## THE CANVAS GOODS AND SACK TRADE.

Note.-For information regarding the scope of the Census, instructions given to firms for making returns, and definitions of the terms used in this report, reference should be made to the Introductory Notes on pages v to xviii.

## Introductory.

This trade comprises firms that were engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture and repair of sacks and bags and the making-up of canvas goods. The following table shows the main results of the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 in respect of firms in Great Britain that employed an average of more than 10 persons :-

| Particulars. | Unit. | 1930. | 1924. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of goods made and work done (Gross output) | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 4,814 | 6,906 |
| Cost of materials used ... ... ... ... | ", | 3,506 | 5,149 |
| Paid for work given out to other firms | ", | 6 | * |
| Net output ... ... ... ... | " | 1,302 | 1,757 |
| Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers)... | No. | 7,528 | 8,680 |
| Net output per person employed (excluding outworkers | £ | 173 | 202 |
| Mechanical power available :- |  |  |  |
| Prime movers ... ... | H.P. | 2,135 | 1,652 |
| Electric motors driven by purchased electricity... |  | 4,573 | 4,119 |
| Number of returns | No. | 176 | 187 |
| Number of establishments | " | 211 | $\dagger$ |

[^0]$\dagger$ Not available.

Deficiencies in 1930 aggregates.-The aggregate number of persons employed in 1930 by firms that stated that they employed not more than 10 persons on the average was 1,740 , the corresponding figure for 1924 being 1,387. Though the number employed in 1930 by the small firms was about 19 per cent. of the total number recorded by all firms, the deficiency in the gross and net output is unlikely to have been so great. In 1924 the number employed by the small firms represented 14 per cent. of the total, but the gross output of these firms was under 9 per cent. of the total. It should be noted, however, that 57 firms to which schedules were sent at the Census of 1930 , and 120 at that of 1924 furnished no information; these firms either had small businesses or had ceased productive operations before the end of the censal year.

The value of the gross output of the small firms in 1924 was $£ 617,000$. Particulars of the classes of goods made and work done included in this figure are given below :-

New sacks and bags :-

Of cotton
Of hemp and other textiles

$$
\ldots
$$

Second-hand sacks and bags
Made-up canvas goods
Cotton, canvas and paper, waterproofed for packing
Other goods made
Work done for the trade, etc.
Total
Sub-divisions of the trade.-The firms that made their returns for 1930 on schedules for the Canvas Goods and Sack Trade may be divided into four groups, according to whether they were chiefly engaged in (a) the production of new sacks and bags; (b) the repairing of second-hand sacks and bags; (c) the making-up of canvas goods; or (d) the production of other products (including those working on commission for other firms). The following table summarises the chief particulars recorded in respect of these groups :-

| Group. | No. of returns. | Gross output. | Net output. | Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers). | Net output per person employed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 33 | £'000 | £'000 | 1,414 | $\underset{176}{£}$ |
| Makers of new sacks and bags Repairers of second-hand | 33 |  |  | 1,414 |  |
| sacks and bags | 66 | 1,691 | 390 | 2,499 | 156 |
| Producers of made-up canvas goods | 52 | 1,031 | 352 | 2,000 | 176 |
| Other firms, including firms working on commission ... | 25 | 822 | 312 | 1,615 | 193 |
| Total | 176 | 4,814 | 1,302 | 7,528 | 173 |

[^1] £81,000.

Size of firms.-In the following table the main particulars recorded at the Census of 1930 are grouped according to the average numbers of persons shown in the returns :-

| Size of firm <br> (average <br> numbers <br> employed). | No. of <br> returns. | Gross <br> output. | Net <br> output. | Average <br> number <br> of persons <br> employed <br> (excluding <br> outworkers). | Net <br> output <br> per person <br> employed. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $£^{\prime} 000$ | $£^{\prime} 000$ |  |
| $11-24 \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 83 | 855 | 238 | 1,375 | 173 |
| $25-49 \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 44 | 960 | 254 | 1,562 | 163 |
| $50-99 \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 34 | 1,333 | 403 | 2,432 | 166 |
| 100 and over | $\ldots$ | 15 | 1,666 | 407 | 2,159 | 189 |
| Total | $\ldots$ | 176 | 4,814 | 1,302 | 7,528 | 173 |

Regional distribution.-In the following table the results recorded at the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 are grouped according to the principal areas* of Great Britain in which firms in this trade are situated :-

| Area. | No. of returns. | Gross output. | Net output. | Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers). | Net output per person employed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | £'000 | £'000 |  | £ |
| ... 1930 | 47 | 1,257 | 301 | 2,089 | 144 |
| $\cdots 1924$ | 52 | 1,662 | 403 | 2,466 | 163 |
| 2 2 1930 | 46 | 1,190 | 314 | 1,830 | 172 |
| $2 \quad \cdots\{1924$ | 52 | 2,920 | 717 | 2,575 | 278 |
| 5 \{ 1930 | 11 | 234 | 78 | 444 | 176 |
| $5 \cdots 1924$ | 9 | 242 | 80 | 472 | 169 |
| 6 ¢ 1930 | 28 | 537 | 172 | 1,026 | 167 |
| $6 \quad \cdots\{1924$ | 25 | 519 | 155 | 866 | 179 |
| 9 ... 1930 | 18 | 612 | 147 | 728 | 202 |
| $9 \quad \cdots\{1924$ | 17 | 423 | 93 | 592 | 157 |
|  | 17 | 862 | 254 | 1,171 | 217 |
| $10 \quad \cdots\left\{\begin{array}{l}1924\end{array}\right.$ | 19 | 930 | 245 | 1,345 | 182 |
| 3,4 and $7\{1930$ | 9 | 122 | 36 | 240 | 149 |
| 3,4 and 7 \{ 1924 | 13 | 210 | 64 | 364 | 176 |
| Total... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1930 \\ 1924\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 176 \\ & 187 \end{aligned}$ | 4,814 6,906 | 1,302 1,757 | 7,528 8,680 | $\begin{aligned} & 173 \\ & 202 \end{aligned}$ |
| (1924 |  | 6,906 | 1,757 | - 8,680 |  |

Northern Ireland.-The following table summarises the particulars recorded at the Census of Production taken by the Government of Northern Ireland for 1930. It should be borne in mind that this information relates to firms that employed an average of more than five persons. Corresponding particulars obtained in respect of all firms at the 1924 Census are also shown.

| Particulars. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Unit. | 1930. | 1924. |

Owing to the fact that the manufacture of new sacks in 1930 was confined to two firms it was not possible to furnish detailed information in regard to the output.

## Production.

Principal products.-The following table shows the value and, where available, the quantity of new sacks and bags, made-up canvas goods, etc., made in 1930 and 1924 for,sale :-

| Kind of goods. | 1930. |  |  |  |  |  | 1924. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Returned on schedules for |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |  |
|  | The Canvas Goods and Sack Trade. |  |  | All trades. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Quantity. | Value. | Entries. | Quantity | Value. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ent- } \\ & \text { ries. } \end{aligned}$ | Quantity | Value. |
| New sacks and bags :Of jute :- | Th. ewts.$339 \cdot 0$Th. doz.3,340Th. doz.104 | $£^{\prime} 000$. | No. |  | $£^{\prime} 000$. | No. |  | $£^{\prime} 000$. |
|  |  |  | 51 | Th. cwts <br> $485 \cdot 8$ <br> Th. doz. <br> 4,423 <br> Th. doz <br> 359 | 1,306 | 73 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th. cwts. } \\ & 385 \cdot 0 \\ & \text { Th. doz. } \\ & 3,003 \end{aligned}$ | 1,096 |
| Weight and number stated |  | 904 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number only stated Of cotton :- |  | 21 | 4 |  | 92 | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th. doz. } \\ & \text { 1,404 } \end{aligned}$ | 502 |
|  | Th. cwts . <br> $14 \cdot 8$ <br> Th. doz. <br> 316. <br> Th. doz. <br> 3,518 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Th. cwts. } \\ \text { 14.8 } \\ \text { Th. doz. } \\ \text { and } \end{array}$ | 76 | 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th. cwts. } \\ 12 \cdot 7 \\ \text { Th. doz. } \\ 369 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Weight and number stated |  | 76 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 127 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Th. doz. <br> 3,518 |  |  | Th. doz. 2,273 |  |
| Number only stated <br> Value only stated |  | 211 | 8 | 3,518 | ${ }_{11} 11$ | $\stackrel{8}{2}$ | $2,273$ | 439 |



* Of which 1,913 dozen, valued at $£ 8,800$, were stated to have weighed 790 cwts.
$\dagger$ This figure includes canvas hose-pipes returned on the schedule for the Linen and Hemp Trade, for which separate particulars are not available. For 1930 canvas hose-pipes will be ound in the report on the Linen and Hemp Trade (see page 140).

Prices.-The average selling values of new sacks and bags in 1930 and 1924, as calculated from the Census returns, are shown in the following table :-

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| Kind of goods. | Average value. |  | 1930 as a percentage of 1924 . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930. | 1924. |  |
| New sacks and bags :- | s. per doz. | s. per doz. | Per cent. |
| Of jute ... $\ldots \ldots$ | 5.85 4.79 | 7.25 6.88 | $80 \cdot 7$ 69.6 |
| Of cotton $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weight stated } \\ \text { Weight not stated }\end{array}\right.$ | $4 \cdot 79$ $1 \cdot 20$ | $6 \cdot 88$ 3.75 | $69 \cdot 6$ $32 \cdot 0$ |
| Of hemp ... ... .. | 65.52 | 87.58 | $74 \cdot 8$ |
| Of other and unclassified textiles ... | 16.46 | 19.52 | $84 \cdot 3$ |

It should be borne in mind that these comparisons do not take account of any changes that may have occurred since the earlier year in the quality or type of goods included under the specified descriptions. In this connection, it will be noted that the apparent variation in the average value of cotton bags between 1924 and 1930 was much smaller for those whose weight was recorded than for those the weight of which was not stated. Further, of those recorded by weight, the average weight in 1930 was much greater than in 1924, and measured by weight, the decrease in average value in 1930 compared with 1924 was 49.2 per cent. instead of the 30.4 per cent. shown in the table.

Volume of production in 1930 and 1924.-The following table compares the volume of production of sacks and bags, etc., in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Kind of goods. | Total production. |  |  | 1930 as a percentage of 1924. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930. | 1924. |  |  |
|  | $\underset{\text { returned. }}{\mathrm{As}}$ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{As}}{\text { returned. }}$ | At 1930 average values. |  |
| New sacks and bags :- | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | Per cent. |
| Of jute ... ... | 1,398 | 1,598 | 1,290 | 108 |
| Of cotton | 298 | 566 | 230 | 130 |
| Of hemp $\ldots \ldots$.... | 72 | 47 | 35 | 206 |
| Of other and unclassified textiles ... | 27 | 44 | 37 | 73 |
| Second-hand sacks and bags repaired | 1,575 | 2,860 | 2,308* | 68 |
| Made-up canvas goods ... $\ldots$ | 1,505 $\dagger$ | 1,334 | 1,046 $\ddagger$ | 144 |
| Other principal products | 547 | 895 | $662 \$$ | 83 |
| Total ... | 5,422† | 7,344 | 5,608 | 97 |

[^2]Production, exports and imports. -The following figures show, in relation to production, the quantities of jute sacks and bags exported from the United Kingdom in 1930 and 1924, together with the quantities imported and retained. As regards the figures of production, particulars of the relatively small output of small firms and of firms in Northern Ireland are included for 1924 but not for 1930. Particulars of the overseas trade in the other products of this trade are not recorded separately in the trade returns.

| New sacks and bags of jute. | Unit. | 1930. | 1924. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production | Th. doz. | 4,782 | 4,803 |
| Exports ... ... ... |  | 1,194 | 2,789 |
| Proportion of production exported | Per cent. | $25 \cdot 0$ | $58 \cdot 1$ |
| Retained imports | Th. doz. | 3,253 | 2,463 |
| Available for use in the United Kingdom |  | 6,841 | 4,477 |
| Share of home market held by British products ... | Per cent. | $52 \cdot 4$ | $45 \cdot 0$ |

Work done for the trade or on commission, etc.-Firms that made their returns on schedules for the Canvas Goods and Sack Trade stated that they received the sum of $£ 283,000$ for work done in 1930 for other firms, to which is added $£ 4,000$ for similar work recorded on schedules for other trades; the corresponding total for 1924 was $£ 292,000$. Details of this work are as follows :-

| Kind of work done. |  |  |  |  | Amount received. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Other products.-In addition to the output shown in the table of principal products on pages 244-5, firms that made their returns on schedules for the Canvas Goods and Sack Trade recorded, in 1930 an output of other goods, chiefly cordage, clothing and other textile manufactures, valued at $£ 131,000$. These goods are dealt with in the reports on those trades in which the principal output was recorded. The corresponding figure for 1924 was $£ 145,000$.

## Employment and Wages.

Employment.-The following table shows the average numbers of persons employed in 1930 and 1924 :-

| Persons employed. | Males. |  | Females. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under 18. | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages. } \end{gathered}$ | Under 18. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages. } \end{aligned}$ | Under 18. | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages. } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1930.Operatives (average for the year)Administrative, technical andclerical staff (as atOctober) ... $\quad$.. 18 th... | 176 | 1,897 | 1,134 | 4,598 | 1,310 | 6,495 |
|  | 57 | 671 | 55 | 362 | 112 | 1,033 |
| Total... | 233 | 2,568 | 1,189 | 4,960 | 1,422 | 7,528 |
| 1924. <br> Operatives (average for the year) <br> Administrative, technical and clerical staff (as at 18th October) | 199 | 2,019 | 1,129 | 5,598 | 1,328 | 7,617 |
|  | 62 | 720 | 45 | 343 | 107 | 1,063 |
| Total ... ... ... | 261 | 2,739 | 1,174 | 5,941 | 1,435 | 8,680 |
| Average number of outworkers :1930... 1924... | 309 |  | 5160 |  | 8169 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Wages.-The available information as to the amount of wages paid in 1930 and 1924 is given on pages 18 and 19.

## Power.

The following table shows the capacity of prime movers, electric generators and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle in 1930 and 1924 :-

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Power } \\ & \text { equipment. } \end{aligned}$ | 1930. |  |  | 1924. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Total. | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Total. |
| Prive movers. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Reciprocating engines ... | 1,024 | 652 | 1,676 | 760 | 368 | 1,128 |
| Steam turbines ... |  |  |  | 40 | - | 40 |
| Internal combustion engines :- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas ... ... | 219 | 52 | 271 | 279 | 55 | 334 |
| Heavy oils | 28 | $\bigcirc$ | 28 |  |  | - |
| Water engines ... | 130 | 30 | 160 | 75 | 75 | 150 |
| Total ... | 1,401 | 734 | 2,135 | 1,154 | 498 | 1,652 |


| Power equipment. | 1930. |  |  | 1924. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Total. | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Total. |
| Electric generators. Driven by | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. |
| Reciprocating steam engines | 377 | 400 | 777 | 326 | 230 | 556 |
| Internal combustion engines : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| . Gas ... | 3 | - | 3 | 10 | - | 10 |
| Heavy oils ... | 4 | - | 4 | - | - | - |
| Water engines ... | 33 | - | 33 | 25 | 20 | 45 |
| Total ... | 417 | 400 | 817 | 361 | 250 | 611 |
| Electric motors. Driven by | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Electricity generated in same works ... | 433 | 82 | 515 | 346 | 100 | 446 |
| Electricity generated in other works under same ownership |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchased electricity | $4,169$ | 404 | $4,573$ | 3,585 | 534 | 4,119 |
| Total ... ... | 4,669 | 486 | 5,155 | 3,931 | 634 | 4,565 |

## Consumption of fuel.

The following table shows the quantities of coal, coke and electricity recorded as used in 1930 :-

| Kind of fuel used, |  |  |  |  | For power (driving engines). | For othe purposes (so far as recorded) | For power and other purposes, not separately distinguished. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coal <br> Coke |  |  | $\ldots$ | ... | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Tons. } \\ 7,886 \\ 17 \end{array}$ | Tons. 5,621* 741* | Tons. 824 |
| Electricity used for all purposes :- |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { B.T.U. } \\ \text { (Kw.-hrs.) } \\ \text { '000 } \\ 313 \\ \dagger \\ 2,170 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Totai-Elec | y ... | 2,483 |

[^3]TABLES.
I. Summary of results.

| Particulars. | Unit. | England and Wales. | Scotland. | Great Britain. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of goods made and work done (Gross output) | £'000 | 3,340 | 1,474 | 4,814 |
| Cost of materials used ... ... ... | ", | 2,436 | 1,070 | 3,506 |
| Paid for work given out to other firms... | ," | 3 | 3 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| Net output ... ... ... | ," | 901 | 401 | 1,302 |
| Average number of persons employed (excluding outworkers) | No. | 5,629 | 1,899 | 7,528 |
| Net output per person employed (excluding outworkers) ... | £ | 160 | 211 | 173 |
| Mechanical power available :- |  |  |  |  |
| Prime movers ... | H.P. | 1,241 | 894 | 2,135 |
| Electric motors driven by purchased electricity | " | 2,748 | 1,825 | 4,573 |

II. Production.

| Goods sold or added to stock and work done. | Unit. | England and Wales. | Scotland. | Great Britain. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New sacks and bags :Of jute:- |  |  |  |  |
|  | Th. cwis. | 127.6 | $211 \cdot 4$ | $339 \cdot 0$ |
| Weight and number stated | Th. doz. | 1,891 | 1,449 | 3,340 |
| Weight and number stated $\}$ | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 342 | 562 | 904 |
| Number only stated | Th. doz. | 104 | - | 104 |
| Of cotton :- |  |  |  |  |
| Of coton : | Th. cwts. |  | - | $14 \cdot 8$ |
| Weight and number stated | Th. doz. | * | * | 316 |
|  | £'000 |  |  | 76 |
| Number only stated | Th. doz. | * | * | 3,518 |
| Of hemp :- |  |  | * | 211 |
| Of hemp :- | Th. cwts. |  |  | 0.8 |
| Weight and number stated | Th. doz. | * | * | 2 |
| Number only stated | Th. doz. |  |  | 9 |
| Number only stated | £’000 | * | * | 30 |
| Value only stated | £'000 | * | * | 27 |
| Of other and unclassified textiles :- |  |  |  |  |
| Weight and number stated... | Th. cuts. Th. doz. | * | * | $10 \cdot 5$ 4 |
|  | $£^{\prime} 000$ |  |  | 6 |
| Number only stated ... | Th. doz. |  |  | 5 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {£ }} 0000$ | * | * | - ${ }^{2}$ |
| Weight only stated ... | Th. cwts. <br> £'000 | * |  | $1 \cdot 5$ 3 |
| Value only stated ... ... ... | $£^{\prime} 000$ | * | * | 8 |
| Total value-New sacks and bags | £'000 | 657 | 633 | 1,290 |


| Goods sold or added to stock and work done. | Unit. | England and Wales. | Scotland. | Great Britain. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second-hand sacks and bags, repaired and sold or added to stock... | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 1,307 | 266 | 1,573 |
| Made up canvas goods (sails, tents, marquees, awnings, tarpaulins, rickcloths, wagon covers, motor-hoods, flags, bunting, etc.) ... | ", | ${ }_{*}^{759}$ | ${ }_{*}^{228}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 987 \\ & 135 \end{aligned}$ |
| Brattice cloth ... ... ...... | " |  |  |  |
| Cotton, canvas and paper, waterproofed for packing | " | * | * | 412 |
| Other canvas goods ... ... ... | " | 3 | - | 3 |
| Cordage, clothing and other textile manufactures... | " | 50 | 23 | 73 |
| Baskets, furniture and other goods made | " | 58 | - | 58 |
| Total value of goods made | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 3,227 | 1,304 | 4,531 |
|  |  | Amount received. | Amount received. | Amount received. |
| Work done :- |  |  |  |  |
| Baling of goods in hessian and sacking ... ... ... ... | $£^{\prime} 000$ | * | * | 55 |
| Making of bags, sacks and other canvas goods from customers' materials | " | 45 | 123 | 168 |
| Cleaning and repairing bags, sacks and other canvas goods for customers ... | $"$ |  |  | $20$ |
| Other work done ... ... ... | " |  | 29 | $40$ |
| Total value of work done ... | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 113 | 170 | 283 |
| Total value of goods made and work done (Gross outpot) ... | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 3,340 | 1,474 | 4,814 |

* Owing to the possible disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars for England and Wales and for Scotland cannot be given.


## III. Employment.

A. Numbers employed in week ended 18th October, 1930 (EXCLUDING OUTWORKERS).

| Persons employed (excluding outworkers). | Males. |  | Females. |  | Males and females. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Under $18 .$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { ages. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & 18 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & 18 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { ages. } \end{gathered}$ |
| England and Wales :Operatives Administrative, etc.* | $\begin{array}{r} 123 \\ 43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,350 \\ 533 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}829 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,447 \\ 265 \end{array}$ | 952 81 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,797 \\ 798 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 166 | 1,883 | 867 | 3,712 | 1,033 | 5,595 |
| Scotland:Operatives Administrative, etc.* | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | 510 138 | 283 17 | 1,060 97 | 333 31 | 1,570 235 |
| Total | 64 | 648 | 300 | 1,157 | 364 | 1,805 |
| Great Britain :Operatives Administrative, etc.* | $\begin{array}{r} 173 \\ 57 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,860 \\ 671 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,112 \\ 55 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,507 \\ 362 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,285 \\ 112 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,367 \\ & 1,033 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 230 | 2,531 | 1,167 | 4,869 | 1,397 | 7,400 |

* Administrative, technical and clerical staff.
B. Operatives (excluding outworkers) employed in one week IN EACH MONTH OF 1930.

C. Numbers of outworkers at two specified periods in 1930 .

| Country. | January. |  |  |  | Males. | Females. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total. | Males. | Females. | Total. |  |
|  | $\ldots$ | 5 | 40 | 45 | 54 | 62 |

* No outworkers were recorded for Scotland.


## IV. Power.

Particulars of prime movers, electric generators and ELEOTRIC MOTORS

| Power equipment. | England and Wales. |  | Scotland. |  | Great Britain. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Ordinarily in use. |  |
| Prime movers. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
| Reciprocating steam engines ... ... | 837 | 137 | 187 | 515 | 1,024 | 652 |
| Internal combustion engines : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas | 187 | 52 | 32 | - | 219 | 52 |
| Heavy oils ... | 28 |  | - | $\bigcirc$ | 28 | - |
| Water engines ... | - | - | 130 | 30 |  | 30 |
| Total . | 1,052 | 189 | 349 | 545 | 1,401 | 734 |
| Total of prime MOVERS INSTALLED | 1,241 |  | 894 |  | 2,135 |  |
| Electric generators <br> Driven by <br> Reciprocating steam engines ... <br> Internal combustion engines :Gas <br> Heavy oils <br> Water engines ... | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw. | Kw, |
|  | 307 | 50 | 70 | 350 | 377 | 400 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - |
|  | 4 | - | $\square$ | 7 | 4 | 7 |
|  | - | - |  | 7 | 33 | 7 |
| Total ... ... | 314 | 50 | 103 | 357 | 417 | 407 |
| Total of electric GeneraTORS INSTALLED | 364 |  | 460 |  | 824 |  |


| Power equipment. | England and Wales. |  | Scotland. |  | Great Britain. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. | Ordinarily in use. | In reserve or idle. |
| Electric motors. Driven by <br> Electricity generated in same works ... ... | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. | H.P. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 155 | 30 | 278 | 52 | 433 | 82 |
| Electricity generated in other works under same ownership | 67 | - | 18 - | 52 | 67 | 82 |
| Purchased electricity $\qquad$ | 2,476 | 272 | 1,693 | 132 | $4,169$ | 404 |
| Total ... ... | 2,698 | 302 | 1,971 | 184 | 4,669 | 486 |
| Total of elecTRIC MOTORS installed ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,000 |  | 2,155 |  | 5,155 |  |

## V. Consumption of fuel.



[^4]
[^0]:    * Not ascertained.

[^1]:    * These items include the output of firms in Northern Ireland. While separate particulars for the individual items cannot be given, the total value so included is

[^2]:    Based on average values of new sacks and bags of jute.
    $\dagger$ Including $£ 328,000$ in respect of canvas hose-pipes. For 1930 these goods are dealt with in the Linen and Hemp Trade, but are included in the above table in order to preserve comparability with 1924, when they were included with made-up order to preser
    canvas goods.
    $\ddagger$ Based on average values of sailcloth and canvas, wages and other relative data. ${ }_{\S}$ Based on average revaluation of aggregate of preceding products.

[^3]:    * These figures were recorded by firms representing $94 \cdot 6$ per cent. of the net output of the whole trade.
    $\dagger$ Not recorded.

[^4]:    * In addition 824 tons (all in England and Wales) were returned as used for power and other purposes, not separately distinguished.
    $\dagger$ Not recorded.

