

BOARD OF TRADE

# THE REPORT on the CENSUS OF PRODUCTION FOR 1951

Volume 1

Trade M

ROOFING FELTS

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	* Not applicable to this trade	

\* Not applicable to this trade

# ROOFING FELTS TRADE

THIS REPORT on the Roofing Felts Trade relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of paper, tarred flax, jute and other felts.

This trade is included among the miscellaneous non-metalliferous mining manufactures in minimum list heading 29(3) in the Standard Industrial Classification.

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the inside of the back cover of this report. In interpreting the data in the following tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

### ROOFING FELTS TRADE

### Summary

### Larger establishments (a)

### TABLE 1

	U	nited Kingd	om	Great	Britain	Uni ted	Kingdom
	1951	1950	19 49	1949	19 48	19 37	1935
	£' 00 0	£,000	£'000	£, 000	£,000	£'000	£,000
Gross output (production) (b)	8,099	5,161	4,553	4, 306	4,377	1,610	1,302
Cost of materials and fuel used (c) Payment for work done on materials	5,116	3,400	2,906	2,783	2,512	982	710
given out	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Transport payments (d)	399	•••	1.04	***	Andreas Secretary		••
Net output Wages and salaries of persons	2,585	1,762	1,647	1,522	1,864	628	591
employed	844	7 27	6 56	622	598		
Average number of persons employed (e)	No. 1,909	No. 1,812	No. 1,705	No. 1,562	No. 1,605	No. 1,781	No. 1,602
Net output per person employed (e)	£ 1,354	£ 972	£ 966	£ 974	1,162	£ 353	£ 369
Stocks at end of year	£, 000	£'000	£.000	£, 000	£,000	£'000	£.000
Products on hand for sale and							
work in progress Materials and fuel	28 3 59 2	231 354	198	189 302	200 314		
Materials and fuel							••
Number of establishments	No. 25	No. 25	No. 26	No. 22	No. 22	No.	No. 25

# The values of gross output and of materials and fuel used are derived in the following way:-

	£'000	£, 000	£,000	£'000	£'000	£,000	£,000
Output of firms in this trade (f)							
Principal products (g) Other output (h) Changes in stocks and	7.208 844	3.459	4,823	4,570 {	4,045 509	1,381 229	1,133 169
work in progress (i)	+ 47	+ 26	- 13	- 18	+ 59		
	8,099	5, 485	4,810	4,553	4,612	1	
Less payment for transport outwards (d)	••	324	256	247	235	1,610	1,302
Gross output (production)	8,099	5,161	4,553	4,306	4.377	1,610	1,302
Materials and fuel used by firms in this trade							
Purchases Changes in stocks (i)	5.356 - 240	3,441 - 41	2.878 + 28	2.754	2.534 - 22	982	710
Materials and fuel used	5, 116	3,400	2,906	2,783	2, 512	982	710

(a) For small firms' summary see Table 2.
(b) Gross output for 1951 includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services. For other years payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold are excluded.
(c) Amounts paid for delivery services are excluded for 1951 but included for other years.
(d) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For 1951 they appears to transport of both goods sold and materials and fuel purchased. For other years payments acover only transport outwards of finished goods sold.
(e) Including working proprietors. For an estimate of the total number of persons employed in this trade see Table 3.
(f) Total value of sales (1951, 1950, 1949 and 1948) or production for sale (1937 and 1935)

(f) Total value of sales (1951, 1950, 1949 and 1948) or production for sale (1937 and 1935).
(g) For details for 1951 and 1948 see Table 8.
(h) For details for 1951 and 1948 see Table 10.
(i) For details for 1951 see Table 21.

TABLE 2

2000	1000	1986 - N. S.	AND AND AND
ma	11	firms	(a)

	Great B	Great Britain		Great Britain	
action angel	1951	1950	1949	19 49	19 48
Number of returns	2	3	2	2	1
Average number of persons employed (b)  Males  Females	18 -	22 2	16	16	7 1
Total	18	24	17	17	8

(a) Small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for 1951 or 1950.

(b) Including working proprietors.

### Estimated average employment (a)

### All firms

TABLE 3

		e

The state of the s	Uni	ted Kingdom	Great Britain		
The same of the sa	1951	1950	19 49	1949	19 48
As returned by firms  Employing on the average more than ten persons (b)  Employing on the average ten or fewer persons (c)	1,909 18(d)	1,812 24(d)	1,705	1,562 17	1,605
imploying on the average ton of tensor possess	1,927	1,836	1,722	1,579	1,613
Estimated average employment in firms not making satisfactory returns	-	-	-	- "	8
Estimated average employment in all firms	1,927(d)	1,836(d)	1,722	1,579	1,621

(a) Including working proprietors.
(b) See Tables 13(iv) and 14.
(c) See Table 2.

# Analysis by size, 1951

# Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

# TABLE 4

Average number employed				Persons employed	I			
	Establish- ments	Gross ou tpu t	Net output		Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	Net output per person employed
	No.	£, 000	£.000	No.	£ '000	£,000	£,000	£
11 - 24	6	279	87	114	27	12	39	762
25 - 49	8	1,104	387	299	80	31	110	1,293
50 - 99	5	1, 456	453	353	112	43	155	1,284
100 - 399	6	5, 260	1,658	1,143	37 3	168	541	1.451
Total	25	8,099	2, 58 5	1,909	591	253	844	1,354

(a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

<sup>(</sup>d) Excluding any small firms in Northern Ireland.

- Analysis by standard region, 1951

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5

			Net ou	tput		P	lemuneration		
Region	Estab- lish- ments Gross output Vo	Value	Percent- age of total	Persons employed	Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	Net output per person employed	
	No.	£,000	£'000	400	No.	£,000	£,000	£'000	£
England .									
Northern: East			100						Advent Control
and West Ridings; and Eastern	4	546	195	7.5	119	36	20	57	1,640
London and South Eastern	7	4.000	1,209	46.8	777	278	115	393	1,556
North Western	5	1,841	664	25.7	550	149	81	230	1, 208
North Midland; Southern: South Western: and			reviewer Leger	SOUTH STATE	154 Feb. 234				Part.
Midland	-	-		-	-	-	-		•
Total England	16	6,388	2,069	80.0	1,446	463	217	680	1, 431
Wales	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	1 23-11
Scotland	5	1,303	316	12.2	315	96	25	121	1,002
Great Britain	21	7,691	2,384	92.2	1,761	559	242	801	1,354
Northern Ireland	4	408	201	7.8	148	32	12	44	1,356
United Kingdom	25	8,099	2,585	100.0	1,909	591	253	844	1,354

(a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

TABLE 6 - Analysis according to specialisation within the trade, 1951 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

No specialisation within this trade was distinguished.

TABLE 7 - Total make of intermediate products: Larger establishments This table is not applicable to the trade.

Sales of the principal products of the trade, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other trades

Larger establishments

TABLE 8	United Kingdom 1951				Great Britain 1948		
	Quant	ity	Value	Entries	Quantity		Value
	Th.sq. yds.	Th. cwts.	£.000	No.	Th.sq. yds.		£, 000
Felts for roofing (including sarking and sheathing felts)	19 (FWS) ( A						
Paper felts	65.440	1.744	3,375	15	60,625	1,438	2,391
Tarred flax or jute felts	9,083	131	558	8	7.052	94	339
Other roofing felts	24.082	584	1,325	12	9,479	240	412
Total roofing felts	98,605	2,459	5, 257	••	77.157	1.772	3,142 .
Felt base for manufacture into floor covering	21,629	327	731		13,053	197	341(
Dampcourses and similar fabrics	7.456	483	1,130	20	4,382	278	510
Waste products			7				5
Work done for customers (fixing felts, etc.) (b)			113				90
To tal	100 100	100	7,238		and the same		4.088
Less sales in other trades (see Table 9)			30	••			43
Total principal products in this trade sold by establishments in the trade	Paris Reserve		7,208	23		434	4,045

(a) Described in 1948 as Felt base for manufacture into floor covering and impregnated felts for

covering floors.
(b) Amount charged.

Sales of principal products of the trade by establishments classified to other trades

Larger establishments

TA	BL	E	9
----	----	---	---

TABLE 9		United Kingdom 1951				Great Britain 1948		
	Quantity		Quantity Value		Quantity		Value	
feet letter names into	Th.sq.	Th.	£.000	No.	Th.sq. yds.	Th. cwts.	£, 000	
Felts for roofing (including sarking and sheathing felts)	ale of a	o respective			30		,	
Paper felts	2000	-	en management - the same		14		1	
Tarred flax or jute felts Other roofing felts	539	13	30		100	3	4	
Compourses and similar fabrics and felt base for manufacture into floor covering	-	-	-	-	7 27	19	37 (a)	
Total			30	•••			43	

(a) Described in 1948 as Damp courses and similar fabrics and felt base for manufacture into floor covering and impregnated felts for overing floors.

(19151-1)

# Sales in the trade of other than principal products

### Larger establishments

TARIF 10

	United Kingdom 1951				Great Britain 1948		
	Quan	tity	Value	Quan	tity	Value	
order to the control of the control	Th.sq. yds.	Th. cwts.	£, 000	Th.sq. yds.	Th. cwts.	£,000	
Felts, including hair felts, other than for roofing	5,098	125	422	4, 446	69	257	
	Th.	cwts.		Th.c	wts.		
Bituminous composition	1	03	201	10	9	138	
Other goods	45 17		221		1381 P	114	
To tal	THE LANGE		844		\$160 B	509	

### Production, exports and imports of certain principal products (a)

# TABLE 11

		Production (b)(c)	Exports	Retained imports
Felts for roofing (including sarking and sheathing felts)	\$1951 {1948	Th.cwts.  2.459 1.772	Th. cwts.  484(d) 299(d)	Th. cwts
sneathing felts)	1948 1937	1,199	144	11

 <sup>(</sup>a) Figures of production (or sales) refer only to larger establishments in the United Kingdom (1951 and 1937) or Great Britain (1948). All recorded exports from and imports into the United Kingdom are given in the Table. The figures, therefore, are not strictly comparable.
 (b) Sales in 1951 and 1948, and production for sale in 1937.

# TABLE 12 - Usage of certain specified purchased materials, 1951 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

No information on usage of materials was required from this trade.

# Employment in September

Larger establishments (a)

Number

	-1	United Kingdom			Britain	United	Kingdom
	1951(b)	19 50 (b)	1949 (b)	1949(ы)	1948(c)	1937 (c)	1935(c)
Males	and the second second second	and the second second subject to	ACCUSE NO SECOND ASSESSMENT	- we can be diversity			
Under 18	53	47	37	29	40	98	88
All ages	1,370	1,336	1,199	1,111	1,149	1,156	1,073
Females	AS COURSE &			Total S		1997DI	Can Indiana.
Under 18	6	2	1	1	5	12	19
All ages	119	94	98	85	109	159	123
Total	Acres desired formers	2 20 20 20 20 20 20	and the second second	and the Lyndria	n despression of the	in the same of the	a source
Under 18	59	49	38	30	45	110	107
All ages	1.489	1,430	1.297	1,196	1. 258	1,315	1, 196

(ii) Administrative, technical and clerical employees (d) Number United Kingdom Great Britain United Kingdom 19 49 1937 1935 1951 19 49 1948 Males Under 18 10 250 253 314 353 All ages 280 269 Females Under 18 All ages 135 128 104 92 Total 32 357(e) Under 18 51 415(e) 36 388(e) 416(e) 347 (e) 406 All ages 466

	United Kingdom			Great	Britain	United Kingdom		
	1951	1950	19 49	1949	19 48	1937	1935	
Males Under 18 All ages	72 1,650	61 1,624	47 1,468	39 1,364	50 1,399	135 1,509	117 1,387	
Females Under 18 All ages	38 254	25 222	27 217	23 189	25 206	26 27 2	23 215	
Total Under 18 All ages	110 1,904(e)	86 1,846(e)	74 1,685(e)	62 1,553(e)	75 1,605(e)	161 1,781	140	

(a) Excluded employees. The following persons were employed at the larger establishments in this trade in 1951 but are not included in the above tables or in any other Census of Production report (e.g., employees in Great Britain engaged, for example, in merchanting and in Northern Ireland canteen and welfare workers):-

Canteen workers 1 Male 14 Females Other workers - Male 1 Female

(b) In week ended September 22, 1951, September 30, 1950, and September 24, 1949.

(c) Average for the year.
(d) In week ended September 22, 1951, September 30, 1950, September 24, 1949, September 25, 1948, October 16, 1937, and October 12, 1935.

(e) Working proprietors. In addition the working proprietors, shown in Table 13(iv) below, were engaged in this trade in larger establishments. The 1937 and 1935 figures include working proprietors.

### (iv) Working proprietors

	Un	United Kingdom			United Kingdom		Great B	ri tain
	1951	19 50	1949	1949	1948			
Males	5	6	5	-	-			
Females	-	-	-					
Total	5	6	5	-	-			

(19151-1)

TABLE 13

(i) Operatives

<sup>(</sup>c) Including production (or sales) by establishments classified to other trades.
(d) Excluding sheathing felt recorded as £41,000 in 1951 and £33,000 in 1948; quantity figures are not available.

### Average employment

# Larger establishments (a)

TABLE 14

	United Kingdom			Great Britain		United Kingdom	
And the second s	1951	1950	1949	1949	1948	19 37	1935
Operatives Administrative, technical and	1.497	1,399	1,314	1,207	1,258	1,315	1, 196
clerical employees	407	407	386	355	347 (ъ)	466(ь)	406 (ъ)
Total	1,904	1,806	1,700	1,562	1,605	1,781	1,602

(a) For employment in small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns see Table 2.
 (b) In week ended September 25, 1948, October 16, 1937, and October 12, 1935. The 1937 and 1935 figures include working proprietors.

Outworkers. No outworkers were recorded in this trade.

# Shift working, 1951 (a)

# Larger establishments in Great Britain

# TABLE 15

	Total number of man-shifts worked in the week	Total number of shift-hours worked in the week	Number of returns showing the systems stated
Continuous 3 shift systems per 24 hours			
averaging 8 hours per shift Continuous 4 shift systems per 24 hours	(b)	(P)	(ъ)
averaging 6 hours per shift	-		Commission of the commission o
All 2 shift systems	980 L		- AL ashe
Other shift systems	( b)	(ъ)	(Ъ)
Total	1,313	10,814	(c)

(a) Shift working during week ended September 22, 1951.
(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

(c) The number and percentage of returns showing shift working and of operatives on shift-work were as follows:-

	Returns		Operatives		
and the conference of their desire	Total in trade	Showing shift-work	Total in trade	Total on returns showing shift-work	Number employed on shift- work
Number Percentage of total in trade Percentage of total on returns showing shift-work	19	15.8	1.380 100.0	482 34.9	210 15.2 43.6

Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year

# Larger establishments

	0	0		
200	u	u	u	

		United Kingdom			Britain
	1951	1950	1949	1949	19 48
Wages and salaries (a) of	177 18873	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.			
Operatives	591	507	4 58	431	416
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	253	220	198	191	182
Total	844	7 27	6 5 6	622	598
Employers' contributions to all National Insurance Schemes	19	18	17	16	14

(a) Including bonus and commission payments.

Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work

# Larger establishments

TABLE 17

TABLE 16

0	ö	0	0	0

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	United	Kingdom	Great B	ritain
The Land of the last of the la	1951	1949	19 49	1948
Plant, machinery and vehicles		The same of the sa		
Acquisitions			No. of Street,	
Plant and machinery	49	46	45	91
New	45		or have been a property	1
Second-hand	•			
Vehicles	29	8	7	12
New	3	i	1	3
Second-hand	•			
Total acquisitions	83	55	54	107
lotar acdargretous				
D1-				
Disposals Plant and machinery	1	1		-
Vehi cles	5	1	1	1
Acut cres	A 6 94 9 0 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO	
Total disposals	7	2	1	1
10(di disposars	The Address of the			
New building work	A DOUBLE OF DEEL			200
Comital expenditure on new building and other				
constructional work of a capital nature	-,	46	46	33
(excluding site values and development charges)	54	40	70	00

# COUNTRY TABLES

### ROOFING FELTS TRADE

1951

### Summary

### Larger establishments

TABLE 18

Service Servic	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
	£'000	£, 000	£,000	£.000	£.000	£,000
Gross output (production)	6,388	198	1,303*	7,691	408	8,099
Cost of materials and fuel used Payment for work done on materials	4,048		892	4,940	17 5	5,116
given out Transport payments	271		95	366	32	399
Net output Wages and salaries of persons employed	2,069 680	- 03	316 121	2.384	201 44	2.585 844
Average number of persons employed (a)	No. 1,446	No.	No. 315	No. 1,761	No. 148	No. 1,909
Net output per person employed (a)	£ 1,431	£	£ 1,002	£ 1,354	£ 1,356	£ 1,354
Stocks at end of year	€. 000	£.000	£.000	£, 000	€,000	£,000
Products on hand for sale and work in progress Materials and fuel	224 514		32 60	255 57 4	27 17	28 3 59 2
Number of establishments	No. 16	No.	No.	No. 21	No.	No. 25

The values of gross output and of materials and fuel used are derived in the following way:-

	\$.000	£, 000	£. 000	£.000	£,000	£,000
Output of firms in this trade	Carlo State of the Control			Service - Service		
Total value of sales (see Table 20)	6,353	-	1,298	7,651	401	8.052
Changes in stocks and work in progress (see Table 21)	+ 34	1.000 THE -	+ 6	+ 40	+ 7	+ 47
Gross output (production)	6,388	•	1,303	7,691	408	8,099
Materials and fuel used by firms in this trade			45.004			
Purchases	4, 259	-	915	5,174	182	5,356
Changes in stocks (see Table 21)	- 211	•	- 23	- 234	- 6	- 240
Materials and fuel used	4, 048	-	892	4,940	175	5.116

<sup>(</sup>a) Including working proprietors.

TABLE 19 - Summary: Small firms in Great Britain

Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, this table cannot be given. For information relating to Great Britain as a whole, see Table 2.

Sales in the trade Larger establishments

TABLE 20

<b>一种一种一种一种一种</b>	Engla	nd and	Wales	Sc	tland o		Gre	eat Brit	tain	North	em Ire	land	Unit	ed King	gdom
	Qu an t	i ty	Value	Quan	ti ty	Value	Quant	ti ty	Value	e Quantity		Value Quantity		i ty	Value
	Th.sq.	Th.	£°000	Th.sq.	Th. cwts.	£' 000	Th.sq. yds.	Th. cwts.	£,000	Th.sq. yds.	Th.	£' 000	Th.sq.	Th. cwts.	£, 000
Principal products															
Felts for roofing (including sarking and sheathing felts)															
Paper felts	53,943	1,444	2,856	)								(	65,440	1,744	3, 37 5
Tarred flax or jute felts	6,387	93	421	16,303	426	733	91, 277	2,304	4,864	6.788	142	36 4	9,083	131	5 58
Other roofing felts	14.645	341	854	)									23,542	571	1,295
Felt base for manufacture into floor covering		••	(a)	1.		(a)	21,629	327	731	-	-	-	21,629	327	731
Dampcourses and similar fabrics			(a)	1,854	121	265			(a)			(a)	7,456	483	1,130
Waste products		• •	5		••	2			7	•		•			7
Work done for customers (fixing felts, etc.) (b)			113			-	70.1		113	The state of		-			113
Total principal products			(a)			(a)			(a)			(a)			7,208
Other output															
Felts, including hair felts, other than for roofing	1											(	5,098	125	422
Bituminous composition	}		(a)			(a)		• •	(a)			(a) {		103	201
Other goods														• •	221
Total			6,353			1,298			7,651			401			8,052

<sup>(</sup>a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.
(b) Amount charged.

Number

# Stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress, and stocks of materials and fuel

# Larger establishments

T		-	~	-	-	×
-	А		0.10	H		

TABLE 21						£,000
		England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Products on hand for sale Work in progress	at beginning of year at end of year at beginning of year at end of year	(a)	( a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
Total products on hand for sale and work in progress	{at beginning of year at end of year	189 224	26 32	215 255	20 27	235 283
Materials and fuel	at beginning of year at end of year	303 514	37 60	340 574	11 17	351 592

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars for products on hand for sale and for work in progress cannot be given.

# Employment in September

# Larger establishments (a)(b)

TABLE	,	2	2				
(	i	)	Ope	ra	ti	ve	S

	England and Wales	Scotl and	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males					
Under 18	36	10	46	7	50
All ages	1,032	247	1,279	91	53
Females			2,2,0	31	1,370
Under 18	6		6	12 Fee 400 11 20	
All ages	89	12	101	18	6 119
Total	SOURCE RECEIPTION OF THE PROPERTY AND THE				
Under 18	42	10	52	2 2 5 4 5 4	
All ages	1, 121	259	1,380	109	59 1,489

	England and Wales	Scotl and	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males		Control of the Control	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE		
Under 18	15	4	19		19
All ages	219	42	261	19	280
Females	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF		A PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	· 中华 · 中国	200
Under 18	26	2	28	4	32
All ages	106	13	119	16	135
Total	10 A				100
Under 18	7 2 2 2 2 2 2		14 至 建二 第二		
	41	6	47	4	51
All ages (c)	325	55	380	35	415

(continued overleaf)

# TABLE 22 (contd.)

(iii) Total emp					
	England and Wales	Scotl and	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Males			65	7	72
Under 18	51	14		110	
All ages	1,251	289	1,540	110	1,650
Females			34	4	38
Under 18	32	2			
All ages	195	25	220	34	254
Total			-	11	110
Under 18	83	16 314	1,760	144	1,904

(a) Excluded employees. The number of persons employed at the larger establishments in this trade but not included in the above tables or in any other Census of Production report (employees in Great Britain engaged, for example, in merchanting and in Northern Ireland canteen and welfare workers) are shown in Table 22(v) below.
 (b) Number employed in the week ended September 22, 1951.
 (c) Working proprietors. In addition working proprietors, shown in Table 22(iv) below, were engaged in this trade in larger establishments.

(1v) working proj	(iv) working proprietors					
19	England and Wales	Scotl and	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom	
Males Females	-		•	5 -	5 -	
Total	-		-	5	5	

Total	- T	-	-	3	3
(v) Excluded e	molovees				Number
(V) Excluded 6	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Canteen workers Males Females	- 12	1	1 13	1	1 14
Total	12	2	14	1	15
Other workers Males Females	1		-1	1	1
Total	1		1	·	1
Total excluded employees	13	2	15	1	16

# Average employment

### Larger establishments

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Operatives	1,129	261	1,390	107	1,497
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	317	54	371	36	407
Total	1,446	315	1,761	143	1,904

Outworkers. No outworkers were recorded in this trade.

(19151-1)

# Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year

Larger establishments

TABLE 24

£'000

£'000

	England and Wales	S∞ tl and	Great Britain	Northern I reland	United Kingdom
Wages and salaries (a) of	\$40	No. of the local	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		800 GM - 2.0
Operatives Administrative, technical and	463	96	5 5 9	32	591
clerical employees	217	25	242	12	253
Total	680	121	801	44	844
Employers' contributions to all National Insurance Schemes	15	3	18	1	19

(a) Including bonus and commission payments.

Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work

TABLE 25

Larger establishments

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Plant, machinery and vehicles Acquisitions	ATT MAKE		tion time (trace)		
Plant and machinery New Second-hand Vehicles	39 1	9	48 1	- 72.00	49
New Second-hand	25 3	1	25 3	4 -	29 3
Total acquisitions Disposals	68	10	78	5	83
Plant and machinery Vehicles	1 5	-	1 5	-	1 5
Total disposals	6	-	7	No. Col. 10 y Stanfold	7
New building work  Capital expenditure on new building and other constructional work of a capital nature (excluding site values and development charges)	49	3	52	2	54

Payments for transport services for finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased

Larger establishments

TABLE 26

£.000

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Amounts paid to other firms and undertakings Amount paid or credited to firms' own separate transport organisations Total	239	92	330	32	362
	33	4	36	-	36
	271	95	366	32	399

DS 19151/1/Wt.4003 K.5 6/54 CL

The following brief notes refer to Great Britain and, unless otherwise stated, to the census of production for 1951. Reference should be made to the separate booklet in this series entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1951: Introductory Notes' (price 1s.6d. net) for particulars of the minor differences in the Northern Ireland censuses and other details about the census of production.

Trade classification: Establishments are classified to trades according to the nature of their output. Certain products, called principal products, are identified as characteristic of the production of individual trades, the principal products for a given trade being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. An establishment is classified to a trade if its output of principal products of that trade accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of principal products of any other trade.

The establishment: The basic unit for the collection of information is generally the establishment which in most cases comprises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a factory). Offices, warehouses and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are included in the return for the works.

Larger establishments and small firms: Larger establishments are those which employed more than 10 persons on the average during the year; small firms are those employing on the average 10 or fewer persons.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, and include members of their families who work in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded.

Persons employed: Administrative employees include directors other than those paid by fee only. managers, superintendents and works foremen: research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; and travellers and office (including works office) employees. Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all manual workers.

All these figures exclude canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return who are shown separately as excluded employees.

Figures for employees include only persons on the pay-roll (that is whose National Insurance cards were held by the firm), whether full-time or parttime employees.

Outworkers, who are shown separately, are persons employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm, but do not work on the premises; operatives directly employed who work out of doors (e.g., maintenance workers) and sub-contractors are not included as outworkers.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonuses, and commissions, without any deduction for income tax, insurance, contributory pensions, etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure: Expenditure on plant, machinery and vehicles relates to expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return, including transport and installation costs involved. Expenditure on new building work is similarly that charged to capital account during the year.

Materials and fuel: The cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production and of fuel (including oil, gas. and electricity for all purposes, including heating and lighting); all packing materials, including the full cost of returnable containers when first purchased; workshop materials; office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to firms' own buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by

their own work people included in the return; and consumable tools and parts for machinery purchased as replacement. Materials, components, etc. which were purchased and re-sold in the same state (that is, merchanted or factored goods) were excluded. For 1951 firms in many trades were required to state the quantities of certain purchased materials used.

Stocks and work in progress: Firms were instructed to give these at income tax value.

Output: Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. For all post-war censuses the value of sales was the net selling value, that is, the amount charged to customers, whether on an exworks or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the f.o.b. value.

Gross output of a trade is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year; this means the value of sales and work done during the year adjusted for changes in the values of stocks.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used and the amount paid for work given out and, for 1951, any transport payments included in firms' returns. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met as well as depreciation and profits.

Oustoms and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is included in the cost of materials, but where it is especially important separate figures are shown.

Later reports: Reports will be published later summarising the main census results and giving information about power equipment and fuel consumption.

Disclosure of information: The report has been prepared in conformity with the disclosure provisions of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947. Figures have been combined with others of a similar nature in certain cases where publication of separate details might disclose the operations of an individual firm.

Symbols used: '..' for 'Not available', '-' for 'Nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)'

The figures in the tables have been rounded off to the nearest final digit, and there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Tables 1 to 17 show figures for the United Kingdom (or Great Britain).

Tables 18 to 26 are country tables and give, where practicable, separate details for England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Table 6: Specialist producers refer to those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the groups of products

Table 8 (or 8(i)) shows the total sales of principal products of the trade, and includes therefore the sales of these products returned by establishments whether classified to the trade or to other trades. Those produced by establishments in other trades are shown in Table 9.

Table 10 shows the sales by establishments in the trade of products other than those regarded as principal products of the trade.

Table 20 (or 20(i)) shows sales by establishments in the trade of products, whether principal products or not, and broadly the aggregates here are equal to the corresponding figures in Table 8 (or 8(i)) less those in Table 9, plus those in Table 10.

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