## The Report on the <br> Census of Production for 1954

## Volume 8: Industry J

PRESERVED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parlia
Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 \& 11 Geo. 6 Ch. 39, Sec. 7)

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The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 8 INDUSTRY J
PRESERVED FRUIT and vegetables

THIS REPORT on the Fruit and Vegetable Products Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of jam, marmalade, fruit jellies, mincemeat, candied peel crystallised fruit, potato crisps, table jellies and jelly powders, pickles, sauces and relishes and in preserving fruit and vegetables by canning, bottling, drying, dehydrating or quick
reezing.
This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 157 in the Standard Industrial Classification.

List of tables

| Table <br> No. | Title | Page | Table <br> No. | Title |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In interpreting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

The following notes describe terms in general use
the tables of the report. More deetailed explana-
ons of the terms used and a description of the scope tions of the terms used and a description of the scope
and metho of taking the census are given in the sear
ate booklet entitned The Report on the Census of Pro ate boklet entitled The Report on the Census of Pro-
duction for 1954 - Introductory Notes ${ }^{\circ}$ (price 18. ©d.
net).
Industrial Classification: Establishmente are classif-
ied to industries according to the nature of their output and, as far as possible. in conforimity with the
Standard Industrial Classification. Certain are identified as the principal products of individual
industries. the principal products for a qiven industry industries. the principal products for a given industry
being of asimilar nature or commonly associated in production. The principle of classification normaly
followed is that an establishment is clasified industry if its output of the principal products of that Industry accounted for a greater proportion of the value
of its output than diduts output of the principal pro-
ducts of any other industry. Specialist producers normally comprise those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by
value is accounted for by the characteristic products of value is accounted
the specialist group.
 of iven shoring the todal quan i.e. products which may be further processed in the estabiishments in which they
are produced.
Larger establishments: The information given in the re-
 tran 10 persons. In most cases an establishment comprises the whole of the premises under the same owner-
ship or management at a particular address (e.q.
$a$ mine or factory). Offices. warehouses. 1aboratories and
other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are not regarded as separate estab-
lishments and are included in the return for the works. Smal1 11 firms are those employing on the average 10 or
ferer persons.

The estimates for the industry as a whole given in Table 1 are normally obtained by increasing the other
items shown in the same proportion as total employment. Gross output (production) is the total value of goods
made and other work done during the year: it is obtainod by adjusting the value sares for changes in the value of stocks of products the year for changes in the value of stocks of products
on hand for sale and work in progress. Net output is the amount left after deducting from the
value of gross out put the aggregate of the cost of mat and for 1951 and 1954, any transport payments made.
and
The This represents the value added to materiais by the pro-
ceas of production, and constitutes the fund from which
anges, salaries, rents, rates and taxes advertis mages, salaries, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and
other selling expenses and all other similiar charges.
have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits. Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the
establishent covered by the return or made on commiss.
in for it. whether produced in the year oo not. The ton for of sales
valuoun charged
maoun amoun charged to cust omets, whether on an an ex-works or the
delivered basis. and net of any trade discount.
comissions. tax. etc. For fownces for returnable canes. purchase
customers over goods charged ona delivered basis to Materials and fuel. The total Materials and fuel. The total cost of materials and
fuel purchased inciudes all purchases during the year
of materials for use in production, and of fuel (includ(56124)
ing oil. gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing
materials. including the full cost of returnable cases nterials. including the full cost of returnable cases
when firs purchased. workhop and office materials: water charges: materials for repars or to milerings:
plant and vehicles when carried out by firms oun nosk. plant and vehicles when carried out by firms. own work-
people included in their returni consumbe tols
and parts for machinery purchased as replacements Purchases of gooch for merchanting are exepluded. The the
cost of materials and fuel uned. given in Table it is obtained by adjusting purchases for changes during the
year in the value of stocks. Stocks: Firms were required to give stocks of materials
and fuel . product on hand for sale. and work in pro-
gresse ot incometan Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is
normally included in the cost of materials. Finished no mally included in the cost of materials. Finished
goods are similarly valued as they were sold. dutypaid
The net amount of any duty paid is de. goods are similarly valued as they were sold, duty-paid
or duty-free The net amount of any duty paid is de.
ducted in arriving at net output. Employment: Total empl oyment includes morking propriet. and operatives, but excludes outworkers. canteen employ. ees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other ac-
tivity not covered by a firm freturn, tho are shown
 sons on the pay-roll (i.e.. persons, whose National In.
surance cards were held by employers). whe ther employed
fulltite ful1-time or part-time
Morking proprietors are proprietors of businesses other
than limited companies. toogether with members of their
families who worked in the bye ine Chan limited conpanies, together with members of their
failies who worked in the bus iness without receiving
fixed aages or salaries. Any persons working less that fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than
hall the normal hours are excluded. For Northern
 paid by fee only) are also included.
Adinistrative, tecthical and clerical enployes include
directors one
 foremen: research. exper imental, deve lopment, technical
and design employees other than operatives): draughts-
men and tracers. men and tracers: trave
works office) employees.
Operatives include all other classes of employees, i.e.
broadly speaking. all manual workers Outworkers are persons employed by the firm who work on
materials supplied by the firm in their own homes. Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonus-
es and commissions nithout any deductions for income tax, es and commissions without any deructions for income tax,
insurances, contributory pensions etc. They exclude
ores. insurances. contributory pens
payments to working proprietors.
Capital expenditure includes expenditure on new building
work, and on plant, machinery and vehicles, charged capital account during the year. including any transport.
and installation costs involved. It includes expendiand ins talliation costs involved. It includes expendi-
ture in respect of es tablishments in Great Britain which ture in respect of establishments in Great Britain which
had not begun production before the end of the hear
(ahich has not previcusiy been included in the Census of had no be gun production be fore the end of
(hroduction nepory been included in the
Propts for Individual industries). Symbols used:
for not available
for nil or negligible (less than half the final
digit shown).
Where figures are rounded, e.g. given to the nearest $\varepsilon$ thousand. there may be aparent slight discrepan-
cies between the sums of constituent items and the tot. als shown. In some cases, figures have been combined
ith others of a similar nature where publication of "ith others of a similar nature where publication of
separate details mitht disclose information relating to
an individual undertaking.

| Average number employed (a) | Estab-Lishments | Grossoutput | ( $\begin{gathered}\text { Net } \\ \text { output }\end{gathered}$ | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { expenditure } \\ & \text { (b) } \end{aligned}$ | $\|$Net output <br> per person <br> emponod <br> (a) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Operatives | Others | operatives | Others |  |  |
|  | Number | £'000 | £ 000 | Number | Number | $£^{\prime} 000$ | $\varepsilon \cdot 000$ | £. 000 | $\varepsilon$ |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{843}$ | 152 | 205 | 57 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25-49 \\ & 50-99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 75 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.387 \\ & 3.346 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.107 \\ & 2.885 \end{aligned}$ | 2.150 4.113 | 357 939 | 522 1.075 | 171 479 | ${ }_{226}^{129}$ | 439 569 |
| 100 - 199 | 58 | 15.075 | 4.881 | 7.189 | 1.386 | 1.852 | 711 | 534 | 569 |
| 200 300 | 29 14 | 13,721 7 7.949 | 3.830 2.320 | 5.947 4.049 | 1.016 661 | 1.724 1.102 | ${ }_{282}^{469}$ | 356 262 |  |
| $400-499$ | 4 | 4.142 |  | 1.377 | 358 | 373 | 168 | -48 | 732 |
| 500-749 | 14 | 17.738 46 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5. } \\ 12.420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6.379 10.480 | ${ }_{3}^{1.696}$ | ${ }_{3}^{1.9533}$ | $\begin{array}{r}840 \\ 1.808 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 674 890 |
| 750 and over | 10 | 46.357 | 12.527 | 12. 527 | 10.602 | 12.328 | 4,986 | 3.112 | 658 |
| Total | 330 | 119.020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) Excluding outworkers and including rorking proprietors.
(b) Capital expenditure on nem buiding ork and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles.
excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954


[^0]|  | 1951 |  | 1954 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Entries |
|  | Th.cwt. | £. 000 | Th.cwt. | \&. 000 | Number |
| Pickles, sauces and relishes Pickles | 628 | 4.751 | ${ }^{563}$ | 4. ${ }_{732}$ | 86 |
| Chutneys | 38 | 451 | 16 | 259 45 | 32 |
| Salad cream (including mayonnaise) | 169 | 2.192 | 200 | 2,739 | 22 |
| Sandwich spread, sold as such | 38 | 664 | 32 | 592 | 5 |
| Sauces and other relishes | 746 | 6.940 | 760 | 7.718 | 86 |
| Homogenised baby foods | 131 | 1.043 | 180 | 1.583 | . |
| Waste products | .. | 224 | .. | 169 | 65 |
| Work done for the trade or on commission (a) | .. | 524 | .. | 487 | 25 |
| Total |  | 99.473 |  | 106.780 | .. |
| Sales in other industries (see Table 6) |  | 8.498 |  | 7.241 | .. |
| Principal products of this industry sold by establishments in the industry |  | 90.975 |  | 99,539 | 302 |

Scles of principal products of the industry by establishment
classified to other industries
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

| TABLE 6 |
| :--- |


|  | 1954 |  |  | Principal industries in which produced (a) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | value | Entries |  |
| Pickles, sauces and relishes | Th.ewt. | £'000 | Number |  |
| Pickles | 32 | 214 | 10 | 8E, 9B. 9D, 9G |
| Chutneys | 1 |  |  |  |
| Salad cream (including mayonnaise). sauces and other relishes | 86 | 901 | 16 | 8E, 8F, 9D, 9G |
| Total |  | 7.241 | .. |  |

(a) The volume number and
back of this report.

Sales in the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

| TABLE 7 |
| :--- |

or powder form

TABLE 7 (contd.)

| 1954 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quantity | Value |
| Th.cwt. | $\ell^{\prime} 000$ |
| 312 | 1.638 |
| 5 | 59 10 |
| 1 | 17 |
| . | 656 |
| . | 202 |
| 6 | ${ }_{96}^{41}$ |
| .. | 61 |
| .. | 17.458 |

TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom This table is not applicable to the industry.

Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

|  | Quantity | Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Materials | Th.cwt. | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ |
| Vegetables |  |  |
| Potatoes | 1.651 | 1.129 |
| Other sorts (including rhubarb) |  |  |
| Fresh | 2.332 | 3.510 |
| Dried | 1.795 | 7.086 |
| Otherwise preserved | 210 | 919 |
| Fresh fruit |  |  |
| Citrus fruits | 385 | 1.105 |
| Strawberries | 259 | 1.403 |
| Raspberries | 96 | 480 |
| Plums (including damsons and greengages) | 498 | 585 |
| Other | $\stackrel{922}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.074 \\ & 313 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fruit pulp |  |  |
| Citrus | 67 | 164 |
| Other |  |  |
| Home produced | 417 | 1.310 |
| Imported | $\stackrel{34}{4}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.599 \\ 167 \end{array}$ |
| Dried fruits | ${ }^{137}$ | 595 77 |
| Other preserved fruit | .$^{37}$ | $\begin{gathered} 192(a) \\ 40(a) \end{gathered}$ |
| Apple pectin | 217 | $\begin{aligned} & 292 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |
| Sugar (including invert sugar) | 4.110 | 11.818 |
| Molasses, treacle and syrup | .$^{25}$ | ${ }_{35}^{65}$ |
| Honey | .. | 180(a) |
| (56124) |  |  |

TABIE 9 (contd.)

|  | Quantity | Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Materials (contd.) | Th.cwt. | £.000 |
| Margarine and compound cooking fat | 20 | 171 |
| Hefined vegetable oils | 234 | 1.819 |
| Malt | .. 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 146 \\ & { }_{26} \end{aligned}$ |
| Gelatine | 24 | 604 |
| Tomato purée | 434 | 2.873 |
| Meat. including poultry and game | . | $1.453(\mathrm{a})$ |
| Fish | 112 | 276 |
| Vinegar (malt, wine and spirit) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th.gal. } \\ & 4.921 \end{aligned}$ | 513 |
| Packing materials |  |  |
| Tinplate | $\underset{632}{\text { Th.cwt. }}$ | 2.448 |
| Tin containers bought as such | 1.311 | $\begin{aligned} & 7.026 \\ & 2.967 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glass bottles and jars | . | 5.197 |
| Cardboard boxes, cartons and fibreboard packing cases | ${ }^{630}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.438 \\ & 1.707 \end{aligned}$ |
| All other packing materials | .. | 4.137 |
| All other purchased materials | $\cdots$ | 7.519 |
| Fuel and electricity | Th.tons |  |
| Coal | 220 | 913 |
| Coke | ${ }^{10}$ | 55 6 |
| Liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures) For use in internal combustion engines | Th.gal. |  |
| Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles and derv. fuel | 2.970 78 | 581 |
| For burning in furnaces, boilers, kilns, etc. | 3.753 | 157 |
| Gas purchased | Th. the rms 3.798 | 219 |
| Electricity purchased (b) | Th.kWh. |  |
| From Electricity Boards | ${ }^{61.360}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 314 \\ 44 \end{array}$ |
| From other sources, including departments of the same firms | 448 | 2 |
| All other purchased fuel | .. | 6 |
| Total cost |  | 80,164 | was $2.488 \mathrm{Th} . \mathrm{kwh}$.

Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments (a)
TABLE 10
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom



LIST OF INDUSTRY REPORTS

|  | 1951 | 1954 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wages and salaries per head | $\varepsilon$ |  |
| Operatives <br> Administrative, technical and clerical employees | $\begin{aligned} & 234 \\ & 443 \end{aligned}$ | 290 490 |
| Superannuation and other pension funds for employees and dependents (b) |  | \&. 000 |
| Employers' contributions | .. | 512 |
|  |  | Number |
| Employees covered | .. | $\begin{array}{r} 21.286 \\ E^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| Pension, etc. payments to former employees and dependents (b) | .. | 55 5 | industry ('other workers' includes, fore example, emplopeyoes engaged in merchanting). The number of


|  | United Kingdom |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1951 | 1954 |
| Canteen workers | Number | Number |
| Males Females | 19 605 | $\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ 662 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 624 | 701 |
|  | 370 |  |
| Females | 537 | 605 |
|  | 907 | 1.240 |
| Total excluded employees | 1.531 | 1.941 |
| Outworkers (c) Males Females | 312 | ${ }_{233}^{16}$ |
| Total | 317 | 249 |
| Payments to outworkers | $\begin{aligned} & \varepsilon^{\prime} 000 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \varepsilon^{\circ} 000 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ |

(b) The figures given relate to larger establishments in Great Britain only,
(c) There were no outworkers employed in Northern Ireland in 1951 or 1954

Employment in a specified week (a)
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

| TABLE 11 |  |  |  | Numbe |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1951 |  |  | 1954 |  |  |
|  | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total |
| Working proprietors | 90 | 9 | 99 | 70 | 4 | 74 |
| Operatives | 13.107 | 30.615 | 43.722 | 13,997 | 30.985 | 44,982 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical employees | 5.616 | 3.797 | 9.413 | 6.018 | 4.311 | 10.329 |
| Total employees | 18.723 | 34.412 | 53.135 | 20.015 | 35.296 | 55.311 |

DS 56124/1/Wt.3351 K. 4 5/57 CL
vowne a foontd.
Proserved Mea
Milk Producta
ITl
I.e Croanct
H. Sugar and Glucose
J. Preserved Fruit and Vegetables
volume 9

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. Margarine } \\
& \text { B. Fish Curing }
\end{aligned}
$$

Cath Curing
Vinegar ond and Poultry Foods
Onher Condiments Starch
Miscellanoous Proserved Foods
Brening and Malting
Wholesale Bot ling
. Broving and MA1ting
J. Spirit Distilling
k. Spirit hectifying an
Compounding
L. Soft Drinks. Dritish \#ines
and Cider
Cider
M. Tobaceo
A. Timber
. Timber D. Shop and Office Fitting
E. Wooden Containers and Basketa
F. Faper and Board
H. Cardboard Box. Carton and
Fibre-board Packing Case
F. Mance foborrd Packing Case

1. Manu factured Stat ionery. Pu
Bendred Indus tiles
J. Nows paper and Periodical
J. Noenspaper and Poriodical
Printing and Publisining
K. Printing and Publishing
K. Printing and Publishing.
Bookblind ing. Engraving, otc.
vowne 11
A. Rubber Linoleum Leather and



vowne 12
A. Building and Contracting
B. Local Authorities (Building and
Lit


Onnibuu Under taking ing
(Civil Engineering)
E. Canald Dock ond Harb)
Undertakings (Civil
Under takilinge
Engineering
(Ci
F. Gas Supply Indus try
G. E1ectricity Supply
G. Electricity Suply $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sidustry } \\ & \text { H. Water Under takings }\end{aligned}$

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[^0]:    (b) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

