> The Report on the
> Census of Production for 1954

Volume 8: Industry I
COCOA, CHOCOLATE AND SUGAR CONFECTIONERY

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 \& 11 Geo. 6 Ch. 39, Sec. 7)

## LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

## 1957

## The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 8 INDUSTRY I

COCOA, CHOCOLATE AND SUGAR CONFECTIONERY

THIS REPORT on the Cocoa, Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly, in the manufacture of cocoa butter and powder, drinking chocolate and chocolate confectionery of all kinds, boiled sweets, toffee, caramels, marzipan, licorice chewing gum and all other types of sweets

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 156 in the Standard Industrial Classification

LIST OF TABLES

| Table | Title | Page | Table No. | Title | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Industry summary: estimates for the industry as a whole | 8/I/3 | 6 | Sales of principal products of the industry by estab- lishments classified to other industries | 8/I/6 |
| 2 | Summary of returns received | 8/I/3 | 7 | Sales in the industry of other than principal products | 8/I/6 |
| 3 | Analysis by size, 1954 | 8/I/4 | 8 | Total make of intermediate products | 8/I/7 |
| 4 | Anal ysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954 | 8/I/4 | 9 | Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 | 8/I/7 |
| 5 | Sales of principal products | 8/I/5 | 10 | Ave rage number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments | 8/I/8 |
|  | sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries |  | 11 | Employment in a specified week | 8/I/9 |

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In inter preting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind

Estimates for the industry as a whole

The following notes describe term in general use
nithe tables of the report. More detailed explona-
ions of the terms used and a description of the scope ions of the terms used and a description of the scope
ind method of taking the census are qiven in the separ-
nd meter and
ate booklet entitled The Report on the Census of Pro-
duction for 1954 - Introductory Notes (price 18. 6d. Industrial Classification: Establishments are classiff-
 putand as ar as possibie. In and Certain products
Standard Industrial Classification.
are identified as the principal products of individual

 industry if its output of the principal products of that
industry accounted for a queater proportion of the value
of its output than did its output of the principal proof its output than did its output of the principal pro-
ducts of any other industry. Specialist producers normally comprise those establish
ments so per cent. or more of whose oratal output by
monter value is accounted fo
the specialist group.
Intermediate products: For some industries figures are
given showing the total quantities made during the year given showing the total quantities made during the year
of intermediate products, i.e.. products which may be of ther proce
are produced.
Larger establishments: The information given in the re-
port relates mainly to larger establishments
in port relates mainly to 'larger establishments. i. .e.
establishments of firms employing on the average more than 10 persons. In in most cares an est tabisishment come
prises the whole of the premises under the same ouner
 or factoryiar plices. of business situated apart from
other anciliary
the producing works are not regarded as separate estabthe producing works are not regarded as separate estabe
lishmente and are included in the return for the works. Sma11 firms ar
The estimates for the industry as a whole given in
Table are normally obtained by increasing the other items shown in the same proportion as total employment. Gross output (procuction) is the to tal value of goods
made and other work done during the year: it is obtainod by adjusting the value of sales and work done during
the year for changes in the value of stocks of products the year for changes in the value of
on hand for sale and work in progress.
Net output is the amount left after deduct ing from the
value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of matvalue of gross output the aggregate of the cost of mat
erials and fuel used, the mount paid for work given out and for 1951 and 1954, any transport payments made.
This represents the value added ot onaterials by the pro-
cess of production, and constitutes the fund from which

 Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the
establishant covered by the return or made on commissestablishant covered by the return or made on commiss-
Ton for it. whether produced in the year or not. The
value of sales is the net selling value. i.e. the value of sales is
amount charged to delivered basis. and net of any trade oiscounts. agents.
comisisions. allownces for returnable cases. purchase
tax tax. etc. For Goods charged on a delivered busis to
customers verseas. firms were required to give the
f.o.b. value. Materials and fuel. The total cost of materials and
fuel purchased inciudes all purchases during the yare
ing oil. gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing
materials. including the full cost of returnable cases

 people included in their returns: consumable tools:
and parts for machinery purchased as repacements.
purchases of goods for merchanting are excluded.
 obtained by adjusting purcha
year in the value of stocks.
Stocks: Firms nere required to give stocks of materials and fuel. products on hand for sale, and work in pro-
gress. at income tax values. Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is
normally included in the cost of materials. Finished normally included in the cost of materials. Anty ind
goods are similarly valued as they were sold. duty
or goods are similarly valued as they were sold. duty-paid
ordue net amount of any duty paid is de-
ducted in arriving at net output. Employment: Total employment includes morking propriet. and operatives, but excludes outworkers. canteen employ ee and persons engaged in merchanting or any other ac
tivity not covered by ofirm's return. *ho are show separately a excluded employees. Employes are per.
sons on the pay-roll (i.e.. persins whose National In surance cards ware held by employers). whether employed
fulltitime or partotime. Morking proprietors are proprietors of businesses other
than limited companies. t toget her with members of the ir than 1 mited companies, together with members of the ir
 halq the normal hours are excluded. For Northern
Ireland directors of limited companies (other than those paid by fee only) are also included.
Administrative, tectnical and clerical employees include Northern Ireland): managers, superintendents and works Coremen, research, experimental, development, technical
and design employees (other than operatives): draugh ta
nen mon and tracers tre trav
works office) employees
Operatives include all other classes of employees, i.e.
broadly speaking, all manual workers. Outworkers are persons employed by the firm who work on
materials supplied by the firm in their own homes. Wages and sal aries include all overtime payments, bonus.
os and comissions nithout any deductions for income tax
Tor
 insurnts to morking proprietore
Capital expendi ture includes expenditure on new building
work. and on plant, machinery and vehiciles. charged to capptal ancount during the eyar. including any transpor
and installation costs involved. It includes expendi
and and installation costs involved. It includes expendi
ture in respect of establishments in Great Britain mich had not hequa production before the end of the year
had indich has not previousy been included in the Census of
(Wriduction reports for individual industries). Production re
Symbols used:
for not available for nil or negligitle (less than half the final
for nil or negligitle (less than half the final
digit shown).
 est
cies between the sums of constiturent it tems and the tot
als shown. In some cases, figures have been combine als shown. In some cases, figures have been combine separate details might dis.
an individual undertaking.

|  | United Kingdom |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Scotland } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{1954}{\text { Wales }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 | 1951 | 1954 |  |  |
|  | Emillion | £ million | £ million | £ million | £ million |
| Gross output (production) | 94.4 | 168.2 | 248.7 | 12.65 | 1.86 |
| Net output | 31.4 | 48.5 | 81.7 | 4.31 | 0.85 |
| Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year Change during year | 18.0 $+\quad 4.4$ | 30.8 $+\quad 16.1$ | 43.9 $+\quad 20.4$ | 1.73 $+\quad 0.25$ | 0.14 $+\quad 0.04$ |
| Capital expenditure less disposals (a) | 2.0 | 4.4 | 8.7 | 0.42 | 0.11 |
| Wages and salaries | 15.0 | 22.9 | 35.4 | 1.93 | 0.44 |
|  | Thousands | Thousands | Thousands | Thousands | Thousands |
| -orking proprietors) | 56.3 | 74.8 | 96.8 | 6.47 | 1.28 |

TABLE 2
Summary of returns received

| TABLE 2 |
| :--- |


 cover payments for transporto of trath fini thed goods fold and materials and fuel purchased.
(c) Number in week ended September
(d) Excluding outworkers en including working proprietors.
(o) Excluding
(o) Excluding expendi ture in establing shent s not yet in production.
(f) Excluding Northem Ireland. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for
60418)

COCOA, CHOCOLATE AND SUGAR CONFECTIONERY
Analysis by size, 1954
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

| Average number employed (a) | Estab-lish- <br> ments | Grossout put | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Nutput } \end{gathered}$ | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | Capitalexpenditure(b) | Net outputper personemployed(a) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Operatives | Others | Operatives | Others |  |  |
|  | Number | £ 000 | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ | Number | Number | £. 000 | \&. 000 | £. 000 | $\varepsilon$ |
| 11-24 (c) | 77 98 | 2.408 6.440 | 907 2.545 | ${ }_{2}^{1.110}$ | 233 590 | ${ }_{715}^{298}$ | 125 336 | 130 350 | 668 763 763 |
| 50-99 | 74 | 9,926 | 4.160 | 4.224 | 759 | 1.138 | 565 | 484 |  |
| $100-199$ | 53 | 18.384 | ${ }^{6} .384$ | ${ }^{6.241}$ | 1.351 | 1.768 |  |  |  |
| $200-299$ $300-399$ | 22 18 | ${ }_{15.622}^{15.851}$ | 6.419 6.155 | 4.362 <br> 5.384 <br> 1.3 | 916 967 | 1.371 1.606 | 656 728 | $\begin{aligned} & 884 \\ & 927 \end{aligned}$ | 1.216 969 |
| 400-499 | 5 | 4.445 | 1.834 | 1.895 | 288 | 526 | 226 | 152 | 840 |
| $500-749$ 750 | 14 | 19.213 <br> 16.888 | 6.522 6.090 | 6.982 6.827 | 1.243 1.121 | 1.954 1.937 | 702 698 | 1.082 679 | 793 766 |
|  |  |  | 10.069 |  |  | 3.548 | 1.179 | 1.369 | 746 |
| ${ }_{2}^{1,000 ~ a n d ~ o v e r ~}$ | 7 | 101.539 | 28.175 | 27.974 | 5.163 | 10.262 | 3.164 | ${ }_{2,123}$ | 850 |
| Total | 386 | 241.252 | 79.261 | 79.365 | 14.492 | 25,122 | 9,222 | 8,887 | 844 |
| (a) Excluding <br> (b) Capital ex <br> (c) Including <br> were inc |  |  | larger | g proprieto and on acqu ts with fewe ta bli shmen ts |  |  | ed. | vehicles. <br> iculars of | xcluding <br> wich |

Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

| Larger establishments in the United Kingdom |
| :--- |
| TABLE 4 |

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom
table 5

| TABLE 5 5 |
| :--- |

(60418)

| TABLE 6 |
| :--- |

(a) The volume number and industry references given are to the industries stovn in th
this roport.
Sales in the industry of other than principal products
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

|  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value |
|  | Th.cort. | $8^{\prime} 000$ |
| Table jellites (squares, ponders, crystals and compounds) | 181 | 1.725 |
| Preserved fruit | 75 | 659 |
| Bread improvers, oake extender and similar products | 29 | 118 80 |
| Pudding and cake mixtures, bun flours and similar products | 17 | 80 134 |
| Farinaceous preparations for use as food (excluding proprietary food drinks) | .. ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }_{172}^{134}$ |
| Fruit curd and honey | 26 | 183 |
| Nuts, shelled, ground or otherwise prepared (including desicoated coconut) | 53 | 1.203 |
| Vinegar, pepper, ground spices and seasonings, stuffings and forcemeat | ${ }^{8}$ | 45 87 |
| Soft drinks |  | 87 |
| Other food and drink products (including patent proprietary foods and drinks) | 19 | 5.779 550 |
| Sugar, ground and othervise propared for icing. fondants, etc. | 148 | 550 |
| Medicated confectionery (including that containing a therapeutic dose and the like) | $\stackrel{.}{\text { Th. } 1 \mathrm{~b}}$. | 788 |
| Theobromine | 365 | ${ }^{203}$ |
| Chemical manu factures and products | .. | 19 |
| Oils, fats and greases | . | 263 |
| Manu factures of paper and cardboard | .. | 263 25 |
| Wooden toys. plastic fancy goods and Christmas stockings |  | 919 |
| Total |  | 12.998 |


|  | Quantity | Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Th.owt. | £. 000 |
| Materials (contd.) |  |  |
| Packing materials (contd.) ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Paper-board for packaging bought as such | 334 | 1.450 |
| Tinplate | . 57 | ${ }_{31}^{260}$ |
| Tin containers bought as such | . | 2.300 |
| Glass bottles and jars | $\cdots$ | 537 |
|  | Th. cu.ft. of timber |  |
| Wooden crates and materials for making and repairing wooden crates | 235 | 149 102 |
| All other packing materials | .. | 3.374 |
| Replacement parts for machinery, plant and vehicles and consumable tools bought as replacement | . | 3.043 |
| All other purchased materials | .. | 8.578 |
| Fuel and electricity | Th.tons |  |
| Coal | 296 | 1.073 |
| Coke | 18 | 96 |
| Liquid fuel (including creosote/pitch mixtures) |  |  |
| For use in internal combustion engines Th.gal. |  |  |
| Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles and <br> 2.265 |  |  |
| Other | 28 | 2 |
| For burning in furnaces, boilers, kilns, etc. | 3.394 |  |
|  | -. ${ }^{\text {3. }}$ | 42 |
| Gas purchased <br> From Gas Boards and from other sources, including departments of the same firms | Th. therms |  |
|  | 3.297 .9 | 201 24 |
| Electricity purchased Th.kWh. |  |  |
| From Electricity Boards and from other sources, including other departments of the same firms | 190.094 | 96875 |
| All other purchased fuel |  |  |
| Total cost |  | 173.565 |
| Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments (a) Larger establishments in the United Kingdom |  |  |
| TABLE 10 |  |  |
|  | 1951 | 1954 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| (tation $\begin{aligned} & \text { Operatives } \\ & \text { Administrative, technical and clerical employees }\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80.260 \\ & 12.223 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 79.365 \\ 14.492 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | 72.483 | 93.857 |
| Total | £. 000 | £. 000 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 6.533 | 9.222 |
| Total | 22.167 | 34.345 |

TABLE 10 (contd.)
Wages and salaries per head
Operatives
Administrati
Superannuation and other pension funds to employees
and dependents (b)
Employers ${ }^{\circ}$ contributions
Employees covered
Pensions, etc. payments to former employees and
dependents
(a) The following persons, not included above. were also employed by larger establishments in this 172
 to outworkers are also shown:


Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments (a) Larger establishments in the United Kingdom


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