# THE COKE AND BY-PRODUCTS AND MANUFACTURED FUEL TRADES

Note.—For information regarding the scope of the Census, instructions given to firms for making returns, and definitions of the terms used in this report, reference should be made to the Introductory Notes on pages v to xviii.

Introductory

These trades comprise firms that were engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of metallurgical coke and the distillation of coal tar products at collieries or blast furnaces† and in the production of manufactured fuel.

The following table shows the main results of the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 in respect of firms in Great Britain that employed

an average of more than ten persons:-

Unit	1930	1924
£'000	16,962	26,178
963 23	13,249	18,978
	3,713	7,200
No.	16,638	20,180
£	223	357
H.P.	64,730	86,740
	32,010	33,471
No.	130	174
.,	137	*
THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS	£'000 ,,, No. £ H.P.	£'000 16,962 ,, 13,249 ,, 3,713 No. 16,638 £ 223 H.P. 64,730 ,, 32,010 No. 130

<sup>\*</sup> Not available.

Deficiencies in 1930 aggregates.—The aggregate number of persons employed in 1930 by firms that stated that they employed not more than ten persons on the average was 104, the corresponding figure for 1924 being 136. The value of the gross output of the small firms in 1924 was £142,000, and particulars of the items included in this figure are given below:—

Coke	505.B.O.	do sie	£'000 107
Manufactured fuel	172		(59,000 tons) 22
Other products	100		13
1-110	TOTAL .		142

In addition, 2 firms to which schedules were sent at the 1930 Census furnished no information; these firms had small businesses and their omission has no appreciable effect on the results.

<sup>†</sup> Particulars of the output of coal tar products at tar distilleries and gas works are given, respectively, in the reports on the Chemicals, Dyestuffs and Drugs Trades (pages 271–6 of Part III) and on Gas Undertakings (pages 461–83 of the present volume).

267

Size of firms.—In the following table the main particulars recorded at the Census of 1930 are grouped according to the average numbers of persons shown in the returns:-

Size of firm (average numbers employed)	Number of returns	Gross output	Net output	Average number of persons employed	Net output per person employed
Maria de la companya	No.	£'000	£'000	No.	£
11-24	. 11	138	42	174	243
25-49	19	650	162	671	241
50-99	. 31	2,277	583	2,453	238
100-199	52	7,527	1,721	7,326	235
200-299	. 11	3,065	662	2,588	256
<b>3</b> 00 and over	6	3,305	543	3,426	159
TOTAL	. 130	16,962	3,713	16,638	223

Regional distribution.—In the following table the results recorded at the Censuses of 1930 and 1924 are grouped according to the principal areas\* of Great Britain in which firms in this trade are situated :-

Area	Number of returns	Gross output	Net output	Average number of persons employed	Net output per person employed
	No.	£'000	£'000	No.	£
(1930	5	484	118	527	223
$2 \qquad \dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	10	1,361	340	1,164	292
71930	40	4,906	1,290	4,736	272
$3 \qquad \dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	41	5,469	1,936	4,833	401
1930	30	5,875	992	5,185	191
4\\\ 1924	43	9,418	2,299	6,250	368
_ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	5	388	85	615	139
$5 \qquad \cdots \begin{cases} 1934 \end{cases}$	9	1,490	286	1,485	193
c \(\) \(\) 1930	16	2,193	541	2,326	232
$6 \qquad \dots \begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	21	2,959	721	2,335	309
7 10 1930	21	2,452	469	2,568	183
7 and 8 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	30	4,174	1,102	3,136	351
9 1930	7	271	106	281	378
9\ 1924	13	944	364	728	500
10 \( \)	6	393	112	400	280
$10 \qquad \dots \begin{cases} 1936 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	7	363	152	249	610
man (1930	130	16,962	3,713	16,638	223
TOTAL $\begin{cases} 1930 \\ 1924 \end{cases}$	174	26,178	7,200	20,180	357
					Control of the

Northern Ireland.—No production was recorded for Northern Ireland either in 1930 or in 1924 on schedules for the Coke and By-Products and Manufactured Fuel Trades.

#### Production

Principal products.—The following table shows the quantity and value of metallurgical coke, tar, pitch, and manufactured fuel made in 1930 and 1924 for sale:-

CAN'T F SHOT A'E	LIN/A	8103	19	30		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	19	24
	1000,1	Return	ed on	schedule	s for		er div.2	000
Kind of goods	Pro Mai	The Coke and By- Products and Manufactured Fuel Trades			ll trades	Total		
	Quan- tity	Value	Ent- ries	Quan- tity	Value	Ent- ries	Quan- tity	Value
Metallurgical coke	Th. tons 11,920	£'000 9,960	No. 116	Th. tons 11,921	£'000 9,961	No. 117	Th. tons 12,719	£'000 16,693
Tar:—  Returned in gallons	\$100 y			Th. galls. 8,313 Th.	79	46	Th.	
Returned in tons	437	641	88	1,829 Th. galls.	1,824	675	galls. 37,054 Th. tons	932
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Refined} & \\ \text{Refined} & \\ \\ \text{Returned in} \end{array}$	kr barba		-	67,975 Th.	1,146	57	1,347	4,479
tons	96	256	27	394	1,208	170		
Total—Tar		897		0111.00	4,257			5,411
Pitch Manufactured fuel Washed coal*	93 1,134 154	164 1,172 109	30 11 4	455 1,134 154	948 1,172 109	114 11 4	584 1,256 124	1,764 1,753 123
TOTAL—PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS	•••	12,302	•••		16,447		•••	25,744

\* So far as separately recorded.

Producers of tar were not required to state the quantities that were used in their own works for the making of by-products. The total quantity of crude tar produced cannot therefore be stated for either year. Some duplication may be involved in the output figures shown in the table, owing to the double record of tar sold in the crude state by the producing firm and in the refined state by the purchasing firm.

Coal tar products.—The following statement gives particulars of the output for sale of coal tar products at coke ovens in 1930 and 1924; for particulars of the total output of these products as returned on schedules for all trades reference should be made to the reports on the Fertiliser, etc., Trade† (for sulphate of ammonia and the Chemicals, Dyestuffs and Drugs Trades! (for the remaining products).

<sup>\*</sup> For particulars see page xviii.

<sup>†</sup> See Part III, pages 304-5.

	19	30	1924		
Kind of product	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Sulphate of ammonia (20.6 per	Th. tons	£'000	Th. tons	£'000	
cent. nitrogen)	176·1 Th. galls.	1,001	186·2* Th. galls.	2,274	
Crude	17,212 20,662 Th. galls.	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 785 \\ 1,506 \end{array}\right\}$	38,061† Th. cwts.	1,830	
Carbolic acid, crude (in terms of 60's)	111. gans.	13	27.1	20	
Cresylic acid	206	19	‡ Th. galls.	‡	
Naphtha (crude)	815 Th. cwts.	41	1,830 Th. cwts.	88	
Naphthalene (crude), excluding naphthalene oil	170·3 Th. galls.	35	191·5 Th. galls.	54	
Tar oil, creosote oil, anthracene oil and other heavy coal tar oils  Toluol (in terms of 90's)	15,380 839	183 75	17,756 320	524 25	
Other tar distillation products (including anthracene)	•••	22	Sansing .	195	
TOTAL	•••	3,680	Change of	5,010	

<sup>\*</sup> In terms of 21·1 per cent. nitrogen; equivalent to 190,700 tons in terms of 20·6 per cent. nitrogen.

**Prices.**—The average selling values of metallurgical coke, tar, pitch and manufactured fuel in 1930 and 1924, as calculated from the Census returns, are shown in the following table:—

Wind of mode TO	Average	1930 as a percentage	
Kind of goods	1930	1924	of 1924
Metallurgical coke	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Shillings} \\ \text{per ton} \\ 16 \cdot 7 \\ \text{Pence} \\ \text{per gall.} \\ 2 \cdot 29 \\ 4 \cdot 05 \\ \text{Shillings} \\ \text{per ton} \\ 19 \cdot 94 \\ 61 \cdot 35 \\ 27 \cdot 27 \\ 41 \cdot 7 \\ 20 \cdot 7 \\ \end{array}$	Shillings per ton	Per cent. 63·5 63·7 41·0 69·0 74·2

Volume of production in 1930 and 1924.—The following table compares the volume of production in 1930 and 1924 of the goods included in the table of "Frincipal products" on page 267:—

	To To	otal producti	ion	1000
Kind of goods	1930	19	24	as a percentage
That of goods	As returned	As returned	At 1930 average values	of 1924
M-tallumaical calc	£'000	£'000	£'000	Per cent.
Metallurgical coke Manufactured fuel	9,961	16,693	10,600	94 90
Ton.	1,172 4,257	1,753	1,301 2,430	175
D:+ob	948	5,411 1,764	1,217	78
Washed coal	109	123	88	124
TOTAL	16,447	25,744	15,636	105

**Production, exports and imports.**—The following table shows, in relation to production, the quantities of coke, manufactured fuel, etc., exported from the United Kingdom in 1930 and 1924, together with the quantities imported and retained. In view of the qualifications attaching to the output figures recorded for tar (see page 267), these figures are not included in the table.

Kind of goods	Produc-	Exports	Proportion of production exported	Retained	Available for use in the United Kingdom	Share of home market held by British products
Metallurgical \ 1930 \ coke \ 1924 \ Coal tar \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Th. tons 11,921 12,841  455 603 1,134 1,275	Th. tons 1,547 1,848 62 9 289 316 1,006† 1,067†	Per cent.  13·0 14·4 63·5 52·4 -88·7 83·7	Th. tons  *  1  3  1  11  ‡  ‡	Th. tons 10,374 10,993  167 298 128 208	Per cent. 100·0 100·0  99·4 96·3 100·0 100·0

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 500 tons.

Other products.—In addition to the output shown in the tables on pages 267 and 268, the following goods were produced in 1930 and 1924 by firms that made their returns on schedules for the

<sup>†</sup> In terms of 50 per cent. benzol.

<sup>#</sup> Included in other tar distillation products.

<sup>†</sup> Excluding manufactured fuel shipped for the use of steamers.

The retained imports of manufactured fuel (245 tons in 1930 and 387 tons in 1924) are understood to consist largely of fuel not made from coal.

Coke and By-Products and Manufactured Fuel Trades. These goods are dealt with in the reports on those trades in which the principal output was recorded.

sna	19	30	1924		
Kind of goods		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Gas sold	{	Mill. cu. ft. 35,597·6 * Mill. B.T.U.	£'000 721 52	Mill. cu. ft. 11,765 · 3  * Mill.B.T.U.	£'000 283 132
Electricity sold		17.8	51 {	26.0	89 41
Waste heat sold Chemical manufactures Other goods		1. 651,1 1. 120,8 1. 120,8	$\left.\begin{array}{c}44\\72\\36\end{array}\right\}$		133
TOTAL			976		727

\* Quantity not stated.

Waste products sold.—A total of £4,000 was recorded for 1930 in respect of sales of waste products (spent oils, slurry, coal residue, etc.) by firms in the Coke and By-Products and Manufactured Fuel Trades. No corresponding total was returned for 1924.

### **E**mployment and Wages

**Employment.**—The following table shows the average numbers of persons employed in 1930 and 1924:—

committee and the desired	Ma	ales	Fem	ales	Total	
Persons employed	Under 18	All ages	Under 18	All ages	Under 18	All
1930 Operatives (average for the year) Administrative, technical and	359	15,454	6	34	365	15,488
clerical staff (as at 18th October)	82	1,098	5	52	87	1,150
TOTAL	441	16,552	11	86	452	16,638
1924 Operatives (average for the year) Administrative, 'technical and	505	18,921	14	51	519	18,972
clerical staff (as at 18th October)	67	1,164	2	44	69	1,208
TOTAL	572	20,085	16	95	588	20,180

**Wages.**—The available information as to the amount of wages paid in 1930 and 1924 is given on pages 210 and 211.

#### Power

The following table shows the capacity of prime movers, electric generators and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle in 1930 and 1924. As a result of comparisons between the returns for the two years, certain defects in the particulars furnished in the Final Report on the 1924 Census have been brought to light and the figures now given should be regarded as substituting those previously published.

Power	ag and 2	1930			1924			
equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Total		
PRIME MOVERS	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.		
Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion	26,365 12,580	10,376 10,009	36,741 22,589	30,568 21,546	10,507 9,999	41,075 31,545		
engines:— Gas	4,086	1,231	5,317	9,925	4,170	14,095		
Petrol, kerosene, or other light oils Heavy oils Other prime movers	. 8 50	  	8 50 25	5 20 —		5 20 —		
TOTAL	43,089	21,641	64,730	62,064	24,676	86,740		
ELECTRIC GENERATORS Driven by Reciprocating steam	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.		
engines Steam turbines Internal combustion	5,055 6,903	5,077 5,479	10,132 12,382	6,396 13,810	4,895 8,550	11,291 22,360		
engines :— Gas Heavy oils	2,904 10	923	3,827 10	5,173 —	955	6,128		
TOTAL	14,872	11,479	26,351	25,379	14,400	39,779		
ELECTRIC MOTORS Driven by	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.		
Electricity generated in same works Electricity generated in other works under same owner-	12,230	5,034	17,264	14,821	5,006	19,827		
ship Purchased electricity	38,804 26,502	8,616 5,508	47,420 32,010	27,256 27,015	6,022 6,456	33,278 33,471		
TOTAL	77,536	19,158	96,694	69,092	17,484	86,576		

Where coke ovens were operated in conjunction with blast furnaces and steel works, or collieries, the power requirements for the whole undertaking were frequently supplied from a central power station. In such cases it was impracticable to apportion precisely the total capacity of the prime movers and the electric 24652

generators at the central station between the various works to which electricity was supplied, and the particulars were therefore returned for the unit as a whole on the schedule for one of the trades concerned (usually that for blast furnaces). As a rule, however, firms were in a position to state for each works the capacity of the electric motors driven by electricity supplied from the central station.

The particulars given above should not, therefore, be regarded as expressing the full capacity of the prime movers and electric generators actually used or available for the purposes of coke oven production, either in 1930 or in 1924. As regards electric motors driven by electricity "generated in own works," the particulars given for 1930 probably approximate closely to the total capacity at coke ovens; but at the Census of 1924 firms were not required to state separately the capacity of motors which were driven by current generated at another of their works, and in the case of the composite undertakings referred to above the method of recording such motors was not uniform, some being shown as driven by electricity generated in the same works and some as driven by purchased electricity. These factors considerably affect the comparability of the figures given for the two years in respect of the three specified categories of electric motors.

#### Consumption of fuel

Many firms that used waste heat, generated in the processes of coke production, as the means of driving engines found it impracticable to assign a definite proportion of their total coal consumption to power as distinct from process purposes. According to the Annual Report of the Secretary for Mines, the total quantity of coal carbonised at coke ovens, and used in the production of manufactured fuel, in 1930 amounted to 18,280,000 tons. The amount required as engine fuel is unlikely to have exceeded 80,000 tons.

Particulars of the total quantities of coal and coke used were supplied by firms representing nearly 56 per cent. of the total net output, the amounts returned being about 9,147,000 tons of coal and 90,000 tons of coke. Some part of the difference apparent between the figures for coal as returned to the Census of Production and as returned to the Mines Department may be due to the Census figures not relating wholly to the calendar year. The amount of coke recorded was probably produced by the firms themselves and should not be taken as additional to the total for coal.

The quantities of electricity recorded as used in 1930 were as follows:-

	B.T.U. (Kwhrs.)
Electricity used for all purposes :-	'000
Generated in same works	27,759
Generated in other works under same ownership	75,372
Purchased	43,166
Total—Electricity	146,297

#### TABLES

#### I. Summary of results

Particulars	Unit	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Value of goods made (Gross output)	£'000	16,298	664	16,962
Cost of materials used	,,	12,803	446	13,249
Net output	,,	3,495	218	3,713
Average number of persons employed	No.	15,957	681	16,638
Net output per person employed  Power available :—	£	219	321	223
Prime movers	H.P.	60,145	4,585	64,730
Electric motors driven by purchased electricity	,,	31,597	413	32,010

#### II. Production

Kind	of goods ma	de		Unit	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Metallurgical co	oke		{	Th. tons	11,513 9,592	407 368	11,920 9,960
			(	2 000	0,002	000	0,000
Tar:—			1	Th. tons	*	*	437
Crude		A	1	£'000	*	*	641
			7	Th. tons	*	*	96
Refined			1	£'000	*	*	256
D' I			3	Th. tons	86	7	93
Pitch		•••	1	£'000	154	10	164
By-products:							
Sulphate of a	mmonia (20	6 per cen	t. S	Th. tons	168.8	7.3	176.1
nitrogen)			1	£,000	961	40	1,001
Benzol:-			-		70.074	700	12 010
Crude			1	Th. galls.	16,614	598	17,212
Crudo			1	£,000	756	29	785
Refined			1	Th. galls.	*	*	20,662
20011100			}	£'000		an Teacher	1,506
Carbolie acid	l. crude (in	terms o	of	Th. galls.	131	_	131
60's)	., (		}	£'000	13		206
Cresylic acid			1	Th. galls.	206 19		19
orenj ne dela			>	£'000	815		815
Naphtha (cru	de)		1	Th. galls. £'000	41		41
			->		*	*	170.3
Naphthalene		excludin	g	Th. cwts.	*	*	35
naphthalen			1 }	Th. galls.	14,252	1,128	15,380
Tar oil, creos			1, {	£'000	169	1,120	183
and other	heavy coal ta	ar ons .	}	Th. galls.	839	17	839
Toluol (in ter	ms of 90's)		3	£'000	75		75
Other tar di	atillation pr	ducts (ir	-	2000	.,,		
cluding ant		oducis (II		£'000	22	_	22
ordaning and	in decine,						K 2

Great

Britain

1,134

1,172

154

109

72

35,597.6 721

52

### B.—Operatives employed in one week in each month of 1930

Weels	Week Males and females			W	Males and females		
ended	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Week ended	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Jan. 18	16,307	715	17,022	July 19	14,161	662	14,823
Feb. 15	16,133	717	16,850	Aug. 16	13,622	609	14,231
Mar. 15	16,088	703	16,791	Sept. 13	13,756	594	14,350
April 12	15,675	714	16,389	Oct. 18	13,995	561	14,556
May 17	15,515	693	16,208	Nov. 15	14,007	564	14,571
June 21	15,120	699	15,819	Dec. 13	13,701	545	14,246
AVERAGE I	FOR THE	TWELVE M	ONTHS	••••••	14,840	648	15,488

#### IV. Power PARTICULARS OF PRIME MOVERS, ELECTRIC GENERATORS AND ELECTRIC MOTORS

Power equipment	Englar Wa		Scot	land	Great Britain	
rower equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle
PRIME MOVERS	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion	23,914 11,472	10,070 9,289	2,451 1,108	306 720	26,365 12,580	10,376 10,009
engines :— Gas	4,086	1,231		_	4,086	1,231
Petrol, kerosene, or other light oils Heavy oils Other	8 50 —		_		8 50 —	
TOTAL	39,530	20,615	3,559	1,026	43,089	21,641
TOTAL OF PRIME MOVERS INSTALLED	60,1	45	4,585		64,730	
ELECTRIC GENERATORS Driven by	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.	Kw.
Reciprocating steam engines Steam turbines Internal combustion	4,987 6,403	4,990 5,179	68 500	87 300	5,055 6,903	5,077 5,479
engines :— Gas Heavy oils	2,904 10	923 —	_	_	2,904 10	923 —
TOTAL	14,304	11,092	568	387	14,872	11,479
TOTAL OF ELECTRIC GENERATORS INSTALLED	25,396		955		26,351	

England Unit and Scotland Kind of goods made Wales Th. tons Manufactured fuel £'000 Th. tons Washed coal ... ... £'000 Waste products (including spent-oils, £'000 slurry, coal residue, etc.) ... ... Chemical manufactures ... ... ... £'000 72 Gas supplied to

Quantity not stated

other undertakings of the firm or

to outside con-

sumers ... ... January not stated
Electricity supplied to other under-Mill. B.T.U.17.8 takings of the firm or to outside con-£'000 51 sumers ... ... ... £'000 44 Waste heat sold ... ... ... Other goods ... ... ... £'000 36 TOTAL VALUE OF GOODS MADE (GROSS £'000 16,298 664 16,962 OUTPUT) ... ... ... ...

Mill. cub.

ft. £'000

£'000

\* Owing to the possible disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars for England and Wales and for Scotland cannot be given.

### III. Employment

A.—Numbers employed in week ended 18th October, 1930

Persons employed		Ma	ales	Females		Males and females	
		Under 18	All	Under 18	All	Under 18	All
England and Wales:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*		305 80	13,977 1,069	- 2 4	18 48	307 84	13,995 1,117
TOTAL		385	15,046	6	66	391	15,112
Scotland:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*		32	547 29	4	14 4	36	561 33
TOTAL		34	576	5	18	39	594
Great Britain:— Operatives Administrative, etc.*		337 82	14,524 1,098	6 5	32 52	343 87	14,556 1,150
Тотац		419	15,622	11	84	430	15,706

\* Administrative, technical and clerical staff.

Description of	Englar Wa		Scotl	and	Great Britain	
Power equipment	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle	Ordinarily in use	In reserve or idle
ELECTRIC MOTORS	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.	H.P.
Driven by Electricity generated in same works Electricity generated in other works	11,928	4,984	302	50	12,230	5,034
under same owner- ship	37,301	7.812	1,503	804	38,804	8,616
Purchased electricity	26,283	5,314	219	194	26,502	5,508
TOTAL	75,512	18,110	2,024	1,048	77,536	19,158
TOTAL OF ELECTRIC MOTORS INSTALLED	93,622		3,072		96,694	

## V. Consumption of fuel

Kind of fuel used	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Coal used for power*	Tons	Tons	Tons
	73,000	7,000	80,000
Electricity used for all purposes:—  Generated in same works	B.T.U.	B.T.U.	B.T.U.
	(Kwhrs.)	(Kwhrs.)	(Kwhrs.)
	'000	'000	'000
	27,488	271	27,759
Generated in other works under same ownership Purchased	72,767	2,605	75,372
	42,496	670	43,166
Total—Electricity	142,751	3,546	146,297

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated. See page 272.