[HA 251]

# The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

Volume 6: Industry B

COTTON WEAVING



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# The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 6 INDUSTRY B

### COTTON WEAVING

THIS REPORT on the Cotton Weaving Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in weaving all types of cotton fabric (except narrow fabrics). Establishments wholly or mainly engaged in weaving fabrics of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) are excluded.

Weavers who also converted cotton cloth to the finished state, or made it up into household textiles, in the main made separate returns for 1954 and 1951 in respect of their converting and making-up departments. These departments are covered by the reports on the Textile Converting Industry (Volume 6, Industry O), and the Made-up Household Textiles Industry (Volume 6, Industry P).

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading lll in the Standard Industrial Classification.

There were no establishments in Northern Ireland in the register for this industry.

### LIST OF TABLES

Table No.	Title	Page	Table No.	Title	Page
1	Industry summary: estimates for the industry as a whole	6/B/3	6	Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries	6/B/6
2	Summary of returns received	6/B/3			
3	Analysis by size, 1954	6/B/4	7	Sales in the industry of other than principal products	6/B/6
			8	Total make of intermediate products	6/B/7
4	Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954	6/B/4	9	Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954	6/B/8
5	Sales of principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified	6/B/5	10	Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments	6/B/10
	establishments classified to other industries		11	Employment in a specified week	6/B/10

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In interpreting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

in the tables of the report. More detailed explanations of the terms used and a description of the scope and method of taking the census are given in the separate booklet entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1954 - Introductory Notes' (price 1s. 6d.

Industrial Classification: Establishments are classified to industries according to the nature of their output and, as far as possible, in conformity with the Standard Industrial Classification. Certain products are identified as the principal products of individual industries, the principal products for a given industry being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. The principle of classification normally followed is that an establishment is classified to an industry if its output of the principal products of that industry accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of the principal products of any other industry.

Specialist producers normally comprise those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the characteristic products of the specialist group.

Intermediate products: For some industries figures are given showing the total quantities made during the year of intermediate products, i.e., products which may be further processed in the establishments in which they are produced.

Larger establishments: The information given in the report relates mainly to 'larger establishments', i.e., establishments of firms employing on the average more than 10 persons. In most cases an establishment com-prises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a mine or factory). Offices, warehouses, laboratories and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are not regarded as separate establishments and are included in the return for the works.

Small firms are those employing on the average 10 or fewer persons.

The estimates for the industry as a whole given in Table 1 are normally obtained by increasing the other items shown in the same proportion as total employment.

Gross output (production) is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year: it is obtained by adjusting the value of sales and work done during the year for changes in the value of stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used, the amount paid for work given out. and, for 1951 and 1954, any transport payments made. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents; rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits.

Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. The value of sales is the net selling value, i.e., the amount charged to customers, whether on an ex-works or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the

Materials and fuel: The total cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production, and of fuel (includ-

The following notes describe terms in general use ing oil, gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing he tables of the report. More detailed explanamaterials, including the full cost of returnable cases when first purchased; workshop and office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by firms' own workpeople included in their returns; consumable tools; and parts for machinery purchased as replacements. Purchases of goods for merchanting are excluded. The cost of materials and fuel used, given in Table 2, is obtained by adjusting purchases for changes during the year in the value of stocks.

Stocks: Firms were required to give stocks of materials and fuel, products on hand for sale, and work in progress, at income tax values.

Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is normally included in the cost of materials. Finished goods are similarly valued as they were sold, duty-paid or duty-free. The net amount of any duty paid is deducted in arriving at net output.

Employment: Total employment includes working proprietors, administrative, technical and clerical employees, and operatives, but excludes outworkers, canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return, who are shown separately as excluded employees. Employees are persons on the pay-roll (i.e., persons whose National Insurance cards were held by employers), whether employed full-time or part-time.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, together with members of their families who worked in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded. For Northern Ireland directors of limited companies (other than those paid by fee only) are also included.

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include directors, other than those paid by fee only (except in Northern Ireland): managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, i.e., broadly speaking, all manual workers.

Outworkers are persons employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm in their own homes.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions without any deductions for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure includes expenditure on new building work, and on plant, machinery and vehicles, charged to capital account during the year, including any transport and installation costs involved. It includes expenditure in respect of establishments in Great Britain which had not begun production before the end of the year (which has not previously been included in the Census of Production reports for individual industries).

### Symbols used.

- .. for not available
- for nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown).

Where figures are rounded, e.g., given to the nearest £ thousand, there may be apparent slight discrepancies between the sums of constituent items and the totals shown. In some cases, figures have been combined with others of a similar nature where publication of separate details might disclose information relating to an individual undertaking.

### COTTON WEAVING Industry summary

### Estimates for the industry as a whole

TABLE 1

		United Kingdo	Scotland	Wales	
24 (4) 20 20 20	1948	1951	1954	1954	1954 (a)
	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Gross output (production)	174.0	322.6	225.4	5.18	
Net output	48.5	74.0	55.9	1.37	
Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year Change during year	23.2 + 5.2	40.2	35.3	0.77	
Capital expenditure less disposals (b)	2.8	4.2	3.3	0.08	
Wages and salaries	25.2	36.4	37.0	1.01	
Total employment (including	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
working proprietors)	104.8	118.4	105.1	3.34	

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms separate particulars for Wales

(b) Capital expenditure on new building work, plant, machinery and vehicles (including (except in 1948) that incurred in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production), less amounts received for plant, machinery and vehicles disposed of.

### Summary of returns received

TABLE 2

á*		Unit	Great Britain	United	Kingdom
Carried Control of Con	posses of the second		1948	1951	1954
FIRMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAGE	MORE THAN 10 PERSONS	ATTENDED.	A COLUMN TO STATE OF THE PARTY		
Number of establishments Total value of sales and wor Products on hand for sale and work in progress Gross output (production) (a	k done { at beginning of year change during year	No. £'000	778 170,600 9,378 + 3,023 173,427	819 311,493 19,641 + 9,350 320,843	788 220,887 20,011 + 2,495 223,382
Purchases of materials and f	uel		124,778	045 550	
Stocks of materials and fuel	fat beginning of year	"	13.748	245.558 20.360	163,357
a	change during year		+ 2.201	+ 2,240	+ 15,000
cost of materials and fuel u	sed		122,576	243,318	163,039
Payment for work done on mat	erials given out		2.534	3,099	4.113
Payment for transport (b)			196	848	854
Net output			THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY		004
			48,316	73,577	55,376
Average number of employees	{ operatives	No.	98,909	111,222	97,339
Total employment (d)	Cothers		5,435(c)	6.526	6.783
Net output per person employe	1 (1)		104,398	117,783	104,145
de output per person employe	ed (d)	£	463	625	532
Wages and salaries	{ of operatives of others	£. 000	22,159	31,752	
and building	of others	2 000	2,999	4.430	32,020
C	one a location of the latest		2,000	4, 430	4,666
Capital expenditure					
New building work (e)			424	771	439
Plant and machinery	{acquisitions (e)		2,380	3,320	2.761
THE REPORT OF STATE OF STATE OF	disposals		138	120	157
Vehicles	{acquisitions (e)		148	280	226
	disposals		21	58	63
RMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAGE	LO OR FEWER PERSONS				
Number of returns	12000				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Total employment, including	working	No.	38	66	82
proprietors	working	100			
		1 "	241	454	529

(a) For the year 1948 gross output excludes payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold. For subsequent years gross output includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services.

(b) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For the year 1948 payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold. For subsequent years they cover payments for transport of both finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased.

(c) Number in week ended September 25, 1948. (d) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.

(e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

(89074)

Analysis by size, 1954: Larger establishments in the United Kingdom TARLE 3

ABLE 3	Estab-		Net	Employees Wages and s		Employees Wages and salaries		Capital expenditure	Net output per person	
employed (a)	lish- ments	Gross	output	Operatives	Others	Operatives		(b)	employed (a)	
	Number	£, 000	£, 000	Number	Number	£,000	£. 000	£,000	£	
11 04/ )	68	2.580	697	1.044	136	342	83	56	586	
11 - 24(c)	123	9.733	2.525	4,148	384	1,360	276	200	5 56	
25 <b>-</b> 49 50 <b>-</b> 99	219	36.730	8.584	15,179	1.059	4,916	738	438	529	
			16.724	29.134	1.864	9,759	1.323	766	540	
100 - 199	218	66.529		24.565	1,283	8.211	1.003	943	531	
200 - 299	106	57.521	13.726	10,572	733	3,327	487	454	508	
300 - 399	34	24,770	5.738				328	259	493	
400 - 749	13	13,578	3,078	5.737	512	1.953		311	554	
750 and over	7	11,940	4,306	6,960	812	2,151	427	311	334	
, 00 0.02				07 000	C 702	32,020	4.666	3,426	532	
Total	788	223,382	55,376	97,339	6,783	32,020	4,000			

(a) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.
 (b) Capital expenditure on new building work and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles. Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.
 (c) Including a small number of establishments with fewer than 11 persons employed, pacticulars of which were included with those for larger establishments on a single return.

# Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954

### +- Li-boosts in the United Kingdom

TABLE 4		Spec	cialist	produce ton clo	ers of we	oven	Speciali	st prod	lucers	Re-	
	Unit	Can vas an d du ck	Surgi- cal dress- ings cloth	Towel- ling	Other cloth from pro-cessed yarn	Other and un- classi- fied cloth woven from grey or pro- cessed yarm	Surgi- cal and medical dress- ings	Sani- tary tow- els and tam- pons	Manu- fac- tured cotton clean- ing waste	try, ed inclu- ton ding m- comm- g ission	Total
Number of establishments	No.	25	20	30	112	510	19	20	18	34	788
Total value of sales and wo	£.000	17.879	6,164	7,514	22,395	146,259	6,405	6,711	1,228	6,334	220,887
Sales of characteristic products		14.329	4,663	7,182	19,631	129.574	5,676	5,687	1,087		
Products on hand for sale and of	eginning year "	1,066	310	900	2,400	14,088	319	379	32	517	20,011
	ge during	+ 459	+ 8	- 95	+ 207	+ 1,800	+ 53	+ 59 6,769	1,228	+ 5 6,339	+ 2,495
Gross output (production)		18,338	6,171		22,601	148,059	6,459 5,126	3,972	This sales	3.547	163,357
Purchases of materials and	fuel "	15,565	4,751	5,059	15,212	109,268	3,120	3,372			
Stocks of mat-	year "	546	335	558	1,918	10,071	417	460	151	545	15,000
Chang	ge during	+ 5	+ 66	+ 98	+ 241	- 452	+ 147	+ 93		+ 126	+ 319
Cost of materials and fuel		15,560	4,685	4,962	14,971	109,720	4,980	3,879	862	3,420	163,039
Payment for work done on materials given out		216	19			1,703	42 46	77		198 103	4,113 854
Payment for transport	".	2,500	1,448			36,257	1,391	2,700		2,618	55,376
Net output Average number   foperage	itives No.	3,077	2,304			67,180	2.091	3,843		4,002	97,339
of employees other		307	2.415		Santa Colonia	71,110		4,538		4,367	104,145
Total employment (a) Net output per person emplo	eved (a) £	739	600		546	510		595		599	532
Wages and Sof or	peratives £'000	1,094	753			22,252		1,090		1.227	32,020 4,666
salaries (of o	thers "	232	30	100	332						
Capital expenditure New building work (b)	(b) "	31	8	44	33	286				24	439
	isitions ,	126	15			1,835		180		100	
	osals	4	-	2		112					
Vehicles {acqu	isitions	12	- 2		36	114		16		12	

(a) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.(b) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

(89074)

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

### Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5

	19	51	1954			
The appropriate page 1 million and 1 million	Quanti ty	Value	Quan ti ty	Value	Entries	
Woven cotton cloth in the loom state	Th.sq.yds.	£,000	Th.sq.yds.	£.000	Number	
NG 2 12 10 10 16 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12				Charles and her		
Woven from grey yarn				Name and Address of		
Tyre cord and fabric	60,893	13,069	15,131	1,919	14	
Canvas and duck, other than tyre fabric (weighing not less than 8 oz. per sq.yd.)	60,748	23,337	68,490	18.754	73	
Cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like (weighing not more than 2 oz. per sq.yd.)	301,184	7.723	287,521	5.847	49	
Towelling	17,850	3.792	27,121	4,516	47	
Wayon alamin alah alah lah lah	40.8	(	19,135	1,359	h	
Woven cleaning cloths and dish cloths	15,898	1,648	10,100	508	23	
Other cloth woven from grey yarn	1,433,053	161,142	1.381.849	123,073	611	
Unclassified	6,943	998	8,050	8 57	46	
Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed or other processed yarn						
Towelling	37.497	8,658	26,378	4,879	32	
Other	285.972	49,720	239,554	31.798	292	
Unclassified	798	218	307	51	10	
Cotton dryer felts, including asbestos-cotton felts	479	1.064	769	1,249	5	
Surgical and medical dressings, medicated or not, of cotton	Th.gross		Th.gross	Excellent o		
Bandages of all descriptions (a)	620	2,063	477	1.395	1	
bundages of dir descriptions (d)	1	1,040	P. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	178	26	
Cotton wools and gauze tissues	Th.cwt. 143.8	4,304	Th.cwt. 122.4	2,420	23	
Gauze in packets containing not more than 120 linear yards	Th.1b. 4,184	2,902	Th.1b. 3.269	1,976	} 18	
Lints in packets not exceeding 2.2 lb. in weight	Th.cwt.	1.969	Th.cwt.	1.176	17	
Other descriptions		940			19	
	Th.gross	340	Th	1,059	19	
Sanitary towels other than terry, including maternity pads	In.gloss		Th.gross			
Cotton wool, including tampons	1,556	1,995	1,693	1.665	25	
Cellulose	2,357	2,134	3 716	2 102	17	
	Ų ··	307	3.716	3,123	17	
Combined	2,590	3,123	2,479	2,375	13	
Cotton wadding	Th.cwt. 84.8	1 010	Th.cwt.	1 001		
Manufactured cotton cleaning waste	382.1	1,619	128.6	1,661	14	
Other cotton manufactures (except made-up goods, machinery belting and smallwares)		2.336	304.1	1,442	29	
Work done for the trade or on commission (b)	Th.sq.yds.	303	The seconds	838	12	
Weaving	33,370	900	Th.sq.yds.	0.50	1	
Other work done on commission	33,370	969 16	29,192	650	69	
Total				24	31	
		297,590	Section Control	215,008	• • •	
Sales in other industries (see Table 6) Principal products of this industry sold		17,097		15,829		
by establishments in the industry		280,493		199,179	685	

(a) Expressed as the equivalent number of bandages 2½ inches by 6 yards.
(b) Amount charged.

(89074)

# Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries

### Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 6

		1954		Principal industries in	
	Quantity Value		Entries	which produced (a)	
Woven cotton cloth in the loom state	Th.sq.yds.	€,000	Number		
Woven from grey yarn					
Canvas and duck, other than tyre fabric (weighing not less than 8 oz. per sq.yd.)	12.360	3,218	26	6E, 6G	
Towelling	426	91 20	15	6G, 6H	
Other cloth woven from grey yarm, including tyre cord and fabric, cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like, and woven cleaning cloths and dish cloths	60,893	6,421	129	6C, 6E, 6H, 6K	
Unclassi fied	8,050	8 57	46	6G	
Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed, or other processed yarn					
Towelling	23	4		6G	
Other	21,205	3,434	91	6C, 6E, 6G, 6H	
Unclassified	307	51	10	6G	
Surgical and medical dressings, medicated or not, of cotton	Th.gross	668	13	2F, 6C, 6J	
Sanitary towels, other than terry, including maternity pads and tampons	447	459	9	2F, 6E, 10C, 10I	
Cotton wadding	Th.cwt. 13.3	115 119	5	6C. 7C. 7H, 7I	
Manufactured cotton cleaning waste	56.8	296	10	7B	
Other cotton manufactures (except made-up goods, machinery belting and smallwares)		76		6C, 6H	
		15,829			

<sup>(</sup>a) The volume number and industry references given are to the industries shown in the list at the back of this report.

# Sales in the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 7

	19	54
	Quantity	Value
	Th.cwt.	£,000
Cotton felt, other than cotton dryer felts and asbestos-	15.9	122 35
Woven cloth wholly of man-made continuous filament yarn (rayon, nylon, etc.) other than tyre cord and fabric	Th.sq.yds.	The state of the s
Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	1,079	284 31
Other (rayon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight Woven wholly or in part from coloured yarn	1,305	217 160
Other	18,322	1,617
Noven cloth of man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.) spun yarn or of spun yarn mixed with continuous filament yarn		at at a second
Synthetic fibres (nylon, etc.) predominant by weight	5,951	639 220
Other (rayon, etc.) fibres predominant by weight Woven wholly or in part from coloured yarn	8,992	948
Other	85,321	6,915
89074)		

TABLE 7 (contd.)

	19	54
	Quantity	Value
Woven cloth of man-made continuous filament yarn (rayon, nylon,	Th.sq.yds.	£,000
etc.) mixed with cotton, other than tyre cord and fabric		
Containing more synthetic (nylon, etc.) than other man-made (rayon, etc.) yarn	167	60
Containing less synthetic (nylon, etc.) than other man-made (rayon, etc.) yarn		
Woven wholly or in part from coloured yarm	6.733	1.055
Other	17,570	2.075
Woven cloth of man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.) staple fibre and cotton	27,070	2,073
Containing less synthetic (nylon, etc.) than other man-made (rayon, etc.) fibres	A MARCON TANKS	Police is delete units
Woven wholly or in part from coloured yarn	4,332	716
Other	9.110	728
Piece goods of woollen and worsted	4.153	1.057
Other woven textiles	10.398	1.722
Sufficiently in	Th.1b.	1,722
Knitted, netted or crocheted fabric	397	103
Yarn of cotton and/or man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) (other than continuous filament yarn), doubled and reeled, wound, beamed, sized, etc.		The same of the sa
Finished cloth (i.e.bleached, dyed or otherwise finished)	2,578	524
Other textile manufactures	more will tone	367
Other goods made	Nos salaisi sa da	116
daste sold		852
Cotton waste (other than manufactured cleaning waste)	Th.cwt.	
Man-made fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) waste	153.9	723
Other textile waste	5.5	20
ork done for the trade or on commission (a)	that more that her say	81
	Th.1b.	
Reeling, coning, pirning and cheesing	469	9
Beaming, sizing, etc.	2,609	3
Weaving of cloth of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with other materials except silk	Th.sq.yds. 4,463	42
Other work done	7, 100	119
Total		146
		21,708

<sup>(</sup>a) Amount charged.

# TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products

### Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

The total make of cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim, and the like (weighing not more than 2 oz. per sq.yd.), returned in all industries in 1954, was 360,288 Th.sq.yds. Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms the total make returned in this industry cannot be given.

### COTTON WEAVING

### Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 9		ACTUAL SECTION
	Quantity	Cost
	Th.1b.	£,000
Materials		
Raw textile materials and waste		
Raw cotton	13,345	1.560
Cotton linters	12,612	633
Cotton waste	45,894	2.277
Raw silk	-	
Man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.) staple fibre and waste	2.553	192
Yarns	a contract that the second	
Cotton yarms, other waste yarm	412,134	97,254
Single	83,301	24,168
Doubled	54,648	9,259
Cotton waste yarn, doubled or not Man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.), continuous filament yarn	0010	
Synthetic (nylon, etc. yarn)	1,094	679
Other (rayon, etc.) yarn	16,653	4,111
Man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.) spun yarn, including spun	Estoral Weirer Stenesday na	
yarn doubled with continuous filament yarn	La Company of the Company of the Company	
Synthetic (nylon, etc.) fibre predominant	183	51
Other (rayon, etc.) fibre predominant		
Single yarn	31,035	5,791
Doubled yarn	1.488	386
Mixture yarns of cotton and man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.)	2,730	537
Woollen and worsted and hair yarn including mixtures	1,147	598
woollen and worsted and nair yain including minarios	the second course of the second	
Woven piece goods		
Of cotton		
For surgical dressings, bandages, gauze, etc. (weighing		
not more than 2 oz. per sq. yd.)	Th.sq.yds. 119,526	1,901
In the grey  Bleached or otherwise finished	97.596	1,804
bledched of otherwise linished	5,869	613
Other descriptions	1	87
Of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) or silk (including	700	70
mixtures) in the loom state	703	79
	Th.1b. 2,094	316
Cotton wool	Th.cwt.	
Wood pulp	198.8	571
Cellulose wadding	54.0	347
the property of the party of th	392.8	588
Sizing materials		162
Bleaching materials	₹ 73.2	74
	' ''	30
Dyes and dyestuffs	••	128
Bobbins, cones, tubes, pirns, becms, etc.		63
Of paper or cardboard	••	113
Other		

TABLE 9 (contd.)

	Quantity	Cost
Materials (contd.)		£'000
Shuttles		259
Reeds and healds		702
Other replacement parts for firms' own plant, machinery and vehicles, and other accessories and consumable tools bought as replacement	•	2.047
Packing materials (other than bobbins, cones, tubes, etc.)		
Paper and paperboard, including fibreboard		489
Cardboard boxes, cartons, fibreboard packing cases, etc.	• •	434
and the second s	Th.cu.ft.	404
	6.3	3
Timber, and wooden packing cases		12
	Th.cwt.	
Jute piece goods, including hessian	3.9	39
Jaco proce goods, including nession	0 0	21
Other packing materials		114
All other purchased materials		1,518
Tuel and electricity		
	Th. tons	
Coal	439.4	1,716
Coke	6.7	31
Liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures)		
For use in internal combustion engines	<b>发生的人类型型型的</b>	
Tor use in internal compustion engines	Th.gal.	
Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles		
and derv. fuel	621	129
Other	27 2	16
For burning in furnaces, boilers, kilns, etc.	1,878	78
	Th. therms	
	425	34
Gas purchased	• •	11
Electricity purchased (a)	Th.kWh.	
	148,691	883
From Electricity Boards		138
From other sources, including other departments	4,236	23
of the same firms		5
All other purchased fuel		32

(a) The total quantity of electricity generated in firms' own establishments in this industry in 1954 was 31,595 Th.kWh.

### Average number of employees, and wages, salaries and superannuation payments (a)

### Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 10

	1951	1954
	Number	Number
Average number of employees		
Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical employees	111,222 6,526	97.339 6.783
Total	117,748	104,122
Wages and salaries paid to	£,000	£,000
Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical employees	31,752 4,430	32,020 4,666
Total	36,181	36,686
Wages and salaries per head	£	£
Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical employees	285 679	329 688 £'000
Superannuation and other pension funds for employees and dependents	7.00	2 000
Employers' contributions		260
Employees covered	draup	Number 8,481 £'000
Pension, etc. payments to former employees and dependents		38

(a) The following persons, not included above, were also employed by larger establishments in this industry ('other workers' includes, for example, employees engaged in merchanting)

	1951	1954	
Canteen workers	Number	Number	
Males	39	19	
Females	912	687	
Total	951	706	
Other workers			
Males	118	273	
Females	88	344	
Total	206	617	
Total excluded employees	1,157	1,323	

Outworkers. The firms in this industry employed 1 male and 22 female outworkers in 1951, and 2 male and 13 female outworkers in 1954, the amounts paid to them being £3,000 and £2,000 respectively.

## Employment in a specified week (a)

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 11 Numb							
	1951			1954			
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	
Working proprietors	33	2	35	20	3	23	
Operatives	36,559	75,431	111,990	32,149	65,106	97,255	
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	4,200	2,403	6,603	4,236	2,488	6,724	
Total employees	40,759	77,834	118,593	36,385	67,594	103,979	

(a) Week ended September 22, 1951, or October 30, 1954.

DS 89074/1/R.63 K.4 2/58 CL

### VOLUME 1

- B. Non-Metalliferous Mines and Quarries (other than Coal, Salt and Slate)
- C. Salt Mines, Brine Pits and Salt Works
- D. Slate Quarries and Mines
- E. Metalliferous Mines and Quarries
- Brick and Fireclay China and Earthenware
- Glass Containers
- Glass (other than Containers)
- K. Abrasives Building Materials
- M. Manufactured Fuel

### VOLUME 2

- A. Coke Ovens and By-products
- B. Dyes and Dyestuffs C. Fertiliser, Disinfectant, Insecticide and Allied Industries
- D. Coal Tar Products
  E. Chemicals (General)
- F. Drugs and Pharmaceutical
- Preparations
- G. Toilet Preparations and Perfumery
- Explosives and Fireworks
- Paint and Varnish
  Soap, Candles and Glycerine
- Polishes

- Mineral Oil Refining O. Oils and Greases
- P. Seed Crushing and Oil Refining
  Q. Glue, Gum, Paste and Allied Industries
- R. Plastics Materials

### VOLUME 3

- Blast Furnaces
- Iron and Steel (Melting and Rolling)
- C. Iron Foundries
- Steel Sheets
- F. Wrought Iron and Steel Tubes G. Non-Ferrous Metals (Smelting,
- Rolling, etc.)
  H. Scrap Metal Processing
  I. Motor Vehicles and Cycles
- (Manufacturing)
  J. Motor Vehicles and Cycles
- (Repairing)
- K. Aircraft Manufacture and Repair
  L. Railway Locomotive Shops and
  Locomotive Manufacturing
- M. Railway Carriages and Wagons
- N. Carts, Perambulators, etc.

### VOLUME 4

- A. Shipbuilding and Ship Repairing
- B. Marine Engineering
- C. Machine Tools
- D. Textile Machinery and Accessories
- E. Small Arms
- F. Constructional Engineering

- G. Mechanical Handling Equipment

### VOLUME 4 (contd.)

- H. Printing and Bookbinding Machinery
  I. Mechanical Engineering (General)
- Mechanical Engineering (Repairing)
- K. Electrical Engineering (General) L. Electric Wires and Cables
- M. Radio and Telecommunications
- Batteries and Accumulators
- O. Electric Lighting Accessories and Fittings

### VOLUME 5

- A. Tool and Implement
- B. Cutlery
  C. Chain, Nail, Screw and
- Miscellaneous Forgings
  D. Wire and Wire Manufactures
- E. Hardware, Hollow-ware, Metal Furniture and Sheet Metal F. Brass Manufactures
- G. Needles, Pins, Fish Hooks and
- Metal Smallwares H. Scientific, Surgical and
- Photographic Instruments, etc.
- Watch and Clock
- J. Jewellery and Plate
  K. Precious Metals Refining
- L. Musical Instruments

### VOLUME 6

- A. Cotton Spinning and Doubling
- B. Cotton Weaving
- C. Woollen and Worsted
- D. Rayon, Nylon, etc. Production E. Rayon, Nylon, etc. Weaving, and Silk
- F. Flax Processing
- G. Linen and Soft Hemp
- H. Jute
- . Rope, Twine and Net Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods
- K. Lace
- L. Carpets M. Narrow Fabrics V. Canvas Goods and Sacks
- Textile Converting
  Made-up Household Textiles
- Q. Textile Finishing R. Textile Packing

### VOLUME 7

- A. Asbestos
- B. Flock and Rag
- C. Hair, Fibre and Kindred Industries
- D. Leather (Tanning and Dressing)
- E. Fellmongery
  F. Leather Goods
- G. Fur
- H. Tailoring, Dressmaking, etc. Hats, Caps and Millinery
- Glove K. Umbrella and Walking Stick
- L. Boot and Shoe

### VOLUME 8

- A. Grain Milling
  B. Bread and Flour Confectionery
- C. Biscuit
- D. Bacon Curing and Sausage

### VOLUME 8 (contd.)

- E. Preserved Meat
- Milk Products Ice Cream
- Sugar and Glucose
- I. Cocoa, Chocolate and Sugar
- Confectionery
  J. Preserved Fruit and Vegetables

### VOLUME 9

- A. Margarine
- B. Fish Curing
- Cattle, Dog and Poultry Foods Vinegar and Other Condiments
- Starch
- F. Ice G. Miscellaneous Preserved Foods H. Brewing and Malting
- Wholesale Bottling . Spirit Distilling
- K. Spirit Rectifying and
- Compounding
  L. Soft Drinks, British Wines
- and Cider
  M. Tobacco

### VOLUME 10

- A. Timber
- B. Furniture and Upholstery
- C. Soft Furnishings
- D. Shop and Office Fitting E. Wooden Containers and Baskets
- F. Paper and Board
- G. Wallpaper
- H. Cardboard Box, Carton and
  Fibre-board Packing Case
  I. Manufactured Stationery, Paper
- Bag and Kindred Industries
- J. Newspaper and Periodical
  Printing and Publishing
  K. Printing and Publishing.
  Bookbinding, Engraving, etc.

### VOLUME 11

- B. Linoleum, Leathercloth and Allied Industries
- Brushes and Brooms
- Toys and Games

- Sports Requisites

  Miscellaneous Stationers' Goods
  Cinematograph Film Production
  Cinematograph Film Printing
  Plastic Goods and Fancy Articles
  Incandescent Mantles

- VOLUME 12
- A. Building and Contracting
  B. Local Authorities (Building and
- Civil Engineering) C. Railways (Civil Engineering) D. Tramway, Trolley Bus and Omnibus Undertakings
- (Civil Engineering) E. Canal, Dock and Harbour
- Undertakings (Civil Engineering)
- F. Gas Supply Industry
- G. Electricity Supply Industry H. Water Undertakings

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