

BOARD OF TRADE

## THE REPORT ON THE

 CENSUS OF PRODUCTION FOR 1958Part 44<br>ENGINEERS' SMALL TOOLS AND GAUGES

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the
Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 ( 10 \& 11 Geo. 6 Ch.39. Sec. 7 )

LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE 1961
TWO SHILLINGS NET

Some changes were introduced in the 1958
s, which affect the comparability between 1954
Returns in full detail were requir Returns in full detail were requi red only from
$\begin{gathered}\text { firms employing } 25 \text { or more persons, instead of, } \\ \text { as previously, }\end{gathered}$ from firms employin as previously, from firms employing 11 or more
persons.
The coverage of firms' returns for 1958 was in many cases rather wider than for for 1954 . In both mas in
years the census was based years the census was based on the establi ishment,
comprising in most cases the whole of the premises
under the same ownership under the same ownership or managenent at a parmitices
uar address (e.g. a factory or mine); but offices,
1ater Tar addres
war rehouses,
from the wrom the
f rom the
a sked to
a Fiks were treated as part of the establ-
ther returns, include also, in all sulars rections of ther ting to merchot their ancilining, canteens operated by them, and other
anities, such as bottling, packing, and the manufacture of containers for packing thicir own
products, whether or not these act parried on at the same address as activities were
corks, unless TERMS USED IN THE
CAPITAL EXPENDITUR
The expenditure on new building work shown
excludes the cost of land and existing buildings purchased; for plant, machinery and vehicles both
new and second-hand items are included. The value
is that charged to capi tal account during the year is that charged to capital account during the year
including any transport and installation cos involved. Capital expenditure in respect of estab-
i ishments in Great Britain where production had not started before the end of the year is included in
Table 1.

Chanacteristic products (See the description of the EMPLOYMENT
(i) Working proprietors
(i) Working proprietors
These include al persons regarded as 'sel 1 f employed, for National Insurance purposes, and ithout receiving fixed wages or salaries; bu exsons working less then half the normal hours ar
$\qquad$ Employees are classified under the two main headings of (a) administrative, technical and
clerical employees and (b) operatives. The figures
felate to persons on the pay-roll (i, find relate to persons on the pay-roll (i.e. whose
National Insurance cards were held by employers),
whether full-time or whether full-time or part-time employees. The figures for 1958 include, but those for 1954
exclude, persons engaged in merchanting or factorexch, and panteen workers.
ing
Adminis
Administrative, technical and clerical em-
ployes include managers, superintendents, and works ployees include managers, superintendents, and works
foremen;
techencearch, experimental den development, tinnical and design employees (other than opera-
tives); draughtsmen and tracers; travellers; and
ffice ffice (including works of fice) employees,
Operatives include all other clas
ployees, that is, broady speaking, allasses of manual em
earners. arners. They include those employed in and about houses, transport works, operatives employed in power
tores. Morkers; maintenance workers; and cleaners. itting etc. are also included, but outworkers (i.e.
they were conducted by a separate company, or by a
separate department with a separate set of accounts: building and engineering maintenance departments were treated similarly. Selling and transport
departments were treated in this way both for 1954
 further ancilary activities was generally to
produce higher figures for employment etc. the
reporting of separate figures for merchanted goods reporting of separate fi gures for merchanted gods
led to the exclusion of some firms who proved to be merchants wi th only minor productive activities. governing the making of returns for ftwoor moree
establishments operated by the combined returns to be made more frely permitted
previous censuses. Combined returns were accented previous censuses. Combined returns were accepted
covering establi shments in the same census industry, and situated in the same country (i.e. England,
Scotland or Wal es). The 1954 fi gures have been re-t abu 1 ated to but because of the as possible to those for 1958, pondence is not always exact.
supplied by the firm in their own homes, etc.) are (iii) Total employment This is the sum of the average number of em-
ployees and the number of working proprietors;
outworkers are excluded. enterphise
mean one orm enterprise is used in this report to mean one or more firms under conmon ownership or enterprise normally consists either of a single subsidiary of a holding company together with its enthies
ENTRIES
7 The number of entries shown in Tables 4,5 and
is number of returns on which figures against a particular output or production heading were
recorded. The number of entries is recorded. The number of entries is 1 ess than the
corresponding number of establishments to the extent that combined returns were made covering more than
one of the establ ishments concerned. one of the est
establishinent
In most cases an establi shment comprises the managenent at premises under the same ownership or
 other ancillary places of business at a separate
address from the works were treated as part of the establ ishment.

## INTE RMEDIATE PRODUCTS

For some industries figures are given showing ant intermediate products, i. i.e. products which may be further processed in the establishments in which
they are produced, whether or not they are also sometimes sold. They include also goods produced
from materials supplied by other fi ms. Materials and fue
MATERIALS AND FUEL
The totals shown include the cost of all pur-
chases of materials and components for use in production, and of fuel (including oil, gas and iighting and transport (where carried out by firms,


## SYMBOLS USED

The
reports:
for not available
for not available
for nil or negligible (less than half the for nil or negligibl
final digit shown)
value, defined as the amount charged to customers
whether on an ex-works or deli ivered basis, net of
any trade discounts, agents. commissions, allowances any trade discounts, agents, comissions, allowance
for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc.; the ne
俍 amount charged for packing materials is is included
Goods charged on a delivered basis to customer averseas, are included at the f. o. br value. Fo
over done on comision or for the trade, the value
work dis shown is the net amount charged. With a few except ions, receipts for business and other services a
not included. not included. To the extent that the fini shed products of one establishment constitute the materials surchased by
another, total figures of the value of sales (and another, total figures of the value of sales (and of
materials and fuel purchased) include an el ement of materials and
duplication.
STOCKS AND WORK IN PROGRESS
STOCKS The values shown are the income tax values of stocks of products on hand for sale, and of
materials and fuel, at the beginning and end of materials and ruetur. For 195, but not for 1954 ,
the year of return
they include any stocks of goods held for mer they include any stocks of goods held for mer-
chanting or factoring. The value of work progress at the two dates is also usually shown
This excludes any progress payments made to sub This excludes any progress payments made to sub-
contractors, and no deucuction is made on account of contractors, and
progress payments recei ved.
thansport payments
These represent the total amount paid or
credited during the year for both outwards transpor credi ted during the year for both outwards transport
of finished goods sold and inwards transport of fini shed goods sold and inwards transport to other fi rms, pund to any separate transport to other firms, and to any separate transport
organisation of the same firm, not ocvered by the
return, but exclude the value of transport services return, but exclude the value of transport services
provided by the business covered by the return. The
items included are payments for hi red cartage and prems included are paments for hired cartage and
for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of
inland transport, that is railways, road haulage, canals, coast-wise shipping, air, etc. Payments
made for sea freight on goods sold to customers made for sea freight on goods sold to customers
overseas and on materials and fuel purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.

WhGES and SALARIES
operatives are the amounts paid during the year to
administrative, technical and clerical employees. Payments to working proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are
excluded. The values shown include all overtime excluded. The values shown include all overtime
payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid
regila pegularly or not, and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc.
The value of any payments in kind, travelling
expenses, lodging allowances, etc. is excluded. Fi gures are allsonces, etc. is is excluded.
for average salaries
paid per head for the week ended 5 th tc. paid per head for the wek ender d5th October,
1958. Forstaff paid monthly, the fi gures are 1958. For staff paid month1y, the figures are
based on payments made in October, 1958 . Where
payments related to periods other than a week or payments related to periods other than a week or month, an appropriate proportion was returned.
Only those bonuses and commissions actually paid in Only those bonuses and
the period are included.
mork given out
The figures shown represent the total amount
paid for work done by other firms on materials paid for work done by other firms on materials
supplied to them, and also by firms' own establish-
ments for which separate returns were made. They ments for which separate returns were made. They
do not include payments to indi vidual outworkers or do not include payments to indi vidual ou
payments for business and other services.

ROUNDING OF FIGURES
The figures in the tables have, where necessary
been rounded to the nearest final digit. There may, been rounded to the nearest
therefore, be apparent slight di screpanci es between the sums of the constituent items and the totals

The Report on the Census of Production for 1958

Part 44. ENGINEERS' SMALL TOOLS AND GAUGES

This report on the Engineers' Small Tools and Gauges Industry relates to establishments engaged in the manufacture of engineers' small tools, tool holders and work holders of the types used with metal-working machine tools, and engineers' gauges. The principal products of the industry include three other items manufactured in association with engineers small tools, numely as well as metal, and detcular saw blades fitted with toothed segments of metal for cutting wood to minimum list heading 333 of the second (1958) edition of the Standard Industrial Classification, which has been used for the first time in the 1958 Census.

Engineers' small tools and engineers' gauges formed part of Industries 4C (Machine Tools) and 5A (Tool and Implement) in the reports on the last detailed Census of Production, for 1954; micrometers and detachable tools for rock drilling machinery were formerly reported on in Industries 5 H (Scientific, Surgical and Photographic Instruments, etc.) and 4I (Mechanical Engineering (General))
respectively. respectively.

For 1958, returns in full detail were required only from firms employing twenty-five or more persons and most of the tables in this report relate only to these larger firms. This is an important change from previous censuses when returns in full detail were required from firms employing eleven or more persons on productive work. Estimates for the industry as a whole are given in Table 1

The figures given for 1954 correspond as closely as possible to those collected for 1958 but the correspondence is not exact, especially in respect of the small firms who gave only limited information. Some other changes introduced in the 1958 Census also affect the comparability between 1954 and 1958 figures; these are explained in the notes prefacing this report.

## METHOD OF CLASSIFICATION

This industry is defined in terms of its 'principal products' which are those shown in Table 4. A census return was classified to this industry if the sales of the principal products of this industry accounted for a greater proportion of its output than the principal products of
any other industry. Where, however, the application of classification between 1954 (on the revised basis) and 1958 , the would have resulted in a change same industry as for 1954 unless the output of princi 1958 , the return was classified to the third more than in the old; this modification of the general rule was dew industry was one continuities as the result of marginal changes of output merchanted products and of non-specific items such as waste products, work akings were not taken into account in classifying return.

A similar procedure fallod in clasif
able 2, the sub-divisions being defined in classifying to the sub-divisions of the industry shown in Table 2, the sub-divisions being defined in terms of their 'characteristic products'. The numbers shown in the left hand column of Table 4 identify the sub-division of which the item is a characbesides the products which define the sub-divisions, other items of output in Table 2 includes, related to them, e.g. waste products and non-specific work done, but such itssumed to be close $l_{\text {Y }}$ taken into account in determining the classification to sub-divisions.
Analysis by sub-divisions of the industry44/4
Analysis by size of enterprise within the industry, 1958

Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including
sales by establishments classified to other industries
Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments
classified to other industries
Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry Total make of intermediate products, 1958

## Industry summary: United Kingdom


(a) For 1958 , estimates in respect of retums from small firms and unsatisfactory. returs accounted
for about 17 per cent. of the to tol figures in which they were inco poorated. A summary of
(b) Coods for merchanting and canteen supplies are included for 1958 but excluded for 1954 .
(c) Persons engaged in merchanting or factoring and canteen workers are included for 1958 but
excluded for 1954 .
(d) Including expenditure in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production.

Analysis by size of enterprise within the industry, 1958
TABLE 2 Fims employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom (a)

| ( |
| :--- |

(b) The method of classifying returns to sub-divisions of the industry is explained at the beginning of this


(e) Excluding expendi ture at establishments not yet in production.

Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Industry } \\ & \text { sub- } \\ & \text { division } \end{aligned}$(a) |  | 1954 |  | 19.58 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | value | Enter- | Entries |
|  | Engineers' cutting and forming small tools and tool and work holders and parts thereof | Th. doz. | \&.000 | Th. doz. | ¢ 000 | Number | Number |
| 01 | Hard metal tipped tools ${ }^{\text {d }}$, | 239 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.940 \\ 487 \end{array}$ | 266 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,357 \\ & 1,150 \end{aligned}$ | $\} 55$ | 56 |
| 01 |  | ${ }^{5}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 1.497 \\ 419 \end{array}$ | 711 | 1.751 | 20 | 21 |
| 01 | $\underset{\substack{\text { Hard metal } \\ \text { separately }}}{\text { dies and die pellets, sold }}\{$ | 8.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 233 \\ & 275 \end{aligned}$ | 6.1 | 339 96 | \} 17 | 17 |
| 01 | Hard metal tipped tools, tips and inserts, dies and die pellets, unclassified | - | - | .. | 516 | 7 | 7 |
| 01 | Diamond tipped tools and diamond dies Other than hard metal | .. | (b) | 5.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 449 \\ & 244 \end{aligned}$ | \} 8 | 9 |
| 01 | Drills, cylindrical, helically grooved (commonly known as twist drills), bit stock drills and machine bits for stock drills and machine bits for wood (but not including auger bits) | 1.849 | ${ }_{1}^{2,231}$ | 3,174 | 3.446 488 | \} 30 | 30 |
| 01 | Slitting saws $\{$ | 37.6 | $\begin{gathered} 370 \\ 89 \end{gathered}$ | 42.0 | 515 | 6 | 6 |
| 01 | Milling cutters $\{$ | 59.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.310 \\ & 1.359 \end{aligned}$ | 49.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.747 \\ & 729 \end{aligned}$ | \} 52 | 52 |
| 01 | Reamers, end mills and similar shank tools | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 895 \\ & 562 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{208}{ }{ }^{-}$ | 1.957 | \} 47 | 48 |
| 01 | Lathe and planer tools | 257 | 1.120 75 | 275 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.254 \\ 102 \end{array}$ | \} 31 | 31 |
| 01 | Broaches | ${ }^{17.6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 909 \\ & 398 \end{aligned}$ | .. | 1.208 | 12 | 12 |
| 01 | Hacksaw blades | .. | 2,515(c) | .. | 2,355 | 12 | 12 |
| 01 | Cut and ground thread screwing tackle | .. | 3.782 | . | 4.479 | 30 | 32 |
| 01 | other cutting tools, except saws and saw blades | .. | 1,850 | .. | 1,850 | 50 | 50 |
| 01 | Press tools | .. | 3.611 | . | 6.262 | 162 | 167 |
| 01 | Moulds and dies | . | 2.265 | .. | 2.699 | 110 | 112 |
| 01 | Lathe chucks | . | 1.266 | . | 1.605 | 14 | 16 |
| 01 | Drill chucks |  | 410 | .. | 532 | 14 | 14 |
| 01 | Jigs and fixtures | .. | 11,584 | .. | 11,828 | 294 | 306 |
| 01 | Other tool and work holders | .. | 1,537 | .. | 2.190 | 67 | 69 |
| 01 | Circular saw blades fitted with toothed segments of metal and toothed segments therefor (for metal or wood) |  | (d) |  | 943 | 8 | 8 |
| 01 | Metal cutting bandsaw blades |  |  | $\cdots$ | 129 | 8 | 8 |
| 01 | Detachable tools (drilling bits, etc.) used in rock drilling machinery | .. | 863 \{ | 179 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.304 \\ & 567 \end{aligned}$ | $\} 13$ | 14 |
| 01 | Other and unclassified engineers' small tools | .. | 12,527 |  | 9,622 | 129 | 134 |
|  | Total engineers' small tools |  | 59.096 |  | 66,084 | .. | , |

(a) The number given is that of the sub-division of which the item is a characteristic product. The sales
shonn are total sales by larer firms, not merely sales by establishments classified to the sub-division (b) Not separately recorded in 1954 .
(c) Including hacksaw frames
(c) Including hacksaw frames.
(d) Included in Other and unclasified engineers. small tools
(e) This figure tepresents the total
(6) This figure represents the total number of returns made by larger firms in this industry, which is less than the total number of establishments shown in Table 2 on account of combined returns covering more
than one establishment.

|  | 1954 |  | 1958 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | value | Entries | Principal industries in which produced (a) |
| Engineers ${ }^{\text {c }}$ cutting and forming small tools, and tool and work holders and parts thereof | Th. doz. | \&. 000 | Th. doz. | £. 000 | Number |  |
| Hard metal tipped tools | .. | 1,333 \{ | 82.9 | ${ }^{1.280} 8$ | \} 19 | 38, 43, 50, 53 |
| Hard metal tips and inserts, sold separately | .. | 497 | 52.7 | 271 | 6 | 38, 43, 50 |
| Hard metal dies and die pellets. sold separately | .. | 228 | .. | 96 | 5 | 38. 43 |
| Hard metal tipped tools, tips and inserts, dies and die pellets. unclassified | - | - | .. | 318 | .. | 38, 69, 75 |
| Other than hard metal |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drills, cylindrical, helically grooved (commonly known as twist drills), bit stock drills and machine includi including auger bits) | .. | 535 | .. | 368 | 10 | 43, 75 |
| Milling cutters | .. | 313 \{ | 12.2 | ${ }_{290}^{122}$ | $\}^{11}$ | 43, 50, 53 |
| Reamers, end mills and similar shank tools | .. | 150 | .. | 188 | 5 | 43, 50, 53 |
| Lathe and planer tools | . | 82 | . | 171 | 10 | 43, 50, 52 |
| Hacksaw blades | .. | 342 | .. | 435 | 5 | 38, 43, 52, 69 |
| Cut and ground thread screwing tackle | .. | 1,265 | .. | 1.229 | 11 | 43. 50 |
| Other cutting tools, except saws and saw blades | .. | 1,221 | .. | 1,582 | ${ }^{23}$ | 43, 50, 53, 69 |
| Press tools | .. | 804 | .. | 2,531 | 40 | 43, 50, 63, 75 |
| Moulds and dies | .. | 1,015 | . | 849 | 37 | 41, 43, 50, 52 |
| Lathe chucks |  | 265 |  | 474 | 12 | 43 |
| Drill chucks |  |  |  | 474 | 12 |  |
| Jigs and fixtures | .. | 2.106 | . | 1.611 | 95 | 43, 49, 53, 63 |
| Other tool and work holders | . | 416 |  | 1.256 | 35 | 41, 43, 52, 75 |
| Detachable tools (drilling bits, etc.) used in rock drilling machinery |  | 478 \{ | 24.1 | 320 58 | \} 8 | 50, 57, 61, 69 |
| Other and unclassified engineers small tools | .. | 8,107 | .. | 6.784 | 57 | 38, 43, 50, 69 |
| Engineers' gauges and measuring instruments (except pressure and vacuum gauges) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plain plug, ring, gap and plate gauges | Th. | 91 | Th. | (b) |  |  |
| Dial gauges and other dial indicators (except pressure and vacuum ganges) | $4.5$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ 1.089 \end{array}$ | \} .. | 127 | 5 | 46, 50 |
| Other and unclassified engineers ${ }^{\circ}$ gauges and measuring instruments | 37.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 111 \\ & 460 \end{aligned}$ | 31.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 92 \\ 1.092 \end{array}$ | \} 40 | 50, 54, 61, 69 |
| Total |  | 21,005 |  | 22,356 | .. |  |

[^0]Employment and salaries, etc. for the week ended October 25, 1958
table 8

|  | Males | Females | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Number |
| Working proprietors | 32 | 3 | 35 |
| Operatives | 26,674 | 6. 223 | 32.897 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical employees | 6,001 | 3.660 | 9,661 |
| Total employees | 32.675 | 9.883 | 42, 558 |
| Average salaries, etc. paid per head for the week to administrative. technical and clerical employees | $\begin{gathered} \varepsilon \\ 19.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{6.8}{\varepsilon}$ | $\begin{gathered} \varepsilon \\ 14.6 \end{gathered}$ |

Part
1 Introductory Notes
2 Cold Mining
3 Stone and Slate Quarrying and Mining
4 Chalk. Clay. Sand and Gravel Extraction
${ }^{4}$ Chalk, Clay. Sand and Gravel Extraction
5 Me talii farous Min ing and Quarrying
6 Sat and Miscellaneous Non-metallif ferous
Min ing and Quarrying
7 Grain
8 Bread
9 Biscui
10 Bacon
10 Bacon
11 Milk
12 Sugar
Sug
11 Milk
12
Sugar
13
12 Sugar
13 Cocoa.
14 Fruit
ing, Meat and Fist Pror
14 Fruit and
Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery
and Vegetatale Products
1 and Poultry Foods
16 Margarine Poultry Foods
16 Margarine
17 Starch and Miscellaneous Food Industries
18 Brewing and Malting
${ }_{1}^{18}{ }^{19}$ Brewing and Malting

${ }_{21}^{21}$ Toft
${ }_{22}^{22}$ Coke Ovens and Manu factured Fuel


${ }_{25}^{24}$ Lubricating Oils and Greases
25 Dyestuffs
26 Fertilizers, and Chemicals for Pest Control
27 Coarlitar Products
28 Chemicals (General)
28 Coal-tar Products
29 Phaicals (General)
29 Parmaceutical Preparat
29 Pharimaceuticicar Pral)
30 Toparat
30 Toilet Preparations
31 Explosives and Firework
31 Explosives and Fireworks
32 Paint and Printing Ink
33 Vegetable and Animal Oils
34 Soup Det

34 Soap. Detergents. Candles and Fats
35 Synerine
36 Potic Resins and Plastics Materials
Polishes.
35 Syphetic
36 Plishes
37 Gelatine.
35 Synthetic Resins and Plas
36 Polishes
3 GGistine. Adhesives, etc.
38 Ir ran and Steel (General)
39 Steel Tubes
38 Iron and Steel (Ge
39 Steel Tubs
40 Iran Castings. etc
41 Non
41 Narrous
40 Iron Castings. etc
41 Non- ferrous Metals
42 Agricultord
${ }_{42}^{42}$ Agricultural Machinery (except Tractors)

44 Engineers ${ }^{\circ}$ Small Tools and Gauges
45 Industrial Engines.
46 Text
46 Textile Machinery and Accessories
${ }_{47}$ Contractors. Plant and Quarryin Machinery


51 Industrial Plant and Ste
52
53 Ordnance and Smand Arms
53

Snentific. Surgica
Intruments. etc.
55 Watches and Clock
${ }_{56} 5$ Tnstruments. etc.
55 Watches and Clocks
56 Electrical Mach inery
57 Insulated Wires and Cab
56 Electrical Machinery
58 Insulat Wi res and Cables
58 Telegra ph and T

59 Radio and Other Electronic App
60 Domestic Electrical Appliances
61 Miscellaneous Ele Alt

61 Miscellaneous Electrital Godses
62 Shipbuilding and Marine Engineering
63 Motor Vehiclo Manu focturing ${ }^{\text {ninering }}$
64 Motor Cycle. Three-wheel Vehicle and Pedal
64 Motor Cycle. Three-whe
65 Aircrara Manu Manu fucturing ing and Repairing
66 Locomoti Manu and facturing and Repai iva Track Equing
67 Railway Carriages and Waqons and Tpen

68 Perambu Carriars Hes and
69 Hond-t
Tools and Implements

1 Introductory Notes
2 Coal Mining
3 Sotone Sate Quarrying and Mining
4 Chalk. Clay. Sand and Gravel Extract
4 Chat

rain Milling
8 Brea
9 Bisc
Meat and

Perambu lators, Hand-tr
Tools and Implements

Part
70 Cutlery
71 Bolts.


The census reports for earlier years include some items which are not included in the Report on The census reports for earlier years include some items which are not included in the Report on
the Census of Production for 1958. The most recent reports are listed below, with an indication of any important items they contain which do not apperiginal (1948) edition of the Standard Industria Classification.

Census of Production for 1951: Summary Tables No important items which do not appear in the 1958 Reports.

Census of Production for 1951: Surmary Tables Cart II (H.M.S.O.

Chamnels of sales. 1948
Payments for services. 1948
Shift working, 1951
Power equipment. ${ }^{1951}{ }^{\text {Prime movers, }} 1951$
Analysis of periods covered by census returns. 1948 and 1951.

The Report on the Censuses of Production for 1952 and 1953. Introductory Notes and 5 volumes. (These volumes are now out of
print.)
No important items which do not appear in the

The Report on the Census of Production for 1954 Introductory Notes, Index of Products, and 154 booklets relating to individual industries
(H.M. S.O., 1956-59. Prices vary, usually from
s. 6 d . to 2 s . net for each booklet).

Detailed information about materials and fue purchased.

Census of Production for 1954: Surmary Tables I (H.M.S.O., 1958. Price 9s. net) Fuel purchased
Gas produced in certain industries
Electricity generated, purchased and sold
Materials purchased: iron and steel: non-
ferrous metals; paint; plastics material cotton and rayon, nylon, etc. textiles; timber packing materials: replacement parts for plan etc. (In formation about purchases of other materials is given in The Report on the Census of Production for 1954.)

Census of Production for 1954: Summary Tables, Part II (H.M. S.O., 1959. Price 7s. net). Regional analyses of gross output, net output and capital expenditure.

Census of Production for 1954: Surmary Tables, Part III (H.M.S.O., 1959. Price 8s. net)
Sales of particular products by certain industries in Scotland and wales.

The Report on the Censuses of Production for 1955, 1956 and 1957. Int roductory Notes and
5 volumes (H.M.S.O., 1959. Prices 1s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. net according to size of volume).
No important items which do not appear in the 1958 Reports.
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