## BOARD OF TRADE

## The Report on the

## Census of Production

for 1954


TEXTILE CONVERTING

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 \& 11 Geo. 6 Ch. 39, Sec. 7)

LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

## The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

## VOLUME 6 INDUSTRY 0

TEXTILE CONVERTING

THIS REPORT on the Textile Converting Industry relates to establishments in Great Britain engaged wholly or mainly in converting cloth of cotton and man-made fibres (rayon, nylon tc.) to the finished state, and in procuring the making-up of household textiles, handkerchiefs head squares, etc. of these materials; household textiles are, however, regarded as principal products of the Made-up Household Textiles Industry, and handkerchiefs, head squares, etc., as rincipal products of the Tailoring, Dressmaking, etc. Industries, and the total output in al inishing and making-up is in the main given reports on these industries. The work of covered by the reports on the Made-up Household Textiles Industry ad the Textile Finishi Industry - Volume 6, Industries P and Q .

In Northern Ireland no distinction was drawn between converters of cloth and makers-up of household textiles of cotton and mam-made fibres and those dealing with linen cloth. All converters, etc. in Northern Ireland are included in the Linen and Soft Hemp Industry (Volume his report.

In th
 returns, and no information was collected about employment, remuneration and capital expenditure. Larger establishments were defined as those delivering more than 200,000 square yards of istid re required t same form
This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 244(3) in the Standard Industria lassification.

| Table No. | Title | Page | Table | Title | Page |
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| 1 | Industry summary: estimates for the industry as a whole | 6/0/3 | , | Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries | 6/0/7 |
| 2 | Summary of returns received | 6/0/3 | 7 | Sales in the industry of other than principal products | 6/0/8 |
| 3 | Analysis by size, 1954 | 6/0/4 | 8 | Total make of intermediate products | Does not |
| 4 | Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954 | 6/0/4 | 9 | Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 | 6/0/10 |
| 5 | Sales of principal products | 6/0/4 | 10 | Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments | Does not apply |
|  | of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries |  | 11 | Employment in a specified week | Does ${ }_{\text {not }}^{\text {not }}$ |

The following notes describe terms in general use in the tables of the report. More detanled explanaand method of taking the census are given in the separ-
ate booklet entitned The heport on the Censur of Pro.
duction for 1954. Introductory Notes (price 18 . 6 .

Industrial Classification: Establishmente are classiff ied to Industries according to the nature of their out-
put and as far as possible. in conformity with the

 duction. The principle of classification normally
followed is that an ostablishment is classified to an followed is that an ostablishment is classiffied to an
industry if it output of the principa product of that
induatry industry accounted for a greater proportion of the value
of ite output than did its output of the principal pro-
ducts of ony other industry. Specialist producers normally comprise those establishmonts so per cent. or more of whose total output by
value is accounted for by the charateristic products of
the specialist group. the specialist group.
Intermediate products: For some industries figures are
given showing the total
quantities made during the year given sowing the total quantities made during the year
of intermediate products. ie.e. products which may be
further processed in the estabilishments in which they furt ther proce
are produced.

 than 10 persons. In most cases an establishment com-
prises the whie of the premises under the same owner.

 mal and are included in the return for the works Small fims ar
fower persons.
The estimates for the industry as a whole given in
Tabl are normally obtained by increasing the othe
itens shemp in Grass shoun in (production) is the totat ralup of goods
Gate out ond od by adjusting the value of sales and work done during
the year for changes in the value of stocks of products the year for changes in the value of
on hand for sale and work in progress.
Net output is the amount left after deducting from the
value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of mat.
erials and fuel ubed, the mount paid for work ofiven out .
and
 This represents the value added to materials by the pro
cess of production, and constitute the fund from which
 Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the ion for it, whether produced in the year or not. The value of sales is the net selling value. i. .O. the
amount charged to customers. Whether on an ex-wits or
delivered basis. and net of any trad disoutso qents.
 custoners overseas. firms were required to give the
f...b. value. Materials and fuel The total chat of materials and
fuel purchased inciudes all purchasess during the yar
find
ing oil, gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing materials. including the full cost of returnable cases
when first purchased.
workhop and office matericher water chargesi materials for repairs to builiding
plant and vehicles when carried out by firme own work
 and parts for machinery purchased as replacenente
purchases of gods for merchanting are excluded. The

Stoks: Firms were required to give stocks of materials
and fuel. productso h hand for sale. and work in pro-
gress, at income tax values.
Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased ormally included in the cost of materials. Finishe
oods are similarly valued as they were sold. duty-pais


 and operatives, but excludes outworkers, canteen employ
e ees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other ac
ivity
 soparately as excluded employes. Emporees are per
sons on the pay-rohe (i.e. persons whose National In
surance cards were held by employers). whether enployed surance cards wrere hel 1.
fulltime or part-time.
Morking proprietors are proprietors of businesses other
than limited companies, together with members of their than limited companies. toge ther with members of their
famillins who orked in the business without receiving
ixed wages or salaries families who worked in the business without receiving
fixed mages or salaries. Any persons Working Less than
half the normal hours are excluded. For Northern alf the normal hours are excludid. For Northerig
Ireland directors of Himited companies (other than those aid by fee only) are also included.
pal
Administrative, technical and clerical employees includ irectors. other than those paid by fee only (except in oremen: research, experimentap, develendents and wor
 en and tracerse travellers: and office (includin
orks office) employees. Qperatives include all other classes
broadly speak ing, all manual workers. broadly speaking, all manual workers.
Outworers are persons employed by the firm who work on
materials supplied by the firm in the ir own homes. hages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonus-
es and commissions $w$ ithout any deductions for income tay es and commissions without any deductions for income tade
insurances. contributory pensions etc. They exclude nsurnaces. contributory penis.
payments to
. working proprietors. Copital expenditure includes expenditure on new building apital account during the year. including any transpor and installation costs involved. It includes expend
ture in respect of establishments in Great Britain hid
 production reports for individual industries).
Symbols used:
for not availabl
for nil or negligible (less than half the final
digit shown). Where figures are rounded, e.g. given to the near-
est \& thousand. the re nay be aparent singht discrepan:
cies between the sums of constituent items and the tot. cies betwen the sums of cons tituent items and the tot.
als shown. In some cases. figures have been combined ith othors of similar nature where publication separate de tails wight dis
an individual undertaking.

## table

|  | Great Britain |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Scotland } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{1}^{\text {Wales }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 | 1951 | 1954 |  |  |
|  | £ million | $\varepsilon$ million | £million | £ million | £ million |
| Gross output (production) | 213.8(a) | 392.1 | 292.8 | .. | .. |
| Net output | 35.8 | 48.2 | 29.8 | .. | . |
| Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year | + 37.4 | 74.6 $+\quad 236$ | 72.5 $+\quad .4$ | .. | .. |

(a) Including amount receivable in

Sunmary of returns recei ve

## TABLE 2

$\qquad$

|  | Uni t | Great Britain |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All fi ms | establi shments (a) |  |
|  |  | 1948 | 1951 | 1954 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total value of sales and work done Products on hand for sale $\alpha a t$ beginning of year | ${ }^{\text {No, }}$ | 1.186 207.008 21.437 | 1.043 363.930 55.51 |  |
| Products on hand for sale and in progress $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { at beginningof year } \\ \text { change during year }\end{array}\right.$ | " | 21.437 $+\quad 6.033$ | 55.751 $+\quad 17,030$ | 56.521 $+\quad 6.395$ |
| Gross output (production) (b) |  |  | ( $+\quad 17.030$ 381.020 |  |
| Amount recei vable in respect of cotton utility <br> cloth subsidy |  | 1.197 | - |  |
| Purchases of materials and fuel | " | 153.029 | 288,199 | 205,772 |
| Stocks of materials and fuel $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { at beginning of year } \\ \text { change during year }\end{array}\right.$ | ". | S $+\quad 6.001$ $+\quad 5998$ | 16.772 $+\quad 5.859$ | 14.122 $+\quad 257$ |
| Cost of materials and fuel used change during year | " | + ${ }^{5.998}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,859 } \\ +\quad \begin{array}{r}\text { 52,340 }\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Paymont for work done on materials given out Payment for transport (c) | " | ${ }_{31} .013$ | 282.348 50.688 | 203.015 51.739 |
| Payment for transport (c) Net output |  |  | 1.131 | 1.357 |
| Net output |  | 35,796 | 46.860 | 29,009 |

(a) Es tablishments that delivered more than 200.000 square yards of woven cot ton and rayon cloth th
The numbers of returns received in 1951 and 1954 from fi mos delivering 200.000 square yard
h.
ds or 1 less
s follows:
of woven cotton and rayon cloth, and the total quantities of cloth delivered by them were as follows

Quanty of woven cotton and

| 1951 | 1954 |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. | No. |
| 727 | 601 |
| Th.sq.yds. | Th.sq.yds. |
| 58.409 | 46.989 |

(b) For the year 1948 gross ou tput excludes payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold.
For subsequent years gross output includes payments to



Larger establishments in Great Britain

| Es tabli ehments wi th sales of | Establishments | (total value | Net output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ | \& 000 |
|  | 16 109 | + $\begin{array}{r}300 \\ 4.319\end{array}$ | ${ }_{4}^{29}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {E50,000 }} 8$ and under 8100,000 | 186 | 13.674 | 1,592 |
| E1200,000 amd under $£ 2300,000$ | ${ }_{103}^{210}$ | 30.189 25.022 | - $\begin{aligned} & 3.168 \\ & 2.625\end{aligned}$ |
|  | 154 | ${ }_{19} 130$ | 1.604 |
| £400,000 and under 8500.000 | ${ }_{59}^{42}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{1.749}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}59 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21, 503 $\substack{315 \\ 10}$ | 1.29 2. 292 12.256 |
| £1.000.000 and over | 51 | 110,292 | 12.256 |
| Total | 855 | 278.724 | 29,00 |

Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954
Larger establishments in Great Britain
TABLE 4

| TABLE 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of thes products by establistments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the Uni ted Kingdom

|  | 1951 |  | 1954 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Entries |
|  | Th.sq.yds. | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ | Th.sq.yds. | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ | Number |
| Finished woven cloth wholly of cotton Cloth for apparel |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flanelette and winceyette | 92.680 | 12,669 | 87.445 | 9,557 | 164 |
| Shirtings, other than flannelette | 189,000 | 34.526 | 135.254 | 21.974 | 259 |
| Velveteens, fustians and corduroys | 13.027 | 5.481 | 14,705 | 4.458 | 55 |
| Other dress and blouse cloth | 180.479 | 26,904 | 158,845 | 22.756 | 259 |
| Domestic overall cloth | 29,988 | ${ }^{4.127}$ | ${ }^{31,223}$ | 3.435 18.100 | ${ }_{186} 8$ |
| Industrial overall cloth, drills, etc. | 104.750 | 21,550 | 110.218 | 18,100 | 186 |


| TABLE 5 (contd.) |
| :--- |

(60417)

| TABLE 5 (contd.) |
| :--- |

(a) The term 'Synthetic fibres' includes nylon, perlon and fibres such as those known as Terylene. Grilon,


 (c) So far as recorded separately.

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom
TABLE 6

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1954} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Principal } \\
\text { industrines } \\
\text { which produced }(\alpha)
\end{gathered}
\]} \\
\hline \& Quantity \& Value \& Entries \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Finished woven cloth wholly of cotton \\
Cloth for apparel \\
Oiled rainwear cloth \\
Linings and interlinings \\
Other woven cloth for apparel (except domestic amd industrial overall cloth. drillis, etc.. gaberdine and rubberised rainwear clo th. Unclassified
\end{tabular} \& Th.sq.yds.
\[
\begin{array}{r}
279 \\
5.407 \\
\\
1.602 \\
775 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
\hline £^{\prime} 000 \\
\\
77 \\
593 \\
\\
\hline 335 \\
107
\end{array}
\] \& Number

.
12

13 \& | $7 \mathrm{H}, 11 \mathrm{~B}$ |
| :--- |
| 6G |
| 6B, 6C. 6E. 7H | <br>

\hline Total \& 8.063 \& 1.113 \& .. \& <br>

\hline | Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles |
| :--- |
| Handkerchief cloth |
| Sheeting and pillow cloth |
| Other woven cotton cloth for household textiles (except bed covering and quilt cloth) cloth) |
| Unclassified | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1.097 \\
1.925 \\
\\
852 \\
50
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
116 \\
239 \\
\\
202 \\
7
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 12 \\
& 21 \\
& \\
& 22
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | 6G |
| :--- |
| 6G. 6P |
| 6C. 6G. 6P | <br>

\hline Total \& 3,924 \& 564 \& . \& <br>

\hline | Furnishing fabrics |
| :--- |
| Coloured woven damasks. tapestries. brocades and the like |
| Other woven cotton furnishing fabrics (except cretonnes and chintzes) |
| Unclassified | \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
432 \\
278 \\
41
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
118 \\
109 \\
8
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 12

4
.0 \& $6 G$ 6C. 6E. 6P <br>
\hline Total \& 752 \& 235 \& .. \& <br>
\hline Other woven cotton cloth, including boot and
shoe
linings and fabrics \& 1,886 \& 448 \& . \& 6C. $6 \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{6P}$ <br>
\hline Of cotton \& 14.624 \& 2.359 \& .. \& <br>

\hline | Finished woven cloth of man-made fibres (rayon. nylon, etc.). or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk |
| :--- |
| Cloth for apparel |
| Containing less synthetic fibre (nylon, etc.) than other man-made fibre (rayon, etc.) except rainwear cloth and corset cloth Unclassified | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15,341 \\
& 16,145
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2.536 \\
& 2.391
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \&  \& 6c. 6J. 6G <br>

\hline Total \& 31.486 \& 4.927 \& . \& <br>

\hline | Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles Handkerchief cloth and other woven cloth for household textiles (except bed coverings and quilt cloth) |
| :--- |
| Unclassified | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
58 \\
131 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 11 \\
& 17 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

7
\] \& 6 G <br>

\hline Total \& 189 \& 28 \& .. \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| TABLE 6 (contd.) |
| :--- |


| TABLE 7 (contd.) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

Finished woven cloth of silk, or of silk mixed with othe
materials Cloth for
Other
Other
Finished woven linen and union cloth
Cloth for apparel
Other woven linen and union cloth, including cloth fo
Other woven inen and union che
handkerchiefs and household textiles
Finished woven woollen and worsted cloth
Finished knited fabrics of wool and
including mixtures
nadin
Made-up household textiles of cottor
Hand and bath towels. including roller towels
Terry
Non-terry
Tea towels, glass cloths and the like
the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in Great Britain

|  | 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value |
|  | Th. sq.yds. | \&'000 |
| Finished woven cloth of silk, or of silk mixed with other materials |  |  |
| Cloth for apparel | 780 | 462 |
| Other | 400 | 86 |
| Finished woven linen and union cloth |  |  |
| Cloth for apparel | 1,314 2,736 | 469 850 |
| Furnishing fabrics |  | 850 |
| Other woven linen and union cloth, including cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles | 730 | $\begin{array}{r}180 \\ \hline 2947\end{array}$ |
| Finished woven woollen and worsted cloth | 5.864 | 2.947 |
| Finished knitted fabrics of wool and man-made fibres. including mixtures | .. | 256 |
| Made-up household textiles of cotton | Th. doz. |  |
| Hand and bath towels. including roller towels | 1.179 | 2,332 |
|  | 15 | 20 |
| Tea towels, glass cloths and the like | 487 | 358 |

TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products
Larger establishments in Great Britain
This table is not applicable to the industry

| TABIE 9 | Quantity | Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Th. 1b. | ${ }^{\prime} 000$ |
| Materials <br> Goods purchased for further processing or for hemming and stitching |  |  |
| Yarn of cotton | 7.390 | 1.605 |
| Woollen or worsted including mixtures if known as woollen or worsted | 427 | 238 |
| Of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.), pure or mixed with materials other than silk | 1.026 | 348 |
| Grey or other loom state woven cloth of cotton | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th.sq.yds. } \\ & 1.422 .439 \end{aligned}$ | 128.642 |
| Woollen or worsted including mixtures if known as woollen or worsted | 6.449 | 2.243 |
| Of silk, pure or mixed with other materials | 2.929 | 631 |
| Wholly of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) | 472,310 | 47.825 |
| of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) mixed with materials other than silk | 130.138 | 17.103 |
| Of linen (including mixtures of flax or hemp with materials other than silk, if known as linens) | 4.745 | 713 618 |
| Other cloths not finished, including knitted | 3.174 | 618 |
| Finished or partly finished woven cloth of cotton | 17.558 | 1.843 |
| Of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) including mixtures with materials other than silk | 5.739 | 749 <br> 327 <br> 129 |
| Other finished or partly finished cloths | ${ }^{946}$ | ${ }_{30}^{122}$ |
| Pattern room materials | $\cdots$ | 198 |
| Packing materials | Th.cu.ft. or timber used 271 | 70 |
| Timber and timber packing cases | $\cdots$ | 115 |
| Paper and paperboard, cardboard boxes. fibre board packing cases. etc. | $\cdots$ | 407 |
|  | ${ }_{2.286}^{\text {Cut. }}$ | ${ }_{83}^{27}$ |
| Jute cloth including hessian | . | 192 |
| Other packing materials |  | 1.385 |
| All other purchased materials | .. | 257 |
| Total cost |  | 205.772 |

VOLUME


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Textile Machinery and Accossorio
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Hochanical Iand IIng Equi pent

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