## The Report on the

## Census of Production

$$
\text { for } 1954
$$

## Volume 1: Industry M

MANUFACTURED FUEL

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 ( 10 \& 11 Geo. 6 Ch. 39, Sec. 7)

## LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

## The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 1 , INDUSTRY M
MANUFACTURED FUEL INDUSTRY

THIS REPORT on the Manufactured Fuel Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of fuel briquettes, ovoids, etc.

This industry is included in minimum list heading $29(3)$ in the Standard Industrial Classification.

There were no larger establishments in Northern Ireland in the register for this industry.

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[^0]The following notes describe terms in general use
the tables of the report. More detailed explanain the tables of the report. More detailed explana-
tions of the terme usedand ascription of the scope.
and method of taking the census are given in the separand method of taking the census are given in the separ-
ate booklet entitied The heport on the Censua of pro-
duction for

Industrial Classi fication: Establishments are classif-
ied to industries according to the nature of their out-
 Standard Industrial Clasification. Certain products
are
indentified as the principal products of individual Industries. the principal products for a given industry
being of asimilar nature or commonly asociated in pro-
duction. The principle of classification in duction. The principle of clasifification no matiy
followed is that an estabishent is casifited ion
industry if its output of the principal products of that industry accounted for a qree per properition of the trilue.
of its output than did its output of the principal pro-
ducts of any other industry ducts of any other induatry.
Specialist producers normally comprise those establish-
ments 50 per cent. or more of whoze total vents is per cent. or more of whose total output by
value is acounted for by the characteristic products of
the specialist group. Intermedi ate products:
given shoming products: For some industrise figures are
gitan tities made during the year
Of intermediate products. i. of intermediate products. i.e. products which may be
further processed in the establishments in which they
are produced.
Larger establishments: The information given in the re-
port relates mainly to "larger establishments
 than 10 persons. In most cases an es tablishment come
prises the hiole of the premises under the same owner-
ship or management at
 other anciliary places of business situated apart from
the producing orkere not reqarded as separate entab.
lishmente and are included in the return for the works. Small firm are those employing on the average 10 or
ferer persons.
The est tin

The estimates for the industry as a whole given in
able are oromally obtained by increasing the othe Gross output (Production) is the total value of goods
made and other work done during the year: it is obtainod by adjusting the value of sales and work done during
the year for changes in the value of tocks of products the yarr for changes in the value of
on hand for sale and work in progress.
Net output is the amount left after deducting from the

 rages. salaries, rents. rates and taxes, advertising and
other siling expenses and all other similar charges.
have to be met. as well as depreciation and profits. Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the
establiabment oovred by the return or made on oonmis.
ion for it. whether produced in the pear or not.


Materials and fuel: The total cost of materials and
fuel purchased includes all purchases during the yoar fuel purchased inciudes all purchases during the year
of materials for use in production, and of fuel (includ-
ing oill, gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing
materiais; including the full cost of returnable cases
when materials, including the fult cost of returnable cases
waten first purchased. workshop and office materials:
water char
 people included in their returns: consumable tools:
and parts for machinery purhased as repacenents.
and
Purchases of goods for merchanting are exclude
 Stocks: Firme riticks. Stod s: Firms were required to qive stocks of material
and fred
gress. at incoucte tan hand for sale, and work in pro Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is
no rmaly included in the cost of materials. Finished
 Employment: Total employment includes morking propriet-
ors. adinistrative. technical and clerical employees. and aperatives, but. excludes outworkers, canteen employ.
ees and persons engaged in merchant ing or any other ac.

 surance cards were held by employers). whether employed
full-time or part-time. Morking proprietors are proprietors of businesses other
than 1 imited companies. toge ther with memers of the ir
families who worked in the the than limited companies. toget ther with members of their
families who wrked in the busines without receiving
fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than
And half the normal hours are excluded. For Northern
Ireland directors of Himited oompanies (other than those
paid by fee only) are also included paid by fee only) are also included.
Administrative, tednical and clerical employees include
directors. other than those paid by fee only (except in

 men and tracerse travellers: and office (including
morks office) employees. Operatives include all other classes o,
broadly speaking, all manual workers.
Outworkers are persons omployed by the firm who work on
matorials supplied by the firm in the ir onn homes. Wages and salaries include all overtime paymonts. bonus-
es and conmissions without any deductions for income tax
in and es and comissions without any deductions for income tax
insurances. contributory pensions etc. They exclude
payment to mother insurances. . .ontributory pen
payments to morking propicietor
Cepital expenditure includes expenditure on nem building
work and on plant. machinery and vehicles, charged to
 had not be gun production before the end of the year
(which has not previusil been included in the Consus of
production report forl Production not previously been included in the for individual industries)
pront Symbols used:
.. for
for not available
for nill or negligible (less than half the final
digit shown).
 cies between the sums of cons tituent items and the tot-
als shown. In some acase. figures have been combined
ith others of ain ain separate details might disclose information relating to
an individual undertaking.

MANUFACTURED FUEL

|  | United Kingdom |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Scotland } \\ 1954 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {Wales }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 | 1951 | 1954 |  |  |
|  | Emillion | Emillion | £ million | $\varepsilon$ million | £ million |
| Gross output (production) | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 0.60 | 3.44 |
| Net output | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.12 | - 0.23 |
| Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year Change during year | 0.2 +0.1 | 0.2 +0.1 | 0.4 -0.1 | $\cdots$ (b) | 0.21 -0.01 |
| Capital expenditure less disposals (a) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Wages and salaries | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.06 | 0.39 |
| Total employment (including working proprietors) | Thousands 1.6 | Thousands 1.6 | Thousands 1.3 | Thousands $0.13$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Thousands } \\ 0.82 \end{gathered}$ |

(a) Capital expenditure on new building work. plant, machinery and vehicles (including (except in 1948) tha
incurred in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production). less amounts reaceived for plant.
(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual undertakings, separate particulars
cannot be given.

Surmary of returns received
TABLE 2

|  | Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Great Britain } \\ & 1948 \end{aligned}$ | United Kingdom |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1951 | 1954 |
| firms employing on average more than 10 fersons |  |  |  |  |
| Number of establishments <br> Total value of sales and work done |  | 4.844 | 5.575 | 5.255 |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } 26 \\ +\quad 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 $+\quad 23$ $+\quad 9$ | 149 $-\quad 84$ |
| Gross output (production) (a) ${ }_{\text {and }}$ | ". | $\begin{array}{r} \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.585 | - ${ }^{884}$ |
| Purchases of materials and fuel |  | 3.822 | 4.440 (b) | 4.722 |
| Stocks of materials and fuel $\begin{aligned} & \text { at beginning of year } \\ & \text { change during year }\end{aligned}$ | . | 115 $+\quad 32$ | (171 $+\quad 112$ | 204 $-\quad 28$ |
| Cost of materials and fuel used |  | 3.790 |  | 4.750 |
| Payment for work done on materials given out Payment for transport (c) |  | ${ }_{11}^{2}$ | -102 | 261 |
| Net output |  | 1.066 | 1.155 |  |
| Average number of employees $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { operatives } \\ \text { others }\end{array}\right.$ | No. | 1.326 | 1.361 | 1.142 |
|  |  | 1.443 |  |  |
| Net output per person employed (e) |  | 739 | 798 | 130 |
| Wages and salaries $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { of operatives } \\ \text { of others }\end{array}\right.$ | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 0000$ | 457 50 | 560 39 | 528 49 |
| Capital expenditure |  |  |  |  |
| New building work (f) (acquisitions (f) |  |  |  |  |
| Plant and machinery $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { acquisitions (f) } \\ \text { disposals }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 51 | ${ }_{2}^{46}$ |  |
| Vehicles $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { acquisitions (f) } \\ \text { disposals }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |
| firms employing on average 10 or fewer persons |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns | No. | 18 | $14(\mathrm{~g})$ | 18 |
| (tatal employment, including working |  | 97 | $93(\mathrm{~g})$ | 100 |
| (a) For the year 1948 gross output excludes payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold For subsequent years gross output includes payments to separate transport organisations for transport services. <br> (b) Including payment for work done on materials given out. <br> (c) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For the year 1948 payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold. For subsequent ye cover payments for transport of both finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased. <br> (d) Number in week ended September 25, 1948. <br> (e) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors. <br> (f) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production. <br> (q) Excluding Northern Ireland. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for 1951 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 3

| Average numberemployed (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estab- } \\ & \text { lish- } \\ & \text { ments } \end{aligned}$ | Grossoutput | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { output } \\ \text { (b) } \end{gathered}$ | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | Capitalexpenditurefat $(C)$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Net output } \\ \text { per person } \\ \text { employed } \\ \text { (a) (b) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Operatives | Others | Operatives | Others |  |  |
|  | Number | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ | $\chi^{\prime} 000$ | Number | Number | \& 000 | \& 000 | $\chi^{\prime} 000$ | $\varepsilon$ |
| 11-24 | 11 | 698 | 153 | 151 | 21 | 73 | 14 | 12 | 890 |
| 25-49 | 5 | 982 | 157 | 200 | 16 | 84 | 8 |  | 727 |
| 50-499 | 4 | 3.492 | - 150 | 791 | 46 | 371 | 26 | 13 | -179 |
| Total | 20 | 5.171 | 160 | 1.142 | ${ }^{83}$ | 528 | 49 | 31 | 130 |

(a) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.
(b) The figures in these colums are affected by uneconomice production in some establishments.
(c) Capital expenditure on new build ing work and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles.
(b) The figures in these columns are affected by uneconomic production in some establishments.
(c) Capital expenditure on nem building work and on acquisitition of plant, machinery and vehicies.
excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

ABLE 4-Analysis according to specialisation wi thin the industry, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

No specialisation within this industry was distinguished.

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

| TABLE 5 |
| :--- |

TABLE 6 - Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom
Sales of prir-ipal products by larger establishments classified to other industries amounted

TABLE 7 - Sales in the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

There were no sales in the industry of other than principal products in 1954

TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products
This table is not applicable to the industry.

Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

|  | Quantity | Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Th.tons | £.000 |
| Materials |  |  |
| Coal for use in the manufacture of briquettes or similar fuel | 1.077 .7 | 3. 596 |
| Pitch | 100.4 | 903 |
| All other purchased materials | .. | 70 |
| Fuel and electricity |  |  |
| Coal | 25.6 | 86 |
| Coke | - | - |
| Liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures) | Th.gal. |  |
| Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles and derv. fuel | ${ }^{10.3}$ | ${ }^{2}$ |
| Other | - |  |
| Gas purchased | Th.therms |  |
| From Gas Boards | .. | 1 |
| From other sources, including other departments of the same firms | $\cdots$ | - |
| Electricity purchased (a) | Th. kWh . |  |
| From Electricity Boards | 8.627 | 39 |
| From other sources, including other departments of the firms | \{ $\quad \stackrel{2.099}{ }$ | ${ }_{6}$ |
| All other purchased fuel |  | 9 |
| Total Cost |  | 4.722 |

[^1]|  | 1951 | 1954 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number |
| Average number of employees |  |  |
| Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical employees | 1.363 ${ }_{81}$ | 1.142 83 |
| Total | 1.444 | 1.225 |
| Wages and salaries paid to | ${ }^{\text {8 }} 0000$ | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ |
| Administrative, technical and clerical employees | 560 39 | 528 49 |
| Total | 599 | 577 |
| Wages and salaries per head | \& | $\varepsilon$ |
| - Oneratives $\begin{aligned} & \text { Administrative, technical and clerical employees }\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 411 \\ & 481 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 462 \\ \\ \hline .087 \\ \hline .000 \end{array}$ |
| Superannuation and other pension funds for employees and dependents ( $\alpha$ ) |  |  |
| Employers ' contributions | .. | 6 |
| Employees covered | .. | Number $\varepsilon \cdot 008$ |
| Pension, etc. payments to former employees and dependents |  | . |

(a) The figures given relate to larger establishments in Great Britain only

Employment in a specified week (a)
Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

|  | 1951 |  |  | 1954 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total |
| Working proprietors | 4 | - | 4 | 4 | - | 4 |
| Operatives | 1.337 | 1 | 1.338 | 1.176 | - | 1.176 |
| Administrative, technical and clerical employees | 68 | 12 | 80 | 71 | 7 | 78 |
| Total employees | 1.405 | 13 | 1.418 | 1.247 | 7 | 1.254 |

(a) Week ended September 22, 1951, or October 30, 1954.

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[^0]:    IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In inter reting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

[^1]:    No electricity was generated in firms' own establishments in this industry in 195

