $\ldots$ |
| 23 | 3 | 42 | ． | 24 | 11 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ | 23 | 13 | 11 | 9 |  |
| 24 | 4 | 67 | ． | 25 | 15 | 15 | 8 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 45 | 31 | 20 | 13 |  |
| 25 | 3 | 33 | ． | 22 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 8 | ${ }_{5}$ | 6 | ．． |
| 26 | 4 | 79 | ．． | 50 | 15 | 8 | 5 | 1 | ．． |  | ．． |  | 37 | 15 | 14 | 19 | $\ldots$ |



* Under this heading only those figures printed in leaded type are included in totals. The other pupils
the Training schoools having been returned as pupil-teachers, they cannot be included among the pupils.


## LATE RETURNS.

The following list includes those schools from which quarterly returns were received too lat to be included in the divisions and summaries of the respective quarterly abstracts.



| Name of School. |  | Class. | Scholars on Roll. during |  |  |  | Average Attendance during |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Humansdorp: <br> Hankey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quagga | . | ${ }_{\text {A. }}{ }^{\text {A. }} 3$ | 24 | . |  |  | 20 |  | 22 |  |
| Driefontein Mistkraal .. | $\cdots$ | P.F. | 7 | $\because$ | $\because$ |  | 6 | $\because$ |  |  |
| Quagga South | .. | P.F. | 11 | $\cdots$ | . |  | 14 |  |  |  |
| Zaagkuilen |  | ${ }_{\text {P P.F. }}$ | ${ }_{5}^{15}$ | $\because$ | .. | . | ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  |
| Jagersbosch .. | $\cdots \quad .$. | Poor | .. | 16 |  | $\because$ | 5 | 16 |  |  |
| Patentie East | .. .. | Poor | \% |  | $\ddot{3}$ | $\because$ |  |  | 28 |  |
| Storms River Kleinfontein | $\because$ (Ind.) | $\underset{\text { Poor }}{\text { B }}$ | 14 | 13 | . |  | 14 | 13 |  |  |
| Jansenville: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Matjesfontein | .. .. | A. 3 | . | . |  | 16 | .. | .. |  | 12 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do., } \\ & \text { Respect } \end{aligned}$ | .. .. | P.F. | . | .. | 17 |  | . | $\ldots$ | 16 |  |
| Kenhardt: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenhardt . | .. .. | A. 3 | 31 | .. | .. | $\cdots$ | 21 | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| King William's Town : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fort White , . |  | A. 3 | . | .. | 15 |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| $\underset{\text { Kxulu }}{\text { King William's Town }}$ | $\because$ (Whites) | ${ }_{\text {E }}$ | $\because$ | . | .. | 36 | 5 | $\because$ | 12 | 30 |
| Knapp's Hope .. | $\begin{array}{ll}. . & \text { (Ind.) }\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | ${ }^{\text {s }}$. | $\cdots$ | .. | 91 | 35 |  |  | 66 |
| Knysna |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Matjesfontein | $\cdots$ | A. 3 |  | 12 |  |  | .. | 9 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Pisang River }}$ |  | Poor | .. |  | 24 |  | .. | .. | 17 | 22 |
| Plettenberg's Bay | (Eng. Ch.) | B | .. | .. | . | 31 | $\ldots$ | .. |  | 13 |
| Komgha : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gonubie .. | .. .. | P.F. |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 5 |
| Moss Grove | .. .. | P.F. | .. | 15 | .. |  | .. | is | .. |  |
| Ladismith : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mafeking : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater | . | A. 3 | .. | 32 | . |  | . | 28 | . |  |
| Wheatland |  | A. 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |
| The Grange $\quad$. | .... | P.F. | $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 4 | $\because$ |  |
| Malopo (Good Hope) | .. .. | Poor | .. | 38 | .. | .. | .. | 26 |  | $\cdots$ |
| Malmesbury : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hoetjes Bay |  | A. 3 |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kanonberg | .. .. | A. 3 | $\ldots$ | 12 |  | $\cdots$ | ... | 11 |  |  |
| Klipbank .. | .. .. | Poor | .. | .. | 31 | $\because$ | .. | .. | 27 |  |
| Middelburg: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mossel Bay : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Klein Plaats |  | P.F. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vogel Vlei | .. ... | A. 3 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\ddot{3} \dot{5}$ |  | . |  | $\ddot{28}$ |
| Murraysburg: <br> Waaifontein |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Namaqualand: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nammies . .. |  | Poor | . | 12 |  |  | .. | 12 |  |  |
| Kammaggas .. (R | (Rhen. Miss.) | B | .. | . | $\cdots$ | 117 | .. |  |  | 87 |
| Oudtshoorn : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Klein Drakenstein |  | A. 2 | 88 | .. |  | .. | 83 |  |  |  |





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2. STATISTICS REGARDING INCREASE OF SCHOOLS AND PUPILS DURING 1897. A.-arranged in alphabetical order of divisions.


Increase of Schools and Pupils.

| Division. |  |  | Number of Schools. |  |  | No. of Pupils on Roll. |  |  | Average Attendance. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1896. | 1897. | Incr. | 1896. | 1897. | Incr. | 1896. | 1897. | Incr. |
| Uitenhage | .. |  | 44 | 46 | 2 | 2017 | 2111 | 94 | 1506 | 1605 | 99 |
| Uniondale | . | . | $\stackrel{22}{5}$ | 19 | ${ }^{-3}$ | 667 | ${ }^{685}$ | 18 | 554 | 546 | -8 |
| Van Rhynsdorp | , |  | 5 | 4 | -1 | 128 | 105 | -23 | 103 |  | -15 |
| Victoria East |  |  | 26 | 27 | , | 1753 | 1774 | 21 | 1282 | 1382 | 100 |
| Victoria West | .. |  | 21 | 21 |  | 468 | 451 | -17 | 408 | 385 | -23 |
| Vryburg.. | $\cdots$ |  | 7 | 5 | -2 | 318 | 371 | ¢3 | 246 | 242 | 4 |
| Willowmore | .. | .. | 28 | 35 | 7 | 643 | 680 | 37 | 521 | 545 | 24 |
| Wodehouse |  |  | 40 | 43 | 3 | 909 | 944 | 35 | 735 | 766 | 31 |
| Worcester | .. | . | 23 | 27 | 4 | 1555 | 1583 | 28 | 1214 | 1336 | 122 |
| Total | .. | .. | 1883 | 1935 | 52 | 91787 |  |  | 68739 |  |  |
| Bizana | . |  | 2 | 4 | 2 | 81 | 110 | 29 | 54 | 76 | 22 |
| Butterworth | .. | $\because$ | 20 | 24 | 4 | 1427 | 1506 | 79 | 1041 | 1133 | 92 |
| Elliot | .. |  | 18 | 15 | -3 | 350 | 378 | 28 | 289 | 324 | 35 |
| Elliotdale | .. |  | , | 3 | 1 | 68 | 88 | 20 | 32 | 62 | 30 |
| Engcobo | .. |  | 29 | 31 | 2 | 1813 | 1843 | 30 | 1207 | 1289 | $8:$ |
| Idutywa.. | .. | . | 15 | 16 | 1 | 784 | 796 | 12 | 499 | 541 | 42 |
| Kentani | .. | .. | 18 | 16 | -2 | 626 | 629 | 3 | 393 | 427 | 34 |
| Libode .. | .. | . |  | 2 | 2 |  | 115 | 115 |  | 97 | 97 |
| Maclear .. | .. | .. | 11 | 10 | -1 | 240 | 207 | -33 | 170 | 174 | , |
| Matatiele | . | .. | 21 | 24 | 3 | 706 | 745 | 39 | 525 | 582 | 57 |
| Mount Ayliff |  | .. | 6 | 7 | 1 | 404 | 425 | 21 | 322 | 353 | 31 |
| Mount Currie | . | .. | 19 | 19 |  | 719 | 787 | 68 | 594 | 623 | 29 |
| Mount Fletcher |  | . | 13 | 11 | -2 | 642 | 530 | -112 | 490 | 400 | -90 |
| Mount Frere |  | . | 21 | 22 | 1 | 1588 | 1558 | -30 | 1127 | 1070 | -57 |
| Ngqeleni | \% |  | 4 | 6 | 2 |  | 280 | 10 | 182 | 189 | 7 |
| Nqamakwe | .. | $\cdots$ | 40 | 41 | 1 | 198 2610 | 20888 | 78 | 1374 | 168 1828 | 38 54 54 |
| Ntabankulu | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | , | 4 | 1 | 201 | 212 | 11 | 145 | 156 | 11 |
| Qumbu | . | $\cdots$ | 20 | 22 | 2 | 1381 | 1426 | 45 | 997 | 1046 | 49 |
| St. Mark's |  | . | 21 | 23 | 2 | 1089 | 1300 | 211 | 670 | 869 | 199 |
| Tsolo .. | . | $\cdots$ | 24 | 25 | 1 | 1319 | 1469 | 150 | 894 | 1069 | 175 |
| Tsomo .. |  | . | 25 | 27 | 2 | 1495 | 1764 | 269 | 1039 | 1199 | 160 |
| Umsikaba | . | $\cdots$ | 4 | 8 |  | 323 | 414 | 91 | 206 | 261 | 55 |
| Umtata |  | .. | 15 | 19 | 4 | 820 | 972 | 152 | 625 | 722 | 97 |
| Umzimkulu | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 19 | 21 | 2 | 942 | 1056 | 114 | 772 | 880 | 108 |
| Willowrale | $\because$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{21}^{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 104 | 107 | 3 | S2 | 98 | 16 |
| Xalanga |  | $\because$ | 25 | 24 | ${ }_{-1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15+1 \\ & 1519 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1491 \\ & 1476 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -00 \\ -43 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 920 \\ 1048 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1062 \\ & 1120 \end{aligned}$ | 142 72 |
| Total for Territories Do. Colony Total . |  |  | 422 | 453 | 31 | 23262 | 24580 | 1318 | 16227 | 17818 |  |
|  |  | .. | 1883 | 1935 | 52 | 91787 | 97606 | 5819 | 68739 | 74953 | 6214 |
|  |  |  | 2305 | 2388 | 83 | 115049 | 122186 | 7137 | 84966 | 92771 | 7805 |
| B.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO INSPECTORS' CIRCUIT.* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insprotor. |  | Number of Schools. |  |  |  | No. of Pupils on Roll. |  |  | Average Attendance. |  |  |
|  |  | 1896. |  | 1897. | Incr. | 1896. | 1897. | Incr. | 1896. | 1897. | Incr. |
| Mr. Bennie |  |  | 169 |  |  | 8283 | 9046 | 763 | 5781 | 6669 | 888 |
| ,, Brice |  | $\because$ | 97 | 102 | J | 5330 | 5936 | 606 | 4031 | 4518 | 487 |
| , Clarke |  |  | 145 | 139 | -6 | 6429 | 6490 | 61 | 4768 | 4882 | 114 |
| ", Ely . |  | . | 176 | 181 | 5 | 10865 | 11379 | 514 | 7254 | 7776 | 522 |
| , Fraser |  | . | 167 | 171 | 4 | 8829 | 9187 | 358 | 6728 | 7129 | 401 |
| " Hagen |  | . | 152 | 165 | 13 | 4014 | 4188 | 174 | 3104 | 3255 | 151 |
| , Hofmeyr |  |  | 110 | 107 | -3 | 4568 | 4564 | -4 | 3521 | 3680. | 159 |
| ", McLaren |  |  | 177 | 186 | 9 | 9606 | 10163 | 557 | 6495 | 7150 | 655 |
| ", Mine Mitchell |  |  | 173 | 185 | 12 | 5147 | 5939 | 792 | 4196 | 4859 | 663 |
| ", Murray |  | $\because$ | 142 | 118 | 4 | 5662 3896 | 6359 | 697 | 4252 | 4984 | 732 |
| , Noaks |  |  | 114 | 117 | 3 | 15363 | 15816 | ${ }_{453}^{602}$ | ${ }_{11352}$ | 3673 11816 | 599 464 |
| , Rein |  | $\because$ | 177 | 201 | 24 | ${ }_{9665}$ | 10395 | 731 | ${ }^{7} 1095$ | ${ }_{7754}$ | ${ }_{659} 464$ |
| ", Le Roux |  |  | 145 | 151 | 6 | 9013 | 9209 | 196 | 6922 | 7508 | 586 |
| ," Theron |  |  | 107 | 110 | 3 | 2660 | 2968 | 308 | 2096 | 2485 | 389 |
| , Watermeyer |  |  | 137 | 133 | -4 | 5720 | 6049 | 329 | 4297 | 4633 | 336 |
| Total |  | . | 2305 | 2388 | 83 | 115049 | 122186 | 7137 | 84966 | 92771 | 7805 |

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF SCHOOLS DURING 1897.
(Schools only.)
C.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO CLASSES OF SCHOOLS.

| C.-ARRANGED ACCORDING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year. | Sp. | A. 1. | A. 2. | A. 3. | D | E | P.F. | Poor | B | C. 1. | C | Total. |
| 1896 | .. | 11 | 70 | 101 | 434 | 6 | 13 | 528 | 191 | 551 | 8 | 392 |
| 1897 | 14 | 74 | 101 | 463 | 7 | 15 | 528 | 208 | 553 | 11 | 414 | 2388 |
| Increase | 3 | 4 |  | 29 | 1 | 2 | $\ldots$ | 17 | 2 | 3 | 22 | 83 |

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND PUPILS FOR THE FIVE YEAR PERIOD 1892-1897.
A.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DIVISIONS.

| Division. |  | Number of Schools. |  |  |  | No. of Pupils on Roll. |  |  | Average Attendance. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1892. | 1897. | Incr. | 1892. | 1897. | Incr. | 1892. | 1897. | Iner. |
| Aberdeen |  |  | 8 | 15 | 7 | 269 | 347 | 78 | 184 | 292 | 108 |
| Albany | .. |  | 30 | ${ }^{40}$ | 10 9 | 1874 628 | ${ }_{1262}^{2273}$ | 399 634 | $\begin{array}{r}1425 \\ 518 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1744 1000 | 319 482 |
| Albert |  |  | 17 | 26 | 9 | 628 | 1262 | ${ }_{9}^{634}$ | 518 | 1000 | ${ }_{68} 8$ |
| Alexandria |  |  | 9 | 12 | , | 133 | 223 | $\stackrel{90}{56}$ | 125 | 191 |  |
| Aliwal North |  |  | 12 | 24 | 12 | 400 | 964 | 564 | 347 | 789 | ${ }_{229}^{442}$ |
| Barkly East | . |  | 3 | 18 | 15 | 99 | ${ }_{956}^{389}$ | - 295 | $\begin{array}{r}90 \\ 180 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 319 726 | 546 |
| Barkly West | $\cdots$ |  | 10 | 14 | 15 4 | 302 383 | ${ }_{425}^{956}$ | 654 42 | 180 303 | 726 307 | 546 4 |
| Bathurst |  |  | 15 | 14 30 | 15 | 383 326 | ${ }_{720}$ | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 394 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}303 \\ 234 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{578}$ | 344 |
| ${ }^{\text {Beaufort West }}$ Bedford | $\cdots$ |  | 15 | 30 30 | 12 | ${ }_{359}$ | ${ }_{561}$ | ${ }_{202}$ | 295 | 442 | 147 |
| Bredasdorp | - |  | 12 | 30 | 18 | 690 | 1083 | 393 | 351 | 716 | 365 |
| Britstown |  |  | 4 | 13 | 9 | 90 | 446 | 350 | 84 | 351 | 267 |
| Caledon.. |  |  | 39 | 37 | -2 | 1655 | 1685 | 30 | 1198 | 1334 279 | 136 |
| Calvinia.. |  |  | 9 | 13 | 4 | 248 | 328 | 80 | 173 | 279 | 106 |
| Cape . |  |  | 91 | 117 | 26 | 11838 | 15816 | 3978 | 8661 | 11816 | 3155 |
| Carnarvon | $\because$ |  | 2 | 9 | 7 | 175 | 397 | 222 | 134 |  |  |
| Catheart | .. |  | 15 | 25 | 10 | 358 | 502 | 144 | -316 | 5 | ${ }_{137}^{126}$ |
| Ceres |  |  | 9 | 14 | 5 | 461 | 750 |  | 388 <br> 352 | ${ }_{6}^{525}$ | ${ }_{279}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Clanwilliam }}$ Colesberg | $\because$ |  | 15 | 20 13 | 5 8 8 | 335 237 | 708 | 216 471 | ${ }_{195}$ | 564 | 369 |
| Colesberg Cradock | - |  | 13 | 13 24 | 11 | ${ }_{560}^{237}$ | 791 | 381 | ${ }_{467}^{195}$ | 812 | 345 |
| East London | $\cdots$ |  | 18 | 27 | 9 | 1328 | 1859 | 531 | 1042 | 1327 | 285 |
| Fort Beaufort |  |  | 15 | 32 | 17 | 1135 | 1397 | 149 | 845 | 999 | 154 |
| Fraserburg | .. |  | 20 | 14 | 11 | 74 | 223 | 149 | 47 | 201 | 154 |
| George .. |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{22}$ | 28 | 6 7 | 986 1011 | 1725 | 396 714 | 741 | 1196 | ${ }_{455}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Glen Grey }}$ | $\cdots$ |  | 20 | 2 | 4 | 101 | 262 | 262 |  | 195 | 195 |
| Graaff-Reinet |  |  | 18 | 35 | 17 | 987 | 1800 | 813 | 794 | 1467 | 673 |
| Hanover | .. |  | 5 | 11 | 6 | 158 | 219 | 61 | 144 | 183 | 39 |
| Hay .. |  |  | 2 | 6 | 4 | 35 | 100 | 65 | 32 | 92 | 60 |
| Herbert.. |  |  | 1 | 7 |  | 25 | 240 | 215 | 25 | 195 | 170 |
| Herschel | .. |  | 20 | 28 | 8 | 1161 | 1728 | 567 | 930 | 1378 | ${ }_{51}^{448}$ |
| Hopetown |  |  | 6 | 10 | 4 | 186 | ${ }^{270}$ | $\stackrel{84}{415}$ | 156 534 5 |  | $\stackrel{31}{352}$ |
| $\underset{\text { Jumansdorp }}{\text { Jansenville }}$ | $\ldots$ |  | 21 8 | ${ }_{28}^{42}$ | 21 20 | 711 189 | 1126 514 | ${ }_{325}^{415}$ | 534 165 | ${ }_{419}^{886}$ | 352 254 |
| Jansenville |  |  | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{28}$ | 1 | 189 | 60 6 | 60 |  | 49 | 49 |
| Kimberley |  |  | 22 | 33 | 11 | 2013 | 3204 | 1191 | 1356 | 2448 | 1092 |
| King William's | Town |  | 91 | 126 | 35 | 5375 | 7971 | 2596 | 4013 | 5560 | 1547 |
| Knysna.. |  |  | 23 4 4 | 26 9 | 3 | 654 96 | 836 | ${ }_{105}^{182}$ | $\begin{array}{r}471 \\ 83 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 567 154 | ${ }_{71}^{96}$ |
| Kadismith | $\cdots$ |  | ${ }_{9}^{4}$ | 15 |  | ${ }^{979}$ | 841 | 262 | 457 | 712 | 255 |
| Mafeking | .. |  |  | ${ }_{5}$ | 5 |  | 265 | 265 |  | 181 | 181 |


| Division. |  |  | Number of Schools. |  |  | No. of Pupils on Roll. |  |  | Average Attendance. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1892. | 1897. | Incr. | 1892. | 1897. | Incr. | 1892. | 1897. | Incr. |
| Malmesbury | .. |  | 36 | 56 | 20 | 1959 | 2458 | 499 | 1397 | 2004 | 607 |
| Middelburg | $\cdots$ |  | 12 | 15 | 3 | 412 | 506 | 94 | 363 | 431 | 68 |
| Mossel Bay | $\cdots$ |  | 13 | 19 |  | 750 | 1035 | 285 | 579 | 758 | 174 |
| Murraysburg | . |  | ${ }_{1}^{6}$ | 7 | 1 | 244 | 231 | -13 | 202 | 204 | 2 |
| Namaqualand | .. |  | 19 | 17 | -2 | 940 | 976 | 36 | 481 | 697 | 216 |
| Paarl ${ }^{\text {Oudthoorn }}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{38}^{26}$ | 43 | 17 | 1161 | 1940 | 779 | 847 | 1497 | 650 |
| Peddie | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 23 | 28 |  | 1058 | 1549 | 491 | 692 | $\begin{array}{r}389 \\ 882 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 197 |
| . Philipstown | . |  | 10 | 10 |  | 278 | 266 | -12 | ${ }_{240}$ | 217 | - 193 |
| Piquetberg | $\cdots$ |  | 15 | ${ }^{22}$ | 7 | 627 | 880 | 253 | 425 | 744 | 319 |
| Port Elizabeth | .. |  | 20 | 29 | 9 | 2724 | 3594 | 870 | 2027 | 2840 | 813 |
| Prieska | . |  | 2 | 8 | ${ }^{6}$ | 123 | 208 | 85 | 95 | 183 | 88 |
| Prince Albert | . |  | 14 | 28 | 14 | 483 | 864 | 381 | 338 | 717 | 379 |
| Queenstown | $\cdots$ |  | 39 | 42 | 3 | 1631 | 2282 | 651 | 1255 | 1673 | 418 |
| Richmond | . | . | 5 | 12 | 7 | 230 | 335 | 108 | 203 | 285 | 82 |
| Riversdale | . |  | 15 | 41 | 26 | 648 | 1161 | 313 | 504 | 962 | 458 |
| Robertson | .. |  | 25 | 28 | 3 | 1010 | 1470 | 460 | 710 | 1136 | 396 |
| Somerset East | . | $\cdots$ | 29 | 52 | 23 | 775 | 1365 | 590 | 612 | 1112 | 500 |
| Stellenbosch | . |  | 19 | 26 | 7 | 1811 | 1902 | 91 | 1274 | 1478 | 204 |
| Steynsburg | . | . | 3 | 9 | , | $1 \stackrel{1}{4}$ | 215 | 61 | 138 | 175 | 37 |
| Stockenstrom | - | $\cdots$ | 14 | 13 | -1 | 450 | 535 | 8 ¢ | 347 | 386 | 39 |
| Stutterheim | . | $\cdot$ | 15 | 30 | 15 | 573 | 1088 | 515 | 414 | 816 | 392 |
| Sutherland | . | .. | 3 | , | -2 | 68 | 82 | 14 | 46 | 74 | 28 |
| Swellendam | .. | . | 27 | 40 | 13 | 946 | 1379 | 433 | $6{ }^{6} 8$ | 1105 | 457 |
| Tarka | . | - | 10 | 16 | 6 | 244 | 463 | 219 | 26,9 | 380 | 171 |
| Tulbagh | $\cdots$ | . | 12 | 15 | 3 | 748 | 817 | 69 | 465 | 618 | 153 |
| Uitenhage | . | . | 21 | 46 | 25 | 1249 | 2111 | 862 | 1052 | 1605 | 553 |
| Uniondale |  | .. | 18 | 19 | , | 541 | 685 | 144 | 451 | 546 | 95 |
| Van Rhynsdorp | .. | .. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 117 | 105 | -12 | 75 | 88 | 13 |
| Victoria East | .. |  | 21 | 27 | 6 | 1668 | 1774 | 106 | 1388 | 1382 | -6 |
| Victoria West | .. | .. | , | 21 | 12 | 22.2 | 451 | 229 | 192 | 385 | 193 |
| Vryburg | .. | $\because$ |  | 5 | ${ }^{5}$ |  | 371 | 371 |  | 242 | 212 |
| Wodehouse | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 19 | 35 | 16 | 477 | 680 | 203 | 431 | ${ }^{545}$ | 114 |
| Worcester | .. | $\because$ | 24 | ${ }_{27}^{43}$ | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 217 1392 | $\begin{array}{r}944 \\ 1583 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 727 191 | 177 1103 | $\begin{array}{r}766 \\ 1336 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 589 233 |
| Total | . | . | 1221 | 1935 | 714 | 67404 | 9760 i | 30202 | ${ }_{50378}$ | 74953 | 24575 |
| Bizana .. | . | . |  | 4 | 4 |  | 110 |  |  |  |  |
| Butterworth |  | $\because$ | 18 | 24 | - | 1084 | 1506 | 422 | 744 | 1133 | 389 |
| Eilliot ${ }_{\text {Ell }}$ | . | . |  | 15 | 15 |  | 378 | 378 |  | 324 | 324 |
| Engcobo |  | .. | 22 | 3 31 |  | 98 | 88 | $-10$ | 59 | 62 | 3 |
| Idutywa | $\because$ | $\because$ | 12 | 31 16 | 9 4 | $\begin{array}{r}1394 \\ 543 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1843 796 | 449 | 978 | 1289 | 311 |
| Kentani | $\cdots$ | .. | 12 | 16 | 4 | 518 | 629 | 111 | ${ }_{386}$ | 511 | 179 |
| Libode .. | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 518 | 115 | 109 |  | 427 97 | ${ }_{91}^{41}$ |
| Maclear .. |  |  |  | 10 |  | 201 | 207 | 1 | 132 | 174 | 42 |
| Matatiele |  |  | 19 | 24 | 5 | 962 | 745 | -217 | 684 | 582 | -102 |
| Mount Ayliff | $\because$ |  | 3 6 | 7 | $\pm$ | 275 | 425 | 150 | 251 | 353 | 122 |
| Mount Fletcher |  |  | 13 | 19 | 13 | 313 626 | 787 | 474 | 256 | 623 | 3107 |
| Mount Frere |  | $\because$ | 15 | 22 | -2 | 626 1023 | - | -96 | 517 $7+4$ | 400 1070 | ${ }^{-107}$ |
| Mqanduli |  |  | . | , | 4 | 199 | 1508 280 | 535 81 | 744 159 |  | $\begin{array}{r}326 \\ 30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Ngqeleni |  | .. |  | 4 | + |  | 208 | 208 |  | 189 | 30 168 |
| Nqamakwe |  |  | 32 | 41 | 9 | 1864 | 2688 | 824 | 1291 | 1688 | ${ }_{5}^{168}$ |
| Qumbu ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | $\cdots$ | 17 | 22 | ${ }_{5}$ | 932 | 1426 | 494 | 721 | 1016 | 325 |
| St. Mark's |  |  | 12 | $\stackrel{23}{4}$ | 11 | 631 | 13001 | ${ }^{669}$ | 425 | 869 | 444 |
| Tsolo .. | : |  | 14 | 25 | ${ }_{11}^{4}$ |  | +212 | 212 |  | 156 1069 | 156 599 |
| Tsomo |  | . | 23 | 27 | 4 | 1232 | 1764 | ${ }_{5}^{681}$ | ${ }_{905}^{470}$ | 1069 1199 | $\begin{array}{r}599 \\ 294 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |
| Umsikaba |  |  |  | 8 | 8 |  | 414 | 414 |  | 261 | 261 |
| Umtata ${ }_{\text {Umzimkulu }}$ |  |  | 7 | 19 | 12 | 429 | 972 | 543 | 348 | 722 | 374 |
| Walfish Bay |  |  | 1 | 21 2 |  | 634 93 | 1056 | $\stackrel{422}{14}$ | 505 | 880 | 375 |
| Willowvale |  |  | 15 | 23 |  |  |  |  | 89 738 | 98 | 9 |
| Xalanga |  |  | 25 | 24 | -1 | 962 1136 | 1476 | 529 340 | $7{ }_{905}$ | 1062 | $324$ |
| Total for Territories Do. Colony |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1221 | 1935 | 714 | 15743 674 | ${ }_{97606}^{24580}$ | 8637 <br> 30202 | $\begin{aligned} & 11645 \\ & 50378 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17818 \\ & 74953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6173 \\ 24575 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  |  | 1510 | 2388 | 878 | 83347 | 122186 | 38839 | 62023 | 92771 | 30748 |
| [G. 7-98.] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S |  |  |

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND PUPILS FOR THE FIVE YEAR PERIOD 1892-189\%.
B.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO INSPECTORS' CIRCUITS.

| Inspector. |  |  | Schools. | Increase in the |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Roll. | Attendance. |
| Mr. Bennie |  | .. | 68 | 3413 | 2468 |
| ,, Brice |  | .. | 61 | 3252 | 2674 |
| ,, Clarke |  | . | 35 | 1248 | 731 |
| ,, Ely .. |  | .. | 49 | 3618 | 2029 |
| , Fraser.. |  | .. | 63 | 2465 | 1902 |
| , Hagen |  | .. | 68 | 1347 | 1019 |
| , Hofmeyr |  | .. | 23 | 795 | 1232 |
| ,, McLaren |  | .. | 55 | 3291 | 2227 |
| ,, Milue .. |  | .. | 100 | 3115 | 2529 |
| ,, Mitchell |  | .. | 61 | 2235 | 1866 |
| ,, Murray |  | .. | 56 | 1952 | 1512 |
| , Noaks |  | . | 26 | 3978 | 3155 |
| ," Rein .. |  | .. | 91 | 4110 | 3064 |
| , Le Roux |  | .. | 28 | 1697 | 1886 |
| ,, Theron |  | . | 58 | 1376 | 1292 |
| , Watermeyer |  | .. | 36 | 947 | 1162 |
| Total |  | .. | 878 | 38839 | 30748 |

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE OF SCHOOLS DURING THE FIVE YEAR PERIOD 1892-1897.

3. STATISTICS REGARDING SCHOOLS CLOSED DURING $189 \%$.

| Division. | Sp. | A. 1. | A. 2. | A. 3. | D. | E. | P.F. | Poor. | B. | C. 1. | C. | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aberdeen | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albany | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | i |  | $\because$ | J | i | i | . | $\cdots$ | 8 |
| ${ }_{\text {Albert }}^{\text {Alexandria }}$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | $\because$ | 8 | .. | . |  | $\cdots$ | 10 |
| Aliwal North | $\because$ | .. |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 3 | - | $\cdots$ | . | .. | 1 |
| Barkly East . . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 4 | $\ldots$ | .. | 3 | 1 | .. | .. | .. | 5 |
| Barkly West .. | $\because$ |  | $\because$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | .. | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | 7 |
| Bathurst | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | .. | $\cdots$ | ... | . | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Beaufort West.. | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 2 | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| ${ }^{\text {Bedford }}$ Bredasdorp | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\ddot{\square}$ | .. | . | 4 | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | $\ldots$ | ${ }_{5}$ |
| Bredasdorp Britstown | $\cdots$ |  | . | 2 | . | . | , | $\cdots$ | . | .. | .. | 4 |
| ${ }_{\text {cale }}^{\text {Critstown }}$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  | 1 | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ | .. | .. | . | . | 4 |
| Calvinia | .. |  | $\ldots$ | 2 | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\ldots$ | . | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| Cape .. |  |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | i | i | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| Carnarvon | . | .. | $\because$ |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | 2 |  | . | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| Cathcart |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | .. | . | 4 | . | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| Ceres | . |  |  |  | .. | $\because$ | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| Colesberg. | $\cdots$ |  | .. | 1 | $\cdots$ | 'i | $\stackrel{2}{4}$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | .. | , |
| Cradock | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | .. | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |
| East London | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 1 | $\cdots$ | . | . | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 9 |
| Fort Beaufort | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 4 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| Fraserburg | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Gleorg }}^{\text {Grey }}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | .. | . | .. | .. | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | .. |  |
| Glen Grey | $\cdots$ | . |  | $\cdots$ | . | \% | . | . |  |  | .. |  |
| Graaff-Reinet . . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | .. | 1 |
| Hanover | .. | .. | . |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| Hay . ${ }_{\text {Hert }}$ | . | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | i | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ |
| Herbert | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 1 | . |  | .. | .. | 1 |
| Herschel | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | . | 4 | .. | 2 | . | .. | 2 |
| Humansdorp . . | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 4 |  | i |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ |
| Jansenville |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | 3 | 2 | .. | $\cdots$ |  | $\stackrel{1}{8}$ |
| Kenhardt | . |  |  | 1 | .. | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |
| Kimberley | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | .. | . | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 2 | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | 5 |
| Knysna .. | $\cdots$ |  |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | . | 2 | . | $\cdots$ | 6 |
| Komgha | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | . | 5 | i | 1 | .. | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| Ladismith | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 1 | .. | . | 3 | . |  | . | .. | 4 |
| Malmesbury | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | . | .. | . | . | 2 |
| Middelburg | $\because$ |  |  | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 7 | $\cdots$ | , | . | $\cdots$ | 7 |
| Mossel Bay .. | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | . | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | i | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{3}$ |
| Murraysburg | , | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\because$ | $\ldots$ |  |  | . |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Namaqualand. | . |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ |
| Oudtshoorn | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | 2 |  | .. | .. | 6 |
| Paarl | . | .. | .. | .. | $\cdots$ | .. | 1 | , | i | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 6 |
| Philipstown | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 1 | .. | $\because$ | 1 | . |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| Piquetberg | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | . | 1 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{1}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Port Elizabeth }}$ | . | . | $\cdots$ |  | .. | $\cdots$ |  |  | 1 | . | $\because$ | 1 |
| Prince Albert | $\because$ |  | . | 2 | . | . | 1 |  | . | .. | .. | 3 |
| Queenstown | $\ldots$ |  |  | $\because$ | $\ldots$ |  | 9 | 1 | . | $\cdots$ | . | 1 |
| Richmond | .. |  | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. |  |
| Riversdale | .. |  | . |  | $\cdots$ | . |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | 8 |
| Robertson |  | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | .. | 4 |  | $\ldots$ | . | $\ldots$ | 4 |
| Stellenbosch | $\ldots$ |  |  | 1 | $\because$ | $\because$ | 7 | 3 | . | . | . | 10 |
| Steynsburg | $\ldots$ | . |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 3 |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | . |  |
| Stockenstrom | . |  | $\cdots$ | 2 | . | .. |  | $\because$ | i | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 3 |
| Sutherland- | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | .. | 3 | .. |  | $\cdots$ | .. | 3 |
| Swellendam | .. | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 1 | $\cdots$ |  | 3 |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |  | 5 |
| Tarka | $\because$ |  |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | 7 |
| Tulbagh | $\because$ |  | . |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 6 |
| Uitenhage | .. | . | . |  | $\cdots$ | .. | 2 |  | . | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| - | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 2 | . | .. | 1 | 1 | . | . | . | * |


B.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO INSPECTORS' CIRCUITS.

4. STATISTICS REGARDING SCHOOL INSPECTIONS DURING 1897.
A.-TEACHERS QUALIFICATIONS, 189

|  |  | academio. |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | British Privy Council | 26 | 6 | 3 | 117 | $(3.95 \%)$ |
|  | Other European Goveruments |  |  | .. | 13 | $(-33 \%)$ |
|  | Cape Second Class | $14^{*}$ | ${ }^{13}$ | 78 | 42 | $\begin{aligned} & 147 \\ & (3.82 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Cape Third Olass | 4 | 6 | 48 | 1218 | $\left(\begin{array}{c} 1276 \\ (33 \cdot 19 \%) \end{array}\right.$ |
|  | Micellaneous .. | . | 1 | . | ${ }_{5} 5$ | $\begin{gathered} 56+ \\ (145 \%) \end{gathered}$ |
| No Professional Certificate |  | 60 | 19 | 48 | 2073 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 2200 \\ & (57 \cdot 22 \%) \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| Total.. |  | $:(2,7 \% \%)$ | $\left(1.17{ }^{45} \%\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} 177 \\ (4 \cdot 6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3518 \\ (91 \cdot 52 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 3844 |

- Seven teachers are here included who have passed the whole or part of the written examination for the First Class Certificate, but who have not taken the practical part of the examination.
+ This number includes holders of the following certificates: Quen's Scholarship, 2; Irish National Board, $4 ;$ Army, $1 ;$ University Local, $1 ;$ College of Preceptors, $7 ;$ Trinity College, 3 Cambridge Higher, $8 ;$ Special qualification for instruction in Special subjects, $28 ;$ Gravesend
Technical College, $1 ;$ Home and Colonial Training College, 1; Total, 56 .

The following Table showing distribution of Certificated and Uncertificated Teachers amon the Inspectors' Circuit is based on information given in Quarterly Returns as published in the Gazette.

| Inspector. |  |  |  | Number of Teachers. |  |  | Percentage of Certificated to Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Certificated. | Uncertificated. | Total. |  |
|  | Noaks .. |  |  | 191 | 143 | 334 | 57.1 |
|  | Le Roux |  |  | 151 | 132 | 283 | 53.3 |
|  | Murray .. | $\because$ | , | 93 141 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 177 279 | $52 \cdot 5$ 50.5 |
|  | Brice - | $\cdots$ |  | ${ }^{146}$ | 138 | 162 | 50.5 46.9 |
|  | Mitchell |  |  | 102 | 117 | 219 | $46 \cdot 5$ |
|  | Mily ${ }^{\text {Milue }}$ - | $\because$ |  | 117 | 139 | 256 | 45.7 |
|  | Clarke $\quad$. |  | \% | 135 91 | 175 119 | 310 210 | ${ }_{43}^{43 \cdot 5}$ |
|  | Waterweyer |  |  | 91 | 126 | ${ }_{217}$ | $41 \cdot 9$ |
|  | Hofmeyr .. | $\cdots$ | - | 55 | 93 | 148 | $37 \cdot 1$ |
|  | Therou .. |  |  | 54 | 92 | 146 | $36 \cdot 9$ |
|  | Hagen McLaren |  |  | 64 76 | 123 | 187 | $34 \cdot 2$ |
|  | Rein |  |  | 68 | 203 200 | ${ }_{268}^{279}$ | $27 \cdot 3$ $25 \cdot 3$ |
|  | Bennie |  |  | 64 | 188 | 252 | $25 \cdot 3$ $25 \cdot 3$ |
|  | Totals | . | . | 1569 | 2158 | 3727 | $42 \cdot 1$ |

B．－DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS INTO STANDARDS

| Inspbeted by |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { 范 } \\ & \text { 券 } \\ & \text { W2 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { 蒐 } \\ & \text { 粦 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insp．Benmie |  | 166 | 8079 | 7116 | 187 | 3431 | 3498 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ，，Brice | 27 | 101 | ¢549 | 4724 | $1+$ | 2461 | 2249 | ${ }_{723}^{1287}$ | 1084 | 683 409 | 371 309 | 588 | 55 | ${ }_{10}^{2}$ | 4 |
| ，1，Clarke | 3 | ${ }_{6}^{28}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6268}$ | ${ }_{3}^{5352}$ | 297 | 1841 | 3214 | 877 | 908 | 664 | 474 | 184 | 57 | 14 | 36 |
| ＂，Fraser | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  | 4831 8184 81 | ${ }_{7007}^{3917}$ | 68 189 | 1673 3132 | ${ }_{3686}^{2176}$ | \％ $\begin{array}{r}\text { 599 } \\ 1030\end{array}$ | 624 | 450 | 259 | 121 | 80 | 23 | 20 |
| ，＂，Hagen |  | 154 | ${ }_{3765}$ | ${ }_{3419}$ | 189 | 3132 1342 | 3686 2064 | 1030 631 | ${ }^{1025}$ | 754 403 | ${ }_{293}^{433}$ | 112 | 129 38 7 | 42 | 23 |
| ，Hofmeyr | 3 | 104 | 4323 | 3757 | ${ }_{5}$ | 1832 | 1920 | ${ }_{565} 6$ | 542 | ${ }_{392}^{403}$ | 192 | 116 | ${ }_{74}^{38}$ | 19 | 4 |
| ＂，McLaren | 1 | ${ }^{95}$ | 4351 | 4859 | 28 | 1766 | 3065 | 770 | 768 | 570 | 438 | 263 | 168 | 54 | 34 |
| ＂，Milchell | 1 | 124 | 5512 <br> 5270 | ${ }^{3574}$ | 34 | 1783 | 1757 | ${ }_{6}^{652}$ | 543 | 319 | 162 | 58 | 10 | 9 | 1 |
| ，，Muller |  | 96 | 5350 | ${ }_{4181}^{454}$ | 50 | ${ }_{2313}^{2182}$ | ${ }_{1868}^{2317}$ | 694 | 623 | 472 373 | 308 154 | $1+0$ 19 | 55 | 11 | 14 |
| ，＂Murray | 22 | 150 | 5208 | 4745 | z2 | 2070 | 2623 | 625 | 676 | ${ }_{523}$ | ${ }_{443}$ | 172 |  | 24 | 23 |
| ，．Nixon |  | 5 | 330 | 251 |  | 182 | 69 | 29 | 15 | ${ }_{21}$ | ${ }_{2}^{49}$ | 172 | 137 | 24 | 23 |
| ，＂，Noaks | 61 | 124 | 14688 6156 | ${ }_{53} 12006$ | 88 | 5889 | 6029 | 1606 | 1517 | 1095 | 776 | 487 | 346 | 140 | $\ddot{62}$ |
| ＂，Le Roux | 34 | 138 | 6862 | ${ }_{7196}^{5321}$ | 267 | 3075 2662 | 2223 <br> 4267 | 910 911 | 727 970 | ${ }_{786}^{378}$ | 183 | 20 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 133 |  |
| ，Theron | 12 | 126 | 2980 | 2677 |  | 1226 | 1451 | ${ }_{361} 1$ | 970 | ${ }_{361}^{786}$ | 196 | 106 | $\begin{array}{r}277 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 133 14 | 26 |
| ，Watermeyer | 9 | 138 | 5875 | 5070 | 67 | 2493 | 2510 | 720 | 659 | 474 | 310 | 174 | ${ }_{93}$ |  | 42 |
| Railway Education | － | 99 | 5478 | 4426 | 12 | 2117 | 2297 | 945 | 780 | 362 | 183 | 18 | ， | \％ | 4 |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Officer }]{\text { 19Casual }}$ |  | 11. | 211 | 181 | 15 | 44 | 122 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| 19 Casual Inspectors |  | $81^{*}$ | 2844 | 2444 | ， | 1264 | 1178 | 374 | 372 | 249 | 131 | 40 | 12 |  |  |
| Total | 193 | 2335 | 114114 | 96772 | 1411 | 44778 |  |  |  |  |  | 2930 |  |  |  |
| Total for 1896 |  | 2327 | 107803 | 92064 |  | 42181 | 4853 | 4545 |  |  | 58 |  |  | 394 | 309 262 |
| Increase |  | 9 | 6311 | 4708 | ${ }^{2} 62$ | 2597 | 2049 | 493 | 318 | 107 | 529 | 232 | 163 |  | 7 |

as existing 31st December，1897，is as follows：－Brice，1．Clarke，2；Ely，11；Fraser，6；Hagen，
10；Milne，2；Mitchell，21：Murray，1；Rein，27；Total 81．

C．－SUCCESS AND PROGRESS
a．Total number of Pupils presented for Standards
Total number of Pupils presented for Standards．
Number of Pupils who passed the Standard for which they were presented Percentage of passes．
d．Number of Schools inspected for the first time
Number of Schools where a comparision with a previous inspection is impossible for other f．Number of Schools where such a comparison is possible，
g．Number of Pupils present at inspection in these schools．
$h$ ．Of these，number presented for Standards at inspection．
Of these，number presented for Standards this year who were also present at previous
inspection． j．Of these，number of Pupils who passed a higher Standard this year．
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Do．} \\ & \text { d．} \\ & \text { do．}\end{aligned}$ the same Standard this year．
$\begin{array}{llll}l & \text { Do．} & \text { do．} & \text { the same Standard this year．} \\ l . & \text { Du．} & \text { do．} & \text { a lower Standard this year．}\end{array}$
$m$ ．Percentage of Pupils who passed a higher Standard this year
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Do．} & \text { do．} \\ \text { Do } & \text { the same Standard this year } \\ \text { Do．} & \text { do．}\end{array}$
lower Standard this year．

2．Arranged according to Classes of Schools

|  | Sp． | A． 1 | A． 2 | A． 3 | D | E | P．F． | Poor | B | C． 1 | C | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of schools inspected | 10 | 74 | 101 | 471157031412689.32 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 545 \\ 44193 \end{array}$ |  |  | 2336 |
| Do．pupils on rollDo．present <br> Pecentage ofdo．do． | 1811119639310463 |  | 8365760590.91 |  |  | 15699472$67 \cdot 52$ |  | 5803 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5173 |  |  |  |  | 34793 | 5441 | 18584 | 96772$84 \cdot 8$ |
|  | $81 \cdot 793 \cdot 45$ |  |  |  | $93 \cdot 486$ |  |  | 89•16 | $78 \cdot 72$ | 98.02 |  | 69•67 |
| Pupils unclassified <br> Do．in sub－standards <br> Do．in standurds and above |  | 18258275 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 2004 \\ 5584 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 46 \\ 216 \\ 210 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 1137 \\ 3233 \end{array}$ |  | 02122091209 | 36 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 547 } \\ +865 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8958 | 20583 |
| Pupils in Standard II． <br> Do． do． II． <br> Do． do． III． <br> Do． do． IV． <br> Do． do． V． <br> Do． do． VI． <br> Do． do． VII． <br> Do． Do． VII． <br> Dostandard   | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 24 \\ 23 \\ 6 \\ j \\ 2 \end{array}$ | 938 | 1023 | 2380 | 315151 |  |  |  |  |  | 3342 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 24 & 123 \\ 23 & 148 \end{array}$ | 205 | $\begin{aligned} & 2500 \\ & 1909 \\ & 1909 \end{aligned}$ |  | 54 | 922686 | 850 <br> 518 | 537643032198 | $\because$ | ${ }_{2832}$ | 1400 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3225 | 4412 |  |  |  |  | 1666 | 9765 |
|  |  | 16581293 | 120510311609 | $\begin{aligned} & 1909 \\ & 1218 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 686 523 | $\begin{aligned} & 518 \\ & 227 \end{aligned}$ | 2198 728 |  | 943 |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 490 \\ & 122 \end{aligned}$ | 12 | 17 | ${ }_{215}^{523}$ |  | 728 61 |  | 151 | 6376 2930 |
|  |  | 293 004 | 609 362 |  | 12 | .$^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr}80 & 15 \\ 15 & . \\ 2 & \cdots\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1605 \\ 55 \\ 554 \\ \hline 09\end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 417 \\ & 249 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage in Sub－standards <br> Do．   <br> Do． Standard I．  <br> Do． do． II．  <br> Do． do． III．  <br> Do． do． IV．  <br> Do． do． V．  <br> Do． Vo． do．  <br> DI． Do． do．  <br> DII．    <br> Do． Ex－standard   <br> Do． unclassified   <br>     |  | $17 \cdot 4426 \cdot 35$ |  | $38.0828 \cdot 69$ |  | ＋5．72 $25.9947 \cdot 59$ |  |  |  |  | 51．39 |  |
|  |  | 8．94 11.77 | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 40.05 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 15.95 \\ \hline \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 5 16.08 | $\begin{aligned} & 28.69 \\ & 512.71 \\ & 520.94 \end{aligned}$ | 117.16 11.44 | 25． 99 47．59 $63 \cdot 5$ $\begin{array}{ll}18 \cdot 0619 \cdot 76 & 15 \cdot 45\end{array}$ |  |  | ．． | 17.9615.24 | 46.2715.5414.4710.69 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9217 \% \\ & 8513 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }^{1.44} 9$ | $21 \cdot 07$ | $716 \cdot 43$ | $12 \cdot 37$ $6 \cdot 37$ | $\cdots 1$ |  |  |
|  |  | 11.77 14.18 | $\begin{aligned} & 715 \cdot 92 \\ & 815 \cdot 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 8820 \cdot 94 \\ & 3 \cdot 5213 \cdot 11 \\ & 8 \cdot 6010.05 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $6 \cdot 32$ |  | 15.24 8.97 | $10 \cdot 09$ |
|  | 1．27 | 712.36 | 86 8.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.6210 \cdot 25 \\ & 3477^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ |  | $2 \cdot 541$36$\cdot 4$ | 11.96 4.91 |  | －18 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | $\stackrel{2 \cdot 17}{81}$ | 6.593.031.66 |
|  |  | 9．59 | $4 \cdot 76$ | ． 86 | $4 \cdot 84$ |  | 1.83 | － 29 | ． 01 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $3 \cdot 98$ | $1 \cdot 43$ | －09 |  |  | －34 |  |  |  |  | 1.57.321.46 |
|  | $160 \cdot 81$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.38 \\ & 3 \cdot 47 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | ． 05 | $\cdot 19$ | 0898.51 |  | ．13 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2.64 | $9 \cdot 73$ | $\cdot 11$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Sp． | A． 1 | A． 2 | A． 3 | D | E | P．F． | Poor | B | C． 1 | c | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a． | 119 | 8116 | 5773 | 9245 | 181 | 234 | 3316 | 3005 | 14777 | 7 | 10099 | 54872 |
| $b$ ． | 97 | 6533 | 4367 | 642： | 121 | 128 | 2525 | 2032 | 8664 | 2 | 6103 | 36999 |
| c． | 81.51 | $80 \cdot 49$ | $75 \cdot 64$ | $69 \cdot 52$ | $66 \cdot 85$ | $54 \cdot 7$ | $76 \cdot 15$ | $67 \cdot 62$ | 58.63 | 28.57 | $60 \cdot 43$ | $67 \cdot 43$ |
| $d$. | ． | 1 | 3 | 89 |  | 3 | 165 | 56 | 32 |  | 33 | 382 |
| e． | 1 | ． | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 30 |
| f． | 9 | 73 | 97 | 379 | 4 | 9 | 376 | 147 | 501 | 7 | 322 | 1924 |
| $y$. | 367 | $10+35$ | 7386 | 12583 | 200 | 254 | 3066 | 3751 | 32825 | ．． | 17204 | 88115 |
| $h$. | 97 | 8088 | 5669 | 8351 | 159 | 111 | 2391 | 2415 | 14105 | ．． | 9640 | 51048 |
| $i$. | 60 | 5670 | 4070 | 6278 | 86 | 42 | 2185 | 1886 | 11582 | ．． | 6891 | 38750 |
| $j$. | 40 | 4647 | 3217 | 4507 | 66 | 10 | 1634 | 1306 | 6406 | ．． | 4157 | 25990 |
| k． | 20 | 1015 | 847 | 1736 | 19 | 27 | 547 | 572 | 5030 | ．． | 2649 | 12461 |
| 7. |  | 8 |  | 35 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 146 | ．． | 85 | 298 |
| $m$ ． | $66 \cdot 66$ | $81 \cdot 95$ | $79 \cdot 04$ | $71 \cdot 79$ | 76.74 | $23 \cdot 80$ | $75 \cdot 42$ | $69 \cdot 24$ | $55 \cdot 30$ | ．． | 60．32 | 67.07 |
| $n$. | $33 \cdot 33$ | 17.90 | $20 \cdot 81$ | 27.63 | 22.09 | $64 \cdot 28$ | 25.03 | $30 \cdot 32$ | $43 \cdot 51$ | ．． | 38.44 | 32．16 |
| o． | ．． | $\cdot 14$ | $\cdot 14$ | －55 | $1 \cdot 16$ | 11．90 | $\cdot 18$ | －42 | $1 \cdot 26$ | ．． | $1 \cdot 23$ | ．76 |


| Subject. |  |  | No. of Schools. | No. of Scholars. | Average Hours per Week. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basket-making . | .. | . | 3 | 150 | 2. |
| Book-keeping . |  |  | ${ }_{9}^{7}$ | 71 | ${ }_{1}^{1.21}$ |
| Botany Chemistry |  | $\ldots$ | 9 6 | 148 278 | 1.72 2.75 |
| Domestic Economy |  | $\ldots$ | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 51 | $\cdot 96$ |
| Cookery .. | .. | .. | 3 | 52 | 8. |
| Drawing .. |  | .. | 463 | 19221 | $1 \cdot 4$ |
| $\underset{\text { Dressmaking }}{\text { Drill, Physical . }}$ |  | .. | 525 | 64 32441 | $4 \cdot 62$ $1 \cdot 16$ |
| Dutch Grammar | .. | $\cdots$ | 120 | 4905 | $3 \cdot 02$ |
| Dynamics .. |  | .. | 4 | 46 | $1 \cdot 43$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Elocution }}^{\text {Eancy Work }}$. | .. | $\because$ | 1 | 14 40 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{1}$. |
| ${ }_{\text {Fancy }}$ Worch Work . |  | .. | $\stackrel{1}{3}$ | 40 334 | ${ }_{1} \cdot 8.8$ |
| Gardening $\quad .$. | $\because$ | . | 1 | 6 |  |
| German .. |  | . | 23 | 652 | $2 \cdot 41$ |
| Greek .. | .. | .. | 26 | 301 | $2 \cdot 42$ |
| House and Laundry Work |  | . | 4 | 97 | $16 \cdot 25$ |
| Kafir .. .. |  | .. | 12. | 24 | 2.25 2.37 |
| Literature, English |  | $\cdots$ | 1 | 74 | ${ }_{2 \cdot 68}$ |
| Mathematics . |  |  | 122 | 2080 | 3.32 |
| Music, Theory of | $\cdots$ | .. | 3 | 111 | $1 \cdot 33$ |
| Netting - |  | . | 3 | 19 |  |
| Painting Physics | $\because$ | $\because$ | 3 7 | 56 64 | 2.66 1.82 |
| Physiology .. $\quad .$. |  | $\ldots$ | 18 | 279 | $1 \cdot 82$ |
| Printing and Bookbinding |  | . | 1 | 11 | 52. |
| School Method . . .. |  | $\because$ | 1487 |  |  |
| Sewing Shoemaking . a |  | $\ldots$ | 1487 | 39521 42 | ${ }_{26}{ }^{2} \cdot 49$ |
| Shorthand ${ }^{\text {d }}$.. |  | $\because$ | 4 | 79 | $1 \cdot 41$ |
| Singing from Notes |  | $\cdots$ | 771 | 46249 | $1 \cdot 15$ |
| Smithy-work .- |  | . | ${ }_{1}$ |  | ${ }_{52}{ }^{3}$. |
| Wagon-making. ${ }_{\text {Woodwork }}$ |  | $\ldots$ | 1 4 | 1775 | $\stackrel{52 \cdot}{8.16}$ |
| Zoology | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 1 | 28 | $1 \cdot 87$ |

E.-COST OF SCHOOLS.

| Class. |  | Total Rate of Local Contribution. | Teachers with Free |  |  | Cost to Government per Pupil examined. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Board. | House. | Land. | Highest. | Lowest. | Average. |
| Sp. | $3920 \frac{5}{\frac{5}{4}}$ | 1971年 | 11 |  |  | 2310 412 | ${ }_{5}^{5} 0$ | 9 19 6 <br> 8   |
| A. 1 | $33915{ }^{\frac{5}{4}}$ | $31974{ }^{3}$ | 94 | 31 |  | $6{ }_{6}^{5} 5$ | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 8 \\ 0\end{array}$ | $3+93$ |
| A. 2 | $19115{ }^{\frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{6}}$ | $16636 \frac{3}{3}$ | 7 | 41 | 1 | ${ }_{5} 13 \quad 21$ | 01611 | $210 \quad 31$ |
| A. 3 | $28703^{\frac{10}{40}}$ | $21766{ }_{4}^{\text {¢ }}$ | 226 | 123 | 3 | 6134 | $010{ }^{0} 10$ | $207 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| D | 967 | 660 | 4 | 3 |  | 8156 | $24{ }^{4}$ | 3197 |
| E | 308 | 244 |  |  |  | 2100 | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$ | $0130 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| P.F. | $10922 \frac{3}{4}$ | $9990 \frac{1}{2}$ | 512 | 1 |  | $410{ }^{7}$ | 142 | 2911 |
| Poor | $13140 \frac{3}{3}$ | $1791 \frac{5}{\frac{5}{6}}$ | 113 | 32 | 2 | $810{ }^{0}$ | 0150 | 210919 |
| B | $23^{-75 \frac{1}{4}}$ | $13143{ }^{3}$ | 94 | 154 | 68 | 3 6 | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 5 & 0 \\ 5 & 0\end{array}$ | 0 13 |
| C. 1 | 4198 | 2323 | 11 | 11 |  | 11.00 | ${ }^{5} 009819$ | 7144 |
| C | $13921 \frac{1}{4}$ | $6447 \frac{1}{2}$ | 73 | 105 | 124 | 138 | 0 5 $0^{-}$ | () $1411 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| Total | $152888 \frac{7}{70}$ | 1069493 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 1145 | 501 | 198 | 2310 41 | $5089 \frac{1}{2}$ | 111 |


II.-NUMBER OF CANDIDATES FOR EXAMINATIONS IN SPECIAL SUBJECTS ARRANGED ACCORDING TO INSPECTORS' CIRCUITS.
[The number given in each case is the sum of the numbers taking the various examinations of
ach class.]

| Drawing. |  | Needlework. |  | Science. |  | Woodwork. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inspector. | No. | Inspector. | No. | Inspector. | No. | Inspector. | No. |
| Noaks .. | 176 | Noaks . | 106 | Le Roux | 62 | Le Roux | 138 |
| Fraser .. | 152 | Le Roux | 54 | Noaks.. | 42 | Noaks.. | 135 |
| Le Roux | 57 | Theron | 29 | Murray | 35 |  | 102 |
| Watermeyer | 37 | Mitchell | 20 | Brice .. | 32 | Murray | 73 |
| $\mathrm{Theron}_{\text {Ely }}$.. | 34 <br> 34 | Milne .. ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 17 | Ely . ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | 25 |  | 24 |
|  | 33 | Watermeyer .. | 13 | Fraser | 24 | Hofmeyr | 19 |
| Rein .. | 24 | Brice .. .. | 12 | Milne | 10 | Mitchell | 19 |
| Brice .. | 4 | Fraser | 12 | Theron | 7 | Fraser | 15 |
| Murray | 4 | Ely . | 7 | Hofmeyr | 6 | Milne | 6 |
| McLaren | 2 | McLaren | 4 | Watermeyer | 6 | Rein | 2 |
| Bennie .. | 1 | Murray | 4 | Clarke | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Clarke | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Extra- <br> Colonial | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  | Total | 280 | Total | 250 | Total | 583 |
|  | ธ24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G. 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

III.-SUMMARY OF NUMBER OF CANDIDATES FOR ALL DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER, 1897.

6. SCHOOL LIBRARIES
A.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO CLASSES OF SCHOOLS.

| Class of School. |  |  | 1897. | 1898. | Increase. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First and Second Class Public Schools Third Class Public Schools |  | $\cdots$ | 83 | 98 17 | 15 |  |
| Training Schools Special Schools Poor Schools Mission Schools | $\therefore$. $\cdots$ $\cdots$ .. | $:$ | $\because$ <br> $\because$ | 5 1 1 1 | $\because$ |  |
|  | Totals .. | . | 83 | 123 | 15 |  |

Note.-A comparison can made in the case of the First and second Class Pubic Schools, no record having been kept previously of libraries in the other classes of schools.
B.-ARRANGED ACCORDING TO INSPECTORS' CIRCUITS.


## . DIVISIONS INCLUDED IN INSPECTORATES.

| W. G. Bennie, B.A. <br> Barkly East <br> Glen Grey <br> Herschel <br> Elliot <br> Engcobo <br> Maclear <br> St. Mark's <br> Xalanga | J. H. Hofmeyr, M.A. <br> Calvinia <br> Ceres <br> Clanwilliam <br> Namaqualand <br> Piquetberg <br> Tulbagh <br> Van Rhyn's Dorp <br> Walfish Bay | T. W. Rein, B.A., Ph. D <br> Bizana <br> Elliotdale <br> Libode <br> Matatiele <br> Mount Ayliff <br> Mount Currie <br> Mount Fletcher <br> Mount Frere <br> Mqanduli |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. E. Bricz, B.A. | Rev. J. MoLaren, M.A. | Ngqeleni |
| Barkly West | Komgha | Ntabankulu |
| Gordonia | Stutterheim | Qumbu |
| ${ }_{\text {Hay }}^{\text {Herbert }}$ | Butterworth Idutywa | Tsolo |
| Hope Town | Kentani | Umtata |
| Kenhardt | Nqamakwe | Umzimkulu |
| Kimberley | Tsomo |  |
| Mafeking <br> Prieska | Willowvale |  |
| Vryburg | W. Milne, M.A., B.Sc. |  |
|  | Albert | B. P. J. Le Boux. |
| W. E. C. Clarke, M.A. | Aliwal North | Malmesbury |
| Fort Beaufort | Somerset East | Robertson |
| Queenstown | Tarka | Worcester |
| Stockenstrom | Wodehouse |  |
| Victoria East | J. Mitchell. |  |
| F. Howe Ely, M.A. | George |  |
| East London | Ladismith |  |
| King William's Town Peddie | Mossel Bay | G. P. Theron, B.A. |
| Peddie | Oudtshoorn Riversdale | ${ }_{\text {Beaufort West }}^{\text {Carnarvon }}$ |
| Rev. D. D. Fraser. |  | Fraserburg |
| Albany |  | Murraysburg |
| Alexandria | A. H. Murray, M.a. | Prince Albert |
| ${ }^{\text {Bathurst }}$ | Britstown | Sutherland |
| Port Elizabeth | ${ }_{\text {Graff-Reinet }}$ | Victoria West |
| Uitenhage | Hanover |  |
|  | Middelburg |  |
| hagen, B.A. | ${ }_{\text {Philipstown }}$ |  |
| Humansdorp | Richmond Steynsburg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ZL. }{ }^{V} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Jansenville | Stoysbar | Bredasdorp |
| Knysna | E. Noaks, M.A. | Caledon Stellenbosc |
| Willowmore | E. ${ }_{\text {Cape }}$ | Swellendam |

G. P. Theron, B. Beaufort
Carnarvon
Fraserburg Fraserburg
Murraysbur Murraysburg
Prince Albert Sutherland
C. E. Z. Watermeyer, B.A, Bredasdo
Stellenbosch

ANNEXURE III.
$\qquad$

FINANCE.

## INDEX.



## 1. STATE EXPENDITURE FOR PUBLIC EDUCATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE, $189 \%$

A. - OfFice :

$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Caff-Salaries } & . & . . & . . & . . & 4,878 & 13 & 4 \\ \text { Contingencies } & . . & . & . & . . & 131 & 17 & 7\end{array}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { B.-Inspectorate : } \\
& \text { Regular Staff-Salaries }
\end{aligned}
$$

Do. Travelling Expenses Casual
C.-Higher Enucation :

University
chool and Cullege $\ddot{\text { Bursaries }}$ . $\quad$.
South African College (Special Grant, Ordinance
No. 11 of 1837) .. .. ... $400 \quad 0 \quad 0$
Colleges $\qquad$
a. Salaries
$\begin{array}{rrr}5,921 & 12 & 0 \\ 1,637 & 10 & 0 \\ 233 & 9 & 1\end{array}$
0
0
b. Merit Grants
c. Chemicals, Apparatus, \&c $\qquad$
D.-Training of Teachers:
ducational Museum
nstructors in Drawing
Do. Singing
Do. Singing
Do. Wordwork
Instructress in Needlework
Do. Physical Exercises

Allowance to Principals on passing Pupil Teachers $1,670 \quad 30$
Pensions Granted
4. Good Service List .. .. .. .. .. 7d

b. Railway Fare and Cart hire to

Lecturers .. $\quad . \quad$.
Railway Fare and Cart hire to
Pupil Teachers
$48 \quad 12 \quad 6$
d. Books, Furniture and Materials
e. Petty Expenses Vacation Courses
$578 \quad 19 \quad 9$
$\qquad$
Ontingencies :-
Pupil Teachers' Monthly Railway
Fares
Rent of Room
Rent of Room
Gas supplied
Gas supplied
Petty Expenses

- $\quad 8 \quad 5$

Examination for Certificates
Transport of Departmental Instructurs
Transport of Departmental Instructurs . .
Pupil Teachers' Institute and School of Art, Cape
Town and Pupil Teachers'
E.-Schools :
$7,981 \quad 9 \quad 9$

Undenominational Public Schools
White Mission Schools
Boarding Schools
Poor Schools
Private Farm Schools
$\begin{array}{rrr}333 & 4 & 9 \\ 896 & 3 & 8 \\ 88 & 8 & 11\end{array}$
$1,588 \quad 5 \quad 10$
$\qquad$

$\begin{array}{rrr}61,339 & 9 & 2 \\ 3,726 & 15 & 0\end{array}$
-3,726 150
$\begin{array}{lrrr}\text {. } & 5,246 & 18 & 4 \\ \cdots & 10,332 & 13 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}. & 10,332 & 13 & 4 \\ \ldots & 9,173 & 3 & 8\end{array}$
$5,010 \quad 10 \quad 11$
$13,571 \quad 6 \quad 8$

Native Industrial Institutions
Mission Schools
Evening Schools
Trade Schools for Poor Whites
Transkei, Schools for all Classes
Tembuland,
Do.
Griqualand East, Do. ..
Pondolond, Do. ..
Pupil Teachers .. ...
Maintenance Grants .
a. Boarders and Apprentices
b. Fees for Indigent Children
.. .. £3,549 68

| . |  | $\ldots$ | $£ 3,549$ | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ |  | . | 23,316 | 3 |


| . |  |  | 430 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | . | 352 | 0 | 0 |

    \(\begin{array}{lllll}\ldots & . . & 4,041 & 8 & 9\end{array}\)
    \(\begin{array}{lllll}. & \quad . & 4,041 & 8 & 9 \\ \cdots & . & 4,193 & 19 & 2\end{array}\)
    \(\begin{array}{lllll}. & \cdots & 3,995 & 7 & 3\end{array}\)
    \(\cdots \quad \quad . . \quad \begin{array}{rrrr}273 & 5 & 0 \\ \cdots & 699 & 6 & 8\end{array}\)
    .. \(\quad .{ }^{*} 11,399 \quad 6 \quad 8\)
    \(\begin{array}{llrrr}\cdots & \cdots & 6,601 & 3 & 2\end{array}\)
    $\begin{array}{llllll}\cdots & \cdots & 6,285 & \dot{7}^{6} & 6 & 6,316 \\ & 12 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}31 & 4 & 6\end{array}$

Rent of Land and Buildings . .
Books, Apparatus, \&o.. . $\quad . \quad 1,781 \quad 10 \quad 4$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Bursaries for VI Standard } & . & . . & . . & 6,967 & 0 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Part Travelling Expenses of Teachers on Appointment } & \ddot{0} & 297 & 6\end{array}$
School Buildings in Poor Districts .. .. $42910 \quad 0$
Interest on Building Loans .. .. .. $\quad 2,970 \quad 8 \quad 3$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Travelling Expenses of Geological Classes } & \ldots & 2, & 3 & 5 & 4\end{array}$
Grant to Supplement the Teachers' Pension Fund $\quad \begin{array}{lll}900 & 0 & 0\end{array}$
Total..

$$
167,891 \quad 12 \quad 0
$$

## MEMORANDUM.

Payments made by the various Magistrates in the Transkeian Territories for the quarter ended 30th June, 1897, during June, were accounted for by the Chief Magistrates in July, and are, therefore, not included in this Financial Statement. They were as follows :-


[^5]

## 3. PENSIONS GRANTED

Tnder the provisions of the Teachers' Pension and Fund Act, No. 43 of 1887, the following Pensions to Teachers have been approved :-
Date.

4. GOOD SERVICE LIST

| Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. | Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams, F. | February. | Clarke, J. | June. |
| Alberta, Sister. | December. | Clarry, R. W. | May. |
| Alexander, Miss E. J. | June. | Clement, Sister. | June. |
| Alexia, Sister M. | December. | Cluver, F., B.A. | Do. |
| Aloysius, Sister M. (R.C., |  | Cluver, Miss J. | December. |
| K.W. Town) | Do. | Cockson, E. H. | March. |
| Aloysius, Sister M. (R.C., St. Patrick's, (\%. Town) | Do. | Coetzer, J. N. Cornelissen, Miss A. | September. Do. |
| Anderson, Rev. G. W. | September. | Cornwall, Miss M. E. | March. |
| Anderson, Rev. G. B. | Do. | Cotter, Sister M. B. | Do. |
| Annecke, P. | June. | Crawford, Miss H. | March. |
| Arends, J. | Do. | Cumbela, A. J. | June. |
| Armstrong, Miss K. | December. | Cummings, Miss A. M. | September. |
| Augustine, Sister. | March. | Cummings, Miss E. A. | May. |
| Baalie, F. J. | December. | Cuthbert, J. R. | October. |
| Balie, R. | March. | Daly, Miss M. A. | March. |
| Ball, G. H. | June. | Daniel, W. | Do. |
| Bampton, F. W. | January. | Daniels, Miss C. | September. |
| Basson, Miss D. | June. | Daoma, Anne. | February. |
| Basson, P. A. | Do. | Davidson, J. | March. |
| Berning, A. M. | December. | Davis, Rev. H. W. | Deoember. |
| Berthold, E. | June. | Deary, Miss E. J. | Do. |
| Beswick, F. | July. | De Jager, Miss M. | September. |
| Bett, W. R. | June. | De Kock, D. J. | December. |
| Bland, D. | Do. | De Kock, Miss M. | March. |
| Bleby, Miss A. S. ; B.A. | March. | De K.ock, Miss M. J. | December. |
| Bliss, Miss A. | December. | De Labat, B. J. | May. |
| Bloemkolk, M. P. | March. | De Leeuw, E. A. | March. |
| Bohlmann, J. A. | September. | Dennis, C. | December. |
| Bollen, F. G. | December. | De Smidt, J. H. | June. |
| Bonaker, Mrs F. | Do. | De Villiers, Miss A. | March. |
| Booysen, E. J. | March. | De Villiers, A. B. | September. |
| Botha, M. J. | December. | De Villiers, Miss M. | December. |
| Bresler, J. | June. | De Villiers, S. J. | September. |
| Brink, Miss A. E. | Do. | Devine, Miss G. | August. |
| Brink, C. P. | Do. | De Vos, A. P. | September. |
| Brink, P. A. | September. | De Wet, A. P. | August. |
| Brink, P. J. | March. | De Wet, Miss M. | June. |
| Broster, T. | February. | De Wet, P. F. | Do. |
| Brown, Miss E. L. | June. | Dickenson, Miss E. | September. |
| Bruce, Rev. W. R. | March. | Dix, R. | June. |
| Burbidge, Rev. G. T. | December. | Dodd, Rev. D. | Do. |
| Calderwood, Miss M. | August. | Dods, D. A. | December. |
| Campbell, Miss 'T. M. | September. | Dowling, Miss E. J. | February. |
| Carnie, A. T. | February. | Dowling Sister M. Ray- | December. |
| Cembi, D. | December. | mond |  |
| Chambers, Miss A. | January. | Dreyer, J. C. | March. |
| Chaney, Miss S. | March. | Driver, A | June. |
| Chapman, Mrs. C. | June. | Dryden, Miss M. H. | December. |
| Chilton, Miss E. | December. | Dunga, B. | Do. |
| Cillie, Miss M. M. Cilliers, Miss S. | Do. | Du Plessis, J. S. | January. |
| Cilliers, 1 | March. | Du Toit, A. F. | March. $\vee 2$ |


| Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. | Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Du Toit, C. F. | December. | Herholdt, Miss J. M. | June. |
| Du Toit, S. J. | September. | Hill, H.; B.A. | Do. |
| Eaton, L. | June. | Hlangwana, I. J | April. |
| Ebeling, Miss A. M. | March | Hockly, Miss L. | September. |
| Eksteen, Miss E. C. | Do. | Hoogenhout, C. P. | Do. |
| Esselen, Miss C. E. | June. | Hope, Miss M. W. | July. |
| Euvrard, F. C. | September. | Hornabrook, Rev. R. F. | June. |
| Euvrard, J. G. | June. | Hosking, G. T. ; B.A. | Do. |
| Every, Miss F. Falati, N. | Do. | Hugo, J. С. | September. |
| Fanti, E. | June. | Hurst, W. J. | June. |
| Featherstone, Miss B. | Dc. | Hutchinsou, G. P. | July. |
| Fini, R. | March. | Immelman, C. J. | September. |
| Forbes, Miss J. C. | December. | Immelman, P. D. | June. |
| Forman, W. J.; B.A. | Do. | Immelman, S. A. | December. |
| Forsyth, Miss K. | June. | Inglis, J.; M.A. | Do. |
| Fouché, W. C. <br> Fourie, J S | March | Innes, Miss H. Rose | September. |
| Franken, P. F. | July. | Jacks, J. | June. |
| Frans, E. | June. | Jackson, Mrs. H. | December. |
| Fransch, Rosa | July. | Jackson, W. | Do. |
| Fransman A. | November. | Jaeger, F. W. | September. |
| French, G. | March. | Janssen, Miss H. | December. |
| Frylinck, D. E. | September. | Johnston, Miss J. | Do. |
| Frylinck, J. R. | March. | Jonker, J. | April. |
| Gallant, R. | Do. | Jordaan, P. D. | December. |
| Galvin, Sister Pius. | December. | Joseph, Sister M. | June. |
| Ctantz, Miss C. L. | October. | Joubert, Miss D. | Do. |
| Gatt, J. B. | May. | Juffernbruch, C. | December. |
| Gawe, S. | August. | Kannemeyer, P. | April. |
| Gericke, J. C. | September. | Kennedy, Miss M. | December. |
| Geyser, H. J. | June. | Kiddell, Miss L. | July. |
| Gie, C. J. | May. | Kikillus, Rev. J. | December. |
| Glennie, Miss C. F. | April. | Kilkelly, Miss A. | March. |
| Glynn-Wright, J. | December. | Kinna, Miss M. | June. |
| Godden, T. W. | March. | Kirsten, Miss M. B. | April. |
| Goliath, J. | Do. | Kleinschmidt, W. G. | September. |
| Golightly, T. S. | September. | Klinek, J. D. | October. |
| Gordon, H. | December. | Kretze. , R. D. | June. |
| Greathead, Miss E. B. | January. | Krige, D. J. | March. |
| Greig, W. M. | December. | Krige, J. D. | December. |
| Griffiths, Mrs. M. | March. | Kupferburger, Miss C. | Do. |
| Groenewald, M. | May. | Lamont, J. | April. |
| Gundwana, J. | February. | Langa, C. | September. |
| Haas, Miss F. | December. | Lauwrence, Miss E. S. | January. |
| Häfele, C. J. | September. | Laws, Miss G. | September. |
| Halcrow, T. S. | December. | Le Cornu, W.; M.A. | January. |
| Hanrahan, Miss K. | Do. | Leipoldt, Miss M. C. | November. |
| Harper, Miss A. E. | Do. | Le Roux, Rev. A. G. | September. |
| Harris, Miss A. M. | March. | Le Roux, D. F. | July. |
| Harris, A. V. | September. | Le Roux, J. G. | June. |
| Hartle, Miss A. C. | June. | Le Roux, Miss J. P. | December. |
| Hauptfleisch, Miss N. | September. | Le Roux, P. G. | March. |
| Heese, Miss F. | October. | Linnenkohl, Miss A. | June. |
| Henderson, D. H. | April. | Linney, Miss S. A. | Do. |
| Hendrickse, A. J. | March. | Lister, Miss A. | Do. |
| Hendrickse, C. W. | December. | Lloyd, G. A. |  |
| Hendrickse, J. M. | June. | Lloyd, W. H. | September. |
| Herbert, Miss M. | December. | Long, Miss S. J. | June. |


| Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. | Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Louis, E. | April. | Morton, Miss E. ; L.L.A. | December. |
| Louw, F. B. | June. | Moyle, Mrs. E. J. | June. |
| Lusaseni, P. | December. | Moyle, M. P. | October. |
| Lutumbu, A. | Do. | Mpondo, S. | June. |
| Lwana, J. | March. | Msikinya, C. | September. |
| Mabandla, Jessie. | June. | Msutwana, A. | December. |
| MacCrone, R. ; M.A. | December. | Mtombeni, J. | June. |
| MacCuaig, A. | Do. | Mtshemla, N . | Do. |
| Maci, A. | Do. | Muller, Miss A. | December. |
| Mackay, N . | March. | Muller, F. | April. |
| Macleod, A. G. ; M.A. | December. | Muller, Rev. H. | December. |
| Madolwana, T. | September. | Mullins, Rev. R. | August. |
| Magdalen, Sister M. | August. | Murray, Miss H. | March. |
| Magocoba, H. | Mareh. | Musson, Miss A. | December. |
| Magungu, J. | October | Myburgh, Miss M. | June. |
| Mahali, J. | June. | Nakin, J. | Do. |
| Mahlaka, J. | September. | Nason, Miss L. | Do. |
| Makapela, J. | December. | Naudé, Miss H. | May. |
| Malherbe, Miss J. E. | May. | Ndubela, S. | December. |
| Mama, W. | December. | Ndwandwa, N. | April. |
| Marais, Miss A. A. | March. | Nel, L. F. | July. |
| Marais, Miss A. C. | September. | Nelson, A. C. | September. |
| Marais, F G. | Do. | Ngana, S. | December. |
| Marais, Miss J. | March. | Nicol, M. | August. |
| Martin, Miss S. J. | Do. | Njokwani, A. | June. |
| Martindale, Miss J. E; | June. | Ngaka, J. | December. |
| Marsh, E. | October. | Nstikana, W. | Do. |
| Mashizi, F. | September. | Ntikinea, H. | September. |
| Mashizi, H . | June. | Ntloko, W. R. | December. |
| Masiza, Pauline. | December. | Ntobongwana, J. | June. |
| Mason, S. ; B.A. | September. | Ntondini, J. | December. |
| Matodlana, N . | March. | Nzoyi, S. | Do. |
| Matshoba, J. | December. | O'Connell, Miss A. M. | Do. |
| Mayeza, I. J. | - Do. | Oliver, O. J. | June. |
| Mazwi, B. | April. | Olthoff, Miss S. A. | February. |
| Mazwi, P. | December. | Orchard, Miss E. L. | June. |
| Mbambiza, H. | Do. | Orsmond, Miss E. E. | December. |
| Mbeki, M. | September. | Page, O. F. | June. |
| McKay, Miss A. | June. | Palmer, Miss M. B. | August. |
| MoKenzie, Mrs. Y. | Do. | Pamla, G. | June. |
| McLachlan, Miss A. H. | March. | Pamla, M. | December. |
| McLeod, Miss A. | December. | Parkinson, G. W. | July. |
| Mdudu, C. | Do. | Parratt, J. W. | December. |
| Melvill, Miss M. | Do. | Pattison, Rev. J. | September. |
| Meredith, W. U.; M.A. | June. | Pauw, D. A. | June. |
| Meyer, Miss M. C. | March. | Pauw, J. C. | September. |
| Mgijima, C. | December. | Pauw, T. C. | Do. |
| Michie, M. A. | June. | Peebles, Miss M. A. | December. |
| Midelton, Miss E. | September. | Pemberton, J. | June. |
| Miller, C. G. | December. | Perring, Miss C. | Do. |
| Mills, Miss E. | February. | Peters, Rev. T. H. ; M.A. | March. |
| Milne, G. A. | September. | Pfeiffer, E. | December. |
| Minnaar, Miss L. | Do. | Phillips, D. M. | Do. |
| Mitchell, Miss A. | March. | Pienaar, Miss A. S. | June. |
| Mitchell, S. H. | June. | Pienaar, G. F. | September. |
| Mollett, Rev. P. R. | December. | Pienaar, Miss H. H. | November. |
| Moncholomie, H . | Do. | Poole, Miss A. | December. |
| Monyakuane, N . | Do. | Pressly, J. S. ; M.A. | May. |
| Moore, Miss M. L. | September. | Pride, Miss V. | December. |

Finance.

| Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. | Names. | Month when Allowance falls due. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Proctor, J. | July. | Stofberg, F. J. | December |
| Prozesky, Rev. C. | August. | Stroebel, H. Н. | June. |
| Quail, J. | June. | Stucki, Miss C. M. | February. |
| Rainer, Rev. A. G. | December. | Stucki, M. J. | September. |
| Raphael, Sister M. Raymond Sister M | Do. | Sutton, Rev. J. G. ; M.A. | June. |
| Raymond, Sister M. Redford, Miss C. E. | Do. September. | Swemmer, J. W. Tas, S. | Do. |
| Redford, Miss E. L. | March. | Taylor, W. T. | May. |
| Rein, R. | March. | Theron, D. K. | July. |
| Ketief, H. P. | June. | Theunissen, P. | September. |
| Rettie, J.; M.A. | Do | Thomas, W. | August. |
| Reynolds, P. | April. | Thompson, P. | January. |
| Rhoda, Mrs. R. | March. | Tobias, Miss M. J. | June. |
| Roberts, A. E. Roberts, Miss E. | April. | Tunyiswa, T. | December. |
| Roberts, Miss E. Roberts, Miss M. E. | December. | Twycross, Miss* ${ }_{\text {® }} \mathrm{H}$. | Do. |
| Roberts, Miss M. E. Rosenow, C. F. | Do. | Tyamzashe, P. | Do. |
| Ross, Miss J. | March. <br> December. | Uas, J. | ${ }^{\text {Do }}$ |
| Rossouw, Miss A. M. | December: September. | Van Blommestein, D. | June. <br> March |
| Rossouw, Miss E. H. | March. | Van Copenhagen, G. | December. |
| Roux, A. P. | December. | Van der Horst, E. J. | March. |
| Roux, D. G. | June. | Van der Spuy, M. J. | June. |
| Roux, G. J. | December. | Van Heerde, G. L. | January. |
| Roux, P. E. | January. | Van Heusden, Mrs. | March. |
| Ruiter, A. J. | December. | Van Niekerk, Miss C. | December. |
| Russell, W. A. ; M.A. | Do. | Varnfield, G. | Do. |
| Sampson, J. H. | Do. | Venn, Mrs. C. | February. |
| Schaefer, J. D. | June. | Von Bonde, G. C. | January. |
| Schellink, Miss D. | Do. | Vorster, Miss A. E. | December. |
| Scheublé, Miss F. C. | December. | Vos, Mrs. A. | Do. |
| Scheublé, Miss M. | Mareh. | Wagner, F. H. | Do. |
| Schmidt, Miss M. | September. | Wagner, J. H. | Do. |
| Schroder, Miss F. | December. | Waitt, Miss G. O. | January. |
| Scott, A. | Do. | Walker, Miss M. | June. |
| Scott, W. McD. | March. | Walker, Miss M. J. | December. |
| Searle, Miss F. | June. | Wallis, Miss E. | September. |
| Sedeman, S. M. | December. | Walsh, J. | December. |
| Sehlabo, M. | August. | Walters, M. M. | June. |
| Sheppard, E. B. | April. | Way, W. A. | October. |
| Shosha, E. | December. | Weeber, Miss M. | May. |
| Sidziya, F: | February. | Weich, S. B. | March. |
| Siebert, Miss M. J. | January. | Wessel, H. W. | December. |
| Sihunu, Mrs. M. | December. | Whiteside, Rev. J. | June. |
| Smit, A. W. | September. | Whitton, J. R. | December. |
| Smith, Miss A. E. | June. | Whyte, Miss M. | Do. |
| Smith, Rev. G. | Iecember. | Wilkinson, A. B. | June. |
| Smith, J. | Do | Willebrord, Brother | March. |
| Smith, P. ; M.A. | June. | Williams, Miss L. E. | April. |
| Smuts, M. | Do. | Wilson, G. W. | January. |
| Solilo, A. | December. | Wilson, T. W. | December. |
| Solms, Miss U. | Do. | Wium, J. | Do. |
| Sopelo, S. | June. | Woeke, S. V. | July. |
| Soyizwapi, A. | December. | Woodcook, J. B. | January. |
| Spyker, Miss A. H. | February. | Wyatt, Miss M. | December. |
| Stahl, Miss E. M. | Mareh. | Xakekile, J. | March. |
| Starkey, E. J. ; B.A. | February. | Xatasi, W. | Do. |
| Stegmann, Rev. J. F. | December. | Xavier, Sister. | July. |
| Stegmann, Mrs. L. | June. | Zeeman, D. W. | December. |
| Steyn, Miss S. D. | March. | Zeeman, J, F. | January. |
| Stocks, A. R. | December. |  |  |


[^0]:    *For details see Government Gazette, Education Office Notice No. 11 of 1898

[^1]:    * Two small White Schools (one in Barkly West and one in Hay) were not inspected in $1890^{\circ}$
    , the number of schools would be 70 , the enrolment about 2,720 .
    [G. 7-'9ð.]

[^2]:    Compared with the corresponding figures for 1895, the Roll and Attendance for 1897 show an increase of 768 and 829 , respectively.

[^3]:    Present at Inspection.
    No. of pupils presented in Standards who were present at las

    Of these number who reached a higher Standard ............... 289
    " same " .............. 95
    " lower " ................ 0

[^4]:    [G, 7--'98.]

[^5]:    * Including $£ 205 \mathrm{10s} .0$ I. Interest on "Slave Compensation" and "Bible and School C smmission " Funds.

