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Plan for modern employment service
New earnings survey 1972-Further results
Membership of trade unions in 1971

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Theres food for thought in these five cans
practical programme to achieve the objectives for modernising and developing the public employment service in Britain has been announced by the Department of Employment in Into Action: Plan for a Modern Employment Service, copies of which can be obtained The plan, prepared by the Employmen Agency set up after the publication of the Government's modernisation plans in People and Jobs (see this GAzETTE, December 1971, page 1097) will radically change the way the public employment services are provided in time.

It sets a clear timetable for providing a new style ante designed to meet the needs of its potential and the 24 million employers and individual orkers throughout the country.
The main elements of the programme are
or the employment service-
the opening in 1973-74 of
centres offering a comprehensive advisned job placing service in centrally-sited offices with distinctive décor and furnishings;

* the progressive rehousing of 80 per cent. of the service in job centres by the end of the 1970's;
specially selected and trained employment advisers manning the new centres
comprehensive marketing of the new service, closely geared to the opening of new job centres, in association with a planned programme of research to assess the needs of customers and monitor the results of changes;
administrativistrative organisation based on the administrative separation of employment work from ment structures for employment and benefit work operating fully by early 1975 .
quantified national objectives, starting in 1973 , the service and the development of a system of accountable management
For the benefit service-
conversion of all payments of unemployed benefit to postal giro cheque by July 1973
computerisation of the national benefit payment system by December 1976 .
efit offices in 1973-74;
the concentration of benefit work over the next few years in some 400 main benefit offices, each linked to a computer, backed by a similar number of smaller offices-with new accommodation standards for separate benefit offices.

The focus of the modernised employment service will be the job centre.
These purpose-designed centres will serve communities with a resident population of 25,000 or more. They will offer self-service iaciifies and access to employment and to more specialised help and guidance
Where the demand for advice is limited, services may be confined to jobs self-service and general information. But the best methods of providing services the public wants in differing market situations will be established by experiment
The first job
The programme for the progressive spring. offices in programme-designed job centres will involve a doubling of the existing number of offices in urban areas, or the opening of about 90 new offices. This is because
the existing network of offices is badly sited and too large. the existing network of offices is badly sited and too large. small offices doing little business will be difficult to justify.
Free telephone facilities
Experiments have, therefore, begun on alternative ways of taking the service to people in areas which are, or may in future be, some distance from a permanent office. These alternatives include free telephone facilities and limited or part-time services, including the use agents for the issue of straightforward information. "Freephone" experiments, allowing free telephone calls to specific employment offices, are running or will be running shortly, in selected areas. In another experiment,
an unmanned job display office has been opened and part-time offices are being considered for other areas. Subject to the outcome of these experiments, and consultation with the interests concerned, the ESA estimates
that it will probably be practical to close several dozen of that it will probably be practical to close several dozen on
the smallest offices or sub-offices-doing less than one per cent. of total business-during the next two years.

## New accommodation standard

The premises from which the employment service is conducted are its main contact with the public. New accommodation standards have been prepared with the Department of the Environment. They provide for siting job centres in main shopping centres, with a street level access for self-service and the main employment interviewing and advisory services housed on upper floors of
the same building the same building.

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Inside the offices there will be open area layouts fo public areas, with fully carpeted and well-designed settings. These new open area layouts, which take account fully applied as offices are rehoused.
New employment advisers
Employment work in local offices has been the subject of searching analysis during 1972, resulting in a decisio completely to restructure the work concerned. New jo descriptions for "employment advisers" have been formulated, and as job centres are opened the crucial front-line interviewing work will be done by people who
have been specially selected and trained for the new role. have been specially selected and trained for the new role
Special training is being given to managers of areas in which job centres will be operating and to job centre managers. They and employment advisers will, in addition, attend courses on marketing
At a later date further training programmes designed particularly to meet the needs of new entrants or staff introduced, and studies will be made of longer-term training schemes required for the new service.

## Youth employment

Responsibility for the employment services for young people is being reshaped and the present rigid dividing replaced.
Broadly, local authorities are to be able to take responsibility for careers and employment work for all young people in education and on leaving school or college. Afterwards, they will normally become the responsibility of the employment service.
But flexibility and cooperation are to be the keynotes just entered employment will be free to choose which service to use.
The new arrangements, which will require legislation, should come into effect from April 1974 in England and Wales and a year later in Scotland. The consequent
administrative changes will call for discussion between the Employment Service, the Central Youth Employment Executive and local education authorities.

## Comprehensive marketing programm

A comprehensive marketing programme has been prepared, closely geared not only to general employment service policy, but also to local needs. It will be governed service locally, where it will be linked to the opening of job centres. The objective is to stamp the agency's dentity on all its job centres.
Marketing of the service will be developed in associaion with a planned programme of research to assess customer and to monitor the results and changes The main objectives of the reorganisation of the employment service are
(i) to separate administration of employment and
benefit work;
(ii) to establish clear lines of management between the Chief Executive and staff in local offices and correspondingly clear levels of discretion and (iii) to place responsibility for meeting the needs of (iii) to place responsibility for meeting the needs of
employers and workers as close to the front-line services as possible to ensure a rapid response to changes in demand, greater attention to the needs of employers and more positive promotion of the use of the services

## Basic unit of management

The basic unit of management on the new organisation The basic unit of management on the new organisation in about 80 districts related to employment markets and each managed by a district manager.
The districts will in turn be grouped in areas under an employment service manager. There will be about 16 areas outside Greater London corresponding to the
proposed new county boundaries in England, regional proposed new county boundaries in England, regional
boundaries in Scotland and the national boundary for Wales.
The services in Greater London will be controlled by a London director, supported by three employmen service managers, each covering a sector of the Greate London area.
The London director and the employment servic to three divisional directors, who will be based in their divisions but will form part of the head office organisation and be directly accountable to the Chief Executive
The head office organisation is being developed so that essential responsibilities, for example, finance, personnel, split among a number of DE functional divisions--form one structure under the Chief Executive.

## Timetable of operation

The precise details of the new organisation, including the numbers and boundaries of the new districts, areas and divisions, are subject to final consultation and planning
But it is intended that:
(i) at least one-third of the proposed (ii) employment work and the payment of unemployment benefit to be completely separate final transfer of functio
(iii) final transte the new areas to be existing DE March 1975.

## Management control

The first management budget for the employment service is being produced for 1973-74, though separate formal accounting arrangements will need to awa
separation of employment and benefit work.
The budget for the employment service will bring together the expenditure now spread over the votes of several Government departments. At present, it is broadly estimated at $£ 24$ million in $£ 25$ million.

A framework of aims and objectives, with associated controls, has been drawn up. The Chief Executive, in consultation with regional managements, is also setting objectives for the employment service for 1973 on
notified vacancies, placings, training applications and assisted movements under the employment transfer scheme.
A system of accountable management will be set up to monitor performance of agreed plans, allowing a fuller delegation of authority and responsibility as close as

## Unemployment benefit payment changeove

The objective is to separate the administration of the employment service from that of the benefit service a to be engaged on benefit work, and will be grouped into about 75 area commands.
The changeover from the payment of benefit in cash to postal payment by giro cheque has begun and will be completed by the end of June 1973. The final phase in this programme will be to process all claims and produc all payments by compute
Greater London and Reading but at present only in cover Wales, the Midlands and the whole of the southern part of England between March 1974 and September 1975, using expanded Department of Health and Socia Security computer facilities at Reading
The remainder of Britain will be covered during 1975-76, when a second computer in Scotland comes
into action. Meanwhile, a limited extension of the computerised system is being introduced in the next few months at about 20 offices in South Wales, including Cardiff, Newport and Pontypool

## Central network of offices

The existing network of benefit offices will be adapted over the next few years to make the best use of a computerised payment system. This will require a central network of some 400 large or medium-sized offices mainly in urban areas and each linked to a computer.
These offices will be backed by a similar number These offices will be backed by a similar number of
smaller offices in other areas providing limited benefit facilities and each linked to a main office. During 1973 and 1974 improvements are planned for more than 100 existing benefit offices. New accommodation standards have been prepared for separate benefit offices.
Since the success of the new service will ultimately provide it, the highest priority will be given to maintaining
the confidence of staff during the period of modernisation
The separation of employment and benefit work will require staff to specialise in one of these functions, and the staff concerned will be given an opportunity to

## Progress in developments

Progress has been made during the past 12 months in carrying out the developments and changes envisaged in ional and indispensable if the employment service is to 172294
be modernised and improved. Others, such as the changes in the services to the hotel and catering industries (see this Gazette, October 1972, page 903) and in the restyling of the system of recruitment for professional
and executive jobs (see this GAzETTE, Otober and executive jobs (see this GazETTE, October 1972, page
875), have already had an impact on the services given to the department's clients. These also include:

Vacancy displays: the installation of purpose-built frames in all the service's 1,000 local offices to enable possible for the benefit of job seekers. This is a deliberate campaign to exploit the experience gained in a limited number of job self-service offices;
Vacancy circulation: an improved computerised job bank for the Greater London area has been introduced. As a result, lists of vacancies are being circulated to employment staffs in all London offices within 24 hours of their being notified by employers. viewers and micro-fichers lists of vacancies equed with the London area. Experiments are now planned to test the feasibility of introducing micro-fiche and viewers for the public to use in self-service centres in London;
Mufax: the Mufax facsimile reproduction equipment used so successfully to circulate vacancies simultaneously to employment offices in the Birmingham area has been introduced in Manchester, Lyneside and Glasgow, and will soon be launched in the Black Country and Liverpool. Nottingham, the Black Country and Liverpool
Occupational classification: a new comprehensive system for defining and classifying occupations (see this Gazette, January 1972, page 3) is now in
general use in the employment service. It assists staff in establishing more precisely employer requirements and those of individuals seeking jobs, and in matching the two more effectively;
Labour market intelligence: experiments in the systematic collection and dissemination of local labour market intelligence were introduced in 1971 at Paisley, Hartlepools, Doncaster, Burnley, Derby, Wrexham, Southampton, Plymouth and Chatham. These experiments are designed to improve so that the Department of Employment can make a much greater contribution to the smooth functioning of local labour markets. The experiments will be evaluated early in 1973, when the extension of the arrangements to other areas will be considered.
The Department of Employment is to continue the development of its occupational guidance service, at yesent available in 44 cities and towns in Britain. Next year two experiments aimed at providing a better service
will be launched. One, designed to establish the latent demand for the service among adults will be carried out in the catchment area of four occupational guidance units in the South West and South Wales-Bristol, Gloucester, Cardiff and Swansea. The other is designed to pave the way for introducing the use of psychological tests by
guidance officers generally.

## Manpower services commission to be set up

A Manpower Services Commission, responsible for the Government's employment and training services is to be et up by Mr. Maurice Macmillan, Secretary of State fo Trades Union Congress and the Confederation of British Industry, and its implementation will require legislation. The commission, to be responsible to the Secretary of State, will consist of not more than about 10 members, mostly part-time, representing both sides of industry a
In announcing his intention, Mr Macmillan told the House of Commons that in his statement about the future of the training services (see this Gazette, August 1972, page 700) he had said he proposed to have further talks with the TUC and CBI before coming to any final
conclusion on the ultimate form of organisation of the conclusion on the ultimate form of organisation of the
employment and training services, with the purpose of co-ordinating these services and of involving employers and employees in both activities.
"While I must retain general responsibility for manpower policy," he added, "there are great attractions in setting up a Manpower Services Commission representative of employers, trade unions and other interests employment and training services. The TUC and CBI agree with this proposal."

## General responsibility

The new commission will take over general responsibility for the Employment Services Agency, which has been set up within the Department of Employment, and the Training Services Agency, which is now being set up. Its main functions will be: planning, developing and operating the public employment services; carrying out the broad range of functions set out for the proposed National Training Agency in Training for the Futur (see this Gazette, February 1972, page 131) an
advising the Secretary of State on manpower questions. The commission and the two agencies will be a sourc of manpower intelligence, nationally, regionally and locally, and will join in governmental discussions on manpower issues as appropriate. They will have close relations with the education departments and th education service, and will consult
departments and bodies as necessary
The commission will operate within such broad policy objectives as are set out in the legislation, and in accord ance with any general guidance given by the Secretary
of State from time to time. It will prepare a five-year
rolling programme and a detailed annual programme of work and budget which will be submitted to the Secretary of State for his approval. When these have been approved the commission and the
The work of the two agencies and the commission will be financed by grant-in-aid from the Department of be financed by grant-in-aid from the Department of have been approved both it and the agencies will be allowed to get on with the job.
The Secretary of State will remain responsible to Parliament for the general level of resources made available, but the commission will be responsible to him for their efficient use. Power to direct it to take action which
the government considered urgently necessary in manthe government considered urgently necessary in man-
power matters will be retained by the Secretary of State. Putting both the employment services and training services together under a Manpower Services Commission will do two things. First, improve the use of one of the nation's most important resources, namely manpower; secondly, improve the opportunities available to indivi-
duals. As public money is being used it is clearly for the Secretary of State of the day to retain overall responsibility for long and medium-term manpower planning.

## Crucial role

Industrial training boards will have a crucial part to play in the new arrangements. They are the bodies with whom responsibility and authority to impr. Boards will retain the right to raise levyin come up to a maximum of one per cent. of payroll and make grants out of their levy income. Their administrative expenses will be met by the Training Services Agency, which will be making available
The relationship of the new commission with Parliament will also need to be discussed. A body which has sufficient freedom of action to be really effective in this sphere should not necessarily be subject to day-to-day parliamentary questions in detail, although all its aspects will be subject to the $S$
Other questions which will need further discussion include relations with the education service, the provision of services for the disabled, and the position of the staff of the agencies. The Secretary of State and other Ministers
will be conducting urgent consultations with those concerned on all these questions.
six-stage plan for industrial relations training is ecommended by the Commission on Industrial Relations in industrial relations available to managers, union officials, staffs of employers' associations, shop stewards and employees generally (Report No 33, HMSO, price 75 p ).
The

The commission, which was asked by the Secretary of State for Employment to investigate this subject, as it might be, the main shortcoming being one of quantity.
It found that during 1970 in about half the establishments in the survey no one attended a training course which included industrial relations. From the 6,000 firms surveyed only 20 per cent. of managers, including shop stewards attended courses which included industrial relations. One out of two of the managers, and one in three of the shop stewards attending these courses received training lasting one day or less.

## Joint responsibility

Where training was available it tended to be too general, with little relevance to the actual jobs of those general, with little relevance to the actual jobs of those with which they were familiar. The main responsibility for seeing that appropriate training in industrial relations is provided, the report says, rests jointly with employers and trade unions. They should decid what training is needed, when it is needed and who

Planning indust
and shop stewards should be initiated through existing negotiating or consultative machinery, or jointly through separately constituted working parties or joint committees at establishment level. To be effective this training must be related to the jobs people undertake in industria them.

Identifying situations
Detailed recommendations on how this training can best be planned and provided are made in the report The six stages in planning industrial relations training

* Identify the situations in which need for such training arises; recruitment of new employees; appointment to a new job within the organisation;
maintaining the standard of industrial relations and facing problems or changes in industrial elations.
Determine in each of these situations who need training and assess their training needs.
Draw up a training schedule for each occupationa
* Design teaching materials and detailed training programmes for each phase of the schedule.
* Provide the training.
operation of industrial the training and review the To be effective, the commission states, this training needs the active support of top management, co-operation between management and unions at all stages, planning the training at establishment level and at group and
industry level and managers should be designated industry level and managers should be designated
and union representatives nominated at workplace level to be responsible for industrial relations training.


## Involvement in planning

It also needs the involvement of professional trainers in planning and providing the training and involvement in planning and providing the training and involvement
of those being trained in deciding what needs to be taught and evaluating the results of the training.
The commission recommends that, at the very east, firms should aim to develop regular training schemes in industrial relations for those newly appointed, provide basic training to existing managers and shop
stewards and consider the contribution of training to meeting problems and bringing about change in industrial relations.
Employers are further recommended in the report to consider what training is necessary for their employment policies to be effectively implemented and undertood and to give day-release facilities with compensation or loss of earnings for shop stewards to attend agreed o grievance, disputes and disciplinary procedures.

## Action by trade unions

Trade unions are recommended to set up training and education committees, provide shop stewards with basic training on their functions, powers and consider issuing a steward's handbook and have a senior full-time union officer with responsibility for the union's raining and education programme.
ucation authorities to pay more attention to industrial relations training.

More emphasis on providing courses tailored for particular establishments, industries or unions is sought at further education colleges, tutors should be given time
to plan courses with employers and unions, and regional centres of industrial relations training should be estabcentres
More should be done to introduce young people to the world of work during their last years at schoo and high priority should be given to recruiting and training tutors in industrial relations.
Significant improvements in the scope and quality of
industrial relations training depended on the strength of overnment interest. The commission, therefore, recom mends co-ordination in government action in such training and the newly-announced Manpower Services Commission (see page 1098) would, it says, seem to be an appropriate body to
industrial relations training.

## Rule for ITBs

Industrial training boards should appoint advisers in industrial relations training and encourage such training. The largest provider of industrial relations training to employer. A few of the larger unions provide a compre hensive training programme, but the bulk of the TUC' training activities take place at regional level through sponsoring courses in education bodies.
In recent years, 270 technical colleges and polytechnics have provided industrial relations training, but only seven universities have full-time chairs in the subject.

## Effectiveness reduced

The commission found some deficiencies in the training which reduced its effectiveness. There was too muc reliance on formal courses, to the exclusion of such mor effective methods as on-the-job training under guidance. than a "guided tour" of industrial relations.
Many employers who provide their own training tend to overcrowd the syllabus, trying to cover too much too little time. In some companies industrial relations training was provided without any clear idea of what it objectives were.

The CIR found in management training a tendency to emphasise human relations aspects at the expense of collective bargaining. It found personnel staff had limited
opportunities for industrial relations training beyond their initial qualification studies.

In training supervisors in colleges and education In traies the opportunity was not always taken to tail courses to the particular circumstances of an establishment or industry. And the extent of shop steward training would have been greater had there not been differences of opinion on the role of the employer in providing training.
However, the commission did find many examples of training which was well planned, was directly relevant
to the jobs of those being trained and used a variety of training methods and well-designed teaching materials.

## Need for forethought and consultatio

More industrial relations training might have reached these standards, the report says, had more forethought and consultation gone into planning courses.
Used to the full it can help people acquire the skills and knowledge they need to use in industrial relations, help them understand the nature and purpose of industrial relations, help solve industrial relations roblems and help those involved to plan and impleent changes in industrial relations.
Employs assists shop stewards with whom they deal to carry out their jobs in inditicers lations of joint committees.
And trade unions have an interest in seeing managers and supervisors receive proper training in those aspects of their jobs that involve collective bargaining, such as their role in resolving disputes, operating pay schemes, disciplinary procedures and negotiations.

## Wider scope of changed methods

The report notes that changes are taking place in industrial relations. Reliance on national or industryindustrial relations. Reliance on national or industrywide agreements is giving waso netiations and procedures, and the scope of these goes beyond new wage rates to changed methods of working and manpower productivity
Managers and supervisors, shop stewards and local union full-time officers have had to adjust to new tasks. But to ensure the successful evolution of
relations the CIR said all need better training.
A practical guide to employers and trade unions on the planning and provision of industrial relations training has also been produced by the commission, and is published at the same time as the report (HMSO price 20p).

## Computers in offices

The effects of the penetration of computers into office work in the last few years are discussed in a report ablished by the Department of Employment (Computers through booksellers, price 55p net).
This report supplements and updates the survey made in 1964 which was described in Manpower Studies No 4: Computers in Offices (see this Gazette, December 965, page 526) and which appeared at a time when electronic data processing with computers (EDP) was just getting into its stride. Now the use of computers for been a degree of dissatisfaction with EDP systems, they have become an economic necessity in some businesses nd a valuable aid to efficiency in many more
Installation of computers is continuing at a substantial rate; their speed, capacity and versatility are
still improving; and their relative cost is tending to omp ill inproving; and their relative cost is tending to
come down. Many of the early, wild aspirations have proved to be impracticable, and the computer has settled down as a practical and accepted piece of office equipment, with its limitations and assets better appreiated in realistic terms, and the time has come when is possible to discern the practical and economic imits of its penetration into office work.

## Slowdown in growth

Since 1953 the number of computers on office work Great Britain has built up rapidly, and by January 972 it is estimated there were about 3,600 ; in addition bout 260 were in service bureaux, about 5,000 in small office work. Although the rate at which office computers have been acquired has recently slowed markedly it is forecast that for 1974 there will be about 4,500 in offices, ogether with about 400 in service bureaux and approximately 8,000 small machines. It is expected that office computers will have risen to more than 7,000 by 1979 At the beginning of this year there were about 136,000
DP staff, of whom it was estimated that about 73,000 were females. In addition, approximately 14,000 were in computer bureaux and computer manufacturers' services to customers. The need for EDP staff after changeover to the EDP system had been found to be greater than was originally thought and it was expected that the
total need will require an increase between 1972-79 of about 80 per cent.
Broadly speaking, computers were said to be a reliable asset in increasing the efficiency of offices, and so aiding substantially the efficient and profitable control of business. The work to which they are being applied is
still mainly of a repetitive nature, where large amount of data need to be processed and the results presente quickly and accurately. Accounting, statistical work typical examples. Certain technically advanced and specialized systems, such as airline reservations and banking transactions, have also been notably successful and progress has been made in production contro applications.
However,
However, some of the more ambitious systems for improving decision-making by management, involving
the co-ordination of data on all aspects of a busines (integrated data bases), have not yet generally made the progress once expected. Furthermore, recent economic stringencies, disappointment with some ill-conceive systems and completion of additional work arising from decimalisation of the currency have recently slowed
the pace of installing office computers and EDP systems the pace of installing office computers and EDP systems.
This is a downturn of some importance, but in the longterm will probably constitute no more than a temporary reduction in the rate of advance.

## Smooth manpower changeover

On the whole EDP has not caused widespread major repercussions on office personnel. Relatively few have lost their jobs and redeployment had been achieve without much difficulty. One of the main reasons for this smooth changeover has been the long time it takes to get an EDP system established. This period has gradually been reducing, but it is likely to remain a
matter of years rather than months. This provides a good period for planning manpower changes and usin a good periot or planning manpower ficanges and
the high rate of turnover among office staff to avoic discharges and to make redeployment easier. Another important factor in avoiding hardships has been th substantial growth of office employment which is expected to continue for many years yet.
Not all the office work taken over by computers represents a displacement of personnel. Many new job are put directly on to the computer and, while this causes a loss of potential employment (which is included in the staffing assessments in this report as a taking ove of office jobs) the effect is to reduce engagements rather than to cause discharges. Also, EDP has created a large
number of new office posts such as data processing number of new office posts such as data processing
managers, systems analysts, programmers, computer operators and others preparing and controlling data.
The number of office posts taken over by EDP up
the beginning of 1972 was estimated at 275,000 , and it is expected that about 390,000 posts will have been
taken over by 1974, and 670,000 by 1979. Against the created by tasks that only computers made possible, and the jobs created for running EDP systems. In January 1972 the latter amounted to an estimated 150,000 and it
is forecast that they will increase to about 190,000 by 1974 is forecast that they will increase to about 190,000 by 1974 and some 270,000 in 1979.
This left a net reduction in the number of office jobs because of EDP of 125,000 at the beginning of 1972 , with further estimates of 200,000 by 1974 and 400,000 by 1979. Against this had to be taken the fact that the
total volume of office work had been growing several total volume of office work had been growing several
times faster than other work. Over the period up to 1979 it is expected to grow by about 2.4 per cent a year, and this would produce additional office work-measured in terms of office jobs-of about $1,300,000$ posts between in terms of office jobs-of about $1,300,000$ posts between
1969 and 1979. The effect on office employment as a whole is estimated to be that by 1972 EDP had taken over about 2.4 per cent. of office work, by 1974 it is likely to have taken over about $3 \cdot 6$ per cent and by 1979 about 6.5 per cent.

## Take-over of work

How high a proportion of office work EDP is likely o take over in the longer run is problematical, but careful consideration of all the evidence obtained from the survey leads to a broad estimate that eventually in 30 years or more, EDP will take over about 15 per ent. of all office work. Four of the important factors
in this consideration are: first, the amount of work that in this consideration are: first, the amount of work that
is worth programming for computers is limited, bearing is worth programming for computers is limited, bearing
in mind that programming is long and expensive and will usually be worthwhile only when there is scope for the programme to be used a lot; secondly, there is reluctance to standardise office activity to enable particular programmes to be used more widely, this policy being
gerned to a large extent by the feeling of managements that to modify their business methods for the sake of data processing would be to the detriment of the business, thirdly, a great deal of the obvious labour-intensive applications have already been put on EDP, such as stock control, payroll, statistical analysis and accounting; analysts and programmers to understand human activity, with all its inter-dependent and inter-acting facets, including on occasions its emotional interventions, and to express it in mathematical terms in logical flow-charts. In the long run it may be shown that EDP is capable of making much greater inroads into office work than is evident at the moment. But all the signs in the current
survey showed otherwise, and indicated that the take-over of more than the expected 15 per cent. of office work would require some great and so far unforeseen breakthrough in the technology of EDP.

## Large scope for extensio

Nevertheless, the scope for extending EDP is still large, especially when some of the recent technical advances become more widely used and others now in development come to fruition. Projects of both kinds include, for example, long-distance data transmission, the use of terminals for remote application of large computers and machines which will both read documents
and translate the data straight into computer language. and translate the data straight into computer language.
These and other expansions of EDP should however, be accommodated with little hardship to office staff. But it cannot be emphasised too strongly that the general development will continue to call for a high degree of planning and careful consideration at all times to the
effects on personnel.

## New earnings survey 1972

Further results

An article in the November issue of this Gazerte (pages 978 to 1021) included general descriptions of the New Earnings Survey 18 , whits whe being published in analyses of
The first instalment consisted of (a) general results for broad categories of employees-tables 1 to 15 -and (b) detailed results for workers affected by particular collective wage agreements-tables 16 to 27

The present instalment consists of results for manual and non-manual workers in particular industries-tables
30 to 61 and in particular regions and sub-regions tables 54 to 68 , together with a few further analyses by collective agreement-tables 28 and 29.
Analyses by occupation and other results will be published in subsequent issues of this Gazerte.

As usual, a comprehensive booklet of results and Enquiries about unpublished results should be made to Statistics Division C5, Department of Employment, Orphanage Road, Watford, Herts, preferably in writing.

Tables 124 and 126, published monthly in this survey, of the include April 1972 figures, based on this survey, of the general index of industries.

Correction. The percentage increase in average weekly earnings, including overtime, of full-time nonissue should read table 6 on page 990
In the same table, the standard errors of the increase in the average gross earnings for men should read:

|  | Weekly <br> earnings | Hourly <br> earaings <br> new pence |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Manual | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| Non-manual | 0.07 | 0.16 |
| All | 0.04 | 0.07 |

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Table 28 Overtime hours and earnings of full-time adult men reported to be affected by particular major collective wage agreements and wages board or council orders, April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 95)

| Agreement or order (note I) | ALL EMPLOYEES, INCLUDING THOSE WITH NO |  |  |  |  |  |  | EMPLOYESS WHO RECEEVED OVEFTME PAY FOR THESURVEY PAY-PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num. } \\ \substack{\text { Nerin } \\ \text { sarme } \\ \text { ple }} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Per- centage whe recerved ceived tiver time pay |  |  |  |  |  |
| national agremments in the private sector |  |  |  | $\pm$ | $\pm$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ |  |  | $\pm$ | ¢ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ |
| Building | ${ }^{2,775}$ | 41.14 | 7.2 | ${ }_{24}^{25.6}$ | 5.5 | ${ }_{18,8}^{16.8}$ | 779:6 | ${ }_{40.2}$ | ${ }_{9}^{10.5}$ | ${ }_{24}^{24.4}$ | 77.1 | ${ }^{22} \cdot 6$ |
| Civice Enimeering Construction Conciliation Baard | ${ }_{1}^{1,129}$ | 41.1 40.1 | ${ }_{8}^{12.5}$ | ${ }_{28}^{26 \cdot 5}$ | ${ }_{8}^{10.1}$ | ${ }_{22}^{27.1}$ | 85:9 | 40.7 | 1515 | ${ }_{28,1}^{26.1}$ | 11.1 | 38.4. |
|  <br>  <br> Heating ventiatining and domestii e enineering (GB) | $\begin{array}{\|c} 8,520 \\ 1,507 \\ 1,274 \\ 494 \\ 444 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5: 1 \\ & 1: 9 \\ & 9: 0 \\ & 6: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 1 \\ & 3900 \\ & 39.8 \\ & 299 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 40.0 38.2 37.6 40.1 40 | 9.0. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8: 8 \\ & 8: 8 \\ & 6: 8 \\ & 1: 8 \end{aligned}$ | 22.2 17.1 $i 46$ 28.6 28.3 |
| Food and drink <br> Baking industry JIC-Multiple Bakers (England and Food manufacturing industry JIC (GB) | ${ }_{383}^{269}$ | 41.1 40.6 | ${ }_{8}^{10.2}$ | ${ }_{25}^{23.4}$ | 7.7 6 | ${ }_{20.5}^{24.5}$ | ${ }_{69}^{69.4}$ | ${ }^{40.5}$ | 14.6 | ${ }_{24 \cdot 2}^{21.6}$ | 9.8 | 5-4 |
| Printing <br> Printing and bookbinding (England and Wales, except General printing (London) | ${ }_{197}^{687}$ | 39:8 | 5.4.6 | ${ }_{32}^{31.7}$ | 8.6 | ${ }_{19}^{16.6}$ | ${ }_{61}^{58.7}$ | ${ }^{39 \cdot 9} 3$ | ${ }_{10}^{9} \cdot 6$ | 30.9 31.6 | ${ }_{10}^{10.4}$ | ${ }_{29}^{25 \cdot 1}$ |
| Textiles, clothing and footwear Textile bleaching, dyeing, printing and finishing(Lancashire, Yorkshire, Cheshire and Derbyshir Woollen and worsted spinning and weaving (YorkshireFootwear manufacture (UK) | 233 | 39.4 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $23 \cdot 7$ |  | 12.0 | 49.8 | 39.2 | 8.6 | 22.0 |  |  |
|  | -142 <br> 208 <br> 208 | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot \\ & 40 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | c. $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 6.9 \\ & 1.9\end{aligned}$ |  | 年:2 | cis. 12.5 | ר0.7 | 40.4 40.4 40.1 | (10.6 |  |  |  |
| Other manuracturing <br> Enemical and aliod indus <br>  <br> Rubber manufacturing industry NIIC (GB) | $\begin{aligned} & 746 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 745 \\ 345 \\ 385 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 3 \\ & 40.4 \\ & 309 \\ & 39 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \cdot 1 \\ 3 \cdot 1 \\ 7.1 \\ 6 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 30.7 \\ \text { an: } \\ 30 \cdot 6 \\ 31 \cdot 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.8 \\ 3: 1 \\ 5: 4 \\ 5: 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \cdot 4 \\ & 9.4 \\ & 17.8 \\ & 14: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51.6 \\ & \text { an } \\ & 60.7 \\ & 60.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 2 \\ & 40.2 \\ & 30.7 \\ & 39 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.8 \\ & 7.7 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 10.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28 \cdot 5 \\ \text { ap: } \\ 27.6 \\ 29 \cdot 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.4 \\ & .04 \\ & 8.4 \end{aligned}$ | ( $\begin{aligned} & 24.4 \\ & \text { in } \\ & 27.0 \\ & 27.9\end{aligned}$ |
| Retail and wholesale distribution <br> Motor vehicle retail and repairing trade NJIC (UK) Retail co-operative societies (GB) Retail meat trade JIC (England and Wales) | $\begin{gathered} 7825 \\ 185 \\ 185 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \cdot 1 \\ & 40.1 \\ & 42.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 3.5 $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1: 5 \\ & 1.5\end{aligned}$ | 12.73 | coin 60.7 | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 40.5 \\ 40.5 \end{array} \\ & 40.8 \end{aligned}$ | 7.7 .6 | 23.1 <br> 22.1 <br> 22.8 | 8 | (en |
| Other agreements in the private sector <br> Dock workers NJC (GB) Road passenger transport-company-owned under- takings (GB) | 355 | 37.2 | 3.7 | 41.1 | 5.5 | 11.9 | ${ }^{43.1}$ | 38.8 | 8.6 | 39.5 | 12.8 |  |
|  | 554 | 40.3 | 8.6 | $24 \cdot 4$ | 7.3 | 23.0 | 79.2 | 40.2 | 10.8 | 24.0 | 9.2 |  |
| national agregments in the public sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas, electricity and water <br> Gas supply industry NuIc-General workers (GB) Elecrecricity suply industry Nilc-General workers WaB) supply industry (England and Wales) | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \\ & \text { 320 } \\ & 234 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.1 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 0.0 \\ 40.0 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.1 \\ & 2.5 \\ & 4.8 \end{aligned}$ | $28 \cdot 6$ $\begin{aligned} & 32 \cdot 8 \\ & 28 \cdot 2\end{aligned}$ | 6.9 2. 4.3 | 19.5 6.6 18.1 | 73.4 32.7 56.0 | 39.9 40.0 40.0 | ${ }_{8}^{7.7}$ | 28.2 31.5 27.2 | 5:6 |  |
| Local authorities (England and Wales) Genieritand ciericical divisision Building and civil engineering workers Engineering craftsmen Manual workers Manual workers | $\begin{gathered} 1,641 \\ 2.631 \\ 6.21 \\ 2,544 \\ 2,541 \end{gathered}$ | 38.0 38.0 30.0 40.0 40.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 4.9 \\ & 4.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & .0 .8 \\ & 3: 5 \\ & 3: 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1: 1: 8 \\ 12: 8 \\ 13: 4 \\ 12: 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.9 \\ \hline 9.9 \\ 50.5 \\ 54.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \cdot 2 \\ & 38.2 \\ & 40.2 \\ & 40.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 0 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 8.7 \end{aligned}$ |  | 5.0 4.3 $6: 2$ 6.9 6.2 6 |  |
| Local authorities (Scotland) Manal workers | 362 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 22.2 | 3.9 | 14.8 | 56.9 | 40.1 | 8.3 | 21.6 | 6.8 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 698 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 1.245 \\ & 1,247 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 37. } 37.8 \\ & 37 \cdot: \\ & 30 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 5.1 \\ & 5.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.5 \cdot 5 \\ & 50.6 \\ & 50.9 \\ & 25 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 4 \\ & 0: 9 \\ & i: 1 \\ & 4: 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.1 \\ 1.7 \\ 14: 1 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 38.0 \\ 357.0 \\ 370.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.0 \\ 4.6 \\ 70.6 \\ 10.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28 \cdot 8 \\ \text { s7. } \\ \text { ab: } \\ \hline 5 \cdot 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 7.8 \\ & 8.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| National Health Service <br> Nurses and midwives Whitley Council Ancillary staff | ${ }_{717}^{302}$ | 40.0 40.0 | 1.7 | ${ }_{23}^{27.7}$ | 1.1 4.1 | - 14.9 | 22.5 60.0 | 40.0 | \% 8.4 | ${ }^{23} 37.4$ | \% 6.9 |  |
| Post Office <br> Post Office engineering grades Post Office engnipulative grades Poot Office manip <br> Post Office manipulative grades Post Office manipulative grades | $\begin{aligned} & 1.89 \\ & 1040 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 38.5 \\ 377 \\ 37 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5: 7 \\ & 6: 5 \\ & 6: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 32 \cdot 7 \\ 32 \cdot 7 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 7.0 7.6 6.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 12.7 \\ & y_{1} 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75.46 \\ & 74.6 \\ & 7.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 39 \cdot 6 \\ 38,5 \\ 37.1 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 35: 4 \\ & 30: 8 \\ & 30.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10: 0 \\ 10.9 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Railways $\qquad$ Railway footplate staff | ( | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 9 \\ & 3909 \end{aligned}$ | ¢9.1 <br> 3 <br> 4.5 | cose23.5 <br> 38.5 <br> 28.5 | 7.5 $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3.4 } \\ & 4.1\end{aligned}$ | 24.1 12.4 | 727 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { an: } \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | 12:6 | 永:6 | 50.3 | ${ }^{30} 5$ |


| Agreement or order (note I) | ALL EMPLOYEES |  |  |  |  |  |  | EMPLOYEES WHO RECEIVED OVERTME PAY FOR THSURVEY PAY-PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num. } \\ \substack{\text { Ner.in } \\ \text { sam. } \\ \text { ple- }} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Road passenger transport <br> Municipal undertakings London Transport-drivers and conductors <br> Other agreements in the public sector Coalmining <br> ron and steel-British Steel Corporation Police service | ${ }_{169}^{397}$ | ${ }_{44}^{40 \cdot 9}$ | 8 | ¢ 26.3 32 | 7.5 | (er | (eer | ${ }_{45}^{40.5}$ | 717:0 | ${ }_{32}^{26.4}$ | 97.5 | cer $\begin{gathered}\text { cer } \\ \text { cent. } \\ \text { 26.4. } \\ 19.3\end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,274 \\ & 1,2859 \\ & 1,999 \end{aligned}$ | 37.2 s5: 399.9 39.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 7 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 3: 8 \\ & 3: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 9 \\ & \text { 30.1 } \\ & 329.6 \\ & 39 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 3: 4 \\ 3.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10: 6 \\ & 2: 6 \\ & 8,5 \\ & 8: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37 \cdot 6 \\ 30 \cdot 2 \\ \text { 3n: } \\ 63 \cdot 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 6 \\ & \substack{54: 5 \\ 30.0 \\ 39 \cdot 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.7 \\ & 3.7 \\ & 9.8 \\ & 4.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 29 \cdot 8 \\ \text { an: } \\ \text { se.7 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9: 8 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 9: 5 \\ 5: 6 \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { a.7.7.7 } \\ & \text { a3: } \\ & \text { an: } \end{aligned}$ |
| wages board and councll ordern <br> Agriculture <br> Agricultural (England and Wales) <br> Agricultural (Scotland) Stamped or pressed metal wares (GB) <br> Retail and wholesale distribution <br> Milk distributive (England and Wales) <br> Retail bread and flour confectionery trade (England and Wales) <br> and Wales) <br> Retail food trades (England and Wales) Retail furnishing and allied trades (GB) <br> Other wages board and council orders <br> Road haulage (GB) | $\begin{aligned} & 906 \\ & 206 \\ & 215 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42.12 \cdot \\ & 40 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.1 \\ & 20 . \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{16.6 \\ 15: 3 \\ 15}}^{\substack{15}}$ | ¢0.0. | 42.0 42.2 40.2 | $\xrightarrow{\substack{10.6 \\ 9.5}}$ |  | ¢¢7.7 <br> 8.8 <br> 8.8 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 505 \\ & 2738 \\ & 5737 \\ & 573 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \cdot 9 \\ & 41: 6 \\ & 41: 6 \\ & 40.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 9 \\ & 6: 3 \\ & 2: 3 \\ & 1: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \cdot 3 \\ & 25 \cdot 5 \\ & 25 \cdot 5 \\ & 28 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | 5.9 4.6 $1: 8$ 1.2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \cdot 2 \\ & 44.7 \\ & 28.7 \\ & 20.7 \end{aligned}$ | 41.6 40.8 40.6 40.4 | 11.5 13.8 7.6 7.5 | 25.4 22.1 23.6 24.3 |  | $26 \cdot 3$ 33 38.6 $19 \cdot 2$ |
|  | 1,393 | 41. | 12.2 | $24 \cdot 9$ | 9.8 | 28.3 | 82.1 | 40.9 | 14.7 | 23.6 | 12.0 | 33.7 |
| All wages board and council orders All wages board and council orders | $\begin{aligned} & 6,003 \\ & 1,777 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \cdot 3 \\ & 40 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.9 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \cdot 9 \\ & 30.5 \end{aligned}$ | 5.2 0.7 | 17.9 <br>  <br> 2.3 | 57.8 | 41.0 40.4 | 11.8 | 23.0 25.3 | 9.0 5.7 | 28.1 18.4 |
|  <br> 1972 issue of this GAzETTHE and in which overtime pay accounts for at least one per cent. of average gross weekly earnings. Where only a small number in the sample received overtime pay, the standard error of the stimate of averae overtime aenaings may be relatively high. Tabie 16 also shows whether the <br> 2. These art and orders cover only manual, only non-manual ori both manual and non-manual employeess (her evek in the pay-period for thich the employee received overtime pay in the survey pay-period. If, for example, 4 hours were <br> * paid at "time and a half", making 6 pay hours, the relevant number is 4 not 6 . . affected during the 1971 and 1972 survey periods by industrial acton. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Table 29 Overtime hours and earnings of full-time adult women repo agreements and wages board or council orders, April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 96)

| Agreement or order (note I) | ALL EMPLOYEE, INCLUDING THOSE WITH NO |  |  |  |  |  |  | EMPLOYEES WHO RECEIVED OVEFTIME PAY FOR THISURVEY PAY-PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \substack{\text { Num. } \\ \text { Serin } \\ \text { sarme } \\ \text { ple- }} \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ze weekly } \\ & g_{5}^{c} \text { time } \\ & \text { time } \end{aligned}$ |  | Per- centage whe rece. ceived siver time pay | Average | $\begin{aligned} & \text { aliver- } \begin{array}{c} \text { Oiner } \\ \text { (note }) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | e weekly Oerr- time |  |
| national agrements in the private sectior |  |  |  | $t$ | $\pm$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ |  |  | t | t | $\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}$ |
|  | 1,908 | ${ }_{37}^{39.5}$ | 0 0.98 | ${ }_{18.2}^{18.7}$ | 0.5 | ${ }_{1}^{2 \cdot 7}$ | 9.7 | 397.6 | 4.4 | 198.5 | ${ }_{2}^{2 \cdot 2}$ | ${ }_{13}^{13.0} 1$ |
| Food and drink $\begin{gathered}\text { Food manulararing industry JC (CB) }\end{gathered}$ | 199 | 39.6 | 1.7 | 16.1 | 0.9 | 5.1 | 31.7 | 40.0 | 5.3 | 16.6 | 2.8 | 14.3 |
|  | 190 | 39.5 | 1.6 | 17.7 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 29.0 | 39.5 | 5.6 | 17.4 | ${ }^{3.3}$ | 16.0 |
| Textiles, clothing and footwear <br> Cotton and man-made fibres spinning and weaving Hosiery and knitwear trades Footwear manufacture (UK) | $\begin{aligned} & 1931 \\ & 211 \\ & 210 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 38 \cdot 9 \\ 39.9 \\ 38,7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.7 \\ & 17: 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0: 3 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | 1:2 |  | $\begin{gathered} 39 \cdot 9 \\ 3996 \\ 39 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \cdot 0 \\ & 19.0 \\ & 19.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | 13.2 10.4 9.8 |
| Retail and wholesale distribution Retail co-operative societies (GB) | 449 | 39.0 | 0.4 | 15.1 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 10.9 | 39.2 | 3.8 | 15.4 | 2.2 | 12.6 |
|  | 441 | 39.2 | 0.4 | 14.2 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 8.8 | 39.9 | 4.5 | 15.6 | 2.4 | 13.6 |
|  | 709 | 35.1 | 0.8 | 20.9 | 0.7 | 3.3 | 60.8 | 35.2 | 1.3 | 20.6 | 1.2 | 5.4 |
| NATIONAL AGREEMENTS In The public sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local authorities (England and Wales) | 91 | 36.8 | 0.8 | 16.0 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 15.0 | 38.6 | 5.1 | 17.9 | ${ }^{3.3}$ | 15.4 |
| Local authorities (Scotland) Manual workers | 148 | 36.7 | 0.7 | 14.6 | 0.3 | 2.3 | 10. | 39.0 | 6.6 | 16.8 | 3.4 | 16.8 |
|  | ${ }^{1,197}$ | ${ }^{36} 9.9$ | 0.3 | ${ }_{17}^{23} \cdot 8$ | 0:2 | 1.0 | ${ }_{2}^{10.9} 2$ | ${ }^{37} 40.0$ | 3.0 7 | 238.3 | 2:3. | ${ }^{8.6} 19.0$ |
| National Health service | 884 | 38.9 | 1.2 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 3.6 | 22.0 | 9.7 | 5.3 | 18.3 | 3.0 | 14.2 |
| Post Office <br> Post Office clerical and executive grades Post Office manipulative grades | ${ }_{328}^{295}$ | ${ }_{3}^{36} 3.9$ | O. 0.4 | 24:88 | 0.3 | 1.1 3.2 | ${ }_{25}^{13} 6$ | ${ }^{36} 37.8$ | 2:8 ${ }^{2}$ | 24:0.2 | 2. ${ }^{2} .1$ | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 10.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Wages board and council orders Catering Industrial and staff canteen undertakings (GB) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 448 | 37.7 | 1.0 | 14.4 | 0.5 | 3.4 | 18.3 | 38.3 | 5.5 | 14.2 | 2.7 | 16.2 |
| Manufacturing-textiles/clothing Wales) <br> Made-up textiles (GB) <br> besporiloring (GB) | $\begin{aligned} & 349 \\ & 254 \\ & 259 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 38 \cdot 1 \\ 38 \cdot 1 \\ 38.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \cdot 5 \\ 15 \cdot 5 \\ 15.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0: 4 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 2 \\ & 1: 2 \\ & 1: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8: 3 \\ 878: 9 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 9 \\ & 399.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4: 2 \\ & 4 \cdot 5 \\ & 4 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15: 6 \\ & 140 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | 2.2 | lin12.8 <br> 13.8 <br> 101 |
| wholesale distribution Retail drapery, outfitting and footwear trades (GB) Retail food trades (England and Wales) | ${ }^{1.3776}$ | ${ }_{3}^{38.4}$ | 0.3 | ${ }_{16}^{16.0}$ | 0.2 | $1: 1$ | 11:9 9 | 389.9 | 3:4 | 16:0 | 1:9 | 10.9 |
| Other wages board and council orders Laundry (GB) | 155 | 39.3 | 1.0 | 13.6 | 0.5 | 3.2 | 7.7 | 39.9 | 3.5 | 14. | 1.6 | 10.2 |
| All wages board and council orders | 3,415 | 38.8 | 0.9 | 14.8 | 0.4 | $2 \cdot 9$ | 16.5 | 39.6 | 5.3 | 15.2 | 2.6 | 14.8 |
| All wages board and council orders | 3,083 | 38.7 | 0.4 | $15 \cdot 3$ | 0.2 | 1.2 | 8.7 | 38.9 | 4.0 | 15.5 | 2.1 | 12.0 |



| Industry (see note I) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EGROSS } \\ & \text { GS } \\ & \text { \|excluding } \\ & \text { those } \\ & \text { whose } \\ & \text { pay was } \\ & \text { affected } \\ & \text { by } \\ & \text { absence } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | AVERW WEKk for whom earnings | (\%eekly earnings |  | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { hourly earnings } \\ \text { (see note 4) }}}_{\text {hee }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All industries and services All Index of Production industries All manufacturing industries All non-manufacturing industries | I-XXVI <br> II-XXI <br> III-XIX <br> I, II, XXX XXVII | 64,473 <br> 44,236 <br> 32,289 <br> 32,184 | 32.1 |  | new | newe |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per cent. } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { new } \\ \text { pence }}}^{\text {d }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { per cent. } \\ \text { average } \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $32 \cdot 8$ | 71.4 | 69.3 | 44.9 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - |
|  |  |  | $33 \cdot 2$ | 34.1 | 74.4 | 72.6 | 44.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
|  |  |  | 33.6 | 34.5 | 75.8 | 73.9 | 44. | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |  |
|  |  |  | 30.6 | 31. | 67.0 | 64.7 | 45.6 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
|  | ${ }_{0} 01$ | ${ }^{1,1784}$ | 25-9 | ${ }_{24}^{26.3}$ | 51.2 | ${ }_{47}^{47.5}$ | 48.5 | 0.3 | 10.9 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Mining and ${ }_{\text {coal }}^{\text {Coar mingrying }}$ | 110 | 3, ${ }_{\substack{3,019}}$ | $32 \cdot 9$ $32 \cdot 9$ | ${ }^{34 \cdot 4}$ | ${ }_{8}^{81.8} 8$ | 80.4 <br> 82.4 <br> 6.4 | 39.9 <br> 38.8 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 0 | 0.44 |
| Chalk cray sa | 103 | 147 | 34.0 | $34 \cdot 4$ | 66.5 | $64 \cdot 3$ | 51.1 | 0.7 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Food, drink and tobacco | 211-1 | 2,779 | 32. | 33.5 | 70.5 | 67.6 | 46.7 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| ad and flour confectionery | 212 | ${ }^{2,061} 484$ | $32 \cdot 3$ <br> 30.4 | 31:9 | 68.4 62.2 | ${ }_{68}^{65.5}$ | ${ }_{49}^{47 \cdot 0}$ | 0.2. | 9.7 | 00.4 | 0.6 |
| odets and mike products | 214 215 | 318 <br> 262 <br> 28 | 30.3 $32 \cdot 6$ | 31.5 <br> 33.0 | ${ }_{6}^{66.9}$ | 64.7 650 | ${ }_{48}^{45 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }^{0.6}$ | 2:1.4 | $11: 1$ | $1: / 4$ |
| (eater | 231, 237 | ${ }_{2}^{217}$ | 33.8 | 34.7 | 74:4 | 72:28 | ${ }_{45}^{45.5}$ | ${ }^{0.7}$ | 2 |  | 1.1 |
| Drink ${ }_{\text {drewing and malting }}$ | 23, , 232, 2 | 626 409 | 34.1$35 \cdot 4$ <br> 35.4 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{34.7}$ | ${ }^{75 \cdot 6} 7$ | ${ }_{72} 2.8$ | $45 \cdot 2$ | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.8 |  |
| Coal and petroleum products | $\stackrel{\text { IV }}{262}$ | ${ }_{136}^{225}$ | 37.6 40.4 | 38.4 | ${ }_{95}^{85} 9$ | ${ }_{94}^{85 \cdot 7}$ | ${ }_{42}^{43 \cdot 6}$ | 00.6 | 1.5 | $1: 4$ | $1: 4$ |
| Chemicals and allied industries | $\stackrel{V}{71}$ | 1,780 | 34.5 35.9 | ${ }_{3}^{35 \cdot 1}$ | ${ }_{82}^{77.1}$ | 76.4 | ${ }_{43}^{49.7}$ | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 00.6 |
|  | ${ }_{279}^{27}$ | ${ }_{262}^{240}$ | 34.6 33.1 | ${ }_{3}^{35} 3$ | 78.9 72.6 | 79.0 | 43.4 45.6 | 0.5 0.6 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.0. |
| Metal manufacture |  | 3,017 | 永.6.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and |  | , | -34.3 <br> 33.1 | ${ }^{34.4}$ | 79,9 | ${ }_{77,5}$ | ${ }_{83}{ }_{43} 8$ | O. 0 | 0.7 | 0.4 0 | , 6 |
| ar castins, ett. |  | ¢ | ${ }_{\substack{31 \\ 33 \\ 33 \\ \hline \\ \hline}}$ |  |  | - 77.9 |  | - | 1:4 | 0.8 0 | 1. 1.0 |
| Aluminum and aluminium alloys Coper, brass and other copper | 321 | 257 | 34.7 | ${ }^{36.1}$ | ${ }_{79} 7.3$ | $77 \cdot 4$ | ${ }_{43} 8$ | 0.4 0.6 0 | 1.7 | $1 \cdot 2$ | 1.5 |
| copper, <br> allors | ${ }^{322}$ | 249 | 32.1 | 33.5 | 73.1 | 71.7 | 43.8 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| Mechanical engineering Metal-working machine tools | $\underset{\substack{\text { vin } \\ 332}}{ }$ |  |  | 33.4 | 73:2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 338 |  |  | ${ }^{35} 5$ | 72.3 | 70.4 | 45.0 | - 0.5 | ${ }_{2}^{1.6}$ | - 0.9 |  |
|  | ${ }_{339}^{338}$ | ${ }^{1,112}$ | ${ }_{\substack{23 \cdot 6 \\ 31 \cdot 5}}$ | ${ }_{32}^{28 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }^{9917.2}$ | 69:5 | ${ }_{4}^{43} 4.9$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.5}$ | ${ }_{0}^{10.9}$ | $\stackrel{1}{0.2}$ |  |
| Ofind steelwork mechanical enzineering n.e.s. | 341 349 | ¢ 78.125 | cis35.5 <br> 31.9 | 36.8 $32 \cdot 9$ | 76.5 72.3 | ${ }_{70}^{77 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }_{4}^{46} 4$ | 0.5 0.5 | 1.4 0.9 | ${ }_{0}^{0.5}$ | 1.1 0.7 |
| Instrument enginering | vill | 449 | 30.6 | 31.3 | 70.2 | $68 \cdot 3$ | 43.5 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| and systems | ${ }^{354}$ | 298 | 29.8 | 30.7 | 69.0 | 67.2 | $43 \cdot 2$ | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| Electrical engineeri | ¢ | 515 |  |  | 73.6 717 77.7 | 71.6 69.7 75 | 43:8 | 00.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
|  | 362 | 234 | 36.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{364}^{363}$ |  | $31 \cdot 8$ <br> 30.6 | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{33} \mathrm{3} 2.0$ | 72.7 | 70.9 | ${ }_{4}^{43} 7$ | 0.5 0.6 | ${ }_{2}^{1} \cdot 6$ | 1.10 | 1.5 |
| Electric appliances primarily for | ${ }^{367}$ | 224 | 31.6 | 32.9 | 70.9 | 68.2 | 44.5 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| domestic use Other electrical goods |  | 246 <br> 466 <br> 18 |  | 33.5 <br> 33.9 | 74:0 | ${ }_{75}^{71 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{4}^{43.7} 4$ | 0.6 | 1.94 | 1.2 0.9 | 1.6 |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineering | $\times$ (370) | 1,075 | 34.9 | 36.3 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 73.5 | 45.2 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| Vehicles <br> Motor vehicle manufacturing | $\underset{381}{ }$ | ${ }_{2,852}^{4,34}$ | 37.4 | 38.9 40.6 | ${ }_{92}^{88.6}$ | ${ }^{87} 10.1$ | ${ }^{42} \mathbf{4 1} \cdot 8$ | 0.2 | 0.4 0.5 | 0.3 0.4 | 0.4 0.4 |
|  | 383 | 839 | 35.6 | $36 \cdot 8$ | $82 \cdot 9$ | 81.2 | 43.0 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Requiment | 384 | 238 | 31.9 | $33 \cdot 1$ | 75.7 | 74.1 | 42.1 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| trams | 385 | 272 | 31.2 | . 8 | 72.1 | 70.4 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified Engineers' small tools and gauges Wire and wire manufactures | $\begin{gathered} \text { xut } \\ \text { 3104 } \\ 3394 \\ 399 \end{gathered}$ | 2,450 $\substack{2,254 \\ 1.494}$ 1.4 | $31 \cdot 9$ $32 \cdot 9$ 32: 31.7 |  | 3.7 $\substack{71.7 \\ 717 \\ 71.0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69.8 \\ & \substack{0.7 \\ 70.3 \\ 60.3} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0: 6 \\ & 0: 3 \\ & 0: 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.4.5 |

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Table 30 (continued) Average gross weekly earnings, hourly earnings and weekly hours of full-time manual men, by industry, April Average
1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 23)
FULL-TIME MANUALMEN, aged 21 and over APRIL 1972


DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE 110 Table 31 Average gross weekly earnings, hourly earnings and weekly hours of full-time non-manual men, by industry, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 24)

| Industry (see note 1) | Order or Slc stc (I988) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { sumper } \\ & \text { sempele } \\ & \text { s) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $t$ | \& | ${ }_{\substack{\text { new } \\ \text { pence }}}^{\text {net }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { new } \\ \text { pence }}}^{\text {ded }}$ |  | ¢ | $\begin{gathered} \text { per cent. } \\ \text { vererage } \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {newe }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { per cent. } \\ \text { averere } \end{gathered}$ |
| All industries and services | 1-xxviI | 34,136 | 43.4 | 43.5 | 110.5 | 110.6 | 38.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| All Index of Production industries | xxı | 13,536 | 43.8 | 43.9 | 1.1 | 111.2 | 38.9 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| All manufacturing industries | xıx | 11,128 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 110.0 | III. | ${ }^{38}$ | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| All non-manufacturing industris | 1,11.xx $\times$ xil | 23,008 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 110.3 | 110.4 | $38 \cdot 5$ | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | v | 1,013 | 48.4 | 48.5 | 127.8 | 128.0 | ${ }^{37} 9$ | 0.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| Metal manuracture | vi | 673 | 42.3 | 42.6 | 109.1 | 109.1 | 38.3 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Mechanical engineering | ${ }_{311}$ | 1,833 | ${ }_{\text {41, }}^{49} 9.9$ | ${ }_{39}^{42} 9$ | 106:0 ${ }^{1010}$ | 106.1 1006 | 38.7 38.9 | 0.5 0.8 | $1: 9$ | $1: 9$ | $1: 9$ |
| Electrical engineering | $1 \times$ | 1,637 | 43.3 | 43.5 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 39.0 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Vehicles ${ }_{\text {Aerospace equipment maufacturing }}$ | $\times 1$ | 1,346 | 43.9 | 44.0 | 111.0 | 110.4 | 39.6 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Aenosprace equipment manuactu | 383 | 634 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 104.3 | 104 | 39.4 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Paper, printing and publishing rrining and a pubishing | $\begin{gathered} x y_{1!11} \\ 485,48,489 \end{gathered}$ | 910 644 1 | ${ }_{45}^{45.4}$ | ${ }_{45}^{45.4}$ | ${ }_{117}^{117.9}$ | 1176 | 38.2 38.1 | 0:8 0 | 1.9 <br> 2.0 | 2: 2.5 | ${ }_{2}^{1.1}$ |
| Construction | xX (500) | 1,276 | $43 \cdot 4$ | ${ }^{43}$ | $107 \cdot 3$ | 107.6 | 39.7 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| Cos, electricity and water | ${ }_{602}$ | ${ }_{468}^{847}$ | ${ }_{48}^{46} \mathbf{7}$ | ${ }_{48}^{46.1}$ | ${ }_{125}^{18.0}$ | ${ }_{125}^{18.7}$ | 33.0 38.8 | 0.7 0.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 <br> 2.4 <br> 1 | 1.5 |
|  | ${ }_{701}^{\text {x }}$ | ${ }^{2,420}$ | cis43.2 <br> 38.4 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{43} 8$ | ${ }_{98}^{101.3}$ | ${ }_{9}^{101.5}$ | ${ }_{41}^{41 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }^{0.4}$ | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Postal serrices and teleco | 708 | 744 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 101.0 | $100 \cdot 6$ | 41.3 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Distributive trades Retail distribution Other retail distribution |  | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { lis }}}_{\substack{3,332 \\ 1,435}}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 36 \cdot 5 \\ 32 \cdot 5 \\ 33,4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 88 \cdot 8 \\ 88,7 \\ 80.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 88 \cdot 9 \\ 80: 50 \\ 80.5 \end{gathered}$ | 40.3 40.6 40.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $1: 1.6$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1: 3}$ | 1:4.8 |
| Insurance, banking, finance and business services | xxiv | 3,055 | 48.2 | 48.2 | 130.6 | 130.8 | 36.8 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| Professional and scientific services Edecaition ses.r.és. Research and development services |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,376 \\ & \hline, 0,307 \\ & \hline 4717 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 129 \\ & 1295 \\ & 1398 \end{aligned}$ |  | - $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 1: 0\end{aligned}$ | 0.7 0.7 0.9 | co. $\begin{aligned} & 1.9 \\ & 2: 8 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 0.7 0.8 0.8 0 |
| Miscellaneous services | xxvi | 1,498 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 95.2 | 94.7 | 41.2 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Public administration National government service Local government service | $\substack{x_{\begin{subarray}{c}{9011} }}^{\substack{901}} \mid} \end{subarray}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{4,017 \\ 2,017} \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \cdot 4 \\ & 44: 2 \\ & 42: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \cdot 6 \\ & 43.5 \\ & 430 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.7 \\ & 15050 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} 107 \cdot 6 \\ 150: 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.3 \\ & 38.4 \\ & 41.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | 0.7 <br> 0.8 <br> .8 |


| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or } \\ & \text { MLH } \\ & \text { SLC (1988) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { nump } \\ & \text { sampie } \\ & \text { sime note } \\ & \text { si) } \end{aligned}$ |  | E GROss <br> GS <br> excluding whose <br> pay was <br> by |  |  |  | Standard | error of the | ${ }_{\substack{\text { haurly ear } \\ \text { (see note }}}^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $t$ | $t$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nence }}$ | ${ }^{\text {new }}$ pence |  | $\pm$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per cont. } \\ & \text { average } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {newe }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per cent. } \\ & \text { average } \end{aligned}$ |
| All industries and services | $1-x \times \mathrm{vin}$ | 14,751 | 16.6 | 17.1 | 43.1 | 42.8 | 38.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| All Index of Production industries | $11-\times x 1$ | 9,346 | 17.0 | 17.7 | 44.4 | 44.1 | 38.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| All manufacturing industries | III-xix | 9,261 | 17.0 | 17.7 | 44.4 | 44.2 | 38.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| All non-manufacturing industries | ${ }^{1.11, x \times x} \times$ | 490 | 16.0 | 16.3 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 39.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Food, drink and tobacco | III | 1,045 | ${ }^{17}$ | 18.2 | 44.6 | 44.1 | 39.3 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Food ${ }_{\text {cold }}$ |  | 782 | 16.6 | 17.3 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 39.4 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | , | 350 | 17.6 | 18.2 | 44.8 | 44.4 | 39.2 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| Mechanical engineering | vii | 438 | 18.1 | 18.7 | 46.9 | 46.5 | 38.7 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| Instrument engineering | vili | 203 | 17.1 | 17.8 | 44.1 | $43 \cdot 8$ | 38.7 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.5 |
| Electrical enzineering | $1 \times$ | ${ }^{1,325}$ | 17.7 16.7 | ${ }_{18,7}^{18}$ | ${ }_{4}^{46} \mathbf{4}$ 2, | ${ }_{43}^{46.8}$ | 38.2 38.0 | 0.1 0.3 | 20.8 | 0.7 | 0.6.5 |
| Electrical machinery <br> Radio and electronic components | $\begin{aligned} & 363 \\ & 364 \\ & 369 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 224 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 283 \\ 269 \end{array}, ~ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.4 \\ & 18.2 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{19}^{19.9} 1$ | 48.7 <br> 48.5 <br> 47.5 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.3\end{aligned}$ | 1.8 | 0.6 0.7 | i: 1.4 |
| Vehicles Motor vehicle maufacturing | ${ }_{381}$ | 346 <br> 248 | 20.9 <br> 21.8 | 21.9 23.0 |  | 54.0.5 | ${ }_{38}^{38.5}$ | 0.4 | ${ }_{2}^{1.7}$ | 0.9 | 1.5 |
|  | ${ }_{311}$ | ${ }_{402}^{651}$ | 16.1 15.7 | ${ }_{1}^{16.7}$ | $42 \cdot 1$ 41.3 | 41.9 | crer $\begin{gathered}38.2 \\ 38.0\end{gathered}$ | 0.2 | 1.19 | 0. 0.4 | 0.92 |
| Textilies | xill | 1,431 | 16.5 | 17.1 | 43.2 | 42.9 | 38.1 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| Spinning and doubling on the cotton and flax systems Hosiery and other knitted goods | $\begin{aligned} & 412 \\ & 414 \\ & 417 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 173 \\ & 508 \\ & 501 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \cdot 9 \\ 15: 0 \\ 170 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17: 5 \\ & 1775 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { } \\ & 45 \cdot 0 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,8 \\ 35 \cdot 8 \\ 455 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38.9 \\ & 37.7 \\ & 37.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 1.8 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | 1.6 |
| Clothing and footwear Clothing Men's and boys' tailored outerwear Dresses, Lingerie, infants' wear etc footwear |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 8 \\ & 15.3 \\ & 15 \cdot 1 \\ & 18,6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 0 \\ & 37.0 \\ & 37.0 \\ & 37.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \cdot 3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 1.4 \\ & 1.5\end{aligned}$ |
| Bricks, pottery, glass, cement, etc. | ${ }_{4} \times 1$ | ${ }_{179}^{301}$ | 17.7 | ${ }_{18.0}^{18.7}$ | ${ }_{45}^{45.7}$ | ${ }_{46}^{46.5}$ | ${ }^{38} 37.0$ | 0.3 0.3 | -1.7 | 0.7 0.7 | $1: 4$ |
| Paper, printing and publishing Printing and publishing | $\begin{gathered} \text { xvilut } \\ \text { 4855,48,48, } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 620 \\ & 321 \\ & 321 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.0 .2 \\ & 17.7 \end{aligned}$ |  | cis $\begin{aligned} & 43.7 \\ & \text { an } \\ & 42 \\ & 4\end{aligned}$ | (39.7 <br> 39.5 <br> 39.8 <br> .8 | 0.2 0.2 0.3 | 1:0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | 0.9 |
|  | 489 | 303 | 18.0 | 18.6 | 45. | 44.6 | 39.8 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| Other manufacturing industries | xıx | 499 | 16.1 | 17.0 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 38.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.3 |
| Transport and communication |  | 394 | 23.1 | ${ }^{23 \cdot 8}$ | 4 | 52.1 | 42.2 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| Distributive trades <br> Retail distribution Other retail distribution | $\begin{gathered} x \times 101 \\ \substack{82021 \\ 82121} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7565 \\ 5939 \\ \hline 593 \end{gathered}$ | (14.7 $\begin{aligned} & 14.7 \\ & 14.8 \\ & 4\end{aligned}$ | 14.9 | $\begin{gathered} 37 \cdot 9 \\ 38: 50 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | 1:2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0: 5 \\ & 0: 6 \end{aligned}$ | 1:1 1.5 |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services Medical and dental services |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,879 \\ & \hline 960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16: 20 \\ & 17.6 \\ & 17.9 \end{aligned}$ | 16.5 <br> 18.5 <br> 18.1 <br> 1.1 |  | 42.3 <br> 40. <br> 40.4 <br> 1.4 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | 0.2 0 | 0.5 0.9 0.6 |
| Miscellaneous services Catering services ry cleaning Lher service |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,628 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 1,628 \\ 190 \\ 1960 \\ 419 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14: 0 \\ & 13: 8 \\ & 12: 8 \\ & 12: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ & 33.1 \\ & 13.4 \\ & 16.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \cdot 4 \\ & 35 \cdot 1 \\ & 33,29 \\ & 4296 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \cdot 9 \\ & 35 \cdot 9 \\ & 33.0 \\ & 42 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yong } \\ & \text { 30, } \\ & 3,0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.9 \\ & 1: 4 \\ & 1: 8 \\ & 1: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Public administration <br> National government service <br> ocal government service | $\begin{gathered} x_{\substack{x}}^{9011} \\ 900 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 477 $\substack{274 \\ 273}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.5 \\ & 18.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \cdot 9 \\ & 198.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \cdot 3 \\ & 477 \cdot 2 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 \cdot 7 \\ & \substack{46,7 \\ 46 \cdot 6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 4 \\ & 30.6 \\ & 38.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0: 4 \\ & 0: 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 4 \\ & \substack{1: 4 \\ 2: 0} \end{aligned}$ | 0:6 | 1:2 |


| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or or } \\ & \text { SLC (IC (1988) } \end{aligned}$ |  | AVERAGE Gross EARNINGS |  | average gross EARNINGS |  |  | Standard error of the average |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { including } \\ \text { those } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | excluting |  | (weekly |  | hour | ings |
|  |  |  | t | $\pm$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nence }}$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nence }}$ |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per cent. } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {newe }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { er ofent. } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ |
| All industries and services | 1-xxviI | 25,78 | 22. | 22.2 | 59.8 | 59.7 | 36.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| All Index of Production industries | $11-\mathrm{xx} 1$ | 5,715 | 19.7 | 19.8 | 52.9 | 52.7 | 37.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| All manufacturing industries | III-xIx | 4,879 | 19.4 | 19.5 | 52, 3 | 52.1 | 37.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 |  |
| All non-manufacturing industries | ${ }^{\text {1, }} \mathrm{x} \times \mathrm{x} \times \mathrm{x} \times 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 20,903 | 22.7 | 22.8 | 61.6 | 61.6 | 36.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Mining and quarrying | " | 100 | 24.4 | 24.4 | 63.6 | 63.4 | 38.3 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| Food, drink and tobacco | -219, | 593 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 51.7 | 51.6 | 37.0 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
|  | 221, 229 | 406 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 48. | 47.9 | 37.3 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.9 |
| Metal manutacture | $\xrightarrow[311-313]{\text { vil }}$ | ${ }_{200}^{270}$ | 18.7 18.2 | ${ }_{18,7}^{18.7}$ | 50.9 49.6 | $50 \cdot 8$ 49.5 | 36.6 36.6 | 0.3 0 | 1.7 | 00.9 | $1: 8$ |
| Mechanical engineering | viI | 646 | 18.6 | 18.7 | 50.2 | 50.0 | 37.1 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| Electrical ensineering | ${ }_{361}^{161}$ | ${ }_{101}^{601}$ | 18.7 | 18.7 | ${ }_{48}^{52 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }_{48,2}^{520}$ | 37.7 <br> 37.4 | 00.4 | i.1. | $0 \% 6$ | ${ }^{1} 1.4$ |
| Vehicles <br> Aerospace equipment manufacturing and repairing | $\times 1$ | 359 | 20.6 | 20.7 | 55.0 | 54.8 | 37.5 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
|  | 383 | 139 | 20.4 | 20.6 | 53.9 | 53.8 | 37.9 | 0.4 | $2: 1$ | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified Textiles | xII | 286 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 48.7 | 48.6 | 36.8 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 1.7 |
|  | xIII | 301 | 17.3 | 17.5 | 47.1 | 47.1 | 36.7 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.9 |
| Paper, printing and publishing Other manufacturing industries Construction Gas, electricity and water | xviI' | 472 | 21.6 | 21.7 | 59.1 | 59.0 | 36.5 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.9 |
|  | xıx | 192 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 48.7 | 48.6 | 37.2 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.9 |
|  | $x \times(500)$ | 358 | 18.4 | 18.5 | 49.7 | 49.7 | 37.0 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.9 |
|  | xxı | 378 | 23.2 | 23.4 | 60.5 | 60.4 | $38 \cdot 3$ | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| Transport and communicationPostal services and telecommunications | x×11 | 1,262 | 23.0 | 23.1 | 61.2 | 60.9 | 37.6 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
|  | 708 | 608 | 24.0 | 24.0 | 63.9 | 63.6 | 37.6 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| Distributive trades <br> s <br> Retail distribution Retail distribution of food and drink <br> Other retail distribution |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,454 \\ & \hline, .559 \\ & \hline, 895 \\ & \hline, 659 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 | 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.3 0.3 | 0.6 $0: 6$ $0: 6$ 0.8 |
| Insurance, banking, business services <br> Banking a $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { xiv } \\ & 8801 \\ & 881 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,640 \\ & 1,028 \\ & 1,028 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 210.6 \\ & 20.6 \\ & 22.6 \end{aligned}$ |  | 60.1 S90.1. 61.6 | S9.8. |  | 0.20 0.3 | - 0.7 | 0.5 0.8 0.7 | $0 \cdot 8$ |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services <br> Medical and dental services | $\begin{gathered} x \times v \\ 877 \\ 877 \\ 874 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{3,276 \\ 3.328 \\ 3,477} \\ & \hline, 46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 \cdot 8 \\ & 36 \\ & \text { an } \\ & 23 \cdot 3 \\ & 23 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \cdot 0 \\ & \substack{32: 4 \\ \text { 28:3 } \\ 23 \cdot 5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 76.5 \\ \hline 69.7 \\ \text { ci:4 } \\ \hline 0.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 76 \cdot 5 \\ \hline 0.7 \\ \text { as. } \\ 60.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 5 \\ & \text { sel } \\ & 355.5 \\ & 38 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.7 |
| Miscellaneous servicesMotor repairers, distributors, garages andOther services | xxvi | 1,467 | 20.2 | 20.4 | 52.7 | 52.6 | 38.3 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.3 |
|  | ${ }_{899}^{894}$ | ${ }_{546}^{29}$ | 16.0 23 | ${ }_{23}^{16 \cdot 9}$ | 42:1 | 42:9 | 38.1. | 0.3 0 | 1.96 | i: 0 | 1.9 |
| Public administration Local government service | $\begin{gathered} \text { xevil } \\ \substack{900 \\ 906} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,640 \\ & 1,5050 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \\ & 24.8 \\ & 24.6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \cdot 4 \\ & 69: \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \cdot 3 \\ & 69.3 \\ & 64.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37.5 \\ 38.0 \\ 38.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0: 3 \\ & 0: 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & i .0 \\ & 1: 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0.5 0.7 0.7 | 1:\% |

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| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or } \\ & \text { SIC (1988) } \\ & \text { SIC (1988) } \end{aligned}$ | INCREASEIN AVERAGEEARNINGS BETWEEN APRIL 1971 EARNINGS BEANEEN (see note 2) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Standard error of } \\ & \text { (tene increase } \\ & \text { (sene } 3 \text { 3) } \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Number }}^{\substack{\text { Numple in the matched } \\ \text { sample }}}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | mekil | hourly |  <br> (see note 4) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\pm$ | new | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ pence | $\pm$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ pence | No. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ | No. | per |
| All industries and |  | 3.6 | 3.1 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 40,389 | 69 | 47,652 |  |
| All Index of Production industri | 11-x | ${ }^{3.8}$ | ${ }^{3.3}$ | 8.3 | 8.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 26,5 | 68 | 32,9 |  |
| All $m$ | III-XIX | 3.6 | 3.1 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 0. | 0.1 | 19,219 | 68 | 24,2 |  |
| All non-ma | $x x^{1,-11} \times 1 / 11$ | 3.6 | 3.2 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 0.1 |  | 20,048 | 67 | 21,9 |  |
| Asriculurere, forestry, fishing | 001 | 3.0. 3 | $2 \cdot 19$ | ${ }_{5}^{5.4}$ | ${ }_{4}^{5 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.3}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.3}$ | ${ }_{496}^{621}$ | ${ }_{52}^{54}$ | ¢ ${ }_{46}^{547}$ | ${ }_{51}^{52}$ |
| Mining and quarrying Coal mining Chalk, clay, sand and gravel extraction | (101 | 4.8.8 | cis5.4 <br> S:3 | 15:1 | (15.615.4 <br> 8.3 <br> 1. | 0.2 0.5 0.5 | 0.3 0.8 0.8 | 1, 1,837 | 72 $\substack{74 \\ 57}$ |  | 80 81 |
| Food, drink and tobacco |  | ${ }^{3.6}$ | 3.1 | ${ }^{8.2}$ | 7.7 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1,689 |  | 1,830 | 67 66 |
|  |  | 3.5 3.1 3.0 .0 a. 3.7 3.9 |  | \% $\begin{aligned} & 7.6 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 9.7 \\ & 9.6 \\ & 9.5 \\ & 10.1\end{aligned}$ | \% $\begin{aligned} & 7.1 \\ & 58.4 \\ & 8.6 \\ & 8.6 \\ & 8.9 \\ & 8.8 \\ & 8\end{aligned}$ | 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  | 64 64 64 64 68 68 68 68 7 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Coal and petroleum products }}^{\text {Mineral oir refing }}$ | $\underset{262}{1 v}$ | 4.9 | 4.0.8 | 10.1 | 9.1 8.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 165 | 7 | ${ }_{124}^{123}$ | 81 |
| Chemicals and allied industries General chemicalsSynthetic resins and plastics materials and synthetic rubberOther chemical industries | 271 | ${ }_{3}^{3.7}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3.6}$ | ${ }_{8.9}^{8.7}$ | 8.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 0.4 | 1,2514 | ${ }_{79}^{75}$ | ¢ | ${ }_{83}^{78}$ |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{276}$ | 3.8 | ${ }_{3}^{4.1}$ | 9.9 ${ }_{6} 9$ | 7.9 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 168 163 | ${ }_{68}^{75}$ | ${ }_{189}^{189}$ | ${ }_{72} 7$ |
| Metal manufacture <br> ron and steel <br> ron and steel (general) <br> Steel tubes Iron casting <br> Other metals <br> Aluminium and aluminium alloys <br> Copper, brass and other copper alloys |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 7.8 \\ 7.9 \\ .8 .6 \\ 5.9 \\ 7.7 \\ 9.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 2, 2,18 | ${ }_{8}^{77}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.6 |  |  | 167 374 474 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.6 0.6 0.9 | ( 378 | ( 61 | 474 178 178 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical engineering Metal-working mal compressors Mechanical handling Industrial (including process) plant and Other mechanical engineering n.e.s. | v11 <br> $\substack{333 \\ 333 \\ 338}$ <br> 339 |  | a 2.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.7 \\ & 7.6 \\ & 7.4 \\ & \hline .4 \end{aligned}$ | 6.5 <br> $\substack{7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \hline}$ | 0.2 0.4 0.5 0.7 | 00.2 | 2.5990 | - ${ }^{64}$ |  | 71 73 78 79 |
|  |  |  | (1:8) | (5:3) | (15.5) | 0, 0 | 1.5 <br> 0.4 | 591 | ${ }_{6}^{61}$ | 776 |  |
|  | 34 | ${ }_{3}^{2 \cdot 1}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2 \cdot 5}$ | ${ }_{6.9}^{6.5}$ | 5.5. | 0.5 0 | 0.7 0.4 | - 345 | ${ }_{6}^{57}$ | ${ }_{4}^{455}$ |  |
| Instrument enginering Scientifa and indusrrial instrumens and systems | ${ }_{3151}^{\text {vil }}$ | 3.2.2 | 3.9 | ${ }_{7}^{8.0}$ | 8.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 0.6 | ${ }_{159}^{242}$ | ${ }_{63}^{63}$ | 303 193 |  |
| Electrical engineering <br> Electrical machinery <br> Telegraph and telephone apparatus and Radio and electronic components Radio, radar and electronic capital goods Electric appliances prim | $c11362362$ | 3.54.54.1 |  | \% $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 8.2 \\ & 8.2\end{aligned}$ | ¢7.0 <br> 8.8 <br> 8.5 | 0.20.40.7 | 0.5 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1,443}$ | ${ }_{69}^{66}$ | (1,860 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.9 0.9 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \\ & .7 \\ & 3.7 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.1 \\ & 57.6 \\ & 6: 7 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 10.6 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 163 \\ & 133 \\ & 130 \\ & 130 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & 64 \\ & 60 \\ & 60 \\ & 60 \\ & \hline 6 \end{aligned}$ | 210 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 364 \\ & 364 \\ & 368 \\ & 369 \end{aligned}$ | (e) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineering | $\times$ (370) | 2.7 | 2.7 | 6.5 | 6.6 |  | 0.5 | 509 | 63 | 815 3 3 | 15 |
| Vehicters vehicle manutacuring | ${ }_{\text {x1 }} \times 1$ | ${ }_{3}^{3.8}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3.7}$ | 9.4 | 9.6 | 0.5 0.5 0.2 | 0.28 | ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{\text {2,433 }}$ | ${ }_{67} 6$ | 3,434 |  |
|  | 385 | $\begin{gathered} 5.0 \\ 3: 0 \\ 2: 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.7 \\ & 3.1 \\ & 2 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.1 \\ 7 \cdot 2 \\ \hline 18 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{7}^{8.5}$ | 0.30.50.5 | 0.5 0.5 | 53014718 | 720 | $\begin{aligned} & 6774 \\ & 204 \\ & 204 \end{aligned}$ | (80 <br> 75 <br> 78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified Engineers' small tools and gauges Metal industries n.e.s. | xı130,390399 | 2.92.9 <br> a <br> 3.6 <br> 3.1 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 8 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 2: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.9 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 6.8 \\ 8.8 \\ 6 \cdot 6 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.7 \\ & 8.8 \\ & 8.8 \\ & 6.4 \end{aligned}$ | 0.20.70.60.30 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & i=0 \\ & 10.0 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,211 \\ & 1,24 \\ & 692 \\ & 692 \end{aligned}$ | 57 <br> $\substack{59 \\ 54 \\ 54 \\ \hline}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,566 \\ & 1,65 \\ & 925 \\ & 925 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Textiles <br> Production of man-made fibres <br> systems doubling on the cotton and flax Woolien and worste Textile finishing | ج111 | ${ }_{3.2}^{3.7}$ | 3.2 | ${ }_{8}^{7.4} 8$ | 7.2. | 0.2 | 0.3 0.8 | 1,182 | ${ }_{79}^{65}$ | 1, 1.431 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 412 \\ & 414 \\ & 427 \\ & 423 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 1: \\ & 3: 1 \\ & 3.6 \\ & 4 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 3 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 2,5 \\ 2,5 \\ 3: 1 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6: 1 \\ & 7.0 \\ & 8: 8 \\ & 7: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.0 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 8.5 \\ 8 \\ 7.0 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 261 \\ 1618 \end{array} \\ & \hline 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 69 \\ & 65 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 302 \\ & 199 \\ & 147 \end{aligned}$ |  | in both April 1971 and April 1972

(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 27)


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Table 35 Percentage increases in average gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time manual men employed in the same industry
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 28)

FULL-TIME MANUAL MEN, aged 21 and over


MATCHED 1971 AND 1972 SAMPL
iies and services
All Index of Production industri

Agriculture, forsestry, fishing
Mining and quarrying
Coas minn
Chalk
miny
and
Food, drink and tobacco
Food

Drinkewing and malting
Coal and petroleum products

OHuber
Other chemical industries
Metal manufacture
Iron and
Indet

Other meealas and aluminium alloys
Aluminer,
Coper, brass and other coperer alloys



| Instrument engineering |
| :--- |
| Scientifict and industrial |

Electrical engineering

Iectric applinn eses ocrironicil capital gods


Etal. Iods. not elsewhere specified Wira nd wire manutad
clothing and footwear
Clothing



| PERCENTAGE INCREASEINAVERAGE APRIL 1972 (see note 2) |  |  |  | tandard error of the increas as a percentage of the 197 average |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weekly earnings |  | Hourly earnings |  | Weekly earnings |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { including } \\ & \text { overtime } \\ & \text { pay } \end{aligned}$ | excluding overtime pay |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { excluding } \\ & \text { opertine } \\ & \text { payn } \\ & \text { hoursime } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { including } \\ \text { overtime } \\ \text { pay } \end{array}$ | excluding <br> pay |  |
| per cent | per cas | per ceat | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cer |
| 2.0 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 1.5 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 12.6 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 12.7 | 10.3 | 12.1 12.2 | 111.5 | $1: 3$ | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 15: 4 \\ & 15 \\ & 119 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12: 10 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5 \\ & \text { an } \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.6 0.6 0.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0: 3 \\ & 0: 9 \end{aligned}$ | 0.4 0.4 |
| 11.7 | 12.2 | 12.8 | 12.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11.5 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 10.6 \\ & 13.6 \\ & 111.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12: 2 \\ & 14.5 \\ & 14.5 \\ & 14.6 \\ & 14.0 \\ & 13.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & : 9 \\ & : 6 \\ & 1: 9 \\ & 1: 5 \end{aligned}$ | 0.5 $1: .5$ $1:=3$ 0.6 $i: 1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 2.0 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| 14.3 10.0 | 12.8 | 12:9 | 11.7 | $1: 6$ | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| 110.6 | 13.9 12.9 | 12.04 | 12,6 | 0.6 | 0.6. | 0:6 |
| $12 \cdot 9$ | ${ }_{1}^{14.8}$ | 13.9 10.4 118 | 14.2 | $1: 7$ | ${ }^{0} 1.9$ | 1.2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11.5 \\ & 11.5 \\ & 10.3 \\ & 10.1 \\ & 13.0 \\ & 15.7 \\ & 11.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 11.3 11.3 12.1 10.9 18.9 12.5 9.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 1.1 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 1.3 \end{aligned}$ | 0.4 0.5 0.6 $0: 1$ 0 0 0 $i: 4$ $1: 4$ |
|  | 10.1 10.2 10.3 $12: 2$ $60: 8$ 60.7 9.7 9.7 |  | 10.0 10.2 10.2 11.6 18.2 10.3 8.1 9.8 9.8 |  |  | 0.3 0.9 0.1 $i .3$ 0.3 0.7 0.9 0.7 |
| 111.2 | 12.0 |  | 1212.5 | 1.5 | 1.0 | $1: 1$ |
|  | 12.9 11.5 12. 12. 10.5 12.5 12.4 12.8 12.8 | li. 9.1 | 12.6. |  | 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 1.3 0.7 0.8 | 0.4 0.8 0.8 0.8 $i .5$ 1.7 0.7 0.7 |
| 8.0 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 9.9 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| $\begin{gathered} 11: 1 \\ 10.2 \\ 9,7 \\ 770 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.7 \\ & 112.5 \\ & 111.5 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11: 1 \\ & 11: 2 \\ & 12.2 \\ & 11: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 111: 3 \\ & 111.5 \\ & 11: 3 \\ & \hline .3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.6 \\ & i .9 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | lo.3 $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0: 6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 1: 0\end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \\ & 9.5 \\ & 10.5 \\ & 10.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \cdot 8 \\ & 10.7 \\ & 13: 1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.3 \\ & \text { o. } \\ & 13.4 \\ & 9 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.3 \\ 10.3 \\ 13: 2 \\ 9: 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 2.1 \\ & 2.1 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 1.6 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | 0.5 i.6 0.6 0.6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 13: 4 \\ & 10.8 \\ & 10.9 \\ & 16.1 \\ & 15 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.7 \\ & 10.9 \\ & 10.7 \\ & 10.7 \\ & 13.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & 10.6 \\ & 10.6 \\ & 12: 6 \\ & 12: 6 \end{aligned}$ | H1:8 |  | 0.5 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.9 | 0.5 $1: 2$ $1: 0$ 1.4 1.5 0.8 |
| 11.3 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 111.7 | ${ }_{13}^{10.1}$ | 10.9 |  | 1:2 | ${ }^{0} 1.8$ | 0.9 |



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Table 36 Increases in average gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time non-manual men employed in the same industry in both Increases in average gross w
April 1971 and April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 29)

| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or } \\ & \text { MLH of } \\ & \text { SLC (1988) } \end{aligned}$ | INCREASEIN AVERAGE EARNNGS BETWEEN APRL |  |  |  | Standard error ofthe increase(see note 3) |  | ( ${ }^{\text {Number in }}$ sample matched |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Weekly ea } \\ & \text { including } \\ & \text { overtime } \\ & \text { pay } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | for whomhourly earningscalculated in both periods(see note 5) |  |
|  |  | $\pm$ | f | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nence }}$ | ¢ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ pence | No. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}^{\text {cher }}$ | No. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}^{\text {ctict }}$ |
| All industries and services | ı-xxvin | 5.4 | 5.3 | 14.1 | 14.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 25,248 | 75 | 23,491 | 74 |
| All Index of Production industries | 11-xxı | 4.7 | 4.6 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 9,903 | 74 | 9,575 | 74 |
| All manufacturing industries | III-xıx | 4.4 | 4.3 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 8,129 | 74 | 7,851 | 74 |
| All non-manufacturing industries | 1,1,1, xxa | 5.9 | 5.9 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 16,008 | 73 | 15,199 | 72 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | v | 5.4 | 5.4 | 14.6 | 14.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 712 | 7 | 687 | 7 |
| Metal manufacture | $v 1$ | 3.8 | 4.0 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 483 | ${ }^{73}$ | 473 | 72 |
| Mecthanical engineering | ${ }_{311}$ | ${ }_{3}^{4} \cdot 3$ | ${ }_{3}^{4} \cdot 5$ | ${ }_{9}^{10.6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{10.5}$ | 0.3 0.3 | 0.5 | 1,295 | ${ }_{73}^{72}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1,287}$ | ${ }_{72}^{72}$ |
| Electrical engineering | Ix | 4.2 | 4.2 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1,196 | 74 | 1,217 | 75 |
| Vehicies Aersace eavipment | $\times 1$ | 5.7 | 5.1 | 13.9 | 13.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1,059 | ${ }^{80}$ | 1,095 | ${ }^{82}$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{4}^{4.15}$ | 84.4 | ${ }_{\text {l }} 10.3$ | 10: 11.2 | 0.3 0.4 0.5 | 0.6 | 525 <br> 615 <br> 15 | ${ }_{\substack{84 \\ 68 \\ 78}}$ | ¢545 <br> 549 <br> 10 | -86 <br> 68 <br> 68 |
| Paper, trinting and pubishing | 485, 486, 489 | ${ }_{4}^{4.3}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4.2}$ | 10.6 | 10.6 | 0.5 |  | 448 | 70 | 419 | ${ }_{68}$ |
| Construction | XX (500) | 4.6 | 4.9 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 789 | ${ }^{62}$ | 749 | 62 |
| Gass, electricitity and water | ${ }_{602}$ | $\stackrel{7}{7.9}$ | 7.5 9.6 | 10.7 29.3 | 119.7 29.2 | 0.3 | 0.6 |  | ${ }_{83}^{83}$ | ${ }_{395}^{799}$ | ${ }_{84}^{84}$ |
| Transport and communication Postal services and telecommunications | $\begin{gathered} \substack{x \times 11 \\ 7010} \\ 708 \end{gathered}$ |  | 5.5 <br> $\substack{5.3 \\ 6.3 \\ \hline .3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \cdot 3 \\ & 10 \cdot 1 \\ & 16.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \cdot 0 \\ & 10.2 \\ & 16.6 \end{aligned}$ | 0.2 0.4 0.4 | 0.4. |  | ( 83 | (1,399 (398 | ¢ |
| Distributive trades <br> Retail distribution Other retail distribution | $\begin{gathered} x 201011 \\ \substack{82101} \\ \text { 821 } \end{gathered}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 3: 9 \\ & 3: 9\end{aligned}$ |  | ¢9.8. 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 9: 8 \\ & 8: 5 \\ & 9.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ |  | ¢10 | ci, 1,1852 | 边 |
| Insurance, banking, finance and business services | xxiv | 6.0 | 6.0 | 16.8 | 16.8 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 2,113 | 69 | 1,723 | 67 |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services Research and develo | $\underset{\substack{x \\ 87 v \\ 876}}{\substack{ \\\hline}}$ | 6.1 6.9 6.4 | 6.1 6.9 6.2 |  | $\begin{gathered} 18 \cdot 1 \\ \text { 22: } \\ 16 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | 0.2 0.4 0.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,64 \\ 2,285 \\ \hline, 2515 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,422 \\ & \hline, 88 \\ & 3815 \end{aligned}$ | 71 <br> 76 <br> 76 |
| Miscellaneous services | xxvi | 5.8 | 5.6 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | ${ }^{33}$ | 56 | 7 | 53 |
| ublic administration <br> Local government service | $\begin{gathered} \text { xev11 } \\ \substack{900 \\ 906} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.0 \\ & 76.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6: 9 \\ 6: 5 \\ 6: 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 19: 8 \\ 16 \cdot 2 \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \cdot 6 \\ & 19.7 \\ & 16.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,744 \\ & i, 649 \\ & 2,052 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79 \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,758 \\ & 2,054 \\ & 2,054 \end{aligned}$ | 79 $\substack{85 \\ 57}$ |

Vores: 1. Results are given only for those industries or groups of industries shown in table 31 and relate to those persons employed in the same industry or group in each
 4 and 5 . - See formotes 4 and 5 to table 34 . industry in both April 1971 and April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 30)

| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or or } \\ & \text { Stc ( } 188) \end{aligned}$ | percentage increasein average <br>  |  |  |  | Standard error of the increase as a percaverage average |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Hourly earningsincluding excluding <br> overtime overtime <br> pay and pay and <br> overtime overtime <br> hours <br> hours  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hourlis } \\ & \text { aranins } \\ & \text { sese note } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. |
| All industries and services | $1-x \times x$ II | 13.5 | ${ }^{13.8}$ | 14.1 | 14.0 | 0.2 |  |  |
| All Index of Production industries | 11-xxı | 11. | 11.8 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| All manuracturing industries | III-xIX | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| All non-manufacturing industries |  | 15.0 | 15. | 15.7 | 15 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | v | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Metal manufacture | $v i$ | 9.7 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Mechanical engineering | ${ }_{3}^{117}$ | 90:3 | ${ }_{9}^{11.8}$ | 110.0 | 10.9 9.9 | ${ }_{0}^{0.7}$ | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Electrical engineering | $1 \times$ | 10.5 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Veticiles $A$ erospace equipment manuacturing and repairing | ${ }_{38} \times 1$ |  | 13.5 10.7 | 13.9 10.7 | 13.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 0.6 |
| Paper, printing and publishing | 485,486, 489 | 10.8 | 10.8 10.1 | 90.6 | $\stackrel{10.6}{9.8}$ | 0.9 | 9.18 | 0.9 |
| Construction | XX (500) | 11.6 | 12.5 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Gas, electricity and water | ${ }_{602}$ | 19.7 24.5 | 19.4 24.2 | 19.5 24.5 | 19.5 24.1 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Transport and communication Rastal services and telecommunications | $\begin{aligned} & x \times 11 \\ & 7010 \\ & 7010 \end{aligned}$ | 12:6 | 14.5. ${ }_{12}^{12.7}$ | 14:8 |  | - $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 0.4. | 0.4 0.9 0.9 |
| Distributive trades Retail distribution Other retail distribution |  | 12.4 | 12.6. | 111:9 | 111:9 | - 0.92 | 0:92 | 0: $1: 1$ |
| Insurance, banking, finance and business services | xxiv | 13.5 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services Research and development services | $\begin{gathered} x \times v \\ 8727 \\ 876 \end{gathered}$ | ¢ 14.8 | ¢ $\begin{gathered}14.8 \\ 16.9 \\ 12.9 \\ 160\end{gathered}$ | ¢15.3 <br> 17.5 <br> 12.5 | ¢ 17.4 | 0.4 0.4 0.7 | 0.4 0.4 0.7 | 0.4 0.4 0.8 |
| Miscellaneous services | xxvi | 15.9 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| ublic administration Local government service | $\underset{\substack{9011 \\ 906 \\ 906}}{\substack{x}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \cdot 9 \\ & 18: 9.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \cdot 7 \\ & 19.5 \\ & 18.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.9 \\ & 20.9 \\ & 18.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.7 \\ & 18.0 \\ & 18.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | 0.3 0.5 0.5 | 0.3 0.4 0.5 |

1118 DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE
Table 38 Increases in average gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time manual women employed in the same industry in both April 1971 and April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 31)

MATCHED 1971 AND 1972 SAMPLE | sandard error of |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { hei n nere as } \\ \text { ee note 3) }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Number in the matched } \\ \text { sample }\end{array}$ |




All industries and services All Index of Production industrict All manufacturing industries All non-manufacturing industries $\underset{\substack{\text { Food, drink and tobacco } \\ \text { Food }}}{ }$ Chemicals and allied industries Mechanical engineering Instrument engineering

 Reduip nentectecronic components
Rafher ele ectrical goods
Vehicles Motor vehicle manufacturing Metal gods not notsewhere specified
Textiles
extiles
Spinning and doubling on the cotton and


Clothing and footwear
 Bricks, potterry, glass, cement, etc
Potery Paper, printing and publishing
Paper, eect
 Other manufacturing industries
Transport and communication

 | Professional and scientific services |
| :--- |
| Educational serrices | Educuation 1 servicies

Miecicial and dental services Miscellaneous services
Caterins servicesy
Laundrisis and dry claning Laundiefs and d dry
Other sirevices




(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 32)


Table 40 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE
Increases in average gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time non-manual women employed in the same industry in
both April 1971 and April 1972 (This table
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 33)

| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or or } \\ & \text { MLH (198) } \end{aligned}$ | INCREASE IN AVERAGEEARNINGS BETWEEN APRIL 1971 AND APRIL 1972 (see note 2) |  |  |  |  |  | Number in the matched sample |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | weekly |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\pm$ | f | $\begin{gathered} \text { new } \\ \text { pence } \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nene }}$ | $\pm$ | new pence | No. | ${ }_{\text {der }}^{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ | No. | per cent. |
| All industries and services | $1-\mathrm{xxvi1}$ | 3.2 | 3.3 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 16,598 | 66 | 16,791 | 67 |
| All index of Production industries | 11-xxı | 2.6 | 2.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 3,559 | 64 | 3,677 | 65 |
| All manufacturing industries | III ${ }^{\text {xix }}$ | 2.4 | 2.4 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 3,016 | 63 | 3,119 | 64 |
| All non-manufacturing industries |  | 3.4 | 3.5 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 13,990 | 64 | 13,158 | 65 |
| Mining and quarrying | 1 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 75 | 75 | 74 | 75 |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { Food, drink and tobacco } \\ \text { Fod }}}$ | 11119, | 2.6 | 2.6 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 333 | 59 | 338 | 59 |
| Food | ${ }_{21}^{221,229}$ | 2.4 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 214 | 55 | 217 | ${ }^{55}$ |
| Metal manufacture | v1 311313 | 2.12 | 2:21 | 6.0 6.4 | 6.0. | 0.1 | 0.4 0.3 | ${ }_{127}^{17}$ | ${ }_{64}^{64}$ |  | ${ }_{65}^{65}$ |
| Mechanical ensineering | viI | 2.2 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 387 | 60 | 396 | 61 |
| Electrical engineering | 16 361 1 | ${ }^{2} 1.8$ | ${ }_{1}^{2.2}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5.6}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5} 5$ | 0.1. | 0.4 | ${ }_{3}^{373} 6$ | ${ }_{69}^{64}$ | ${ }_{72}^{38}$ | ${ }_{71}^{65}$ |
| Vehicies | $\times 1$ | 3.0 | 3.1 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 242 | 69 | 253 | ו |
| Aerespare equipment manufacturing and | ${ }^{383}$ | 2.7 | 2.8 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 102 | 74 | 106 | 76 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified | xı1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 158 | 56 | 160 | 56 |
| Textiles | xIII | 2.0 | 2.0 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 173 | 59 | 182 | 61 |
| Paper, printing and publishing | xviII | 2.9 | 3.1 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 289 | 62 | 299 | 64 |
| Other manufacturing industries | xıx | 1.9 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 110 | 58 | 114 | 59 |
| Construction | XX(500) | 2.2 | 2.3 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 166 | ${ }^{47}$ | 167 | ${ }^{47}$ |
| Gas, electricity and water | $x \times 1$ | 4.1 | 3.9 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 242 | 66 | 255 | 68 |
| Transport and communieation ${ }_{\text {Posal }}$ | ${ }_{7011}$ | 3:1 | ${ }_{4}^{3.6}$ | 9, 12.5 | 9, ${ }_{12} \cdot 7$ | 0.1 | 0.3 | ${ }_{4}^{858}$ | ${ }_{76} 6$ | ${ }_{462}^{880}$ | 76 |
| Distributive trades <br> Wholesale distribution <br> Retail distribution <br> Retail distribution of food and drink | $820$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5: 2 \\ & 5: 6 \\ & 5.6 \\ & 5.6 \\ & 5.6 \end{aligned}$ | $5 \cdot 2$ <br> 5.6 <br> 5.2 <br> $5 \cdot 6$ <br> 5.3 | 0.1 0.1 0 0.1 0.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,282 \\ & \hline 1,7549 \\ & \hline 1,959 \\ & 1,359 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \\ & 49 \\ & 54 \\ & 54 \\ & 54 \\ & 54 \end{aligned}$ |  | 53 <br> $\substack{43 \\ 47 \\ 53 \\ \hline}$ |
| Insurance, banking, finance and business services <br> services <br> Banking and bill discounting | $\substack{\begin{subarray}{c}{860 \\ 806 \\ 801} }} \\ {\hline} \end{subarray}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.8 \\ & 3: 4 \\ & 3: 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9.0 \\ & 9.7 \\ & 9.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0: 2 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | 0.2 0.5 0.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,537 \\ & \hline 749 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 57 \\ & 67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,534 \\ \hline \substack{381 \\ 681} \end{gathered}$ | 59 77 67 |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services <br> Legal services $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & x \times v \\ & 882 \\ & 8727 \\ & 874 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4: 0 \\ & 5.1 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 3: 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 5.0 \\ & 2.3 \\ & 3.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.5 \\ 17.7 \\ 6.5 \\ 9.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.6 \\ 17.7 \\ 6.4 \\ 9.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & 69 \\ & 69 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,683 \\ & i, 1,680 \\ & 2,218 \end{aligned}$ | 65 68 68 68 |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Motor repairers, distributors, garages and filling stations | $x \times y 1$ 8989 | 2.8 1.3 3.3 | 2.8 1.5 3.2 | 7.6 3.9 9.1 | $7.6$ | 0.1 0.1 0.3 | 0.4 0.7 0.5 | 678 129 261 | 47 49 49 | 654 130 242 | 47 48 48 |
| ublic administratio National government service | $\begin{gathered} 899 \\ \times \times \times{ }_{9}^{9011} \\ 906 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9.1 \\ & 12.3 \\ & 14.1 \\ & 9.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \cdot 2 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 12.3 \\ 9.1 \\ 9 \cdot 2 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,876 \\ & i, 179 \\ & \hline, 691 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & 77 \\ & 70 \\ & \hline 65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,920 \\ & \hline 1,200 \\ & \hline, 704 \end{aligned}$ | - | industry in both April 1971 and April 1972

(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 34)
FULL-TIME NON-MANUAL WOMEN, aged 18 and over

| Industry (see note I) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Order or } \\ & \text { MLH } \\ & \text { stc (18f } 186) \end{aligned}$ | PERCENTAGEINCREASEINAVERAGEEARNINGS BETWEENAPRIL 1971 AND APRIL 1972 (see note 2) |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Standard error of the increase } \\ \text { as p percentage of the } \\ \text { average } \end{array} \\ \hline \text { ant } \end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Weekly earnings |  | Hourly earnings |  | Weekly earnings |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Hourlys } \\ \text { aranings } \\ \text { saed note } \end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { including } \\ & \text { pary } \\ & \text { paytrime } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { excluding } \\ & \text { pary } \\ & \text { part } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { excluding } \\ \text { opertine } \\ \text { paytaime } \\ \text { hours } \end{array}$ |  | excluding <br> pay |  |
|  |  | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. | per cent. |
| All industries and services | 1-xxviI | 15.8 | 16. | 16.7 | 16.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| All Index of Production industries | ${ }^{11} \times \mathrm{xx}$ | 14. | 14.5 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| All manuracturing industries | III-xix | ${ }^{13.3}$ | 13.8 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| All non-manufacturing industries | xx-x.xil ${ }^{111}$ | 16.3 | 16.7 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Mining and quarrring | 11 | 25.1 | 24.7 | 26.4 | 26.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Food, drink and tobacco | \%11119, | 14.0 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| Food | ${ }_{2}^{2211,2129}$ | 13.8 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Metal manufacture | $\underset{311-313}{101}$ | ${ }_{13.2}^{12.2}$ | ${ }_{13}^{12.3}$ | ${ }_{13}^{12} \cdot 8$ | ${ }_{13}^{12.9}$ | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Mechanical engineering | viI | 12.6 | 13.2 | ${ }^{12.8}$ | 12.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Electrical engineering | $1 x$ | 12.1 | 12.3 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| Venicles Aerospace equipment manufacturing and repairing | ${ }_{383}$ | 16.0. | ${ }_{15}^{16.7}$ | ${ }_{16.5}^{16.3}$ | ${ }_{14.8}^{16.5}$ | 0.19 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified | xII | 10.5 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.9 |
| Textiles | xIII | 12.4 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Paper, printing and publishing | xviII | 14.3 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Other manufacturing industries | xıx | 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Construction | XX (500) | 12.9 | 13.2 | 13.6 | 13.6 | ${ }^{0.8}$ | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Gas, electricity and water | x×I | 19.8 | 19.3 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.9 |
| Transport and commurication ${ }_{\text {Posal }}$ | ${ }_{708} \times 1$ | 19.7 | 18.3 22.8 | ${ }_{23}^{18.3}$ | 18.1 23.0 | 0:8 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Distributive trades <br> Wholesale distribution <br> Retail distribution of food and drink Other retail distribution |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13,6 \\ & 13,0 \\ & 13.0 \\ & 14, ~ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13: 8 \\ & 12.2 \\ & 14: 2 \\ & 13: 9 \\ & 14.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \cdot 9 \\ & 12.3 \\ & 14.3 \\ & 14.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 4 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | or.4. $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.6\end{aligned}$ |
| nsurance, banking, finance and business services Insurance Banking and bill discounting | $\substack { \text { xxiv } \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{861{ \text { xxiv } \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 8 6 1 } } \\ {881} \end{subarray}$ | 14:88 | 16.0 14.3 17.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \cdot 0 \\ & 15 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | (16.3 ${ }_{\substack{15.3 \\ 17.8}}$ | 0.5 0.7 | 0.4 0.5 0.5 | O.4. |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services Medical and dental services | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{87 v \\ 877 \\ 874 \\ 87} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ & 17.2 \\ & 17.6 \\ & 15: 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \cdot 1 \\ & 17 \cdot 2 \\ & 14.3 \\ & 14.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17 \cdot 9 \\ 17.9 \\ 18: 1 \\ 18: 0 \end{gathered}$ | 18.9 17 17.9 17.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Motor repairers, distributors, garages and filling stations Motor repairer Other services | $\substack{\begin{subarray}{c}{8991 \\ 899} }} \\ {\hline 9 x^{2}} \end{subarray}$ | 14.5 15 15.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 14: 6 \\ & 14.6 \\ & 14.6 \end{aligned}$ | 15.1 15.4 15.4 | ¢ 15.1 | 0.7 2.9 0.9 | 0.7 0.9 0.9 | 0.9 0.9 |
| Public administration <br> Nabional government service Local government service | $\begin{gathered} x_{\substack{9 \\ 9011 \\ 006}}(1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.5 \\ & 15.5 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.0 \\ & 12000 \\ & 1600 \end{aligned}$ | 21.0. |  | 0.3 0.5 0.5 | o. 0.3 | 0.3 0.4 0.5 |



Table 42 (continued) Distributions of gross weekly earnings of full-time manual men, by industry, April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 35)

| dustry (see note) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | of | in | ¢18 | t20 | 622 | 625 | ${ }^{63}$ | ${ }^{135}$ | ${ }_{640}$ | ${ }^{4} 4$ | 450 | \%60 | 880 |
| Texties (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woollen and worsted |  | $\underset{\substack{162 \\ 3764 \\ 364}}{ }$ |  |  | 25.9 |  | ci.1 | 84:8 | 93.2 ${ }_{\text {930 }}^{\text {90. }}$ | 9\%.7 | 100.0 |  |  |
| Hosier $\begin{aligned} & \text { Herier and other knited goods } \\ & \text { Carees }\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{4}^{417}$ | 264 <br> 145 <br> 192 <br> 180 | 3.4 3:8 0 | 12:1 | 17:4 | 25.4 20.3 20.3 | and |  | cio. 80.0 |  |  |  | (10.0.0 |
| Teexther minsing Ods and fur | xiv | 109 | 4.6 | 13.8 | 20.2 | 40.4 | 67.0 | 79.8 | 88.1 | 95.4 | 97.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 21.5 | 32.5 | 58, 3 | 79.8 | ${ }^{90.4}$ | 95.5 | ${ }^{97}$ | 99.5 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  | 10.7 <br> 4.6 <br> 4.1 <br> .1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1790 \\ & \substack{9.9 \\ \hline} \end{aligned}$ | 28.6 26:9 11.9 | 40.9 an: 21:2 |  |  | 9, 9 : 88.4 |  | (10.7 $\begin{gathered}19.0 \\ 966.6\end{gathered}$ | (109.7 | 100.0 10000 1000 |
| Bricks, pottery, glass, cement, etc Bricks, fireclay and refractory goods Pottery Glass <br> brasives and building materials, etc n.e.s. |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{13.3}$ | ${ }^{33} 7$ | ${ }^{57.0}$ | ${ }^{75} 5$ | ${ }^{86.7}$ | 93.7 | ${ }_{98}^{98.9}$ | \% |
|  |  | ${ }_{300}^{1700}$ | $\begin{aligned} & i .0 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \\ & 4.1 \\ & 4.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.9 \\ & \left.\begin{array}{l} 8.2 \end{array}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.5 \\ & 18.2 \\ & 181.2 \end{aligned}$ | cistis | 51.4 | 80.0 | 980.0 | 98:2 ${ }^{9}$ | (100.0 | (100.0 |
|  |  |  | 1.7 | 2.7 | 5.6 | 13.8 | $34 \cdot 3$ | 59.7 | 78.7 | 6.6 | ${ }^{93} 2$ | 99.4 | 99.8 |
| Timber, furniture, etc Furniture and upholstery | xyII | ,028 |  | \% | 12:0 |  | 47.2 | 89,6 | -89.8. | 925:6 | ${ }_{98}^{96} 4$ |  | 100.0 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 383 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 317 \\ 115 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 2.4 |  | ¢ |  |  | 59.7 | 776:5 | 90.1 82.6 | ${ }_{88}^{98.7}$ | 9.2 | 1000.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 112 | ${ }^{27}$ 7 9 | ${ }_{45}^{45} 8$ | ${ }^{17} 17.3$ | 751 85 | 82:7 | 97.4 | 99.0. |
|  | ${ }_{4}^{481481} 4$ | ${ }_{394}$ | 1.0 <br> 0.3 | - | 5.5 | 8.9 | ${ }^{31} 5$ | ${ }_{48}^{58.2}$ | ${ }^{27} 0.1$ | ${ }^{884} 8$ | ${ }_{91.4}$ | \% 0 |  |
| Paper, printing and publishing Paper and board$\qquad$ Printing and publishing Printing, publishing of newspapers Other printing, publishing, bookinding, engraving, etc |  | - ${ }_{\text {2 }}^{1248}$ | 2:3 | ${ }_{\substack{4.6 \\ 3.0}}$ | 7.7 4.7 | (17.3 |  | ${ }_{4}^{58.5}$ | -73.9 <br> 55 | 84.2 | 917:0 | 8. 5 | ${ }_{\text {99, }}^{98}$ |
|  |  |  | 2:2 | 3.3 | ${ }^{3} .8$ | 6.3.3 | ${ }_{18,3}^{16.9}$ | ${ }^{26} 51.4$ | 33.6 44.4 | 51:9 | ${ }_{71}^{61.7}$ | - 22.3 | 9,3 |
|  | 489 | ${ }_{738}$ | 0.5 | 3.1 | 5.7 | 12.7 | 31.7 | 50.5 | 65.5 | 78.7 | ${ }^{85} 8$ | 92.1 | 99.2 |
| Other manufacturing industries Plastics products n.e.s. | x1x | ,509 | 2.2. | 5.1 <br> 5.6 | ${ }_{\text {8, }}^{8.3}$ | ${ }_{10}^{16.4}$ | 34.8 <br> 24.6 | ¢87.3 | 74.1 | ${ }_{8}^{86} 8.9$ | ${ }_{9}^{93} 9$ | 98.1 <br> 98.8 <br> 9.8 | 90.9 |
|  | ${ }_{496}^{496}$ | ${ }_{\text {cis }}^{59}$ | + 0.6 | 27.4 | 9.9 | ${ }_{18,4}$ | 42.5 | 65.2 | 79.6 | ${ }_{88.1}$ |  | 98.9 |  |
| cons | $\times \times$ (500) | 6,770 | 1.7 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 12.7 | 27.4 | 52.3 | 70.5 | 82.1 | 89.4 | 93.5 | 9.9 |  |
| Gas, electricity and water Electricity Water supply | x | (1,842 | 0.5 | 1:18 |  |  | 隹31.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 59.8 \\ & \text { 58. } \\ & 889 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9.00 \\ & 8!51 \\ & 9!1 \end{aligned}$ | ¢94.7 | 99.1 |  |
|  | 602 603 | 850 242 248 | 0.8 | ${ }_{1.2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transport and communication <br> Railways Road passenger transport <br> Road haulage contracting for general hire or reward <br> Sea transport <br> ort and inland water transport <br> Postal service <br> Miscellaneous and telecommunications storage | xII |  |  |  |  |  | 35.0 |  | 72.1. | 34:2 |  |  | (100.0. |
|  | 702 | 1,340 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{703}$ | 1,250 | 0.88 | 1.7 | S. 5 | 10.6 | 30.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 707 | - ${ }_{\text {2364 }}^{1.950}$ | - 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.9 3.7 | 14.9 | ${ }^{9.9}$ | 54.3 | 67.6 | ${ }_{79}^{70.1}$ | ${ }_{88}^{82 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }_{\substack{95.8 \\ 96.6}}$ | 109.7 |
|  | 709 | 160 | 5.6 | 10.6 | 14.4 | 28.1 | 49.4 | $66 \cdot 3$ | 82.5 | $93 \cdot 1$ | ${ }^{96} 3$ | 100.0 | $100 \cdot 0$ |
| Distributive erades | $810-8$ | ${ }^{3,072}$ | 8.6 8.4 | ${ }^{16.2}$ | 26.12 | 427.0 | ${ }_{58}^{65.6}$ | ${ }_{8}^{81} 8$ | ${ }_{8}^{89.9} 8$ | ${ }^{94 \cdot 7}$ | ${ }^{97} 97.3$ | 99.2 | 99,8 |
| Wholesale distribution of food and Wholesale distribution of petroleum |  |  |  |  |  | $33 \cdot 3$ | 59.6 | 78.2 | 87.6 | ${ }^{93 \cdot 2}$ | 96.2 | 99.1 | 99.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{57.4}$ | \% 9 | 99.1. |  |
|  | ${ }^{820-821}$ | 1,546 |  |  |  |  | 6.9 | 83.6 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{199.9}$ |
|  | 821 | 926 | ${ }^{7} 10.8$ | ${ }^{151}$ | $\xrightarrow{261.9}$ | ${ }_{4} 47.7$ | ${ }_{7}^{67} 7$ | ${ }_{\text {837.6 }}^{88}$ | ${ }_{94} 92.6$ |  |  | ${ }_{99} 9$ | 99.9 |
|  | 831 | 317 | 4.7 | 16.1 | 25.2 | 46.7 | 71.3 | ${ }^{86} \cdot 8$ | 94.0 | 98.1 | 99.7 | 99.7 | 100.0 |
|  | ${ }^{332}$ | 374 | 0 |  | 16.8 |  | 58.8 |  | 89.6 | 95.7 | 98.1 | 98. |  |
| Insurance, banking, finance and business servicesBanking and bill discounting Property owning and managing, etcCentral offices not allocable$\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{23.3}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{32}{ }^{32} .0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 489 \\ & 48.8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.5 \\ & 59.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{85} 8$ | 190: | ${ }_{\text {cos }}^{100 .}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Professional and scientific services <br> Medical and dental services <br> Research and development service |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {ckis }}^{16.4}$ |  | . 4 |  |  |  | ${ }^{96.8}$ | ${ }_{98,8}^{98.3}$ | 99.5 cos 100.0 | 99.8 1000.0 100.0 |
|  | \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Cinemas, cheatres, radio, et <br> Hotels and other residential Restaurants, cafes, snack bars Laundries and dry cleaning Motor repairers, distributors, garages Other filling stat | ${ }_{881} \times 1$ | ${ }_{2}^{2.595}$ | ${ }^{10.6}$ | 22:8 | 年7.75 | ¢ $\begin{aligned} & 49.8 \\ & 28.7 \\ & 66.7\end{aligned}$ | 72.6 | s5.7 | cis: | 930. |  | 94:29.5 | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{98.8}$ |
|  | ${ }^{884} 888$ | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{39.3}$ | - 49.0 |  |  | cis. $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 77.7\end{aligned}$ |  | 94:8 | 997.15 | $\begin{array}{r} 99.5 \\ 100.1 \\ \hline 0.0 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{100.0} 10$ | 100.0 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98.3 | 99.0 | 100.0 99.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public administration Local government service | $\begin{aligned} & \text { xevelin } \\ & 900 \\ & 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,755 \\ & 2,054 \\ & 2.05 \end{aligned}$ | 3:1 | ¢ $\begin{gathered}15.5 \\ 19.9 \\ 19\end{gathered}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{49.7} 4$ | 73: 73 73.1 | ${ }_{3}^{7}$ | - 94.5 | 1 | 99.15 | $\xrightarrow{99.7} 9$ | (10.0 |

1124 DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE
Table 43 Distributions of gross weekly earnings of ful-time non-manual men, by industry, April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 36)

| Industry (see note) O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SLC (1988) |  | $\pm 18$ | 122 | 122 | ${ }^{625}$ | $\pm 30$ | 435 | $\pm 40$ | ${ }^{4} 4$ | 155 | E60 | ${ }_{80}$ |
| All industries and services | 1-xxviI | 33,798 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 12.8 | 26.1 | 40.4 | 54.1 | 65.5 | 74.4 | 85.3 | 94.5 |
| All Index of Production industrie | $\begin{aligned} & 11-x \times 1 \\ & 111-x \mid x \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,376 \\ & 10,999 \end{aligned}$ | 0.9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 3.9 \\ 3.8 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 8.68.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 21.5 \\ & 21.6 \end{aligned}$ | 37.0 |  | 66.8 | 75.1759 | 86.0 | 95.095.0 |
| All manufacturing industries |  |  | 0.8 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 4.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 86.3 |  |
| All non-manufacturing industries | 1, ${ }^{11 \times x \times 10}$ | 22,799 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 14.9 | 28.3 | 41.9 | 54.0 | 64.9 | $3 \cdot 6$ | 84.9 | 94.3 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing |  | 117 | 3.4 | 6.8 | 10.3 | 18.8 | 36.8 | 53.0 | 64.1 | 74.4 |  | 87.2 | $92 \cdot 3$ |
| Mining and quarrying <br> Coal mining | 1101 | ${ }_{229}^{221}$ | 000 | 0.4 | 2:9 | 8.9 | ${ }_{21}^{24.8}$ | 38.4 <br> 37.6 <br> 20 | 51.93 | 60.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 78.6 \\ & 73.3 \\ & 72.9 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{83}^{83.4}$ | ${ }_{94}^{94}$ |
| Foodd drink and tobacco$\begin{aligned} & \text { Bread and flour confectionery } \\ & \text { Drink and } \end{aligned}$Brawing and maling |  | 933 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 10.4 | 26.1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 93 \cdot 8 \\ & 93 \cdot 8 \\ & 95: 2.2 \\ & 95: 89: 4 \\ & 99.4 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 501 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.653 \\ & 1855 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0: 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 8 \\ & 3: 0 \\ & 3: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $5: 1$ $5: 8$ $6: 8$ 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \\ & 13.7 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 43: 1 \\ & \text { 44:0:0 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 71.4 \\ 70.3 \\ 070: 7 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.2 \\ & 8070.6 \\ & 77.6 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 8 \cdot 5 \\ 8.7 .7 \\ 88.5 \\ 88.0 \\ 88 \cdot 0 \end{array}$ |  |
| Chemicals and allied industries <br> Pharmaceutical chemicals and preparations Synthetic resins and plastics materials and synthetic rubber Othemical industries | $v$ | ${ }_{\text {1,003 }}^{1,065}$ | 0.6 | 1:2 | 2.6 | $\stackrel{5}{5.7}$ | ${ }_{13}^{16.5}$ | ${ }_{24}^{28.5}$ | ${ }_{37}^{43.9}$ | 55.5 | ${ }_{6}^{68.9}$ | ${ }_{79}^{79.8}$ | ${ }_{9}^{98.7}$ |
|  | 271 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{93} 9.7$ |
|  | 272 | 166 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 16.3 | ${ }^{31} \cdot 3$ | 49.4 | 59.6 | 68.7 | 75.9 | 89.2 |
|  | ${ }^{276}$ | ${ }_{102}^{122}$ | 1:0 | 20.9 | 2.4 | 8.8 | 1878 | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{35 \cdot 3}$ | 47.15 | 52:8 | 70.6. | ${ }^{87 \cdot 3} 8$ | ${ }_{96}^{96 \cdot 1}$ |
| Metal manufacture <br> Iron and steel Iron and steel (general) Other metals | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{v}_{1} 1-31 \\ \text { und } \\ 321-323 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 663 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 323 \\ & 183 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0: 6 \\ & 0: 3 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 7 \\ & 1: 9 \\ & 1: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} 3.5 \\ \text { a.5 } \\ 3.7 \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.9 \\ & 9.4 \\ & 9.7 \end{aligned}$ | $223: 0$ <br> $23: 5$ <br> 22: <br> 18.0 | $\begin{gathered} 39 \cdot 2 \\ \text { 30:6 } \\ 35 \cdot 6 \\ \hline 5 \cdot 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 57 \cdot 9 \\ 59 \cdot 2 \\ 57.2 \\ 54 \cdot 6 \end{gathered}$ | 72.6 <br> 747 <br> 73.4 <br> 68.9 | 78.979.677.17 | $\begin{gathered} 87 \cdot 3 \cdot \mathbf{3} \\ 87: 6 \\ 85 \cdot: 8 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical engineering <br> Metal-working machine tools <br> Pumps, valves and compressors Mechanical handling equipment <br> Other machinery Industrial (includin <br> Other mechanical engineering n.e.s. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { vind } \\ & 333 \\ & 333 \\ & 339 \\ & 344 \\ & 349 \end{aligned}$ | 1,8091.651055474464394290 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.7 \\ & 3.4 \\ & \text { i.4 } \\ & \hline 1.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \cdot 3.3 \\ & 5.7 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 7.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \cdot 9 \\ & \hline \end{aligned} 9.9$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 42:005} \\ & 3950 \\ & 35 \cdot 5 \\ & 35 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 70 \cdot 2 \\ 50.3 \\ 515 \\ 7124 \end{gathered}$ |  | -8.2. | 95.88 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | cos 92.7 | cols 97.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0.8 0 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 7.4 8.6 | 21.2 25.2 | ${ }^{342} 8$ | ${ }^{49} 63.7$ | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{60.4}$ | ${ }_{7}^{71} 1.2$ | 822:1 | 4.5 77.6 |
| Instrument engineering <br> Scientific and incustrial instruments <br> nd systems | vilı354 | $\begin{aligned} & 267 \\ & 188 \end{aligned}$ | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 6.4 | 22.5 | 40.8 | 55.458.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \cdot 2 \\ & 70 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \cdot 3 \\ & 78 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \cdot 0 \\ & 89 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | 96.396.8 |
|  |  |  | 0.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 |  | 24.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical engineering <br> Electrical machinery Insulated wires and cables <br> Telegraph and telephone apparatus Radio and electronic components Electronic computers Radio, radar and electronic capital goods Electric appliances primarily for domestic use Other electrical goods | $\substack{1 \times 1 \\ 360 \\ 362}$ | 1,612 | 0.5 | 1.4 $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 3.0\end{aligned}$ | 2:9 |  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{18} 818$ | 35.9 <br> 40.8 |  | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{66.7}$ | ${ }_{\substack{76.6 \\ 84.8}}$ | 87.7 | : 5 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 166 \\ & \substack{196 \\ 237} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 6 \\ & 0: 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 23.0 | ${ }^{42} 8.0$ | ${ }_{58} 50$ | 770 | 86.0 | 92.0 | 97.0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 363 \\ & 366 \\ & 366 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 1.2 |  | 年:2 | $\begin{aligned} & 18: 6 \\ & 15.7 \\ & 110 \end{aligned}$ |  | 50.3 40 40 40 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \cdot 0 \\ 555 \\ 55 \cdot 5 \end{gathered}$ | ר-76.2. |  | cos. 95 |
|  | 析 | 315 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 7.3 | 23.8 | 43.5 | 62.2 | 74.0 | 81.6 | 0.5 | 96.2 |
|  | ${ }_{369}^{368}$ | ${ }_{172}^{102}$ | 00:0 | 2.9 0 | ${ }^{3} 3.5$ | 7.9 ${ }^{3.9}$ | ${ }^{137} 17$ |  | 474.18 | 64.7 61.6 | ${ }_{72}^{73.5}$ | ${ }_{8}^{87.5}$ | 96: |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineering | $\times(3)$ | 192 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 4.7 | 8.9 | 16.7 | 26.0 | 42.2 | 62.5 | 78.1 | ${ }^{93 \cdot 2}$ | 96.9 |
| Venicles | ${ }_{381} \times 1$ | 1,320 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.5 | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 16:4 | 31.7 24.0 | 49.9 41.6 | 65.3 | 76.1 68.4 8.6 |  | ${ }_{95}^{97.1}$ |
|  | 383 | ${ }^{62}$ | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 6.5 | 20.9 | 37.9 | 55.9 | 71.3 | 82.6 | 92.8 | 98.4 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified | ${ }_{311}$ | ${ }_{364}^{600}$ | 00.8 | ${ }_{1}^{1.7}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3.7}$ | 9.8 | ${ }_{22}^{23 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{40}^{40.5}$ | 58.3 59.1 | ${ }_{70}^{70.7}$ | ${ }_{8}^{80.0} 8$ | ${ }_{88}^{88.0} 8$ | ${ }_{95}^{95} \mathbf{9}$ |
| Textiles | xIII | 448 | 0.5 | 1.8 | 4.9 | 10.7 | 22.8 | 39.3 | 54.7 | 67.4 | 74.6 | ${ }^{83 \cdot 3}$ | 93.1 |
| Clothing |  | 195 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 10.3 | 16.4 | 36.9 | 53.3 | 65.6 | 75.9 | 81.0 | 85.1 | 94.9 |
| Clothing |  | 143 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 11.2 | 18.9 | 42.0 | 59.4 | 69.9 | $80 \cdot 4$ | 83.9 | 88.1 | 96.5 |
|  | xvi | 341 | 2.1 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 10.9 | 21. | 35.2 | 52.2 | 66.0 | 73.9 | 86.2 | 94.4 |
| etc n.e.s. | 469 | 125 | 2.4 | 5.6 | 11.2 | 14.4 | 25.6 | 37.6 | 52.0 | 68.0 | 75.2 | ${ }^{87.2}$ | 95.2 |
| Timber, furi | xviI | 246 | 1.6 | ${ }^{3.3}$ | $6 \cdot 9$ | 15.0 | 30.9 | 45.5 | 62.2 | 74.8 | 82. | 89.8 | 95.9 |
| Paper, printing and publishing |  |  | 2.5 ${ }^{2} .4$ | ${ }^{3.6}$ | 5.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{82} 8.1$ | 20, |
|  | 485, 486, 489 | ${ }^{1194} 6$ | - 0.8 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3. } \\ & 3.1 \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | 53.4 | 5.9 | ${ }_{2}^{28.6}$ | -23:9 | 52.9 49.7 | 60.5 | 68,9 | 81.5 | 92:4 |
|  | 485 485 4 | 233 <br> 106 <br>  | 1.7 | 1.7 | 3.9 4 | 7.3 | 16.3 | ${ }_{\text {29, }}^{27}$ | ${ }_{45}^{43 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }^{53} 61.3$ | 67.8 | ${ }^{78.5}$ | 921.5 |
| Other printing, publishing, bookbinding, ensraving, etc | 489 | 305 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 7.5 | 12.1 | 27.9 | 40.3 | 55. | $66 \cdot 9$ | 74.8 | 87.2 | 95.7 |
| Other manufacturing in | ${ }_{491} \times$ | $\underset{\substack{378 \\ 169}}{108}$ | 0.5 | 2.1 | 4.5 4.7 4.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \\ & 8.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22 \cdot 0 \\ 24.3 \\ \hline 4.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37 \cdot 9 \\ 39 \cdot 1 \\ 35 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | S. 5 S. | 70.1 60.1 65.7 | (17.7 | ¢8.7 <br> 84.7 <br> 82.4 | 95.5 |
| Passics product | ${ }_{496}$ | 102 | 0.0 | 2.0 | $4 \cdot 9$ | 9.8 | $16.7$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction | XX (500) | ${ }^{1,266}$ | 1.4 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 10.4 | 21.9 | 36.6 | 53.8 | 65.4 | 74.9 | 86.8 | $95 \cdot 2$ |
| Gas, electricity and water Gas | $\begin{gathered} x \times 1 \\ 601 \\ 602 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 830 \\ & 283 \\ & 463 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 4 \\ & 2: 4 \\ & 2: 8 \end{aligned}$ | 3.1. $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 3.7\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.4 \\ & 9 \cdot 2 \\ & 6 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 33.2 32: 25.9 |  | S6.3. | cis $\begin{aligned} & 64.9 \\ & 57.5\end{aligned}$ | cis. 81.6 | 94.6. 95: 94.2 |


| Transport and communication <br> Railways Road passenger transport <br> Road haulage contracting for general | $\underset{\substack{7011 \\ 702}}{\substack{\text { xol }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,394 \\ \hline \substack{406 \\ 144} \end{gathered}$ | 0:9 | 1.9. | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.6 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.4 \\ 10.6 \\ 11.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \cdot 2 \\ & 30 \cdot 2 \\ & 30.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.76 \\ & 49 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 53: 8 \\ 70: 5 \\ 72: 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 65 \cdot 6 \\ 8750.7 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \cdot 7 \\ & 9451 \\ & 95 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | cos 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{703}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 157 \\ & 1372 \\ & \hline 105 \end{aligned}$ | 2.1 | 5.7. | 7.0 <br> 3 <br> 1 | 17.8 <br> 4.6 | 32.5 |  | S6.2. | $76 \cdot 4$ 59 59 | 80.9 | $\begin{gathered} 90.5 \\ 7978 \\ 87.6 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 96.2. |
| Poort and inland water trasport | $\begin{aligned} & 706 \\ & 7007 \\ & 708 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2259 \\ & 739 \end{aligned}$ | (10.0. | ${ }^{1} 1.94$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6.70 \\ & 8.4 \\ & 8.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.1 \\ & 20.2 \\ & 20.2\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | cols |  |
|  | 709 | 279 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 7.5 | 16.5 | 38.0 | 51.3 | 64.2 | 71.7 | $76 \cdot 3$ | 86.0 | ${ }^{93} \cdot 6$ |
| Distributive trates Whiosaie distribution | ${ }_{810-812}$ | 3,308 | ${ }_{\substack{5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3}}^{\text {d }}$ | ${ }_{7}^{11.3}$ | 19.2. | 31.1 20.8 | ${ }_{36}^{50.6}$ | ${ }_{52}^{65 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }_{62} 73.8$ | ${ }_{711}^{81} 5$ | ${ }^{84} 76$ | ${ }_{85}^{90.4}$ | ${ }_{983}^{95}$ |
| Wholesale distribu | 810 | 351 | 3.4 | 7.1 | 13.4 | 20.5 | 39.0 | 58.1 | 68.4 | 77.2 | 82.9 | 89.2 | 95.2 |
| Wholesale distrib | 811 |  | 2.:4 | 2.:4 | ${ }^{3} 12.6$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{64}^{35.5}$ | ${ }^{50.0}$ |  | ${ }_{84}^{76.9}$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{82082}$ | , | 7.7 | 14:3 | 24.3 | ${ }_{38}^{25 \cdot 2}$ | ¢9.0. | cisio | (60.9 | cis ${ }^{73.1}$ | -76.9 |  | 97.70 |
| er retail | ${ }_{821}^{820}$ | 515 | ${ }^{8} 7.5$ | 15 | 24.1 | ${ }_{3}^{40.1}$ | ${ }_{5}^{63} 7$ | 771.9 | ${ }_{79.3}^{89.5}$ | ${ }_{85}^{88.5}$ | ${ }_{88} 9.4$ | ${ }_{92}^{92} 9$ | ${ }_{98.6}^{98.1}$ |
|  | ${ }^{831}$ | 216 | 2.3 | 6.5 | 14.8 | 31.9 | 56.0 | 69.4 | 78.7 | 87.0 | 90.3 | 92.6 | 97.2 |
| Deaing in ohther industrial materials and machinery | ${ }^{832}$ | 261 | 2.7 | 6.1 | 3.1 | 14.9 | 31.0 | 51.0 | 62.8 | 71.7 | 75. | 82.0 | 90.4 |
| Insurance, banking, finance and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\pm$ |  |  | ${ }^{2.3}$ | 5.2 | 7.8 | 14.4 | ${ }^{24.1}$ | 37.4 | 95:6 | ${ }_{59}{ }^{5} 5$ | 61.6 | 80.9 | (la.2 |
|  | ${ }_{8}^{863} 8$ | - | 2.1. | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{5.7}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{10.6}$ | 16.4 |  | 39:6 | S0.4 | ${ }^{\text {s9, }} 7$ | 66.3 | crion | crem |
| Other business serviess Central offices not alcoable elsewhere | ${ }_{8}^{865}$ | ${ }_{374}^{221}$ | ${ }^{2} 2.8$ | 5.1 | 7:9 | ${ }^{12} 8.7$ |  | ${ }_{28}^{29.3}$ |  | ${ }_{49}^{49} 5$ | ${ }_{51}^{65.5}$ | 759.6 | 921:6 |
| Professional and stientific services | $\times$ | 5,330 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{8}^{872}$ | 2,980 | ${ }^{0} 5 \cdot 8$ | 19.2 | ${ }^{23 \cdot 8}$ | 30.2 | 42.4 | 57.6 | 70.4 | 527:9 | ${ }^{665} 5$ | cis 9 | cos. |
|  | 876 | 416 | 4.1 0.5 | ${ }^{8.5}$ | 13:4 | ${ }^{20.8}$ | 34.1 10.6 | ${ }^{\substack{46 \\ 18.4 \\ 18.0}}$ | cres 81 | ¢79.5 | ${ }_{\substack{515 \cdot 2 \\ 54}}$ | 88:1 | - 90.5 |
| Other protesesional and scientific services | 879 | 128 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 8.2 | 12.9 | $26 \cdot 4$ | 38.1 | 52.3 | 64.0 | 73.4 | 84.8 | $96 \cdot 3$ |
| Miscellane Cinemas, |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 7: 9 \\ 0.9 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.5 .5 \\ & \text { ant } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \\ & \text { an: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \cdot 4 \\ & 58.5 \\ & 55.4 \end{aligned}$ | 54:9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 73.6 \\ & 49: 2 \\ & 99: 2 \end{aligned}$ | 79.8 515 515 | 87.4 | cis95 <br> 989 <br> 98 <br> 8 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {9848888 }}$ | 192 | 5:8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other services | ${ }_{899}^{899}$ | ${ }_{375}^{48}$ | 5:9 | 9.3 | 14.5 | 24.19 | ${ }_{26}^{41.5}$ | 61.0 44.8 | 52:5 | ${ }_{8}^{81.5}$ | 877.1 | 92.5 | ${ }_{95}^{97.5}$ |
| Public administration $\qquad$ | $\underset{\substack{9011}}{\substack{900}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,74 \\ & i, 985 \\ & 1,7545 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 3 \\ & 3: 2 \\ & 1: 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4: 8 \\ & 3: 20 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \cdot 4 \\ & 13: 5 \\ & 8.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 229 \\ 28.7 \\ 18.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 2 \\ & \hline 00 \cdot 1 \\ & 35 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | 50.9 $52:$ 52.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 64: 0 \\ & 625: 0 \\ & 650 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 73: 2 \\ 78: 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84: 8 \\ & 88: 5 \\ & 88: 5 \end{aligned}$ | 95:0 95: 96.8 |

Note: Results are given only for those industries reeresented

| Industa |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { sample } \end{aligned}$ | $\pm 10$ | lage with weekly earnings less than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ¢12 | ¢14 | $\pm 16$ | 18 | $\pm 20$ | 622 | 625 | 430 | 835 | 440 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12,429 \\ & 7,7,291 \\ & 7,291 \\ & 5,138 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cdot 5 \\ & 5: 5 \\ & 8: 4 \\ & 8.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13 \cdot 8 \\ 9.1 \\ 90.1 \\ 20.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \cdot 6 \\ & \text { 21: } \\ & \text { 31:7 } \\ & 38.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \cdot 9 \\ & 40 \cdot 3 \\ & 56 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \cdot 4: 4 \\ & 57: 4 \\ & 67 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \\ & 72 \cdot 2 \\ & 80 \cdot 1 \\ & 80 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84: 1 \\ & 82 \cdot 6 \\ & 82 \cdot 6 \cdot 2 \\ & 86 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92: 19 \\ & 999 \\ & 92 \cdot 9 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \\ & 989: 1 \\ & 97 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \cdot 19.5 \\ & 9995 \\ & 98 \cdot 7 \\ & \hline 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 9.7 \\ 99.8 \\ 99: 8 \\ 99.5 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dricul |  | 132 | 10.6 | ${ }_{28.2}^{28.8}$ | ${ }_{5}^{53} 5$ | 777：3 | 899．4 | 91：7 | ${ }_{955}^{95}$ | 99．2 | 100.0 <br> 1000 <br> 0 | 100.0 100 |  |
| cood dr |  | $\begin{aligned} & 855 \\ & 635 \\ & 6150 \\ & 1110 \\ & 112 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.5 \\ 3.8 \\ 10.4 \end{gathered}$ | 8.3 | 17.1 | 34.7 | 51.5 | 71.0 | 80.9 | 91.4 | 97．0 | 99.0 | 99.799.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1899 \\ & \hline 209 \\ & 12.9 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 60.8 \\ & 50.7 \\ & 567: 8 \\ & 67: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 78.7 \\ 88.5 \\ \hline 8.5 \end{gathered}$ | $86: 8$as：86.96 | \％ 9 | 999．1 | 1 |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 30.4 \\ & 30.4 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 4.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{995}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1000000 \\ & 1000.0 \\ & 1009 \\ & 99.2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied in |  | 298 | 2.0 | 06.0 | 17.5 | 37.3$45 \cdot 4$ | 56.0 | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 08 & 68.5 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{32} 6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \cdot 3 \\ & 93 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | 97.7 | 99.0 |  |
|  | vi | 130 |  | 6.0 13.1 | 26.9 |  | 58.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \cdot 5 \\ & 71.5 \end{aligned}$ | 84.6 |  | 98.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Mechanical Other mec |  | 335 126 | ${ }_{2}^{2.7}$ | 7 | 17.5 | ${ }_{31}^{31} 8$ | ${ }_{46}^{44} 8$ | 8 ${ }^{62}$ | ${ }_{81: 0}^{77.0}$ | 0－90．5 9 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}99.4 \\ 99.2 & 99.7 \\ 99.7\end{array}$ |  |
| Instrument engineering | viII |  | 1.3 | 4.4 | 16.5 | 39．2 | 58.2 | 72.2 | 81.7 | 94.9 | ， | 99.4 | 100.0 |
| Electrical engineering |  | ${ }_{103}^{968}$ | 0.7 | ${ }^{3.7}{ }^{3.7}$ | 115：9 | ${ }_{35}^{27.5}$ | ${ }_{54}^{47.7}$ | 76．7 | ${ }_{89}^{80.3}$ | 977.1 | ${ }^{98} 10.2$ | 990．6 | 6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { cot oflel } \\ & \text { ment } \end{aligned}$ |  | （19 <br> 202 <br> 202 | － $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 1: 0\end{aligned}$ | li．$1 \cdot 3$ <br> 3.3 <br> 3.0 |  | $\xrightarrow{15.4} \begin{aligned} & 37.4 \\ & 27.7\end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{34} 4 \cdot 2$ | 61．1． | $\begin{gathered} 73: 8 \\ 78: 8: 8 \end{gathered}$ | 87.987.188.1 | 97．3 $\begin{aligned} & 99.0 \\ & 98.0\end{aligned}$ | 100．0 | （100．0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vehicles Motor | ${ }_{381}$ | ${ }_{172}^{246}$ | 2：0 | 4.9 | 71：0 | $\underset{\substack{18.3 \\ 13.4 \\ \hline}}{ }$ |  | ${ }_{32}^{38.2}$ | ${ }_{4}^{50.8}$ | ${ }_{62} 68.5$ | ${ }_{83}^{87}{ }_{8}{ }^{8}$ |  |  |
| Metal goods |  | ¢19 | ${ }_{3}^{2.3}$ | ${ }_{12}^{10.5}$ | ${ }_{31}^{27.5}$ | 49．5 | ${ }_{69}^{65.0}$ | ${ }_{72}^{79.5}$ | 89.1 90.6 | ${ }_{96 \cdot 2}^{96}$ | 999．7 | 99．8 |  |
| Textiles |  | 4，174 | 3.0 | 12．2 | 25.4 | 46.8 | 62.3 | 76.6 | 85.1 | 193 | 98.9 | 99.8 | 99.9 |
|  | 12 | 147 | 0.7 | ． 1 | 14.3 | 40.8 | 63.3 | 78.2 | 99．8 | 97.3 | 99.3 | 100.0 | $\begin{gathered} 99.9 \\ 1000 \\ 100.0 \\ 100.0 \\ 99: 8 \end{gathered}$ |
| en an | ${ }_{414}^{414}$ | 110 <br> 225 <br> 1 | －0．0 | ${ }^{5} 5$. | ${ }_{\substack{19.1 \\ 37.8}}$ | $46: 4$ 61.8 | 57．3 7 | \％ 6 |  | 4．6 | 99， 9 |  |  |
| iery and other knitted goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| othing and |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 19: 6 \\ & 4: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32.1 \\ & 38.7 \\ & 08.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57: 4 \\ & 55: 2 \\ & 55: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \\ & 773: 6 \\ & 68 \cdot 7 \\ & 68.7 \end{aligned}$ | 78.9 88.4 86.9 |  |  |  |  | 1000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 88: 9 \\ & 77.6 \end{aligned}$ | 929：5 |  |  | 100．0 |  |
| ses， |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77.1 74.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 100.0 |
| dear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Bricks，pottery，glass，}}^{\substack{\text { Potery }}}$ | ${ }_{462}$ | 228 | 3．18 | 7．9 | 19.3 |  | 49.1 54.6 | ${ }_{7}^{67}$ | 75.0 80.8 | ${ }_{92}^{86.4}$ | ${ }_{99}^{98}$ | 99．6 |  |
| Timber，furniture，etc． | xVII |  | 3.0 | 11.4 | 22.0 | 34.9 | 54.6 | 71.2 | 78.0 | 86.4 | ${ }^{95} 5$ | 99.2 |  |
| Paper，printing and publishing | $\underset{481084}{\text { xilit }}$ | ${ }_{256}^{516}$ | 1：6 | 6.2 6.6 | 18.2 22.7 | 35.3 38.7 | 55．8． | 78．9．9 | ${ }_{89}^{81}$ | 91．95 | 99．6 9 | 99.8 | 100．8 |
| d | 485，488， 48 | 126 260 260 | 1.6 2.5 1.5 |  |  | 50．4． | ${ }_{49}^{65}$ | 79.8 63.9 | ${ }_{7}^{971} 9$ | ${ }_{\text {c }} 96 \cdot 6$ | 100.0 99.6 | 1000 | 100．0 |
| binding，engraving，etc． |  |  |  | 5.8 5.7 |  | 31．9．8 31.8 | 49.8 | $64 \cdot 9$ | 75.5 | 88.2 | 99.6 | 100.0 |  |
| ther manufacturing industris | x ${ }_{496}$ | 386 <br> 130 | 2．1． | 11.1 10.0 | ${ }_{28}^{24.6}$ | ${ }_{43}^{46.9}$ | ${ }_{6}^{64.5}$ | 78.0 84.6 | ${ }_{9}^{87}$ | 95： 9 | 99．0 | 19.7 | \％90．7 |
| Transport and commun <br> Road passenger transpor |  | ${ }_{\substack{357 \\ 148 \\ \hline}}$ | 0：4 | 5．0 | －10．9 | ${ }_{7}^{16.5}$ | 124：9 |  | 46：8 | 60.2 41 4 | 77．9 | 80．4 88. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92：7 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance，banking，finance and business services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profesional |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dical and dennal se |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellanes |  | 1，533 | 17.2 24.1 | 35.4 46.3 | ${ }_{62}^{54.8}$ | 78.0 | ${ }_{87}^{87.5}$ | ${ }_{83}^{88.7}$ | ${ }_{96} 92$ | 9\％\％ 9 | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{98} 9$ | 99．5 |  |
| establishments Restaurants，cafes，snack bars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 110 |
| dies and dry cie |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96．3 | －3 | 1000 | 100．0 | （100． |
| Laundries |  |  | 9.5 | $\begin{gathered} \text { chi: } \\ 17: 9 \\ \text { an } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \cdot 9 \\ & \hline 6 \cdot 9 \\ & 32 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 93.8 \\ & 63 . \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,28,6 \\ & 75 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \\ & 840 \\ & 840 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline 093 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.000 .0 \\ & 098: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000000 \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ | （100． |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { xevil } \\ \substack{901 \\ 906} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 444 \\ & \hline 126 \\ & \hline 28 \end{aligned}$ | 管， | 6.5 |  | － 3 3．9．9 | 49．1． | ${ }^{64} 2$ | 2 | 89.0 |  |  |  |


| Industry（see note） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \＆10 | f12 | ¢14 | E16 | $¢_{18}$ | ¢20 | $6_{22}$ | 225 | 430 | ${ }_{635}$ | ${ }^{40}$ |
| All industries and services | $1-x \times v \mathrm{VI}$ | 25，185 | 1.9 | 6.7 | 14.9 | 26.3 | 38.5 | 49.3 | 59.2 | 71.7 | ${ }^{84 \cdot 3}$ | 90.6 |  |
| All Index of Production industries | I－xxı | 5，577 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 12.7 | 27.7 | 46.8 | 61.6 | 72.4 | ${ }^{83} 7$ | 93.6 | ${ }^{27} 1$ | 98.5 |
| All manuracturing industries | III－x｜x | 4，756 | 1.1 | 5.1 | 13.1 | 28.7 | 49.1 | 64.2 | 75.0 | 85.6 | 94.1 | ${ }^{97.1}$ | 98.4 |
| All non－manufacturing industri |  | 20，429 | 2.1 | 7.1 | 15.4 | 25.7 | 36.0 | 45.8 | 55.6 | 68.5 | 82.0 | 09.0 | ${ }_{93} 3.4$ |
| Mining and quarrying | ＂ | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 10.0 | 15.0 | 21.0 | 28.0 | 42.0 | 90.0 | 99.0 | 100.0 |
| Food，drink and tobacco | III | 569 | 3.0 | 10.2 | 19.0 | 2.5 | 49.0 | 60.5 | ${ }^{22 \cdot 8}$ | 84.4 | 93.7 | 97.7 | 98.4 |
|  | －1－219， | ${ }_{36} 13$ | 2.6 | 13.0 | 24．1． | 40.4 | 58．3 | 70.7 | 80：6 | 89．1 | 94．8 | 10．0 | 98．7 |
| Drink ${ }^{\text {Brad and flour corfectionery }}$ |  | ${ }_{144}^{113}$ | 8.9 | ${ }_{5}^{30.1}$ |  | 69，4 | ${ }_{3}^{36.1}$ | ${ }^{9} 9.12$ | 94．5 | ${ }^{98} 1.3$ | ${ }_{93,8}^{100.0}$ | ${ }_{\text {108．6 }}^{100}$ | ${ }^{100.6}$ |
| Chemicals and allited industries | $\stackrel{y}{27}$ | 437 125 | 0．28 | ${ }_{2}^{2.5}$ | ${ }_{8}^{8.5}$ | 21.3 15.2 | ${ }_{3}^{39.4}$ | 520 | 63：2 | ${ }_{72}^{76} 7$ | 899．0 | 921．9 | 97：0 96 |
|  | 272 | 104 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 9.6 | 22.1 | 37.5 | 52.9 | 62.5 | 75.0 | 86.5 | ${ }^{93} 3$ | 99.0 |
| Metal manuracture | $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{VI}-313}$ | ${ }_{1}^{267}$ | 0．0 | ${ }_{2}^{2.6}$ | ${ }_{13}^{13.2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33: 2 \\ & 3370 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 53 \cdot 2 \\ 55: 8 \\ 55: 8 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \cdot \mathbf{3} \\ & 8,2: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 98 \cdot 0 \\ 80.4 \\ 89.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.0 \\ & 988.5 \end{aligned}$ | 90．6 | 90：6 |
| ron and steel（zeneri） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical engineering | $\underset{379}{\text { vin }}$ | 630 155 151 | － 0.3 | 4：4 | 12．5 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \cdot 0 \\ & 369 \\ & 279 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 53 \cdot 3 \\ 58: 7 \\ 5: 4 \end{gathered}$ | 60.5 22.3 76.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 99.4 \\ & 920.3 \\ & 90.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 1990．1 |
| Instrume | viII | 130 | 0.8 | 6.2 | 10.8 | 23.9 | 44.6 | 60.8 | 74．6 | 83.9 | ${ }^{93} 9$ | $96 \cdot 2$ | ${ }^{97 \cdot 7}$ |
| Electrical engineering | Ix | 587 | 0.7 | 2.9 | 6.1 | 21.3 | 44.5 | 62.5 | ${ }^{22.6}$ | 87.1 | 95.6 | 98.5 | 99.0 |
| Vehicles |  | 352 <br> 181 <br> 18 | 0.7 0.6 0 | ${ }_{2}^{1.7}$ | ${ }_{8}^{6 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }_{17.7}^{15}$ | ${ }^{32} \times 1.1$ | ${ }_{48}^{54 .}$ | ${ }^{67.1}$ | ${ }_{8}^{816.2}$ | 94：8 | ${ }_{97}^{97} 7$ | 99．20． |
| Aerospace equipment m <br> and repairing | 383 | 137 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 9.5 | 31.4 | 58.4 | ${ }^{73} 7$ | ${ }^{83} \cdot 2$ | 94.2 | 97.8 | 100.0 |
| Metal good not elsewhere specified | ${ }_{391}$ | ${ }_{1}^{283}$ | 1．8 | 1．5 ${ }^{3.7}$ | 12.4 | ${ }_{33}^{36.7}$ | 60．1． | ${ }_{74}^{76.7}$ | 886．9 | 919.5 | ${ }_{95}^{96.8}$ | ${ }^{98} 97.6$ | ${ }_{98}^{99.8}$ |
| Te， | xIII | 291 | 2.1 | 11.7 | 24.7 | 43.0 | 65.0 | 73.0 | ${ }^{35} 9$ | 92.4 | 95.9 | ${ }_{98} \cdot 3$ | 99．0． |
| Clocting an |  | 194 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 16.0 | 40.2 | $62 \cdot 4$ | 74．2 | ${ }^{33.5}$ | 88.7 | 93.8 | 94.9 | 96.9 |
| Clothing |  | 147 | 1.4 | 4.8 | 19.1 | ${ }^{46 \cdot 3}$ | 64.6 | 76.2 | 81.6 | 86.4 | 93.2 | 94.6 |  |
| Brick | xvi | 165 | 1.2 | 4.2 | 13.9 | 25.5 | 50.3 | 67.3 | 77.6 | 89.7 | ${ }^{95 \cdot 8}$ | 98.8 |  |
| Timber，furn | 粯 | 113 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 24.8 | 43.4 | 67.3 | 80.5 | 84.1 | 22.9 | 97.4 | 100.0 |  |
| Paper，printing and publishing | ${ }_{\text {xvilu }}^{\text {x81／84 }}$ | ${ }_{123}^{463}$ |  |  | 14.3 | 25．7． |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{87.6}$ |  | 55．3 |
| Printing and pulishing Pring pulishing of newspapers | 485， 4885 | $\begin{gathered} 3,54 \\ 104 \\ 104 \end{gathered}$ | 0.9 0.9 | 5．7 | ${ }_{1}^{14.1}$ | 23：1 | ${ }_{\text {lin }}^{33} \mathbf{3}$ | ${ }_{4}^{43.6}$ | －53.3 <br> 49.0 | \％ 78.1 |  |  |  |
| Other priniting，pububishing， bokkindin， | 489 | 164 | 1.8 | 6.7 | 15.9 | $26 \cdot 2$ | 39.6 | 52.4 | 64.0 | 81.1 | 93.9 | 97.0 |  |
| Other manufacturing indus | xıx | 189 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 13.8 | 30.7 | 55.6 | 72.5 | 82.5 | 92.6 | 97.9 | 99.5 |  |
| co | $\times \times(500)$ | 355 | 2.3 | 8.5 | 19.4 | 38.0 | 54.9 | 67.3 | 76.9 | 38.5 | 95.5 | 98.0 |  |
| Gas，electri | ${ }_{\substack{\times 1 \\ 601}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{366 \\ 167}}$ | 000 | 1.9 | 4：4 | ${ }^{9.6}$ | 18．3 | cin 31.3 | ${ }^{45} 37.9$ | ${ }_{\text {cos }}^{66.1}$ | ${ }^{866.9} 8$ | cos． 95 | 98： |
| ${ }_{\text {Efectricty }}^{\text {Gasis }}$ | 602 | $1{ }_{1}$ | 0．0 | 4.0 | $6 \cdot 8$ | 14.7 | 26.6 | 44.1 | 54.8 | 72.3 |  |  |  |
| Transort | $\underset{\substack{\text { x } \\ 7011}}{\text { O11 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1,235}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.8 \\ & 1: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.7 \\ & 3.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.4 \\ & 4.0 \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22: 4 \\ & 5.5 \\ & 150.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \cdot 2 \\ & \substack{8 \\ 20.9} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48.7 \\ & \hline 88.7 \\ & 44.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68.0 \\ & \hline 85.4 \\ & \hline 55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85.3 \\ 88.1 \\ 82.7 \end{gathered}$ | ：1 |  |
| Postal services and telecommunications <br> Miscellaneous transport services and | 708 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 2 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $1: 8$ | 6.1 |  | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ 15: 2 \end{gathered}$ |  | $29.9$ |  |  |  |  |
| misteraneous rransport serrices and | 709 | ${ }^{183}$ | 2.2 | 4.9 | 13.4 | 24.6 | 35.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distributive | ${ }_{810-811}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4,325}$ | 4．818 | 19.5 | 38.4 26.6 | ${ }_{\text {ck }}^{62} 4$ | $\underset{58}{75.4}$ | ${ }_{8}^{88.2}$ | ${ }_{76.4}^{88.8}$ | cis．5 | ${ }_{94}^{96.1}$ | ${ }_{\text {ck }}^{98.3}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | 11.8 <br> 13.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{820}^{82021}$ | cisis9 | 6：4 | ${ }_{\substack{21 \\ 21.6 \\ 21.6}}$ | ${ }_{4}^{24.5} 4$ |  | ${ }_{87}{ }_{86}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92: 1 \\ & 88 \cdot 1 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75.6 \\ & 950.6 \\ & 98 \end{aligned}$ | 94．98 | cos 9 | cos 98.5 |  |
|  | 821 | 2，569 | 5.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 831 | 10. | 2.9 | 12.4 | 34－3 | 54.3 | $72 \cdot 4$ | 78.1 | 83.8 | 90.5 | 96.2 | 9.1 |  |
| Dealing in other industrial materials | 832 | 141 | 1.4 | 9.2 | 20.6 | 36.9 | 3.9 | 68.1 | 76.6 | 90.1 | ${ }^{99.3}$ | ${ }^{9} 9.3$ |  |
| Insurance，banking，finance and business service |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 860 \\ & 860 \\ & 860 \end{aligned}$ | （1．078 | － 3 | 9 | － 10.2 | cis | －7 | cistis | cis． | 72．1． |  | 93．6． |  |
| 为 |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{1.7}$ | ${ }^{11} 7.5$ | $\underset{\substack{24.4 \\ 17.8}}{ }$ | cis37．4． <br> 25 <br> 1 | ${ }_{\substack{57.4 \\ 38.3}}^{\substack{\text { che }}}$ |  | \＄7．4． |  |  | $\xrightarrow{94.8} 9$ |  |
| Other business eerviess | ${ }_{866}^{865}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profession |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| sorvices | $873$ | ${ }^{3,1731}$ | － |  | ${ }_{2}^{23.0}$ | 3， 3.5 | ${ }_{5}^{5.4} 5$ |  | 15.5 79.5 5.7 | 31．5 |  | 61.8 97.5 90.6 | \％ |
| services denal services | $\begin{aligned} & 877 \\ & 877 \\ & 876 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\substack{3.365 \\ \hline 122}}^{\text {3，}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 1 \\ & 1: 6 \end{aligned}$ | cois |  | － 17.1 | coly30．4． <br> 20.5 | －42： <br> 32.0 <br> 0.6 | 边52.7 <br> 42.6 | 66：7 | \％9，8 | 90．8 | 96 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70.7 |  | 94.4 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Industry（see note） | Order or <br> SIC（1968） | Number sample | ¢10 | Percentage with weekly earnings less than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 12$ | \＆14 | 116 | $\pm 18$ | 120 | $\pm 22$ | ¢25 | ${ }^{83}$ | 435 | 440 |
| Miscellaneous services | ${ }_{\substack{\text { x } \\ 881 \\ 881}}$ | $\stackrel{1,431}{146}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{58} 8.0$ |  | ${ }_{55}^{76.5}$ | ${ }^{88} 18$ | 33：5 | ${ }_{85}^{96} 6$ |
| Cinemas，theatres，radio，etc Betting and gambling | $\begin{gathered} 881 \\ 8884888 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106 \\ & 2106 \\ & 212 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | － $\begin{aligned} & \text { 19．2．} \\ & 46.5 \\ & 46.5\end{aligned}$ |  |  | cise 88.4 82.9 | cisfor 8 | ${ }^{94.1}$ | ${ }_{98} 9.1$ | 999：5 |
|  | 884 | 114 | 6 | 18.4 | 29.8 | 47.4 | 66.7 | ${ }^{73} .7$ | ${ }_{83} 3$ | 87.7 | 95.6 | 98.3 | 99.1 |
| Motor repairers，distributors， | ${ }_{898}^{988}$ | ${ }_{533}^{287}$ | 3．5 | ${ }^{13} 4.2$ | 32．4 | ${ }_{15}^{55.1}$ | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{24.9}$ | ${ }^{86} 8$ | ${ }^{99} 4 \cdot 6$ | 94：4 | ${ }_{81} 97.6$ | ${ }_{98}^{98} \cdot 6$ | ${ }_{995}^{99} \cdot 1$ |
| Public administration | xxviI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{90} 9.3$ | ${ }^{932} 9$ |
|  | ${ }_{9}^{906}$ | ${ }_{\text {1，5067 }}$ | 0．9 | 0．5 | ¢3.4 <br> 4.4 | ${ }_{5}^{5 \cdot 4}$ | ${ }_{17} 9.7$ | ${ }_{31}^{21 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }_{43}{ }^{4} \cdot 3$ | 62：7 | $880 \cdot 2$ | 90.9 | 94.3 |

Table 46 Distributions of gross hourly earnings of full－time manual men，by industry，April 1972 （This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 39）


| Industry（see note） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | sam | 45p | 50p | ${ }^{55}$ | 60p | ${ }^{65 p}$ | 70p | ${ }^{\text {75p }}$ | ${ }^{\text {sop }}$ | ${ }^{\text {90p }}$ | 100 p | ${ }^{125 p}$ |
| Mechanical engineering <br> Aricultural machinery（except <br> tractors） <br> Pump，valves and compressors <br> Textile machinery and accessories <br> Construction and earth－moving <br> Mechanical handling equipment <br> Office machinery Other machinery <br> Industrial（including process）plant and <br> steelwork Ordnance and small arms <br> Other mechanical engineering n．e．s． |  | 65 |  | ${ }^{6.6}$ |  | 23 | ${ }^{35} 5$ | 47.4 | 58.4 | 69.5 | ${ }^{84 \cdot 3}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 27．4．4 | 37．4． | 50．5 | ¢ 6.6 | ${ }_{53} 3.2$ | 77．6． | －86．9 | ． 8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 15.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％ |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{334}$ | 172 | ${ }_{4}^{9.7}$ | ${ }_{8}^{12 \cdot 7}$ | 15.7 | ${ }_{26 \cdot 7}^{26}$ | 38．4 | ${ }_{52}{ }^{40} 9$ | ${ }_{58 \cdot 1}^{50}$ | 66.9 | 79.1 | 91.3 | 速 |
|  | 36 | 185 | 3.2 | ${ }_{5}^{6.5}$ | 12.4 | $24 \cdot 3$ | 哏34．6 | 44.9 | 55.1 | 66：0 | 77.6 | 89.0 | 98， 9 |
|  |  | 1，111 | 3.0 | ¢，${ }_{8}^{6.5}$ | 15.1 | $24 \cdot 4$ | 37.4 | ${ }_{5}^{54.4}$ | 63.2 |  | 887 | 995：7 | 10， |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55．0 | 65.3 | 79.6 | 87.4 | ${ }^{96} 7$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{14.4} 14$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{89} 9.2$ | \％ |
| nstrument engineering <br> Scientific and industrial instrument and systems | viII | 449 | 2.9 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 29.8 | 40.5 | 54.6 | 65.7 | 75 | 90.0 | ${ }^{96} \cdot 2$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{354}$ | 298 | 2.4 |  | 17.5 | 29.9 | 40.9 | $56 \cdot 4$ | 69.1 | 79.5 | 22 | 99.0 |  |
| Electrical engineering <br> Electrical machinery Insulated wires and cables <br> Telegraph and telephone apparatus Radio and electronic components Radio，radar and electronic capita Electric appliances primarily for Other electrical goods |  | 2，512 |  |  |  | 21 | 33．1 | ${ }_{48.2}^{45}$ | ${ }_{60.5}^{56.9}$ |  | 880．4 | 97.0 |  |
|  | 362 | 233 |  |  | 6.0 | ${ }_{13} 13$ | 23.6 | ${ }^{34 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{43} 4$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{364}$ | 310 <br> 237 <br> 2 | ${ }_{5}^{0.7}$ | ${ }^{3.2}$ | 14．5 | ${ }_{26}^{26.5}$ | 37.4 37.6 | S0．0． | 61．9 62 | ${ }_{73}^{70.7}$ | cis 98.8 | 919．3 | －100．0 |
|  | ${ }_{367}$ | 22 | 1.8 | 5.4 | 12.5 | 22.3 | 30.8 | 49.6 | 68.8 | 78.1 | 90.6 | ${ }^{98 \cdot 2}$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{368}^{368}$ | 246 <br> 465 | ${ }^{2.2}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5.8}$ | 11．4． | 19，9 | ${ }_{29}^{30.5}$ | 4．4．7． | ${ }_{48}^{57.7}$ | 71.1 59.1 | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{86} 8$ | ${ }^{327} 7$ |  |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineer | $\times 13$ | 1，074 | $2 \cdot 3$ | 4.0 | 8.9 | 15.9 | 23.4 | 34.1 | $45 \cdot 2$ | 59.0 | ${ }^{81.3}$ | 91.6 |  |
| Vehicles <br> Wheeled eractor manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing and repairing equipment Railway carriages and wagons and trams |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2，850 | 0.0 0.5 1 | 0．0 | （e．0 | （ 0.8 | 3.8 9.8 17 |  | 8. | 20．3 20.8 | 50.4 | 69.2 |  |
|  | 383 |  | 1.7 | 3.1 | 6.7 | 10.9 | 17.5 | ${ }^{24 \cdot 1}$ | 35.1 | 44.9 | 66.0 | 81.3 |  |
|  |  |  | 0.4 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 9.7 | 20.2 | 32.8 | 48.7 | 68.5 | 87.4 | 97.5 |  |
|  | 385 | 27 |  | 4.0 |  | 17.7 | 30.5 | 43.8 | 61.0 | 77.9 | $90 \cdot 4$ | 94.5 |  |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified Engineers＇small tools and gaugeBolts，nuts，screws，rivets，etc Wire and wire manur metal boxes Metal industries n．e．s． |  | 2，437 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － 5 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1，483 | （1：\％ |  | cis． | ${ }_{31}^{21} 18$ | 321：4 | 53.5 | 60．9 | 71．38 |  | cise |  |
| Textiles <br> Production of man－made fibres <br> Spinning and doubling on the cotton <br> Weaving of cotton，linen and man－ <br> made fibres <br> Woollen and worsted <br> Hosiery and other knitted goods Textile finishing <br> extile finishing Other textile industries | ${ }_{4111}$ | ${ }^{1.988}$ | 9：20 | 17：4 | 27.1 | 38.3 <br> 8.1 <br> 1 | 48.8 77.2 | cis |  | ${ }^{74.7}$ | ${ }^{86} 4.4$ | 95：0． |  |
|  |  |  |  | 26. | 40. |  |  |  | 83.0 | 90.0 | ${ }^{95 \cdot 7}$ | 100.0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1015 113 | ¢1.3 <br> 5.3 <br> 5.3 | 3.8 17.4 12.4 | 22： | Cil： 42 | 20． | 99，4 |  | coly $\begin{aligned} & 33.5 \\ & 79.7\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{92} 9.5$ | （95．6 |  |
| Leather，leather goods and fur | xiv | 12 | 9.8 | 28.7 | 43.4 | 56.6 | 70.5 |  | 86 |  | 91.0 |  |  |
| Clothing and footwear <br> Clothing Men＇s and boys＇tailored outerwear <br> Footwear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 21．7 | ${ }_{15 \cdot 3}$ |  |  | 40.4 | 49.1 | 57.1 | ${ }_{78,6} 9$ |  |  |
| Bricks，pottery，glass，cement，etc Bricks，fireclay and refractory goods Pricks， Cement Cement <br> rasives and building materials，etc <br> n．e．s． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 464 |  | $1: 0$ | 2：9 | 10．8 | ${ }^{14.7} \mathbf{2 3 . 5}$ |  | 退3：\％ | ${ }_{68.6}$ | ${ }^{53} 8$ | 98：2 | － |  |
|  |  |  | 3.5 |  |  |  | 48.9 |  |  | 80.1 | 88.9 | ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| Timber，furniture，etc TimberFurniture and upholstery Shop and office fitting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3.1 <br> 0.0 |  | 11.7 |  | 34：1 ${ }_{3}^{37}$ |  |  | ${ }_{75}^{65}$ |  |  |  |
| Paper，printing and publishing <br> Paper and board <br> Packaging products of paper，board |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2．7 | 2．9 |  | 17．4 | ${ }_{28} 28$ | ${ }_{42}{ }^{4} 7$ |  | 65： | 81.5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | li． $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 0.7\end{aligned}$ | 0.7 | 3.3 |  | （13：8 |  |  | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{\substack{29.4 \\ 32.5}}$ |  | 57. |  |
|  |  |  | 0.5 |  | 7.9 | 148 | 24.7 | ${ }^{35} 8$ | $46 \cdot 3$ | 54.8 |  | ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Plastics products n．e．s． |  |  |  |  | 9.0 | ${ }_{\substack{26.4 \\ 14.5}}$ | 36：0 |  | ${ }_{0}$ | 64．9 | －80．6 | ${ }_{84.6}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | 13．0 | 21.6 | ${ }_{37.9}$ | 49，4 | 57．9 | 69.4 | 76.1 | ${ }_{89.9}$ |  |  |


| Industry（see note） | Order orMict（ 1988 ） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { sample } \end{aligned}$ | 45p | 50p | ${ }^{55}$ | Percentage with hourly earnings less than |  |  |  |  |  | 100 p | ${ }^{125 p}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 60 p | ${ }^{65 p}$ | 70 p | 75p | 80 p | 90p |  |  |
| Construction | （500） | 7，269 | 4.5 | 13.8 | 31.5 | 45.2 | 57.4 | 88.2 | 76.5 | 3.0 | 90.7 | 94.9 |  |
| Gas，electricity and water Gas Water supply | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 600 \\ & 603 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,575 \\ & \hline 105 \\ & 2495 \\ & 249 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 17 \\ & 1: 7 \\ & 2: 24 \\ & 2: 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 3.1 \\ & 2.8 \\ & 3: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.0 \\ 9.3 \\ 4.6 \\ 18.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \\ & 20.7 \\ & 08.4 \\ & 28.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22: 3: 31 \\ & \text { 21: } 10.4 \\ & 41-4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32: 0 \\ & \text { an } \\ & \text { si:4 } \\ & 53: 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \cdot 1 \\ & \hline 75 \cdot 9 \\ & \hline 50 \cdot 6 \\ & 80 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 79.2 \\ \hline 27.7 \\ 92: 8 \\ 92: 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90.7 \\ & 9897 \\ & 977.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 9.0 \\ \text { an } \\ 100: 3 \end{array}$ |
| Transport and communicatio | xII | ${ }_{1}^{7,389}$ | 2.0 | ${ }_{6}^{60.4}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{25} 5$ |  | 51．4． | ${ }_{72} 62$ | 81.0 | ${ }_{91}^{83} \mathbf{8}$ |  | ${ }_{99} 97.1$ |
| ${ }_{\substack{\text { Railways } \\ \text { Road d } \\ \text { dessenger transport }}}$ | ${ }_{702}$ | 1，747 | 3．9 |  | ${ }_{14} 12.3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Road haulage contracting for gener hire or reward Sea transport | $\begin{aligned} & 703 \\ & \hline 0.05 \\ & \hline 020 \end{aligned}$ | －1，288 | －2．0． | 88.1 | ${ }_{20}^{20.2}$ |  | 54.0 17 17.5 | 68．3 | cis |  |  | $\xrightarrow{77.9}$ | 99.6 94.6 74.3 |
| Porr and inland water transport | $\begin{aligned} & 706 \\ & 7 \\ & 708 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 571 \\ 2.060 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | cis $\begin{aligned} & 5.1 \\ & 1: 3 \\ & 1.3\end{aligned}$ | 9．6． 3 4.0 |  | lis． |  |  | cos | cris | liti． 88.9 8.9 | （en 90.4 |
| Miscellaneous transport services and storage | 709 | 203 | 7.9 | 13.3 | 23.0 | 41.2 | 53.9 | 64.2 | 72.1 | 76.4 | 87.9 | 91.5 | 99.4 |
| Distributive trade | $810-812$ | l， 3,3037 | ${ }_{12}^{12.9}$ | 24：8 | ${ }_{35}^{40.6}$ | －59．5 | ${ }^{69.2}$ | 756．5 | ${ }_{8}^{81} 7.5$ | ${ }_{88}^{86.4}$ | ${ }_{85}^{27.5}$ | ${ }_{92}^{96}$ | ${ }_{98}^{99.8}$ |
| deate | 10 | 544 | 10.7 | 22.1 | 34.2 | 49.6 | 61.8 | 71.1 | 80.9 | 85.9 | 92.1 | 96.0 | 98．7 |
|  | ${ }_{8}^{811}$ | （139 | 9，0 | － 0.7 | ${ }_{4}^{2} \cdot 1.2$ | 53．0． | ${ }_{7}^{10.1}$ | 12.12 | 152．9 | － 23.0 | 388．9 | 66．2 | \％${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Retailer isforestian | ${ }^{820-821}$ | 1，541 | 14.4 | 27.8 | － 4.14 .1 | $\begin{gathered} 62 \cdot 1 \\ 55 \cdot 8 \end{gathered}$ | $78 \cdot 9$ | 79.4 <br> 89.3 <br> 78.2 | cis | $\begin{aligned} & 90.9 \\ & 89.7 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { chers } \\ 965 \\ 95 \\ \hline 5}}$ | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{97} 97.9$ | cos 99.6 |
| ther reail distribution ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ataid |  | 337 325 | 12.6 | 26.7 25.9 | $42 \cdot 4$ 51.7 | ${ }_{71.1}$ | 82.8 | ${ }_{89} 5$ | 92.6 | 95.1 | 97.9 | 99.4 | 100.0 |
| grain and agricultural supplies | ${ }^{832}$ | 400 | 8.0 | 17.8 | 33.0 | 49.8 | 63.0 | 75.5 | 80.3 | ${ }^{85} 8$ | 93.0 | 97.0 | 99.5 |
| Insurance，banking，finance and usiness services Banking and bill discounting Property owning and managing，etc $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5312 \\ & 1123 \\ & 123 \end{aligned}$ | $15 \cdot 6$ <br> 34．6． <br> 4.3 <br> 4.1 | $\begin{gathered} 23 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \\ 58.5 \\ 58.4 \\ 4 \cdot 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33: 2 \\ \hline 9: 9 \\ 73: 5 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \cdot 7 \\ & \substack{57 \\ 16.9 \\ 16.3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \cdot 3 \\ & \begin{array}{ll} 21: 6 \\ \text { ap: } \\ 26 \cdot 0 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \cdot 5 \\ & \text { si.5 } \\ & 37 \cdot 5 \\ & 37 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \cdot 6 \\ & 39.6 \\ & \text { sit } \\ & 48 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \cdot 6 \\ & \text { 77.8.8. } \\ & 58 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81 \cdot 2 \\ & \hline 776 \\ & \hline 69 \cdot 5 \\ & \hline 9.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \cdot 7 \\ & \text { g2, } \\ & 73.4 \\ & 73.2 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ 96.3 |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services | $\substack { x \times v \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{87 \\ 874 \\ 874{ x \times v \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 8 7 \\ 8 7 4 \\ 8 7 4 } } \end{subarray}$ |  | 7.0 7.0 $3: 2$ $3: 9$ 3 | $\begin{gathered} 20.5 \\ \text { an } \\ \text { I5.5. } \\ 7.0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \cdot 7 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 57.7 \\ \hline 6.7 \\ 26 \cdot 7 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70.2 \\ & 89.1 \\ & 69.3 \\ & 40.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.6 \\ & \text { 97.7: } \\ & 47 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{95 \cdot 8 \\ 855 \\ 651: 8 \\ 61: 8} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \cdot 9 \\ & 969 \\ & 90 \cdot: 1 \\ & 70 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 95.7 \\ 987! \\ 83 \cdot 7 \\ 83.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98: 1 \\ & 9996 \\ & 93 \cdot 6 \\ & 93 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Miscellaneous services | $\times \times$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 88．2 | S6．88 | 94．1 |
| Cinemas， | 888388 | 616 | 48.1 | 57：5 | ${ }_{68}^{20.3}$ | ${ }^{7} 7.4$ | ${ }_{83}{ }^{40}$ | 89.5 | 2.1 | 94.0 |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{354}$ | 50．0．6 | ${ }_{5}^{59.9}$ | ${ }^{67} 67.18$ | Ti．4． | － | 99.6 <br> 90.4 | 97．8． | 935．5 | $\begin{aligned} & 96 \cdot 6 \\ & 9575 \\ & 975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.7 \\ & 9784 \end{aligned}$ | （90．2 |
|  | 892－993 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{899}^{89}$ | 1，289 | $1 \begin{aligned} & 13.9 \\ & 12.6\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\substack{23.7 \\ 23}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | 41.2 34.9 | 56．2． | ${ }_{6}^{69.8}$ | ${ }_{75}^{78 \cdot 8}$ | － 58.7 | 90.7 90.0 | ${ }_{95}^{95} 9$ | ${ }_{97} 97.4$ | 100．0 |
| Public administration <br> National government service | $\begin{gathered} \text { xevil } \\ \substack{900 \\ 906} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,98 \\ & 2,786 \\ & 2,186 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5: 0 \\ & 12: 2 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \cdot 9 \\ 19 \cdot 2.9 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 56 \cdot 6 \\ 58.1 \\ 56.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90 \cdot 9 \\ 709.9 \\ 69.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81.7 \\ & 820 \\ & 81.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \cdot 7.7 \\ & 89.9 \\ & 89.3 \end{aligned}$ | 933．3 | ¢79．38 | cos 98.18 | 99．6． <br> g9．7 <br> 9.7 |

All industries and services
All Index of Production indus
All manuracturing industries
Mining and quarryins

| Mining and guarrying |
| :---: |
| Coal mining |

Food，drink and tobacco
Food
Drink
Brewing and malting
 Pharreaceuticial chemicals and
syntheraticicosis ans and plasticics mate

Metal manufacture

Iron and stel










and repair n

| Metal |
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| oinds |
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Textiles
Textiles
Clothing and footw
Clothing

Timber，furniture，etc．
Paper，printing and publishing
Papareen and
apera and board
Paperere
Prind and board
Pring and pubbishing

ther manuracturing industries
Rubber

Gas，electricity and water
Glactricicty
 heair ren onsport

$\stackrel{\text { storage }}{17294}$

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Table 47 （continued）Distributions of gross hourly earnings of full－time non－manual men，by industry，April 1972 （This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 40）

| Industry（see note） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | rning | sss than |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MLC（1968） | in ${ }_{\text {inmple }}$ | 45p | 50p | ${ }^{55}$ | 60 p | ${ }^{65 p}$ | ${ }^{70}$ | 75p | 80 p | 90p | 100p | ${ }^{125 p}$ |
| ibutive tr |  | 3，098 | ${ }_{7}^{7.7}$ | 13：4 | 22.5 <br> 12.6 | ${ }_{3}^{30.5}$ | 38.9 <br> 23 <br> 8 | ${ }_{30.4}^{46.1}$ | 53．20 | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{59.6}$ | ${ }_{5}^{68.1}$ | 74．8 ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }^{84} 85$ |
|  | 810 | 315 | 5.1 | 8.3 | 14.6 | 18.7 | 27.3 | 32.7 | 41.6 | 50.8 | 59.4 | 69.2 | 82.9 |
| Wholesale distribution of petroleum products |  | 117 <br> 385 <br> 8 | ${ }_{4} 9$ | 9.4 | 14.3 | ${ }_{18}^{48.7}$ | 26．15 | ${ }^{8} 8.1$ | 11.1 | 16：2 | ${ }_{\substack{25.6 \\ 55 \\ 5}}$ | 29．9 | 0 |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { 820 } \\ 8821}}{812}$ | ${ }_{\text {1，890 }}^{1.854}$ | （10．2 | ${ }_{17}^{17.4}$ |  | 39.3 45 45 |  |  | cri．7 68.2 60.3 | cos | ck | cision | 89：8 |
| Retail istribution offioon and drink | ${ }_{821}$ | 1，349 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{83}$ | 184 | 4.4 | 9.8 | 22．8 | 31.0 | 41.3 | 50.5 | 63.0 | 68.5 | 76.1 | 81.0 | 90.2 |
| Dealing in other industrial materials | 832 | 249 | 3.2 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 10.8 | 14.1 | 20.9 | 30.5 | 37.0 | 48.6 | 59.8 | 72.7 |
| Insurance，banking，finance and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\pm$Insuranne <br> Banking and bill discounting |  |  | 0．9， |  | Stis |  | （12．2． | 19， | 20：9 |  | cily31.5 <br> 33 | 42．5 | －63．5 |
| Other frnacial institutions |  | （ | 1．2． | 12.5 | － $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4，} \\ & 13.1 \\ & 6.7\end{aligned}$ | （18．1 | cis22： <br> 13 <br> 1 | cis $\begin{aligned} & 19.5 \\ & 19.5 \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\substack{59 \\ 29 \\ 29}}$ |  |  |
| Central offices not allocable elsewhere | ${ }_{866}^{885}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.4 |  |  |  |  | 51.0 |
| Professional and scientific services | $\mathrm{xxv}_{871}$ | 4，797 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S1．2． |
|  | ${ }^{873}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { 2，514 } \\ 168}}$ | 11.5 | ${ }^{0.8}$ | 21.7 | ${ }^{2} 2.1$ | ${ }^{27.7}$ | co． 5 | cile | cole | cisti． | ce． | 74.0 |
|  | ${ }_{876}^{87}$ | 931 414 4 | 4．28 | ${ }_{10}^{10} 1$ | 15：0 | 29．7 | 25．0 | ${ }_{5}^{29.6}$ | ${ }^{36} 7.3$ | 11.1 | 50．4 | ${ }_{23}{ }^{39} 2$ | ${ }_{49} 9.5$ |
| Other professional and scientific services | 879 | 417 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 12.7 | 16.3 | 21.8 | 27.8 | 37.2 | 47.7 | 69.5 |
| Miscellaneous | ${ }_{88 \mathrm{~V} 11}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,264 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cine |  | 108 | ${ }_{1}^{6} 7.6$ | ${ }^{14.4} \mathbf{1 9}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 39:7 } \\ & 39 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 4 \\ & 48 \cdot 2 \\ & 48 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49 \cdot 0 \\ 58 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60.6 \\ & 66 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77 \cdot 12 \\ & 73: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 740 \\ & 77: 8 \end{aligned}$ | －${ }^{85} 8.6$ | － $22 \cdot 1$ | 95：2 |
|  |  |  | 7.7 | ${ }_{3}^{13.7}$ | 20.5 | ${ }^{28.9}$ | ces ${ }^{38.3}$ | ${ }^{46.7}$ |  | ${ }_{30}^{50.7}$ | ${ }_{7}^{70 \cdot 8} 4$ |  | 88.8 70.8 |
| Other services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public administration National government service | $\begin{gathered} \text { xuvil } \\ 900 \\ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,951 \\ & 2,750 \\ & 2,755 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 88 \\ & 1: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 4 \cdot 5 \\ & 4 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.9 \\ & 6: 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13.4 \\ 12: 9 \\ 12 \cdot 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.0 \cdot 4 \\ & 19.4 \\ & \hline 9 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{24,8 \\ 25 \cdot 8 \\ 259 \\ \hline} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 321:5} \\ & 322.4 \end{aligned}$ | 44.1 45.9 | S7．7 | 68.9 76.1 |

Table 48
Distributions of gross hourly earnings of full－time manual women，by industry，April 1972 （This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 41）

| Industry（see note） |  |  |  |  |  | Per | e | hourly e | arnings 1 | st |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{\text {MLC }}^{\text {MLI（1968）}}$ | in | 25p | 30p | ${ }^{35}$ | 40p | 45p | ${ }^{\text {50p }}$ | ${ }^{\text {55p }}$ | 60p | 70p | 80p |  |
| All industries and services | I－XXVII | 14，587 | 3.4 | 10.2 | 23.3 | 44.4 | 62.3 | 76.9 | 7 | 1.4 |  |  | 99.8 |
| All Index of Production Industries | $11-\times \times 1$ | 9，322 | 1.6 | 6.7 | 19.5 | 38.7 | 57.8 | ${ }^{73.8}$ | 84.2 | 90.6 | 97.0 | 99.0 | 9．9 |
| All manuracturing industries | III－Xıx | 9，238 | 1.6 | 6.6 | 19.4 | 38.7 | 57.7 | 73.8 | 84．2 | 90.6 | 97.0 | 99.0 | 9．9 |
| All non－manufacturing industries | 1．111 $\times$ x $\times$ xil | 5，349 | 6.6 | 16.5 | 30.0 | 54.3 | 70.1 | 82.2 | 88.4 | 92： | 97.8 | 99.2 | 99.8 |
| Agriculture，forestry，fifhing | 0 | ${ }_{147}^{148}$ | 5．4 | $\stackrel{14.2}{13.6}$ | ${ }_{52}^{52}$ | ${ }_{8}^{82 \cdot 4}$ | ${ }_{92}^{92.6}$ | ${ }_{96}^{96.9}$ | ${ }_{97}^{97.3}$ | ${ }_{9}^{98.7}$ | ${ }_{99}^{99.3}$ | 100.0 100.0 | 100.0 <br> 100.0 |
|  |  |  | 2.8 |  |  | 38.0 | 57.0 | 75.8 | 83.9 | 89.4 | 96.5 | 98.2 | 99. |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Food，drink and } \\ \text { Food tobacco }}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} 2111212,-2, \\ 221,22, \end{gathered}$ | 777 | 3.0 | 8.0 | 19．6 | ${ }_{76}^{45 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{67.8}$ | ${ }_{93}^{83.7}$ | ${ }_{95}^{89.7}$ | ${ }_{98.4}^{95.1}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98.1}$ | 98.7 1000 | 199．0． |
| Bread and fiour corfectionery |  | 126 | 7.9 2.8 | 14.3 9.3 | 31.8 | 76.2 |  | 93.7 | 99.2 | 94.5 | 99. | 97.3 | 100.0 |
| ${ }_{\text {cosem }}^{\text {products }}$ colate and sugar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97.5 | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{100.0}$ |  | 100：0 |
|  | 231， 232,239 | $\begin{aligned} & 131 \\ & 146 \\ & 146 \\ & 145 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 10.3 \\ & \hline 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.5 \\ & 17.1 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 86.4 .7 \\ & 40.4 \\ & 40.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,9 \cdot 1 \\ & 50.4 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87.0 \\ & 58: 3 \\ & 58.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5656 \\ & 866 \\ & 86 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \cdot: 3 \\ & 95 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\text {999．3 }}$ |
|  |  |  | 2．6 |  | \％ 8 | 37.8 | 55.6 | 70.2 | 85.1 | 92.0 | 98.0 | 99.1 | 100.0 |
| Chemicals and allied industries |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55.1 | 75.9 | 84.9 | ${ }_{92}^{29.8}$ | 98．8 | 98．8 | ${ }^{1000.0}$ |
| Metal manutacture | 311－313 | 108 | 0.0 | 8.3 | 22.2 | $44 \cdot 4$ | 68.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Industry（see note） | Order orMLHSLC（1968） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { sample } \end{aligned}$ | 25p | ${ }^{30 \mathrm{p}}$ | ${ }^{35 p}$ | Percentage with hourly earnings less than |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{800}$ | 100 p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 40p | 45p | ${ }^{50} \mathrm{P}$ | ${ }^{55 p}$ | 60p | 708 |  |  |
| Mochanical | ${ }_{349}$ | ${ }_{170}^{437}$ | 0.9 | 5.3 4.7 | ${ }_{15}^{14.3}$ | ${ }_{28.6}^{28.6}$ | ${ }_{4}^{45.5} 4$ | ${ }_{74.1}^{67.3}$ | ${ }_{8}^{81.2}$ | ${ }^{87} 9$ | ${ }_{98}^{98.8}$ | 989.9 | 99， 9 |
|  | viII | ${ }^{203}$ | 0.5 | 3.5 | 12.3 | 33.5 | 62.1 | 78.8 | 88.7 | 95.6 | 98.5 | 99.0 | 100.0 |
| Scientific and industrial instruments | ${ }^{354}$ | 121 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 10.7 | 31.4 | 62.0 | 77.7 | ${ }^{85} \cdot 1$ | 93.4 | 98.4 | 98.4 | 100.0 |
| Electrial engineering | ${ }_{361}^{1 \times 1}$ | 1，325 | 0．4 0 | 2．19 | ${ }_{15}^{10.6}$ | ${ }_{31}^{26.6}$ | 49.1 58.6 | ${ }_{80}^{70.4}$ | 894．6 | 92．2 96 | ${ }_{99}^{98.0}$ | P996 | －99．9 |
| 既raph and elelophone apparatus | ${ }_{\substack{363 \\ 364}}$ | $\begin{array}{r}224 \\ 283 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0．0 0.4 | 0.5 3.2 | ${ }_{5}^{55.8}$ | 15.2 38.2 | ${ }^{36} \mathbf{3} 1.5$ | ${ }^{62} 7.4$ | 79：9 ${ }^{79}$ | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{87} 98$ | 97．3 ${ }^{99}$ | 100．0．7 | 109.0 |
|  | 365 | ${ }_{113}$ | 0.0 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 21.2 | 61.1 | 84.1 | 95.6 | 98.2 | 98.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Electric appliances primarily for | ${ }_{369}^{368}$ | ${ }_{269}^{11}$ | 2．7 0.4 | 5．4 | 10．8 | ${ }_{2}^{25 \cdot 2}$ | ${ }_{45}^{15} / 7$ | ${ }_{65.5}^{65.5}$ | ${ }^{87} 7.4$ | 92：8 | 977．3 | 99．19 | 90.1 100.1 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { vehicles }}$ Motor veh | ${ }_{381}$ | ${ }_{245}^{34}$ | 2：19 | 2：9 | \％．9 ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }_{1}^{16.7}$ | ${ }_{21}^{27.9}$ | ${ }^{33} 9.9$ | 56．81 | 66：5 6 | 877．7 | 994．6 | 90．7 |
|  | ${ }_{311}$ | ${ }_{402}^{651}$ | 1：19 | 6：9 | 23：8 | 49100 | 64.7 69.7 |  | ${ }^{90} 9.3$ | ${ }_{9}^{95 \cdot 2}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98} 9$ | 99．7 | 100：0 |
| Textiles | xIII | 1，426 | 1.8 | 9.7 | 24.6 | 44.2 | 61.1 | 76.0 | ${ }^{85} 3$ | 91.9 | 97.6 | 99.3 | 99.9 |
| and flax systems | 412 | 173 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 11.6 | $35 \cdot 3$ | 63.6 | 75.7 | ${ }^{87} \cdot 3$ | 95.4 | 99.4 | 99.4 | $100 \cdot 0$ |
|  | ${ }_{4114}^{4}$ | ${ }_{268}{ }^{263}$ | 00．8 | － $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 14.9\end{aligned}$ | 21．1． | ${ }_{58}^{42} 3$ | 77．7 | ${ }_{87}^{75.7}$ | ${ }_{98}^{88.7}$ | ${ }_{9}^{94.3}$ | ${ }^{97} 97$ | ${ }^{99.2}$ | 100．0 |
| Woollen and worsted tited goods | ${ }_{417}^{417}$ | ${ }_{\substack{268 \\ 498}}^{198}$ | ＋1．9 | $1 \begin{aligned} & 14.9 \\ & 10.4\end{aligned}$ | － | 58．2 | ${ }_{53} 7$ | ${ }^{87} 69.5$ | ${ }_{79}^{93} 7$ | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{36.3}$ | ${ }_{95} 9.6$ | 100．6 | 1090．0 |
| Clothing and footwear | ${ }_{\text {x41 }} \mathrm{V}_{46}$ | 1，611 | 2.1 | 8.4 | 26.6 | 48.4 | 65.7 | 77.0 | 85.4 | 90.3 | 97.0 | 98.9 | 99.9 |
| Ments and boys＇tailored outerw |  | ${ }_{\text {1，286 }}^{1,286}$ | 2：3 | 9．7 | 31．3． | 53.7 49 | ${ }_{71}^{71.8}$ | ${ }_{8}^{82.4}$ | ${ }^{89} 98$ | 945.1 | ${ }_{98}^{98.1}$ | 99.4 100.4 | 990．9 |
|  | 443 | ＋192 | 1.6 | 6.3 | ${ }_{33} 3$ | 55.7 | 68.8 | 77.6 | 83.9 | 89.1 | 96.4 | 98.4 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dresses，lingerie，infants＇wear etc <br> Dress industries n．e．s． | 450 | ${ }_{325}^{725}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11: 8 \\ & 12: 7 \\ & 3: 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \cdot 5 \\ 8.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \cdot 5 \\ & 27.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69.1 \\ & 44.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \cdot 0 \\ & 555 \cdot 7 \\ & 550 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.1 \\ & \hline 68 \cdot 0 \\ & 68 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92.7 \\ & 75.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.19 .1 \\ & 92 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Bricks } \\ \text { Potte }}}{ }$ | ${ }_{462}$ | 301 79 | 1．3 | 5．4． | 12.3 | 30.2 30.2 | 49．12 | ${ }^{68} 21$ | ${ }_{82}^{77} 7$ | ${ }_{98}^{84.1}$ | ${ }_{98,3}^{96.7}$ | ${ }_{\text {go }}^{9.4}$ | 100.0 |
| Timber，furniture，etc | xviI | 166 | 1.2 | 7.2 | 19.9 | 32.5 | 54.2 | 70.5 | 80.1 | 84.9 | ${ }^{95} 2$ | 98.8 | 100.0 |
| Paper，pri | ${ }_{481} \times 1 / 811$ | $\stackrel{299}{298}$ | 1.1 0.7 | 4.4 | 17.5 | ${ }_{38}^{35} 7$ | ${ }_{65 \cdot 2}^{60.8}$ | 77．4．9 | ${ }_{98}^{87} 9$ | ${ }^{94} 9.7$ | ${ }^{97} 97$ | 99.5 | 100.0 100.0 |
|  | ${ }_{485.488,}^{488}$ | ${ }_{3}^{142}$ | 1：4 | ${ }_{4}^{6} 4$ | ${ }_{12}^{25.4}$ | 48．6 | 65．5 | ${ }_{72}^{83} 8$ | ${ }^{93} \mathbf{9} 17$ | ${ }^{97} 9.9$ | ${ }_{99}^{99.6}$ | $\xrightarrow{100.0}$ | 1000 100.0 |
| Other Printing，pubbishing，book－ | 489 | ${ }_{303}$ | 1.7 | 4.6 | 12.5 | 33.3 | 57.1 | 73.6 | 83.2 | 91.1 | 97.0 | 99.3 | 100.0 |
| $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ | ${ }_{4} \times 1 \times$ | 497 | 1．20 | 11：8 | 25．0． | 47．3 | － 6.4 | 91．1． | 89.3 78.0 93.7 | 95.0 9.7 97 | 98.8 99.1 99.4 | 年年：8 | （990．8 |
| ${ }_{\text {Rubiber }}^{\text {Rlastics products }}$ ne．es． | ${ }_{496}$ | 175 | 0.6 | 12.0 |  |  |  | 88.0 | 93.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Transoort and communication | ${ }_{702}$ | ${ }_{171}^{373}$ | $1: 1$ | 2．9 | 9\％4 | ${ }_{9}^{17.7}$ | 28．2． | ${ }^{22} 48$ |  | 67．6 | 80．3 | 97.1 | 99.5 |
| Distributive tr | ${ }_{810}^{\times 111}$ | ${ }_{205}^{753}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6.6}$ | ${ }_{16}^{18.6}$ | 44．0．4 | ${ }_{64} 67.4$ | ${ }_{79}^{81} 10$ | ${ }_{88}^{88.8}$ | ${ }_{90} 92.2$ | ${ }_{94} 9.2$ | ${ }_{98}^{98.1}$ | 99.6 100.6 | 100：0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 515 | 6.8 | 18.5 | 43.9 | 68.7 | 81.8 | 88.7 | 38．1． | 94．8 |  | 100．0 | （100．0 |
| Retaild istribution of food and drink Other retail distribution |  | 132 <br> 383 | 9．9 | 217．7 | 521：3 | ${ }^{785} 8$ | 78．6 | ${ }^{337.2}$ | 9319 9 | ${ }_{94} 95$ | ${ }_{97.4}$ | 109．2 | 100：0 |
| Insurance，banking，finance and business services | xxiv | 103 | 1.9 | 10.7 | 26.2 | 45.6 | 64.1 | 75.7 | 84.5 | 87.4 | 93.2 | 95.2 | 8.1 |
| Professional and scientific services |  |  | 4．9 2.9 | 6．5 6 | ${ }_{18}^{12} 12$ | ${ }_{59.7}^{45}$ | 67．0． | 88．2． | ${ }^{9} 9.5$ | ${ }^{\text {che }} 9$ | ${ }_{\text {cker }}^{98.8}$ | 99．4 | 99．9 |
| Medical |  | ${ }^{988}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellane | $\underset{884 \times 88}{\substack{\text { x }}}$ | 1，565 | 14．3 | $35 \cdot 2$ 48.4 | 54．4 | ${ }_{82}^{72.5}$ | ${ }_{90} 8.5$ | ${ }_{95}^{90.2}$ | 947：0 | ${ }_{98}^{96} 1$ | ${ }^{98} 9.7$ | 99．5 | 99，8 |
| Stis sand other residential |  |  | ${ }^{24.5}$ | 50．4 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 8 | \％ 2 | － 3 | \％ 0 | \％ |
| Restarants，cres， |  |  |  | 8 |  | cris | 880：8 |  |  | 66：8 | － 4 | 199．1 | 00 |
| Hairdersing and manicure | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{89898}$ |  | 0.6 |  |  | ${ }^{87} 88.4$ | ${ }^{96 \cdot 9} 9$ | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{\substack{98.4 \\ 98.8}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99: 59 \\ & 997 \\ & 87.0 \end{aligned}$ | 999．5 | $\begin{aligned} & 99.5 \\ & 99.4 \\ & 98.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\xrightarrow{1000} 1$ | 100．0 |
| Other serrices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { xxvil } \\ \substack{901 \\ 906} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 473 \\ \substack{274 \\ 2049} \end{gathered}$ | $\text { : } 7 .$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 3.8 \\ 5: 2 \\ 5 \cdot 2 \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \cdot 4 \\ & 8: 4 \\ & 8: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.9 \\ & 32.0 \\ & 32.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50.7 \\ 50.9 \\ 50.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67.07 \\ & 66656 \\ & 66.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 78 \cdot 9 \\ 744 \cdot 4 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85 \cdot 2 \\ 854 \\ 848: 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \cdot 6 \\ & 978 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 96 \cdot 5 \\ & 989 \\ & 99.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |

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Table 49 Distributions of gross hourly earnings of full-time non-manual women, by industry, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 42)

| Indu |  |  |  |  |  | Perce |  | hourly ea | arnings | less than |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M1C (1988) | inmple | 25p | 30p | ${ }^{35}$ | 40p | 45p | 50p | 55p | ${ }^{60 p}$ | ${ }^{70}$ | ${ }^{80 p}$ | 1008 |
| All | ו-xxy | 25,155 | 1.3 | 5.2 | 12.3 | 22. | ${ }^{3} 3$ | ${ }^{43} 5$ | 52.6 | 61.0 | ${ }^{3} \cdot 5$ | ${ }^{81} .8$ | 90 |
| All Ind | 11-xxı | 5,667 | 0.5 | 3.1 | 8.7 | 19.2 | 35.9 | 52.6 | 65.0 | 74.7 | 87.0 | ${ }^{93 \cdot 6}$ | 98.0 |
| ma | III-xı | 4,836 | 0.4 | 3.2 | 8.8 | 19.9 | 37.5 | 54.9 | 67.4 | 76.6 | 88.1 | 93.8 | ${ }^{98.1}$ |
| All non-manufacturing industries | 1.110x $\times$ x $\times 1$ | 20,319 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 13.1 | 22.6 | 32.0 | 40.8 | 49.1 | 57.3 | 70.1 | 79.0 |  |
|  |  | 572 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 13.6 | 25.4 | 40.9 | 53.5 | ${ }^{63 \cdot 8}$ | 73.4 | 86.9 | ${ }^{93.2}$ | ${ }^{98 \cdot 3}$ |
| d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74.33 | ${ }^{82} 89$ | 91.2 | 95.2. | 98.5 |
| ${ }_{\text {dram }}^{\text {Bread and flour confectionery }}$ |  | 117 | 1.7 <br> 0.8 | ${ }^{28.5}$ | ${ }_{3}^{36} 4.6$ | ${ }_{89} 8$. | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \\ & 20.5 \end{aligned}$ | 87.2. | 92-3 | ${ }_{57} 9$ | ${ }^{\text {992. }}$ | 100.0 | 109.5 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | 271 | 449 128 | 0.2 | 2.5 2.5 | ${ }_{3}^{5.6}$ | ¢9.4 | ${ }_{25}^{30.3}$ | ${ }_{34}^{44} 4$ | 55.0. | ${ }_{56}^{62.6}$ | ${ }_{77.1}^{7}$ | 88.9 89.1 | ${ }_{93}^{98} \mathbf{9}$ |
| Pharmaceutical chemicals and preparations | 272 | 105 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 15.2 | 29.5 | 4.8 | $55 \cdot 2$ | 61.9 | 78.1 | 85.7 | ${ }^{98.1}$ |
| Metal manufactu |  | ${ }^{268}$ | 0.0 | 1.9 | 6.7 |  | 39.9 | 55.6 |  | ${ }_{79}^{78.0}$ | ${ }^{90} 90.7$ | ${ }_{98.0}^{96.0}$ | ${ }^{99.6} 10.6$ |
|  | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{311-313 \\ 311}}$ | ${ }_{121}^{128}$ | o.0 0 | 1.5 | 5:6 | 21:5 | ${ }_{34} 4.7$ | ¢1.2. | ${ }_{65} 9.3$ | ${ }_{74} 79.4$ | ${ }_{9} 9.7$ | 97\% 5 | ${ }^{100.0}$ |
| Mechani cal engineering | $\underset{339}{ }$ | ${ }_{\substack{648 \\ 158}}^{18}$ | 0.2 | \% 2.1 | - 71.9 | lis.5 | 40.7 | 59.9 | 74.6 <br> 80.4 | ${ }_{\text {cle }}^{84} 8$ | 923.0 |  | cos 90.8 |
| Other mechanical engineerin | ${ }_{349}$ | 115 | 0.0 | 0.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instrument engineering | viII | ${ }^{133}$ | -8 | 2.3 | 9.0 | 15.8 | 33.8 | 54.9 | 69.2 | $5 \cdot 9$ | 88.0 | 94.0 | 97.7 |
| Electrical enineering | ${ }_{361}^{16}$ | ${ }_{\substack{596 \\ 108}}$ | 0:3 | 2:20 | ${ }_{4}^{5.2}$ | 12.4 | ${ }_{45}^{32} 5$ | 52.5 | ${ }_{78}^{67.2}$ | ${ }_{85}^{76.7}$ | ${ }^{97} 9$ | 98.6 | ${ }_{98}^{98.3}$ |
| Vehicles | ${ }_{381} \times 1$ | ${ }_{183}$ | 0.6 0.6 0.7 | $1: 1$ | 3.6 | ${ }_{1}^{1206}$ | 223.9 | ${ }_{4}^{41} 3$ | S9.5. | (72.9 | ${ }_{88}^{85} 8$ | 94:10 | ${ }_{98,4}^{98}$ |
| Motor vehicle manufacturing | 383 | 139 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 2.9 | 7.9 | 18.0 | 44.6 | 66.9 | 79.9 | 87.1 | 93.5 | 99.3 |
| Metal goods not esle ewhere specified | ${ }_{399}$ | 288 <br> 167 | 1.7 0.6 | 2.5 | 7.4 | ${ }_{19}^{21.8}$ | 43.1 | ${ }_{63.5}^{66.2}$ | ${ }_{76.6}^{78.2}$ | ${ }_{88}^{88.7}$ | ${ }_{92}^{22} \cdot 2$ | ${ }_{95}^{96 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98 \cdot 8}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 18.3 | 33.3 |  | 69.7 | 81.0 | ${ }^{87}$ | 93.0 |  | ${ }^{98.7}$ |
| Textiles | XII | 300 | 0.7 | 6.3 | 18.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing and footwear | $\begin{aligned} & x y_{46} \\ & 441 \end{aligned}$ | 191 | 0.5 | ${ }^{3} 3$ | ${ }_{16}^{13.1}$ | -28.6 |  | ${ }_{6}^{65.3}$ | 788.2 | 844.9 | 990.5 | ${ }_{93}^{94}$ | 97.0 |
| Bricks, pottery, glass, cement, | xvi | 167 | 0.6 | 3.0 | 7.2 | 19.2 | 37.1 | 57. 5 | 66.5 | 79.0 | 22.2 | 95.2 | 100.0 |
| Timber, furniture, etc | xvi1 | 114 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 14.9 | 31.6 | 49.1 | 75.4 | ${ }^{83} 3$ | 86.8 | 93.9 | 98.3 | 100.0 |
| Paper, printing and publishing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 退 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 332 \\ & 338 \\ & 106 \end{aligned}$ | - 0.3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9.1 \\ & 9.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and } \\ & 24.4 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | 37.6 37.7 3 |  | 52.7 50.0 | cis 69.8 | ${ }_{\substack{817 \\ 73 \\ \hline 1.7}}$ | ${ }_{90}{ }^{20.6}$ |
|  | 489 | 167 | 0.6 | 3.6 | 10.8 | 17.4 | 29.3 | 43.1 | ${ }^{53} 3$ | 62.9 | 81.4 | 92.2 | 97.6 |
| Other manufacturing ind | xIx | 192 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 8.9 | 24.0 | 41.7 | 65.6 | 75.5 | 84.9 | 93.2 | 96.9 | 99.5 |
| Con | $\times \times$ (500) | 355 | 1.7 | 5.6 | 14.4 | 26.2 | 45.1 | 58.0 | 69. | 80.3 | 89.9 | 94.9 | ${ }^{98 \cdot 3}$ |
| Gas, electri | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 899.7 | ${ }_{98.3}^{97}$ |
| cose | ( 602 | ${ }_{1723}^{178}$ | 0:0 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 21:5 | S. 5.1 | ${ }^{16,9} 3$ | - 29.9 | 46.5 66.1 | ${ }_{77}^{73.6}$ | ${ }_{90} 9.7$ | ${ }_{96 \cdot 2}$ |
| Transport and com | $\times \times 11$ | 1,2595 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | 4.0. | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 09 \\ & 3: 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.8 \\ \begin{array}{c} 4.0 \\ 8.1 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51: 0 \\ & 311.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.0 \\ \text { i9.0. } \\ \hline 9.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65.0 \\ & 31.8 \end{aligned}$ | 77.0 | 99.7 | cis 97.0 | - 10.4 |
| Miscellaneous transport services and | 709 | 186 | 2.2 | 8 | 7.0 | 20.4 | 31.2 | 38.7 | 51.1 | 58.6 | 82.3 | 91.9 | 99.5 |
| Distributive trad |  | ${ }^{4,399}$ | ${ }^{4.5}$ | 16.8 | 32.0 22 | 58.9 | 51.2 | ${ }_{8}^{81.6}$ | 87.4. | ${ }_{78}^{90.7}$ | ${ }^{95} 9.1$ | ${ }_{94}^{97.5}$ | ${ }_{97}^{98.4}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| din |  | ${ }_{365}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 67.7 \\ & 8691 \\ & 9694 \end{aligned}$ | co. |  |  |  |  |
| (e) | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} 80-821201 \\ 821 \\ 821 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |  | 5.28 |  | ${ }_{3}^{46 \cdot 5}$ |  | ${ }_{75}^{87} 0$ | ${ }_{84} 9.3$ | ${ }^{\text {95. }}$ 89.4 | 92: 9 | ${ }_{95}^{95 \cdot 8}$ | 997.1 | ${ }_{98,7}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 12.6 | 25 |  |  |  | 81.6 | 87.4 | ${ }^{93} \cdot 2$ | 96.1 | 100.0 |
| Dealing in other industrial materials | 81 |  |  | 6.3 | 15.4 | 25.2 | 42.0 | 56.6 | 69.9 | 77.6 | 91.6 | 99.3 | $100 \cdot 0$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| financial institutions |  | - | 0.0. | 20.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.7 \\ & \hline, 1 \end{aligned}$ | 11.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \\ & 28.5 \\ & A A-1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33: 9 \\ & 629 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \cdot 0 \\ & 50.0 \\ & 70.4 \end{aligned}$ | lis | cos | cols 90.3 | - ${ }_{\text {che }}^{96.5}$ |
| operty owning and managing, e ther business services | 865 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 54.7 \\ & 39.7 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | 61.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \cdot 1: 1 \\ & 616 \\ & 616 \end{aligned}$ | $89.8$ | 971:5 |

Table 49 (continued) Distributions of gross hourly earnings of full-time non-manual women, by industry, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 42)

| Industry (see note) |  |  |  |  |  | Percent | ge with | hourly | nnins | Iss th |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{\text {SLC }}$ (1868) | sample | 25p | 30 p | ${ }^{35}$ | ${ }^{40 p}$ | 45p | 50p | 55p | 60 p | 70p | ${ }^{800}$ | 1000 |
| Professional and scientific services Accountancy servicesEducational services Legal servicesMedical and dental services Research and development services Other professional and scientific services | $\times$ | ${ }^{7,175}$ | ${ }^{0.7}$ | 2.28 | ${ }_{1}^{5.7}$ | ${ }_{22}^{10.6}$ | ${ }_{4}^{18} 8$ | ${ }_{54}^{25 \cdot 9}$ | ${ }^{322} 8$ | 30.3. | ${ }^{50} 82.5$ | ${ }_{93}^{59.9}$ | ${ }_{98}^{74.9}$ |
|  | ${ }^{872}$ | 2,9,90 | 0.3 | 5.2 | -0.9 | 24.6 | ${ }_{39}^{39} 1{ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5} 5$ | 76.4 | ${ }^{10.0}$ | - 15.9 | 93:4 | ${ }_{97}^{79.6}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8777 \\ & 874 \\ & 874 \end{aligned}$ |  | - 0.8 | ( | ¢ 5 | cis 9 |  | cisis | ${ }_{38}^{48} 8$ | 58.1 45.9 | ${ }_{68.9}^{72.4}$ | ${ }_{88}^{83} 7$ | 99.78 |
|  | 879 | 213 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 9.4 | 14.1 | 23.9 | 35.7 | 44.1 | 52.1 | 68.5 | 85.0 | 94.8 |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Cinemas, theatres, radio, etc <br> Betting and gambling <br> Hotels and other residential establishments Motor repairers, distributors, other services | xxyl | 1,380 |  | 11.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{95} 5$ |
|  | 88488 | 197 |  | ${ }_{19}^{16.4}$ | cin ${ }^{27.9}$ | - 48.7 | ${ }^{24.6}$ | ${ }^{74} 78.6$ | - ${ }^{80.8} 81.8$ | ${ }^{85} 8.6$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{23.3}$ | 95:0 | ${ }_{99}^{99} 5$ |
|  | 884 | 108 | 4 | $22 \cdot 2$ | $34 \cdot 3$ | $45 \cdot 4$ | 68.5 | 79.6 | ${ }_{83} 3$ | 88.0 | $94 \cdot 4$ | 98.2 | $100 \cdot 0$ |
|  |  |  | 1.7 | ${ }^{10.8}$ | ${ }_{59}^{29.5}$ | 40.0. | ${ }_{20}^{68.7}$ | 798.2 | ${ }^{87} 7.9$ | 93.4.9 | ${ }_{68}^{96.5}$ | ${ }_{82}^{98.1}$ | 99.0. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public administration <br> National government service Local government service | $\underset{\substack{\text { xyolII } \\ 9006}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,255 \\ & 1,596 \\ & 1,076 \end{aligned}$ | 0.0 0.0 0.0 | (e.3 $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4\end{aligned}$ |  | 5.1. | (7.9 | lif: 11.5 |  | 43.4 45.9 45.5 | 66.5 69.2 | - |  |

Table 50
Median, quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time manual men, by industry, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 43)

| Industry | Gross weefly earnings of employess whose pay was not affected by absence <br>  median |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Lower }}^{\text {quartie }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $¢_{\text {per week }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | per <br> cent. <br> cent | ence per ho |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nence }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { pent } \\ \text { eent }}}$ |
| All indus | $21 \cdot 2$ | 25.5 | 31.3 | 38.3 | 45.9 | 0.1 |  | 49.0 | 56.9 | 68.6 | ${ }^{83} 4$ | 99.1 |  |  |
| All Inde | 22 | 27.0 | 32.8 | 39.3 | 46.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 51.5 |  | 72.1 | ${ }^{87} .0$ | 101.5 | 0.1 |  |
| All manufacturing ind |  |  | 33.3 | 39.9 | 47.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 52.5 | 61.3 | ${ }^{73 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }^{87} 8$ | 103.3 | 0.2 |  |
| All non-manufacturing indus | 20.1 | 23.9 | 29.4 | $36 \cdot 4$ | $44 \cdot 3$ | 0.1 | 0.2 | 46.8 | 53.5 | 63.8 | 77.5 | 94.6 | 0.1 |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing <br>  |  | 19.7 | ${ }_{23}^{23.8}$ | ${ }_{28.0}^{29.3}$ |  | 0.3 | 1:2 | ${ }^{40.0} 8$ | ${ }_{43}^{43.5}$ | ${ }_{47}^{47}$ : | ${ }_{52}^{54.5}$ | ${ }_{6}^{65.6}$ | 0.3 |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{38}^{23.6}$ | 29.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining and quarrying Coal mining <br> Chalk, clay, sand and gravel extraction |  | 28.4 | 34.4 | cis.0 | $45 \cdot 2$ 453 43 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 61 \cdot: \\ & 620 \\ & 50.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \cdot 2 \cdot 9 \\ & 58: 9 \end{aligned}$ | - 8 8.9.9 | 96.1 9668 76.8 |  | 0.8. | (i.0 |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{32} 32.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |
| Food, drink and tobacco <br> Grain <br> Grain milling Bread and flour confectionery Bacon curing, meat and fish products Milk and milk products Cocoa, chocolate and sugar confectionery Fruit and vegetable products Animal and poultry foods Food Drink Brew Othe rewing and industries |  |  |  | 38.6 | ${ }_{4}^{46} 5$ |  | 0:8 | 50.2 |  | 67.5 | 81.2 | ${ }_{9} 9.5$ | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | 年 27.0 | ${ }_{3}^{32.5}$ | ${ }_{35}^{36.5}$ | 420 | 00.4 | 1.9 | cis. | \% | S6:3 | 79.4 | cos. 96.5 | 1.7 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S3.9. | 53.0 | 62.7 | ${ }_{76}$ | cels 9 | 0.3 |  |
|  |  |  | 32.0. | 39.7 | 46.2 | 1.0 | ${ }_{\text {1, }}^{1.6}$ | 51.5 | 80 | 71.3 | 87\%.7 | , 80.23 | +.9 $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 2.3 \\ & 2.3\end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 30.8 | cors379 <br> 39.8 | ${ }^{46} 4$ | 0.7 | ${ }_{5}^{2.4}$ | 497.9 | : 7 | 66.9 <br> 64.7 <br> 7 | cis | 92.5 | 2.3 |  |
|  |  | 27.9 | 33.7 | - 42120 | ${ }_{48}^{50.7}$ | 1.5 | 4:0 | cile |  | 72.3 | 887.8 | -103.6 | 3.1 1.0 2. l |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{\substack{\text { a }}}^{\substack{29.9 \\ 29.2}}$ | 33.9 30.6 30, |  | ${ }_{49} 9$ | 0:8 | ${ }_{2}^{1.6}$ | ctios | 661:6 | ${ }^{78.0}$ | ${ }_{98}^{91.3}$ | ${ }_{90}^{10.6}$ | 2:0 |  |
| Coal and detrreleum products | ${ }_{32}^{28}$ | ${ }^{33} 71$ | 38.6. | ${ }_{4}^{42 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{48}^{47} 2$ | 0.4 0.6 | 1.0 | ${ }^{62} 78$ | 73.1 86.7 | ${ }_{96} 87.4$ | O9,4 | ${ }_{114.9}^{119}$ | $1: 9$ |  |
| Chemicals and allied industries General chemicals PaintSynthetic resins and plastics materials and |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 2: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $55 \cdot 2$ <br> s5: <br> 50.2 <br> 50.4 |  | 77.9 <br> $87: 5$ <br> $6: 5$ | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{\substack{80.9}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 957:6 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 1: 8 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | 30.4 <br> 30.2 <br> 26.5 | 34.635:32 | 39.4. | 46:1 | 0.30.70.7 | 1.0 <br> li, <br> 2.1 <br> 0 | (60.3 |  | cos 80.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Pestatifand pigments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal manufacture <br> Metal manufact Iron and steel <br> Iron and steel (general) <br> Iron castings, etc. <br> Other metals <br> Aluminium and aluminium alloys <br> Copper, brass and other copper alloys |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 3.15 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 103:8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Table 50 （continued）Median，quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full－time manual men，by industry， April 1972
（This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 43）

| Industry | Cross weerli earnings of employees whose payWas not affected by absence |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cross hourly earnings of employees，including those |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lewes | Lowe | Median |  | Highest |  |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { Lowest }}$ decile | Luar | Median | quarer | ${ }_{\text {Hiecteste }}^{\text {diechest }}$ |  |  |
|  | ¢ per weet |  |  |  |  | $\pm$ | cent | new pence per hour |  |  |  |  | ce | ${ }_{\text {per }}^{\text {pent．}}$ |
| Mechanical engineering Agricultural machinery（except tractors） <br>  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24.1 <br> 22.8 | ${ }_{25}^{27.8}$ | 32：6 | co． 30.3 | 46：0 | 0．7 0 | 2：－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | cols | 68.6 | ¢80．9 | ${ }_{88}^{88.5}$ | ：${ }_{8}$ | 1 |
|  | 21．5．5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27. } 27.4 \\ & \text { ap } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33 \cdot 5 \\ 33,5 \\ 3.9 \end{gathered}$ | 39.3 30： 40.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 3 \\ & 2: 10 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | 50．7 |  | ${ }^{68} 16$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86.1 \\ & 848 \\ & 8.1 \end{aligned}$ | （100．6 | 1：8 | （2．7 |
|  | 21.1 22.6 | 24．0 | ${ }_{31}^{28.5}$ | ${ }^{32} 37.6$ | ${ }_{42}^{38.7}$ | 0.6 | 2．9 | ${ }^{52} 5$ | 580．2 | ${ }_{69}^{68.6}$ | ${ }_{80} 79.5$ | ${ }_{92} 9.6$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.7}$ | 2．9 |
|  |  | 28.0 | 34.0 | 42.8 | 5.3 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 53：3 | ${ }_{68}^{60.7}$ | 78：1 | ${ }_{8}^{86.2}$ | ${ }_{1}^{104.5}$ | 0．8 | － 1.0 |
|  |  | 26.9 | 31.5 | 37.6 | $44 \cdot 4$ | 0.3 | 0.9 | 51.1 52.6 | ${ }_{60}^{58.7}$ | 70．5 | －88．6 | ${ }_{93,1}^{100.8}$ | 2．7 | 3：6 |
| Instrument engineering <br> Scientific and industrial instruments and systems | 21.4 | 25.2 | 30.3 | 35.8 | 43.1 | 0.5 | 1.8 | 51.3 | 58.0 | 68.0 | ${ }^{80} 0$ | 90.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
|  | 21.7 | $25 \cdot 3$ | 29.4 | 35.4 | 41.5 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 51.4 | 57.9 | 67.5 | 77.9 |  | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Electrical engineering <br> Electrical machinery Insulated wires and cables <br> Telegraph and telephone apparatus and Radio and electronic components Radio，radar and electronic capital goods Electric appliances pris Other electrical goods |  |  | 32．0． |  | 44,6 429 470 | 0．2 | 1.7 $1: 1$ $2: 8$ arem |  | 处．8 | $\substack{72.1 \\ 70.7 \\ 70 \cdot 3}$ |  | co． 96.0 | 0.4 | 0：6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | cose | cole $\begin{aligned} & 30.8 \\ & 30 \\ & 316\end{aligned}$ |  |  | －0．6 | 1.9 <br> 2.9 <br> 1.9 |  |  |  | cos． | cis |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | ${ }_{28 \cdot 1}^{26 \cdot 4}$ | ${ }_{3}^{31} 3$ | ${ }^{38.7}$ | ${ }_{43}^{48.0}$ | 0.5 | 1.6 | ${ }_{53}^{53.6}$ | ${ }^{62} 6.9$ | ${ }_{75}^{72.0}$ | ${ }_{82}^{82.7}$ | ${ }^{1081} 8$ |  |  |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineer | 24.0 | 28.8 | 34.3 | 41.4 | 50.5 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 56.0 | 65.8 | ${ }^{76 \cdot 8}$ | 86.5 | 98.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| Vehicles <br> Wheeled tractor manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing repairing Locomotives and railway track equipment Railway carriages and wagons and trams | ${ }_{32}^{26.7}$ | 31．7 | ${ }_{42} 3.4$ | ${ }_{4}^{44.9}$ | St．7． | 0：2 | ${ }^{0.6}$ | ${ }_{66} 68.2$ |  | 879．98 | ${ }^{103.8}$ | 1118.5 | 0．5 | 0： 0.7 |
|  | ${ }_{28} 3$ |  | ${ }^{39} 9.9$ | ${ }_{46}{ }^{49}$ | 55．4 | 1． 0.3 | ${ }^{3} 0.8$ | 65：2 | ${ }_{79} 9.0$ | ${ }_{93} 96$ | 1107.4 |  | \％ 5 | －6 |
|  | 25：6 | $30 \cdot 4$ | 35．8 | 42．5 | 48.9 <br> 42.9 | 0．6 0 | $1: 8$ | 59．3 | 70：4 | 82．1 | ¢58．7 |  | 0.7 0.9 0.9 | 0.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified Engineers＇small tools and gaugeBolts，nuts，screws，rivets，etc．Wire and wire manufactorers Wire and wire manufaCans and metal boxesMetal industries n．e．s． | 22：28 | ${ }_{2}^{26 \cdot 4}$ | 31．6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95．8． | －O． <br> $\substack{\text { 5 }}$ |  |
|  | 23.9 | 28.1 | ${ }_{31.3}$ | ${ }^{38} 7.1$ | 年3．14 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 52．3 |  |  | ${ }_{88}{ }_{8} 8$ |  |  |  |
|  | 21.7 | 26.3 | 31.5 | 37.5 | 44.7 | 0.3 | 1.0 |  | 617．5 | ${ }_{68.4}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{13} 8$ | ${ }_{96} 10$ | 20．6 | 0．9 |
| Textiles <br> Production of man－made fibres <br> Spinning and doubling on the cotton and <br> flax systems Weaving of cotton，linen and man－made fibres Woollen and worsted Hosiery and other knitted goods Carpets Textile finishing <br> Other textile industries | 20．5 20.4 | ${ }_{30}^{24.5}$ | 30.2 35.6 | 36．4． | $4{ }_{4}^{4} \cdot 7.7$ | 0．3 0 | 0：9 | ${ }_{4}^{45.5}$ | ${ }_{7}^{54.5}$ | 65.6 84 | ${ }_{96}^{80}$ | ${ }_{99}^{95.4}$ | 4 | 0：9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43：0 | 491．2 | \％ 0 | ． | 80．0 | 1.5 |  |
|  | S ${ }^{18.4}$ |  | ${ }^{28.2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 72.8 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{26.1}$ | ${ }_{29}^{34.9}$ |  |  | 0.7 | 2.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢5．1 | ${ }^{655} 5$ | ${ }_{77} 7.8$ | 88.3 |  |  |
| Leather，leather goods and fur | 19.3 | 22.6 | 26.9 | 31.9 | 41.0 | 0.9 | 3.4 | 45.1 | 49.1 | 57.0 | 67.0 | ${ }^{84} 8$ | 1.7 | 2.9 |
| Clothing and footwear <br> Men＇s and boys＇tailored outerwear Footwear | 19.3 18.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12，4 | －95．0． |  |  |
|  | 20.0 21.5 | 21．9 | ckit 31.6 | coly | cis34.6 <br> 42.1 | 0.6 | ${ }_{2}^{2.1}$ |  |  | 55.6 | co． 6 | （100．5 | 1．0 | ${ }_{2}^{1.6}$ |
| Bricks，pottery，glass，cement，etc． Bricks， Pottery Glass <br> Abrasives and building materials，etc．n．e．s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 9．8 |
|  | 24.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,04 \\ & 3 \cdot 8 \\ & 3 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3979 \\ & 37.8 \\ & 38: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \cdot 6 \\ & \hline 85 \cdot 6 \\ & \hline 8 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | 0．5 | 1.9 |  |  | \％7．8 | 83 | coil |  |  |
|  | 24.0 | 28.0 | 32.7 | 39.1 | 47.3 | 0.4 | 1.2 | ${ }_{49} 54.6$ | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{60.5}$ | 695．5 | ${ }_{7}^{76.8}$ | ${ }^{88} 9.5$ | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Timber，furniture，etc． Tumbiture and upholstery Shop and office fiting | 21.4 20.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | －6 | 1.4 |
|  | 23.7 23.3 23 | $\xrightarrow{28.4}$ | ${ }_{3}^{32 \cdot 9}$ | 39，2 | Sti．9 | － 1.4 | ${ }_{4}^{11} 4$ | 53．4 | ${ }_{\text {ckil }}^{58}$ | 71.6 | ${ }^{89} 9$ | 993．6 |  |  |
| Paper，printing and publishing <br> Paper，etc． <br> Packaging products of paper，board and Printing and publishing Printing，publishing of newspapers Printing，publishing of periodicals Other printing，publishing，book－binding， engraving，etc． | － 24.6 | ${ }_{28}^{29.3}$ | ce 3 36：2 | ${ }_{40.7}^{44.9}$ | 48.4 | 0.3 | 0.9 | S5．4 | ${ }_{6}^{65} 6.5$ | ${ }_{72}^{77.8}$ | ${ }_{84} 96$ | 122：6 | 0．6 | 1．8 |
|  | 25．4 | 29.8 | 35.4 | 41.4 | 48.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74：3 圭6 10.2 |  | （102．5 | 10．4 | $1: 9$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {cke }}^{27.6}$ | ${ }_{33}^{33.2}$ | ${ }_{42}^{43 \cdot 8}$ | 52．2 | ${ }^{69.2}$ | 1.4 | 2．2 | ${ }^{605} 5$ | ${ }_{74} 78$ | ${ }_{94} 10.0$ |  |  | 2．7 | 2.8 |
|  | 24.2 | 28.5 | $34 \cdot 9$ | 42.7 | 55.8 | 0.5 | 1.4 | $56 \cdot 4$ | 65.2 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 92.3 | 112.6 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Other manufacturing industries Rubber Plastics products n．e．s． | 22， |  | － $\begin{aligned} & 33.6 \\ & 35 \\ & 31.6\end{aligned}$ | coly | 47.2 4.4 46.7 |  |  | 50．8． | S9．4 | （70．8 | 88.2 93.1 79.4 |  | 0．8 | i |
|  | 22：0 | ${ }_{26} 2$ | ${ }_{31} 3.7$ | 38．1 | 46.7 | 0.6 |  | 88 | 56.4 | 65.3 |  |  |  |  | April 1972

（This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 43）
FULL－TIME MANUAL MEN，aged 21 and over APRIL 1972

| Industry | Gross weekly earnings of employees whose pay |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Gross hourly earnings of employees，including those } \\ & \text { Whose pay was affected by absence }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lecese | $\xrightarrow{\text { Lower }}$ quartile | edi | ${ }_{\text {Upper }}^{\text {quartili }}$ | ｜ $\begin{aligned} & \text { Highest } \\ & \text { decile }\end{aligned}$ | （eata |  |  | ｜cower quartie | Median | ${ }_{\text {quarer }}$ | Highest | ${ }_{\text {Stand }}^{\substack{\text { Stand } \\ \text { erroria } \\ \text { media }}}$ |  |
|  | per week |  |  |  |  | t | ${ }_{\substack{\text { pent．} \\ \text { cent．}}}^{\text {a }}$ | new pence per hour |  |  |  |  | pence | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent．}}}$ |
| Construction |  |  | 2.5 | 36.8 | 45.5 | 0.1 | 0.5 |  |  |  | 74.0 | 9.0 |  |  |
| Cas，electricity and water |  | cos | ${ }_{34}^{33.6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 9 \\ & 30.5 \\ & 30 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \cdot 0 \\ & 48,5 \\ & 44.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 2 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | 57．0 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \cdot 6 \\ & 671 \\ & 710.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77 \cdot 0 \\ & 7210 \\ & 818 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \cdot 2 \\ & 84+1 \\ & 90.6 \end{aligned}$ | 98．9 | － 0.7 | 0.9 0.8 0.8 |
| Elecricity |  | 29，${ }_{29}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2．8 |
| Transport and communicatio | 23：4 | $\xrightarrow{27}$ |  | ${ }^{41} \mathbf{4 7} \mathbf{6}$ | $\stackrel{49.0}{44.3}$ | 0．1 | 0.4 |  | S0．8． | 69.4 64.6 |  | coiot | 0．2 | 0．3 |
|  | 23.1 | 27.4 | ${ }_{31} 1.7$ | 37.7 | $43 \cdot 2$ | 0.3 | $1 \cdot 0$ | 51.9 |  | 66.7 |  |  |  | ${ }_{0.7}$ |
|  | ${ }_{24}^{24}$ | 29.1 30.7 | ${ }_{38}^{33 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }^{39} 9.7$ | 47：1 | 0．3 0.7 | 9：8 | 50．8 | 56．6 | 637．7 | 73.0 77.3 | 848．6 | － $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 3.2 \\ & \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{0} 97$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{33} 3$ | 39.9 | 46.4 | A | － 0.4 | 0：8 | 67.2 | cis | 101．0 | 120．7 120 | 137．3 | 1.4 |  |
|  | 23：8 | ${ }_{24}^{27.4}$ | ${ }^{33.7}$ | ${ }^{43} 7$ | ¢13．7 | 0：3 ${ }^{0}$ | ＋1．0 | ${ }_{\text {cke }}^{58.9}$ | ${ }_{65}^{65 \cdot 4}$ | ${ }_{63} 7.4$ | ${ }^{87} 8.5$ | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{103}$ | 1：4 |  |
| Distributive trades <br> Wholesale distribution of food and drink Wholesale distribution of petroleum <br> Wholesale distribution of petroleum <br> Other wholesale distribution <br> Retail distribution of food and drink Other retail distribution Dealing in coal，oil，builders＇materials， <br> grain and agricultural supplies Dealing in other industrial materials and <br> machinery | 18：4 | 21．8．8 | ${ }_{27}^{26.3}$ | 32．5． | ${ }_{45}^{20.1}$ | 0.2 | 1.7 | 43.7 <br> 44.0 | 50．7 | 57．9 | 69．5 | 84．5 | ${ }^{0.3}$ | 0.6 |
|  | ${ }_{18}^{18}$ | 223．4 | ${ }_{28}^{27.2}$ | 35.9 | ${ }^{45} 18$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.4}$ | 1.4 | 44.0 | 50.7 | 60.4 60.2 | ${ }^{76} 71.5$ | ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0．7 |  |
|  | 29 | 20 | － 43.9 | ${ }_{5}^{51 \cdot 3}$ | 7．5 | 1．1 | 12.7 | － 3 | 81.4 47.5 | \％ 8 |  | －115．1 | 1．6 | 1.7 |
|  | 18．1 | 21 | （25．7 | $31: 1$ 31 30.9 | ce． $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 6 \\ & 38.4 \\ & 36.7\end{aligned}$ | 0．2 | 0．7 |  | cis | 56．0 <br> 57 <br> 5.6 | cis | 798．8． 78 88.3 8.4 | － 0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18.7 | 21.9 | 25.5 | $30 \cdot 8$ | 36.6 | 0.4 | 1.6 | $44 \cdot 1$ | 49.7 | 54.7 | 61.5 | 70.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
|  | 20.3 | 33.4 | 27.9 | 34.1 | 40.2 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 46.1 | 52.1 | 60.1 | 69.8 | $83 \cdot 5$ | 0.9 |  |
| Insurance，banking，finance and business servicesBanking and bill discounting Property owning and managing，etc．Central offices not allocable elsewher Central offices not allocable elsewher |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | li． | ${ }_{5}^{2!}$ | cis |  | lision |  | ${ }_{\text {liole }}^{10.5}$ |  | $2 \cdot 2$ |
| Professional and scientific services Educational servicesMedical and dental services Research and development services |  | 21.4 | ${ }_{22}^{25.6}$ | $\substack{31.1 \\ 26.1}$ |  |  | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 225 | lent |  | 33.1 40.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \cdot 2 \\ & 0 \cdot 8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | 20．6 |  | 53．1 | （ 60.9 | ${ }_{\text {col }}^{\substack{69.1 \\ 83.3}}$ |  | 1.6 | ${ }^{0.7}$ |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Cinemas，theatres，radio，etc． <br> Hotels and other residential establishments | 16 | 20．4 |  | 30．7． | 38．2 |  |  |  |  |  | ， | \％ 7 | 0.4 |  |
|  | 12， | cis |  |  | 35.0 | 1：． 0 | 3：19 |  |  | 45：920 | cisfers |  |  |  |
|  | （10．4 | （15：2 | and |  | cos $\begin{aligned} & 35.4 \\ & 33.9\end{aligned}$ |  | 4．3 | － | 33.4 47.6 |  | cis ${ }_{\substack{56.9 \\ 66.3}}$ | ${ }_{7}^{69.4}$ | 3．6 | ${ }_{7}^{7}$ |
| Motor reapirers，distributors，grages and |  |  | ${ }^{26 \cdot 2}$ | ${ }^{31} \cdot 2$ | 37.6 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 43.0 | 50．3 | 57．8． | 67．6 | 79.1 | 0．5 | 0.8 |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public andministration Nataionalice Nocrer | $\begin{aligned} & 99 \cdot 5 \\ & 19.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2115 \\ & 21: 8 \\ & 218 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2555 \\ & 25.5 \\ & 25.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 6 \\ & 30.6 \\ & 30.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37 \cdot 6 \\ 37 \cdot 5 \\ 36 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0: 4 \\ & 0: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | 47.8 <br> 48.4 <br> 48.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 59 \cdot 0 \\ & 51 \cdot(9) \end{aligned}$ | ¢7．9． | 67.0 677 67 | $\begin{aligned} & 75: 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.5 0.6 0.6 |

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Table 51 Median, quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time non-manual men, by industry, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 44)
FULL-TIME NON-MANUAL MEN, aged 21 and over APRIL 1972

| Industry | Gross weekly earnings of employees whose pay was not affected by absence |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Gross hourly earnings of employess, including those } \\ & \text { whose pay was afected by absence }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lectest | $\underset{\substack{\text { Lower } \\ \text { quartile }}}{ }$ | Median | ${ }^{\text {Gpper }}$ quartie | ${ }^{\text {Highest }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Standard } \\ & \text { error or } \\ & \text { median } \end{aligned}$ |  | Leowet | $\xrightarrow{\text { Lower }}$ | Medi | $\underset{\substack{\text { Upper } \\ \text { quartile }}}{\text { der }}$ | $\underset{\text { Highest }}{\substack{\text { decile }}}$ |  |  |
|  | $¢_{\text {per week }}$ |  |  |  |  | $\pm$ | (er $\begin{gathered}\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }\end{gathered}$ | new pence per hour |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {new }}$ nence | ${ }_{\text {per }}^{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ |
| All industries and ser | 23.7 | 29.6 | 38.5 | 50.5 | 66.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 60.0 | 74.9 | 98.3 | 134.1 | 181.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| All Index of Production indust | 25.6 | 31.1 | 38.8 | 50.0 | 66.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 65.0 | 79.1 | 99.2 | 128.0 | 170.7 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| All manufacturing industries | 25.7 | 31.1 | 38.7 | 49.4 | 65.8 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 65.3 | 79.3 | 99.1 | 126.8 | 170.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| All non-manufacturing industries | 23.0 | 28.7 | 38.3 | 51.1 | 67.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 57.2 | 72.3 | 97.7 | 138.4 | 186 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Agriculure, forestry, fishing | 21.9 | 26.9 | 34.0 | 46.4 | 72.3 |  | 3.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $M_{\substack{\text { Mining and quarrying } \\ \text { coal mining }}}$ | ${ }_{26}^{26 \cdot 5}$ | 30.2 | 39.7 40.6 | 52.9 | ${ }^{67.1}$ | ${ }^{1} 12$ | 3.0 | 63.1 67.6 | 73.3 <br> 75.4 | ${ }_{9}^{22.9}$ | ${ }_{1319}^{139}$ | 177.4 | 3:4 | 3.7 |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Food, drink } \\ \text { Food }}}{\text { col }}$ |  | 29.7 | \% 6 |  |  |  | 11.6 | 63:0 | ${ }_{74,1}^{76.6}$ | ${ }_{93}^{97.1}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{129} 18.8$ | ${ }_{\text {li }}^{166.7}$ | $1: 4$ | 1.5 |
| Bread and flour confectionery Drink <br> Drink <br> wing and malting |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 38 \cdot 5 \\ 36.5 \\ 36 \cdot 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | (1.5 |  | ${ }_{65}^{65.9}$ | ${ }_{\text {80, }}^{80.8}$ | $100 \cdot 9$ | ${ }_{140}^{136}$ | ${ }_{199}^{199}$ | 2.5 | 2:8 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | 27.2 | ${ }^{33} 5$ | ${ }_{4}^{42} \cdot 7$ | 55:9 | 73:5 | 0.5 | ${ }_{2}^{1.4}$ | 70.8 | ${ }^{37.6} 9$ | 1117 | 149.5 | 1988 |  | ${ }_{1}^{2.5}$ |
| Conerli chemicals | ${ }_{27}^{27.7}$ | 33.29 | ${ }_{40}{ }_{4}$ | ${ }_{5}^{56} 5$ | ${ }^{73} 81.1$ | 1.6 | ${ }_{4}^{2.1}$ | ${ }^{72} 2.9$ | ${ }^{\text {P45:3 }}$ | 1107.7 | 149.8 |  | 2.8 | , |
| Synthetic resins and plastics materials and <br> synthetic rubber | 25.4 | 31.9 34.8 | ${ }_{4}^{40} 2.8$ | cis $\begin{gathered}53.7 \\ 53\end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{67}^{67.4}$ | 1.5 | 3.5 | 775.64 | $\xrightarrow{83.3} 9$ | ${ }_{\text {109 }}^{108}$ | ${ }_{141 / 3}^{138}$ | ${ }_{183}^{185} 18$ | ${ }_{3}^{4.5}$ | ${ }_{3}^{4} \cdot 6$ |
| Metar manufacture |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66.7 |  | ${ }^{98} 98$ | ${ }_{120.1}^{18,6}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{163.0}$ | 1.4 | $1: 4$ |
| Iron and steel Iron and steel (general) Other metals | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 4 \\ & 25 \cdot 6 \\ & 26.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 6 \\ & 30.6 \\ & 31.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37.5 \\ & 388.5 \\ & 38.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 456.6 \\ & 48.6 \\ & 4.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6it: } \\ & 64 \cdot 9 \\ & 64.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 1: 1 \\ 2: 1 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 65.7 67.7 67.4 | $\begin{gathered} 79: 8 \\ 89: 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 98 \cdot 9.9 \\ 101 \cdot 9 \\ 109 \end{gathered}$ | (129:6 | litis 168 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Mechanical engineering | 25 | 30.3 | 36.9 | 47.3 | 㔼:5 | 0.3 | ${ }_{5}^{0.9}$ | 64:1 | ${ }^{771} 8$ | 94:1 | ${ }_{123}^{12.8}$ | ${ }_{176}^{167.3}$ | 0.7 | 0:4 |
| Meral-working nachine tools |  | ${ }_{\text {cole }}^{\substack{30.3 \\ 33.1}}$ |  |  | cos | 2.8.2.8 <br> 0.8 |  |  | ${ }^{82}$ 23 | 937.5 | 172.7 | ${ }^{1479} 18$ | 2:8 |  |
| Mechanicil handing equipment | 26:3 | ${ }_{\text {lin }}^{33.1}$ | ${ }_{35}^{37.7}$ | ${ }_{45}^{46.7}$ | S0.4 | ${ }_{0}^{0.5}$ | 1.5 | ${ }_{62} 9.7$ | ${ }_{76} 81.0$ | 92.3 | 117.0 |  |  | 1.3 |
| Industrial (including process) plant and steelwork | ${ }_{25}^{26.1}$ | 32.1 30.0 | ${ }_{30}^{40.5}$ | ${ }_{45}^{52} \cdot 7$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { ce. } \\ 56.9}}$ | 1:4 | ${ }^{3.4}$ | ${ }_{6}^{68.0} 6$ | 815.9 | 109.5 | 135.8 10.6 1205 | ${ }_{1}^{176} 18.6$ | 2:1 | 2:1.6 |
|  | 27.4 | 30.7 | $3 \cdot 2$ | 48.6 | 64.2 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 65.8 | \% 6 | 96.3 | 124.5 | 168.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Scientific and industrial instruments and systems | 27.4 | 30.1 | 37.5 | 48.0 | 62.1 | 1.3 | 3.3 | 66.1 | 77.9 | 5.4 | 121.5 | 161 | 4.0 | 4.2 |
| Electrical engineering | 26.9 | 32:0 | 38.9 | 49.1 | 63.9 | 00.4 | 1.0 | ${ }_{6}^{67.9} 6$ | ${ }_{78.0}^{80.5}$ | ${ }_{94,3}^{98}$ | ${ }_{1}^{124: 6}$ | 11459 | $0: 9$ | 2:9 |
| Insulated wires and cables Telegraph and telephone apparatus and | 26.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ragio and electronic components | 26.7. | cis $\begin{aligned} & 33.3 \\ & 35.1 \\ & 35.7\end{aligned}$ | 392.8 | 49, <br> $\substack{17 \\ 57 \\ \hline}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1969} 19$ | 3.5 | -6 |
| (liectionic computerst |  |  |  | citi.6 | $\begin{gathered} 59.6 \\ \hline 6595 \\ \hline 5.5 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{0.6}$ | 2.9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 90.5 \\ & 820.5 \\ & 820.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | (155.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 7 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 5: 7 \\ 3: 3 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 1.8 |
|  | 27.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 111.9 | 123.4 | 1.7 |  |
| Stipbuilding and marine engineering | 26.6 | 34.5 | 41.4 | 48.5 | 55.9 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 62.0 | 79.7 | 98.5 | III | 159.4 |  |  |
| Vehicles Motor vehicle manut | ${ }_{29}^{26.3}$ | ${ }^{33} 5.0$ | ${ }_{4}^{40.9}$ | ${ }_{4}^{49.5} 5$ | ${ }_{68 \text { 6/3 }}^{62}$ | 0.4 0 | 1.1 | 672 72 | ${ }^{93} 8.7$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{102} 1$ | ${ }_{134.9}^{125}$ | ${ }^{15974} 17$ | $0: 9$ | 9\%8 |
| Aerospace equipment manufacturing and repairing | 26.0 | 31.5 | 37.9 | 47.1 | 56.1 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 65.8 | 78.8 | 99.2 | 118.1 | 145.6 | 1.2 | $1 \cdot 3$ |
| Metal gods not elsewhere specified | ${ }_{25}^{25.4}$ | ${ }^{30.5}$ | ${ }^{37} 37.0$ | ${ }_{47}^{47.2}$ | ${ }_{6}^{64.8} 8$ | 0.5 0 | $1: 4$ | 6459 | 78.8 78 | ${ }_{93}^{93} 9$ | 118.9 | ${ }_{156.1}^{156}$ | 2.0 | 2:3 |
| Textiles | 24.7 | 30.5 | 38.7 | 50.4 | 70.9 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 63.8 | 76.8 | 97-8 | 129.9 | 178.7 | 2.1 |  |
| Clothing and footwear Clothing | 21.9 | ${ }_{25}^{27.9}$ | ${ }_{31}^{33.7}$ | ${ }_{42}^{44} 1$ | 66.6 | $1: 1$ | 3.6 3 | ${ }_{55}^{55.9}$ | ${ }^{67} 6.4$ | 86.3.4 | ${ }_{1}^{109.7}$ | ${ }^{150.8} 18$ | 3:3 | 3.5 |
| Bricks, pottery, glass, cement ete | ${ }_{20}^{24.4}$ | ${ }_{29}^{31.6}$ | ${ }_{3}^{39.4} 8$ | 51.9 49.9 | 66:4 | $0{ }^{0} 1.5$ | 2.1 | ${ }_{\substack{62 \\ 53 \\ 5 \\ \hline}}$ | ${ }^{80.0}$ | 99.5 9 | ${ }_{1}^{130.8}$ | ${ }_{178}^{1780}$ | 2.5 4.8 | ${ }^{2.5}$ |
| Timber, furniture, etc | 23.3 | 28.3 | 36.5 | 45.5 | 60.4 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 56.5 | 69.2 | 89.5 | 108.9 | 147.8 | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| Paper, printing and publishing |  |  | 39.8 | 52:8 |  |  | 1.5 |  | ${ }_{74,1}^{78.7}$ | 107.1 | ${ }_{\substack{137 \\ 138.8}}$ | ${ }_{1}^{189} 18.4$ | 1.6 <br> 4.6 <br> 1 | 4.7 ${ }^{1.6}$ |
|  | 26.0 | ceis |  | cistie | , | li. |  |  |  | 98.1 103 108 | ${ }^{136} 5$ | ${ }^{1919} 18$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 43.2 4.2 4.2 | $\begin{gathered} 55: 9 \\ 5 \cdot 5 \\ 56: 5 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { cis } \\ 73 \\ 73.1}}$ | 1:4 |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{866.7 \\ 88}}$ | 1171.5 | ${ }_{148}^{148.8}$ | ${ }_{197}^{203} \cdot 1$ | 3:8 | 3.5 3.1 |
| Printing, publising or perioncats, Oher printing, publishing, bookbinding, engraving, etc engraving, etc | $23 \cdot 3$ | 28.9 | $8 \cdot 2$ | 50.2 | 65.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 61.6 | 75.4 | 98.5 | 130.4 | 168 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| manuracturing |  | ${ }^{31} 3$ |  |  |  | 0.5 | 1.4 | 65.1 64.0 | ${ }_{7}^{79.4}$ | ${ }_{96} 96$ | ${ }_{1}^{123} 12.5$ | ${ }^{1734} 17$ | 2.0 3.1 | 2.0 |
| Rubber <br> Plastics products n.e.s. | 25.5. | ${ }_{\text {30, }}^{30.3}$ 32.8 | ${ }^{38.3} \mathbf{3 8}$ | 5904 | ${ }_{76} 6.5$ | 0.9 | 2.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction | 24.7 | 31.1 | 38.7 | 50.1 | 64.6 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 60.8 | 76.5 | 97.2 | ${ }^{124.5}$ | 163.3 | 0.9 |  |
| cas, lectricity and |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 41 \cdot 9 \\ 3770 \\ 37.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \cdot 0 \\ & \text { 57:5 } \\ & \text { cos } \end{aligned}$ | 69.8 61. 71.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8 \\ & 3: 7 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 82: 0 \\ & 878: 9 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1245:0 | 182.9 | 2:4 |  |

Table 51 (continued) Median, quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time non-manual men, by industry, April 1972
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 44)

| Industry | Cross weekly earnings of employees whose pay |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cross hourly earnings of emplovees, including those |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cowest | $\stackrel{\text { Lower }}{\text { quartile }}$ | edian | Upper | Highest | Standa $\begin{aligned} & \text { error } \\ & \text { mediar } \end{aligned}$ |  | Lewest | $\mid$ Lower | Median | ${ }_{\text {Uper }}^{\substack{\text { Uparer } \\ \text { uarte }}}$ | decile |  |  |
|  | weer |  |  |  |  | t | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent }}}^{\text {cose }}$ | ence per hour |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\substack{\text { nence }}}$ | per. |
| Transport and communica |  | 29.0 | 35.1 | ${ }_{4} 41.2$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{64.5}$ | ( $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.9\end{aligned}$ | 0,9 | 61:9 | 74.0 730.9 78 | 91.6. | $\begin{gathered} 118: 8 \\ 9095: 5 \\ 945 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 157.0 \\ 130.1 \\ 110.3 \end{gathered}\right.$ | 0.9 | lio |
| Read |  |  | ${ }_{34}{ }^{\text {8 }}$ |  | 58.6 | 1.9 | 5.3 | 57.0 | 66.3 | 81.5 | 102.0 | ${ }^{139.5}$ | 3.3 | 4. |
|  |  | 32.1 <br> 34.6 <br> 34 | 40.5 42.3 | S52.5 |  | ${ }^{1}$ 1:8 | 3.1 | 55.3 | 64.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (eart and inind water transport | ${ }_{25} 2.6$ |  |  | 48.7 | ${ }^{1010.5}$ | 0.4 | 4.0. <br> 0.9 <br> 0 | 74.8 | 917.5 | 119.4 | ${ }_{\substack{127.5 \\ 167.9}}^{127.4}$ |  | ¢:8. | 5.0 |
| Poista lerives and telecomumicaions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distributive trades | ${ }_{20}^{19.5}$ | 23.6 | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{29.8}$ | 40.6. | ${ }_{5}^{58.5}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.5}$ | 1.0 | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{47.9}$ | ${ }_{56.5}^{56.5}$ | 72.4 | 120.4 | ${ }_{1}^{1959.6}$ | 2, | 0.9 |
|  | 20.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{20}^{27.3}$ | 32:9 |  | 58.7 | ${ }_{73}^{79.2}$ | 30.8 | ${ }^{6.7}$ | 72.1. | 39.5 | 121.3 | 154:8 | 213.0 | 5.5 | 4.6 |
|  |  | len ${ }^{22 \cdot 2}$ |  |  | 47.9 | - 0.5 | 1.7 | 44, 45 45.4 4 | 53.7 53.7 53 | 6519 67.7 |  | $1129: 9$ 129 129 | - 0.8 | i. |
| Oeather reteriil distritibution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.7 | 69.7 | 88.3 | 122.0 | 1.6 |  |
|  | 20.8 | 23.9 | 28.6 | 37.0 | 49.7 |  |  | 50.2 58.3 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.3 |
| machinery | 23.3 | 28.0 | 34.8 | 49.8 | 78.9 | 0.8 |  |  |  | 90.9 | 135.5 | 221.0 |  |  |
| Insurance, banking, finance and business services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankirin and bill discounting | 21 | 30.7 | ${ }_{30.7}^{40.1}$ | 57:0 |  | 0.7 0 |  | (61.9 | -81:4 | 11071:3 | 158.8 | 191:4 | 3.8 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.1 | ${ }_{\text {5 }}^{1.8}$ | ${ }_{\substack{47.0 \\ 61.1}}$ | ${ }_{6}^{68.0} 8$ | ${ }^{8.850 .0}$ | -135.9 | ${ }^{194.5}$ | 4.5 |  |
| Other usines serices Cenral ofices notatilocable elsewhere | 26.4 | ${ }_{33}^{33.0}$ | ${ }_{45} 5$ | 67.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Professional and stientific services | 23.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1:2 | :0 |
| tiony services | ${ }_{14}$ |  | cose | cisti. |  |  | li.1.0 <br> 3.8 <br> 1.8 | cisi.7 | 107:2 |  | cisf: 18.8 | 217.1 | 1:3 |  |
| Hele | $\begin{aligned} & 240: \\ & 20 \cdot 6 \\ & 20: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37.0 \\ & 389.9 \\ & 29.4 \end{aligned}$ | 36.5 <br> $\substack{36.7 \\ 38}$ <br> 3.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 9.96 \\ & 515: 5 \\ & 515 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.6 | 2.2 |
| her professional and scientifif |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cinemas, theatres, radio, et <br> Betting and gambling | O. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \cdot 9.9 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 42 \\ 459 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 20 \\ & 2: 0 \\ & 2: 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3 \\ & 3: 76 \\ & 3: 6 \end{aligned}$ | 2. |
|  |  |  | 21.8 <br> 31 <br> 37.6 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 40.6 } \\ & 48.9\end{aligned}$ | S4.6 S5:0 | 0.6 | 2.0. | ${ }^{62}$ | 75.9 | 71.7 98.4 | 95.7 | ${ }_{170.3}^{129}$ | 1.5 |  |
| Other services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public administration National government service Local government service | $\begin{aligned} & 24: 8 \\ & 26.8 \\ & 26.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \cdot 9 \\ & 31.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.7 \\ & 399.4 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 515.5 \\ 50.0 \\ 50.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \cdot 5 \\ & 63 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | 0.7 | cis $\begin{aligned} & 60.4 \\ & 63.1 \\ & 63\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \cdot 7 \\ & 74 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9066 \\ & \hline 98 \\ & \hline 93 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }^{1.0}$ | (1.01.3 <br> 0.8 |

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Table 52 Median, quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time manual women, by industry, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 45)

| ustr | Gross weekly earnings of employees whose pay was not affected by absence |  |  |  |  |  |  | Coss hourly earnings of employ yes, including those |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lowest | $\pm$ | Median | ${ }^{4}$ | Highest | $\underset{\substack{\text { Stand } \\ \text { errod } \\ \text { media }}}{ }$ |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { Lowest }}$ decile | Lower | Median | Up | decile |  |  |
|  | \& per week |  |  |  |  | t | ${ }_{\text {der }}^{\text {per }}$ cent. | new pence per hour |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ |
| All industries and services | 11.3 | 13.5 | 16.4 | 19.9 | 23.9 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 29.9 | 35.4 |  | 49.3 | 58.6 | 0.1 |  |
| All Index of Production indu | 12. | 14.4 | 17. | $\begin{aligned} & 20.5 \\ & 20.5 \\ & 18.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 2 \\ & 24 \cdot 2 \\ & 23 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | 0.1 |  | 31.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 36.5 \\ & 36.6 \\ & 33.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \cdot 8 \\ & 42 \cdot 9 \\ & 39 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.5 \\ & 50.5 \\ & 46.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59.5 \\ & 59.5 \\ & 56.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | 0.3 0.3 |
| manufacturing industries | 12.2 |  | 17.1 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.4 | 31.5 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ |
| All non-manuracturing industries | 10.3 | 12.5 | 15. |  |  | 0.1 | 0.5 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing | 9.9 | 111.6 |  | ${ }_{15}^{15.8}$ | (18.8 ${ }_{18}^{18.9}$ | 0.3 | $2 \cdot 2$ | ${ }_{28.5}^{28.5}$ | 31:4 | ${ }_{3}^{34.7}$ | ${ }_{38,5}^{38.5}$ | 43 | ${ }^{0.5}$ | 1.5 |
| dri |  | $\begin{aligned} & 14.9 \\ & 14.5 \\ & 13.3 \\ & 15.0 \\ & 15.1 \\ & 15.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17: 8 \\ & 16.9 \\ & 17.1 \\ & 16.6 \\ & 19.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline 24: 5 \\ 20: 7 \\ 23: 9 \\ 23: 3 \\ 21 \cdot 8 \\ 26: 6 \\ \hline 26: 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{50}^{60.7}$ |  |  |
| coicher |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{30.3}$ | cols $\begin{aligned} & 32.6 \\ & 35 \\ & 3\end{aligned}$ | 36:4 | ${ }^{39} 78.8$ | ¢4.4. |  |  |
| orea chocolate and sugar cta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cco |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29.8 | 39.8 47.1 |  | ¢52.4 <br> 64.6 | ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ 74:2 | ${ }^{0} 0.5$ |  |
| Chemicals and allied ind |  | 15.0 | 17.3 | 21.0 | 24.6 | $\begin{array}{lll}0.3 & 1.9\end{array}$ |  | 32.9 | 36.9 | 43.3 | 51.8 | 57.8 | 0.8 |  |
| Metal manufacture | 11.6 | 13.7 | 16.6 | 20.5 | 24.0 | $\begin{array}{llll}0.6 & 3.7\end{array}$ |  | $7{ }^{3}$ | 35.8 | 418 | ${ }_{48}^{49.6}$ | 58.4 | ${ }^{0.8}$ |  |
| Mechanical enginee | ${ }_{12}^{12} 9$ | ${ }_{15}^{15.3}$ | ${ }_{18}^{18.6}$ |  |  | 0.3 1.8 <br> 0.5 1.8 <br> 0.7  |  | ${ }_{32}^{32.9}$ | 39.0 38.8 | ${ }_{45}^{45.3}$ | ${ }^{52}$ | ${ }^{1}$ | 8 \% 1. |  |
| ment engineering | 13.2 | 14.8 | 17.1 |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll}0.4 & 2.5\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 2 \\ & 34 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | 38.038.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \cdot 8 \\ & 43 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $5.6$ |  |
| Scientific and industrial instruments |  |  |  | 20.9 | 23.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrial ennineering | $\begin{aligned} & 13.5 \\ & 14 \cdot 5 \\ & 13.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.7 \\ & 15.0 \end{aligned}$$\begin{aligned} & 17 \cdot 1 \\ & 14: 8 \end{aligned}$ | 178.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 21: 1 \\ & 19: 9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{33}^{34} \cdot 8$ | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{37.5}$ |  | ${ }_{51}^{51} 4$ | ${ }_{58}^{58} 8$ | 0.30.60 |  |
|  |  |  | 18.9 | $\begin{gathered} 22 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{22}^{26.4}$ | ${ }^{0.3}$ | 1.5 | 33.7 <br> 37.0 <br> $33 \cdot 4$ |  | 72. ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  | - $\begin{gathered}64 \cdot 3 \\ 54.2\end{gathered}$ | 0.6 |  |
| deat ens receiving and sound reproducing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{34}{35: 6} \\ & 35: 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 47.1 | 51.7 | 0.5 |  |
| Electric appliances primarily for domestic <br> use |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15.7 \\ & 17.0 \\ & 18.0 \end{aligned}$ | 18.5 | 22.3 | 25.8 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 40 \cdot 7 \\ 30 \cdot 9 \\ 39 \cdot 6 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | cis 51.8 | 63.2 | 1:8 |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Vehicles }}$ Motor veh |  |  | 212:8 | ${ }_{28}^{25.8}$ | 31.0 <br> 31.6 | 0.5 2.7 <br> 0.5 2.3 <br> 2.1  <br> 0  |  | ${ }_{38}^{36.1}$ | ${ }_{4}^{43.7} 4$ | 53:2 | ${ }_{67} 63.4$ | 75:9 | $1: 1$ |  |
| Metal goods not en | 11.9 | lile 13.5 | 15.1 | 19.3 18.8 | ${ }_{21}^{22 \cdot 8}$ | 0.2 | 1.7 | 31.4 30.7 | cis35.2 <br> 34.6 | ${ }_{39} 40.3$ | 48:2 | 54.9 | 0.6 |  |
|  | 11.6 | 13.9 | 16.3 | 19.7 | 23.4 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 30. | 35.1 | 41.5 | 49.6 | 58.3 | 0.3 |  |
|  | 13.3 | 14.8 | 16.8 | 19.4 | 22.2 | 0.4 | 2.2 | ${ }^{34 \cdot}$ | 38.3 | 42.5 | 49.4 | 58.1 | 0.7 |  |
| Weaving of cotton, linen and man made |  |  |  |  | 230.8 |  | ${ }^{3.5}$ |  | 36.0 | ${ }_{4}^{41} 8$ | ${ }_{4}^{49.6}$ |  | 1:2 |  |
|  | 10:8 | ${ }_{12}^{12.5}$ | ${ }_{15}^{15.0}$ | 17.8 21.0 | coter | ${ }^{0.3}$ | 2.0 | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ | 32.0 | ${ }_{43}{ }^{46} 6$ | 52:5 |  |  |  |
| $C_{\text {clothing a }}$ | 11.5 | cois |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wemen's and giris's rillored outerwear | - 11.2 | 13.1 | 15.4 | 19.5 | 22.8 | 0.2 | ${ }^{2.6}$ | . 7 | ${ }_{\text {cke }}^{35} 5$ | ${ }^{38.9}$ | 459.9 | 60.6 | 0.5 0 |  |
|  | 111:0 | 12:8 | ${ }_{15}^{15.0}$ | ${ }_{18}^{18.5}$ | ${ }_{21}^{21} 2$ | 0.5 | ${ }^{\text {li.3 }}$ | 20.1 |  | cisis |  | cisi.9 | 1.2 0 |  |
| Doress industries n.e.s. |  | 15.3 | 18.5 | 22.3 | 27.2 | 0.6 | 3.5 | ${ }^{29.1}$ | ${ }_{39}^{32} 7$ | ${ }^{38} 7$ | ${ }_{59}^{49} 5$ | ${ }^{56.7}$ | 1.2 |  |
| Bricks, | ${ }_{12}^{12}$ | (15.2 | 18.1 17.6 17.6 | 22.0 20 | ${ }_{23}^{26.7}$ | 0.4 0.3 | 2:2 | 33.0 33.9 | 38.7 <br> 38.8 | ${ }_{44}^{45 \cdot 2}$ | ${ }_{51}^{53.6}$ | 69.2 | 0.7 |  |
| Timber, furniture, etc | 11.8 | 14.4 | 17.6 | 20.6 | 26.0 | 0.4 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 31.1 | 36.9 | 44.0 | 51.7 | ${ }^{63} 5$ | 0.9 |  |
| prin | (12:8 | ${ }_{1}^{15.4} 14.4$ | (17.3 | ${ }_{19}^{20.7}$ | ${ }_{22}^{24.0}$ | 0.2 | 1.4 | ${ }_{32} 32.7$ | ${ }^{38} 71$ | ${ }_{42}^{42} \mathbf{4}$ | 49.2 | 57:0 | ${ }_{0}^{0.4}$ |  |
| Papercieting products of paper, board and |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | 3.1 | ${ }^{33,9}$ | ${ }^{34}$ | 40.4 | 47.3 | ${ }_{55}^{52}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.0}$ |  |
|  | $13 \cdot 2$ | ${ }_{15}^{15} 5$ | 18.1 | 22.2 | 25.7 | 0.4 | 2.5 | $33 \cdot 4$ | 38.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other printing, } \\ & \text { engraving, etc } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{13.1}$ | 15.5 | 18.0 | 21.9 | 25.5 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 33.3 | 38.8 | 42.8 |  |  | 0.4 |  |
| Other manufacturing industries | 11.8 12.0 | 14.0 13.7 | $16 \cdot 3$ 16.4 | 19.6 | 22.6 20.9 | 0.2 | 1.2 1.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 5 \\ & 39.5 \\ & 29.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \cdot 0 \\ & 30 \\ & 34 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.5 \\ & 39.9 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 47: 8 \\ 455 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59 \cdot 6 \\ 51.6 \\ 51.6 \end{gathered}$ | a $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.7\end{aligned}$ |  |
| Plastics products n.e.s. | 12.0 | 13.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transoort and communication | 13.7 17.3 | 17.7 21.7 | ${ }_{23}^{23 \cdot 1}$ | ${ }_{32}^{29.5}$ | ${ }_{3}^{35 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }^{0.5}$ | 2.1. | ${ }_{42}^{33.7}$ | ${ }_{50}^{44.6}$ | ${ }_{59}^{53}$ | 655:1 |  | 1.2 |  |
| Distributive trades | $\xrightarrow{10.1}$ | 12.1 | 14.2. | 177:8 | 20.8 20 | 0.1 0.4 | 1:8 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 |  |
| Sele |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | cele $\begin{aligned} & 31.3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3\end{aligned}$ |  | 415.3 | cis | d |  |
| , | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \\ & 10.7 \end{aligned}$ | 12:1 12.6 | (14.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 16: 8 \\ & 15 \cdot 1 \\ & 17.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { an: } \\ & \text { an } \\ & 20.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \cdot 2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.1: 3 \\ & 1: 3 \\ & 1: 2 \end{aligned}$ | 27.0 $27: 6$ 27.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.94 \\ & 30.5 \\ & 31 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | 3.5 .0 34.7 36.5 | 34.:2. <br> 43.8 |  | - |  |
| urance, banking, finance and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 45)
ULL-TIME MANUAL WOMEN, aged I8 and over
APRIL 1972

| Industry | Grose weekly earning of employess whose paywas not affected by absence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{\text {Lex }}$ Lewest | Lewer | Median | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Upper } \\ & \text { quartile }\end{aligned}\right.$ | ${ }_{\text {\| }}^{\text {Highest }}$ decile $\mid$ |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Lowest } \\ \text { decile }}}{ }$ | ${ }_{\text {Laurr }}^{\text {Lower }}$ | Median | ${ }_{\text {Up }}^{\text {upa }}$ | Highest |  |  |
|  | $¢_{\text {f per week }}$ |  |  |  |  | t | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ | penco |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ | ¢er |
| Professional and scientific services Educational services Educational services Medical and dental services | $\begin{aligned} & 11: 6 \\ & 13: 5 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | (13.2 |  | (13.8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0: 1 \\ & 0: 1 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | 0.7. |  | $\begin{gathered} 35 \cdot 8 \\ 35 \cdot 6 \\ 38 \cdot 8 \end{gathered}$ | 41.18 |  | 53.70 | O.3 | 0.7 |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Hotels and other residential establishments <br> estaurants, cafes, snack bars <br> Catering contractors <br> Laundries and dry cleaning <br> Other services | $\begin{aligned} & 9.0 \\ & 8.5 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 9.5 \\ & \hline 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & \hline 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11: 0 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 10.7 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 11.7 \\ & 12.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.5 \\ & 12.4 \\ & 12.9 \\ & 13.0 \\ & 13,5 \\ & 12.5 \\ & 13.0 \\ & 16.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 9 \\ & 1: 9 \\ & 3: 7 \\ & 3.6 \\ & 3.4 \\ & 3.08 \\ & 1: 8 \\ & : 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 33.8 <br> 30: <br> an: <br> and <br> 3n: <br> 32. <br> 32.7. <br> 41.6 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | (1:0 |
| Public administration National government service Local government service | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \cdot 6 \\ & 125 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 4 \\ & 16.0 \\ & 14.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18: 18: 8 \\ 18: 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \\ & 22 \cdot 4 \\ & 22 \cdot 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 5 \\ & 24.5 \\ & 26 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 2.7 \\ & 2.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36 \cdot 0 \\ 35 \cdot 0 \\ 35 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 39 \cdot 9 \\ 39 \cdot 9 \\ 38 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 44: 8 \\ 44 \cdot 9 \\ 44,7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 54: 4 \\ 555 \cdot 2 \\ 55 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \cdot 0 \\ & 60 . \\ & 63.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $1: 4$ $1: 9$ |

Median, quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full-time non-manual women, by industry, April
(This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 40)

| Industry | Gross weekly earnings of employees whose pay by absence |  |  |  |  |  |  | Gross hourly earnings of employees, including those whose pay was affected by absence |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | quartile | Median | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Upper } \\ & \text { quartile }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Stand } \\ & \text { error } \\ & \text { media }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $¢_{\text {fer week }}$ |  |  |  |  | f | ${ }_{\substack{\text { per } \\ \text { cent. }}}$ | new pence per hour |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {nence }}$ | Per. |
| All industries and services | 12.7 | 5.6 | 20.0 | 25.9 | 34.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 33.6 | 41.4 | 53.6 | 71.4 | 98. | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| All Index of Production industries | 13.3 | 15.6 | 18.3 | 22.5 | 27.5 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 35.7 | 42.0 | 49.1 | 60.2 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| All manuracturing industries | 13.2 | 15.5 | 18.0 | 21.9 | 27.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 35.6 | 41.7 | 48.4 | 59.1 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| non-manufacturing industries | 12.6 | 15.7 | 20.8 | 26.9 | 35.7 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 33.2 | 41.3 | 55.5 | 75.1 | 105.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Mining and quarrying | 16.0 | 21.4 | 25.6 | 27.3 | 30.0 | 0.4 | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food, drink and tobacco Bread and flour confectionery Drink | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \cdot 0 \cdot 6 \\ & \text { in } \\ & 10.3 \\ & 3.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 0 \\ & 14.1 \\ & 14.7 \\ & 16.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18: 1 \\ & 1750 \\ & 150.0 \\ & 20.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \cdot 6 \\ & \hline 25 \cdot 6 \\ & \hline 9,7 \\ & 28.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 1: 7 \\ & 1: 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \cdot 8 \cdot 8 \\ & \text { 30: } \\ & \text { an: } \\ & \hline 0 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \cdot 9 \\ & 37.9 \\ & \text { an: } \\ & 46 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and } 89.6 \\ & 38.0 \\ & 56 \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0: 8 \\ & 1: 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{1.7}{1.7}$ |
| Chemicals and allied industries eneral Pharmaceutical chemicals and prepa | $\begin{aligned} & 19.4 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \cdot 3 \\ 16.9 \\ 16 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \cdot 7 \\ & 12: 2 \\ & 19.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.6 \\ & \substack{25 \\ 250} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \cdot 1: 3 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 3 \\ & 3.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \cdot 2 \\ & 30.2 \\ & 37.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \cdot 4 \\ & \hline 535 \\ & \hline 350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 52 \cdot 5 \\ 57 \cdot 1 \\ 53 \cdot 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \cdot 3 \\ & 68 \cdot 8.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1:1 |  |
| Metal manufacture Iron and ste and steel (general) | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \cdot 5 \\ & 13,5 \\ & 13.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15: 0 \\ & 155 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | 17.6 17.9 | 21.4 |  | ( $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.6\end{aligned}$ |  | 36.8 37.5 37 | 41.0. | $\begin{aligned} & 47.5 \\ & 4995 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 55.9 \\ 60.2 \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \cdot 3 \\ & 67.0 \\ & 68 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | 1:19 |  |

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Table 53 （continued）Median，quartiles and deciles of gross weekly and hourly earnings of full－time non－manual women，by industry， April 1972
（This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 46）

| Industry | Cross weefly earnings of employees whose parwas not affected by |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cross hourly earnings of employees，including those |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {L }}{ }_{\text {Lower }}$ quartile | Median ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Unper }}^{\text {quartie }}$ | ${ }^{\text {Highest }}$ decie | Standa |  | Lewest | ${ }_{\text {Lexer }}^{\text {Luartile }}$ | edia | $\xrightarrow{\text { Upper }}$ quartil | Highest | Standa |  |
|  | $\chi_{\text {per week }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {per }}^{\substack{\text { Per } \\ \text { cent．}}}$ | new pence per hour |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {newe }}$ pence | ${ }_{\text {per }}^{\text {per }}$ cent． |
| Mechanical engineering Other machinery Other mechanical engineering n．e．s． | $\begin{aligned} & 12.6 \\ & 13.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.5 \\ & 15.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.7 \\ & 77.9 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.7 \\ & 20.7 \\ & 20.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 0 \\ & 1: 8 \\ & : 7.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38.0 .9 \\ & 36 \cdot 9 \\ & 36.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 415.5 \\ & 42.6 \\ & 42.4 \end{aligned}$ | 47．28 |  | $65 \cdot 9$ 654.4 64 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | 1：\％ |
| Instrument engineering | 13.5 | 16.1 | 18.5 | 22.1 | 22 | 0.4 | 2.2 | ${ }^{35} 8$ | 43.2 | 48.5 | 59.0 | 72.9 | 1.3 | 2.6 |
| Electrical engineering rical machinery | 14.8 | $16 \cdot 3$ | 18.6 | 22.5 | 25.8 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 38,9 39,0 | ${ }_{4}^{43.2}$ | ${ }_{45}^{49} .8$ | 59：2 | 68．2 | 0.6 | 1.8 |
| Vehicles <br> Motor vehicle manufacturing Aerospace equipment manufacturing and repairing | ${ }_{1}^{14.7}$ | 1771 | ${ }^{19.5}$ | ${ }_{24}^{23.5}$ | ${ }_{28.7}^{28.1}$ | 0.3 0.6 | 1．7 | ${ }^{39} 8.6$ | ${ }_{45}^{45} 4$ | 54.9 54.3 | ${ }_{6}^{61.9}$ | ${ }^{74.3}$ | 0：6 | 3．2 |
|  | 16.1 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 22.3 | 28.2 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 41.2 | $46 \cdot 1$ | 51.1 | 57．2 | 73.9 | 0.9 | 1.7 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified Metal industries n．e．s Textiles | ${ }_{13}^{13.4}$ | ${ }_{15}^{15.1}$ | 17.2 | ${ }_{20.1}^{19.7}$ | ${ }_{24}^{23.9}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.3}$ | 1：38 |  | 40.9 42.0 | 46.3 46.8 | ${ }_{5}^{53.0} 5$ | ${ }_{6}^{63.5}$ | 0.5 | 1．5 |
|  | 11. | 14.0 | 16.7 | 19.6 | 24.0 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 31.8 | ${ }^{37} \cdot 3$ | 44.6 | 52.5 | ${ }^{63} 3$ | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Clothing and footwear Clothing <br> Bricks，pottery，glass，cement，etc <br> Timber，furniture，etc <br> Paper，printing and publishing Printing and publishing Printing，publishing of newspapers Other printing，publishing，bookbinding， engraving，etc engraving，etc | 13：1 12.8 | 14.4 | ${ }_{16,3}^{16.9}$ | ${ }_{19}^{20.1}$ | 25．9 | 0．3 | 1.9 | ${ }_{32}^{33.5}$ | 38.9 <br> 37.5 | ${ }_{4}^{45} \mathbf{4} \mathbf{4}$ | cis ${ }_{5}^{53.0}$ | 670．6 | 0．8 | ${ }^{1.8}$ |
|  | 1 | $5 \cdot 9$ | 18.0 | 21.5 | 25.5 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 35.8 | 42.2 | 47.2 | 58.5 | 66.4 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
|  | 12.5 | 14.0 | 16.5 | 19.0 | 23.5 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 33.0 | 37.4 | 45.1 | 49.9 | 64.5 | 0.9 | 1.9 |
|  | ${ }_{13.2}^{13.2}$ | 15．9 | 19.7 | ${ }_{\text {251：}}^{25}$ | ${ }^{32} \mathbf{3 2 . 7}$ | ${ }^{0.4}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2} 2$ | 35．2． | ${ }_{4}^{43} \mathbf{4} / 6$ | 53：8 ${ }_{\text {ck }}^{48}$ | cos．68.8 <br> 58.2 | cis． 8 | 2． |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.13: 1 \\ & 13.4 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 2 \\ & 16.5 \\ & 16.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{0.6}$ | ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 57．8． | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{74 .}$ | ${ }_{99}^{94.3}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2} 3$ | $3: 4$ 5.7 |
|  | 13.4 | 16. | 19.6 | ${ }^{23.6}$ | 27.9 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 34.5 | 42.3 | 52．2 | 66.2 | 78.5 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
|  | 13.4 | 15.1 | 17.6 | 20.5 | 24.3 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 35.6 | 40.3 | 46.7 | 54．8 | 64.9 |  | 1.6 |
| Construction | 12.3 | 14．8 | ${ }^{17} 3$ | 21.6 | 25.5 | 0.4 | 2.1 | ${ }^{32 \cdot 2}$ | 39.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas，electricity and water Electricity | （12．2 | lis．9 |  |  |  | － $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.7\end{aligned}$ | li． |  | 49．3． S2 46.4 | 58.6 50．6 54.2 | 69.7 <br> 9.7 <br> 66.6 | 碞 $\begin{aligned} & 80.3 \\ & 80.6 \\ & 79.2\end{aligned}$ | 0．6 | 1.0 0.6 0.6 |
| Transport communication <br>  Miscellineous transport servicese and storage | 14．4．4 |  | ${ }_{24}^{22.2}$ | 26：8 | 30．5 | 0.2 | 2：4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ， |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{43} 5$ | 52．8 | 60．8 |  |  | 1．8 |  |
|  | （13．2 | ${ }_{16}^{20 \cdot 1}$ | ${ }^{22} 2$. | ${ }_{23}^{27.9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distributive trades <br> Wholesale distribution of food and drink <br>  Retail distritiotion of food and drink Deainher retainal，disitibution tors materials， Dealing in otrier induusustrial materals and machinery | 10.7 10 1.6 1.6 |  | 14.8 <br> 17.8 <br> 16.8 <br> 16.6 | 17.9 21： 21： 20.0 |  | 0.1 0.2 $0: 4$ 0.3 |  |  |  | － 37.4 |  | 58.7 <br> $\substack{59.9 \\ 69.9 \\ 67.4 \\ \hline}$ | 0.7 1.1 0.8 |  |
|  | 11.2 10.6 10.3 | 13：5 | $16: 6$ 14.5 14.2 | 20．0． 15.9 15.9 |  | 0.1 0.1 0.1 | － 0.5 | 边 27.3 | － 31.7 | $\underset{\substack{36.6 \\ 35.4}}{\substack{4 \\ \hline}}$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\substack{43.6 \\ 39 \\ \hline 5}}$ | cis | O．1 | O． 0.6 0.4 0 |
|  | 10.3 10.7 | 112：5 | ${ }_{14}^{14.6}$ | 17．5 | 21.7 21.7 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 27.3 | 32.1 | 37．1 | 45.0 | 55.8 63.4 |  | 0.4 3.0 |
|  | 11.5 | 13.3 | 15.6 | 18.5 | 24.5 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 29.2 | $34 \cdot 9$ | 41.4 | 47.3 | 69.0 | 1.1 | 3.0 2.2 |
|  |  | 14.7 | 17.5 | 21.6 | 25.0 | 0.5 | 2.8 | 32.2 | 39.9 | 48.4 | 57．7 | 69.0 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
| Insurance，banking，finance and business services Insurance <br> Banking and bill discounting <br> Property owning and managing，etc Central offices not allocable elsewhere | $\begin{aligned} & 13: 4 \\ & 13.4 \\ & 13.0 \\ & 11.8 \\ & 12.7 \\ & 15.1 \end{aligned}$ | （16．5 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  | 36．8． |  | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ & 55.7 \\ & 54.7 \\ & 54.5 \\ & 52.9 \\ & 64.9 \end{aligned}$ | 70.8 70.6 70.9 sf： 67： 78.1 |  | 0.5 0.8 0.7 $1: 2$ $1: 4$ 2.0 2.0 | 0．9 |
| Professional and scientific services Accountancy services Legal services <br> Medical and dental services <br> Research and development services Other professional and scientific services | 15：1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |
|  | 12 | 23．8． | 29．75 | 20．1． |  |  | 0．8 | co． | － |  |  | cine | 1．19 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 44.6 \\ & \hline 14: \\ & 13: 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28.3 \\ & 20 . \\ & 26.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \cdot 9 \\ & 32 \cdot 9 \\ & 32 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | －75：8 | － | 2 | 3．1 |
| Miscellaneous services <br> Cinemas，theatres，radio，etc <br> Betting and gambling <br> Hotels and other residential establishments <br> Motor repairers，distributors，garages，and <br> Other services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 12.6 | le． 16.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 31.7 | 42.0 |  |  | 1．4 $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1．4 } \\ & \text { 0．5 } \\ & 1.5\end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | -10.6 <br> 10.9 | ${ }_{13}^{13.4}$ | 16．4 | 20.2 | ${ }_{25} 5$ |  |  | 26.6 | 30.8 | 41.6 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{18}^{13 \cdot 3}$ | ${ }_{2}^{15.5}$ | ${ }^{18} 7.9$ | 214．70 | 0．34 | 2.0 |  | 33 47 47 | ${ }^{40.3}$ | 47.5 73.6 | S62．4 | 0：8 | 1．9 |
| Public administration National government service Local government service | 16.3 | 19.9 10.9 18.9 | 23．3． | － $\begin{aligned} & 28.5 \\ & 27.5 \\ & 27\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{35}^{34}$ |  | 0．5 |  | （is $\begin{gathered}53.7 \\ 49.4 \\ 49\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | （e．5 |


|  | ${ }_{\substack{\text { South } \\ \text { East }}}^{\text {Ster }}$ | Lreater |  | $\underset{\text { East }}{\text { Eaglia }}$ | West | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Weidt } \\ \text { Mand } \\ \text { lands } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { East } \\ & \text { Tand } \\ & \text { and } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { York- } \\ & \text { Yinre } \\ & \text { Sind } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { berside } \end{aligned}$ | North | North | Wales | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Scot－}}}^{\text {land }}$ | $\underset{\text { Gritain }}{\text { Great }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 16.555 \\ \hline 3.0 \\ 0.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{9.4 .4 \\ 35.4 \\ 0.1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.81 \\ & 3301 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,900 \\ 290 \\ \hline 0.2 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.595 \\ & 30.7 \\ & \hline 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{6 \\ 34.2 \\ \hline 4.5} \\ 0.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4283 \\ 318.8 \\ 0.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.846 \\ & 31.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7370.5 \\ 320.5 \\ 0.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{952 \\ 30.2} \\ \hline 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.991 \\ 30.4 \\ \hline 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | ¢ 5.5 | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { a }}}_{\substack{5.17 \\ 38.8}}$ |
| All Index of Production <br> industries｜I－XXI Number in sample <br> Average weekly earnings（ $£$ ） Standard error $(£)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 936.7 \\ & 35.7 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.001 \\ & 38.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.30 \\ & 34.90 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1075.5 \\ & 30.5 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,207 \\ & j 20.3 \\ & \hline 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4565 \cdot 6 \\ & 350.6 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{3,17 \\ 30.0 \\ 0.2} \end{gathered}$ | （in ${ }_{\substack{4273 \\ 32.6}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bi.46 } \\ & 30.6 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { a }}}_{\substack{2.208 \\ 34.9}}$ | （i．65 |  |
| All manufacturing industries Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $£$ ） Standard error（ $£$ ） | $\begin{gathered} 6,92 \\ 86.2 \\ 0.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,5.01 \\ \substack{7!} \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,3! \\ & 35! \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3920. } \\ & 30.4 \\ & \hline 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,520 \\ & 33,4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4028 \\ & 30.28 \\ & \hline 0.28 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.168 \\ 30.7 \\ \hline 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.943 \\ 30.5 \\ \hline 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4191 \\ 38.5 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.773 \\ & 34.2 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,328 \\ & 35.6 \\ & \hline 0.3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{28,121 \\ \text { 30，} \\ 0.1}}$ |
|  <br> Averaze weekr <br> Standard error $(t)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.630 \\ & 32.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4,953 \\ 34.2 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.50 .7 \\ & 30.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.008 \\ 27.7 \\ \hline 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.075 \\ 28.7 \\ 0.7 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.194 \\ 30.4 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.115 \\ 30.6 \\ \hline 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{900 \\ 30.8 \\ \hline 0.2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,19.9 \\ 30.1 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\underbrace{2085}$ 30．6 | ¢ | （3，2．4 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2496 \\ & 2406 \\ & \hline 0.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28, \\ & 24.5 \\ & \hline 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | $\begin{gathered} 108 \\ 24.5 \\ \hline 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.7 \\ & 23 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 950 \\ 25:{ }_{20}^{7} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \cdot 4 \\ & 31: 22_{1}^{1} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 228 \\ \left.\begin{array}{c} 27.9 \\ 0.9 \end{array}\right) . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Mining and quarrying II Number in sample Standard error（ $£$ ） | ${ }_{\text {37 }}^{37} 1.3$ |  |  |  |  | （in174 <br> 3.7 <br> 0.6 | $\begin{gathered} 53.8 \\ 34.4 \\ 0.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 525 \\ 34 \cdot 4 \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{109 \\ 30.1} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 326 \\ \begin{array}{c} 34 \cdot 6 \\ 04: 5 \\ \hline \end{array} ⿳ 亠 口 子 \end{gathered}$ | （243 <br> 3.6 <br> 0.5 | ${ }_{\substack{2.527 \\ 34 . \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Food，drink and tobacco III Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $($ ） Standard error $(£)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35.9 \\ & 350.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37.0 \\ & 30.0 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.04 \\ & 34: 05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 146.6 \\ & 30.3 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 228 . \\ 320.1 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34.230 \\ & 34: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.4 \\ & 30.4 \\ & 30.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.1 \\ & 320! \\ & \hline 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \cdot 8 \\ & 34 \cdot 5 \\ & \hline 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \cdot 5 \\ & 30: 7 \end{aligned}$ | co． $\begin{gathered}77.4 \\ 31.8 \\ 0\end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Chemicals and alliedindustries$V$ Number in sample （t）Average weekly earrings（f） <br> Standard error（（t） | cos．35.4 <br> 35.5 <br> 0.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 35: 8 \\ & \hline 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | ¢14. <br> 34.8 <br> 0.8 |  | cis $\begin{gathered}\text { 34．2．} \\ 0.9\end{gathered}$ |  | 29．59 | $\begin{gathered} 1459 \\ 3506 \\ 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46,0 \\ & 36 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3568 \\ & 350: 5 \\ & \hline 0.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | ¢ | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{1.668 \\ 3.1 \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Metal manufacture VI Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $(\mathcal{I})$ Standard error $(\mathcal{L})$ |  | － $\begin{gathered}\text { 37．3．} \\ 0.9\end{gathered}$ | － 33.7 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5524 \\ & 35 \cdot 4 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 236 \\ 34.5 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 133 \\ 38.5 \\ 30.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.68 \\ & 38 \cdot 8 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | 308． | ${ }_{\substack{2.550 \\ 350.1 \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Mechanical engineering VII Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $t$ Standard error（ $(\mathcal{L}$ ） | $\begin{aligned} & 1,004 \\ & 34.7 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | cos337 <br> 34.8 <br> 0.5 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 12.8 \\ 30.5 \\ 0.7 \end{array}$ | ¢ | ${ }_{\substack{49.6 \\ 0.4}}^{\substack{\text { 34，}}}$ | ¢41.9 <br> 30.4 |  |  |  |  | S | ${ }_{\substack{4 \\ 33 \\ 30.4 \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Electrical engineering $1 \mathbf{X}$ Number in sample Average weekly earnings $(£)$ Standard error $(£)$ | $\begin{gathered} 820 \\ 3400 \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,3, \\ & 340.1 \\ & \hline 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | （in ${ }_{\substack{407 \\ 30.5}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.5 \\ & 30 \cdot 5 \\ & \hline .26 \end{aligned}$ | cor30．7 <br> 0.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 39.5 \\ & 34.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \cdot 9 \\ & 320 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 88.8 \\ 30.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 334 \\ & 320 \cdot 5 \\ & \hline 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \cdot 17 \\ & 34 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | cin78.4 <br> 1.0 |  | ${ }_{\substack{2,163 \\ 33 \\ 0.2}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ |
| Shipbuilding and ship <br> repairing $X$ ship Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $£$ ） Standard error（ $£$ ） |  |  | （178 $\begin{gathered}178 \\ 30.9 \\ 0.9\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1102 \\ & 37: 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 149 \\ 370.6 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 9.9 .1 \\ & 30.1 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | － $\begin{gathered}297 \\ 40.7 \\ 0.7\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 616.5 \\ 38.5 \\ 0.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.101 \\ & 35 \cdot 7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 96 \cdot 3 \\ 40.4 \\ 40.3 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { a }}}_{\substack{187 \\ 35.5}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 454 \\ & 36.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ 33.7 \\ 1 \cdot 1 \end{gathered}$ | （11． |  | ${ }_{\substack{3.506 \\ 38.9 \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Metal goods not elsewhere <br>  Average weekr Standard terror（f） | $\begin{gathered} 50.3 \\ 30.3 \\ \hline 0.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.5 \\ & 30.5 \\ & \hline 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2588 \\ & 34.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 659 \\ & 35.19 \\ & \hline 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11010 \\ & 320: 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 63 \cdot 6 \\ & 31 \cdot 6 \\ & 1 \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32.6 \\ & 32.6 \end{aligned}$ | cor $\begin{gathered}11.1 \\ 32.2 \\ 0.9\end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\substack{2.123 \\ 30.7 \\ 0.2}}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\text {32，}}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 34:8 } \\ & 34: 8 \\ & 1: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 302 \\ 30.6 \\ 30.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 459 \\ 30.3 \\ \hline 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | － $\begin{gathered}\text { 29．6．} \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 34: } \\ & 31: 0 \\ & 1: 0 \end{aligned}$ | cis34， <br> 0.8 | $\begin{gathered} 166 \\ 29.1 \\ \hline 0.6 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\substack{1.806 \\ 30.2 \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Clothing and footwear $X V$ Number in sample Standard error（ $£$ ） | $\begin{gathered} 1.17 \\ 20.4 \\ 0.9 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 35.7 \\ & 31:-8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 119 \\ 20: 8 \\ 20: 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.7 \\ & 20.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 77.8 \\ 27: 9 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 29.6 \\ 36.7 \\ 0.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 75.5 \\ 350.5 \\ 0.9 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{2} \begin{aligned} & 21.8 \\ & 30.7\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | － $\begin{gathered}120 \\ 34.5 \\ 0.7\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 188 \\ 34.4 \\ \hline 0.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3519 \\ & 350.9 \end{aligned}$ | com73.7 <br> $1: 0$ |  |  |  |
| Timber，furniture，etc．XVII Average weekly earnings（ $£$ ） andard error（ $£$ | co． $\begin{gathered}390 \\ 34.5 \\ 0.5\end{gathered}$ | （157 <br> 35．4 <br> 0.8 |  |  |  | 31．0． $\begin{aligned} & \text { 36 } \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ |  | $\xrightarrow{29.5}$ |  | $\substack{55 \\ 27.0 \\ 7 \\ \hline 0}$ |  | com28， <br> $1: 0$ | （1，1,028 <br> 0.6 <br> 0.6 |


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|  |  | ${ }^{37} 9$ <br> $\underbrace{}_{\substack{158 \\ b_{8} \\ \hline}}$ |  | ${ }^{3} 8$ |  | 3：\％ |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 5$ |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  | $\xlongequal{\substack{3,37 \\ 30.9 \\ 0}}$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{2 \pi}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 537 \\ & 304 \\ & 304 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} & 19298 \\ & 3808 \end{aligned}$ | $\substack{4005 \\ 30.5}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 7828 \\ { }_{30}^{28} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | （en |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{10} 5$ | ${ }^{195}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{\substack{50 \\ 3.5}}^{\substack{50}}$ |  | cis | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | com |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{11}$ | ${ }^{\text {cis }}$ | $\underset{\substack{3.5 \\ 204 \\ \hline \\ \hline}}{ }$ | ${ }^{2} 8$ |  | ${ }_{20}^{24.5}$ | ${ }_{\substack{285 \\ 7.5}}^{2}$ |  | ${ }^{30}$ | ${ }^{2.85}$ | 20， |  | coin |
|  |  | ${ }^{30} 8$ |  | ${ }_{25}^{5 \%}$ | ${ }_{2085}^{2 / 4}$ | ${ }^{2} 8$. |  | ${ }_{\substack{129 \\ 0.8}}$ | ${ }^{23} 8$ | ${ }^{2}{ }^{10}$ | ${ }^{2.8}$ | ${ }_{205}^{2, \frac{12}{3}}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2 \times 8.4}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{2989}$ | ${ }^{2506}$ | ${ }^{188}$ |  |  | ${ }^{2.8}$ |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{29} 9$ | cos | ${ }^{24}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{250}$ |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{155}$ |  |  |  |

Average gross weekly earnings of full－time non－manual men，by industry group within region，April 1972 （This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 60 ）
FULL－TIME NON－MANUAL MEN，aged 21 and over，whose pay was not affected by absence．APRIL 1972

| （18） | somt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wout | North | wates | somd | gimat |
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|  | ${ }^{12185}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{2 \\ 0 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4 \\ 4}}$ | ${ }^{3085}$ | （18\％ | ${ }^{2129}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {d }}^{12}$ | 2n 21 |  |
|  |  | 2e | ${ }^{2989}$ |  |  | ${ }^{19}$ | 8.9 |  | cin |  | 新名 | 枵 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |
|  |  | $\xrightarrow{188}$ | ${ }^{2198}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 8$ | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{818}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{280}$ | ${ }^{1090}$ |
|  | ${ }^{\text {2）}}$ | （ays |  |  | ${ }^{1165}$ |  | ${ }^{1}$ | （198 | ${ }_{\substack{258 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 4}}$ | ¢ | ${ }^{\text {20．5 }}$ | （1928 |  |
|  |  |  | \％${ }^{3,7}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{218}$ | $\underset{\substack{108 \\ 180}}{10}$ |  | $1{ }^{1 / 4}$ |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{495}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ） | 40\％ |  | 5 |  |
|  | 梏 |  |  |  | （20） | 哏哏！ | ${ }^{108}$ |  |  |  |  | \％ | 1320 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{88}^{81}$ | ${ }_{312}^{108}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ | 4185 |  |
|  | ${ }^{2,069}$ | 边 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{373}$ | ${ }^{293}$ |  |  |  |
| errof（ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1}$ | \％ | （1095 | ${ }^{149}$ | ${ }^{3,74}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{3,25}$ |  | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{205}$ | ${ }^{2 \times 2}$ | \％ |  |
|  | ${ }^{1090}$ | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{1,19}$ | \％ |  | ${ }^{389}$ | ， 3 | 砣 | ${ }_{\text {coin }}^{20}$ | ${ }^{598}$ | ${ }^{278}$ | ${ }^{238}$ | 515 | 484． |


|  | Sout |  |  |  | wout |  |  |  | Notet | North | wates |  | ，¢，¢ratain |
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|  |  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{169}$ | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{17}$ |  |  | 吅枵， | 10\％1 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{118}$ | （1080 | ${ }_{\substack{785 \\ 68.2}}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{169}$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {lex }}^{10}$ | ${ }_{6}^{17}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\text {\％}}$ | ${ }^{278}$ | ${ }^{70}$ | ${ }^{180}$ | 1208 |  | $\underset{\substack{298 \\ 0.3 \\ 0}}{2}$ | ${ }_{\square}^{78 \%}$ | ？ 19 |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| （e） |  |  |  | ${ }^{\circ 108}$ |  |  | ${ }^{7}$ | ${ }_{\substack{7 \\ 0.2}}^{7}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{12}{2020} \\ & \hline 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{17}$ | ${ }^{19}$ |
| All non－manufacturing industries $1,11, \times \times-\times \times$ VII Number in sample Average weekly earnings $(£)$ Standard error $(£)$ | － | 9\％8 | ${ }_{8}^{87}$ | cot | ${ }^{32}$ |  |  | ${ }^{189}$ | ${ }^{60}$ |  | ${ }^{185}$ | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\text {\％}}$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{10.75}$ | ${ }^{20.7}$ | 28.0 |  | ${ }^{18.7}$ | ${ }^{\text {\％}} 0.5$ | ${ }^{18.5}$ | ${ }^{18.5}$ | ${ }_{\text {log }}^{\text {log }}$ | ${ }_{16.5}^{18.5}$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{169}$ | ${ }_{\text {dis }}^{8.8}$ |
|  |  |  | $\overbrace{0,5}^{s, 5}$ |  |  | ${ }^{258}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical engineering $I X$ Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $f$ ） Standard |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{183}$ | \％ 18 |  | ${ }_{20}^{20.4}$ | \％ 1 \％ 1 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {吅 } 98}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24.4 \\ & 6.3 \\ & 6.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $0.8$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Textiles XIII } \\ & \text { Number in sample } \\ & \text { Average weekly earnings ( }(\mathcal{I}) \\ & \text { Standard error ( }(\text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 部： |
| Clothing and footwear $X V$ Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $($ ） Standard error $(f)$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{6} 9$ | ${ }^{1680}$ | ${ }^{205}$ | ${ }^{150}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2585}$ | ${ }^{108}$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{168}$ | ${ }_{\substack{12,08 \\ i .9}}^{\substack{12}}$ |
| Paey．，prinitin ned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％os |
| 为 | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Distributive trades XXIII } \\ & \text { Number in sample } \\ & \text { Average weekly earnings }(\underline{E}) \\ & \text { Standard error }(£) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }^{19} 9$ |  |  |  |  | \％\％ | ${ }^{108}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{69}$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {S }}^{1085}$ | ${ }^{245}$ | ${ }^{3 / 8}$ | ${ }_{158}^{585}$ | ${ }^{108}$ | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{10}$ | ${ }^{159}$ | ${ }_{185}^{185}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{10}$ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Miscellaneous services } \mathbf{X X V I} \\ & \text { Number in sample } \\ & \text { Average weekly earnings }(£) \\ & \text { Standard error }(£) \end{aligned}$ | ， |  | ${ }^{298}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{118}$ | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{178}$ | 11．6 | ， 180 | \％ 1.10 |  | ${ }^{198}$ |  |


| Torsere fisici | Sout | ${ }_{\text {cosemer }}^{\text {comer }}$ |  |  | wout | yent | cuma |  | Werth | North | wates | S．ayd |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1014}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack { 137 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{182{ 1 3 7 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 1 8 2 } } \\{0.2}\end{subarray}}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack { 3 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{3,9 \\ 0,2{ 3 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 3 , 9 \\ 0 , 2 } }\end{subarray}}$ |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
|  | $\underbrace{\substack{18 \\ 2020}}$ |  | cin | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {bit }}$ |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{7.24 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3}}{\substack{2 \\ \hline}}$ |  | ${ }^{19} 9$ | Bo |  |
|  |  | $\underset{\substack{2!5 \\ 2,5}}{5}$ | ${ }^{208}$ |  | ${ }^{2 \%}$ | ${ }^{\frac{2}{8} 8}$ | ${ }^{13}$ | 17.5 | \％ | ${ }_{\text {20，}}^{128}$ | ， | Big |  |
|  |  |  | $\underbrace{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2 \times 2.85}$ | ${ }_{\substack{110 \\ 0.8}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | （108 |  |  | ${ }^{10}$ |  |  | $\underbrace{18.8}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2,4 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | 18：6 | （10．8 | ${ }^{108}$ | 17\％ |  |  | ${ }^{80}$ |  |
| ectrical engineering IX Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $£$ ） Standard error $(f)$ | ${ }^{2}$ | 2i：8 | ${ }_{\substack{160 \\ 0.5}}^{\substack{160}}$ |  |  | ${ }^{18} 8.5$ |  |  | \％\％8 |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{50}$ | \％${ }^{219}$ |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{258}$ | 2.89 | ${ }^{20} 8.8$ | ${ }^{2} 8.8$ | $\underbrace{\substack{18}}_{\substack{115 \\ 0.6}}$ | \％ |  | ${ }^{10}$ | ${ }_{\substack { \text { a } \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{123 \\ 0.2{ \text { a } \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 1 2 3 \\ 0 . 2 } }\end{subarray}}$ |
|  | － | $\begin{gathered} 2,75 \\ 20.3 \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{720 \\ 0.20 \\ 0.20}}{7}$ | ${ }^{108}$ | $\stackrel{29}{20.3}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\substack{3 \\ 0 \\ 0}}$ |  | ， | ${ }_{6}^{198}$ | ${ }^{4} 8$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{1,198}$ | （1040 | ${ }^{138.5}$ | ${ }^{189}$ | 19:4 | 近 | $19 \%$ | ${ }_{108}^{1888}$ | ${ }^{20}$ | ${ }^{18.4}$ | （8：\％ |  | 認 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rvices XXV Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $£$ ） Standard error（ $($ ） |  |  |  |  | cis |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Cellaneous services XXVI Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $($ ） Standard error $(\boldsymbol{E})$ | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ | $\underbrace{3} 8$ |  |  | \％\％ | ${ }^{1 / 2}$ | ${ }^{19.8 .8 .85}$ | \％\％ |  | \％\％ |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ | ${ }^{1}$ |
| ublic administration XXVII Number in sample Average weekly earnings（ $($ ） |  |  | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\substack{4.4 \\ 6.4}}$ |  |  | ${ }^{129}$ |  | ${ }_{2}^{217.5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |


| forder fisic is） | Sime | Comeen |  | ${ }_{\text {Lumb }}^{\text {autin }}$ | swat | Nat |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yoror } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ | wotet | North | wates | Somi |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All industries and services $1-X X V$ III Number in sample | ${ }_{1}^{12981}$ | ${ }^{8,1515}$ | \％ 30.8 | ${ }^{18} 8$ |  | coize | \％98 | \％ix | ${ }^{898}$ | 40， | 3373 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underbrace{}_{\substack { \text { s．ag } \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{\text { gab }{ \text { s．ag } \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { \text { gab } } }\end{subarray}}$ | $\underbrace{}_{\substack { 3 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{3 \\ 0 \\ 0{ 3 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 } }\end{subarray}}$ |  | ciol |  | $\underset{\substack { \text { a } \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{298 \\ 04{ \text { a } \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 2 9 8 \\ 0 4 } }\end{subarray}}{ }$ |  |  |
|  | coin |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{485}$ |  | \％${ }^{4.90}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{3,2 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5}}$ |  | $\xrightarrow{2028}$ | ${ }^{1,9.9}$ |  |  |
| All non－manufacturing industries 1 ，II，$X X$－$X X V$ II Number in sample | ${ }^{0.24}$ | 5．1．7 | 479 | （107 |  | 2， | 22\％ | 3， |  |  | ， |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 楽 | so： | 啊 | 4 | 51．4 |  | Stic |  |  |  |
|  | $7$ |  | ${ }_{7}^{29}$ |  | ${ }^{2}{ }_{2}{ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {O }}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {2 }}^{2}$ | ${ }^{815}$ | ${ }^{80} 8$ | ${ }^{803}$ | ${ }^{80} 0_{5}^{80}$ |  | 8\％ |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{68.8}$ |  |  | ${ }^{168}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }_{6}$ | $\underset{\substack { 25 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{25 \\ \hline{ 2 5 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 2 5 \\ \hline } }\end{subarray}}{ }$ |  | ${ }_{\text {cise }}^{\text {cis }}$ |  | ${ }^{198}$ | ${ }_{615}^{6 / 5}$ |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\frac{3}{753}}$ | $\xrightarrow{160}$ | ${ }^{1968}$ | ${ }_{7} 9$ | $7{ }^{7} 46$ | ${ }^{8,8}$ | ${ }_{6} 68$ | ${ }_{215}^{153}$ | ${ }_{80} 8$ | 28 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $5{ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 管㐔 | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | \％ |  | $7 \%$ |  | ， |  |  |  |
| echanical engineering VII Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error（p） | ${ }^{1 \times 2}$ |  |  | 吅 | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{6}$ |  | ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | ， |  |  |  |
| The |  | ， 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6is |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical engineering IX Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error（ $p$ ） | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\substack{\text { \％} \\ \hline 0.6}}$ | ${ }_{\text {ckis }}^{\substack{\text { cis }}}$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{65}$ | \％${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\mathrm{cis}_{6} \mathrm{~m}_{6}$ | ， | cis | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {nit }}$ | \％ | 管 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Shipbuilding and ship } \\ & \text { repairing X } \\ & \text { Number in sample } \\ & \text { Average hourly earnings (p) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {and }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 葹产 | ${ }^{19}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ， |  |  |  | \％1： | \％ 2196 |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\substack{176 \\ 126}}$ | \％${ }_{\text {\％}}^{6}$ | ${ }_{72.1}^{77_{2,5}^{7}}$ | \％ | ${ }_{\text {d }}^{4}$ |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{0.8}$ |  |  | 7， 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{7.7}{7.9} 9 . \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{20.6}$ | ${ }^{3} 8$ | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{6}$ | ${ }_{2}$ |  |  |  |
| tiles XIII Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{688}^{688}$ |  | ${ }_{2}^{6{ }_{2}^{57}}$ | \％ | 迷 | \％ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ng and footwear XV } \\ & \text { mber in sample } \\ & \text { erage hourly earnings (p) } \\ & \text { indard error ( } \mathrm{p} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\frac{7}{26} 9}$ |  | 翟 | ${ }_{6} 978$ | ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％o8 |  |  |  |


|  | ${ }_{\substack{\text { South } \\ \text { East }}}$ | Londor |  | $\underset{\text { East }}{\text { Anglia }}$ | West | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wegest } \\ \text { lands } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { East } \\ & \text { East } \\ & \text { Hand } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { York- } \\ & \text { Sorire } \\ & \text { Sine } \\ & \text { hams } \\ & \text { berside } \end{aligned}$ | West | North | Wales | Scot－ | ${ }_{\text {Great }}^{\text {Gritain }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Timber，furniture，etc．XVII Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error（p） | $\begin{aligned} & 7270 \\ & 70.9 \\ & \hline 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 172 \\ 75: 4 \\ 1 / 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{255}{71.4}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7.84 \\ & 6.8 \\ & \hline 18.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7700 \\ & 67: 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 674 \\ & 68: 4 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ 65: 3 \\ 6.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 140.0 \\ & 6: 50 \\ & \hline 6: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.58 \\ & 6.9 \\ & \hline 2.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{1}^{60.9}$ | ${ }_{\substack{1 \\ \hline 8.136 \\ 0.5}}$ |
| Paper，printing and publishing XVill Number in sample Average hourly earnings（ $p$ ） Standard error（p） | $\begin{aligned} & 974.4 \\ & 9.1 \\ & \hline 1.1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 549 \\ 8: 9 \\ 8: 0 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {81／5 }}^{17.5}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 75: 5 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.91 \\ & \hline 2.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 369.9 \\ & 821: 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.74 \\ & 8.4 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{242}{74: 2} \\ & 1: 2 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\substack{2.243 \\ 8.6 \\ 0.6}}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 352 \\ 75: 0 \\ \hline 1: 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 10.4 \\ 70.4 \\ 10.3 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \cdot 5 \\ & \hline 2.5 \\ & \hline 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 77.0 \\ & 671.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20.1 \\ & 70.4 \\ & \hline 0.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.9 \\ & 7.9 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 70.2 } \\ & \hline 0 . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.98 \\ & \hline 9.9 \\ & \hline 9.7 \end{aligned}$ | 1.245 <br> 73.6 <br> 0.6 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,919 \\ & 68,1 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87.4 \\ & 78.4 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.037 \\ & 65.8 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58.8 \\ 58.7 \\ 0.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 507 \\ & 60.20 .2 \\ & \hline 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 562 \\ 65: 2 \\ 60.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 432 \\ 64: 8 \\ 6.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 689 \\ 689 \\ 6.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 819 \\ 60.9 \\ \hline 0.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59.2 \\ 60.1 \\ \hline 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | （ 58.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 985 \\ & 6305 \\ & 60.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7.69 .9 \\ \hline 6.9 \\ \hline 6.2 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | ${ }^{54.4} \begin{aligned} & \text { 70．4．} \\ & 0.7\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ 79.1 \\ 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.4 \\ & 70.9 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 74.93 \\ & \hline 10.5 \end{aligned}$ | 込137 <br> 1.6 <br> 1.6 | $\begin{gathered} 1,18: 87 \\ 80: 7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76.169 \\ & \hline 164 \\ & \hline 16 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 154.154 \\ 7513 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77.7 \\ & \hline 7.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 78.4 \\ 7: 94 \\ \hline 8.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\xrightarrow{130} 77.7$ | ${ }_{\substack{1.575 \\ \hline 7.4 \\ 0.4}}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2776 \\ 78.2 \\ 0.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,722 \\ & 80.4 \\ & \hline 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,024 \\ \substack{3 \\ \hline \\ 0.7} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 197 \\ 68.0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{512 \\ 71.8 \\ 0.9}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} 360 \\ 6606 \\ 60.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60.6 \\ 70.5 \\ \hline 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1010.6 \\ & \substack{20.4 \\ 0.7} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 385 \\ & 671: 2 \\ & \hline 7.0 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | ¢769 <br> 0.6 <br> 0.6 | ${ }_{\substack{7,399 \\ 73.2 \\ 0.2}}$ |
| Distributive trades $\times$ XIII <br> Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error（p） | $\begin{gathered} 1,67 \\ 60.6 \\ \hline 0.6 \\ \hline 0.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5989 \\ 6909 \\ 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 569 \\ 630 \\ 0.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 135 \\ 58: 6 \\ 58: 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26.2 \\ 50.3 \\ \hline 0.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 255 \\ 63.0 \\ 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24.9 \\ 59.7 \\ 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 308 \\ 570.8 \\ 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 39.8 \\ 59.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 167.5 \\ 58: 5 \\ \hline 1.2 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\substack{122 \\ 64.9}}$ | 529． 50.9 | （ $\begin{gathered}3.353 \\ 6.7 \\ 0.3\end{gathered}$ |
| Professional and sientific services $X \mathrm{X} \mathrm{V}$ <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 696 \\ & 696 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\substack{597 \\ 9: 8}}{\text { a }}$ | ${ }_{\text {cki }}^{1 / 29}$ | $\begin{gathered} 150.20 . \\ 60.1 \\ \hline 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 81 \\ 571: 5 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\substack{134 \\ 58.1}}^{\text {58．2 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{222} \mathbf{6 0 8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 108.5 \\ & 571: 50 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{9}^{99.3}$ | （170． | （1870 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1,135 \\ 50: 6 \\ 0.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59.2 \\ 61: 0 \\ \hline 1: 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 543 \\ 50.7 \\ 50.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53: 6 \\ & 5: 56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1900 \\ & 54: 5 \\ & \hline 1: 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 61: 2 \\ & 1_{2}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 559 \\ & 56 \cdot 6 \\ & 5 \cdot 6 \\ & \hline 6 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 569.59.7 } \\ & 56.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5500 \\ & 56: 6 \\ & \hline: 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1400 \\ & 56: 50 \end{aligned}$ | $59.1$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { 56，} \\ 51.5}}^{1.0}$ | ${ }_{\substack{2.666 \\ 57.4 \\ 0.4}}$ |
| Public administration XXVII Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error $(p)$ Standard error（p） | $\begin{aligned} & 1041 \\ & 60.4 \\ & \hline 0.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 541 \\ 609 \\ 6.9 \\ \hline .7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ 60.3 \\ \hline 0.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51: 4 . \\ 51: 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.7 \\ & 57.7 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21.5 \\ & 61.6 \\ & 6.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 163 \cdot 9 \\ 50.9 \\ \hline .8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58: 6 \\ & 58: 8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 310.0 \\ & 50.4 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 163 \\ & 50.7 \\ & 50.7 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ $\begin{gathered}159 \\ 5.9 \\ 0.7\end{gathered}$ | ¢59， <br> 0.8 <br> 0.8 | 20．18 |

1150 DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE
Table 59 Average gross hourly earnings of full－time non－manual men，by industry group within region，April 1972 （This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 64）
FULL－TIME NON－MANUAL MEN，aged 21 and over，including those whose pay was affected by absence

|  | South | ${ }_{\text {Grenter }}^{\text {Lirater }}$ | $\substack{\text { South } \\ \text { East } \\ \text { Iarcleter } \\ \text { Groter } \\ \text { London }}$ | $\underset{\text { Anglia }}{\text { East }}$ | Sest | $\begin{aligned} & \text { wost } \\ & \text { Hand } \\ & \text { and } \end{aligned}$ | East <br> fands <br> fands | $\begin{aligned} & \text { York- } \\ & \text { Yoric } \\ & \text { Shicu } \\ & \text { Aumide } \\ & \text { bersis } \end{aligned}$ | Nerth | North | Wales |  | $\underset{\text { Grat }}{\text { Gritai }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

All industries and services

All Index of Production
 Average hourly earnings（p）
Standar deror（（ $)$
All manufacturing industries
 Averae hourly earr
Standard derro（p）
All non－manufacturing
in
Nustrics
Nub



Electrical engineering
Number in
sample
IX Averber in inamper earnings（p）
Stand dard error（p） vehicles $\times 1$
 Transport and communicatio

Distributive trades $\times$ XIII

Professional and scientific
services $X X V$

Public administration XXYII


|  | $\xrightarrow{\text { risit }}$ |  | \％ํำ | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | \％oiz | \％ | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{1 \times 1}$ | 200 |  | 19993 |  | ：${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2104 | ${ }_{\text {ind }}^{\text {in }}$ |  |  | \％is | \％ | \％${ }_{2}$ | \％rif | 16 | \％ | \％${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\text {cil }}$ |  |  |  |
| 1 | ${ }^{172}$ | 哏路 |  | ${ }^{\text {vid }}$ |  |  |  | ， | 1909 | \％10 | \％ | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 辣： | 既 | \％${ }_{4}$ |  |  |  | 孉 |  | \％ | 为 |  |  | \％ |
| ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | \％ | ？ |  | ${ }^{4}$ | ，${ }^{\frac{21}{2}}$ | \％ | 年 |  | \％ | \％ |
| 箷 | ${ }_{\text {，}}^{\text {，}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％aim | \％${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 星 |  | 发 |  |
| 戍品 | ${ }^{468}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \％${ }_{2}^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{19}$ |  |  |  | \％ |  |  | \％ | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ | ？ |
| 唯 | ${ }^{2, y}$ | \％ |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {\％28 }}$ | ） | \％ | ${ }^{2}$ | $\frac{z^{2}}{2}$ |  |  |  |
| \％ | \％ | 吅唯 |  |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\text {\％}}$ |  |  | un | \％ | ${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | 旡 |  | \％ | 啘 |
|  | 嚁 | \％ | ， | \％${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 咢 |  |  | \％ | \％${ }^{3 \%}$ |  |  | 磪 |  |

DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE
Table 60 Average gross hourly earnings of full－time manual women，by industry group within region，April 1972 （This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 65）

|  | Sout |  |  |  | Wext |  |  |  | Weoth | North | Wates | Simit | fintit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{3} 8$ | ${ }^{1,189} 8$ | ${ }^{1925}$ | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{3}$ |  | ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{120}$ | 4090 | citisi |  | ${ }^{8}$ | （197\％ | \％ |
|  | ${ }^{1989}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0,0_{0}^{\prime} \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | ${ }^{297}$ |  | 哏哏 |  | （1094 | 管 |
|  |  | $\%^{\circ} \%$ | $\underbrace{198}$ | ${ }^{218}$ |  |  | 等等 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }_{\substack{145 \\ 0 \\ 0}}$ | ${ }^{8.8}$ |  |  | 9289 |
|  | ${ }^{1,98}$ | 路 | ${ }^{\text {mig }}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {H0，}}^{\text {and }}$ | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{3.9 \\ 309}}$ |  |  | 539 |
|  |  | 吅： |  | ${ }_{4}^{4.1}$ | ${ }^{\text {㫛 }}$ | 48 | ${ }_{4}^{498}$ | \％ |  | ${ }^{1 / 4}$ |  | ${ }^{29}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5_{2}^{202} \\ y_{i, i}^{2} \end{gathered}$ |  | \％ 8 |  |  |  |  |  | $5$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {log }}^{\substack{\text { dig } \\ 0}}$ |  |  |  | 4088 | ${ }_{15}^{198}$ | ${ }^{4.8}$ | ${ }^{187}$ | 46． | ${ }_{4}^{4} 1$ | ${ }^{85}$ | ${ }^{12285}$ |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified XII Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error（p） |  | 4， 4 | ${ }_{0}^{0.5}$ |  |  | $40,5$ |  | 易 | 霍 |  |  |  |  |
| Textiles XIII Number in sample Average hourly earnings（p） Standard error（p） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $4^{15}$ |  | \|l |  |
|  | ${ }^{298}$ | \％100 | ， |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ | coid |  | cis | － | ${ }^{40.1}$ | litis | （1217 |
|  | 20 | \％9\％ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{106 \\ 206}}{\substack{106}}$ |  |  | ${ }^{4}$ | \％ |
|  |  | ${ }_{42}^{43}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 4， 17. |  |  |  |  |
| tributive trades XXIII Number in sample Average hourly earnings（ $p$ ） Standard error（ p ） |  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{0.5}$ |  |  | ${ }_{80}^{89}$ |  | ${ }^{3,18}$ | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | $3^{474}$ | 3 |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{4.6}$ | ${ }^{3.14} 9$ | ${ }^{129} 8$ | ${ }^{89}$ |  | 管： 0 | dita | ）${ }_{\text {as }}^{\text {ab }}$ |  |  |
| ，ine im |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}{ }^{69}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{1 \\ 1858}}$ |


|  | South | Comoter |  |  | Suet | $\substack{\text { Matat } \\ \text { cimat }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yorer } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | West | wit | North | wates | sind | cimat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{102}$ | ${ }_{\text {20，}}^{\substack{205 \\ 305}}$ | ${ }^{16} 5$ |  |  |  |  | （100 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{168}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{39}$ | ${ }^{1519}$ | 9， 9 | ${ }_{\substack { 56 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{56 \\ 0.6{ 5 6 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 5 6 \\ 0 . 6 } }\end{subarray}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{126}$ | ${ }_{96}^{24}$ | ${ }^{68}$ |  | ， |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\substack{85 \\ 0.7}}$ |  | sit | ，${ }^{\text {and }}$ |  |
|  | $\xrightarrow{\substack{72 \\ \hline g_{4} \\ \hline}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{465 \\ 765}}^{4}$ |  | 59\％ |  | ${ }^{16}$ | ${ }_{\text {coid }}^{10}$ | \％ |  | ， | $\xrightarrow[\substack { 1,162 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{10{ 1 , 1 6 2 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 1 0 } }\end{subarray}]{ }$ | \％ | ${ }^{20} 9$ | 20， |
|  | ${ }^{1 / 2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1 / 1 / 5}$ | ${ }_{\substack{5 \\ 520}}^{\substack{68}}$ |  |  | －4．9\％ |  | $4{ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | \％ |  |
|  |  | $x_{2,8}^{8,24}$ | \％ |  |  | nitis | \％s．9 | ${ }^{5 / 5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | cit |  |  |  | ${ }^{19}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  | \％\％\％ | ${ }_{\text {sis }}^{\text {sig }}$ |  |  | ${ }^{181}$ | ${ }_{512}^{5.8}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1 / 2}$ |  | ${ }^{710} 9$ | ${ }^{1068}$ | ${ }_{3}^{258}$ | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | cis | \％ 3.8 | ${ }_{5}^{20}$ | cis |  |
|  | ${ }^{10} 9$ | ${ }^{1092}$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{3}$ | 59\％${ }^{6}$ | ${ }_{\text {sild }}{ }^{1 / 4}$ | ${ }^{169}$ | Sis | ${ }^{190}$ |  | （1） | ${ }_{51}^{518}$ | ${ }^{2} 8$ | ${ }_{\text {ck }}^{\substack{18 \\ 18}}$ | 2080 |
|  | 20， |  | ${ }^{1989}$ | ${ }_{\text {，}}^{180}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}^{7}$ | 品 |  | － | ${ }_{42}^{4}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ¢ 6 | ${ }^{\text {cose }}$ |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{48}$ | \％or |  |  |  | ${ }^{41}$ |  |  | ？ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ublic administration XXVII } \\ & \text { Number in sample } \\ & \text { Average hourly earnings (p) } \\ & \text { Standard error (p) } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{19} 9$ | ${ }^{\text {蒋 }}$ | ${ }^{648}$ |  | （tit | ${ }_{\text {coid }}^{\text {did }}$ | ${ }^{1 / 8}$ | ${ }_{\text {\％1：}}^{1 / 8}$ |  |  | ${ }^{6.16}$ | ${ }_{\text {dis }}^{618}$ |  | ${ }^{2}$ |




| Region and sub-region | ( $\begin{aligned} & \text { Full-tim } \\ & \text { lazed } 2 \\ & \text { Number }\end{aligned}$ |  | ars) ${ }_{\text {sen }}^{\text {Stan- }}$ den | (ent-tim |  | dinuer) |  |  |  |  |  | fanual <br> Stan- <br> arro |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 17,821 |  | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ | - | new | ${ }_{\text {new }}^{\text {new }}$ |  | new | newnewe <br> pen |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { new } \\ \text { pence } \\ \text { o. }\end{gathered}\right.$ |
| South East |  | ${ }_{75 \text { 73 }}^{7}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 1: 0 \\ & 1: 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {3 }}^{\substack{3,846 \\ 1,893}}$ | ${ }_{4}^{45} 7.7$ | : 7 |  | newe | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| Centrol London* |  | ciss.9. | O.7 0 |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { a }}}{\substack{333 \\ 1.535}}$ | - 4 4.:5 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | lition |  |
| Outer Meroforitan Outer-South $_{\text {Easte }}$ Ssex | ${ }_{\substack{5,090 \\ 372}}$ | 72.9 | 0.3 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1,058 \\ 1,059 \\ 179 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outer-south | ¢ |  | 0:8 | ${ }^{445}$ | 95.4 | 2.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 151 \\ & 1574 \\ & \hline 245 \end{aligned}$ | 39.1 40.5 4 | $0.81$ | 220 | 56.1. | 2:2 |
| Sole | ${ }^{1,7660}$ | ${ }_{73}^{70.1}$ | 0.5 0.8 | ${ }_{4}^{954}$ | ${ }^{107} 13.4$ | 2.1 | ${ }_{150}^{345}$ | ${ }_{4}^{41} \times 1.6$ | 0:9 0 | 774 310 | 5650.6 |  |
| East Anglia South EastNorth East North West South We | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 1,888 \\ 487 \\ 419 \\ 296 \\ 296 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 815 \\ & 198 \\ & 278 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} 1010 \\ \text { 01: } \\ 92: 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1: 9 \\ 2: 94 \\ 2: 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 360 \\ 150 \\ \hline 151 \\ 775 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \\ & 390.4 \\ & 39.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 1: 0 \\ & : 0 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \cdot 1 \\ & 55 \cdot 4 \\ & 55 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1.2}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 102.8 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3,869 \\ 780 \\ 743 \\ 1,28 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \cdot 8 \\ 63 \cdot 7 \\ 62 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & .3 .3 \\ & .2 .6 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 722 \\ & 150 \\ & \hline 140 \\ & 473 \\ & 356 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.9 \\ & 40.7 \\ & \text { 30.4. } \\ & 360.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,422 | 55.6 | 0.92.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55-255-2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 750 |  | 1. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 7,001 \\ \hline, 0.723 \\ 1,054 \\ \hline, 045 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \cdot 3 \cdot 6 \\ & 70: 4 \\ & 889: 9 \\ & 889 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{2,43 \\ 1,499 \\ 1,499 \\ 1429} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 2.7 \\ & 1: 4 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,276 \\ & \hline, 291 \\ & \hline 82506 \\ & 208 \\ & \hline 68 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43.7 \\ & 43.6 \\ & 345.5 \\ & 365: 1 \\ & 38: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0: 7 \\ & 0: 4 \\ & 0: 8 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3,350 \\ & \text { and }, 25253 \\ & 1,33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 57.5 \\ 57.0 \\ 56 \cdot 5 \\ 56.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | (1.7 $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 1.5\end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & .054 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| East Midlands |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,780 \\ 980 \\ \hline 160 \end{gathered}$ |  | +1:4 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 1,205 \\ 350 \\ 350 \\ 170 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.5 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,774 \\ \hline, 740 \\ 320 \end{gathered}$ |  | 0.9. |
| (eater |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 234 | 102.5 | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yorkshire and Humberside <br> North Humberside South Humberside <br> Mid-Yorkshire South Lindsey <br> South Lindsey <br> Yorkshire Coalfield West Yorkshire | $\begin{array}{\|c} 6,400 \\ 5050 \\ 403 \\ 463 \\ 1007 \\ 1,074 \\ 2,578 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 2.9 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,230 \\ \text {,210 } \\ 122 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.1 \\ & 103.1 \\ & 9: 7 \end{aligned}$ | 1.1 <br> $\begin{array}{l}1.7 \\ 3.7\end{array}{ }^{\text {a }}$, | ${ }^{1,402}$ | ${ }^{41} 1.2$ | 0:3 | 1,889 | ${ }_{53}^{55.4}$ | 2.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40.3 | 1.2 | 169 | 55.8 | 2.2 |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }_{200}^{400}$ |  |  |  | 42.0 | 00:8 |  | 54.0. | ${ }_{2.0}^{1.5}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1,040 | ${ }^{103.9} 1$ | 3.4 | ${ }_{745} 2$ | ${ }_{4}^{42} 1$ | 0.4 | ${ }_{875}^{27}$ | ${ }_{56} 5$ |  |
| Norts Weste ${ }_{\text {South Cheshire ( }}^{\text {(High Peak) }}$ |  | 709 <br> 69,9 <br> 73 <br> 10 |  | 3,783 <br> 304 <br> 1,524 <br> 1,54 | $\begin{aligned} & 105.8 \\ & 105 \\ & 109.7 \\ & 10076 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.9 \\ & 3: 2 \\ & 3: 3 \\ & 1: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2,183 \\ 2180 \\ 865 \\ 888 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \cdot 2 \cdot 6 \\ & 55: 1 \\ & 54: 1 \end{aligned}$ | 0.60.30.90.91.9 |
| Ste |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0: 5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 42.54 \\ & 44.2 \\ & 44.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Merseeside | $\begin{aligned} & 3,020 \\ & 2,260 \\ & 1,26 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 865 \\ 487 \\ 56 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 237 129 | ${ }^{665}$ | $1: 5$ |  |  |  |  | 37.6 | 1.5 |  |  |  |
|  | 490 647 | - ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{65}$ | $0 \cdot 8$ | ${ }_{231}^{218}$ | ${ }^{106.9} 9$ | 3:8 | ${ }_{235}^{107}$ | ${ }_{4}^{44.7}$ | 0.8 |  |  |  |
| North Industrial North East-NorthIndustrial North East—South Rural North East-NorthRural North East-South Cumberland and Westmorland | $\begin{aligned} & 4,204 \\ & 2,354 \\ & 1,372 \\ & 189 \\ & 189 \\ & 469 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 771: 97 \\ & \hline 736 \\ & 630.7 \\ & 60.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \\ & 1: .4 \end{aligned}$ |  | (104.9 | ¢ 1.3 | 899 <br> 466 <br> 45 | ¢ | 0.40.50.6 | ${ }_{\substack{1,803 \\ 324}}^{\substack{\text { 3/ }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.8 \\ & 54.6 \\ & 54.6 \end{aligned}$ | 0.92 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 169 | 108.9 | 4.1 | 566 | 39.941.3 | 1.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 3,273 | 73.5 | 0.4 | 1,179 | $106 \cdot 4$ | 1.6 |  |  | 0.5 | 1,001 | 57.8 | 1.0 |
| Wales <br> rial South Wales: Central and Eastern valleys Coastal belt Wale North East Wales <br> North West Wales: North coast | $\begin{aligned} & 813 \\ & \hline 786 \\ & 813 \\ & 818 \\ & 156 \\ & 150 \\ & 184 \\ & 184 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 1 ., 8 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 2.5 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 185 \\ & \left.\begin{array}{c} 180 \\ 465 \\ 94 \end{array}\right) . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{10905} 1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.9 \\ & 4.1 \\ & 4.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{143}{14}$ | ${ }^{43.0} 4$ | $1: 3$ | 407 | 57 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Central }}$ South West Wales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scotand |  |  |  | ${ }_{1,303}^{2,513}$ | ${ }^{103} 103$ | 1.18 | ${ }_{\text {1,677 }}$,683 |  |  | ${ }_{1,212}^{2,41}$ | ${ }^{56.4}$ | 0.7 |
| coly |  | 73.0. | 1.1 0.6 0.7 | 585 | 1040 | 2.2 | ¢ |  | - | 560 | ${ }^{56}$ |  |
|  | 493 <br> 425 <br> 128 | ${ }^{60.9}$ | 0.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1:\% 0 | 177 | 99.6 | 3.9 | 103 | 39.0 | 0.9 |  |  |  |
| Great Britain | 63,633 | 71.4 | 0.1 | 31,742 | 110.5 | 0.4 | 14,587 | 43.1 | 0.1 | 25,155 | 59.8 |  |
| Crat Brain |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| FULL-TIME MEN, aged 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | APRIL 1972 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Region | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Number } \\ \text { s sample } \end{array}$ | 18 | 120 | 622 | Percentage with weekly earnings less than |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{550}$ | 660 | $\left.\right\|^{680}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | ¢25 | $\pm$ | ${ }^{635}$ | $\pm 40$ | 445 |  |  |  |
| Full-time manual men <br> South East Greater London <br> South East (excl. Greater London) East Anglia <br> South West <br> West Midlands <br> Yorkshire and Humberside <br> North Wes North <br> Warth <br> Scotland <br> Great Britain |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (904 | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | ¢5.7 <br> 6.6 | ${ }_{\substack{8.5 \\ 12.3}}^{10.5}$ | ${ }_{\substack{16.7 \\ 23.3}}^{20.7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2}$ | 4.7 | -9.0 | ${ }_{\text {18, }}^{18.4}$ | cis $\begin{aligned} & 33.4 \\ & 29\end{aligned}$ |  |  | 88.8 8 |  | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{97} 9$ | 99.4 9 | 99.9 |
|  |  | 1.8.8 | 4.68 | 8.7.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 77.1 \\ & 23: 5 \end{aligned}$ | 36.2 46.1 | 56.9 | 873:2 | 85.3 | ${ }_{93}^{93.0}$ | ${ }_{989} 9$ | (99.8 |
|  | $\underset{\substack{5,846 \\ 7,30}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | 2.92 | 7.3 | - 11.9 | ${ }_{\text {cke }}^{25 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }_{45}^{48 \cdot 6}$ | ${ }^{69} 6.7$ | 88.9 8 |  |  | ${ }_{98.7}^{98.7}$ | -99:8 |
|  | cosk | 2:3.8 | \% 6.2 | 12:8 |  | ${ }_{4}^{41 \cdot 8}$ |  | ${ }^{82}$ 81.5. | 90.4 | ${ }_{\text {cse }}^{\text {g\% }}$ | 98.8 | 999.9 |
|  | 5,620 | ${ }_{3}^{2} 8$ | 8.4 | ${ }_{15,4}$ | 27.0 | ${ }_{49}^{4 \cdot 2}$ | ${ }_{68} 6.6$ | ${ }_{81} 1.5$ | ${ }_{90}^{88.0}$ | ${ }_{93}^{94.8}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98} 7$ | ${ }^{99} 9$ |
|  | 58,170 | 2.9 | 6.8 | ${ }^{12 \cdot 3}$ | 23.0 | $44 \cdot 3$ | 64.5 | 9.4 | ${ }^{88.7}$ | 94.0 | 98.2 | 99.8 |
| Full-time non-manual men South East |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | cis, 5 | li.1.5 <br> 4.0 |  | (6.7 $\begin{aligned} & 6.3 \\ & 10.0\end{aligned}$ | (12.0 |  |  |  | 55:6 | cis.1 | Sile | co.and <br> 96.5 <br> 6.5 |
|  |  |  | ¢6.6 <br> 3.7 | ¢5:5 | (16:8 |  | - $\begin{aligned} & 45 \cdot 8 \\ & 30.7 \\ & 30.5\end{aligned}$ |  | lin $\begin{aligned} & 70.6 \\ & 67.7\end{aligned}$ | 78.4 80.6 77.9 |  | ${ }_{\substack{96.5 \\ 96.5}}^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | ciol | 2.0 | 3 <br> 4.6 <br> 4.6 | S. | ${ }^{14.1}$ | cen | 37.5 | St.9. | ¢71.8 | \%0.3 |  | 96.2. |
| Sorstive and Humberside | coitiol | (1:8 | 4.2. | 7.6 |  | cinit | 4t:8 | ${ }_{\substack{56.7 \\ 567 \\ 56.6}}$ | (17:6 | 79:7 | 88.9 | 96: |
|  | ¢ | -1.9. |  |  | lis $\begin{aligned} & 13.1 \\ & 15.8 \\ & 128\end{aligned}$ |  |  | 57.1. 56.5 |  | 778.5 |  | cose |
| Great Britain | 33,798 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 12.8 | 26.1 | 40.4 | 54.1 | 65.5 | 74.4 | ${ }_{85} 3$ | 94.5 |
| All full-time men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South |  |  |  | ¢is. | 18.7 <br> 127. <br> 24, <br> 1 | 36:3 47:9 45:2 | 54.2 |  |  | cien | 92:8 | cis 97.6 |
| Woest Mididands |  |  | \% 7.3 | 13.5 | 2.2.7 | 43.21 |  | 75.5 |  | 88.4 | ${ }_{95} 95$ | ${ }_{98}^{98.7}$ |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Eass Midands } \\ \text { Yorksiris and } \\ \text { Humberside }}}{ }$ |  | 2.73 | S.9.9 | - 10.6 | 20:6 | ${ }_{\text {4 }}^{4} \mathrm{4}$ | 62:8 | 76:8 | cis | 90.4 9 | ${ }^{95} 5$ | 98.9.7 |
| North West | (1,3,479 | 2.7. | 6.28 | 10.9 | 20:4 | 39.38 | 57.1 | 71:8 7 | cis | 88.1 | 9957 | cos. 98.6 |
|  |  | 2.22 | 5.5 | -19.9 | ${ }_{23}^{18.6}$ | 37.6 | 56.1 | ${ }_{73}^{71.4}$ | ${ }_{82}^{82 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{88}^{88.7}$ | ${ }_{\text {gs5-5 }}^{\text {gs-5 }}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98} 8$ |
| Great Britain | 91,968 | 2.6 | 5.7 | 10.3 | 19.3 | 37.6 | $55 \cdot 7$ | 70.1 | 80.1 | 86.8 | ${ }_{93} 5$ | 97.9 |

DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE Distributions of gross weekly earnings of full-time adult women, by region, April 1972 (This table corresponds to 1971 survey table 75)

| Region Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | in ${ }_{\text {inmple }}$ | $\pm 10$ | 1812 | ${ }^{16}$ | ${ }^{516}$ | ${ }_{18}$ | $\pm 20$ | $\pm 22$ | 525 | 430 | ${ }^{63}$ | ${ }_{40}$ |
| Full-time manual women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ci, ${ }_{\substack{\text { i, }, 777 \\ 1,730}}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{10.5 \\ 14.7}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | cis | 6, 6 |  | cole30.1 <br> 30.9 | ${ }_{52}{ }_{5}^{52} 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 63.6 \\ & \hline 8.7 \\ & \hline 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | 88:0 | $\begin{aligned} & 850450.5 \\ & \hline 9.5 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{97}{ }_{9} 9.6$ | ${ }^{998.7}$ | ${ }^{\text {cha }} 9$ | 99.7 |
| West Midirnds | 1 | 4.3 | - 13.2 | 28.9 | ${ }_{48}^{46.4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69.1 \\ & 63.6 \end{aligned}$ | 775.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \cdot 54 \\ & 84 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ | $910: 10$ | ${ }_{98}^{98.4}$ | 99.6. | 9.9 |
|  | ,i,1,823 | 5 | 17.1 | 34.4. | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{55} 5$ | -70.1 | 881:4 | -88.4 | 94.7 | 99.1 | 99.8. | 1000 <br> 998 <br> 8.8 |
| North | 56 | 7.0 5.1 | $\underset{\substack{16.4 \\ 15.4}}{ }$ | cien |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} 80.8 \\ 81: 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.07 .7 \\ & 86.7 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{93}^{94.6}$ | 998.2 | ${ }^{99.9}$ | 100.0 100.0 |
| Scotiand | 1,487 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{62} 6$ |  |  |  |  | 99.4 | 99.9 |
| Great Britain | 12,429 | 5.0 | 13.8 | 28.6 | 46.9 | 62.4 | 75 | 84.1 | 92.3 | 97. | 99.1 | 99.7 |
| Fulltetime Son-mantenal women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{5,5159 \\ 4,167}}^{\text {5, }}$ |  |  | S. | 10.0. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91.8. |
|  | , 1.438 | - 0.9 | 7.9 | 18.0 | 29.8 | ${ }_{45}^{45} 5$ | 56:4 | ${ }_{68} 67$ | ${ }_{7}^{78.1}$ | cis 88.7 | ${ }^{932} 9$ | 95s. |
| West Mialinds | ci, | 11.4 | 77.4 | ${ }_{1}^{15.1}$ | 29.4. | $\begin{aligned} & 445: 0 \\ & \hline 55 \end{aligned}$ | 57\% ${ }_{5}^{56}$ | 667. 6 | 77.9 | 87\% 8 8\% ${ }^{8}$ | 92: 9 |  |
| - Yorkhire and Humberside | cisi, | 2.4 | ${ }_{7}^{8.0}$ | 19.3 | 34.9. | ${ }_{45}^{49} 5$ | 59.1 | 677 6 | ${ }^{77.4}$ | ${ }^{87} 8.6$ | ${ }_{92}^{29.7}$ | ${ }_{95}^{95.4}$ |
| North | ${ }_{1}^{1.4979}$ | 3.1 | 10.6 | ${ }_{20}^{21.7}$ | 34.0 <br> 32.1 |  |  | 66.0 62 | ${ }_{72}^{76.8}$ | ${ }_{88 \text { 8. }}^{86}$ | 91.0.6 | 954.7 |
| Scotand | 2,439 |  |  |  |  | 46.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Britain | 25,185 | 1.9 | 6.7 | 14.9 | 26.3 | 38.5 | 49.3 | 59. | 71.7 | $84 \cdot 3$ | 90.5 | ${ }^{44} 3$ |
| All full-time women South East |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{\text { 5,897 } \\ \text { 5,951 }}}$ | 2:8 | - 8 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{18.9}$ | ${ }_{32}^{37.1}$ |  | 588.19 | ${ }^{68} 78.15$ | coly79.1 <br> 84.5 | 80.6 | ${ }^{935} 9$ | 96.0. |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{2 \\ 3.0658}}$ | 4.5 | 12.4 | 24.5 | ${ }_{35}{ }^{40.9}$ |  |  | ${ }^{753} 7$ | 822: ${ }^{82}$ | 91. 91 | ${ }_{94}^{94} 9$ | 977.0 |
|  | , | 3.9 | 12.7 | 23.0. | -38.7. |  | 65:6 | ${ }^{74} 75$ | ${ }^{83} 8.4$ | 92.70 | 94:9 | 96:8 |
| (e) |  | 3. 3.5 | - 9.4 | ${ }_{20}^{20.4}$ | ${ }^{36} 5$ | lil | 635:20 | ${ }^{773} 7$ | ${ }^{83} 8.4$ | 91.1 | ${ }_{94} 9.9$ | 96:9 |
| Wales Scotland | $\begin{aligned} & 1,1,666 \\ & 3,8,96 \end{aligned}$ | - 3 3. 3 | 112:0 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline 51.0 \\ 5.1 \end{array}$ | 63.1 6 | ${ }^{72} 78$ | ${ }_{83}^{79.6}$ | ${ }^{880.6}$ | ${ }_{93}{ }^{23} \cdot 9$ | ${ }_{96 \cdot 6}^{96.4}$ |
| Great Britain | 37,64 | $2 \cdot 9$ | 9.1 | 19.5 | 33.1 | 46.4 | 58.0 | 67.4 | 78. | ${ }^{88}$.7 | ${ }_{93}{ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{96 \cdot 1}$ |



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Region} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Number in} \& \multicolumn{11}{|c|}{Percentage with hourly earnings less than} \\
\hline \& \& \({ }^{25 p}\) \& \({ }^{30}\) \& 35p \& 40p \& 45p \& 50p \& 55p \& 60p \& 70p \& \({ }^{80 p}\) \& 100p \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Full-time manual women \\
Greater London \\
South East (excl. Greater London) \\
East Anglia \\
West Midlands \\
Yorkshire and Humberside North We
North \\
Wales \\
Scotland
\end{tabular}} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,989 \\
\& i, 962 \\
\& \hline 366
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\
\& 3: 5 \\
\& 3: 6
\end{aligned}
\] \&  \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 14.5 \cdot 5 \\
\& 24.64 .6
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 29: 49.6 \\
\& 50.6 \\
\& 50.6
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 4.7 \\
\& 699 \\
\& 69.9
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 6,4 \\
\& 83
\end{aligned}
\] \&  \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 83: 2 \\
\& 955: 6 \\
\& 956
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 94: 0 \\
\& 999: 595 \\
\& 9995
\end{aligned}
\] \& 99,6. \& \({ }_{\text {cose }}^{99.5}\) \\
\hline \& , \& \({ }^{\text {4, }} 1.5\) \& cis \begin{tabular}{c}
15.4 \\
8.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \&  \&  \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 90 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \\
\& 00: 4 \\
\& 0.4
\end{aligned}
\] \& 84:4 \& \({ }^{80} 8.7\) \&  \& \({ }_{96,4}^{97 \cdot 5}\) \& \({ }_{99} 9.1\) \& -9.5.9 \\
\hline \& , 1,205 \& \({ }_{3}^{3.6}\) \& 9, \({ }_{\text {9, }}^{11}\) \&  \& 51.6 \& 68.9 \& 74.9 \& \({ }^{83} 8.3\) \& \({ }_{98}^{88 \cdot 6}\) \& 96:8 \& 98:8.8 \& 99.8 \\
\hline \& ci, \& 3:4 \& -9.6. \& 22, \({ }_{26}^{26}\) \& \({ }_{48}^{43.3}\) \& (1.4 \& 759.3 \& \({ }_{89}^{88.1}\) \& \({ }_{\text {chaj }}^{93} 9\) \& \({ }_{98}^{97} 9\) \& 99.3 \({ }_{9} 9\) \& -99.8 100.8 \\
\hline \& 1,677 \& \({ }_{4}^{4 \cdot 4}\) \& \(\xrightarrow{13.3} 1\) \& 25:3 \& 517:9 \& (17.0 \& 83.08 \& \({ }_{88.5}^{88.5}\) \& \({ }_{93}^{93} \mathbf{9}\) \% \& \({ }_{98}^{98.4}\) \& 99.3 \({ }^{99}\) \& 109.0
99.9 \\
\hline Great Britain \& 14,587 \& 3.4 \& 10.2 \& 23.3 \& 44.4 \& 62.2 \& 76.8 \& \({ }_{85} 7\) \& 91.3 \& 97.2 \& 99.0 \& 99.8 \\
\hline Full-time non-manual women \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \&  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
0.7 \\
0.5 \\
0.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 3.0. \&  \& 18.9
8.1
21.3 \& 2n: 21.5 \& 31.6 \&  \& \({ }_{\text {cki }}^{\substack{49.6 \\ 69.4}}\) \&  \& \begin{tabular}{c}
78.0 \\
74.7 \\
82.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 88.6 \\
\hline  \& ¢, \({ }_{\text {4,175 }}^{1,24}\) \& - \begin{tabular}{l}
1.1 \\
0.6 \\
0.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 5.0. \& 11.9
11.3
16.0 \& 2l:3, \&  \& ciel \& cis. \({ }_{\text {cis }}^{\text {cis }}\) \&  \& 74:6 \& 88.3 \&  \\
\hline South West \&  \& 2.3 \& 5.2 \& (12.8 \& 22:2 \& cist.5 \& cily \& (60.5 \& (70.6 \& (78.9 \&  \& 90.3 \\
\hline East Midands \& \(\underbrace{1,169}_{\substack{1,374 \\ 1,89 \\ 3}}\) \& - 0.9 \& 5:9 \& - 15.1 \& 220.2 \& cis. \& cis \& (99.8 \& 68:2 \& 77:6 \& cis. \& 90.3 \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{\text { Norrth }}\) North \&  \& 2.4 \& 8.5 \& 18.5 \& -30.9 \& -37.3 \& 52.4 \& (1.8 \& 69.0 \& 77.9 \& \& \\
\hline \(\mathrm{w}_{\substack{\text { ales } \\ \text { coitand }}}^{\text {d }}\) \& \({ }_{\text {l }}^{1,001}\) \& \({ }_{2}^{2.4}\) \& 8.9 \& \({ }_{18}^{17.9}\) \& \({ }_{29}^{29.0}\) \& \({ }^{38} 41.7\) \& 48.5 \& 58.6 \& \({ }_{6}^{64.4}\) \& \({ }_{78.5}^{75}\) \& - \& \({ }^{889} 9\) \\
\hline Great Britain \& 25,155 \& 1.3 \& 5.2 \& 12.3 \& 22.1 \& 33.1 \& 43.5 \& 52.6 \& 61.0 \& 73.5 \& 81.8 \& 90.4 \\
\hline All full-time women
South East South East \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& coile \& -1.98 \& \% 7.5 \& cis \& cis \& - 48.2 \&  \& ati.3
74.5 \& 77.0. \& \({ }^{81} 8.7\) \& 88:6 \& cose \({ }_{\substack{3,4 \\ 94.4}}\) \\
\hline South West \& \({ }^{2}\) \& 3.0. \& 9,9 \& 20.8 \& cele 36 \& \({ }_{4}^{49} 8\) \& (20.6 \& \%0.7 \& 78.15 \& 885.2 \& 90.1 \& 94.7 \\
\hline Esast Midands \&  \& 2.0 \& 70.4 \& 18.2 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
3.8 \\
38.8 \\
38. \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 99.9 \& 6.9
66.9 \& ciof \& 779:6 \& \({ }^{88 \cdot 6} 8\) \& 90.4 9 \& 94.7 \\
\hline (erster \& cois \& ¢ \& \({ }^{6} 6.9\) \& 117
21.6

21 \& ${ }^{33} 31$ \& cision \& (00.2 \& cote 72.5 \& 78.9 \& 886:1 \& ${ }^{90.1}$ \& ${ }_{94}^{94.5}$ <br>
\hline \&  \&  \& lios 1 \& 20:6 21 \& ${ }^{37} 7.3$ \& coly \&  \& 99.1 \& 77:8 \&  \& ${ }^{87} 9$ \& 92.9 <br>
\hline Great Britain \& 3,742 \& 2.1 \& 7.1 \& 16.3 \& 30.3 \& 43.8 \& 55.7 \& 64.8 \& 72.1 \& 88.2 \& 88.1 \& 93.8 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## Accidents

How they are caused and how to prevent them

Based on incidents notified under the Factories Act 1961, and the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963

This well illustrated booklet contains descriptions of accidents
and gives details of safety precautions applicable to factories, offices, shops, docks and construction sites.

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SE1 9NH), Edinburgh, Cardiff, Belfast, Manchester, Birmingham and Bristol, or through booksellers.


The aggregate membership of trade unions in the United Kingdom
at the end of 1971 was about $10,935,000$. This number was about 106,000 less than the total at the end of 1970 , but about 598,000 more than the total at the end of 1969 . The total o 469 trade uni
end of 1970 .
The statistics given in this article have been compiled by the Department of Employment from data supplied directly by trade unions, and from other sources including the Registra
of Friendly Societies for Northern Ireland. They relate to a organisations of employees-including those of salaried and professional workers, as well as those of manual wage-earners which are known to include in their objects that of negotiating with employers with a view to regulating the wages and working
conditions of their members. The figures cover the total membership (including members in branches overseas) of all such organisations known to the department to have their head offices situated in the United Kingdom. They do not include the United Kingdom.
All figures given in this article are provisional and subject to revision. The figures previously published for earlier years have been revised as necessary in accordance with the latest information. The total of 469 trade unions at the end of 1971
(which included 14 unions with headquarters in Northern Ireland) showed a reduction of 27, compared with 1970. Twentysix unions were merged in other unions, or otherwise ceased to function, twelve unions amalgamated to form six new unions
and five new unions were formed. At the end of 1971 the total membership of all unions included in the statistics was approximately $10,935,000$, compared with $11,041,000$ at the end of 1970 , a decrease of 1.0 per cent. The number of males at the end of 1971 was $8,216,000$, a decrease of 107,000 or $1 \cdot 3$ per cent., compared
with the previous year The number of females was $2,720,000$, an increase of 2,000 or $0 \cdot 1$ per cent.
The subdivision of the total membership into males and females is not exact, as estimates have been made for some trade unions which were unable to state precisely the numbe The total membership at the end of 1971 included 61,000 members in branches in the Irish Republic and 7,000 in other branches outside the United Kingdom. Excluding the members Kingdom was thus about $10,867,000$. Of this total, the membership in Northern Ireland accounted for 248,000 .
The total memberships given above represent the aggregate of the memberships of the individual unions, and persons more than once in the totals. The precise extent of the duplication is not known, but it is believed to be relatively insignificant. In table 1 the unions are grouped according to their total membership at the end of 1971.


At the end of 1971 there were 250 unions with fewer than 1,000 members each, including 198 with under 500 members each. These 250 smaller unions together accounted for under one
per cent. of the total membership of all unions. In contrast, the 23 largest unions, each with 100,000 or more members, together ccounted for 77.1 per cent. of the total membership of all nions.

Totals for 1961-1971
Table 2 shows the number of trade unions and their aggregate membership at the end of each of the past eleven years. union membership has increased by about 10.3 per cent., the number of separate unions has declined by 28.4 per cent. Table 3 shows an analysis of the number of trade unions by
siza of union, while table 4 gives an analysis of membership by the size of union over an eleven year period.
Table 2

| Year | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { enions at } \\ & \text { end of } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Membership at end of <br> year* <br> Males Females ${ }^{\text {Total }}$ |  |  | Percentage increase $(+)$ ord decrease $(-)$ on membershi previous year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | oop, |  |

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Federations of trade unions
At the end of 1971 there were 46 federations of trade unions in At the end of 1971 there were 46 federations of trade unions in
the United Kingdom, one less than at the end of 1970 . Although a large proportion of trade unions are affiliated to federations,
some are not affiliated and others are affiliated in respect of only a part of their total membership. On the other hand, many
trade unions, or branches of trade unions, are affiliated to more

## Directory of Employers' Associations and Trade Unions

The latest edition of the "Directory of Employers" Associations, Trade Unions, Joint Organisations, etc" was issued in January
1970, and a fourth of the directory is reprinted each quarter.

Table 3 Number of trade unions analysed by size of union

|  | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 155 \\ & 150 \\ & 104 \\ & 164 \\ & 34 \\ & 22 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119 \\ & 1190 \\ & \hline 60 \\ & 961 \\ & 31 \\ & 32 \\ & 12 \\ & 18 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113 \\ & 1138 \\ & 198 \\ & 1040 \\ & 643 \\ & 23 \\ & 20 \\ & 10 \\ & 170 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 116 \\ & 138 \\ & 50 \\ & 96 \\ & \hline 60 \\ & 20 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 19 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 137 \\ 68 \\ 65 \\ 28 \\ 21 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 19 \\ 9 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 114 \\ & 125 \\ & 63 \\ & 63 \\ & 62 \\ & 20 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 17 \\ & 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 102 126 58 80 20 29 19 19 19 19 10 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \\ & 122 \\ & 159 \\ & 50 \\ & 57 \\ & 29 \\ & 11 \\ & 24 \\ & 14 \\ & 16 \\ & 18 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94 \\ & 94 \\ & 50 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline 63 \\ & 33 \\ & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & 16 \\ & 14 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \\ & 142 \\ & 158 \\ & 58 \\ & 39 \\ & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & 14 \\ & 13 \\ & 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of unions at end of $y$ ear | 655 | 636 | 617 | 608 | 594 | 586 | 567 | 545 | 521 | 496 | 469 |

Table 4 Membership of trade unions analysed by size of union

|  | 1881 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total at end of year | 9,916 | 9,909 | 9,955 | 10,101 | 10,305 | 10,137 | 10,061 | 10,664 | 10,337 | 11,041 | 10,935 |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Maleses } \\ \text { Females }}}{ }$ | $\xrightarrow{7,911}$ | $\underset{\substack{7,067 \\ 2,041}}{ }$ | 7, | 7,944 | 7, $\begin{aligned} & 7,21 \\ & 2,24\end{aligned}$ | 7,898 | 7,795 2,267 | $\underset{\substack{7,723 \\ 2,34}}{\text {, }}$ | $\underset{\substack{7,484 \\ 2,483}}{\text {, }}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{8,216 \\ 2,720}}$ |

NUMBERS EMPLOYED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND IN POLICE FORCES: JUNE 1972

Analyses of employment published in the GAzETTE (see, for example, table 4 on page 151 of the February 1972 issue, showing the estimated numbers of employees in employment at June 1971)
give separate figures for "local government service". Those give separate figures for "ocal government service. . Those
figures relate to local government service as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification, and exclude those employees of local authorities, such as teachers, transport staffs, and building workers, who, in accordance with the principles underlying the
Standard Industrial Classification, are included in other industry
groups.
The figures are based primarily on the counts of national insurance cards exchanged and, as the counts have to be made possible to obtain information from that source about the total numbers employed by local authorities.

The co-operation of local authorities, however, makes it possible to publish full details for mid-June of each year. The authorities complete a return at that time showing the numbers
employed in each figures for June 1971 obtained from this source were published in the Gazerte for November 1971 (page 1028). Corresponding figures for June 1972 are given in the table on page 1163.
The figures cover (a) all employees of the councils of all counties, boroughs (county, London and municipal), urban districts and
rural districts in England and Wales and of counties and burghs rural districts in England and Wales and of counties and burghs
(large and small) in Scotland and (b) members of the police forces (including the Metropolitan Police). The figures for the police forces, which have been obtained from the Home Office and the Scottish Home and Health Department, exclude
traffic wardens and certain other persons employed by Police

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Authorities, At June 1972 these numbered some 39000 males and females employed full-time in Great Britain.
females employed fiil-ime in Great Britain. on the payrolls at June 17, 1972, including those temporarily absent through sickness, holidays or other causes. All persons with a normal ull-time engagement are included in the columns headed "fullime" and the persons in the columns headed "part-time" are those engaged on a part-ime basis whose employm.
involves service for not more than 30 hours a week.
The figures for construction in the table represent, broadly, workpeople employed in separate building or civil engineering departments engaged on the building of houses, schools, etc and only a small maintenance staff engaged solely in the upkeep of its offices and buildings, the employees are included in the figures or "all other local authority departments". Similarly, roadmen engaged on sweeping and tidying and doing minor repairs are ther local authority departments". The figures for transport services cover not only road transport services, but 116 riven and operated by the local and all other forms of public
transport They exclude employees of passenger trorities defined earlier London Transport Executive. A ulifictio part-time employees of a local authority, for example, teachers and lecturers at evening classes and technical colleges, are engaged during the daytime in the service of other employers or are work ing on their own account, and there is, therefore, some overlap
between the figures in the table and those for other industries For example, a person shown in this table under 'Education Department' could appear in an industrial analysis in an industry other than 'Educational services'. The extent of the overlap of a
kinds is known to be about 108,000 . Since some of it may be kinds is known to be about 108,000 . Since some of it may be
between two adjoining local authorities there may be some duplication within the table itself, but the extent of this duplication is likely to be small.

Numbers employed by local authorities and in police forces: June 1972

| Department or service | Males Full-time | Part-time | Females Full-time | Parr-time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { males and } \\ & \text { females } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| England |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education department: <br> (a) Lecturers and teachers (b) Other staffs (clerical staff, school cleaners, school canteen staff, etc) <br> Water supply Construction <br> Construction Transport services <br> Health services, day nurseries, children's, aged persons' and other homes <br> entertainments; amusement parks; race courses; golf courses; etc <br> All other local authority departments Police forces (including Metropolitan Police)* |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 580,736 \\ 569,097 \\ 10,439 \\ 99,464 \\ 33,834 \\ 254,656 \\ 16,602 \\ 546,966 \\ 93,392 \end{array}$ |
| Grand total | 914,314 | 110,877 | 558,080 | 621,915 | 2,205,186 |
| Scotland |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education department: <br>  Water supply <br> Transtruction <br> Realth services, day nurseries, children's, aged persons' and other homes entertainments; amusement parks; race courses; golf courses; etc <br> All other local authority departments <br> Police forces* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total | 113,922 | 8,520 | 71,754 | 49,415 | 243,581 |
| Wales |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education department: <br> (8b) Lecturers and tearacers <br> Water supply Construction <br> Transtruction <br> Health services, day nurseries, children's, aged persons' and other homes entertainments; amusement parks; race courses; golf courses; etc All other local authority departments <br> Police forces* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total | 60,605 | 5,414 | 36,229 | 32,084 | 135,032 |
| Great Britain |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education department: <br> (a) Lecturers and teachers (b) Other staffs (clerical staff, school cleaners, school canteen staff, etc) Water supply <br> Transport services <br> Health services, day nurseries, children's, aged persons' and other homes <br> entertainments; amusement parks; race courses; golif courses; etc <br> All other local authority departments Police forces (including Metropolitan Police)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total | 1,088,811 | 124,811 | 666,763 | 703,414 | 2,583,799 |


| ACCIDENTS AT WORK－THIRD QUARTER 1972 |  |  | Table 2 （continued）Analysis by process |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Between July 1 and September 30 this year 59，311 accidents at work， 108 of which were fatal，were notified to H．M．Factory |  |  | Pro | ${ }_{\text {Fatal }}^{\text {Fatalentes }}$ | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {Totaldente }}$ |
|  |  |  | General engineering |  |  |
| Inspectorate．These included 49，845（ 56 fatal）involving persons engaged in factory processes， 8,154 （49 fatal）to persons engaged |  |  | Leneral engineering |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\bar{\square}$ | $\underset{\substack{178 \\ 3780 \\ 488}}{ }$ |
| on building operations and works of engineering construction， 1044 （three fatal）in works at docks，wharves and quays other |  |  |  |  | ＋ |
| （than shipbuildiang and 266 （none fatal）in inland warehouses． |  |  | Motor veioile majuiferure | 2 | ${ }^{1.505}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | ${ }^{1,783}$ |
| to the division in which they were notified，and table 2 is an analysis of the accidents by process． |  |  |  | 3 | 1，646 |
|  |  |  |  | I | ${ }_{\substack{34 \\ 325}}$ |
| An accident occurring in a place subject to the Factories Act |  |  |  |  | （1，925 |
| of life or disables an employed person for more than three days from earning full wages from the work on which he was employed． |  |  |  |  | 1， 1.235 |
|  |  |  |  | I | ${ }_{\text {cki }}^{887}$ |
| For statistical purposes each injury or fatality is recorded as one accident． |  |  | （eater | $\dagger$ |  |
| Table 1 Analyses by division of inspectorate |  |  | Railway runing sheds |  | 20 |
|  |  |  | Stiver |  | 206 |
| Division | ${ }_{\text {Fatal }}^{\text {Factidents }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Total }}^{\text {Tocidents }}$ | Wire rope manufacture |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | 14 | 16，922 |
| Northern West Riding and North Lincolnshire Midiands（Birmingham） <br> London and Home Counties（North） Londoon and Home Counties（Esest） Sates Western <br> North Western（Liverpool） North Westand Scotla <br> Total | 7 | ¢， | Electrical engineering <br> Electric motor，generator，transformer and switchgear Electrical accumulator and battery manufacture and repair Radio and electronic equipment and electrical instrument manufacture and repair Radio，electronic and electrical component manufacture Cable manufacture Other electrical equipment manufacture and repair Total |  |  |
|  | 13 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9 | ci，3，955 |  |  | 488 |
|  | 9 | ${ }_{\substack{4,1,74 \\ 3}}^{\substack{\text { 2 }}}$ |  |  | ${ }^{131}$ |
|  | 10 |  |  |  | ¢ ${ }_{\text {589 }}$ |
|  | 11 |  |  |  | 302 |
|  | 108 | 59，311 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 2，567 |
| Table 2 Analysis by process |  |  | Wood and cork working processes |  |  |
| Process | dea | Total | Saw milling for home grown timbers <br> Plywood manufacture Wooden box and packing case making Coopering Wooden furniture manufacture and repair Spraying and polishing of wooden furniture Joinery Other wood and cork manufacture and repair Total | － | ${ }_{66}^{326}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Textile and connected processes <br> Cotton spinning processes <br> Weaving of narrow fabrics <br> Woollen spinning processes <br> Weaving of woollen and worsted cloths <br> Flax，hemp and jute processing Hosiery，knitted goods and lace manufacture <br> Carpet manufacture <br> Rope，twine and net making <br> Textile，bleaching <br> Job dyeing，cleaning and other finishing $\qquad$ |  |  |  | $\underline{\square}$ | 析 |
|  |  |  |  | 二 | ${ }^{425}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | －48 <br> 818 <br> 261 |
|  |  | ${ }_{2}^{145}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3 | 2，198 |
|  |  |  | Chemical industries | 1 |  |
|  | ＝ | 35 129 129 |  |  |  |
|  | － | 129 |  |  | －298 |
|  | 1 | 2，938 |  |  | 216 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 424 |
| （ericks，pipes and tiles | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 138 <br> 291 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 156 \\ & { }_{3}^{158} \\ & \hline 88 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 67 |
|  | 二 | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 5 | 2，566 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 4 | 2，074 | Wearing apparel |  |  |
| Metal processes <br> Iron extraction and refining Aluminium extraction and refining Magnesium extraction and refining Metal rolling：－ Iron and steel |  | 1.018 | Tailoring |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 141 \\ & \hline 14 \\ & 282 \end{aligned}$ | Hatmaking and millinery Footwear manufacture |  | 166 2 |
|  |  | ${ }^{1,069}$ | Total |  | 671 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 三 |  | Paper and printing trades |  |  |
| Deiel couning Non－terrous metal casting Metal lating <br> Galvanising，tinning，etc <br> other metal finishing |  |  | Paper making <br> Paper staining and coating Cardboard，paper box and fibre container manufacture <br> Bag making and stationery Printing and bookbinding <br> Engraving |  |  |
|  | 三 | $\begin{aligned} & 184 \\ & .284 \\ & \hline 2422 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢ |
|  | $\bar{\square}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122 \\ & 169 \\ & 115 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 734 } \\ 13 \\ 13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Total | 10 | 6，472 | Total | 2 | 2，422 |

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| Process | ${ }_{\text {Fatal }}^{\text {Fatatents }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Total }}^{\text {Tocidents }}$ | Process | ${ }_{\text {Fatal }}^{\substack{\text { Fatalents } \\ \text { acciden }}}$ | ${ }_{\text {Total }}^{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { accidents }}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Food and allied trades Construction Processes under Section 127 of Factories |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour milling <br> Other milling <br> Bread，flour confectionery and biscuits |  | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \\ & \hline 125 \\ & \hline 15 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{10}$ | （1．233 |
|  | － | $\begin{aligned} & 9768 \\ & \hline 961 \end{aligned}$ | Commercial and public building： Construction Maintenance | ${ }_{2}^{6}$ | － 1.717 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Slaughter houses } \\ & \text { Other food processing } \\ & \text { Alcoholic drink } \\ & \text { Non-alcoholic drink } \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.894 \\ \hline 8.845 \\ 1745 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Blocks of flats: } \\ & \text { Construction } \\ & \text { Maintenance } \\ & \text { Demolition } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{3}{ }$ | 258 <br> 4 <br> 4 |
| Total | 5 | ${ }^{6,304}$ | Dwelling houses： Construction Maintenance | $\stackrel{5}{2}$ | （1，374 |
| iscellaneous |  | $\begin{array}{r} 582 \\ 50 \\ 5 \\ \hline 18 \\ 158 \end{array}$ | Other buididing operations： Construction |  |  |
|  | 2 |  | Maintenance Demolition | $\underline{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r}135 \\ 18 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | Total | 39 | ${ }_{6,32}$ |
| Tobacco <br> Tanning |  | 1 | Works of engineering construction operations at： |  |  |
| Manufacture and repair of articles made from leather（not otherwise specified） Manufacture and articles mainly of textile materials（not otherwise specified） |  |  |  | $\underline{1}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Brideses，viducts and aqueduects（other than tunnelling） | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{\substack{78 \\ 381}}^{1}$ |
|  | － | 37 <br> 36 <br> 18 | Docks，harbours and inliad narizations What thneling） | $\square$ | ${ }_{1}^{461}$ |
| Manufacture of articles from plastics（not otherwise specified） |  | ${ }_{822}^{835}$ | Work on steel and reieiforced concretes structures |  | － |
| Glass |  | 198 |  |  | ${ }_{198}^{895}$ |
|  |  |  | Total | 10 | 1，833 |
| Abrasies and synthetici industrial ievels <br>  <br> Factory proceses not otherwiso specified |  | 51 | Total，all construction processes | 49 | 8，154 |
|  | $\frac{1}{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} 188 \\ 27 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ \hline 50 \end{gathered}$ | Processes under section 125 of Factories Act 1961 <br> Work at docks，wharves and quays（other than ship Wuilding） | 3 | 1.044 <br> 268 <br> 1 |
| Total | 11 | 4，771 | Total | 3 | 1，312 |
| Total，all factory processes | 56 | 49，845 | grand total | 108 | 59，31 |

Average retail prices on October 17, 1972 for a number of important items of food, derived from prices collected for the purposes of the General Index of R
United Kingdom, are given below.
Many of the items vary in quality from retailer to retailer and partly because of these differences there are considerable variations in prices charged for many items. An indication of these

| Item | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { outataitens } \\ \text { October } \\ \text { it, } 1972 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beef: Home-kilied Sirloin (without bone) Silverside (without bone) Back ribs (with bone)* Back ribs (with bone) Fore ribs (with bone) Brisket (with bone) Rump steak* |  |  |  |
| Beef: Imported, chilled Sill Sivereride Rum steakerthout bone)* | $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & 97 \\ & 97 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3399 \\ & 59.6 \\ & 59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35.450 .58 \\ & 466070 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 789 \\ & \hline 788 \\ & \hline 788 \\ & 788 \\ & 761 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \cdot 1 \\ & \hline 6.5 \\ & 34.5 \\ & 30.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Big } \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 532 \\ & 532 \\ & 532 \\ & 548 \\ & 541 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Pork: Home-killed Leg (foot off) Belly* Loin (with bone) | $\begin{aligned} & 818 \\ & 864 \\ & 864 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \cdot 3 \\ & \hline 2515 \\ & 42.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pork sumages Beef susazes | ${ }_{731}^{834}$ | 22:4 | ${ }_{\substack{20-25 \\ 16-23}}$ |
| Roasting chicken (broiler) frozen ( 3 l .) | 658 | 18.5 | $16-20$ |
| Roasting chicken, fresh or chilled (4 14.) | 387 | 21.9 | 18-26 |
| Fresh and smoked fish Haddock fillets Haddock, smoked, whole Paice fillets Halibut cuts Kippers, with bone |  |  |  |
| Bread <br> White, $1 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{lb}$. wrapped and sliced loaf White, $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{lb}$ unwrapped loaf White, White, 14 oz . loaf Brown, 14 oz . loaf | $\begin{aligned} & 789 \\ & \hline 64 \\ & 6.97 \\ & 676 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \cdot 4 \\ 10.3 \\ 6: 3 \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9-11 \\ & 92-11 \\ & 5+7 \\ & 6+8 \end{aligned}$ |
| Flour ${ }_{\text {Selfraising, per }} 3 \mathrm{lb}$. | 823 | 12.1 | 10-15 |

variations is given in the last column of the following table which shows the ranges of prices within which at least four-fifths of the
recorded prices fell. recorded prices fell. indication of the potential size of this error was given on page 259 of the March 1972 issue of this Gazette.

| Hem | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { Numberaion } \\ & \text { OUCobions } \\ & 17,1972 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fresh vegetables |  | p. | p. |
| Potatees, old, loose White Red | ${ }_{437}^{602}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2.5}$ | ${ }_{\text {2-3 }}^{2-25}$ |
| Potates, new, loose |  | 2.5 |  |
|  | cis | 12.9 <br> 4.3 <br> .9 | -$10-16$ <br> $3-6$ |
| (eateme |  | 3,9 <br> 6.6 <br> 7.6 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Peas }}^{\text {Parrots }}$ |  |  |  |
| Carrots Runner beans Onions | $\begin{aligned} & 8077 \\ & \hline 875 \\ & 8825 \\ & \hline 20 \end{aligned}$ | 3: 9.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 2-5757517 \\ & 3-121 \end{aligned}$ |
| Mushrooms per \& Io |  |  |  |
| Frest $A$ frpues, cooking |  |  |  |
|  | ( | 11.1 |  |
| Bananas |  | 9.3 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Bacon }}^{\text {collar* }}$ |  |  |  |
| Semment | ¢ | ${ }_{\substack{49.5 \\ 394 \\ 49.8}}$ |  |
|  | $\underset{\substack{4120 \\ 404}}{\substack{4 \\ 4}}$ | 44.9 427, 27 6.9 |  |
| Ham (not shoulder) | 733 | 61.3 | 52-72 |
| Pork luncheon meat, 12 oz. can | 740 | 14.3 | 12-17 |
| Canned (red) salmon, t-size can | 829 | 32.6 | 29-36 |
| Milk, ordinary, per pint | - | 5.5 | - |
| Butter, New Zealand | 719 801 | ${ }_{25}^{23 \cdot 8}$ | ${ }_{\text {22-26 }}^{22}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| butter) per $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. | ${ }_{135}^{135}$ | ${ }_{5 \cdot 3}^{6.0}$ | ${ }_{\text {5-5 }}^{51}$ |
| Lard | ${ }^{852}$ | 8.6 | 7-11 |
| Chese, cheddar type | 842 | 32.0 | 30-35 |
| Eges, 12 arge , per dor | cis | 22.3 19.3 16.7 | - $\begin{gathered}20.26 \\ 17-22 \\ 1-29\end{gathered}$ |
| Sugar, rranulated, per 21 l . | ${ }^{53}$ |  |  |
| Coffee, insant, per 4 oz | ${ }^{783}$ | 29.0 | 27-34 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,995 \\ & .8909 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10: 4 \\ 8: 40 \\ 8: 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |

MONTHLY INDEX OF WAGES AND SALARIES PER UNIT OF OUTPUT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

This series was introduced in an article on page 360 of the April 1971 issue of this Gazette. The most recent figures available
monthly figures in the series are presented in line 3d of table 134 in the statistical series section of this Gazette (see page 1214).

Index of wages and salaries per unit of output in manufacturing industries
$1963=100$

| Year | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1969 \\ & 1,970 \\ & 1,971 \\ & 1972 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 166: 6 \\ & 1060: 7 \\ & 100.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \cdot 9 \cdot 9 \\ & \hline 129: 1 \\ & 147: 8 \\ & 144: 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117 \cdot 17.3 \\ & 124: 6 \\ & 145: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \\ & 137: 2 \\ & 147: 4 \\ & 147.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.57 \\ & \hline 1351 \\ & 143: 4 \\ & 147: 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \\ & \hline 1395 \\ & \hline 1292 \\ & 187.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.59 .5 \\ & 1345 \cdot 5 \\ & 149.2 \end{aligned}$ | (120.8 $\begin{aligned} & 123.7 \\ & 144.7\end{aligned}$ | (12.7 $\begin{gathered}12.7 \\ 154.7\end{gathered}$ |  |  |

. In the absence of earnings data for February 1972 due to the effects of the coal mining dispute no index of wages and salaries per unit of output has been calculated for that
month. Less reliance than usual can be placed on the indices calcultated for January and March int.

EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN AND YOUNG PERSONS: SPECIAL EXEMPTION ORDERS
The Factories Act 1961 and related legislation place restriction on the employment of women and young persons (under 18 years on the employment of women and young persons (under 18 years
of age) in factories and some other workplaces. Section 117 of age) in factories and some other workplaces. Section 18 for Employment, subject to certain conditions, to grant exemptions from these restrictions for women and young persons aged 16 or over, by making special exemption orders in respect of employ-
ment in particular factories. The number of women and young persons covered by Special Exemption Orders current on October 31, 1972 according to the type of employment permitted* were:

| Type of employment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yomers } \\ & \text { yor fers } \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Boys over } \\ \text { 各nutr } \\ \text { years } 18 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Sirls over } \\ \text { ir } \\ \text { under } \\ \text { years } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extended hours $\dagger$ Double day shifts $\ddagger$ Night Shifts Part-time work§ Sunday work Miscellaneous |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 366 \\ & \hline 85 \\ & \hline 554 \\ & \hline 54 \\ & \hline 76 \\ & \hline 766 \\ & \hline 860 \\ & 126 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Total | 165,368 | 6.766 | ${ }^{8,398}$ | 188,532 |
| The numbers shown are thoses stated by employers in their applications. Thes actual numbers of workers employed on conditions permitted by the orders may <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |  |  |  |

## News and Notes

EMPLOYERS TO DISPLAY
From New Year's Day all employers in
Britain will have to display copies of their Britain will have to display copies of their
certificates of insurance so that their
employees will know that they are insured employees will know that they are insured
against the risk of injury and disease incurred at work.
Display of th
Display of the certificates, which is (Compulsory Insurance) Act, which came into force et the beginning of the year (see
this GAZETTE, December 1971, page 1,172) must be made at every one of the employer's premises.
There must be enough copies to ensure and they must be big enough to enable
them to be read easily. Where they are exhibited in the open,
suitable protection against damage by suitable protection against damage by
weather must be provided.
Special arrangements must also be mad Special arrangements must also be mad
by employers to make sure that any eir employees who work-for example representatives-can
see the certificate when they visit the premises.
Decisions about the best positions
display the certificates to fulfil thes onditions are left to employers.
Display of the certificates is expected to
much to ensure compliance with th Act, and thus greatly reduce the need to
have a large number of enforcement have a lar
inspectors.
and
inspectors.
Employers' liability insurance has been
compulsory since January 1 this year. From Employers liability insurance has been
compulsory since January 1 this year. From
that date all employers, unless exempted, have had to have approved policies of
insurance against their liability to their inployees for any
incurred whinle at work.
The display of copies of the certificates has, however, not copen of obligatory during
the year as insurers have been allowed to the year as insurers have been allowed to
issue them on existing policies at the time issue them on existing policies at the time
of renewal. Consequently, some employers will not have received a certificate until the
nd of the period. Where new policies were end of the period. Where new policies were
negotiated, certificates will have been issued at the time the contract was accepted.
Failure to display copies of the certifiFailure to display copies of the certifi-
cates could lead to a fine of $\in 50$. An
employer who is not covered by liability employer who is not covered by liability
insurance is liable to a fine of up to $£ 200$ for every day he is not insured.

A guide to the Act, prepared by the Department of Employment, is available
free from any local employment office of the department.
AWARDS IN UNFAIR DISMISSAL
COMPLAINTS
Nearly 4,700
Nearly 4,700 complaints about unfair
dismissal under the Industrial Relations Act 1971 were received by conciliation
officers of the Department officers of the Department of Employment
in the first seven months since the provisions came into force. All complaints made to industrial tri-
bunals are passed to the conciliation officers unals are passed to the conciliation officers
or consideration whether they can promote a settlement without the need for a tribunal hearing.
a voluntary settlement, while in 1,300 cases the complaints were withdrawn. Re-
engagement was effected in 108 cases. engagement was effected in 108 cases.
A sample of about 500 cases in which voluntary settlements were achieved by
way of compensation shows that three per way of compensation shows that three per
cent. were for amounts between $£ 1,000$ and $£ 4,000$, six per cent. between $£ 500$ and
$£ 1,000,36$ per cent. between $£ 100$ and $£ 500$ $£ 1,000,36$ per cent. between $£ 100$ and $£ 500$.
and 55 per cent. were for less than $£ 100$.
In the first five and 55 per cent. were for less than $£ 10$.
In the first five months of the operation of the unfair dismissals provisions, 500 complaints were heard by the tribunals,
and 27 per cent. succeeded. Re-engagement was recommended in sis cases, and com-
pensation was awarded in the remainder pensation was awarded in the remainder.
Of these awards, seven per cent. were for
amounts between $£ 1,000$ and $£ 4000$, eight per cent. between $£ 500$ and $£ 1,000,49$ per cent. between $£ 100$ and $£ 500$ and 36 per
cent. were for less than $£ 100$ 140 CALLS A DAY FOR WAGES

An average of 140 telephone calls a day plused by the orevernment's question raised by the government's counter-
inflation measures has been handled by the Department of Employment's incomes
division enquiry unit since it was set up November 6 .
Most Most of the enquiries have come from employers, but about one in
come from individuals and unions.
The commonest form of question The commonest form of question at the
outset was what effect the standstill would have on wages agreements reached after

November 6 , and on implementation dates
falling within the " 90 days" falling within the " 90 days". the unit was being asked more questions on annual increments, merit reviews, Christ-
mas bonuses and increases nesotiated mas bonuses and increases negotiated
before the standstill but due to take effect
during it before the sta
during it.
of the 2,088 Of the 2,088 telephone enquiries received
by the unit up to November 24 only 104
awaited replie by the unit up to November 24 only 104 and the backlog was cleared up after a
Commons reply by Mr Maurice Macmillan, Secretary of State for Employment. He said that, during the standstill,
increments should be paid only if they were increments should be paid only if they were
regular and of specified amounts in a predetermined range or scale.
The unit has been staffed
The unit has been staffed by up to ten peopie in London, with a back-up enquiry
service in the nine British regions handed
by senior manpower advises. In the first
fortnight the regior deale fortnight the regions dealt with over 2,000
enquiries. COST-EFFECTIVENESS APPROACH SAFETY A cost-effectiveness approach to industrial
safety and health at work is urged in a research paper commissioned by the
Robens Committee on Safety and Health at Work and written by Mr T Craig Sinclair, Senior Research
Reseallow, Science Policy (HMSO 40p).
The paper says that expenditure on
reducing industrial risks could be distrireducing industrial risks could be distri-
buted more efficiently to reduce accidents and costs. Measures to improve acefiten and
health standards at work, it adds, should be health standards at work, it adds, should be
related to their efficiency in reducing human related totheir efficiency in reducing human
and material costs. At present these
measures suffer from a lack of policy measures suffer from a lack of policy
indicators, so preventing management from indicators, so preventing management from
making full use of available expertise in a
rational, economic and humanitarian way. rational, economic and humanitarian way.
The development of modern industrial The development of modern industrial
management techniques in government and management techniques in government and
business decion-making has , the paper
suggests, by-passed industrial safety, and suggests, by-passed industrial safety, and
the cost-effectiveness approach it describes the cost-effectiveness approach it describes
attempts to link its development with modern social and economic thinking.
It suggests that economic growth It suggests that economic growth and
innovation, the economics of health, social questions and modern accountancy are
areas which might be linked with safety ost-effectiveness.

The author points out that up to now revention costs have been generally ccidents. Setting up a safety programme accidents. Setting up a safety programme
imposes a financial cost on an enterprise imposes a financial cost on an enterprise At whatever level the prevention cost is
ixed, it is likely that some accident risk will emain. If the prevention programme is ncreased at addititional cost, the risk leve hould fall, and with it the cost of accidents.
herefore, an economic optimum can be determined.
It also points out those items which can
be included in expenditure on accident be included in expenditure on accident
prevention and industrial health pro grammes. It describes how the relation
between cost and risk can be worked out for a particular industry or enterprise to provide a quantitative means of assessing
priorities.
Areas can be selected which will give the greatest return in terms of accident cost
reduction for a given outlay. In this way nanagement can be provided with guide-
ines for framing policy management can be
In addition to discussion of theory,
he paper gives details of initial cost the paper gives details of initial cost
effectiveness approaches to accident prevention made in the agriculture industry, in
two small steel-handling firms, and in a two small steel--handling firms, and in
medium size pharmaceutical company medium size pharmaceutical company
operating in two factories, one old and the other new.
The results show that while the risk of
death in agriculture is ten times that death in agriculture is ten times that in
pharmaceuticals and equal to the risk in steel-handling, the expenditure on preven-
tion in agriculture is less than two per cent. tion in agriculture is sess than two per cent ten per cen
handling.

FUTURE OF AGRICULTURAL
When the new arrangements for industrial training boards come into effect in 1974 it is
proposed that the Agricultural, Hortiproposed that the Agricultural, Horti-
cultural and Forestry Industry Training
Board should be reconstituted under Board should be reconstituted under
separate statutory authority and brought separate statutory authority and brought
within the responsibility of the agricultural within the
Minister.
This was
This was announced in the House of
Commons by Mr Robin Chichester-Clark, Commons by Mr Robin Chichester-Clark,
Minister of State, Department of Employment. Replying to a question about "It was recognised in 'Training for the Future' that the arrangements for
training in arriculture required separate training in agriculture required separate
consideration in the light of the particonsideration in the light of the parti-
cular needs and characteristics of the
industry It was the unanimous view industry. II was the unanimous view
of the industry in their representations of the industry in their representations
to the Government that agricultural training should be organised outside
the scope of a National Training
the scope of a National Training
Agency.
"After considering all the views
Agency. "fter considering all the views
expresed I propose, with the agree-
ment ment of my colleagues concerned, that when new arrangements or ingst the
boards come into effect in 1970
Agricultural Training Board should be Agricultural Training Board should be
of State.
The co by a reference
or industry.

DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE 1169 authority and brought within the fall on public funds in the way of un-
responsibility of the Agricultural Mini- employment benefits and supplementary sters. "Arrangements would be made to ensure co-ordination with the Govern-
ment's training policies as a whole and also to strengthen relationships with the Education Service. At the same financing agricultural training would be recast with the aim of providing treatment generally comparable with
that of boards under the Training Services Agency.
effect to these arrangements to give out in discussion with the interest

The Agricuitural, Horticultural and p in August 1966. Its expenses for agriculeen met since September 1969 through the annual farm price review. Its responsibility for forestry training was transferred
August 1971 to a new voluntary council.

CIR TO EXAMINE INDUSTRIAL
The Commission on Industrial Relations (CIR) has been asked by Mr Maurice
Macmillan, Secretary of State for Employment, to examine methods and procedures or dealing with grievances and
disciplinary matters in industry. This question has been referred to the commission under Section 121 (1) of the Industrial Relations Act 197, and the
commission will consider the most appropriate forms for procedures in the
widely differing industrial circumstances in
whind which they have to operate, for example,
differing sizes of companies and different differing sizes of companies and different
industries. The relevant provisions of the Code of Industrial Relations
be taken into consideration.
be taken into consideration.
Questions of industrial relations machin-
ery are central to the work of the CIR The ery are central to the work of the CIR. The reference will enable it to develop general
principles without the limitations imposed principles with out the limitations imposed
by a reference relating to a specific company

## REMPLOY TO FIND 1,000 MORE

An increase of about 1,000 -from 7,560 to
8,500 -in the number of severely disabled employees it employs is planned by Announcing this in his annual review Mr D H Carter, the chairman of the com-
pany, also claimed that Remploy was palready saving millions of pounds in public
funds with its present work strength. funds with its present work strength.
The company's running costs in 1971-72 were $f 5,174,000$ in excess of sales revenue-
f137,000 higher than the revious year, £137,000 higher than the previous year,
although sales were up by $£ 1,73,000$ to a although sales were up by $£ 1,993,000$ to a
record $£ 13,059,000$ and this difference is made up by a revenue subve
Department of Employment.
But, said Mr Carter, if the
But, said Mr Carter, if the company did
"As a result of our work, however, a As a result of our work, however, a public funds chiefly in the form of purchase
lax, income tax and national insurance ax, income tax and nationa insurance During the year Remploy employed
7,559 handicapped people, 7,186 of them in factories. Although 325 were under 21 , is higher than in normal industry. More than 4,600 are between 41 and 65 . However, Mr Carter recorded that since had given employment to 31,425 severely
disabled people, of whom 5,012 had been ble to
disabled persons register
At April 17, 1972 the number of persons
registered under the Disabled Persons Employment) Acts, 1944 and 1958, was 10,107 compared with 620,691 at April 19, There were 86,140 disabled persons on
he register who were registered as unhe regiser who were registered as un-
employed at October 9 , 1972, of whom 76,868 were males and 9,272 females
Those suitable for ordinary employment whose suitable for ordinary employment
were 73,58 ( 65,913 males and 7,675
females), while there were 12,552 severely females), while there were 12,552 severely
disabled persons classified as unlikely to obtain employment other than under special conditions. These severely disabled persons are excluded fiom elsewhere in In the four
the GAAETE.
In the four weeks ended October 4, 1972, 4,909 registered disabled persons were
placed in ordinary employment. They
Tcluded 4,031 men, 783 women and 95 included 4,031 men, 783 women and 95 young persons. In addition, 175 placings
were made of registered disabled persons in sheltered employment.
At November 13, 1972 there were 84,457
disabled persons on the register who were registered as unemployed, of whom 75,310 were males and 9,147 females.
Those suitable for ordinary employment Those suitable for ordinary employment
were 7,160 ( 64,592 males and 7,568
and females), while there were 12,297 severely
disabled persons classified as unlikely to disabled persons classified as unlikely to
obtain employment other than under obtain employment
special conditions.
In the five eweeks. ended November 8, 1972 ,
6,244 registered disabled persons were 6,244 registered disabled persons were
placed in ordinary employment. They placed in ordinary employment. They
included 5,179 men, 962 women and 103 young persons. In addition, 188 placings
were made of registered disabled persons were made of registered.
in sheltered employment.
industrial fatalities and

In October, 44 fatalities were reported under the Factories Act, compared with
39 in September. This total included 23 arising from factory processes, 20 from
building operations and works of enbuilding operations and works of en-
gineering construction and one in docks gineering construct
and warehouses.
Fatalities in industries outside the scope
1

a comparable burden wo

1170 DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE mines and quarries reported in the four
weeks ended 28 October, compared with weeks ended 28 ctober, compared with
five in the five weeks ended 30 September.
These seven included four underground These seven included four underground
coal mine workers and one in quarries, compared with four and none a month
earlier. earlier.
In the railway service there were two
fatal accidents in October and five in the previous month.
In OCtober Hn October, no seamen employed in
ships registered in the United Kingdom were fatally injured, compared with four
in September. in September. diseases werere reported under of ind Factories Act. These comprised ten of chrome
ulceration, and three of lead poisoning.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING
In the thirteen weeks ended September 11,
1972, 10,208 persons were admitted to 1972, 10,208 persons were admitted to
training under the Government Vocational Training under the Government ocational
Training Shemes. of the total, 9,059 were
ablebodied and 1,149 disabled. able-bodied and 1,149 disabled.
The total number in training at the end of The total number in training at the end
the period was 14,178 (12,306 able-bodied and 1,872 disabled), of whom 9,400
( 8,585 able-bodied and 815 disabled) were (8,585 able-bodied and 815 disabled) were
at government training centres, $2,591(2,217$
able-bodied and 374 disabled at technical and commercial colleges, 1,634 (1,504 ablebodied and 130 disabled) at employers
establishments and 553 at residential (disabled) centres.
In the quarter under review, training
was completed by 8,350 persons $(7,391$

5,283 able-bodied and

## TRAINING FOR MARKETING

Marketing is a central function of business and, therefore, all company staff, including senior management, need general marketing education and, training.
This is stated in a mar This is stated in a report of a joint
committee of industrial training board Tanmivg For MAREETING, (HMSO, price
T0p), published by the Department of 70p), published by the Department of
Employment. The committee makes recomEmployment. The committee makes recom-
mendations for stimulating improved
training in marketing at professional and sub-professional levels.s., professional and
"Marketing training", the booklet "Marketing training", the booklet say will be effective only when it is based on objectives and on a thorough ana
organisational and training needs". A number of sections of marketing are
analysed for training purposes, including analysed for training purposes, including
marketing research and sales forecasting selling; advertising and sales promotion
new product development; pricing and new product development; pricing an
packaging. It defines the main areas on packils and knowledge in each of thes
skill sections.
Present
Present methods of training are examined
and recommendations made to improve training. Finally, the separate sections are
linked so that the overall marketing linked so that the overall marketin
training requirements of companies an training requirements of companies an
individuals can be defined. Examples an check lists are given to help companies to

PROFESSIONAL AND EXECUTIVE REGISTER
The total number of persons on the Professional and Executive Register on
September 7,1972 was 49,861 consisting of 43,604 men and 6,257 women, of
whom 15,497 men and 1,362 women were n employment. September the period June 8,1972 the number of vacancies filled was 2,084. The number of vacancies

UNEMPLOYMENT FIGURES
The presentation of unemployment figures in this GAZETIE has not yet been revised in the report of the inter-departmental working party on unemployment statistics
Cmnd 5157 ) (See this GAZETTE, Novembe Cmnd 5157) (See this GAZETTE, November
1972, page 973). In particular, it should be noted that unemployment rates include
the temporarily stopped and differ marthe temporarily stopped and differ mar-
ginally from those published in the national regional and local press notices.

## HELD OVER

Because of pressure on space it has been necessary to omit from this issue tables
$107-116$ inclusive which give regional 107-116 inclusive which give regiona
analyses of unemployment in the statis analyses of unemployment in the statis
tical series. Percentage rates for wholly tical series.
unemployed excluding rates for whool-leavers
which normally which normally appear in these tables,
are included in table 1 on page 1175 .

## Monthly Statistics

## SUMMARY

## Employment in production industries

The estimated total number of employees in employment in ndustries covered by the index of industrial production in Great Britain at mid-October 1972 was $100,63,000(7,413,200$ males and 2,649,900 females). The total included $8,097,300$ ( $5,613,400$ males and $2,483,900$ females) in manufacturing industries, and $1,230,300$
$(1,144,900$ males and 85,400 females) in construction. The total in these production industries was 11,200 higher than that for September 1972 and 273,400 lower than in October 1971. The otal in manufacturing industries was 2,900 lower than in
September 1972 and 247,000 lower than in October 1971. The September number in construction was 14,800 higher than in September 1972 and 600 higher than in October 1971.
nemployment
See News and Notes, page 1170.1
The number of registered wholly unemployed excluding schooleavers and adult students registered for temporary employmen in Great Britain on November 13, 1972 was 757,065 . After adjustment for normal seasonal variations, the number in this compared with 773,800 in October 1972.
In addition, there were 13,378 unemployed school-leavers and 1,338 temporarily stopped workers registered, so the total registered unemployed was 781,781 , representing 3.4 per cent. of percentage rate was $3 \cdot 6$.
Among those wholly unemployed in November, 274,126 ( $35 \cdot$ Ammor cent.) had been registered for not more than 8 weeks, compared with 292,757 ( $36 \cdot 6$ per cent.) in October; $97,941(12 \cdot 6$ pe with 115,568 ( $14 \cdot 4$ per cent.) in October.
Between October and November, the number temporarily stopped fell by 3,213 , the number of school-leavers unemployed
fell by 9,850 and the number of adult students registered for期 by 9,850 , and the number of adult students registered for

## Vacancies

The number of unfiled vacancies for adults at local employmen The number of unfilled vacancies for adults at local employment
higher than on October 4, 1972. After adjustment for norma higher seasonal variations, the number was 179,900 , compared with 165,000 in October 1972. Including 46,323 unfilled vacancies fo young persons at youth employment service careers offices, the
total number of unfilled vacancies on November 8 , 1972 was 220,$141 ; 7,620$ higher than on October 4, 1972.

## Overtime and short-time

In the week ended October 14, 1972 the estimated number of operatives other than maintenance workers working overtime industries, excluding shipbuilding and ship repairing, wa $1,752,500$. This is about $32 \cdot 4$ per cent. of all operatives. Each operative worked an average of $8 \frac{1}{2}$ hours overtime during the wees In the same week the estimated number on short-time in thes
industries was 30,400 or about 0.6 per cent. of all operatives, industries was 30,40 or about
each losing 13 hours on average.

Basic rates of wages and hours of work
At November 30, 1972, the indices of weekly rates of wages and of hourly rates of wages of all workers (July $31,1972=100$ ) were

Index of Retail Prices
At November 14 the official retail prices index was $169 \cdot 3$ (prices at January $16,1962=100$ ), compared with $168 \cdot 7$ at October 17 , and 157.3 at November 16, 1971.17 .

## Stoppages of work

The number of stoppages of work due to industrial disputes in the United Kingdom beginning in November, which came to the approximately 86,400 workers. During the month, approximately 108,300 workers were involved in stoppages, including
some which had continued from the previous month, and some which had continued from the previous month, and
358,000 working days were lost, including 138,000 lost through stoppages which had continued from the previous month.

## 1172 DECEMBER 1972

INDUSTRIAL ANALYSIS OF EMPLOYEES IN EMPLOYMENT

The table below provides an industrial analysis of employees in employment in Great Britain for industries covered by the
Index of Production at mid-October 1972, and for the two preceding months and for October 1971. The term employees in employment relates to all employees (including those temporarily stopped) other than the un-
employed; it includes persons temporarily laid off but still mployed; it includes persons temporarily laid off but still
on employers' payrolls and persons unable to work because on employers payrols and persons unabe to work because
of short-term sickness. Part-time workers are included and counted as full units.

The figures are based primarily on estimates of the total numbers of employees and their industrial distribution at
mid-year which have been compiled on the basis of counts mid-year which have been compiled on the basis of counts
of insurance cards. For manufacturing industries the returns rendered monthly by employers under the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947, have been used to provide a ratio of change since the preceding June.
For the remainin changes have been provided by the nationalised industries and government departments concerned.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Industry } \\ & \text { (Standard Industrial } \\ & \text { Classification 1968) } \end{aligned}$ | October 1971* |  |  | August 1972* |  |  | September 1972* |  |  | ctober 1972 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| otal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,649 \cdot 9 \\ & 2483.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Total, manufacturing | 5,786.7 | 2,55 | 8,344-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining and quarrying Coal mining | ${ }_{\substack{381.9 \\ 33,6}}$ | 17.5 17 | ${ }_{\substack{399.5 \\ 346.3}}$ | 368.4. | 17.5 12.7 |  |  | ${ }_{172}^{17.5}$ | ${ }_{\substack{385 \\ 382}}^{1.3}$ | 318.9 | ${ }_{17}^{12.7}$ | $384: 8$ <br> $31 / 6$ |
| Food, drink and tobacco <br> Grain milling Bread and flour confectionery <br> Biscuits Bacon curing, meat and fish products Milk and milk products <br> Milk and milk products <br> Sugar Cocoa <br> Cocoa, chocolate and sugar confectionery <br> Aruit and vegetable products <br> Vegetable and animal oils and fats <br> food industries not elsewhere specified Soft drinks malting <br> Other drink industries <br> Tobacco |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal and petroleum products Coke ovens and $m$ Mineral oil refining greases | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \cdot 9 \\ & 16 \cdot 2 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | $5.5$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} 47.3 \\ \hline 7.8 \\ \text { ab } \\ 5 \cdot 7 \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.1 \\ & 8.1 \\ & 4: 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \cdot 4 \\ & 15.4 \\ & 31.6 \\ & 7.6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8_{7}^{7.0} \\ 4: 9 \\ 1: 5 \end{gathered}$ | 54.1 I5, 31.5 7.2 |
| Chemicals and allied industries <br> General chemicals <br> Pharmaceutical chem <br> Paint <br> Soap and detergents <br> Synthetic resins and plastics materials and synthetic rubber Dyestuffs <br> Fertilizers and pigments <br> Other chemical industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 128.4 <br> 123.3 <br> 33.5 <br> 77.5 <br> 8.5 <br> 6.3 <br> 8.6 <br> 8.6 <br> 3.4 <br> 26.4 <br> 26.4 <br>  |  |  |  |  |
| manufactur <br> Iron and steel (general) Steel tubes Iron castings, etc <br> Copper, brass and <br> Other base metals |  | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \cdot 3 \\ & 27.3 \\ & \hline 7.7 \\ & 19.7 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 6.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 62.6 \\ & 22.6 \\ & 10.7 \\ & \hline 8.7 \\ & 8.8 \\ & 6.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical engineering <br> Metal-working machine (excluding tractors) <br> Pumps, valves and <br> Construction and earth accessorie <br> Mechanical handling equipment <br> Office machinery <br> Industrial (including process) plant and steelwork Ordnance and small arms <br> Other mechanical engineer <br> Other mechanical engineering not elsewhere |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instrument engineering <br> Photographic and document copying equipment Sutches and clocks Surgical instruments and appliances Scientific and industrial instruments and systems | $\begin{aligned} 100 \cdot 3 \\ 00 \\ 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5.9 \\ 5.9 \\ 73 \\ 30.7 \\ 30.9 \end{gathered}$ |  | 97.4 97. 67.4 $62: 8$ 62.0 | 53.2 <br> 3.7 <br> 13 <br> 13.3 <br> 28.8 <br>  | 150.6 $150: 9$ 13.7 31.7 90.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 912 \cdot 2 \\ & \hline 1.4 \\ & 17.6 \\ & 62: 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33.7 \\ 3.7 \\ .7 .5 \\ 28.9 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical engineering <br> Insulated wires and cables <br> Telegraph and telephone apparatus and equipment <br> Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing |  | $\begin{aligned} & 333.7 \\ & 44.7 \\ & 436 \\ & 437 \\ & 67.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $329: 1$ 39.1 I3. 69.5 69.4 9.4 | 846.6 154.5 48.7 183.1 13.1 18.3 | 5ir 517.9 | $\begin{gathered} 33 \cdot 2 \\ 39.9 \\ 39.4 \\ 70.5 \end{gathered}$ | ¢85.1. |
| (tarder II-XIX. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## OVERTIME AND SHORT-TIME IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

In the week ended October 14, 1972, it is estimated that the total number of operatives working overtime in establishment
with 11 or more employees in manufacturing industries (excluding shipbuilding) was $1,752,500$ or about 32.4 per cent. of all peratives, each working about $8 \frac{1}{2}$ hours on average.
In the same week the estimated number on short-time in hese establishments was 30,400 or 0.6 per cent. of all operatives each losing about 13 hours on average.
Estimates by industry are shown in the table below and time series is given in table 120 on page 1196.

The figures for overtime relate to operatives other than aintenance workers. The figures for short-time relate to all e excluded. The information about short-time relates to that arranged by the employer, and does not include that lost because of sickness, holidays or absenteeism. Operatives stood
off by an employer for the whole week are assumed to have off by an employer for the whole week are assumed to have
been on short-time for 40 hours each. Overtime figures relate to hours of overtime actually worked in excess of normal hours.

Overtime and short-time worked by operatives in manufacturing industries*-Great Britain: Week ended October 14, 1972

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Industry (Standard Industrial Classification 1968)} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
OPERATIVES WORKING OVERTIME \(\dagger\) \\
Hours of over-
time worked
\end{tabular}} \& \& \& Workin \& PERATIV \& a week \& hort-t \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Number } \\
\text { of orera- } \\
\text { tives }
\end{array} \\
\& \\
\& \left(0000^{\prime}\right)
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Percent-int } \\
\& \text { age of all } \\
\& \text { tives } \\
\& \text { tives }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Total \& \[
\begin{array}{|l|l}
\text { Average } \\
\text { per } \\
\text { pervar } \\
\text { tiverking } \\
\text { over } \\
\text { time }
\end{array}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Number \\
of \\
opera-
tives \\
(000's)
\end{tabular} \&  \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Number \\
of \\
opera-
tives \\
(000's)
\end{tabular} \& Total

(000's) \&  \& | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ |
| :--- |
| opera- tives |
| tives |
| (000's) | \&  \& Total

(000's) \&  <br>
\hline Food, drink and tobacco $\begin{gathered}\text { Bread and flour coniectionery }\end{gathered}$ \& ${ }_{33,6}^{196}$ \& 34.7
32.3 \& ${ }_{\text {col }}^{1,793.7}$ \& 9.15 \& $\stackrel{0.1}{-}$ \& 5.4 \& \% 0.4 \& 12.3 \& ${ }_{14.6}^{10.1}$ \& ${ }^{1.3}$ \& 0.2 \& ${ }_{5}^{17.4}$ \& ${ }_{14.8}^{13.1}$ <br>
\hline Coal and petroleum pro \& 5.1 \& 17.5 \& 44.6 \& 8.7 \& - \& 0.2 \& - \& - \& - \& - \& - \& 0.2 \& 10.0 <br>
\hline Chemicals and allied industries \& 62.6 \& 25.5 \& 542.1 \& 8.7 \& - \& 0.3 \& 0.1 \& 1.2 \& 11.4 \& 0.1 \& - \& 1.6 \& 13.0 <br>

\hline | Metal manufacture |
| :--- |
| Iron and steel (general) |
| on castings, et | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 121 \cdot 9 \cdot 9 \cdot 9 \\
& 355 \cdot 3
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 30.9 \\
& \hline 45
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 267.

287
$297: 6$

29 \& 8.6 \& 0.14 \& - 19.2 \& - \begin{tabular}{l}
3:1 <br>
$1: 2$ <br>
1.5 <br>
\hline

 \& and $\begin{gathered}29.4 \\ 13.4 \\ 12.4 \\ \end{gathered}$ \& ¢ 

10.4 <br>
10.5 <br>
8.3 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 3.5 $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \text { a } \\ & \text { a }\end{aligned}$ \& - 0.9 \&  \& (12.5 $\begin{gathered}12 . \\ 8.8 \\ 8.8\end{gathered}$ <br>

\hline Mechanical and marine eng \& 287.0 \& 42.5 \& 2,399 3 \& 8.4 \& 1.0 \& 41.1 \& 4.5 \& 37. \& 8.3 \& 5.5 \& 0.8 \& 78.2 \& 14.2 <br>
\hline Instrument engineering \& 34.8 \& 35.9 \& 24.9 \& 7.0 \& - \& - \& 0.2 \& 1.7 \& 8.0 \& 0.2 \& 0.2 \& 1.7 \& 8.0 <br>
\hline Electrical engineering \& 150.5 \& 29.1 \& 1,124.7 \& 7.5 \& 0.1 \& 5.6 \& 0.7 \& 19.8 \& 27.3 \& 0.9 \& 0.1 \& 25.4 \& 29.4 <br>
\hline Vehicles \& ${ }_{147}^{2019}$ \& 36.20 38 \& 1, 1,517: 8 \& 7.5 \& 1.5 \& 599.6 \& 1.8 \& ${ }_{\text {l }}^{16.0}$ \& 8.9 \& ${ }_{3}^{3.3}$ \& 0.5 \& ${ }_{71}^{75.6}$ \& ${ }_{23}^{23 \cdot 1}$ <br>
\hline Aerospace eqaivipment manufacturing \& $36 \cdot 2$ \& 33.8 \& 263.3 \& 7.3 \& - \& 0.4 \& 0.1 \& 0.7 \& 6.6 \& 0.1 \& 0.1 \& 1.0 \& 9.3 <br>
\hline Metal goods not elsewhere specified \& 153.1 \& 36.8 \& 1,197.7 \& 7.8 \& 0.1 \& 3.2 \& 2.5 \& 24.8 \& 10.0 \& 2.6 \& 0.6 \& 28.0 \& 11.0 <br>
\hline Textiles \& \& \& \& \& ${ }^{0.6}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Spinining and weaving

Woollen and worsted Hosiery and other knitted good \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 10.4 \\
& 159.7
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
83.7 \\
13.7 \\
14.3
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \&  \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8.6 \\
& 6.8 \\
& 6.8
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& $\frac{0.3}{0.1}$ \& | 12.4 |
| :---: |
| $\substack{1: 4 \\ 3: 8}$ | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0.1 \\
& 0.3 \\
& 2.6
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2.0 \\
& 3.0 \\
& 21.6
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \&  \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0.5 \\
& 0.7 \\
& 2.7
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& (e.3 \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \cdot 4.3 \\
& 25 \cdot 4
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 15.0. <br>

\hline Leather, leather goods and fur \& 11.0 \& 30.3 \& 8.7 \& 7.9 \& - \& - \& 0.1 \& 1.4 \& 11.2 \& 0.1 \& 0.3 \& 1.4 \& 11.2 <br>

\hline ${ }_{\text {clothing and }}^{\text {Footwear footwear }}$ \& | 38.1 |
| :--- |
| 18.0 | \& ${ }_{\substack{10.2 \\ 13.1}}$ \& | 193.4 |
| :--- |
| 46.6 |
| 1 | \& ${ }_{4}^{5.7}$ \& 0.1 \& 3.4 \& $\stackrel{6}{5} 9$ \& | 43.6 |
| :--- |
| 36.0 | \& 6:17 \& $\stackrel{7}{7.0}$ \& 7.78 \& 47.0

36 \& 6.7 <br>
\hline Bricks, pottery, glass, ceme \& 78.0 \& 34.4 \& 778.3 \& 10.0 \& - \& 0.5 \& 0.8 \& 5.8 \& 7.6 \& 0.8 \& 0.3 \& 6.3 \& 8.2 <br>
\hline Timber, furniture, etc \& 86.5 \& $43 \cdot 4$ \& 711.0 \& 8.2 \& - \& 0.4 \& 0.2 \& 2.2 \& 10.1 \& 0.2 \& 0.1 \& 2.6 \& 11.2 <br>
\hline Paper, printing and publishing \& 142.5 \& 36.7 \& 1,211-7 \& 8.5 \& - \& 0.5 \& 0.5 \& 5.2 \& 10.9 \& 0.5 \& 0.1 \& 5.7 \& 11.6 <br>
\hline graving, etc \& 63.8 \& 40.1 \& 521.1 \& 8.2 \& - \& - \& 0.1 \& 1.3 \& 17.4 \& 0.1 \& - \& 1.3 \& 17.4 <br>

\hline Other manufacturing industries \& ${ }_{\text {c }}^{78.5}$ \& 333.5 \& ¢ | 697.5 |
| :---: |
| 3065 | \& 89.5 \& - \& 1.0 \& 0.1 \& 0.8 \& 29.3 \& 0.1 \& - \& 1.8 \& | 15.4 |
| :--- |
| 39.0 |
| 12.9 | <br>

\hline Total, all manufacturing industries* \& 1,722-5 \& 32.4 \& 14,486.2 \& 8.3 \& 4.0 \& 158.6 \& 26.4 \& 234.5 \& 8.9 \& 30.4 \& 0.6 \& 393.0 \& 12.9 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

UNEMPLOYMENT ON NOVEMBER 13, 1972
The number of registered wholly unemployed persons in Great
Britain on November 13, 1972, excluding school-leavers and adult Britain on November 13, 1972, excluding school-leavers and adult seasonally adjusted figure was 756,100 or $3 \cdot 3$ per cent. of employees, compared with 3.4 per cent. in October and 3.7 per cent. in November 1971. The seasonally adjusted figure fell by 17,700 in the five weeks between the October and November counts, and fell by about 17,000 per month on average between August
Between October and November the total registered unemployed fell by 24,889 to 781,781 ( 3.4 per cent. of total employees, mpared with 3.6 per cent. in October). Tis change hicludes fall of 3,213 temporarily stopped workers.
The proportions of the wholly unemployed (including school-
leavers and adult students) who have been registered for not

DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE 117 more than 4 weeks and for not more than 8 weeks on November 13, 1972 were $21 \cdot 5$ per cent. and $35 \cdot 3$ per cent. respectively, Table 3 Wholly unemployed: Great Britain: Duration analysis November 13, 1972

| Duration in weeks** |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Boyser } \\ \text { under } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { comen } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { and orer } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Girls } \\ \text { indider } \\ \text { ind years } \end{gathered}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One or less | 33,200 32,62 | ¢ | ${ }_{\text {8,456 }}^{8,990}$ | $\xrightarrow{2,3,37}$ | $\underbrace{}_{\substack{51,125 \\ 46,816}}$ |
| Over 2 , up to ${ }^{3}$ | (26,335 | ${ }_{\substack{2,556 \\ 1,93}}^{2}$ | ${ }_{\substack{6,964}}^{6,964}$ | ${ }_{\substack{1,365 \\ 1,3 / 29}}^{1 / 2}$ | ${ }_{\substack{3 \\ 37,515 \\ \hline 1,59}}$ |
| Over 4 , up to 5 | 21,488 | ${ }_{\substack{1,601 \\ 4,161}}$ | ${ }_{\substack{5,667 \\ 14,64}}^{5}$ | (1,899 | ${ }_{\text {20, }}^{29,595}$ |
| Over 8 | 477,988 | 14,110 | 63,143 | 8.473 | 503,424 |
| Total-unadiusted | 611,072 | 31,846 | 113,745 | 20,887 | 77,550 |
| Total-adiusted | 600,519 | ${ }^{31,666}$ | 112,47 | 20,781 | 70,443 | *Se footnote * below.



| Industry (Standard Industrial Classification 1968) | great britain |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNITED Kingiom |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | WHOLLY |  | TEMPORARILY STOPPED |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| Total, all industries and services (adjusted*) Total, Index of Production industries Total, manufacturing industries |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10,328 \\ & 0,546 \\ & 7,254 \\ & \hline, 201 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,010 \\ & \hline, 911 \\ & 817 \\ & 815 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 134,268 \\ \hline \end{gathered} 35,568$ | $\begin{aligned} & 781,781 \\ & \hline \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { 32,57 } \\ & 23,257 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 144,887 \\ & \substack{14,1,187 \\ \text { an } \\ 43,564} \end{aligned}$ | 818,883 <br>  249,047 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,276 \\ & 1,276 \\ & 1.20 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,850 \\ & 2.85 \\ & 2,75^{2} \\ & 2,84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ 22 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16,999 \\ 10,599 \\ 5,970 \\ 5,90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,300 \\ & 1,248 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 22 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | (1,378 |  |
| Mining and quarrying <br>  <br>  | $\begin{gathered} 20,133 \\ 18,533 \\ \text { 1832 } \\ 326 \\ 326 \\ 385 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r}193 \\ 142 \\ 13 \\ 10 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 193 142 10 10 14 14 14 | $\begin{gathered} 20,380 \\ \hline 18,582 \\ \hline 500 \\ 407 \\ 342 \\ 399 \end{gathered}$ |  | 202 1021 21 10 14 15 15 |  |
| Food, drink and tobacco <br> Grain milling Biscuits <br> Bacon curing, meat and fish products Milk and milk products Sugar <br> Cocoa, chocolate and sugar confectionery Fruit and vegetable products Animal and poultry foods Vegetable and animal oils and fats food industries not elsewhere specifled Brewing and malting Other drink industries Tobacco |  |  | [53 | 97 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal and petroleum products Coke ovens and mand Mineral oil reffining whricating oils and greases | $\begin{aligned} & 1,743 \\ & 1,235 \\ & 1,364 \\ & 1,144 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107 \\ & 18 \\ & 78 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,743 \\ & 1,306 \\ & 1,364 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,762 \\ & \hline, 262 \\ & 1,321 \\ & 1,145 \end{aligned}$ |  | (1,372 |
| Chemicals and allied industries <br> Pharmaceutical chemicals and preparations <br> Toilet preparations <br> Soap and detergents <br> Synthetic resins and plastics materials and synthetic rubber Fertilizers <br> Other chemical industries |  |  | 37 16 |  |  | 1,990 340 342 180 183 138 149 498 439 49 |  |  |  |  |
| Metal Manufacture <br> and steel (general) Steel tubes <br> Aluminium and aluminium alloys Copper, brass and other copper alloys Other base metals |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,486 \\ & 1,1,13 \\ & 1,123 \\ & 1,129 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical engineering <br> Agricultural machinery (excluding tractors) <br> Pumps, valves and compressors <br> Textile machinery and accessorie <br> Construction and earth-moving equipment <br> Office machinery <br> Other machinery Industrial (includin <br> Ordnance and small arms <br> Other mechanical engineering not elsewhere specified |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,330 \\ & 654 \\ & 654 \\ & 164 \\ & 218 \\ & 218 \\ & 2120 \\ & 127 \end{aligned}$ | 32 18 11 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instrument engineering hotographic and document copying equipment Surgical instruments and appliances cientific and industrial instruments and systems | $\begin{aligned} 2,063 \\ 263 \\ 2999 \\ 1,290 \\ 1,210 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 836 \\ & 2736 \\ & 3,23 \\ & 337 \end{aligned}$ | 61 4 57 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 853 \\ & 238 \\ & 2,29 \\ & 1398 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical engineering <br> Electrical machinery Insulated wires and cables <br> Telegraph and telephone apparatus and equipment Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment Radio, radar and electronic capital goods Electric appliances primarily for domestic use Other electrical goods |  |  | 51 51 2 1 1 3 38 | 15 1 1 2 2 2 2 5 5 |  |  |  |  |  | , |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineering Marine engineering repairing engineering | $\begin{aligned} & 9,98108 \\ & 9,147 \\ & 766 \end{aligned}$ | 176 <br> 15 <br> 19 <br> 1 | 58 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,066 \\ & \hline 1,272742 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{1}^{11,265}$ |
| Vehicles <br> Wheeled tractor manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing Aerospace equipment manufacturing and repairing Locomotives and railway track equipment Railway carriages and wagons and trams |  |  | 99 296 296 626 92 92 24 |  |  |  |  |  | (10 |  |


| Industry (Standard Industrial Classification 1968) | great britain |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNITED Kingdom |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | WHOLL <br> Males | YOYED Females | TEMPOR <br> Males | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ZARILY } \\ & \text { \| Females } \end{aligned}$ | Males |  | Total | Males |  |  |
| Metal goods, not elsewhere specified <br> Engineers small tools and gauges <br> Hand tools and implements Cutlery, spoons, forks and plated tableware, etc Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, etc Wire and wire manufac Jewellery and precious metals Metal industries not elsewhere specified |  | 2,920 170 108 152 173 137 244 110 1,826 | $\begin{gathered} 768 \\ 244 \\ 44 \end{gathered}$ |  | 19,026 $\substack{1,726 \\ 489 \\ 486 \\ 1.066 \\ 1558 \\ 13,250 \\ 13,260}$ 1, |  |  |  | 3,084 176 114 162 174 139 251 110 1,958 |  |
| Textiles <br> Production of man-made fibres Spinning and doubling on the cotton and flax systems Weaving of cotton, linen and man-made fibres Jute Rope, twine and net <br> asiery and other knitted goods Carpets <br> Narrow fabrics (not more than 30 cm wide) Textiles finishing <br> Other textile industries |  | 4,809 496 696 397 897 100 1.041 241 249 373 381 778 78 | 203 17 18 | 122 12 18 25 25 51 51 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leather, leather goods and fur <br> Leather (tanning and dressing) and fellmongery Eur Eur goods | $\begin{aligned} & 1,450 \\ & \hline, 952 \\ & \hline 430 \\ & 101 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 384 \\ & 314 \\ & 244 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 387 \\ & \begin{array}{c} 371 \\ 247 \\ 35 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,890 \\ & 1.065 \\ & 136 \\ & 136 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Clothing and footwear Weatherproof <br> Men's and boys' tailored outerwear Women's and girls' tailored outerwear Overalls and men's shirts, underwear, Dresses, lingerie, infants' wear, etc Hats, caps and millinery Dress industries not elsewhere specified Footwear | 3.622 284 765 295 584 584 271 975 965 |  | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ 10 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 17 \\ 17 \\ 32 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 167 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 10 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 13 \\ 130 \end{array}$ | 3.722 <br> $\begin{array}{l}295 \\ 799 \\ 498 \\ 587 \\ 586 \\ 271 \\ 997 \\ 97\end{array}$ <br> 29 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricks, pottery, glass, cement, etc Bricks, fireclay and refractory goods Pottery Glass <br> Glass Cement Abrasive <br> Abrasives and building materials, etc, not elsewhere specifie |  | $\begin{aligned} & 871 \\ & 100 \\ & 310 \\ & 287 \\ & 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 150 \\ 134 \\ 134 \\ 5 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Timber, furniture, etc <br> Timber Furniture and upholstery Bedding, etc Shop and office fitting Wooden containers and baskets Miscellaneous wood and cork manufactures |  | $\begin{aligned} & 848 \\ & 177 \\ & 2178 \\ & \hline 170 \\ & 70 \\ & 66 \end{aligned}$ | 73 46 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( |
| Paper, printing and publishing <br> Paper and board Packaging products of paper, board and associated materials Manufactured stationery Manufactures of paper and board not elsewhere specified Printing, publishing of newspapers Printing, publishing of periodicals <br> Printing, publishing of periodicals Other printing, publishing, bookbinding, engraving, etc |  |  |  | ${ }_{27}^{34}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other manufacturing industries <br> Rubber Linoleum, plastics floor-covering, leathercloth, etc Brushes and brooms Miscellaneous stationers' goods Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufacturing industries |  | 2,139 $\begin{aligned} & 322 \\ & 56 \\ & 67 \\ & 67 \\ & 67 \\ & 638 \\ & 307 \\ & 108\end{aligned}$ 1, | 33 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,609 \\ & 3,049 \\ & \hline 1099 \\ & 1,2094 \\ & 3,203 \\ & 3,696 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,263 \\ \begin{array}{r}375 \\ 56 \\ 650 \\ 700 \\ 700 \\ 309\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Construction | 112,880 | 1,076 | 196 | 2 | 113,076 | 1,078 | 114,154 | 121,619 | 1,193 | 122,812 |
| Gas, ielectricity and water Electricity Water supply | $\begin{aligned} & 8,36 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 4,9746 \\ & 603 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 457 \\ & \hline \\ & \hline 189 \\ & 28 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,806 \\ & \substack{8,97 \\ 4,978 \\ \hline 631} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Transport and communication <br> Railways Road passenger transport <br> Road haulage contracting for general hire or reward Other road haulage Sea transport <br> Port and inland water transport <br> Air transport Miscellaneous transport services and storage |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 93 \\ & 7 \\ & 28 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 2,970 2701 233 235 253 250 242 237 477 47 |  |  |  |  |
| Distributive trades <br> Wholesale distribution of food and drink Wholesale distribution of petroleum products Other wholesale distribution Retail distribution of food and drink Other retail distribution agricultural supplies Dealing in other industrial materials and machinery | $\begin{array}{r} 52,494 \\ 8,403 \\ 579 \\ 5,685 \\ 12,713 \\ 14,386 \\ 4,081 \\ 6,647 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,330 \\ & 1,3756 \\ & 1,586 \\ & \hline, 9696 \\ & 10,796 \\ & 303 \\ & 440 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{10}^{4}$ | 34 3 10 18 18 | $\begin{array}{r} 52,543 \\ 8,415 \\ 579 \\ 5,689 \\ 12,723 \\ 14,391 \\ 4,095 \\ 6,651 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21,364 \\ 1,380 \\ 58 \\ 1,388 \\ 6,980 \\ 10,814 \\ 303 \\ 441 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |



| Local areas (by Region)-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  | LOCAL AREAS (by Region)-continued Scotland |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{278}$ |  |  |  |  | $\dagger$ <br> $\dagger$ <br> $\dagger$ Abrdeen <br> tarthate | , 1,9898 |  | ${ }_{181}^{185}$ |  |  | a $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 7: 8 \\ & 7.0\end{aligned}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{1,812 \\ 1,817}}^{1,18}$ | 248 | ${ }_{228}^{268}$ |  | 5 | 6.4 |  |  | 485 <br> 649 <br> 69 | ${ }_{282}^{281}$ |  |  |  |
| - | i, 1.524 | - | 1003 | - | - | ${ }^{3.7} 4$ | Tountrie |  | ${ }_{1}^{1,235}$ | ${ }_{450}^{72}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { a }}}^{\substack{1,351 \\ 5,743}}$ |  |  |
| ¢ Lurriam | , | 4.35 463 163 | lit |  | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | 8.8. |  | ciele | ci, 1.368 | cis 3 | (en | ${ }_{74}^{28}$ |  |
|  |  | li,7173 | ${ }_{\substack{\text { a }}}^{1.239}$ |  | ${ }_{83}$ | ${ }_{6} / 7$ | tralkirk | , | ${ }_{5}^{\text {5, } 105}$ | 3,633 | ${ }_{\text {31,732 }}$ | \% |  |
|  | 20,978 | ${ }^{3} \mathbf{3} 4.475$ | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 , 3 5 5}$ | ${ }_{\substack { \text { ci, } \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{2,37{ \text { ci, } \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 2 , 3 7 } }\end{subarray}}$ | ${ }_{288}^{282}$ | ${ }_{5}^{6.9}$ |  | ciele | (i, | cis2 | ${ }^{3,082}$ | 743 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ster | ci, |  | 202 | $\substack{\begin{subarray}{c}{\text { 2,487 } \\ 1,822} }} \end{subarray}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | rh | ${ }^{303}$ | 3,962 | 1,624 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3, } 3,868 \\ & 13,93 \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | (183 |  |
|  | citis | 192 <br>  <br> 249 <br> 15 | 505 <br> 190 <br> 100 |  |  |  | ¢ | coinciob | $\underset{\substack{3,96 \\ 137}}{138}$ | cis | (i, | 28 | ¢.5. |
| (tichew | 1,102 | 242 <br> 243 <br> 243 <br> 1 | ${ }_{96} 9$ | (1,967 |  | (enter | Serth | ${ }_{1,582}$ | ${ }_{628}$ | ${ }_{258} 5$ | ${ }_{\text {2,4, }}$ |  |  |
| - Noathort | 1.6 | - 373 | 224 |  |  | ${ }_{5.3}$ | Northern Ireland |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , | 457 <br> 51 <br> 55 |  | ${ }_{3}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{5.1}$ | ${ }_{\text {cole }}^{\substack{\text { Ballyme } \\ \text { Beliast }}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ¢ont fot folb | ( |  | $\substack { 3,38 \\ \begin{subarray}{c}{360 \\ 260{ 3 , 3 8 \\ \begin{subarray} { c } { 3 6 0 \\ 2 6 0 } } \end{subarray}$ | ci, | 1815 | ${ }_{4}^{3.8}$ | coicle | ciolition | cisk | 325 | , |  |  |
|  | (i,003 | ${ }_{24}^{25}$ |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{18}$ |  | Lowner |  |  | (138 |  |  |  |
| Note: <br> Note: The percentage rates of unemployment represent the number of persons registered as unemployed expressed as a percentage of the estimated number of employees |  |  |  |  |  |  | designated area. The percentage rate for South East Wales relates to the intermedarea plus parts of the Pontypool, Cardiff and Newport travel-to- owork areas outside the designated area. The percentagas rate shown for the Scotish intermediate area is that fo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| composition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| the inter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Industrial analysis of the number of persons registered as unemployed at November 13, 1972 (continued from page 1177) Table 2 (continued)

( Standard Industrial Classification 1968)
insurance, banking, finance and business service



Professional and scientific services
Prolessional and scies
Atcunan servies
Eduational services

Research and dievalopment services
Other protessional and scientific services
Miscellaneous services



Public administration and defencet
Public administration and de
National sovermentservice
Locil soverment sevicice
Ex-service personnel not classified by industry
Other prorons not classified by industry
Aged
if snd over



The number of vacancies remaining unfilled in Great Britain on November 8,1972 was $220,141: 7,620$ higher than on October 4 ,
1972.
1972. The seasonally adjusted figure of unfiled vacancies for adults on November 8, 1972 was 179,900: 14,900 higher than that for On November 8, 1972 was $179,900: 14,900$ higher than that for table 119 on page 1195).
The number of unfilled vacancies for young persons on November 8,1972 was 46,$323 ; 234$ lower than on October 4,1972 ,
Tables 1 and 2 give figures of unfilled vacancies for men, Tomen, boys and girls analysed by region and by industry respectively. The figures represent only the number of vacancies notified to local employment offices and youth employment
service careers offices by employers and remaining unfiled on service careers offices by employers and remaining unfilled on
November 8, 1972. The figures do not purport to represent the November 8,1977 . The figures do not purport to represent the
total outstanding requirements of all employers. Nevertheless, total outstanding requirements of all employers. Neverthess,
comparison of the figures for various dates provides some
indication of the change in the demand for labour.


Table 2

| Industry yroup (Standard ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (ndustrial Classification 198) | Number of vacancies remaining unfilled at |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Men } \\ 18 \\ \text { nend } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|} \substack{\text { buys } \\ 18} \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Women } \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}\right.$ over | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { cirl } \\ \text { inc } \end{array}$ | Total |
| Total, all industries and services | 104,588 | 22,101 | 69,230 | 24,222 | 220,141 |
| Total, Index of Production industries | 59,078 | 9,704 | 25,880 | 9,267 | 103,929 |
| Total, all manufacturing | 33,130 | 7,174 | 24,998 | 8,827 | 79,129 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing | 1,222 | 869 | 362 | 197 | 2,65 |
| Mining and quarrying Coal mining | 1,924 | ${ }_{123}^{161}$ | 21 | " | ${ }_{\text {2,804 }}^{2,177}$ |
| Food, drink and tobacco | 1,853 | 451 | 1,981 | 592 | 4,877 |
| Coal and petroleum products | 93 |  | 29 | 8 | 139 |
| Chemicals and allied industries | 1,490 | 215 | 947 | 315 | 2,967 |
| Metal manufacture | 2,030 | 282 | 438 | 121 | 2,871 |
| Mechanical engineering | 7,803 | 1,045 | 1,513 | 467 | 10,828 |
| Instrument engineering | 1,104 | 180 | 540 | 171 | 1,995 |
| Electrical engineering | ,151 | 511 | 3,149 | 756 | ${ }^{8,567}$ |
| Shipbuilding and marine engineering | 696 | 61 | 41 | 14 | 812 |
| Vehicles | 3,280 | 237 | 589 | 113 | 219 |
| Metal goods not elsewhere specified | 4,506 | 1,078 | 1,963 | 569 | 8,116 |
|  | 1,696 |  | 2,799 | 1,221 | 6,213 |
| Cotton, linen and man-made fibores.s. (spining and weaving) Woollen and worsted | 11,364 417 | ${ }_{98}^{80}$ |  | 139 200 | ${ }^{1,0240}$ |

## STOPPAGES OF WORK

The official series of statistics of stoppages of work due to industrial disputes in the United Kingdom relates to disputes connected with terms and conditions of employment. Stoppages
involving fewer than 10 workers, or lasting less than one day, are involving fewer than 10 workers, or lasting less than one day, are
excluded, except where the aggregate of working days lost excluded, except where the aggregate of working days lost
exceeded 100. Workers involved are those directly involved and exceeded 100 . Workers involved are those elirectly invoved and
indirectly involved (thrown out of work although not parties to the disputes) at the establishments where the disputes occurred. The number of working days lost is the aggregate of days lost by workers both directly and indirectly involved (as defined). It follows that the statistics do not reflect repercussions elsewhere, that is For example, the statistics exclude persons laid off and working days lost at such establishments through shortage of material caused by the stoppages included in the statistics. More information about definitions and qualifications is given in a report on the
statistics for the year 1971 on pages 438 to 446 of the May 1972 statistics for the year 1971 on pages 438 to 446 of the May zette.
The number or stoppages beginning in November*, which came which began before November were still in progress at the beginning of the month
The approximate number of workers involved at the establishments where these stoppages occurred is estimated at 108,300 , consisting of 86,400 involved in stoppages which began in November, and 21,900 involved in stoppages which had continued from the previous month. The latter figure includes pages which began in earlier months. Of the 86,400 workers involved in stoppages which began in November, 73,900 were directly involved and 12,500 indirectly involved.
The aggregate of 358,000 working days lost in November continued from the previous month.
PROMINENT STOPPAGES OF WORK DURING
NOVEMBER
More than 2,000 machine shop, assembly and despatch workers withdrew their labour on November 6 at a photographic copying machine company in Gloucestershire. The stoppage was in support of a claim for the upgrading of 45 despatch workers.
Normal working was resumed on November 21 , following a Normal working was resumed on November 21, following a
unanimous acceptance at a shop-floor meeting of proposals for regrading involving further examination of the manual grading scheme by independent consultants.
One hundred and thirty-nine assembly workers at a Coventry vehicle plant walked out on November 2, as a result of a dispute evels on the framing line. A further 4,600 employees stopped work in sympathy. Rearrangement of the manning programme lead to a return to work on November 7. At another plant of the same company in the area 4,000 employees
withdrew their labour following the dismissal of a shop steward for allegedly refusing a reasonable request to meet the management. Resumption of work took place on November 13 after the company's agreement to the reinstatement of the shop stewara
who was then suspended on full pay pending further discussion who was then suspended on full pay pending further discussion. A one-day stoppage of work by nearly
employed by British Rail, occurred on November 23, after the removal by management of an experimental train from its siding at Derby.
A stoppage of work took place on October 9 in a steel wire plant at Sheffield, which involved 400 engineers, fitters, electricians and maintenance workers. The dispute arose over bonus payments as laid down in the National Engineering Agreement.
A further 450 production workers were also laid off. Work was

DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE 1181 resumed on November 20 after the local union accepted a
proposal for a guaranteed $£ 31.00 \mathrm{a}$ week minimum from August proposal for a guaranteed $£ 31 \cdot 00$ a week minimum from August 1973, both increases subject to the wages standstill and any subsequent legislation.
Stoppages of work in the first eleven months of 1972 and 1971

| Industry group (1988 Standard Industid Classification) | Januar No. of sof soges. bagin ninion period |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture, forestry, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 200 | 339,400 | ${ }_{10,79,0000}^{1,000}$ | ${ }_{132}{ }^{2}$ | 21,000 | .000 |
|  | 75 | ${ }_{42,600}^{800}$ | ${ }^{142,000}$ | ${ }_{74}^{3}$ | 26,000 | ${ }_{155,000}^{2}$ |
| Capal and petroleum | 3 | 1.000 | 20,000 | 6 | 2,600 | 20,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mendestries | - | coition |  | $\begin{aligned} & 427 \\ & 461 \\ & 461 \end{aligned}$ | cistife |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 206 |  | (itasi,000 | $\xrightarrow[\substack{81 \\ 27 \\ 37}]{ }$ |  |  |
| Aerspace equipmen | 36 30 |  | ${ }^{\text {72,000 }}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {cem }}^{\text {33,500 }}$ | - 38.00000 |
| Metal goods not elsewher |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thilies and footwear | 36 | 6,900 | 37,000 | ${ }_{26}^{69}$ | (000 | ¢, |
| cks, poterer, glass, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ser, firniture etc | ${ }_{43}^{34}$ |  | 86,000 | -29 | H,1,10000 | - 47,0000 |
| All other manutacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\stackrel{238}{23}$ | 203,600 | $4,181,000$ 16,000 16,000 | ${ }_{7}^{229}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {24, }}^{4,000}$ |
|  | 113 | 175,100 | 766,000 | 147 | 73,400 | 170,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,355,000 |
| Cotersimuticetrades |  | ${ }_{\text {chen }}^{1,400}$ | 6,600 | 51 | 5,900 | 32,000 |
| Miscellaneosus sarrivices | ${ }_{16}^{49}$ | 7,700 | cis, ${ }_{\text {2,000 }}$ | ${ }_{17}^{39}$ | ${ }_{\text {4, }}^{41,500}$ | 51,000 25,000 |
| Total | $\ddagger 2,34$ | 1,588,300 |  | 2,135 |  |  |


| Principal cause | Beginningin |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { Stoppages } \end{gathered}$ |  | Number <br> stopazes |  |
| Wages-claims for increases | ${ }_{24}^{68}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,800 \\ & 6,9000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \substack{1.176 \\ 240} \end{aligned}$ | $\underbrace{\text { 8,100 }}_{\substack{839.500 \\ 58,800}}$ |
| Hours of work Employment of particular classes or |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{42}$ |  |
| Otersons O (her workin arrangements, rules | 4 |  | 355 | 1,20 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 10 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,100 \\ & i, 1000 \\ & i, 40 \end{aligned}$ | cis | cin 28,700 |
| Total | 181 | 74,000 | 2,345 | 1,307 |



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BASIC WEEKLY RATES OF WAGES, NORMAL WEEKLY HOURS AND BASIC HOURLY RATES OF WAGES The statistical tables in this article relate to changes in basic rates of wages or minimum entitlements and reductions in normal weekly hours, where these are the outcome of centrally deter-
mined arrangements, usually national collective agreements or statutory wages regulation orders. In general, no account is taken of changes determined by local negotiations at district, establishment or shop floor level. The figures do not, therefore,
necessarily imply a corresponding change in the local rates or necessarily imply a corresponding change in the local rates or
actual earnings of those who are being paid at rates above the actual earnings of those who are being paid at rates above the
basic or minimum rates. The figures are provisional and relate to manual workers only.
Changes in rates of wage
Changes in rates of wages and normal hours of work are now
subject to the policy set out in the White Paper, A Programme For subject to the policy set out in the White Paper, A Programme
Controlung Inflation: The First Stage (Cmnd. 5125)
Indices
At November 30, 1972 the indices of changes in weekly rates of
At November 30, 1972 the indices of changes in weekly rates of
wages, or normal weekly hours and of hourly rates of wages for all workers, compared with a month earlier, were:

## All worker

| Date | Indices July 31, $1972=100$ |  |  | Percentage previous 12 month |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Basic } \\ & \text { weekly } \\ & \text { reates } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Normal } \\ & \text { weekly } \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Basic } \\ & \text { hourly } \\ & \text { rates } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Basicick } \\ & \text { rates } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { gasicic } \\ & \text { rateses } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| All industries and services |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1972 October 31 | 107.4 | 99.8 | 107.6 | 17.3 | 17.7 |
| 1972 November 30 | 108.0 | 99.8 | 108.2 | 16.1 | 16.5 |

Principal changes reported in November
Brief details of the principal changes, with operative dates, are set out below
Company-owned buses-GB: Introduction of a shift allowance equivalent to
10 per cent. of the appropriate
asicic rates (November 5 ).

period in November).
Retail multiple footwear-UK: Increases of varying amounts according to





Industries affected by cost-of-living sliding scale adjustments include felt hat manufacture and lace furnishing manufacture. Full details of changes reported during the month are given in the separate publication "Changes in Rates of Wages and Hours Whe
The changes in monetary amounts represent the increases in basic
full-time weekly rates of wages or minimum entitlements only, full-time weekly rates of wages or minimum entitlements only,
based on the normal working week, that is exculuding short-time or overtime.
Estimates of the changes reported in November indicate that
he basic weekly res $1,115,000$ workers were increased by a a , ated earlier thers were increased by a total of $£ 2,050,000$ but, a change in local rates or actual earnings. For these purposes change in local rates or actual earnings. For these purposes,
therefore, any general increases are regarded as increases in basic or minimum rates. The total estimates, referred to above, include figures relating to those changes which were reported in
November with operative effect from earlier months ( 165,000

Workers, $£ 230,000$ in weekly rates of wages). Of the total increas by joint industrial councils or similar bodies established by voluntary agreement, $£ 210,000$ from direct negotiations betwee employers' associations and trade unions, $£ 105,000$ from
statutory wages regulation orders, and the rest from cost-of-livin slatutory wages regulation orders, and the rest fram adjustments. Reports received in November indicated that about 40,000 workers had their normal weekly hours reduced by one hour.
Analysis of aggregate changes
The following tables show (a) the cumulative effect of the changes,
by industry group and in total, during the period January by industry group and in total, during the period January to
November, with the total figures for the corresponding period in the previous year entered below, and (b) the month by month effect of the changes over the most recent period of 13 months. In the cold in two or more changes in any period are counted concerned in two
only once. Table (a)


DECEMBER 1972 DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT GAZETTE 1183

PETAIL PRICES, NOVEMBER 14, 1972
At November 14, 1972 the general* retail prices index was $169 \cdot 3$ (prices at January $16,1962=100$ ), compared with $168 \cdot 7$ at October 17, and with 157.3 at November 16, 1971.
The rise in the index during the month was due to higher prices for most fresh foods and some other goods and services.
The index measures the change from month to month in the average level of prices of the commodities and services purchase y nearly nine-tenths of households in the United Kingdom, including practically all wage earners and most small and medium salary earners.
salary earners.
The index for items of food whose prices show significant seasonal variations, namely, home-killed lamb, fresh and smoked fish, eggs, fresh vegetables and fresh fruit, was $177 \cdot 8$, and that
for all other items of food was $174 \cdot 1$. The index for all items for all other items of food was $174 \cdot 1$. The index for all items except items of food the
variations was $169 \cdot 1$.
The principal changes in the groups in the month were:



v Fuel and light: Total (including oil) Coal and coke

VI Durable household goods: Total
Furniture, floor coverings and soft furnishings
Radio, television and other household
119
152
Pottery, glassware and hardware

VII Clothing and footwear: Total Men's outer clothing Women's outer clothing Women's underclothing Children's clothing
Other clothing includ Oher clothing, including hose, haberdashery,
hats and materials Footwear




Detailed figures for various groups and sub-groups are:
Group and sub-group
Index figure

Food: Total
Bread, flour, cereals, biscuits and cakes Bread, flour, cere
Meat and bacon
Fish
Butter, margarine, lard and other cooking fat Butter, margarine, lard
Milk, cheese and eggs Tea, coffee, cocoa, soft drinks, etc. Sugar, preserves and confectionery Vegetables, fresh, canned and fro
Fruit, fresh, dried and canned Fruit, fresh,

Motoring and cycling ..... $159 \cdot 3$
143
IX Miscellaneous goods: Total ..... $69 \cdot 5$

Medicines, surgical, etc. goods and toilet requisites
Soap and detergents, soda, polishes and other household goods and sports goods, toys, photographic and optical goods, etc.137
Services: Total ..... 187.4
Postage and telephones
ther services, including
hairdressing, boot and shoe repaic help,hairdressing, boot and
laundering and dry cleaning190

|  | Alcoholic drink | 162.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| III | Tobacco | 141.6 |
| IV | Housing: Total | 202.5 |
|  | Rent | $\begin{aligned} & 209 \\ & 209 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Charges for repairs and maintenance, and | 171 |

Tables 101-134 in this section of the Gazerte give the principal statistics compiled regularly by the department in the form of
time series, including the latest available figures together with comparable figures for preceding dates and years.
They are arranged in subject groups, covering the working population, employment, unemployment, unfilled vacancies, hours worked, earnings, wage rates and hours of work, retail
prices and stoppages of work resulting from industrial disputes. prices and stoppages of work resulting from industrial disputes.
Some of the main series are shown as charts. Brief definitions of the terms used are at the end of this section.
The national statistics relate either to Great Britain or the United Kingdom, and regional statistics to the Standard Region for Statistical Purposes ssee this Gazerte, January 1966, page 20 .
which conform generally to the Economic Planning Regions. Working population. The changing size and composition of he working population of Great Britain at quarterly dates is in able 101, and more detailed analyses of the employment and Employment. As it is not practicable to estimate short-term changes in the numbers of self-employed persons, the group of employment tables relate only to employees. Monthl estimates are given for broad groups of industries covered by the
Index of Industrial Production, and annual mid-year estimate for other groups (table 103). The quarterly totals in employment in all industries and services are analysed by region in table 102 Unemployment. The group of unemployment tables (104-116) show the numbers of persons registered at local employmen
offices and youth employment service careers offices in Grea Britain, and in each region, at the monthly counts. For Grea Britain separate figures are given for males and females. Persons are included in the count of registered unemployed if they ar seeking employment with an employer, are capable of and
available for work, are registered for employment at a local employment office or youth employment service careers office on the day of the monthly count, and are not in employment on that day. The count includes both claimants to unemployment benefit and persons who are not claiming benefit, but it excludes those
non-claimants who are registered only for part-time work. Also xcluded are those persons who are severely disabled, and who are considered unlikely to obtain work other than under special Thitions.
The total registered is expressed as a percentage of the total umbers of employees to indicate the incidence rate of unemployment. It is also sub-divided into those temporarily stopped from work and those wholly unemployed. The latter group includes young persons seeking their first employment who are describe
as school-leavers and adult students seeking temporary employ ment during vacation, both of which are shown separately. The ables also give separate figures for wholly unemployed excludin both school-leavers and adult students, adjusted for seasonal variations.
An industrial analysis of the national statistics of wholl unemployed excluding both school-leavers and adult students, appears in table 117, together with figures adjusted for seasona variations.
The wholly unemployed are analysed in table 118 according Unfilled vacancies. The vacancy statistics in table 119 relate to the vacancies notified by employers to local employment offices and youth employment service careers offices, and which, at the
date of count, remain unfilled. They do not measure the total volume of unsatisfied immediate manpower requirements of employers.
Hours worked. This group of tables provides addition gives estimates of
in manufacturing industries; table 121 the total hours worked and the average hours worked per operative per week in broad industry groups in index form. Average weekly hours of employees are included in tables in the following group
Earnings and wage rates. Average weekly and hourly earnings and hours of manual workers in the United Kingdom in industry
groups covered by the regular (October) enquiries are given in groups covered by the regular (October) enquiries are given in
tables 122 and 123; averages for full-time men and women are given by industry group in table 122. Average earnings of all non-manual workers in Great Britain in all industries, and in all manufacturing industries, are shown in table 124 in index form. Table 125 is a comparative table of annual percentage changes in
hourly earnings and hourly wage rates of full-time manual workers. New Earnings Survey (April) estimates of average weekly and hourly earnings and weekly hours of various categories of employees in Great Britain are given in table 126. Table 127 shows, by industry group and in index form, average earnings
of all employees in Great Britain, derived from a monthly survey; the indices for all manufacturing and all industries are also given adjusted for seasonal variations. Average earnings of full-time manual men in the engineering, shipbuilding and chemical Industries are given by occupation in table 128 , in index form, are given by industry group in table 131 and for all manufacturing and all industries in table 130 . (Table 129 has been discontinued). Retail prices. Table 132 gives the all-items and broad item Quarterly all-items (excluding housing) indices for pensione households are given in special articles in the February, May, August and November issues of this Gazette.
Industrial stoppages. Details of the numbers of stoppages of work days lost are in table 133, the and days lost are in table 133.
Output per head and labour costs. Table 134 provides annual and quarterly indices of output, employment and output per person employed for the whole economy, the Index of Production and manufacturing sectors, and for selected industries where output and employment can be reasonably matched. Annual and are given for the whole economy, with separate indices for the largest component-wages and salaries. Annual indices of labour costs per unit of output (including all items for which regular data is available) are shown for the whole economy and for October 1968, pages 801-803.
Conventions. The following standard symbols are used:
.. not available ess that the final
nil or negligible (less than half the final digit
shown) shown)
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { n.e.s. } & \text { not elseward } \\ \text { S.I.C. } & \text { U.K. Standard Industrial Classification ( } 1958 \text { or }\end{array}$ 1968 edition as indicated)
A line across a column between two consecutive figures indicates that the figures above and below the line have been
compiled on a different basis, and are not wholly comparable, or that they relate to different groups for which totals are given in the table.
Where figures have been rounded to the final digit, there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the Although figures may be given in unrounded form to facilitate the calculation of percentage changes, rates of change, et by users, this does not imply that the figures can be estimatee may be the subject of sampling and other errors.

| Quarter |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Employess } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { employment }}}{ }$ | Employers and siofor employed | ${ }_{\substack{\text { civil } \\ \text { employment }}}^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{\text {Numbers }}$ unemplod | Total civilian labour force | $\stackrel{\text { H.M. }}{\text { Forces }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Working } \\ \text { population }}}{\text { a }}$ | Of which Males | Females |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Numbers unadiusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { June } \\ & \text { Sepomber } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,664 \\ & 1,681 \\ & 1,681 \\ & 1,681 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 525 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 525 \\ 556 \\ 559 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 419 \\ & 417 \\ & 413 \\ & 412 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 1968 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { Supocember } \\ & \text { Docember } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,681 \\ & i, i, 917 \\ & i, 773 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 572 \\ 5050 \\ 555 \\ 540 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 3905 \\ & 390 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.952 \\ & 8.9896 \\ & 8,986 \\ & 8,96 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 1969 | March Mane Sotember Docember |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,728 \\ & 1,744 \\ & 1,744 \\ & 1,744 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 568 \\ & \substack{436 \\ 564 \\ 566} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 384 \\ & 380 \\ & 377 \\ & 376 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 1970 | March Sopiember Deecember |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,744 \\ & 1,744 \\ & 1,744 \\ & 1,744 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 374 <br> $\begin{array}{l}37 \\ 370 \\ 371\end{array}$ |  |  | (9,004 |
| 1971 | March$\substack{\text { Sene } \\ \text { Serember } \\ \text { December }}$ December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R1, } 1,907 \\ & \hline 2,07 \\ & \hline 1 ;, 984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,744 \\ & 1,744 \\ & i, 744 \\ & i, 744 \end{aligned}$ |  | 700 688 888 868 |  | $\begin{gathered} 368 \\ \left.\begin{array}{c} 368 \\ 378 \\ 372 \end{array}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,877 \\ & \hline, 900 \\ & 8,901 \\ & 8,944 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1972 | March | 21,947 | 1,744 | 23,691 |  | 24,616 | 371 | 24,987 | 15,907 | 9,080 |
| Numbers adjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { Suncember } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,974 \\ & 8.949 \\ & 8,941 \\ & 8,941 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1968 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { Superember } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | March September December | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { PiPb } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $8.8,966$ |
| 1970 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { Supecember } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,51 \\ & \hline 22,34 \\ & \hline 2,328 \\ & 22,310 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1971 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { June } \\ & \text { September } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | wie |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,994 \\ & 8,959 \\ & 8,959 \\ & 8,942 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1972 | March | 22,027 |  | 23,771 |  |  |  | 25,039 | 15,399 | 9,100 |

employees in employment: Great Britain and standard regions

| ${ }_{\text {South }}^{\text {East }}$ | $\underset{\text { East }}{\text { Angia }}$ | Seuth | $\underset{\text { Midastands }}{\text { M }}$ |  | Yorkshire and Humber- <br> side | North | North | Wales | Scotland | ${ }_{\text {Great }}^{\text {Gritain** }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1968 | Soptember | 7,858 | 615 669 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1 ; 2828}$ | ${ }_{\substack{2,264}}^{2,269}$ | ${ }^{1,397}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2,020}$ | ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{2,900}$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1,269}$ | ${ }_{940}^{950}$ | ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{2,1288}$ | ${ }_{\text {22, }}^{22,761}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 | March | 7,8,885 | 616 626 | 1,274 | 2, 2,271 | 1,402 | 1,9997 | (2,83 | 1,243 | 9380 | 2,088 2,091 | ${ }_{\text {22, }}^{22,565}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sune (e) } \\ & \text { Soper ber } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,79 \\ & 7,743 \\ & 7,731 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{1,304 \\ 1,2888 \\ 1,283}}{\substack{280}}$ | (enter | $\underset{\substack{1,395 \\ 1,4,408}}{1,408}$ | coiol |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,258 \\ & 1,258585 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 942 \\ & 975 \\ & 976 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{22,523}^{22,69}$ |
| 1970 | March September December | $\begin{gathered} 7,7758 \\ \substack{1,964 \\ 1,649} \\ 1,0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 614 \\ & .637 \\ & 636 \\ & 635 \\ & 635 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,278 \\ 1,278 \\ 1,2818 \\ 1,275 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,253 \\ & \text { a, } 2,59 \\ & \text { a,2 } \\ & 2,24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,396 \\ & 1,3603 \\ & 1,409 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,9956 \\ & 1,996 \\ & 1,985 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,265 \\ & 1,270 \\ & 1,280 \\ & 1,280 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 938 \\ & 9.95 \\ & 9.50 \\ & 934 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1971 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { Supterember } \\ & \text { Docember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,510 \\ \substack{1,526 \\ 7,503} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 605 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 608 \\ 508 \\ 598 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,285 \\ 1,208 \\ 1,303 \\ 1,294 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,224,2, \\ & \text { a, } 2,10 \\ & 2,205 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,997 \\ & 1,9424 \\ & 1,944 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,806 \\ & \text { a,79, } \\ & \text { a,790 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,245 \\ & \text { and } 1,237 \\ & 1,237 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9190 \\ & 9.929 \\ & 929 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1972 | March | 7,576 | 620 | 1,294 | 2,192 | 1,373 | 1,931 | 2,767 | 1,232 | 918 | 2,036 | 21,947 |




| xteremar |  | total register |  | WHOLLY UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  | WHOLLY UNEMPLOYED＊ excluding school－leaveand adult students |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Percentagerateper cent． | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Total } \\ \left(000^{\prime} \mathrm{s}\right) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | of which |  |  | Actual <br> number <br> （000＇s） | Seasonally adjusted |  |
|  |  | School－ $\qquad$ <br> （000＇s） |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} \text { Aduletst } \\ \text { studst } \\ \left(0000^{\prime}\right) \end{array}\right.$ | Number （000＇s） |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | $\begin{gathered} \text { January } 13 \\ \text { Patarary } \\ \text { March } 10 \end{gathered}$ | $506 \cdot 6$ <br> 504 <br> $505 \cdot 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 497: 16: 6 \\ 4983: 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2: 7 \\ & 1: 2 \end{aligned}$ | ．． |  | $\begin{aligned} & 94.6 \\ & \hline 989.6 \\ & \hline 826 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3：1 |
|  |  |  |  | － 49.9 |  | $\because$ |  |  |  | 3：1 |
|  | July 14 Segust 11 September 8 |  |  | 428．2 45：2 454.7 | － $\begin{array}{r}\text { 23：} \\ 13.6 \\ \hline 1.6\end{array}$ | 11．2． | 7.1 13.7 17.5 | $410 \cdot 8$ 4357 428.4 |  | 年3：1 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { October } 13 \\ & \text { November } 10 \\ & \text { December } 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 3.4 \\ 3: 4 \\ 3: 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 456 \cdot 0.5 \\ & \hline 435 \cdot 0 \end{aligned}$ | S． | $\because$ |  | 451.0 $481: 7$ 881 |  | 3：2 |
| 1970 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.7 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 3.7 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2．6 | $\because$ | 14．715.7 <br> 19.8 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\text { c.7. } \begin{gathered} 3.7 \\ 3.5 \\ \hline .5 \end{gathered}$ |  | 5．1． | ： | 20.0 21.7 20.3 20， |  |  | 走．4 |
|  | July 13 September 14 |  |  |  | （ 5.7 .7 | 16：8 | （16．3 |  |  | 3.4 <br> 3.4 <br> 3.4 <br>  |
|  | October 12 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noveber } \\ & \text { December } 7\end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 3.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ：$:$ | 19.0 13.6 13.6 |  |  |  |
| 1971 |  | ¢ 587.7 | 4.2 4.5 4.5 | 5cis 57.0 | cis $\begin{gathered}3.5 \\ 2.2 \\ 2.2\end{gathered}$ | ：$:$ |  |  | ¢ 5 521．6． |  |
|  | April 5 May 10 May June 14 14 |  | 4.6 <br> 4.5 <br> 4.4 |  | 4：4 | 12.3 |  |  | 59.6 <br>  <br> 689.6 <br> 617.4 | 4.1 4.4 4.4 4 |
|  | July 12 <br> August <br> September |  | cif $\begin{gathered}4.7 \\ 5: 3 \\ 5\end{gathered}$ | 630.7 60.7 6770 |  | cis $\begin{aligned} & 18.5 \\ & 10.7 \\ & 10.7\end{aligned}$ |  | ¢03．1 |  | 4：5 4.6 |
|  | October I1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noverber } \\ & \text { December } 6\end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 5: 3 \\ 5: 5 \\ 5: 5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ¢ $\begin{aligned} & \text { c89：4 } \\ & 731: 6 \\ & 731: 6\end{aligned}$ | cin12.3 <br> 5.7 | 0.6 0.1 |  |  |  | ¢ $\begin{gathered}\text { ¢ } \\ 5.0 \\ 5.0\end{gathered}$ |
| 1972 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } 10 \\ & \text { February } 14 \\ & \text { March } 13 \end{aligned}$ | － 8.87 | ¢ $\begin{gathered}5.9 \\ 5: 8 \\ 5.7\end{gathered}$ |  | 㐌：4．5 4.7 | 1.5 0.1 0.1 12.3 |  | $75 \cdot 8$ 7575 75.5 $755 \cdot 8$ | 726.0 784 74.7 734.0 7 | $\begin{gathered} 5 \cdot 1: \\ 5: 2 \\ 5: 2 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | 804．3 7n73： 675 |  |  | $\xrightarrow[\substack{10.9 \\ 5.8 \\ \text { 5．8 }}]{ }$ |  |  | 755：8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5: 0 \\ & 5: 8 \\ & 4: 8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | July 10 August 14 September | $\begin{gathered} 6776 \cdot 6 \\ 7272: 9 \\ 729 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | ¢， $\begin{gathered}12 \cdot 1 \\ 38.9 \\ 26.8 \\ 15\end{gathered}$ | 20.4 21.4 17.5 0.2 | 17.4 19， 28.6 13.0 | $637 \cdot 6$ 675 6550 637.5 | 673.2 675 68.6 649.6 | 4.8 $4: 8$ 4.6 |
|  | October 9 November 13 | ${ }^{667} \mathbf{6 7 7} 5$ | ${ }_{4}^{4.7}$ | ${ }_{654.9}^{637}$ | 15．2 | $\stackrel{2.2}{ }$ | ${ }_{10.3}^{13.0}$ | 637.5 68.3 | ${ }_{633}^{64.6}$ | 4.5 |




\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{MEuO}} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{males and females} \\
\hline \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Total \\
(000's) \\
(I)
\end{tabular} \& 2 weeks of \& \({ }_{\text {(per cent.) }}^{\text {(3) }}\) \& OVer 2 \%eeks and \& \begin{tabular}{l}
and \\
(per cent.) \\
(5)
\end{tabular} \& Over 4 we
up to 8 wee

(000's)

(6) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
and <br>
(per cent.) <br>
(7)

 \&  \&  \& 

Over 52
weeks <br>
(000 s) (10)
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} \&  \&  \&  \&  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
12: 2: 2 \\
10.9 \\
10: 1 \\
10: 5 \\
10.5 \\
10.3 \\
10.7 \\
10.3
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \&  \& \& \& <br>

\hline 1968 \& October 14
November 11

December 9 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 535 \cdot 7 \\
& \hline 5437 \\
& 5470
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 106: 06: 5 \\
& 85
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 19.8.8 \& ¢ 53.6 \& 11.9

10.8

10.1 \&  \& | 14.1 |
| :--- |
| 15 |
| 15.8 |
| 1.8 | \& 133.1 \& 69.2 \& 88.4 <br>

\hline 1969 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { January } 13 \\
& \text { February } 10 \\
& \text { March } 10
\end{aligned}
$$ \& cis $580 \cdot 9$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
1067 \\
\hline 8,7 \\
8,5: 5
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 18.4

16.5

15 \&  \& | 9.4 |
| :--- |
| 90.9 |
|  |
| 0.9 | \&  \& 15.1

13.6
14.0 \& 167.8 \& 73.6 \& 90.8 <br>

\hline \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Apriri } 14^{4} \\
& \text { Hane }
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& - 90.7 \& 16.5

16.5
16.9 \&  \& 10.8 \&  \& 13.6
13.1
13.1 \& 152.2 \& 79.4 \& 92.0 <br>
\hline \&  \&  \& $103:$
103
96.9
96 \& 20.4
18.0
18.0 \&  \& 11.5
13.5
10.9
12. \&  \& 13.0
14.7
14.7 \& 118.2 \& 68.8 \& 89.6 <br>
\hline \& October 13
November 10

December 8 \& ¢ $540 \cdot 1$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
1090 \\
i 93 \\
93
\end{gathered}
$$ \& 20.2

18.4

16.6 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 64 \cdot 7 \\
& 61 \cdot-3 \\
& 6.3
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 12.0

10.9 \& $$
\begin{gathered}
7 \cdot 8 \\
85 \\
85
\end{gathered}
$$ \&  \& 132.4 \& 61.7 \& 95.5 <br>

\hline 1970 \&  \& (60.7. 6 \& (10.5 \& ¢ 18.2 \& coss 55.4 \& 9.1
10.6
10.0 \& ¢98.2. \& 16.3
13.6
14.5 \& 178.4 \& 67.7 \& 97.4 <br>

\hline \& \[
$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Apriri } 11^{2} \\
\text { Hane I }
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& (inc. \& - 10.9 \& | 17.9 |
| :--- |
| 15 |
| 15.4 |
| 1.4 | \&  \& \% 8.98 \& $\underset{\substack{855 \\ 68.6}}{68.8}$ \& 14.5

13.1
13.2 \& 168.5 \& 79.9 \& 98.3 <br>

\hline \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { July } 1310 \text { Io } \\
& \text { Seputember } 14
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& cistio \&  \& ${ }_{\substack{20.1 \\ 19.5 \\ 19.4}}$ \&  \& ¢110. \& cick \& | 13.4 |
| :--- |
| 14.5 |
| 14.0 |
| 14. | \& $136 \cdot 7$ \& 71.5 \& 96.8 <br>

\hline \& Ocobern 12
Noter
December 7

7 \& $$
\begin{gathered}
583: 9 \\
680: 8 \\
608: 8
\end{gathered}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1096 \\
& \\
& 09640
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 19.1 \\
& 17.7 \\
& 16.0
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 65 \cdot 7 \\
& 659.7
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
11: 9 \\
10.9
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
83.7 \\
90.7 \\
92.1
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 14: 5 \\
& \text { i5: } 5: 5
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 143.1 \& 70.2 \& 101.7 <br>

\hline 1971 \&  \& | 67.7 |
| :--- |
| $\substack{60.7 \\ 696.7}$ | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 124: 4 \\
& 102: 5 \\
& \hline 1025
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 18.5

15.5
14.7 \&  \& 8.6
10.6
9.8 \& 107.5
c. 97.5
103.5 \& 16.0
14.9
14.9 \& 197.7 \& 79.5 \& 104.8 <br>

\hline \&  | May |
| :---: |
| June I |
| If | \&  \&  \& | 17.1 |
| :--- |
| 14.9 |
| 14.5 |
| 1 | \&  \& $\xrightarrow{10.3} 10.7$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
105 \\
975 \cdot 6 \\
97
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& | 14.5 |
| :--- |
| 13.4 |
| 14.3 |
|  | \& 214.6 \& $96 \cdot 3$ \& 111.8 <br>

\hline \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { July } 12 \\
& \text { Supsterser }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 790: 8 \\
& 8006 \\
& 806
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& | 135.7 |
| :--- |
| 117.7. |
| 130.7 | \& 18.3

18.3
16.2 \& (70.4. \& lo. 10.5 \& (102.7 \& 13.6
15
15.2 \& $206 \cdot 9$ \& 102.1 \& 118.0 <br>
\hline \& October 11
Noverber

December 6 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 86606 \\
& 8864 \\
& 8861
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 132 \cdot 30 \\
& 105: 4
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 16 \cdot 2 \cdot \\
& 14 \cdot 2 \\
& 12 \cdot 2
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
88.6 \\
7888 \\
78.8
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
10 \cdot 9 \\
10.9 \\
9.1
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 118: 9 \\
& 135: 29
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 14.6. ${ }_{15}^{15.7}$ \& 238.1 \& 108.1 \& 129.9 <br>

\hline 1972 \&  \&  \& 130.3
1107
97.5
15 \& 14.1
12.0
10.6 \&  \& ¢ $\begin{aligned} & 7.1 \\ & 8.2 \\ & 8.2\end{aligned}$ \& 137.6
1127
118.9
115.1 \& 14.9
$13: 9$
12.9
12.5 \& 311.8
282.1 \& 137.5
$166 \cdot 2$ \& 142.0
157.2 <br>
\hline \& Aprill 10 \& 924.5 \& 115.1 \& 12.4 \& 88.8 \& 9.6 \& 115.1 \& 12.5 \& 282.1 \& $166 \cdot 2$ \& 157.2 <br>
\hline \&  \& \% 837.0 \& ${ }_{94}^{93.5}$ \& 11.1 \& ${ }_{5}^{65} \cdot 9$ \& \% 7.7 \& ${ }_{89} 96.8$ \& 111.6 \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { July Io } \\
& \text { Supges If } \\
& \text { Sepiember II }
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& ${ }_{\substack{\text { a }}}^{132 \cdot 2} 12.6$ \& 16.9

14.5
14.5 \& 73.8
10,
711
7 \&  \& - $\begin{aligned} & 92.1 \\ & 1225 \\ & 125\end{aligned}$ \& 11.4.4 14.7 \& $204 \cdot 3$ \& $139 \cdot 3$ \& 164.0 <br>
\hline \& Octobers $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } 13\end{aligned}$ \& 799.1 \& 115.6 97 \& 14.4
12.6 \& ${ }_{69}^{73.1}$ \& 8.9 \& 103.4 \& 12.9 \& 212.9 \& 116.5 \& 177.6 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| MEN |  |  |  |  |  | women |  | Young persons |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total <br> (000's) <br> (II) | 2 weeks <br> or less <br> (000's) <br> (12) | Over 2 <br> up to 8 <br> weeks <br> (000's) <br> (13) | Over 8 weeks and weeks <br> (000's) (14) |  | Over 52 <br> weeks <br> (000's) <br> (16) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { weeks } \\ & \text { or less } \\ & (000 \text { 's } \\ & (17) \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 weeks or less $(000 ' s)$ $(19)$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Moonhly averages |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 7: 2 \\ & \hline 6: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1054 \\ & 1054 \\ & 1054 \end{aligned}$ | 109.8 | 60.6 | 79.4 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 0 \\ & 24.0 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1966 \\ 8: 6 \\ 8: 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.7 \\ & 8.7 \\ & 6.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { October } 14 \\ & \text { Nover } \\ & \text { December } 11 \end{aligned}$ | 968 |
|  | 77.9 <br> 64.7 <br> 64.2 | 114.5 1067 107.2 | 139.8 | 65.1 | 82.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 18.0 \\ & 15.9 \\ & 14.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 19: 4 \\ 8: 6 \\ \hline: 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.6 \\ & 7: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { January } 13 \\ \text { Fibraral } \\ \text { March } 10}}{\substack{10}}$ | 1969 |
| 449.0 400.1 400. | $\begin{aligned} & 6.4 \\ & 60 . \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 104: 7 \\ 81: 5 \\ 81: 5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 128.4 | 70.0 | ${ }^{83} 5$ |  | 20.6 17.6 15.6 | 14.1. 8 | 8.0. $\begin{aligned} & 8.3 \\ & 6.1 \\ & 0.9\end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 407.5 \\ & 423 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70.5 \\ & 65 \cdot 6 \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ | ¢59.3 | 98.9 | 60.5 | 81.7 | +15.6. | 18.0 19.6 19.1 | (15.9. |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 433 \\ & \hline 43 \\ & 464 \cdot 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77.0 \\ & 70.4 \\ & 70.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106 \\ & 115: 2 \\ & \hline 2 \end{aligned}$ | 109.1 | 54-2 | 87.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,0 \\ & 130 \\ & 130 \end{aligned}$ | cers | 1219, | 11.3.7 9.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { October } 13 \\ & \text { Noverber } 10 \\ & \text { December } 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 50505 \\ 4098 \\ 409 \end{gathered}$ | $88: 1$ $73: 2$ 715 7 | cis 115.1 | 149.1 | 60.0 | 89.0 | ¢ 16.15 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \cdot 2 \\ & \text { an } \\ & 22.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12: 3 \\ 10: 9 \\ 9.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.4 \\ & 9.0 \\ & 9.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1970 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 485.7 \\ & 4595 \\ & 43, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \cdot 5 \\ & 66 \cdot 5 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | - 107.0 | $142 \cdot 3$ | 70.3 | 89.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 16: 8 \\ & 12: 8 \\ & 12.3 \end{aligned}$ | 20.4 10.3 16.5 | $\begin{gathered} 13 \cdot 6 \\ 9.6 \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10: 6 \\ 9.0 \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 447.5 455 453.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \cdot 4 \\ & 755 \\ & \hline 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 113.9 | 63.0 | 88.5 | 16.3. | 19.3 19.9 19 | $\begin{gathered} 16 \cdot 5 \\ \hline 23 \\ 18 \cdot 5 \end{gathered}$ | 9.7 319 19.3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } 13 \\ & \text { Sevist } 10 \\ & \text { Sepereer } 14 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $457 .{ }^{45} 47$ $490: 9$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \cdot 2 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110.4 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | 116.7 | 61.2 | 92.8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 2 \\ & 2501 \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13: 8 \\ & 111: 4 \\ & \hline 18 \end{aligned}$ | October 12 Noterer December 7 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 59.5 \\ & 555 \cdot 5: 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \cdot 3 \cdot \\ 7550 \end{gathered}$ |  | 162.5 | 69.7 | 95.9 | 19.1 15.7 15.9 |  | 14.88 $\begin{gathered}12.8 \\ 12.6\end{gathered}$ | (11.7. |  | 1971 |
| $589 \cdot 6$ $580: 6$ $56 \cdot: 8$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ & 73,1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $176 \cdot 2$ | 83.3 | 101.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 18.4 \\ & 18.4 \\ & 139 \end{aligned}$ |  | 16.2 18.0 12.2 | ¢13.4 <br> 15 <br> 15.4 <br> 15 |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 596 \cdot 6 \\ \hline 9675 \\ 624 \cdot 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 97 \cdot 6 \\ 87 \cdot 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 137 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \\ & 131:-2 \end{aligned}$ | 170.6 | 8.9 | $107 \cdot 7$ | 21.1 17 21.7 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \cdot 0 \\ & 36 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 619: 9 \\ & 679:-9 \\ & 696 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95: 6 \\ & 7559 \end{aligned}$ | 150.7 <br> 1657 <br> 157 | 188.3 | 93.3 | 118.1 | $\begin{gathered} 23 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \\ \text { an } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \cdot 8 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17: 2 \\ & 14: 6 \\ & 12: 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.1 \\ & 20.0 \\ & 18.0 \end{aligned}$ | October 11 Noter December 6 |  |
| 744:9 7 $745: 8$ 790 | 91.2 78.7 69.3 760 |  | 250.9 | 119.0 | 129.5 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.94 \\ & 32 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ |  | 17.1 18.3 18.2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { January } 10 \\ \text { Patrary } 14 \\ \text { Marach } 13 \end{gathered}$ | 197 |
| 738.4 | 76.0 | 150.8 | 226.7 | $141 \cdot 9$ | 143.1 | 19.1 | 34.8 | 20.0 | 18.4 | April 10 |  |
| 668.9 620.6 | ${ }_{6}^{65 \cdot 7}$ | ${ }^{1604} 16$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{14,7}^{15 \cdot 9}$ | ${ }_{27}^{27.4}$ | 1119 | ${ }_{18}^{18.8}$ | $\mathrm{May}_{\text {May }} \mathrm{S}_{12}$ |  |
| $634: 9$ 64,9 $645: 3$ 645 | $\begin{gathered} 90 \cdot 0 \\ \substack{94.4 \\ 80.8} \end{gathered}$ |  | 160.5 | 118.4 | 149.4 | 24.0 ati 20.7 |  |  | 16.5 <br> $\substack{50 . \\ 40.3}$ <br> 18.5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July yo } \\ & \text { Sevist } 14 \\ & \text { Seperer It II } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 615:1 6 | 78.4 67.8 | ${ }_{\text {123 }}^{123.6}$ | $160 \cdot 6$ | 97.5 | 161.1 | 21.6 | ${ }_{3}^{31 \cdot 3} 3$ | ${ }_{15}^{12.7}$ | 22:3 |  |  |

Unemployed and vacancies: Great Britain
Three-month moving average; seasonally adjusted THOUSANDS


VACANCIES vacancies notified and remaining unfilled: Great Britain

THOUSANDS


[^0]\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Week ended} \& \multicolumn{14}{|c|}{operatives} \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{WORKING OVERTIME (excluding meintenance staff)} \& \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{On Short-time} \\
\hline \& \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\begin{array}{l}
\text { Number } \\
\text { of } \\
\text { opera- } \\
\text { tives }
\end{array} \\
\\
(000 \text { 's }) \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] \&  \& \(\left|\begin{array}{l}\text { Hours } \\ \text { Average } \\ \text { por } \\ \text { opera- } \\ \text { itever } \\ \text { Working } \\ \text { orer- } \\ \text { time }\end{array}\right|\) \& \(\underbrace{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { Acul } \\ \text { Number }}}_{\text {Millions) }}\) \& \begin{tabular}{|l}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Number \\
Sesionaly \\
Ajumber \\
Number
\end{tabular} \\
(Millions)
\end{tabular} \&  \&  \&  \& \(\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} \& \text { g part of } \\ \& \text { Tours } 10 \\ \& \text { Toal } \\ \& \\ \& \\ \& \text { (000's) }\end{aligned}\right.\) \&  \&  \& Percent-
age of all
opera-
tives

(per cent) \& $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Hours lost } \\ \text { Total } \\ \\ \\ \text { (000's }\end{gathered}\right.$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Average } \\
& \text { Averare } \\
& \text { operan } \\
& \text { storer. } \\
& \text { time }
\end{aligned}
$$ <br>

\hline ${ }^{1966}$ June 1966 June
1965

1,0 unne 1966 June (a) \&  \& \[
$$
\begin{gathered}
31 \cdot 9 \\
\text { an: } \\
\text { an: } \\
34 \cdot 9 \\
35 \cdot 9
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& | 8 |
| :--- |
| $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |
| 8 |
| 8 |
| 8 |
| 8 |
| 8 |
| 8 |
| 8 | \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15.58 \\
& 14.50 \\
& 47.50 \\
& 18.52 \\
& 18.42
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \&  \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 788 \\
& 308 \\
& 308 \\
& 728 \\
& 47 \\
& 38
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 40

80
83
27
23
27

27 \&  \&  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 42 \\
& \hline 89 \\
& .88 \\
& 28 \\
& 25 \\
& 28 \\
& \hline 28
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0.7 \\
& 0.4 \\
& 0.4 \\
& 0.5 \\
& 0.5
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \&  \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 122 \\
& 112 \\
& 101 \\
& 101 \\
& 101 \\
& 8 \pm \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$
\] <br>

\hline  \&  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 33 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \\
& \text { a3:- } \\
& 36 \cdot 3
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \\
& 6 \\
& 2 \\
& 4
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 339 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
368 \\
268 \\
177
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 28 \\
& 88 \\
& 28 \\
& 24 \\
& \hline 24 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2170 \\
& \hline 279 \\
& 230 \\
& 230
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 78 \\
& 7 \\
& 8 . \\
& 8 . \\
& 9 .
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
29 \\
94 \\
30 \\
28
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0.5 \\
& 0.6 \\
& 0.5 \\
& 0.5
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \&  \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 88 \\
& 108 \\
& 10 \\
& 144 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$
\] <br>

\hline $$
\begin{aligned}
& 1970 \text { June }^{(b)} \\
& \text { 1971 June }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,171061 \\
& 1,731
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
3.5 \\
30.5 \\
30
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& $\underbrace{\substack{8 \\ \hline}}_{\substack{88 \\ 88 \\ 88}}$ \& \& \& ${ }_{3}^{4}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 169 \\
& 178 \\
& 174
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 25

29

66 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 233 \\
& 588 \\
& 586
\end{aligned}
$$ \& $\stackrel{90}{90^{2}}$ \& 29

70
70 \& oi.5 $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & i .2\end{aligned}$ \& 403
760
760 \& $\underset{11}{14}$ <br>
\hline 1969 October 18 November 15
December 13 \& , \& $36 \cdot 8$
37.8

$37 \cdot 1$ \&  \& \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 99.35 \\
& 19: 545 \\
& \hline 54
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 18.71 \\
& 18.59
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 16 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 636 \\
& 145 \\
& 145
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 32

30

35 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 328 \\
& 2247 \\
& 216
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& 48

32
29 \& 0.8 0.5 \& ( $\begin{aligned} & 963 \\ & 361 \\ & 361\end{aligned}$ \& ${ }_{10}^{20}$ <br>

\hline \[
$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { 1970 } 19 \text { any } 17 \\
\text { Jefuraryry } 14 \\
\text { March } 14
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& (i, \& | 3.4.6 |
| :--- |
| 35: |
| 34, | \&  \& $\xrightarrow[\substack{17.89 \\ 178.86}]{18}$ \& | 18.59 |
| :--- |
| 18.38 |
| 18.38 |
| 18 | \& 6

4
4 \& 251
133
162 \&  \&  \& $\stackrel{9}{9}$ \&  \& 0.6
0.6

0.7 \& ( | 521 |
| :--- |
| sti |
| 578 |
| 78 | \&  <br>

\hline April 18

May 16 June 13 \& , \&  \&  \& (18.01 \& ${ }_{\substack{17.93 \\ 17.63}}^{1.63}$ \& 颜 \& (220 $\begin{aligned} & 218 \\ & 128 \\ & 128\end{aligned}$ \& | 46 |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}36 \\ 29\end{array}$ | \&  \& 10 \& 51

30
30 \& 0:97 \& 673
488
413 \&  <br>

\hline \[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Jaly II } 18 \\
& \text { SAgst } 15 \\
& \text { Septetber 19 }
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& ${ }_{\substack{1,981 \\ 1,7,98 \\ \\ 1,98}}$ \&  \&  \& | 17.30 |
| :--- |
| 15 |
| 15.87 |
| 189 | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 76.91 \\
& 16: 926
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& ${ }_{2}^{2}$ \& | 62 |
| :--- |
| 88 |
| 163 | \& 21

${ }_{29}^{19}$

23 \& | 195 |
| :--- |
| 175 |
| 226 | \& $\stackrel{3}{10}$ \& 23

21
27
27 \& 0.4
0.4
0.5 \&  \&  <br>

\hline $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { October } 17 \\
& \text { November } 14 \\
& \text { December } 12
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\substack{0,098 \\
\\
i, 023}
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \&  \&  \& | 17.17 |
| :---: |
| 17.46 |
| 17 | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6651 \\
& 16,52
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& [ $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3\end{aligned}$ \& $c1021099$ \& 32

38
63 \& ( 32981 \& com \& 35
31
36 \& 0.6. \&  \& $\stackrel{13}{108}$ <br>
\hline  \& 1,891
1,766 \& $32 \cdot 4$
30.5 \& 8 \& 15.29
14.33 \& 15.96
14.54 \& 14 \& 208
542 \& 39
76 \& 349
739 \& 10 \& 44
9 \& 0.8
1.6 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 557 } \\ \text { 1,283 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{12} 14$ <br>

\hline  \& (1,609 1 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \cdot 20 \\
& 30.0 \\
& 30
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& +11.69 \& (13.65 \& $\stackrel{27}{4}$ \& (1.092 \& 63

$\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & 66 \\ & 6\end{aligned}$ \& ( | 689 |
| :---: |
| 688 |
| 588 | \& $\stackrel{10.8}{\substack{10 . \\ 9}}$ \&  \& 1: 1.6 \& | 1,739 |
| :--- |
| $\substack{755 \\ 760}$ |
|  | \& $\stackrel{19}{111^{1}}$ <br>


\hline | July $17 \ddagger$ |
| :--- |
| August $14 \ddagger$ rl8 | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,636 \\
& 1,4650 \\
& 1,643
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 29 \cdot 0 \\
& 20 \cdot 5 \\
& 29.5
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{88}{88} \\
{ }_{87}
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& (13.63 \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 13.77 \\
& 13.51
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& (10 \& 337

378

400 \& ¢ $\begin{gathered}59 \\ 65 \\ 89\end{gathered}$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 558 \\
& 887 \\
& \hline 876
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& 67

74
95 \& 1:28 1.7 \& (895 \&  <br>

\hline | October $16 \ddagger$ |
| :--- |
| November 13 $\ddagger$ | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,54 \\
& 1,651 \\
& 1,652
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ang } \\
& 30.7
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

\frac{8}{8}

\] \&  \&  \& $6_{6}$ \& (inc | 238 |
| :---: |
| 380 |
| 380 | \& 1118

196 \& (i, 1,037 \& $\stackrel{9}{9}$ \& 119
105
105 \&  \&  \& ${ }_{\text {col }}^{101}$ <br>

\hline  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,860 \\
& 1,25656
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 27.1

22.9
29.0 \& 8 \& ¢ $\begin{aligned} & 11.77 \\ & 12.93 \\ & 12.63\end{aligned}$ \&  \& 49

40 \& -192 ${ }_{\text {l }}^{1.92}$ \& (1053 ${ }^{83}$ \& ${ }_{\substack{718 \\ 1 \\ 1,369}}^{\substack{189}}$ \&  \& (1, 8108 \& | 1.5 |
| :--- |
| 20.4 |
| 2.4 | \&  \& (108 <br>

\hline Aprili $15 \ddagger$
May
June $137 \ddagger$

17 \& $\underset{\substack{1,558 \\ 1,659}}{1,65}$ \& \[
$$
\begin{gathered}
28.9 \\
30.9 \\
30.8
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& $\stackrel{8}{8}$ \& (12.50 \&  \& + \& ( \&  \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
618 \\
\substack{655 \\
355}
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \&  \& | 87 |
| :--- |
| 74 |
| 4 |
| 4 | \&  \& (12, 8 \& 1411212 <br>


\hline | July $15 \ddagger$ |
| :--- |
| August $19 \ddagger 1$ Sp | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,590 \\
& 1,576 \\
& 1,667
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 29 \cdot 5 \\
& 30.5 \\
& 30.5
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
88 \\
8 \\
8
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
12: 87 \\
12 ;
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 13 \\
& 1050
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& ${ }_{5}^{3}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
1199 \\
2119
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& 30

30
37

27 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 2535 \\
& 2350 \\
& 230
\end{aligned}
$$ \&  \& 33

3
32
30
30 \& 0.6
0.6
0.6 \&  \& 11
11
138
13
13 <br>
\hline October 14ヶT\% \& 1,753 \& $32 \cdot 4$ \& ${ }_{85}$ \& 14.49 \& 13.80 \& \& 159 \& 26 \& 235 \& 9 \& ${ }^{30}$ \& | 0.6 \& 393 \& <br>

\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{|  industries exceept siipbuiliding and shin feepaiting Th hey are adijusted to allow for estabishments not rendering return. he he estimates from jung 1906 onwards have |
| :--- |
|  |
|  June 1969 are given on both bases namely (a) the 1958 edition and (b) the 1968 edition. |} \& \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{| $\dagger$ Operatives stood off for the whole week are assumed to have been on short-time to the extent of 42 hours each in the figures up to and including 1969 June $(a)$ and to the extent of 42 hours each in the figures up to and including 40 hours each in the figures for 1969 June $(b)$ and later months. $\ddagger$ Figures after June 1971 are provisional and are sub results of the 1971 Census of Employment are available. |
| :--- |
| §See footnote $\S \S$ on table 103 . il This week included Easter Monday. |
| T See page 1174 for detailed analysis. by the power crisis. |} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



United Kingdom ：manual workers：average weekly and hourly earnings and hours worked







 full－time women（is years and over）

|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Textiles } & \begin{array}{l} \text { Leather, } \\ \text { leather } \\ \text { goods } \\ \text { and fur } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | cisumem |
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Average weekly and hourly earnings and hours worked ：manual workers：United Kingdom

| Standard Industrial Classification 1968 | October 1970 |  |  | October 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Averager } \\ \text { Carn } \end{gathered}$ | Average hours worked | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { haurnge } \\ \text { aurnings } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Averaze } \\ \text { eater } \\ \text { cancring } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \\ \text { Average } \\ \text { nearning } \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 4.9 $\begin{aligned} & 47.7 \\ & 21.7 \\ & 38.7 \\ & 38.0\end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \varepsilon \\ \substack{11.37 \\ 1580.56 \\ 15 \\ 10.173} \\ \hline 0.33 \end{gathered}$ | $43 \cdot 6$ <br> $\begin{array}{l}37.5 \\ 31.5 \\ 30.5 \\ 38.2\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 41.7 <br> $\begin{array}{l}17.7 \\ 21.7 \\ 31 . \\ 39.2\end{array}$ |  |

Index of average salaries：non－manual employees：Great Britain


Note： $\begin{gathered}\text { These new fixed－weighted indices are described in an article on pages } 431 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { 434 of the May } \\ 1972 \\ \text { issue of this GAzrtrr．}\end{gathered}$
Annual percentage changes in hourly wage earnings and hourly wage rates：United Kingdom TABLE 125

|  |  | Average weekly wage earnings <br> （1） |  | Average hourly wage earnings excluding the effect of overtime | Average hourly wage rates $\dagger$ $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1961 | April |  | ＋ 7.3 | ＋6．5 | ＋6．2 | $\pm 0.3$ |
| 1962 | $\xrightarrow{\text { Actabiber }}$ | ＋5：4 | $\pm$＋ <br> +5.0 |  | ＋6．4 | ＋ +0.5 +0.2 |
| 1963 |  | ＋3．0 | ＋ | 3．6 | －3．6 |  |
| 1964 | Altail | ＋ 9.1 | 7．4 | \％．5． | ＋¢ |  |
| 5 | $\xrightarrow{\text { Octaber }}$ | ＋ 8 \％ 7 | ＋ 8 \％ | ＋ | ＋5：3 | ＋ |
| 6 | $\xrightarrow{\text { Otcriber }}$ | ＋ 8 \％ 7 ¢ | ＋19：\％ | $\pm 9.7$ | ＋ 8.0 | ＋1．7 |
| 1967 | ${ }_{\text {O }}^{\text {October }}$ | ＋＋ <br> ＋ <br> 5： | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2．7 } \\ & +5.3 \\ & +5.3\end{aligned}$ | $\pm 0.3$ |
| 8 |  | ＋ |  | ＋ 7.7 | ＋ | － 0.9 |
| 1969 | ${ }_{\text {A }}$ Acrobil | ＋7：5 | 7．2 |  | ＋ | ＋1．5 |
| 1970 | October | ＋ 8.1 $+13: 5$ +11.1 |  | ＋18．0 +13.7 | （e） | ＋ +3.6 +3.6 +2.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note：table covers full－time workers in the ind isstries inclyded in the departments eepular enquiuicici intot the earmines and hours of manual workers（Table 122）． 1．Assuming that the eamount of overtime is equal to the dififercece between the 2．Multiplying this differencece by it（the assumed drate of overtime pay）； |  |  |  |  The figures in this column are based on the hourly wage rates index． |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

average weekly and hourly earnings and hours（New Earnings Survey estimates）

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|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ande } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { and } \end{gathered}$ |  | cosem |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{10,106}$ |  |  | 率： |  |  | \％ |
|  | ${ }_{\substack{39 \\ 362 \\ 362}}$ | \％${ }^{3,5}$ |  |  |  | 越哏？ |  |  |  |  |
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|  | ${ }_{\text {185 }}^{18}$ |  |  | ${ }_{5129}^{4.6}$ | cis | $\xrightarrow{17.5}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 迷： |  | ${ }^{3} 9$ | $\xrightarrow{3}$ | \％${ }^{\text {y，}}$ |  | （120 |  |  | ${ }_{\text {\％}}$ |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{1.2}$ |  | 翌， | ${ }^{1880}$ | ${ }^{1 / 10}$ |  |  |  |
|  | \％id | 哏： |  |  |  | 83， 80 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \％ | ：${ }^{\text {：2，}}$ |  |  |  | 隹 | ${ }^{10.9}$ | ${ }_{\text {limig }}^{10}$ |  |  |
|  | $\xrightarrow{1 / 2}$ | \％${ }_{\text {d，}}^{8.5}$ | 2ill |  | ${ }^{312}$ | ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{107}$ |  |  |



Earnings，wage rates，retail prices，wages and salaries per unit of output


| $\underset{\substack{\text { Tumberni- }}}{ }$ ture, <br> otc | Paper arint and nublish- <br> publish- |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mining } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { ingry } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Trans. pard and mom. mionica- tiont |  |  | cturing <br> Seasonally |  |  |  |
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \cdot 7 \\ & 129: 7 \\ & 129 \end{aligned}$ |  | $120 \cdot 3$ 120.3 121.7 | (121.3 |  | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{1189} 18.9$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 129: 0 \\ & 122: 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1920 \\ & 120.0 \\ & 1220: 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | (13.88 | (17.517.0 <br> 120.1 | (120:0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Aprill } \\ \text { Saun } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | (121:3 | (122.9 |  | 退12.1.6 |  |  |  | (123.6 |  | (122.9 | (19.4 | (120.6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Suly } \\ & \text { Supuse } \\ & \text { September } \end{aligned}$ | (127.5 |  | (12.0. |  |  |  |  |  | 127.9 125 125 | 边 $\begin{aligned} & 125.3 \\ & \text { 125 } \\ & \text { 125 }\end{aligned}$ | - | (121:4 | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{19} 19 \cdot 9$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { October } \\ & \text { Nover } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ $1970$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126 \cdot 9 \\ & 125 \cdot 9 \\ & 135 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $125: 4$ 13.4 1305 | $\begin{aligned} & 128 \cdot 2 \\ & 129: 9 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 125 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ & 1295: 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 332 \cdot 9 \\ & 132 \cdot 9 \end{aligned}$ | + 127.3 | (126.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 127.3 \\ & 125: 3 \\ & 1250 \end{aligned}$ | (125.0. | (121:4 |  |
| ${ }^{197}$ January | 129.5 |  | 130.1 | 132.3 |  | 129.7 |  | 137.5 | 135.4 | 132.6 | 129.1 | 122.0 | 125.0 | 129.7 |
|  | Food <br> drin <br> and <br> tobacc | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Coal } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { potro- } \\ \text { poum } \\ \text { procts } \\ \text { ducts } \end{array}$ |  | Metal factur | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mechani- } \\ & \text { aengini- } \\ & \text { eering } \end{aligned}$ | Instru ment <br> engin- eering | Elec- trical engin- |  | Vehicles | Metal not elsewhere specified | Textiles |  | Clothing <br> and foot- <br> wear | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bricks, } \\ & \text { pottery, } \\ & \text { glass, } \\ & \text { cement, } \\ & \text { etc } \end{aligned}$ |

[^1]

## EARNINGS

Great Britain：manual men in certain manufacturing industries： indices of earnings by occupation

| basic weekly rates of wages |  |  |  | Normal weekly hours＊ |  |  |  | basic hourly rates of wages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | Women | Juvenilest | ${ }_{\text {workers }}$ | Men | Women | Juvenilest | workers | Men | Women | Juvenilest | ${ }_{\text {workers }}$ |

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All woobrerss covered
shipbuilding and ship repairing $\dagger$





All samoisters work
Chemical manufacture

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |







## WAGE RATES AND HOURS

Indices of basic weekly and hourly rates of wages and normal weekly hours: industrial analysis: all manual workers: United Kingdom


| Timber, furniture etc | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Paper, } \\ & \text { praniting } \\ & \text { pnot } \\ & \text { publishing } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | Construc- | Gas, electricity and water | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Transport } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { acmmuni- } \\ & \text { cation } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Distributive | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Professional } \\ \text { serficulidic } \\ \text { and fitios } \\ \text { tration } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Miscellan- } \\ & \text { eous } \\ & \text { services } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



C weekly rates of wages



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Training information paper No. 2 Identifying supervisory training needs $15 \mathrm{p}\left(18 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{p}\right)$
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## OUTPUT PER HEAD AND LABOUR COSTS

Indices of output, employment and output per person employed and of costs per unit of output : annual


[^2]OUTPUT PER HEAD AND LABOUR COSTS ndices of output, employment and output per person employed and adjusted)












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[^0]:    * These are averages of the monthly figures published in these years and so do not
    take account of the modifications to the figures of vacancies for adults prior to May
    1962, made for seasonal adjustment purposes, mentioned on page 391 of the May 1968
    issue of this Gazerte and incorporated in the tables on page 392.

[^1]:    Classification 1968

[^2]:    

