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BRITISHLIBRARY OF POLITICAL Labour Market Trends

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Jobcentre vacancy statistics

Report on the consultation on developments in local area LFS data

Seasonal adjustment of ILO unemployment aged 18 to 24 series

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developments in local area Labour

ends to publish an enhanced annual Local Area

lliams, Labour Market Division, Office for

employed aged 18 to 24 series nally adjusted have been reintroduced on a

fice for National Statistics

nemployment, economic activity, earnings, New prices, plus statistical enquiry points.



Labour Market

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A fuller listing of statistical enquiry points is available on pS96.

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Data released on or before 14 February 2001 All figures are seasonally adjusted and for UK unless otherwise stated. For detailed figures, definitions and concepts see the Labour Market Data section.



- to 222,500 (Table A.3)
 - (Table G.I)



• Employment rate was 74.6 per cent among people of working age in the October-December 2000 period, down 0.1 percentage point from July-September 2000 but up 0.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier (Figure 1, Table A.1)

ILO unemployment rate was 5.3 per cent in the October-December 2000 period, down 0.1 percentage point from July-September 2000 and down 0.6 percentage points on the same period a year earlier (Figure 2, Table A.1).

Employment was 27.99 million in October-December 2000, up 225,000 on the

Workforce jobs rose by 104,000 over the year to 28.03 million in September 2000; this comprised a fall of 37,000 male jobs and a rise of 141,000 female jobs

ILO unemployment level was 1.56 million in October-December 2000. This is 169,000 lower than the same period a year earlier (Table A. I).

Claimant count down 25,500 on the month to January 2001 to 1.00 million. Claimant count rate in January 2001 was 3.5 per cent, down 0.1 percentage point

Economic activity rate was 78.8 per cent among people of working age in October-December 2000, down 0.2 percentage points from July-September 2000 and

Economic inactivity rate was 21.2 per cent among people of working age in the October-December 2000 period, up 0.2 percentage points from July-September

GB headline rate for average earnings was 4.4 per cent in December 2000, down 0.9 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. This is up 0.2 percentage points from the November rate (Figure 3, Table A.3).

New vacancies notified to Jobcentres down 1,100 in January 2001

Stock of unfilled vacancies up 16,400 in January 2001 to 395,200

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EMPLOYMENT

- Men in employment up 28,000 since July-September 2000 to 15.45 million in October-December 2000, and women down 33,000 in the same period to 12.55 million (Figures 4 and 5, Table B.1).
- People in full-time employment up 46,000 since July-September 2000 to 20.99 million in October-December 2000. People in part-time employment down 51,000 over the same period to 7.00 million (Table B. I).
- Manufacturing employee jobs down by 106,000 in the three months to December 2000 compared with the same three months a year ago, at 3.90 million (Table B 12)
- The LFS estimate of the total number of actual hours worked per week was 917.0 million during October-December 2000, up 0.4 per cent from October-December 1999. This is due to an increase in total employment of 0.8 per cent over the year combined with a decrease of 0.4 per cent in average actual weekly hours (Table B.21).

UNEMPLOYMENT

- Number of people ILO unemployed for between six and 12 months down 30,000 over the year to stand at 231,000 in October-December 2000 (Table C.1).
- ILO unemployment over 12 months fell 98.000 over the year to stand at 403,000 in October-December 2000 (Figure 6, Table C.1).
- ILO unemployment for those aged 18 to 24 years fell 7,000 over the year to stand at 401,000 in October-December 2000 (Table C.1).
- ILO unemployment rate for UK government office regions down in all regions over the year except Yorkshire and the Humber. The highest rate is in the North East at 8.0 per cent and lowest is in the South East region at 3.3 per cent (Figure 7, Table A.4).
- Claimant count over 12 months (computerised claims only, unadjusted) shows a fall of 62,600 over the year to stand at 212,500 in January 2001 (Table (12)
- Total claimants aged 18-24 (computerised claims only, unadjusted) stood at 260,900 in January 2001, a fall of 27,700 since January 2000 (Table C.12).
- Claimant count aged 18 to 24 over 12 months (computerised claims only, unadjusted) stood at 5,000 in January 2001, a fall of 2,700 since January 2000 (Table C.12).
- Number of people in categories affected by New Deal (computerised claims only, unadjusted):

	January 2001	Change on year
18-24 over six months	39,796	-12,209
25 and over more than two years	104,449	-28,626
Total	144,245	-40,835

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

- Number of economically active people was 29.56 million in October-December 2000. Of this total, 16.39 million were men and 13.16 million were women (Table D.1)
- Number of economically inactive people of working age was 7.73 million in October-December 2000. Of this total 5.46 million people did not want a job and 2.06 million wanted a job, but had not actively looked for one (Figure 8, Table D 2)
- The LFS shows that the net increase of the number in employment was 225,000 in the year to October-December 2000. This was balanced by a decrease in the ILO unemployed of 169,000, an increase in the number of economically inactive of 151,000, and an increase in the total population aged 16 and over of 207,000 (Table A.1).
- Economic activity rate for men of working age was 84.4 per cent in October-December 2000, unchanged from July-September 2000, while the rate for women was 72.7 per cent for the same period, down 0.5 percentage points from the July-September 2000 period (Table D.1).
- Economic inactivity rate for men of working age was 15.6 per cent in October-December 2000, unchanged from July-September 2000, while the rate for women was 27.3 per cent for the same period, up 0.5 percentage points from the July-September 2000 period (Table D.3).





Figure 9 Headline average earnings growth: Great Britain

REDUNDANCIES (not seasonally adjusted)

- the time of the interview (Table C.41, February 2001).

GB AVERAGE EARNINGS

- (Figure 9, Table E.I.).
- November rate (Table E.I).
- November rate (Figure 9, Table E.1).
- November rate (Table F. I).
- (Figure 9, Table E.I).
- revised November rate (Table E.I.)
- November rate (Table E.1).

PRODUCTIVITY AND UNIT WAGE COSTS

- December 2000, compared with a year earlier (Table B.32).
- (Table B.32)

INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

- Sweden (Figure 11, Table C.51).
- (provisional) and in Germany by 2.3 per cent.

There were 163.000 people made redundant in autumn 2000 (September to November). This compares with 168,000 in autumn 1999 (Table C.41, February 2001).

Results for autumn 2000 show that 8 per thousand of male employees and 5 per thousand of female employees had been made redundant in the three months prior to the interview. Of those made redundant, 50 per cent were back in employment at

• Headline (three-month average) rate of increase in average earnings for the whole economy in the year to December 2000 was provisionally estimated to be 4.4 per cent, up 0.2 percentage points from the November rate

The actual increase in whole economy average earnings in the year to December 2000 was 5.0 per cent, up 0.9 percentage points from the revised

In the manufacturing industries, the headline (three-month average) increase for December 2000 was 4.6 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from the

The private sector services headline (three-month average) increase was 4.7 per cent for December 2000, up 0.3 percentage points from the revised

In the service industries the headline (three-month average) increase was 4.5 per cent in December 2000, up 0.3 percentage points from the November rate

Public sector headline (three-month average) increase for December 2000 was 3.9 per cent compared with a year earlier, up 0.4 percentage points from the

Private sector headline (three-month average) increase for December 2000 was 4.5 per cent compared with a year earlier, up 0.1 percentage point from the

Manufacturing output was 1.3 per cent higher in the three months ending

Manufacturing productivity in terms of output per filled job was 4.8 per cent higher in the three months ending December 2000, compared with a year earlier

Manufacturing unit wage costs were 0.2 per cent lower in the three months ending December 2000, compared with a year earlier (Table E.21).

• Whole economy output per filled job was 2.6 per cent higher in the third guarter of 2000, compared with a year earlier (Figure 10, Table B.32).

• Whole economy unit wage costs were 1.4 per cent higher in the third quarter of 2000, compared with a year earlier (Figure 10, Table E.21).

• UK ILO unemployment rate in October- December 2000 was 5.3 per cent, below the EU average of 8.1 per cent in December 2000 and lower than all EU countries except Austria, Denmark, Luxembourg, Ireland, the Netherlands, Portugal and

• UK ILO unemployment rate among under-25s at 12.5 per cent in October-December 2000 was lower than all EU countries except Austria, Denmark, Germany, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Sweden.

In EU countries there was an average increase in consumer prices of 2.3 per cent (provisional) over the 12 months to December 2000, compared with 0.9 per cent in the UK. Over the same period consumer prices rose in France by 1.7 per cent

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VACANCIES

- New vacancies notified to lobcentres in January 2001 were 3,400 lower than the same month last year (Figure 12, Table G.1).
- Stocks of unfilled vacancies at Jobcentres in January 2001 were 52,100 higher than the same month last year (Table G.1).
- Placings by Jobcentres up by 1,200 in January 2001 to stand at 110,700 (Table G.I)

LABOUR DISPUTES (not seasonally adjusted)

- Number of working days lost in the 12 months to December 2000 is provisionally estimated to be 496,000, from 207 stoppages. Some 20 per cent of the days lost were in transport, storage and communication group and 25 per cent were lost in health and social work
- Number of working days lost to labour disputes in December 2000 is provisionally estimated to be 60,000, from 24 stoppages (Figure 13, Tables G.11 and G.12).

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES (not seasonally adjusted)

- The number of young people in Work-based training for young people in England and Wales as at 24 September 2000 was 307,400, 5 per cent higher than 12 ths earlier (Table F.I., February 2000).
- The number of starts on Work-based training for young people in the Last 12 months has increased by 10 per cent, made up of an increase in starts on Foundation Modern Apprenticeships of 52 per cent, a small increase of 6 per cent on Advanced Modern Apprenticeships and a decrease on Other Training of 34 per cent.
- Foundation Modern Apprenticeships now contributes the greatest number of starts on Work-based training for young people (40 per cent over period Oct 1999-Sept 2000) (Table F.2, February 2000
- Achievement of qualifications at level 3 or above increased in the year to 1999/2000 by 12 percentage points to 48 per cent for Advanced Modern Apprenticeships, and 7 percentage points to 25 per cent for Work-based training for young people. The rate of achievement of any full qualification on Work-based training for young people also increased from 49 per cent to 53 per cent (Table F.5, February 2000).
- The level of Work-based training for young people trainees entering employment in the year 1999/2000 has increased to 71 per cent, 2 percentage points

ECONOMIC BACKGROUND

- Gross domestic product (GDP) at constant market prices in the fourth quarter of 2000 grew by 0.3 per cent, down from 0.7 per cent in the previous quarter. Compared with the fourth quarter of 1999, GDP has grown by 2.4 per cent.
- Retail sales volumes in the three months to December 2000 were 1.3 per cent higher than in the previous three months and 4.4 per cent higher than in the same period a year earlier.
- Manufacturing output in the three months to December 2000 was 0.5 per cent higher compared with the previous three months and 1.3 per cent higher than the same period a year earlier.
- The total volume of construction output in the third quarter of 2000 was 1.6 per cent lower compared with the previous guarter and 1.0 per cent lower than the same period a year earlier.
- Business investment in the third quarter of 2000 was 0.3 per cent higher than the previous quarter and 5.2 per cent higher than the third quarter of 1999.
- Government consumption in the third quarter of 2000 was up 0.7 per cent on the previous quarter and 3.9 per cent higher than a year earlier.
- The balance of trade in goods in the three months to November 2000 was in deficit by £7.2 billion, up from a deficit of £6.8 billion in the previous three months and up from a deficit of £5.9 billion a year earlier.

- ber 2000 • Excluding oil and erratics, export volumes in the three months to Noves were 1.6 per cent higher than the previous three months and 8.6 per cent higher than the same period a year earlier.
- Excluding oil and erratics, import volumes in the three months to November 2000 were 0.4 per cent higher than the previous three months and up 8.5 per cent an the same three months last year.
- The all items retail prices index (RPI) stood at 171.1 for January 2001, a fall from 172.2 for December 2000
- In the 12 months to January 2001, the all items RPI rose by 2.7 per cent, down from 2.9 per cent for December 2000.
- Over the same period, the all items excluding mortgage interest payments index (RPIX) rose by 1.8 per cent, down from 2.0 per cent for the previous month.
- The largest downward effect on the all items 12-month rate came from changes motoring costs. This is due to decreases in the prices for petrol and oil. Other large downward effects came from changes in housing costs. Household services and in particular telephone charges caused a further large downward effect. The largest upward effect came from changes in prices for household goods. A further upward effect came from changes in food prices.

If you have any comments or suggestion on the Labour Market Update please ring Kevin Argue at the Office for National Statistics, e-mail kevin.argue@ons.gov.uk, tel. 020 7533 6105.

Next month

The next Labour Market Update as well as containing the usual monthly labour market statistics, will also include the latest workforce jobs data.

The Annual Business Inquiry

IN APRIL 2001 the source of nformation on employee jobs will switch e Annual Employment Survey from to the Annual Business Inquiry This change was first announced ABD. S Operational Note released on n an 2000, and followed up by an a the National Statistics website article st and pp405-8, Labour Market in Aus September 2000. Reference to Trend ange has been included in the this c section of the labour market spec First Release since August 2000. statis BI uses standardised sampling and The on procedures and has been shown better tool for calculating employee to be than the AES. The higher levels of inhs d jobs obtained from the ABI will mpl much more in line with Labour rvey estimates of employees. Force

The launch of the ABI employee jobs series will mean an upward revision to both the annual and quarterly employee jobs series and the quarterly workforce jobs series. Furthermore, the role that employee jobs play in calculating the claimant rate denominators means that claimant count unemployment rates will be revised downwards. Productivity levels and workforce hours worked estimates will also be affected.

Full details of the methodology and functionality of the ABI, coupled with information on the reasons for the differences between ABI and AES data, and how these will feed into the estimates of workforce jobs, productivity, and also the claimant count unemployment rates will be available on the National Statistics website, www.statistics.gov.uk, on 11 April and in the May issue of Labour Market Trends. To

ottish Household Survey

Scottish Household Survey has been ed. This is a major survey of the publis Scottach population funded by the Scotti Executive, which aims to provide information on the characteristics, comp ition and behaviour of Scottish house olds and the adult population.

By bringing a wide range of topics the authors say that the survey has ogethe analysis of issues in ways that have allowe not previously been possible in Scotland. The bulletin focuses on the differences and imilarities between men's and women's experiences of living in Scotland. In particular it focuses on households, conomic activity, transport, health, and ommunity involvement. The analysis is ased on data collected from 21,966 nouseholds and 20,582 individuals during 1999 and the first six months of 2000.

The survey showed that there are clear differences between the economic activity patterns of male and female adults. Some 62 per cent of women of working age were in employment compared with 71 per cent of nen. A higher proportion of men than women were employed full-time, selfmployed, unemployed or unable to work ue to sickness or disability. Women were

FTH bulletin of findings from the more likely to be in part-time employment or looking after the home or family than men. The proportion of people in employment

reached a peak among 35 to 44-year-old men and women (84 per cent and 71 per cent respectively). Rates of self-employment increased with age, particularly for men, reaching a peak among those aged between 45 and 59 years. Self-employment accounted for only 2 per cent of men and 1 per cent of women in the youngest age group and increased to 13 per cent of men and 4 per cent of women aged between 45 and 59 years. The proportion of men in part-time employment remained fairly constant at around 2 per cent across the different age groups but changed by age for women. Only 9 per cent of women aged between 16 and 24 years worked part-time compared with 23 per cent of women aged between 25 and 34 years and 32 per cent of women aged 35 to 44 years.

There were considerable differences in the number of hours worked by men and women, according to the survey. Some 13 per cent of women worked for 16 hours or less per week compared with 1 per cent of men. Conversely, 22 per cent of men worked for 47 hours or more per week compared with 5 per cent of women.

The survey showed that the economic

Working days lost - Stoppages higher than in the previous 12 months (Table F.6, February 2000). The number participating in Work-based learning for adults in England and Wales as at 24 September 2000 was 34,900; 3 per cent more than 12 month

end

- (Table F.I, February 2000). The number of starts on Work-based learning for adults in the lass
- have increased by 7 per cent compared to the previous year, with a 18 per in those identified as having Basic Employability needs (Table F.2, February ● Some 568,400 18 to 24-year-olds had started on New Deal in Great
- the end of November 2000 470,000 had left, leaving 98,400 participants a of November 2000 (Table E.1.1).
- Some 40 per cent of these leavers entered sustained unsubsidised jobs, 11 per transferred to other benefits, 20 per cent left for other known reasons and for unknown reasons (Table F14)
- By the end of November 2000, 325,700 people aged 25 or more had started on New Deal for the Long-Term Unemployed in Great Britain - 259,400 had 66,300 participating at the end of November 2000 (Table F. 16). leaving
- In all, 50,240 people had entered sustained jobs in Great Britain by the end 2000, of which 38,900 were unsubsidised and 11,340 were subsidised (Tabl



Figure 12 Notified vaca Thousands

250

225

News and research

NATIONAL STATISTICS NEWS

prepare users for the launch of these new data, ONS is conducting a programme of regional seminars. The schedule for these seminars is as follows:

• Thursday 1 March, 2pm Belfast • Tuesday 6 March, 2pm Nottingham • Wednesday 7 March, 10am Cambridge • Thursday 8 March, 11am London, Caxton House

• Tuesday 13 March, 10am Runcorn • Tuesday 20 March, 2pm Newcastle • Wednesday 21 March, 10am Glasgow • Monday 26 March, 2pm Birmingham • Tuesday 27 March, 2pm Leeds

• Friday 30 March, 2pm Cardiff

• Monday 2 April, 10am Bristol. For further information on the introduction of the ABI, contact James Partington, tel. 01928 792545, e-mail james.partington@ons.gov.uk.

activity patterns of working adults also varied by marital status. Women who cohabited with their partners but who were not married were more likely to work fulltime than women in all other marital status groups. Married women were more likely to be in part-time employment than women in any other marital status group. Single, divorced and separated adults of both sexes were more likely than married or cohabiting adults to be unemployed. Some 74 per cent of men and 63 per cent of women who were in full-time employment were married or cohabiting. On the other hand, over 50 per cent of unemployed women and 47 per cent of unemployed men were single.

The bulletin contains further details on how economic status is distributed within and between households and includes tables showing the economic activity of workingage women by household type and household working status.

 Scottish Household Survey Bulletin no. 5. ISBN 1 84268 422 1, price £5, available from The Stationery Office. Also available from the website, free of charge, http://www.scotland.gov.uk/shs/docs/00063-00.asp. For enquiries tel. 0131 244 7557, e-mail shs@scotland.gsi.gov.uk.

Labour Market trends |3|

Regional competitiveness indicators

THE SEVENTH edition of Regional Competitiveness Indicators is due to be published by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) on 13 March 2001. The twice-yearly publication details 14 indicators that help to identify underlying regional characteristics that influence regional competitiveness. The indicators in the booklet have been developed by DTI in consultation with statisticians from ONS and other government departments.

The indicators selected are intended to

give a balanced picture of the available official statistical information relevant to regional competitiveness and are described with the help of tables and charts. Indicators have been developed under five headings: overall competitiveness; the labour market; education and training; capital; and land and infrastructure. They are presented on a government office region basis for England and, where the information is available, for Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

The most significant figures to be updated in this edition will be the 1999

regional gross domestic product and 1998 household disposable income figures. This edition will also include updated data for income support claimants: people in employment; employee jobs; unemployment; educational attainment property costs; and export data. • Regional Competitiveness In

published by the Department of Trade a Industry, price £6. Available from C tel. 0207 215 3397. Copies of the can also be downloaded, free of cl the DTI website www.dti.gov.uk/sd/

Unemployment rate measures

AN ARTICLE in the September 2000 issue of Labour Market Trends launched the public stage of consultation on developments in ONS unemployment rate measures. Users were asked to comment on a range of issues including a proposed residence-based claimant count rate and the range of geographical areas for which unemployment rates were needed. Users were also invited to comment on the provision of unemployment rates in the National Statistics labour market theme group consultation in October.

In total, 27 users responded -22 to the

OTHER NEWS

unemployment rate measure review. including two group replies covering 17 local authorities, and a further 5 respondents to the theme group review gave specific answers on small area unemployment rates, including one group response representing 40 organisations. Where users responded to both they were counted as responding to the unemployment rate measures review only.

While there was clear support for some of the proposals, others were not as clear-cut. The majority of respondents welcomed the idea of a new residence based claimant count rate, but there were more mixed views on the preferred denominate

Overall, users did not see updating the existing workplace-based rates as a priority but some respondents were concerned that in smaller areas they could be misleading Not surprisingly, the most varied responses were on the geography issues. Use have a wide-ranging list of possible geographic for which they would like rates. OF is still considering how best to take forward some of the proposals and a more detail d report will be available later. For more information, contact Tricia Williams, tel. 020 7533 6113, e-mail tricia.williams@ons.gov.uk.

Migration into the UK

MIGRATION INTO the UK has recently increased and may be on a continuing upward trend, according to a recent Home Office report Migration: an economic and social analysis. The rise appears to be largely driven by economic forces including globalisation, economic integration and labour mobility within the EU, and the current strength of the UK labour market, as well as increased political instability around the world. Moreover the authors argue that migration has generated substantial economic and social benefits for the UK and is 'essential to growth in some areas'. The authors argue that the conventional

picture of UK post-war immigration, comprising successive waves of 'new commonwealth' immigrants that fell off after 1971, is an over-simplification. In the 1950s to 1970s there was substantial emigration out of the UK and there was now a substantial inflow of returning UK citizens each year. Earlier net immigration from Ireland had turned to net emigration recently and there had always been a significant level of labour-related migration. Using data from the Labour Force

Survey, the report looks at the characteristics of migrants compared with the UK-born population. Migrant experiences are more polarised than those for the population as a whole, with larger concentrations at the extremes. For example, there were proportionately more highly educated people and more relatively unskilled in the migrant population than among those born here. To some extent this reflected the fact that many enter on work permits and as students. Overall migrants' wages were higher but they were concentrated at both the top and bottom of the income distribution. Migrants had higher inactivity rates than natives which, in part, probably reflects lower participation rates among women and the high number of foreign students, and meant that overall migrants were less likely to be employed.

Education and English language fluency were key determinants of labour market success. The report finds that migrants are highly concentrated in London because of the unmet labour demand, and elsewhere tend to gravitate to areas where housing costs are relatively low and where there are already others from their home country. However the authors find little evidence that native workers are harmed by migration. Rather, migrants tend to create new business and fill labour market gaps.

for better information on the characteristics, motivations and outcomes of migrants. It suggests a need for a wide range of labour market analyses including an examination of geographical, industrial and occupational variation in labour market outcomes of migrants: the impact of English language fluency, education and non-UK qualifications; outcomes by entry mode; interactions between illegal immigration and the formal labour market; and impacts of migrants on resident workers and on source countries.

The report concludes that there is a need

Recruitment and retention in cw-wage service industries

PORT published by the Joseph Row ree Foundation Everything under a fiver: recruitment and retention in lower labour markets documents the full pavi staff urnover process from vacancy og through to staff leaving. The post study by researchers at the Centre for Economic Performance at the London Sch of Economics, explores the costs ed by firms as a result of turnover. incu w pay and morale are affected. and

The study, conducted in 1996-97, covered five large companies that operated in at least five of seven different local areas selected for the research. The companies were restaurant chain, a leisure company, a supermarket chain, a hotel group and a food manufacturing company. The areas covered were chosen to include cities and urban or semi-urban areas across England. Company records were supplemented with questionnaires covering current staff, appointees, leavers and managers. Wages in almost all entry-level jobs in these companies were already higher than the national minimum wage introduced in April 1999.

In these companies it typically took a month to fill a vacancy. Existing employees and Jobcentres were the most common methods of attracting job applicants. On average each vacancy attracted three applicants and the number of applicants was sensitive to the wage on offer relative to local pay rates and local unemployment. Firms found it easier to recruit in towncentre sites than for those on the outskirts, partly because of the availability of transport

Turnover costs accounted for between 5 and 10 per cent of wage costs. The costs of staff turnover included the cost of newspaper advertising; management time; lower productivity of new staff while they learned the job and by supervisors and experienced staff who were involved in their training; and loss of capacity while a vacancy was unfilled. In all the firms studied the level of staff turnover was high, ranging from 40 per cent per year in the case of the food manufacturer to100 per

cent in the restaurant. The workplaces in the study that had the highest earnings relative to their local labour market had the lowest turnover rates. Workers were also less likely to leave when there was more competition for alternative job opportunities. The study suggests that reduced turnover costs would not be sufficient to offset completely the higher wage bill resulting from paying higher rates

Most of the workers in the study firms were women, except in the food

LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS HELPLINE Helpline: 020 7533 6094 Recorded headlines: 020 7533 6176 Fax: 020 7533 6183 E-mail: labour.market@ons.gov.uk

News and research

• Migration: an economic and social analysis, by Stephen Glover, Ceri Gott, Anaïs Loizillon, Jonathan Portes Richard Price Sarah Spencer Vasanthi Srinivasan and Carole Willis, Home Office Economics and Resource Analysis Unit Available from Research, Development and Statistics Directorate, Room 201. Home Office, 50 Queen Anne's Gate, London SW1H 9AT, tel. 020 7273 2084, e-mail publications.rds@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk. The report can also be downloaded for printing from the website http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/rds/index.html.

manufacturing company, which employed 80 per cent men. They were mainly young, many were students and a third had dependent children. Relationships with colleagues and ease of travel to work were the most highly valued aspects of jobs in all five companies. Pay was the least satisfactory aspect in all cases other than retailing where the pay was higher relative to the local labour market than in the other companies. Women were more satisfied, and young people and those with higher qualifications were less satisfied than other workers. However no relationship was found between job satisfaction and turnover.

• Everything under a fiver: recruitment and retention in lower paying labour markets, by Donna Brown, Richard Dickens, Paul Gregg, Stephen Machin and Alan Manning. Published by the Joseph Rowntree Foundation

ISBN 1 899987 83 5 available at £13.95 plus £2 postage from Publishing York Services Ltd, 64 Hallfield Road Layerthorpe, York YO31 7ZO, tel. 01904 430033. e-mail

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Parliamentary questions

World Employment Report 2001

DESPITE THE communications revolution taking place in the world today, increasing numbers of workers are unable to find jobs or gain access to the emerging technological resources needed to ensure productivity in an increasingly digitalised global economy, according to a new report by the International Labour Office. The World Employment Report 2001 examines the impact of the new information and communication technologies (ICT) on life at work at a time when the global employment situation still remains of considerable concern.

The major reduction seen in OECD countries' unemployment rates from the double-digit figures of the mid-1990s has not been reflected across the world. The ILO estimates that at the end of 2000 some 160 million workers were unemployed, most of them first-time jobseekers. About 50 million of these were in the industrialised countries, including Central and Eastern Europe. Unemployment rates among young workers were at least twice as high as the average in most countries.

Despite the phenomenal growth of ICT in the industrialised world and its increasing penetration into developing countries, vast swathes of the globe remained 'technologically disconnected' from these developments. One effect of the technologies was that work was becoming independent of location and this would change management practices, the nature of the employment contract, and the quality of work. Evidence showed that the countries that had had the greatest growth in 'total factor productivity' in the 1990s were those where ICT had been used most widely in the economy. Employment ratios were also highest in those countries where the use of ICT was most widespread. Evidence also showed that unemployment had declined most in the small number of countries where Internet use was most widespread, such as Denmark, Finland and Ireland. Despite the hopeful signs of employment creation, it was clear that jobs would also be lost through three main

channels: obsolescence, automation, and 'disintermediation'

The report places considerable emphasis on the growing independence of work from any physical location, whether through teleworking from home or the relocation of jobs from industrialised to developing countries, such as 'back-office' staff located in call centres, data entry and processing, and software development. For example, almost one quarter of the UK workforce now carried out at least some of its work at home. There were an estimated 670,000 people employed in call centres in the European Union in 2001 and this was set to rise to 1.3 million by 2003.

One estimate suggested that up to 5 per cent of all service-sector jobs in industrialised countries could be contestable by developing countries. For example, in the Caribbean countries, almost 5,000 women were employed in data processing activities in the late 1990s. Such jobs could provide developing countries with an important toehold in global export markets, as well as providing direct employment and foreign exchange earnings. Call centres and data processing in developing countries were predominantly female occupations. The report notes that wages and conditions of work in call centres appear to vary widely. In the best a new, more informal and more appealing work culture may be apparent but, in the worst instances, call centres had been called the "sweatshops of the digital era".

The adoption of ICT in enterprises was creating two types of skill needs. The first related to a variety of foundation skills, such as the ability to learn, to communicate, and to analyse and solve problems, all of which were essential to work environments that relied on rapid innovation, and the interpersonal exchange and creation of knowledge. Beyond such skills, however, were the technical skills related to ICT itself, the need for which extended well beyond the ICT sector to the economy as a whole.

The report notes the possibility of using skilled workers from developing countries

to meet the skill needs of industrialised countries. While this could benefit the migrants and the families they left behind the outward migration of the technically skilled could result in a brain drain. depriving developing countries of these scarce skills. For example, possibly all of India's annual graduates in ICT-related core skills could be in demand in industrialised countries. For receiving countries. meanwhile, there were two problems. First, some evidence suggested that the attractiveness of skilled migrant labour in the United States came from the lower pay that employers could offer them relative to domestic labour. Additionally, there was concern in both the United States and EU countries that recourse to foreign labour might detract from the need for the training and retraining of the existing workforce. A second and related problem was the ageing workforce in many OECD countries. Equipping workers with ICT-related skills, therefore, would need to be specifically targeted to the needs of older work

The "digital divide" not only led to pay inequality between those who have ICT skills and those who do not but a polarisation within ICT use itself, the report concluded. Highly skilled workers using ICT-related skills intensively on the job may have broad career options and command high salaries, but there remained many jobs in the networking economy that were low-skilled and low-paid. The polarisation of skills might also reinforce the gender-based segmentation of the labour market.

• The World Employment Report 2001: Life at work in the information economy is available on CD-ROM from ipu@ilo-london.org, tel. 020 7828 6401 Publication of the full report in book and CD-ROM format is scheduled for June 2001.

A selection of recent Parliamentary Questions concerning labour market statistics answered in letters from Len Cook, National Statistician. The date on which the answer was given is at the end of each PQ.

Fconomic activity in Scotland

DOMINIC GRIEVE (Beaconsfield) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer what the economic activity rate in Scotland was for (a) men, and (b) women, for age groups (i) 16 and 17, (ii) 18 to 24, (iii) 25 to 34, (iv) 35 to 49, (v) 50 to 59, (vi) over 60 and (vii) 16 and over in each year from 1995 to 2000.

- KAREN DUNNELL: I am replying in the National Statistician's absence. The Labour Force (LFS) is the main source of labour market data on individuals used by National Statistics. below shows the economic activity rate in Scotland for men and women in the age groups The ta
- for 1995-2000. According to the LFS definition, the economically active are people aged 16 and over who are

either in employment or ILO unemployed.

Economically active by age and sex; Scotland; spring 1995 to spring 2000; not seasonally adjusted

						Percentage
All 16 and over	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-59	60 and over
		and the second	diam'r.		Server 1	man user
62.0	55.8	77.6	83.8	83.2	66.6	11.9
61.5	58.0	75.6	83.3	82.4	67.3	. 11.2
62.0	59.2	76.7	82.3	83.8	66.7	12.6
61.9	59.6	76.3	84.1	83.2	68.5	11.0
61.5	60.6	69.7	83.5	83.9	69.5	11.4
62.5	57.7	75.7	84.5	85.0	68.3	12.2
		1	15/1287	Delaus !	1-201	ndini bi
71.2	58.1	82.1	93.0	91.4	73.8	17.8
71.1	59.7	81.4	92.8	89.3	77.2	18.4
70.7	56.0	80.2	91.9	89.9	77.1	18.6
70.4	61.9	81.6	91.6	89.0	77.4	17.5
69.7	61.5	74.9	91.7	90.1	76.2	17.7
71.0	58.4	82.0	91.7	90.6	77.1	19.5
53.6	53.4	72.9	74.4	75.1	59.9	7.6
52.6	56.1	69.7	73.8	75.7	57.9	6.0
53.9	63.0	73.2	72.6	77.8	56.8	. 8.2
54.0	57.1	70.9	76.6	77.5	60.1	.6.2
53.9	59.4	64.5	75.2	77.8	63.0	6.8
54.6	57.0	69.3	77.1	79.6	59.8	6.8
	All 16 and over 62.0 61.5 62.0 61.9 61.5 62.5 71.2 71.1 70.7 70.4 69.7 71.0 53.6 52.6 53.9 54.0 53.9 54.0	All 16 and over 16-17 62.0 55.8 61.5 58.0 62.0 59.2 61.9 59.6 61.5 60.6 62.5 57.7 71.2 58.1 71.1 59.7 70.7 56.0 70.4 61.9 69.7 61.5 71.0 58.4 53.6 53.4 52.6 56.1 53.9 63.0 54.0 57.1 53.9 59.4 54.6 57.0	All 16 and over 16-17 18-24 62.0 55.8 77.6 61.5 58.0 75.6 62.0 59.2 76.7 61.9 59.6 76.3 61.5 60.6 69.7 61.5 58.1 82.1 71.2 58.1 82.1 71.1 59.7 81.4 70.7 56.0 80.2 70.4 61.9 81.6 69.7 61.5 74.9 71.0 58.4 82.0 S3.6 53.4 73.9 63.0 73.2 54.0 57.1 70.9 53.9 59.4 64.5 54.6 57.0 69.3	All 16 and over 16-17 18-24 25-34 62.0 55.8 77.6 83.8 61.5 58.0 75.6 83.3 62.0 59.2 76.7 82.3 61.9 59.6 76.3 84.1 61.5 60.6 69.7 83.5 62.5 57.7 75.7 84.5 71.2 58.1 82.1 93.0 71.1 59.7 81.4 92.8 70.7 56.0 80.2 91.9 70.4 61.9 81.6 91.6 69.7 61.5 74.9 91.7 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 71.0 58.4 50.7 73.8 <td>All 16 and over 16-17 18-24 25-34 35-49 62.0 55.8 77.6 83.8 83.2 61.5 58.0 75.6 83.3 82.4 62.0 59.2 76.7 82.3 83.8 61.9 59.6 76.3 84.1 83.2 61.5 60.6 69.7 83.5 83.9 61.5 60.6 69.7 83.5 83.9 62.5 57.7 75.7 84.5 85.0 71.2 58.1 82.1 93.0 91.4 71.1 59.7 81.4 92.8 89.3 70.7 56.0 80.2 91.9 89.9 70.4 61.9 81.6 91.6 89.0 69.7 61.5 74.9 91.7 90.1 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 90.6 69.7 63.0 73.2 72.6 77.8 53.9 63.0 73.2 72.6<td>All 16 and over16-1718-2425-3435-4950-59$62.0$$55.8$$77.6$$83.8$$83.2$$66.6$$61.5$$58.0$$75.6$$83.3$$82.4$$67.3$$62.0$$59.2$$76.7$$82.3$$83.8$$66.5$$61.5$$59.2$$76.7$$82.3$$83.8$$66.5$$61.9$$59.6$$76.3$$84.1$$83.2$$68.5$$61.5$$60.6$$69.7$$83.5$$83.9$$69.5$$62.5$$57.7$$75.7$$84.5$$85.0$$68.3$$71.2$$58.1$$82.1$$93.0$$91.4$$73.8$$71.1$$59.7$$81.4$$92.8$$89.3$$77.2$$70.7$$56.0$$80.2$$91.9$$89.9$$77.1$$70.4$$61.9$$81.6$$91.6$$89.0$$77.4$$69.7$$61.5$$74.9$$91.7$$90.6$$77.1$$70.4$$61.9$$81.6$$91.7$$90.6$$77.1$$71.0$$58.4$$82.0$$91.7$$90.6$$77.1$$53.6$$53.4$$72.9$$74.4$$75.1$$59.9$$53.9$$63.0$$73.2$$72.6$$77.8$$56.8$$54.0$$57.1$$70.9$$76.6$$77.5$$60.1$$53.9$$59.4$$64.5$$75.2$$77.8$$63.0$$54.6$$57.0$$69.3$$77.1$$79.6$$59.8$</td></td>	All 16 and over 16-17 18-24 25-34 35-49 62.0 55.8 77.6 83.8 83.2 61.5 58.0 75.6 83.3 82.4 62.0 59.2 76.7 82.3 83.8 61.9 59.6 76.3 84.1 83.2 61.5 60.6 69.7 83.5 83.9 61.5 60.6 69.7 83.5 83.9 62.5 57.7 75.7 84.5 85.0 71.2 58.1 82.1 93.0 91.4 71.1 59.7 81.4 92.8 89.3 70.7 56.0 80.2 91.9 89.9 70.4 61.9 81.6 91.6 89.0 69.7 61.5 74.9 91.7 90.1 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 90.6 69.7 63.0 73.2 72.6 77.8 53.9 63.0 73.2 72.6 <td>All 16 and over16-1718-2425-3435-4950-59$62.0$$55.8$$77.6$$83.8$$83.2$$66.6$$61.5$$58.0$$75.6$$83.3$$82.4$$67.3$$62.0$$59.2$$76.7$$82.3$$83.8$$66.5$$61.5$$59.2$$76.7$$82.3$$83.8$$66.5$$61.9$$59.6$$76.3$$84.1$$83.2$$68.5$$61.5$$60.6$$69.7$$83.5$$83.9$$69.5$$62.5$$57.7$$75.7$$84.5$$85.0$$68.3$$71.2$$58.1$$82.1$$93.0$$91.4$$73.8$$71.1$$59.7$$81.4$$92.8$$89.3$$77.2$$70.7$$56.0$$80.2$$91.9$$89.9$$77.1$$70.4$$61.9$$81.6$$91.6$$89.0$$77.4$$69.7$$61.5$$74.9$$91.7$$90.6$$77.1$$70.4$$61.9$$81.6$$91.7$$90.6$$77.1$$71.0$$58.4$$82.0$$91.7$$90.6$$77.1$$53.6$$53.4$$72.9$$74.4$$75.1$$59.9$$53.9$$63.0$$73.2$$72.6$$77.8$$56.8$$54.0$$57.1$$70.9$$76.6$$77.5$$60.1$$53.9$$59.4$$64.5$$75.2$$77.8$$63.0$$54.6$$57.0$$69.3$$77.1$$79.6$$59.8$</td>	All 16 and over16-1718-2425-3435-4950-59 62.0 55.8 77.6 83.8 83.2 66.6 61.5 58.0 75.6 83.3 82.4 67.3 62.0 59.2 76.7 82.3 83.8 66.5 61.5 59.2 76.7 82.3 83.8 66.5 61.9 59.6 76.3 84.1 83.2 68.5 61.5 60.6 69.7 83.5 83.9 69.5 62.5 57.7 75.7 84.5 85.0 68.3 71.2 58.1 82.1 93.0 91.4 73.8 71.1 59.7 81.4 92.8 89.3 77.2 70.7 56.0 80.2 91.9 89.9 77.1 70.4 61.9 81.6 91.6 89.0 77.4 69.7 61.5 74.9 91.7 90.6 77.1 70.4 61.9 81.6 91.7 90.6 77.1 71.0 58.4 82.0 91.7 90.6 77.1 53.6 53.4 72.9 74.4 75.1 59.9 53.9 63.0 73.2 72.6 77.8 56.8 54.0 57.1 70.9 76.6 77.5 60.1 53.9 59.4 64.5 75.2 77.8 63.0 54.6 57.0 69.3 77.1 79.6 59.8

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Low pay statistics

PADDY ASHDOWN (Yeovil) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer what estimate he has made of (i) the number of people and (ii) the percentage of the workforce earning (a) less than £4 per hour, (b) £4 per hour and up to $\pounds4.50$ per hour and (c) above $\pounds4.50$ per hour and up to £5 per hour in (A) the UK, (B) the South West of England and (C) Yeovil constituency.

KAREN DUNNELL: I am replying in the National Statistician's absence. The following able shows the number and percentage of jobs paid within specified hourly pay bands for the

UK in spring 2000. The estimates are based on an improved methodology using data from both the New Earnings Survey (NES) and the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates based on this methodology are not available for regions, counties or constituencies.

	Number of jobs in UK (thousands)	Proportion of jobs in UK (percentage)
Less than £4.00 per hour	2,030	8.3
£4.00-£4.50 per hour	2,220	9.1
£4.51-£5.00 per hour	1,900	7.8
	1	Source: ONS

Ye 19

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(17 January)

Pay in service industries

PHILIP WILLIS (Harrogate and Knaresborough) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer to list the average growth in earnings for service industries in each year from 1974, at 2000 prices.

KAREN DUNNELL: I am replying in the National Statistician's absence. The Average Earnings Index (AEI) is the Office for National Statistics' preferred method for measuring changes in average earnings. Annual growth rates in average earnings for services are not available before 1982, the attached table shows this data from 1982.

Annual growth rates in average earnings for service industries;ª Great Britain

Year	Percentage
1982	7.9
1983	8.9
1984	6.3
1985	6.3
1986	7.8
1987	7.6
1988	8.8
1989	8.8
1990	9.7
1991	7.4
1992	5.9
1993	2.5
1994	3.2
1995	2.6
1996	3.3
1997	4.5
1998	5.1
1999	5.1
2000 ^b	4.5

Source: Average Earnings Index

a Not seasonally adjusted

b The most recent data available are for October 2000. Therefore the annual growth rate for 2000 is based on data from January to October for 1999 and 2000.

(17 January)

The improved methodology has been developed to overcome the deficiencies inherent in the two surveys, the NES and the LFS, in measuring low pay. It is possible to produce estimates for the proportion of employee jobs earning within the specified hourly pay bands for smaller areas from the NES. However, the NES underestimates the number of low pay jobs since it does not provide a comprehensive picture of the lower end of the earnings distribution.

(2 February)

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Labour market statistics quarterly update

labour Market Statistics Quarterly Update is designed to inform users about developments taking place as part of ONS' continuing work to improve labour market statistics. It appears every quarter in March, June, September and December.

rovements introduced

December-February 2001

A new release, Labour Force Survey Household Data, has been introduced summarising the latest figures on workless house olds from the LFS. This news release was first issued on 6 February and will appear every six months as the latest LFS house hold dataset becomes available. Contact: Mike Young, tel. 020 7533 6160 or e-mail mike.young@ons.gov.uk.

ONS has released improved estimates of low pay. An article, 'Measuring low pay using the New Earnings Survey and the LFS' pp55-66, Labour Market Trends, January 2001 describes the methodology. The low pay estimates are currently available on the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk. Contact: Nigel Stuttard, tel. 020 7533 6167 or e-mail uttard@ons.gov.uk.

LFS longitudinal datasets, which contain linked data from two and five consecutive waves of the survey, have now been made available by ONS to all users on request. Contact: Mike Young, tel. 0207 533 6160, or e-mail mike.young@ons.gov.uk.

k in progress

As reported in the September 2000 issue of Labour Market Trends (see pp405-8) the Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) will the Annual Employment Survey as the source for employee jobs data from April 2001. ONS is working on revisions repla to we force jobs, claimant count rates, productivity rates and workforce hours worked, which are to be released at this time. Context: James Partington, tel. 01928 792 545 or e-mail james.partington@ons.gov.uk.

ramme of regional seminars is helping to prepare users for the introduction of the new ABI data. These seminars are A pro place during March and April and are open to everyone, although places are limited. For more information please see 31 or visit the National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk. Contact Mel Craythorne, tel. 01928 792 439 or page mel.craythorne@ons.gov.uk. e-ma

ONS is investing heavily in research to estimate the standard error of the annual growth in the Average Earnings Index (AEI). ONS is in the process of coding the methodology and expects the standard errors to be available for quality assurance early in 2001. Once the quality assurance has been completed the estimates will be published. This is broadly in line with the timetable published in Labour Market Trends in September 1999. Contact Derek Bird, tel. 01633 815 696 or e-mail derek.bird@ons.gov.uk.

A new booklet, How exactly are earnings measured? is in preparation. Contact: Labour Market Statistics Helpline, tel. 020 7533 6094 or e-mail labour.market@ons.gov.uk.

DfEE and ONS are undertaking a partnership project to enhance the Labour Force Survey (LFS) in England, known as the Local Labour Force Survey (LLFS). The aim is to achieve a consistent range of labour market indicators across Local Education Authorities in England by improving the quality of estimates in certain areas. The first results of this project will be published in late summer 2000. See pp195-9, Labour Market Trends, May 2000, for more information on the LLFS. Contact: Ann Blake, ONS, tel. 020 7533 6130 or e-mail ann.blake@ons.gov.uk, or Iain Bell, DfEE, tel. 020 7273 5663 or e-mail iain.bell@dfee.gov.uk.

ONS is continuing to develop historical employment and unemployment series on a consistent ILO basis. ONS is currently in the process of having the methodology quality assured and expects to be able to publish the first set of estimates in the summer. Contact: Craig Lindsay, tel. 020 7533 5896 or e-mail craig.lindsay@ons.gov.uk.

ONS is extending the range of published productivity data with the release of 'output per hour' data and regional data for the first time. Existing measures of 'output per job' are also being improved. These data will be published on 11 April 2001. Contact: Chris Daffin, tel. 01633 813131 or e-mail chris.daffin@ons.gov.uk.

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Future developments

ONS is planning to produce a historical supplement covering the series contained in the labour market statistics First Release It will include all available long-run time series with notes on consistency over time. This is planned to be available on the National Statistics website from mid-2001. Contact: Frances Sly, tel. 020 7533 6141 or e-mail frances.sly@ons.gov.uk

The booklets How exactly is unemployment measured? and How exactly is employment measured? are shortly to be revised and are due for publication later in the year. Contact: Allan Flowers, tel. 020 7533 6106 or e-mail allan.flowers@ons.gov.uk

In the future, ONS expects to make LFS data available for a wider range of geographical areas, and improve the quality of unemployment rates for small areas based on internationally agreed definitions. Contact: Ann Blake, tel. 020 7533 6130 or e-mail ann.blake@ons.gov.uk.

ONS is developing a new monthly inquiry into the number of vacancies held by employers. The inquiry was launched in November 2000 and is being jointly developed by Employment, Earnings, and Productivity Division and Labour Market Division. The goal is to produce quarterly estimates covering the whole economy but as the inquiry is still in the development phase, it is currently of a more limited scope. Contact: Andrew Machin, tel. 020 7533 6162 or e-mail andrew.machin@ons.gov.uk.

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- Other topics

Statistical enguiries

for general enquiries about National Statistics, please contact the National Statistics public enquiry service on: 020 7533 5888 Fax: 01633 652747 minicom 01633 812399 e-mail info@statistics.gov.uk, or by post to: Room DG/18, I Drummond Gate, London SWIV 2QQ You can also find National Statistics at www.statistics.gov.uk.

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ts statistics of topical or general interest in a clear and straigh month Labour Market Spotli of labour market statistics from a range of sources. If you have any comm o be included please contact Shahanaz Gani at the Office for National Statistics, email shahanaz.gani@ons.gov.uk, tel. 020 7533 5293.

Contents for March 2001

oliday entitlement (LFS) b-related training (LFS) nic groups (LFS)

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urce of data shown in brackets. For more information, see 'Sources' (pS2) and 'Definitions' (pS3).

ay entitlement

abour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094 Fax: 020 7533 6183 mail: labour.market@ons.gov.uk



UK average 26 days 10 40 45 Davs

Excludes public holidays. Excludes those who did not give their holiday entitlement and those who were non-contactable in the autumn quarter. Occupations are coded according to the Standard Occupational Classification. The figures shown in brackets are the number (in thousands) of full-time employees in each occupation group.

_abour Market Spotlight

Disabled people and the labour market (LFS)

Usual main method and time taken to travel to work (LFS)

Reasons for not wanting a full-time job (LFS)

There is a great deal of interest in the paid holiday entitlement of employees among both employers and employees who wish to compare their practices with the average. Data from the LFS about holiday entitlements are only available in the autumn quarters. Figure 1 shows the average number of days of paid holiday entitlement of full-time permanent employees, by occupation and sex. It should be noted that it is not possible to use LFS data in comparison with the EU working time regulations on paid annual leave. The LFS data exclude public holidays, whereas under the working time regulations, employers are allowed to count public holidays towards their employees' entitlement to annual leave.

- On average, female full-time employees had two days more paid holiday entitlement than their male counterparts (26 compared with 24 days per year).
- Although those in professional occupations had far more holiday entitlement than anyone else (42 days for women and 30 for men), these averages are higher largely because they include members of the teaching occupations who have very long periods of paid leave (54 and 49 days for women and men respectively). Excluding teachers, the average entitlement for professional occupations falls to 26 days for women and 25 days for men.
- The occupation with the lowest average holiday entitlement (excluding public holidays) was a sub-group of the personal and protective occupation group hairdressers and beauticians, who averaged just 17 days leave for women and 18 days for men.

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2 Job-related training

Learning throughout working life is becoming increasingly necessary because of the pace of change within the labour market, and training is seen by a large number of both employers and employees as an essential investment for the future. Many requests for LFS data about training are received by the DfEE workforce training enquiry point (0114 259 3489).

In autumn 2000, 3.8 million employees of working age - 15.6 per cent of all such employees - received job-related training in the four weeks prior to interview (seasonally adjusted).

Figure 2 shows the proportion of working-age employees in receipt of job-related training by occupation and Figure 3 breaks the data down by industry.

- A higher proportion of female than male working-age employees had received job-related training in the UK during autumn 2000 -17.7 per cent compared with 14.9 per cent (not seasonally adjusted).
- () Among both men and women, employees in professional occupations were more likely than any other occupation group to have received job-related training (25 per cent and 33 per cent respectively).
- Oraft and related was the occupation group with the greatest relative difference between the proportions of male and female employees receiving training (12 per cent for men compared with only 6 per cent for women). There is a great deal of occupational segregation within this group with female employees being concentrated in occupations such as textile trades, where jobrelated training is generally less common
- The public administration, education and health industry sector experienced higher levels of job-related training than any other industry group. This was true for both men and women (26 per cent compared with 22 per cent).
- Overall, employees in the agriculture, forestry and fishing industry group were the least likely to receive job-related training (8 per cent).

Percentage of working-age^a employees receiving job-related training-by occupation;^c United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adjusted Figure Men Personal and protective (204) al and technical (230) al (171) tives (140) Percentage of all employees Other occupations (59) Ves (27) Craft and Percentage of all employees Working age is defined as 16-59 for women and 16-64 for men. Includes both on- and off-the-job training received in the last four weeks. Occupations are coded according to the Standard Occupational Classification.) The figures shown in brackets are the number (in thousands) of employees receiving training in each occupation. Percentage of working-age^a employees receiving job-related training by industry;^c United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adjusted Men and fishing (10) Percentage of all employees 17 7% Agriculture, forestry and fishing (*) 10 Percentage of all employees Working age is defined as 16-59 for women and 16-64 for men.
 Includes both on- and off-the-job training received in the last four weeks.
 Industries are coded according to the Standard Industrial Classification.
 The figures shown in brackets are the number (in thousands) of employees receiving training in each industry group. nole size too small for a reliable estimate. March 200

Table Econominot seaso	nic activitionally adju	t y by eth i sted	nic group;ª	Great Bri	tain; autu	mn 2000,	
In	employment (000s)	ILO unemployed (000s)	Total economically active (000s)	All aged 16 and over (000s)	Economic activity rate (%) 16 - 59/64	Employment rate (%) 16 - 59/64	ILO unemployment rate (%) all 16+
UI							
Vhile	25,811	1,316	27,127	42,580	80.3	76.3	4.9
schnic minority groups	s 1,513	215	1,728	2,849	66	57	12
8lack ^b	475	84	558	862	71	60	15
adian	470	40	510	756	75	69	8
akistani/Bangladeshi	243	50	293	620	51	42	17
Chinese	61	*	67	122	58	53	*
Other origins ^c	264	36	299	490	64	56	12
len .							
A ke	14,190	778	14,968	20,804	85.2	80.8	5.2
thnic minority group	s 871	126	997	1,414	76	66	13
lack ^b	237	47	284	406	76	64	17
Indian	268	23	292	382	83	76	8
akistani/Bangladeshi	176	34	209	324	69	58	16
Chinese	34	*	38	59	67	60	k
Other origins ^c	156	19	174	243	74	66	11
omen							
, ite	11,621	538	12,159	21,776	74.8	71.4	4.4
achnic minority group	s 642	88	731	1,435	55	49	12
Black ^b	238	37	274	456	65	56	13
Indian	202	17	218	374	66	61	1
akistani/Bangladeshi	68	16	84	296	31	25	19
Chinese	27	*	29	63	50	47	
Other origins ^c	108	17	125	247	53	45	-

udes those of other origins not shown, including mixed origin.

ple size too small for reliable estimate.

mpling errors are proportionately greater the smaller the estimate, and fluctuations from quarter to quarter in

tes for smaller groups are to be expected. Imate of 10,000 (the smallest released) has an approximate 95% confidence interval of +/- 4,000.



Percentages are based on totals that exclude employees in the armed forces, and employees who did not state if they belonged to a trade union

- Includes Caribbean, African and other Black people of mixed and non-mixed origin
- Includes those of other origins not shown, including Chinese and mixed origin

The Labour Market Statistics Helpline receives many calls about the economic status of people in ethnic groups. This information is collected in the Great Britain LFS (but not in Northern Ireland). Some of the most commonly requested breakdowns are provided in Table 1.

- According to the LFS, there were 2.8 million members of ethnic minority groups in Great Britain in autumn 2000 over the age of 16, of whom 1.5 million were in employment.
- Among the ethnic minority groups, the Indian group had the highest working-age economic activity rate at 75 per cent, and also the highest employment rate at 69 per cent.
- The Pakistani/Bangladeshi group had the highest ILO unemployment rate, with nearly one in six economically active members unemployed (this compares with just under one in 20 economically active White people).
- All ethnic groups had lower activity rates for women than for men. The largest difference was for the Pakistani/ Bangladeshi group, where the rate for men was more than twice that for women.

Figure 4 shows the density of trade union membership among employees according to their ethnic group.

- Black employees had the highest levels of unionisation at 31 per cent compared with people of Pakistani/Bangladeshi origin who had the lowest at 19 per cent.
- The low levels of union membership among Pakistani/Bangladeshis and those of other origins are partly a reflection of the fact that large proportions of these groups are employed in the distribution, hotels and restaurants industries (which have below average levels of unionisation). By contrast, Black employees are far more likely than any other group to be employed in the public administration, education and health industries, which tend to be highly unionised.
- Overall, employees from ethnic minorities were marginally less likely than their White counterparts to be members of a union (26 per cent compared with 30 per cent).

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Disabled people and the labour market

A regular topic of interest among callers to the Labour Market Statistics Helpline is the labour market status of disabled people. LFS respondents can be defined as having a current long-term disability covered by the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA) or a work-limiting disability, or both. A definition of current long-term disability including all those who report having either a current DDA-covered disability or a worklimiting disability gives the most comprehensive and coherent coverage of disability. Table 2 shows the economic activity status, and Figure 5 the ILO unemployment rates of people according to whether they were disabled or not under this broad definition.

- In autumn 2000 there were 6.8 million people of working age with long-term disabilities in the UK, just over half of whom were men (53 per cent).
- Those who were not disabled were much more likely to be economically active than those who were disabled (85 per cent compared with 51 per cent). This was the case for both men and women.
- Non-disabled men and women were also much more likely to be in employment than those who were disabled (87 per cent compared with 49 per cent for men and 75 per cent compared with 44 per cent for women).
- Disabled people in employment were slightly more likely than non-disabled people to work part-time (28 per cent compared with 23 per cent).
- The rates of ILO unemployment were much higher for the disabled compared with the non-disabled (9 per cent compared with 5 per cent).
- Disabled people who were unemployed were also much more likely than nondisabled to have been unemployed for at least a year (38 per cent compared with 23 per cent).
- Disabled people were much more likely to be economically inactive than nondisabled people, (49 per cent overall compared with 15 per cent). The difference was greater for men (45 per cent compared with 9 per cent). For disabled women, the percentage who were economically inactive was higher at 52 per cent, but it was also higher for the non-disabled at 21 per cent.
- Among the economically inactive, disabled people were more likely than non-disabled people to want a job. This was true for both men and women.

Economic activity status of working age^a people according to whethe they are disabled;^b by sex; United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adju

						Per cent
	M	en	Wo	men	A	
	Disabled	Not disabled	Disabled	Not disabled	Disabled	Not disabled
Economically active	54.7	91.3	47.9	78.7	51.5	85.3
In employment	49.1	86.7	44.3	75.1	46.9	81.1
Working full time	43.4	80.3	23.0	43.1	33.8	62.5
Working part time	5.7	6.4	21.4	31.9	3.	8.6
ILO unemployed	5.6	4.7	3.5	3.7	4.6	4.2
less than I year	3.1	3.3	2.5	3.2	2.8	3.2
for at least I year	2.5	1.3	1.0	0.5	1.8	1.0
ILO unemployment rate ^c	10.2	5.1	7.4	4.7	9.0	4.9
Economically inactive	45.3	8.7	52.1	21.3	48.5	4.7
Wants job	16.1	2.2	15.9	5.5	16.0	3.8
Does not want job	29.2	6.5	36.3	15.8	32.6	10.9
All people of working age ^a (=100%) (millions)	3.6	15.5	3.2	14.1	6.8	9.6

a Working age is 16-64 for men and 16-59 for women.

b Current long-term health problem or disability. c The percentage of economically active people who are unemployed on the ILO measure.

ILO unemployment rate^a for working age^b people by whether disa or not; United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adjusted Men 12 10 8 6 Per cent Source: Labour Force Survey

The percentage of economically active people who are unemployed on the ILO measure b Working age is defined as 16-64 for men and 16-59 for women c Current long-term health problem or disability.





mployees and self-employed working at a place separate from home and excluding those people who work outside the Kingdom

Average jo place sepa	Average journey time to work by employees and self-employed working place separate from their home; ^a United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not season								
			Minu						
	Allb	Full-time	Part-time						
All	25	28							
Men	28	29	2						
Women	22	25							
			Source: Labour Force Su						

a Excludes those people who work outside the United Kingdom. udes those who did not state whether they worked full- or part-time

Usual main method of travel to work by employees and self-employed working at a place separate from their home; United Kingdom; autumn 2000, not seasonally adjusted

					Th	ousands an	d per cent
	Base ^a (thousands)	Car, van or minibus	Walk	Bus, coach, private bus	Train (including Underground)	Bicycle	Other ^b
All	24,773	69	12	8	6	3	2
Men	13,286	72	8	6	7	5	3
Women	11,487	65	16	11	5	2	1
						Source: Labour	Force Survey

a Includes those who did not state their main method of travel to work. However, these people have been excluded from the lculation of percentages in the table

b The 'Other' category includes those who travelled to work by motorcycle, by taxi, or by some other method.

March 2001

In the autumn quarter the LFS asks employees and the selfemployed who work at places separate from their home how they travel to work and how long in total it usually takes. Table 3 shows the average usual time taken to travel to work in autumn 2000 and Figure 6 shows the distribution of usual time taken by full- and part-time workers.

- The UK average journey time to work of 25 minutes encompasses a wide range of travelling times. Employees and the self-employed whose jobs were in central London took 56 minutes on average to get to work - more than twice the national average.
- Dart-time workers took, on average, ten minutes less to reach their place of employment than full-time workers (18 minutes compared with 28 minutes) due to the fact that part-time workers tended to work closer to home.
- Women worked an average six minutes closer to home than men did (22 and 28 minutes respectively). This can be partially explained by the fact that women are more likely to work part-time.
- Nearly half of part-timers' journeys took less than ten minutes, compared with over a quarter of full-time workers.
- Some 44 per cent of full-timers took more than 20 minutes to get to work, compared with 25 per cent of part-timers. In fact, full-time workers were more than three times as likely to take more than one hour to travel to work as part-time workers.

Table 4 shows the usual main method of travel to work in autumn 2000.

- As women work closer to home than men, it is not surprising that women were more likely than men to walk to work (16 per cent compared with 8 per cent).
- In contrast, nearly threequarters of men usually travelled to work by car compared with just under twothirds of women.

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6 Reasons for not wanting a full-time job

There is a great deal of interest in part-time workers and why they do not work full-time. Each quarter the LFS asks those respondents working part-time to select from a list the reason why they work part-time. In autumn 2000 there were 2.9 million women with dependent children, 2.6 million women without dependent children and 1.3 million men working part-time. Figures 7a to 7c show that the proportions who gave each reason were very different in these three groups.

- Women with dependent children were far more likely to be working part-time because they did not want a full-time job (94 per cent), compared with women without dependent children (65 per cent) and men (43 per cent).
- Men were more likely than women to be working part-time because they could not find a full-time job or because they were studying.

In the autumn quarter people who said that they did not want a full-time job are asked why they do not want one. Table 5 gives the breakdown of the reasons given in autumn 2000 by sex.

- More than half of the women with dependent children said that the reason for not wanting a full-time job was to spend more time with their family. Just over a third gave domestic commitments as the reason. Only 4 per cent did not want a full-time job because of insufficient childcare availability.
- Even among those women without dependent children, one fifth did not want full-time work because they wanted to spend more time with the family.
- Of men, only 8 per cent did not want a full-time job because of wanting to spend more time with the family. A further 6 per cent of men did not want a full-time job because of domestic commitments.
- For men, the largest single reason for preferring to work part-time was wanting to work even though they were financially secure (26 per cent compared with only 1 per cent of women with dependent children). Reasons not listed accounted for 45 per cent of men. A third of these were over the age of retirement.



2

53

34

2.717

94

Includes some people who did not give a reason for not wanting a full-time job, but percentages are based on totals the

exclude such people. b Percentages are based on totals that exclude those people who did not give a reason for working part-time. * Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

Patterns of pay: results of the 2000 New Earnings Survey

By Jamie Jenkins and Derek Bird, Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, Office for National Statistics

ooints

the 1999-00 tax year average annual pay of full-time employ-Great Britain stood at £21.

ween April 1999 and April · R the average gross weekly pay 2000 -time employees in Great of increased by 2.3 per cent to Brita at £411. stan

39.8 hours, full-time employorked a slightly shorter workek than in 1999 (40.0 hours); ing average part-time hours also at sed slightly since 1999 (19.4 deci hou

pay-gap between the sexes rrowed once more in April has Average gross hourly earnings 2000 excluding overtime of full-time s stood at 81.6 per cent of the average earned by their male counterna

· Earnings of the lowest paid employees increased faster than those of the highest paid over the year from 1999.

• Average public sector earnings increased at a faster rate than average private sector earnings (2.7 per cent compared with 2.2 per cent), but at £412 average private sector earnings exceeded those in the public sector (£407).

16

8

45

563

43

Source: Labour Force Survey

37

25

19

4,978

6,837

73

14

21

17

33

65

1,699 4,415

6

41

28

16

2,619 5,523 1,313

80

 Regionally, London has by far the highest average earnings (£530 per week), while the North East has the lowest average earnings (£366 per week); London experienced the smallest increase in average earnings (1.0 per cent), with the largest increase occurring in the North East (4.7 per cent).



The New Earnings Survey provides a wealth of information on employees' earnings, giving data by sex, age, occupation, industry and region. This article describes some of the main findings from the latest survey, which relate to earnings in April 2000.

Introduction

THE NEW Earnings Survey (NES) has been held each April since 1970, and is the most detailed and comprehensive source of national information on:

- the *levels* of earnings separately for type of worker and for men and women (the NES also gives information on the growth in earnings, which can be compared with other sources);
- the make-up of total earnings split between basic pay and other components:
- the distribution of the earnings of individual employees - the extent to which they are dispersed around the average;

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Earn enough working part time

Spend more time with family

Insufficient childcare available

All part-time employees and self-employed who did not want

Percentage of employees and self-employed working part-time not wanting a full-time job^b

a full-time job (Thousands = 100%)^a

All employees and self-employed working part-time (Thousands = 100%) 2,905

Domestic commitments

Another reason



Feature

- averages and distributions of hours worked - in total and on overtime; and
- pension type separately for type of worker, for men and women and by industry, occupation and age-group.

The first few sections of this article present summary results of the 2000 NES that look at overall averages, make-up and distribution of earnings. While these figures are of interest, they can hide wide variations between different industries, occupations, regions and age groups and the concluding sections of the article give summary analyses of each of these factors.

Summary results for fulltime employees

Average gross annual earnings of all full-time employees on adult rates, who have been in the same job for at least a year stood at £21,842 for the 1999-00 tax year. Full-time males earned on average £24,298 compared with the £17,556 earned on average by their female counterparts. At one end of the scale non-manual males earned £29,370 on average compared with just £11,811 earned on average by manual females. Average gross weekly earnings of all

full-time employees on adult rates working a full week in April 2000 stood at £411. The average working week, for those full-time employees for whom weekly hours were reported, stood at 39.8 hours in 2000, of which 1.9 consisted of paid overtime (see Table 1).

The gap between earnings in manual and non-manual occupations narrowed in 2000 as the 1.7 per cent increase in average non-manual weekly earnings was significantly less than the 3.1 per cent growth in manual employees pay. Average manual earnings (£324 per week) were 71.5 per cent of non-manual earnings (£452). To put this disparity in context, manual employees earned



on average just under £129 less per week than their non-manual counterparts but worked 5.5 hours longer. Almost two-thirds of the difference in hours worked, however, was due to overtime (see Figure 1 and Table 1).

Average gross weekly earnings of full-time women were £338, almost £116 less than for men. Women

worked on average 37.4 hours per week, 3.8 hours less than men and almost half of this difference could be accounted for by overtime. As 3.0 per cent women's weekly earnings increased just under one percentage point more than men's (2.1 per cent). Women's weekly earnings were 74.5 per cent that of men. A comparative

Employees' average pay and hours in April 2000 and increases since April 1999a; Great Britain

	Full-tim	e	-							Part time
	Men			Women			Men and	d women		
	Manual r	Non- nanual	All	Manual	Non- nanual	All	Manual r	Non- manual	All	All
Average gross annual earnings (£)	17,878	29,370	24,298	11,811	18,665	17,556	16,825	24,421	21,842	7,2
Average gross weekly earnings (£)	344	534	453	228	358	338	324	452	411	E
Increase since April 1999 (per cent)	3.0	1.2	2.1	3.2	2.7	3.0	3.1	1.7	2.3	4
Average gross hourly earnings										
Including overtime pay and hours (f)	7.78	13.74	11.00	5.74	9.67	9.02	7.45	11.92	10.32	6.
Increase since April 1999 (per cent)	3.4	1.6	2.6	3.7	3.1	3.4	3.5	2.1	2.8	4
Average gross hourly earnings										
Excluding overtime pay and hours (£)	7.51	13.72	11.00	5.63	9.62	8.98	7.19	11.87	10.28	6.
Increase since April 1999 (per cent)	2.4	1.2	2.0	3.3	2.7	3.0	2.6	1.7	2.3	3
Average total weekly hours	44.3	38.8	41.2	39.8	36.9	37.4	43.5	38.0	39.8	19
Increase since April 1999 (per cent)	-0.4	-0.3	-0.5	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	.(
Augusta weakly avartime hours	4.6	10	25	17	0.5	07	41	0.8	1.9	(
Average weekly overtime nours	4.7	12.0	7.5	0.4	10.0	16.6	.49	-146	-8.9	-17

a Employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence. Note: annual earnings estimates relate to employees who have been in the same job for at least 12 months, regardless of whether or not their pay was affected by absence.



figure for last year showed 73.8 per This shows the differential between the sexes is narrowing. A more detailed discussion of the relationship between men's and women's earnings is given in the technical note. Average gross hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of all full-time employees stood at £10.28 in April 2000. Non-manual employees averaged £11.87 per hour, compared with £7.19 earned on average by manuals. Average hourly earnings excluding wertime for women, at £8.98, were 81.6 per cent of those for men (£11.00). In 1999 hourly earnings excluding overtime for women were 80.8 per cent of those for men. As with weekly earnings this represents a narrowing in the differential between the sexes. Over the year to April 2000 average gross hourly earnings for all full-time employees rose by 2.8 per cent including overtime and 2.3 per cent excluding overtime. Figure 2 plots average gross hourly earnings (includng overtime) from 1986 to 2000 for ll-time men and women and for partme men and women.

The average full-time working week ncluding overtime) at 39.8 hours was arginally shorter in April 2000 than in April 1999 (40.0 hours).

Summary results for parttime employees

Average gross annual pay of parttime employees stood at £7,236 for the 1999-00 tax year (see technical note for further details).

Part-time employees earned on average £132 per week in April 2000, an increase of 4.1 per cent over the year. Average part-time men's earnings increased by 0.4 per cent over the year to £142, while those of part-time women rose by 5.0 per cent to stand at £130.

The average number of hours worked by part-timers decreased slightly to stand at 19.2 hours. At 19.4 hours women part-timers worked longer hours than men (18.5 hours).

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of all part-time employees increased by 3.3 per cent between April 1999 and April 2000 to stand at £6.83. This represents a higher increase than that for full-timers. Earnings of parttime men rose by 1.7 per cent over the year to stand at £7.61 per hour. Parttime women fared better in terms of pay increases – their hourly earnings excluding overtime rose on average by 3.7 per cent to stand at £6.69.

Hourly earnings excluding overtime of part-time workers were two-thirds

Feature

those of full-time workers. The differential was bigger for men (69.2 per cent) than for women (74.5 per cent).

Table 1 shows the increases in both part-time gross weekly and part-time gross hourly earnings to be over 4.0 per cent over the year to April 2000. The corresponding estimates for fulltimers show gross hourly earnings increasing on average by 2.8 per cent compared with the average rise of 2.3 per cent seen in gross weekly earnings over the year.

The make-up of pay

The NES divides total gross weekly earnings into five components: overtime, profit-related payments; other payments by results/incentive payments; premium payments for shift work; and the residual - which can be referred to in shorthand as 'basic pay'. The first four elements vary quite considerably by type of worker. At £70 they accounted for just over a fifth of manual men's average gross weekly earnings compared with just £15 (4.1 per cent) of non-manual women's average gross weekly pay. Overall, additional payments as a proportion of total pay fell over the year from 9.7 per cent to 9.1 per cent of average gross weekly pay. (see Table 2 and Figure 3).

As expected, the percentage of manual employees working paid overtime outstripped that of their non-manual counterparts by a long way (47.1 per cent compared with 16.1 per cent respectively). Similarly, at 21.4 per cent the proportion of manual employees receiving shift payments was over three times higher than the corresponding proportion of non-manual employees (6.6 per cent). There was little difference in the proportions of manual and non-manual employees profit-related payments (3.3 per cent and 3.5 per cent respectively) compared with 3.5 per cent of non-manual employees, while over a fifth of manual workers received other incentive payments compared with just 11.4 per cent of non-manual employees.

Among the 26 per cent of workers who worked overtime the average weekly overtime payment was £76 for an average of 7.0 weekly overtime

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Patterns of pay: results of the 2000

Make-up of average gross weekly pay for full-time employees';^a April 2000; Great Britain

	Men		Wome	n		Men an	id women		
	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All
Average gross weekly earnings (£) of which:	343.9	533.9	453.3	227.9	357.5	337.6	323.6	452.4	410.6
overtime payments	46.3	13.5	27.4	13.7	5.9	7.1	40.6	10.0	199
profit-related payments	0.8	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.2	LI
payment by results etc payments	11.2	16.3	14.1	5.7	5.4	5.5	10.2	11.3	10.9
shift etc premium payments	11.5	3.4	6.8	6.5	2.6	3.2	10.7	3.0	5.5
As a percentage of average gross weekly earnings									
overtime payments	13.5	2.5	6.0	6.0	1.6	2.1	12.5	2.2	4.8
profit-related payments	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
payment by results etc payments	3.3	3.0	3.1	2.5	1.5	1.6	3.2	2.5	2.7
shift etc premium payments	3.3	0.6	1.5	2.9	0.7	0.9	3.3	0.7	1.3
Percentage of employees who received									
overtime payments	50.9	17.9	31.9	29.5	14.0	16.4	47.1	16.1	26.2
profit-related payments	3.4	3.9	3.7	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.5
in each pay period	2.2	2.6	2.4	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.3
less often than each pay period	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.4
other incentive etc. payments	23.4	13.1	17.5	15.4	9.4	10.3	22.0	11.4	14.8
in each pay period	18.5	6.0	11.3	11.5	3.4	4.6	17.3	4.8	8.8
less often than each pay period	5.7	7.7	6.9	4.6	6.3	6.0	5.5	7.0	6.5
shift etc premium payments	22.2	6.1	12.9	17.8	7.2	8.8	21.4	6.6	11.4
Average weekly payment (£) of those who received									
overtime payments	91.0	75.2	85.9	46.6	41.9	43.2	86.1	61.8	76.0
profit-related payments	23.0	38.0	32.1	22.6	28.1	27.3	22.9	34.0	30.5
in each pay period	20.3	28.1	25.1	18.5	22.1	21.6	20.1	25.6	24.0
less often than each pay period	22.7	51.7	39.2	25.5	36.2	34.3	23.1	45.5	37.7
other incentive etc. payments	47.9	124.0	80.8	36.9	57.7	52.9	46.5	98.7	73.6
in each pay period	48.4	135.4	74.8	39.6	59.6	51.9	47.4	110.6	70.4
less often than each pay period	39.1	106.8	82.7	24.4	54.5	51.0	37.0	85.2	72.0
shift etc premium payments	51.9	54.9	52.7	36.7	36.4	36.5	49.7	45.6	48.1

a Full-time employees on adult rate, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence

hours. The average profit-related payment for those who received this type of remuneration was £31 per week. A higher proportion of employees received regular than irregular profitrelated payments (2.3 per cent and 1.4 per cent respectively) with average regular payments just under £14 per week lower than irregular payments (£37.7 and £24.0 respectively). Just under 15 per cent of workers received other incentive payments, averaging £74 per week. Over three times as many manual workers received regular than irregular incentive payments. If one looks at non-manual employees, on the other hand, the situation is reversed with 7.0 per cent receiving irregular payments -1.5 times the percentage receiving regular incentive payments. At £72 irregular incentive payments for all full-time employees were slightly higher (2.2 per cent) than regular payments (£70) but for manual and non-manual workers considered separately the payments were higher for regular payments. Some 11.4 per cent of workers received some form of shift premium, averaging £48 per week (see Table 2).

The distribution of earnings

Figure 4 displays the distribution of gross weekly earnings among full-time employees in the NES sample.

The median level of earnings (the level above and below which 50 per cent of the sample fell) was £350 per week. This is considerably lower than the average (£411), since the latter is boosted by the relatively small number

of people at the top end of the distribution with extremely high earnings. At the bottom of the distribution, a tenth of employees earned less than £198 per week, whereas at the other end of the scale, ten per cent earned more than £662 (see Table 3).

The ratio between these two numbers - 3.3 in April 2000 - gives a measure of the dispersion of weekly earnings. The spread was greatest for nonmanual males, where the top decile was 3.6 times the bottom decile, and smallest for manual females (2.3 times). A similar pattern can be observed for gross hourly earnings. The ratio of the highest to the lowest decile for all full-time employees was 3.5, again with non-manual males showing the greatest spread (the top decile was 3.8 times the bottom decile)





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and manual females showing the least spread (2.1 times).

In the year to April 2000, the dispersion of earnings narrowed slightly as weekly earnings increased by 4.2 per cent at the bottom decile and by 2.2 per cent at the top. Earnings at the bottom end of the distribution increased in real terms but decreased at the top (the Retail Prices Index (RPI) reported an increase of 3.0 per cent for the same period). Figure 5 shows the pattern of growth in the top and bottom deciles of gross weekly earnings and the RPI since 1986.

The NES can also be used to estimate the proportion of employees earning below specific amounts. Certain amounts are of interest because of their relationship to overall mean or median earnings. Such figures can be used, among other things, as useful indicators of the effect of the introduction of a minimum wage (see technical note for a discussion of the measurement of effects of the national minimum wage).

Results by industry

Average weekly earnings for fulltime employees in April 2000 were highest in the mining and quarrying sector at £521. This was only slightly higher than financial intermediation (£519). The weekly earnings in mining

Source: New Earnings Survey

Feature

Distribution of pay for full-time employees';^a Great Britain; April 2000

	Men			Women			Men and women		
	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manuai	All
Gross weekly earnings (£) including overtime pay and overtime hours:									
10 per cent earned less than	201.3	243.0	220.0	145.0	191.9	177.1	180.0	209.8	197.9
25 per cent earned less than	252.0	331.9	283.9	171.0	238.0	223.1	230.0	272.6	254.8
50 per cent earned less than	320.5	460.7	386.6	210.0	315.0	293.6	300.0	385.7	350.
25 per cent earned more than	410.5	626.3	532.8	266.5	436.5	412.9	392.1	537.4	488.
10 per cent earned more than	508.6	868.9	728.8	332.5	558.7	536.6	491.5	739.0	662.2
Gross hourly earnings (£) including									
overtime pay and overtime hours:									
10 per cent earned less than	4.89	6.12	5.32	3.88	5.10	4.66	4.51	5.50	5.0
25 per cent earned less than	5.89	8.39	6.73	4.45	6.37	5.82	5.50	7.13	6.
50 per cent earned less than	7.29	11.96	9.25	5.27	8.40	7.73	6.95	10.15	8.
25 per cent earned more than	9.18	16.63	13.40	6.56	11.93	11.13	8.80	14.53	12.
10 per cent earned more than	11.33	23.17	19.17	8.05	16.12	15.36	10.97	19.99	17.6
Gross hourly earnings (£) excluding									
overtime pay and overtime hours:									
10 per cent earned less than	4.75	6.02	5.15	3.85	5.05	4.62	4.46	5.43	4.
25 per cent earned less than	5.71	8.28	6.56	4.40	6.32	5.76	5.33	7.04	6.
50 per cent earned less than	7.10	11.81	9.03	5.19	8.36	7.68	6.75	10.07	8
25 per cent earned more than	8.91	16.52	13.24	6.44	11.87	11.07	8.57	14.45	12
10 per cent earned more than	10.98	23.13	19.08	7.92	16.04	15.35	10.62	19.96	17
							Source:	New Earnin	es Sur

a Full-time employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence

are boosted by significantly longer hours as employees in this sector worked on average 44.0 hours per week (including 4.2 hours overtime), on average some 7.7 hours longer than employees in the financial intermediation sector (see Table 4).

Employees in the financial intermediation sector topped the list in terms of gross annual earnings. Their average of £29,774 for the 1999-00 tax year was twice the average seen in the hotels and restaurants sector, which was the lowest paid sector in 2000.

At £14.29, the financial intermediation sector also saw the highest average hourly earnings excluding overtime for full-time employees followed by the electricity, gas and water supply sector (£12.64) some £1.65 behind.

The hotels and restaurants sector once again saw the lowest average gross weekly earnings. At £271 fulltime employees earnings were some £15 per week lower than the average seen in agriculture. Agricultural employees' earnings were boosted by working longer hours than those in hotels and restaurants (44.3 compared with 40.5). Average hourly earnings

excluding overtime were actually lower in the agricultural sector $(\pounds 6.24)$ than in the hotel sector $(\pounds 6.65)$.

It should be noted here that the number of hours worked in each industry will be affected by the April survey date and may not be indicative of the annual average.

At 5.3 per cent employees in construction enjoyed the largest increase in weekly earnings between April 1999 and April 2000. At the other end of the



Levels of pay for full-time	e employees ^a b	y industrial sect	or; Great Britain;	April 2000
	Average gross annual pay (£)	Average gross weekly pay (£)	Percentage increase April 1999- April 2000	Aver hourly exclu- overtime
in neuron the second				
ustry sector (SIC 92)	15 120	206.2	0.2	
culture, hunting and forestry	15,130	200.3	-0.2	
ng and quarrying	21,129	407.0	29	
ufacturing	27,036	508.8	3.6	1
struction	21,362	413.4	5.3	
olesale and retail trade; repair of				
or vehicles, motor cycles and	19,184	359.4	2.0	
sonal and nouseners goods	15,096	271.2	2.1	
ensure storage and communication	22,020	417.3	2.2	
ncial intermediation	29,774	519.1	-3.4	

25,566

21 659

21,891

19.236

20,624

21,842

464.2

403.3

413.6

374.4

391.5

410.6

2.0

2.2

27

3.6

1.8

2.3

^a Full-time employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence nual earnings estimates relate to employees who have been in the same job for at least 12 months, regardless of whether or not their pay was affected by absence.

ate, renting and business

Other community, social and personal

sory social security

ealth and social work

All industries and services

ervice activities

ninistration and defence;

Table 5 Highest and lowest paid industry gr	oups; Great Britain;	April 2000
	SIC 92 code	Average gross weekly pay (£) ^a
Highest paid		
 Activities auxiliary to financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding Software consultancy and supply Processing of nuclear fuel Radio and television activities Scheduled air transport Other financial intermediation Advertising Production and distribution of electricity Manufacture of pharmaceuticals, medicinal Manufacture of motor vehicles 	671 722 233 922 621 652 744 401 244 341	751.7 612.8 591.9 585.5 580.1 578.3 550.6 549.7 548.9 538.8
Lowest paid		
 Restaurants Manufacture of other wearing apparel and accessories Bars Hotels Other mining and quarrying Retail sale of food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores Manufacture of knitted and crocheted articles Textile weaving Mining of metal ores Compulsory social security activities 	553 182 554 551 14 522 177 172 13 753	246.2 260.6 267.5 274.2 276.8 277.9 278.6 279.5 280.3 281.7
		Source: New Earnings Survey

Full-time employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence.

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rage pay ding e (£)	Average total weekly hours	Average weekly overtime hours
6.24	44.3	4.3
2.18	44.0	4.2
9.72	41.3	2.9
2.64	39.3	2.1
9.26	44.3	4.0
8.82	40.4	1.4
6.65	40.5	0.9
9.46	43.8	4.3
14.29	36.3	0.7
11.78	. 39.4	1.2
10.55	37.9	1.0
11.79	35.1	0.5
9.67	38.3	1.1
9.90	39.6	1.3
0.28	39.8	1.9
	Sou	rce: New Earnings Surv

scale, financial intermediation experienced an overall decrease of 3.4 per cent.

At £411 average weekly earnings in services were higher than the £407 seen in manufacturing. However, at 2.9 per cent, manufacturing fared better in terms of pay increases, exceeding the average increase seen in services by 0.9 percentage points.

The gap between public and private sector earnings levels has narrowed slightly in 2000. Public sector earnings for full-time employees stood at £406.6 per week compared to private sector earnings of £412.3 in April 2000. Public sector earnings also increased more than private sector earnings (up 2.7 per cent and 2.2 per cent respectively).

The broad industrial groupings described above can hide substantial variation within the sectors. The scale of NES, however, allows more detailed industrial analyses. For example, it is possible to identify the highest and lowest paid industry groups (3-digit SIC 92). Such analyses reveal that in addition to those employees in specific industries within mining and quarrying

Feature

Typical occupations in each decile range of gross weekly earnings; Great Britain; April 2000



and financial intermediation, full-time employees involved in software consultancy and supply (£613), radio and television (£585) and scheduled air transport (£580) were among the highest paid per week in April 2000 (see Table 5).

Various branches of the hotel and restaurant and manufacturing sectors make up much of the ten lowest paid industries. Those full-time employees employed in restaurants (SIC 553) are the lowest paid of all, earning on average £246 per week.

Results by occupation

As expected, with average gross weekly earnings of £608, the occupational major group with the highest average weekly earnings for full-time employees was managers and administrators, followed by professional occupations (£560 per week). Managers and administrators also reaped the highest average hourly earnings excluding overtime - their £15.69 was a fraction higher than the average seen in professional occupations, the second most highly paid major group (see Table 6). It should be noted that there are higher paid occupations, but there were not enough employees in our sample to produce reliable results for these occupations.

Again the highest paid occupational major group in terms of gross annual pay was managers and administrators Their average of £33,781 exceeded their nearest rival (professional occupations) by over £4,500. At the other end of the scale, 'other' occupations (major group 9) earned £14,657 for the 1999-00 tax year.

Average full-time gross weekly earnings and gross hourly earnings excluding overtime (£281 and £6.18 respectively) were also lowest among 'other' occupations (major group 9). This major group includes occupations that are generally acknowledged to be lowpaid such as non-managerial agricultural occupations and similar occupations in mining, construction and transport. Within the service sector relevant occupations are shelf-fillers, porters, cleaners etc.

Average earnings were generally higher in the non-manual occupational groups although the average for craft

	Average gross annual pay (£)	Average gross weekly pay (£)	Percentage increase April 1999- April 2000	Average hourly pay excluding overtime (£)	Average total weekly hours	Average weekly overtime hours
Occupational group (SOC)						0.5
Managers and administrators	33,781	608.1	1.4	15.69	38.8	0.5
Professional occupations	29,009	559.6	2.9	15.69	35.6	0.6
Associate professional and	25,471	468.9	-0.1	12.25	38.0	0.8
technical occupations						10
Clerical and secretarial occupations	14,760	282.1	2.5	7.30	38.2	1.0
Craft and related occupations	18,979	368.2	3.1	8.22	43.1	3.7
Personal and protective service occupations	16,924	306.0	3.3	7.53	40.2	1.6
Sales occupations	15.852	305.6	1.2	7.81	38.9	0.8
Plant and machine operatives	16.945	328.7	3.0	7.15	44.5	4.9
Other occupations	14.657	280.9	3.3	6.18	43.7	4./
outer occupations	,					4.0

a Full-time employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence.

Note: Annual earnings estimates relate to employees who have been in the same job for at least 12 months, regardless of whether or not their pay was affected by absence

Table 7 Highest and lowest paid occupations; ^a	Great Britain; Ap	ril 2000
	SOC code	Average gross weekly pay (£)
Highest paid		
Treasurers and company financial managers	120	1,059.0
Medical practitioners	220	963.5
Organisation and methods and work study manager	rs 125	812.8
Management consultants, business analysts	253	812.2
Underwriters, claims assessors, brokers, investmen	t 361	775.4
Police officers (inspector and above)	152	765.7
Computer systems and data processing managers	126	756.9
Solicitors	242	748.4
Marketing and sales managers	121	718.9
Advertising and public relations managers	123	689.9
owest paid		
Kitchen porters, hands	952	184.1
Bar staff	622	184.3
Retail cash desk and check-out operators	721	184.7
Petrol pump forecourt attendants	722	189.0
Waiters, waitresses	621	189.2
Hairdressers, barbers	660	190.1
Launderers, dry cleaners, pressers	673	195.8
Counterhands, catering assistants	953	196.1
Other childcare and related occupations n.e.c.	659	204.6
Educational assistants	652	211.8
		Source: New Earnings Surve

Average gross weekly earnings by government office region; Great Britain; April 2000 £450+ £400-450 £370-400 Less than £370

nployees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence.

Source: New Earnings Survey

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and related occupations (manual) at £368 per week exceeded by far the £282 earned by employees in the clerical and secretarial group and the £306 earned by those employed in sales occupations.

As far as pay increases for the occupational major groups are concerned, personal and protective service occupations and other occupations both saw an increase of 3.3 per cent in weekly earnings to top the list. At the other end of the scale, associate professional and technical occupations experienced a 0.1 per cent decrease.

Once again plant and machine operatives worked the longest average working week. Their average working week of 44.5 hours (including 4.9 hours overtime) was almost nine hours longer than professional occupations, who worked the shortest hours (35.6 with 0.6 hours paid overtime). This group does, however, include the teaching profession where full time is defined as employees working greater than thirty hours. The low number of average hours worked by teachers (31.8 hours) also contributes to the high level of hourly pay within the professional occupations as a whole. As with the industrial analyses, average hours worked for particular occupations may be affected by the choice of survey date. Also, some occupations, particularly managerial, do not get paid overtime and hours worked are likely to be under-recorded.

In the 2000 survey, results showed treasurers and company financial managers, earning on average £1,059 per week topping the earnings league table of specific occupations. This was the only occupational group whose average gross weekly earnings exceeded £1,000. The next highest paid occupational group was medical practitioners with average gross weekly earnings of £963 per week. As expected with average gross weekly earnings of £184, kitchen porters were the lowest paid of all full-time adult employees (see Table 7).

A useful picture of the entire occupational distribution of weekly earnings can be obtained by considering each decile range separately and selecting an occupation whose average earnings (for men and women together) fall within

Percentage of employees^a in pension schemes by employment status; Great Britain; April 2000 Table **Q**

rel en asonalizas 171 en asonalizas 191 en asonalizas 191 en asonalizas	Contracted	d out	Not contra	acted out		Contracted out and	not contracted ou		Per cent Total in all listed pensions categories
	Salary related scheme only	Money purchase scheme only	Salary related scheme	Money Purchase scheme	Contracted out salary related scheme and not contracted out occupational pension	Contracted out money purchase scheme and not contracted out occupational pension	Group personal pension arrangement only and contracted out of serps	Group personal pension arrangement only and not contracted out of serps	-04163
Non-manual males	48.6	4.7	4.3	5.1	1.1	0.3	2.8	4.1	71.0
Manual males	32.4	5.1	3.3	4.4	0.8	0.3	2.1	3.9	52.2
All males	41.7	4.8	3.9	4.8	0.9	0.3	2.5	4.0	63.0
Non-manual females	54.2	2.8	3.5	3.5	0.6	0.2	2.0	3.1	69.9
Manual females	26.4	2.6	3.7	4.0	0.5	0.2	1.7	3.3	42.3
All females	49.9	2.7	3.6	3.5	0.6	0.2	1.9	3.1	65.6
All non-manual employees	51.2	3.8	3.9	4.3	0.9	0.3	2.4	3.6	70.5
All manual employees	31.3	4.7	3.4	4.3	0.7	0.2	2.0	3.8	50.5
Allemployees	44.8	4.1	3.8	4.3	0.8	0.3	2.3	3.7	64.0
All citipic/ cos								Source: New Ea	rnings Survey

a Full-time employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence

that range and who therefore can be considered typical of that tenth of the earnings distribution (see Figure 6). The graph follows broadly the pattern of Table 6 with those in managerial positions commanding higher salaries than those in professional occupations etc.

Results by region

There were no surprises when looking at the regional picture, with London topping the list in terms of regional average full-time gross weekly earnings at £530 in April 2000. This was almost £100 higher than its nearest rival, the South East, where average gross weekly earnings were £434. London's high levels of pay are largely due to the fact that a large proportion of London's labour force is employed in higher-paying industries and occupations and also because many employees are entitled to allowances for working in the capital. Outside the South East, the East with average weekly earnings of £413 once again fared better than all other regions, where average earnings ranged from £366 in the North East to £386 in the West Midlands (see Figure 7).

Similar patterns can be observed for gross annual pay and hourly pay excluding overtime, with London topping the list across the board followed





by the South East and the East. North Fast and Wales show the lowest pay levels across the regions.

Employees in the North East experienced the largest increases in average gross weekly earnings (4.7 per cent), followed by Wales (4.0 per cent). London, on the other hand, experienced the smallest rise (1.0 per cent), over one-and-a-half percentage points lower than the South East's 2.6 per cent.

It should be noted here that earnings comparisons take no account of differing price levels between regions and therefore do not indicate differences in the standard of living. Neither do they take account of the different mix of occupations and therefore cannot be used to claim that pay for like work is different. A region could have a lower level of average earnings than another if it has a higher proportion of employees in industries or occupations with related ely lower earnings.1

ults by age group

As expected, average gross weekly earnings of all full-time employees climb steadily with age to reach a maximum of £452 per week for 40 to 49year-olds and decline thereafter. Gross annual earnings and hourly earnings excluding overtime display a similar pattern, with the peaks of £23,880 and £11.41 respectively reached in the 40 to 49-year-old age group.

However, looking at the average earnings of men and women separately shows that women's earnings peak earlier than those of men. Average gross weekly earnings of full-time women climb with age to reach a maximum of £373 in the 30 to 39-year-old age group. Their average gross annual earnings and gross hourly earnings excluding overtime also peak in this agegroup at £19,357 and £9.90 respectively. Full-time men's average earnings reach their maximum in the 40 to 49year-old age group with values of £26,903 per year, £505 per week and £12.37 per hour (excluding overtime).

The largest increase between April 1999 and April 2000 was recorded among those employees aged 65 or over, whose weekly earnings increased by 4.8 per cent to stand at £374. This was some 9.4 percentage points higher than the 21 to 24-year-old age group, which saw a decrease of 4.5 per cent in weekly earnings (see Figure 8).

It should be noted here that the number of young people in the NES has fallen over recent years, representing for example, demographic decline,

alyses by TEC/LEC areas, Travel-to-Work areas, parliamentary constituencies and local authorities

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increasing proportions in education, and exclusion of employees who do not appear in the tax records from which the sample is drawn as they earn less than the tax threshold.

There was little difference in the hourly working patterns of the various age groups with the exception of those employees aged 60 to 64 years, whose average working week of 41.1 hours was 0.8 hours longer than their nearest challenger. This age group, however, is primarily made up of men who generally work longer hours than women.

Results by pension category

The NES also collects information on the pension provision that employees have made through their employer. The most popular type of pension coverage is contracted out salary-related scheme only, with 51.2 per cent of fulltime non-manual employees contributing towards this type of pension. Overall 64.0 per cent of full-time employees enjoy some sort of pension coverage. At one end of the scale over 70 per cent of non-manual males contribute towards a pension, compared with just over two-fifths of manual females (see Table 8).

take account of local government re-organisation, analyses by unitary authority are available in Parts A and E of the NES. Part E also includes

Patterns of pay: results of the 2000 NES

Technical note

The New Earnings Survey is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees in employment in Great Britain, information on whose earnings and hours is obtained in confidence from employers (a similar survey is carried out in Northern Ireland by the Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment; key UK results were made available on the National Statistics website on 5 March. Printed volumes are available. Two broadly equivalent methods are used to identify the employees in the survey sample and their current employers. Around 90 per cent of the sample is identified from lists supplied by the Inland Revenue containing selected National Insurance numbers. Details of the remaining 10 per cent are obtained directly from the large organisations who employ them.

Coverage of full-time employees is virtually complete but coverage of part-time employees is less comprehensive. The response rates were similar except for part-time males. Many of those with earnings below the income tax threshold (equivalent to £84.33 per week in April 2000) are excluded. Details of the achieved sampling fractions, based on estimates of employee jobs at March 2000 are shown in Table 9.

	on estimat 2000; Grea	es of employee jo t Britain	bs in March
		Number	Per cent
Male	Part-time	7,676	0.51
	Full-time	68,961	0.66
Female	Part-time	32,639	0.63
	Full-time	40.825	0.64

The survey does not cover the self-employed. In 2000, the information related to the pay period that included 12 April.

The earnings information collected relates to gross pay before tax, national insurance or other deductions, and generally excludes payments in kind. It is restricted to earnings relating to the survey pay period, and so excludes payments of arrears from another period made during the survey period; any payments due as a result of a pay settlement but not yet paid at the time of the survey will also be excluded

Most of the NES analyses relate to employees on adult rates whose earnings for the survey pay period were not affected by absence. Thus they do not include the earnings of those who did not work a full week, and those whose earnings were reduced because of sickness, shorttime working, etc. Nor do they include the earnings of young people (not on adult rates of pay).

National minimum wage

The NES alone is not suitable for measuring low pay since it does not provide a comprehensive picture at the lower

end of the earnings distribution. For this reason ONS previously published adjusted estimates combining information from both the NES and the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Both surveys collect extensive information about individuals' earnings but, for estimating low pay, need to be used together.

The last year has seen ONS developing improved estimates of the number of low-paid jobs. This new methodology makes use of new, more reliable, data on hourly pay from LFS and a better method for using NES data. The improved methodology, developed with the University of Southampton, leads to better quality estimates from both sources. In particular it uses:

- an improved method for using NES data (the NES is grossed up to reduce the effect of non-response and sample frame bias); and
- new LFS hourly rate information, where available, and an imputed hourly rate for those respondents unable to provide an hourly rate.

A article giving further details on the methodology crasbe found on pp55-66, Labour Market Trends, January 2001.

It is important to note that these estimates cannot be used as a measure of non-compliance with the legislation since it is not possible to tell whether an individual is elisible for the minimum wage rates. For example it is not possible to identify people such as apprentices, and those understing training, who are exempt from the minimum wage or are entitled to lower rates.

Using this methodology, the estimate is that 3.1 per cent of all employees aged 18 to 21 years were earning below the minimum wage in spring 2000. This is 0.4 per cent higher than the proportion in spring 1999. The 22 and over age group has seen a fall in the percentage earning below the minimum wage (2.4 per cent in spring 1999 compared with 1.1 per cent a year later). Details can be seen in Table 10.

Factors contributing to earnings growth

The increase in average earnings from one year to the next reflects several factors:

- pay settlements implemented between the April survey dates:
- changes in the amount of overtime and other payments relative to basic pay;
- the structural effects of changes in the composition of the NES sample and the employed labour force.

Earnings of women relative to men

Although average hourly pay provides a useful comparison between the earnings of men and women it does not indicate differences in rates of pay for comparable jobs. This is because such averages reflect the different employment characteristics of men and women, such as the proportions in different occupations and their length of time in jobs. The fact that women are more concentrated than men in non-

Technical note

Number of jobs paid at less than £3.00 per hour (aged 18-21) or £3.60 per Kingdom; spring 1998 to spring 2000

	18 to 21		22 and c	nd over	
	(000s)	Per cent	(000s)	Per cent	
Spring 1998	120	7.7	1,400	6.4	
Spring 1999	40	2.7	540	2.4	
Spring 2000	50	3.1	250	1.1	

a Full-time employees on adult rates, whose pay for the survey period was unaffected by absence.

nual occupations raises their overall average pay relative that of men; the average hourly earnings excluding ertime of non-manual women is higher than that of manual reduces their relative pay.

Feature

iour (ag	ed 22 and o	ver); ^a
	All aged	18 and ove
	(000s)	Per cent
	1,520	6.4
	580 300	2.4 1.2

men. However, among both manual and non-manual workers women are concentrated in lower paid occupations which

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lobcentre vacancy statistics

By Andrew Birtwhistle, Research and Development Division, Employment Service

Key points

main statistical indicator of mber of jobs vacant in the my is the Jobcentre vacancy This is derived from the of vacancies notified to nun mployment Service (ES) by the vers. em

stock of vacancies held by about one third of the total FS of vacancies available in the Britain economy, though it ely that this fraction varies aphically and over time, by ation and by industry.

the statistics are obtained as product of an administrative operational system, they have dvantage of being timely, more ent and cheaper to produce data collected through special ys. They can also be broken in some detail - by small aphical areas, for example. ver, the statistics are also bly prone to discontinuities ime due to changes in adminis-OVE procedure. tra

number of changes are tly taking place. Some of anges will improve the quality and levance of the statistics. Other cha es reflect the modernisation of ES siness and may lead to real changes in market share which will then be reflected in the statistics themselves.

• One change has been the conversion of vacancies to the new occupational classification SOC2000, which took place on 9 October 2000. It will take some time for the new coding system to settle down and therefore data on vacancies by occupation will not be available until spring 2001.

In order to supplement the obcentre vacancy series by directly measuring vacancies in the whole economy, ONS has just begun a new quarterly survey of employers on an experimental basis. The results should start to become available in



lobcentre vacancy statistics are published monthly by ONS. The source of these statistics is the administrative computer system of the Employment Service. This article describes some of the technical background to the production of the statistics to help users understand what the figures measure so they can use them effectively.

Introduction

JOBCENTRE VACANCIES are widely used as an economic indicator. This article describes the context in which the figures are collected, providing users with information that will help them to interpret these data and use them more effectively. An example of the available statistics is provided in Box 1, which contains analyses by occupation and industry of Jobcentre vacancies in Great Britain.

Background: what the **Employment Service does**

Jobcentre vacancy statistics are obtained as a by-product of the Employment Service's operational sys-

Technical report

tems. The Employment Service (ES) is a large and complex organisation and the following description of its work will provide some background to these statistics.

ES aims to help people without jobs find work, and employers fill their vacancies. It endeavours to contribute to an efficient and flexible labour market, high and stable employment and growth, equality of opportunity and social inclusion. ES works closely with employers and with private, voluntary and public sector partners to provide a service for all people without jobs, and to promote employment opportunities for all those who can work. It aims to attract a diverse range of vacancies and

Technical report

Jobcentre vacancy statistics

Box I Vacancies notified to ES by occupation and industry

Over the past few years, ES has received around 50,000 vacancies per week on average. Over the latest 12-month period, ES was notified of almost 2.7 million vacancies and filled about half.

Jobcentre vacancies are to some extent skewed towards the lower end of the market and not typical of all vacancies (or jobs) in the whole economy. However, 7 per cent of vacancies are in managerial or technical occupations.

In most occupations and industries there has been little change in the proportion of vacancies submitted to ES over the past few years. The largest changes follow those in employment - for example, a reduction in manufacturing and craft vacancies, and an increase in banking/ financial vacancies. Almost one in five vacancies notified to ES in the past 12 months was in personal/ protective services, and slightly more were in other (elementary) occupations (see Table 1). Around a third of all vacancies notified in the past 12 months were in the distribution, hotels and restaurants industry sector (see Table 2).

Table Vacancies notified over the laby occupation; Great Britain,	Vacancies notified over the latest 12 months (to October 2000) by occupation; Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted				
	Notified (thousands)	Share of vacancies notified (per cent)			
Managers/administrators	84	3			
Professional occupations	27	1			
Associate professional/technical	81	3			
Clerical/secretarial occupations	417	16			
Craft/related occupations	240	9			
Personal/protective service occupations	496	19			
Sales occupations	403	15			
Plant/machine operatives	339	13			
Other (elementary) occupations	568	21			
Total vacancies	2,653	100			

Vacancies notified over the latest 12 months (to October 2000) by industry; Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

	Notified (thousands)	Share of vacancies notified (per cent)
Agriculture and fishing	30	1
Energy and water	15	1
Manufacturing	317	12
Construction	139	5
Distribution, hotels and restaurants	867	33
Transport and communications	121	5
Banking, finance and insurance, etc.	576	22
Public administration, education and health	379	14
Other services	209	8
Total	2,653	100

to fill them quickly by matching the right people and skills with the right jobs. Its chief priority is to help individuals facing particular difficulty in the labour market to move from welfare and economic inactivity into sustainable employment. It does this through correct application of the Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) rules delivery of the New Deals and the pilot ONE¹ service, and provision of appropriate information, advice, training and support.

The current year is a particularly challenging one for ES. As well as further improving the New Deal, new Annual Performance Agreement targets emphasise ES' commitment to helping people, especially these at a disadvantage, back to work. They also focus on improving customer service to employers and jobseekers.

One area where ES will, ever the next year, be breaking new ground particularly relevant to vacance statistics is in its use of information and communication technology (see under 'Modernising ES' for further de ails).

Along with these changes, ES has been developing its services to employers. New employers moving ato an area, or those going through major developments, can call on the 13 large organisation unit as well as their local Jobcentre to assist with their paticular requirements. Using its unique sosition in the local labour market, ES is able to handle these bulk recruitment exercises in a way that ensures a smooth transition for the employer. Similarly, when communities are blighted by a round of redundancies, ES uses its locally based Rapid Response Units to support the efforts of the local Jobcentre to help affected employees.

The Nursing and Healthcare Employment Service advises ES staff on handling healthcare vacancies, on the healthcare labour market and on marketing ES services to the healthcare sector. It also has primary responsibility for facilitating the uptake of New Deal in the National Health Service

Many ES services are already delivered electronically to jobseekers and employers. All of ES' most significant job-broking services with the pub-

lic can now be undertaken electronically, via telephone, computer or television.

Where the statistics come from

The Labour Market System mentioned above is the source of the vacancy statistics, which are transferred to Nomise from where they are made pubvailable at the time of the monthlicly bour market statistics First Release.

In the past statistics for Great Britain from the Employment Service have been combined with similar statistics from Northern Ireland. The latter have been unavailable since March 1999 because of problems identified during the introduction of a new system for processing vacancies in Northern Ireland

A variety of statistics are published, either monthly or quarterly. These include a breakdown of data by industry and occupation, part- and full-time vacancies, and information on how long vacancies have taken to fill or

x 2 Definition of a vacancy and the different types of vacancies

A sacancy is a job opening notified by an employer to a Jobcentre. If one encloyer notifies several jobs, the number of vacancies recorded will be the number of jobs notified.

A hotified vacancy is a vacancy notified to a Jobcentre within a particular statistical month/quarter (i.e. in-flow).

A filed vacancy is a notified vacancy filled by a job seeker referred by the jobcentre or another agency to whom the Employment Service has copied the vacancy (e.g. Careers Service, overseas employment services) within a particular statistical month/quarter (i.e. out-flow).

An amfilled vacancy is a vacancy that has not been filled at the end of the statistical month/quarter. This is also known as the vacancy stock.

A cancelled vacancy is a vacancy withdrawn by the employer for any reason other than that it has been filled by the Employment Service.

Box 3 Vacancy statistics available on NOMIS®

Monthly

Seasonally adjusted notified and unfilled vacancies, outflows and placings/job entries down to regional level.

Notified, unfilled, filled and cancelled vacancies, with breakdowns available for full-time/part-time status, and local areas.

Quarterly

Notified, unfilled, filled and cancelled vacancies by industry and occupation, with indicators for submissions per vacancy, vacancy filling index, and duration of vacancies on Employment Service systems. All statistics are available for local areas.

Technical report

have remained unfilled (see Boxes 2 and 3).

Market share

Employers are under no obligation to notify their vacancies and so ES does not have a monopoly on vacancies unlike public employment services in some other countries. Unemployed people may look for jobs through a variety of other channels, such as newspaper adverts, private recruitment agencies and by word of mouth.

There is no reason why the ES market share should be fixed over time and be the same for different occupations, industries and places. It is influenced by employers' recruitment practices, by the perception of the quality of ES held by employers, and by specific marketing initiatives. For example, in 1999-2000 ES introduced for the first time a co-ordinated national marketing strategy and this will continue to be implemented in 2001. Moreover, employers very frequently advertise in more than one way, e.g. newspaper, agencies, Internet and the Employment Service, so relative shares overlap. It is important to remember this when using Jobcentre vacancies as an indicator of vacancies in the whole economy. While they are a good indicator, in fact they only measure that fraction of vacancies advertised in Jobcentres.

There are no formal data sources on the numbers of vacancies and engagements in the whole economy, but there are two main sources that can be used for estimating these figures. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) provides an indication of the number of engagements or turnover in the labour market, though it does not capture all engagements and relies on respondents' recall. Employer Surveys are expensive and have been conducted infrequently - the last one was done in 1992 (Employers' Recruitment Practices: The 1992 Survey, Jon Hales, SCPR). This found that 43 per cent of vacancies had been notified to Jobcentres, although vacancies may have been advertised through more than one channel. The results of all the occasional surveys of employers have been broadly consistent with an ES market share of around one-third.

Jobcentre vacancy statistics

ONS is about to create another source of vacancy statistics through a regular survey of employers. This is expected to start producing experimental results during 2001.

Modernising the ES, and forthcoming changes

As noted above, major developments are currently taking place through the Modernising ES programme. Its aim is to exploit modern technology to enable ES to manage and deliver its services in more accessible, user friendly and effective ways. Under the programme ES is:

- substantially enhancing its core IT system (LMS) to improve face-toface customer service further and to provide a more flexible and dynamic tool to help jobseekers find jobs the first phase of this work, covering job-broking services, began in autumn 2000;
- updating the current LMS diary to provide a more flexible appointment booking system that will allow ES staff to make appointments for colleagues in their office;
- introducing electronic versions of standard forms and letters on ES staff computer terminals in Jobcentres, to improve the quality of client communications;
- creating an Internet Jobsbank, as part of a wider Learning and Work Bank being developed jointly with the Department for Education and Employment, which will provide access to all ES' nationwide job vacancies via the Internet. The Learning and Work Bank will offer a learning, education and careers information service from February 2001;
- rolling out the installation of interactive touch-screen kiosks (Jobpoints) in Jobcentres replacing the current vacancy display boards to allow jobseekers to search through the full ES job database themselves. The first

Jobpoints were installed in December 2000, and all sites will have Jobpoints by early 2002; and • introducing a single national tele-

phone number to enable employers to notify their vacancies more easily, complementing the Employment Service Direct service for jobseekers.

SOC2000

The revision of the Standard Occupational Classification from SOC90 to SOC2000 has made a specific impact on the vacancy statistics. This change means that ONS will have to suspend publication of the majority of the occupational classification of vacancies for two quarters (those ending October 2000 and January 2001) because some occupational coding will be inaccurate for a limited period following conversion.²

SOC2000 is a new, improved occupational classification developed for ONS to replace SOC90 (see pp563-72, Labour Market Trends, December 2000). SOC90 is now out of date and does not reflect many of the new occupations that have developed over the past ten years. ES had no choice but to adopt the new system, but it also has many advantages - not least a more upto-date coding system that will enhance ES' effectiveness in matching jobseekers with vacancies. ES introduced SOC2000 in October 2000 to ensure that the wider set of IT changes, undertaken through the Modernising ES programme could operate effectively from the start.

Centralised vacancy taking

A particular difficulty affecting the local Jobcentre vacancy figures is that more employers' vacancies are now being notified centrally. Where central vacancy taking is in operation, one office takes all the vacancies for a district, so that notified vacancies

and vacancy stocks for individual Jobcentres within the district may show balancing rises and falls, even where district totals have not changed. This may distort the picture for local areas so their publication in ONS' regional First Releases of labour market statistics has been suspended, although they are still available electronically.

Next article

A further article in Labour Market Trends during 2001, jointly written with ONS, will provide an account of the vacancies series over time, including discussion of the effects of administrative changes that have already occurred.

Notes

- ONE provides a coherent, individually tailored and work-focused service across welfare providers, offering bene claimants information on work, denefits and other government services one place. ONE is being piloted in 12 areas, and is delivered through a partnership of ES. the Benefit Agency, local auto prities and, in some areas, the private and voluntary sectors.
- 2 Limited (major and sub-major group) occupational data were available October 2000, as they were excented from the Labour Market System Vefore conversion to SOC2000 on 9 October 2000. These are included in Table

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Report on the consultation on developments in local area Labour Force Survey data

By Don Burke, Tricia Williams and Ann Blake, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

Doints

• The Labour Force Survey annual local area database (LADB) is to be enhanced, incorporating data from English Local Labour Force the Survey (LLFS), and will be released in summer each year, beginning in 2001 with the 2000/2001 database.

• An improved grossing methodoltogether with the increased Og) le size, will improve the accurasan d availability of local area data. су

he range of data available to the will be increased via more DUC bles on databases for higher geographies in England and a set of core tables for a range of goographies.

Following consultation with users on the future of the LFS annual Local Area Database (LADB), ONS intends to publish an enhanced LADB, incorporating data from the English Local Labour Force Survey and other

Introduction

improvements.

AN ARTICLE in the May 2000 issue of Labour Market Trends (see pp231-6) launched a public consultation on the review of the existing provision of local area Labour Force Survey data, including the annual Local Area Database (LADB). ONS invited users to comment on the plans and suggest further issues for review. The purpose of the review was to:

- look at options for improving the quality and timeliness of the data;
- consider ways of increasing the number of variables available; and
- determine the best use to make of the Department for Education and Employment and ONS' new partner-

Technical report



ship product for England, the Local Labour Force Survey (LLFS).

As a result of the review, and taking user views into account, it has been agreed that:

- the LADB will be enhanced, incorporating data from the LLFS, and will be published in summer each year, beginning in 2001 with the 2000/2001 database;
- an improved grossing methodology, together with the increased sample size, will improve the accuracy and availability of local area data; and
- the range of data available to the public will be increased via more variables on databases for higher

level geographies in England and a wider set of core tables for a range of geographies.

The review

In 1999, the LADB user group had proposed a review of the grossing methodology, and asked if the databases could be released on a more timely basis. They also requested additions to the variable list. Following these discussions with the LADB user group, and discussions with the labour market statistics sub-group of the central and local government information partnership (CLIP LMS), a public consultation was launched with a Labour Market Trends article (see pp231-6, May 2000). The article was also posted on the National Statistics website. This stage of the consultation produced eight responses, including one response representing the views of 11 Scottish unitary authorities.

The public consultation was widened to cover issues arising from the introduction of the DfEE/ONS new partnership product - the LLFS - in 2000/2001, and its relationship with the existing annual databases.

Responses

Overall, most respondents were in favour of proposals to merge the exist-

ing annual database with the LLFS. The responses on bringing forward publication of the databases, which involves a change in the population data used to gross the survey, were more varied, although more than half the respondents preferred a more timely product. Of those who expressed a view, almost all respondents wanted a consistent grossing methodology for the LADB and LLFS.

The way forward

On balance, taking into account the requirements of the LLFS and the recent developments in the population totals used to gross the quarterly LFS databases reported in Labour Market Trends (see pp211-8, May 2000), it was decided to use the new quarterly control totals as a basis for grossing the annual databases. The grossing process has also been revised to include totals disaggregated by area for more stages than previously.

A consequence of the LLFS design is that the sample increase for geographical areas is unevenly spread across England and there are no sample boosts elsewhere. For statistical reasons this means that there is not a single lower publication threshold that can be applied across the UK. ONS and DfEE are currently considering how

best to present thresholds for LLFS products including the LADB.

The questions on additional variables produced a varied list of requests. Although some general needs emerged users had a variety of requirements and ONS is still pursuing some of the issues and looking at options for fulfilling as many of these as possible

New databases will be produced for some additional geographies: learning partnerships; learning and skills councils; and local education authorities. It will be possible for these to contain a wider range of variables than the current LADB. ONS is currently investigating the disclosure issues associated with combinations of variables and geographies. The final list of variables for the full range of annual detabases will not be available until later in the year. This will be accompanied by an initial set of 'core tabulation which ONS proposes to publish alongside the databases in order to make more information available.

ONS is also investigating whether it is possible to produce reliable estimates from the household data ses for workless households and other household-based groups at local thority level.

ONS and DfEE will publish a joint article covering dissemination of the LLFS in more detail in the July issue of Labour Market Trends.

Seasonal adjustment of ILO unemployed aged 18 to 24 series

Doints

series from the Labour Survey (LFS) previously Forc publications not nted in pres seaschally adjusted have been reintroceced on a seasonally adjusted basi

framework for the new . fication and treatment of ide seasonal breaks in LFS series has been adopted.

• of the series, males and es aged 18-24, ILO unemployed ferr to six months, did not for der instrate evidence of breaks in the seasonal pattern and have been reincroduced using standard LFS seasonal adjustment methodology.

• The remaining two series, males females aged 18-24, ILO and loyed for between six and une months, demonstrated evitwe denc of breaks in their seasonal patterns which have been treated with permanent prior adjustments.



Four series for ILO unemployed 18 to 24-year-olds previously presented in National Statistics publications not seasonally adjusted have been reintroduced on a seasonally adjusted basis. This article explains how these series are being treated.

Introduction

IN APRIL 2000 new seasonal adjustment methodology was introduced for the Labour Force Survey (LFS) which achieved additivity in all LFS series shown in the labour market statistics First Release (that is, all sub-series summing to totals, for example employment levels in the various age categories summing to total employment). This new methodology was detailed in an article on pp211-8, Labour Market Trends, May 2000. The same article also raised the issue that four LFS series within the First Release (males and females aged 18-24, ILO unemployed for up to six months and between six and twelve months)

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Technical report

By Allan Smith, Labour Market Division, Office for National Statistics

appeared to demonstrate breaks in their seasonal patterns.

As the standard application of the new methodology was likely to distort the adjustment close to the period of the break, the decision was taken to continue to show these series not seasonally adjusted, thus providing continuity for users while further analysis could be carried out. National Statistics reintroduced publication of these series on a seasonally adjusted basis in the labour market statistics First Release published in February 2001. This article explains how these series are being treated.

Technical report

Seasonal adjustment of ILO unemployed aged 18-24 series

Seasonal adjustment of ILO unemployed aged 18-24 series

Seasonal breaks

Seasonal breaks are defined as sudden and sustained changes in the seasonal pattern of a series. Such breaks can occur for a variety of reasons, for example, a change in government policy, or changes in social behaviour. Should such a break occur and nothing be done to adjust for it, it is possible that not all of the seasonality will be removed from the data, or that behaviour which is not seasonal will be removed by the seasonal adjustment process (see Box 1). Such errors are referred to as 'leakage'. In either event, a break in the seasonality can cause distortions in the seasonal adjustment, therefore making interpretation of the seasonally adjusted series more difficult.

If a break can be identified it can be treated by the use of 'permanent prior adjustments'. This process adjusts the series such that the seasonal adjustment is carried out on data that show a consistent pattern before and after the seasonal break. This is achieved by applying adjustments to the early part of the series that are consistent with the pattern seen after the break has occurred. This process counteracts the leakage effects described above.

Detection of seasonal breaks

There are three key tools in the approach to detection of seasonal breaks. It is often possible to detect them by looking at the data when it is presented graphically. Secondly, analysis of the outputs from the X-11 Arima programme can also help identify where there is consistent change to the seasonality over time. Thirdly, an expert knowledge of the outside influences on a series will assist in understanding the behaviour the series demonstrates.

However, the main limitation of these detection tools is that each, individually, entails a degree of subjectivity in its assessment. In addition, a limitation in the treatment of seasonal breaks is that prior adjustments can only be calculated retrospectively. A reasonable number of observations (a minimum of two years' worth in the case of monthly data) are required after the break occurs and a new seasonal pattern is estabSeasonal adjustment is a process of identifying and removing the seasonal component from a time series. It helps users to interpret underlying trends. For example, there may be large increases in many LFS estimates each summer as a result of school leavers entering the labour market. By removing these seasonal effects one can get a clearer idea of the underlying change in the labour force from quarter to quarter.

The X-II ARIMA program is currently used throughout National Statistics for seasonal adjustment. In order to identify and remove the variations associated with the time of year, i.e. seasonal effects, the program decomposes the original series into trend, seasonal and irregular components. Additive models are utilised for all the seasonally adjusted LFS series because the magnitude of the seasonal factors is independent of the trend.

While a series can be decomposed into trend, seasonal and irregular components a good estimate of the seasonality cannot be made until the trend has been removed, and likewise a reliable estimate of the trend cannot be made until the seasonality is removed. To overcome this problem a series of iterations is used to obtain successively better estimates of these components. Furthermore, any outliers in the data will distort estimation of the trend and seasonality, and therefore these are identified and modified to allow for a more robust estimation of the seasonal factors.

To improve estimation at the ends of the series, the program fits a time series model called an autoregressive integrated moving average or 'KRIMA' model to the series in order to estimate its likely future and past path (forecast and backcast).

lished to allow prior adjustments to be calculated accurately.

Framework for the identification and treatment of seasonal breaks

Bearing these issues in mind, National Statistics, in consultation with users, has developed a framework for the identification and treatment of seasonal breaks within LFS series. This framework addresses the need for improved seasonal adjustment where breaks occur, maintains statistical integrity by minimising the subjectivity of the decision making process, and provides users with supporting interpretation as to why a break is likely to have occurred. The main principles of this framework are that:

- should generally form part of the annual review process. This will minimise ad hoc revisions and give the opportunity to observe the development of seasonal behaviour;
- users should be given the opportunity to identify series that are of particular concern as part of this annual process;

- in order to intervene by the use of prior adjustments, the presence of a break should be demonstrated using evidence from all of the tools available i.e. observation, analytical tools and supported by additional evidence as to why a break has occurred, for example policy changes; and
- seasonal breaks can only be treated retrospectively: enough data must exist after the break to allow prior adjustments to be calculated

18 to 24 ILO unemployed series

This framework was applied to the four series that were previously shown not seasonally adjusted in the First Release:

- 18 to 24-year-old males ILO unemployed for up to six months;
- 18 to 24-year-old females ILO unemployed for up to six months;
- 18 to 24-year-old males ILO unemployed for between six and 12 months: and
- 18 to 24-year-old females ILO unemployed for between six and 12 months. In the case of the former two series,





analytical tools did not demonstrate any significant change in the seasonal pattern during the course of the series. On this basis seasonal adjustment was resumed using the standard approach described in the article in the May 2000 issue of Labour Market Trends.

In the case of the latter two series, observation of these series and analytical tools suggest seasonal breaks occurred during 1996. The first signs of this are in April 1996 with stronger evidence during the second half of that year. These findings are supported by the knowledge that Jobseeker's Allowance was introduced in October 1996. It is important to note that the introduction of Jobseeker's Allowance has no direct impact on the ILO measure of unemployment. However, administrative changes in the run-up to the introduction are likely to have caused changes to LFS respondent behaviours. This is the most likely explanation for these seasonal breaks. These two series have therefore been treated with permanent prior adjustments. The seasonally adjusted plots for all four of these series can be seen in *Figures 1* to 4. The data for these series

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Men aged 18 to 24, ILO unemployed for up to six months; United Kingdom; 1992 to 2000

are shown in Table 9 of the labour market statistics First Release and in Table C.1 of the labour market data tables of Labour Market Trends.

Additivity

Having introduced a methodology to achieve additivity in the tables of the First Release in April 2000, users were keen that this be maintained. To this end, once the prior adjustments have been applied and seasonal adjustment has been undertaken, the series are constrained within Table 9 of the First

Seasonal adjustment of ILO unemployed aged 18-24 series





however, would require small revisions

to all of the age by duration compo-

nents. To avoid such an in-year revi-

sion, the decision was taken to intro-

duce the prior adjusted series on a non-

additive basis in the labour market sta-

tistics First Release published in

February (October to December 2000

LFS estimates). Table 9 of the First

Release will be made fully additive

through revisions to the back series at

the time of the annual seasonal adjust-

ment review. These revised results will

be published in the April 2001 First

Release and the May 2001 issue of

Labour Market Trends.

Release (Table C.1 of Labour Market Trends). That is to say, within each age group, the durations of unemployment: up to six months; between six and 12 months; and over 12 months are constrained to sum to the total ILO unemployment for that age group. Secondly, each duration of unemployment in each age group is constrained to sum to the total for that duration e.g. those ILO unemployed for up to six months in age groups 16-17, 18-24, 25-49 and 50-plus are constrained to sum to all aged 16-plus unemployed for up to six months.

To achieve additivity immediately,

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SOU

DEF

CON

REG

LA

A.1 A.2

A.3 A.4

EM **B.**1

B.2

B.11

B.12

B.13 **B.1**8 B.21

B.22

B.32

UNE

C.1 C.2

C.11

C.12

C.13 C.21

C.22

C.23

C.24 C.31

C.34

C.51

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Labour Market Data

dices

Sources of labour market statistics

MAIN SOURCES

Labour Force Survey

Much of the labour market data published are measured by the LFS. The concepts and definitions used in the LFS are agreed by the International Labour Organization (ILO), an agency of the United Nations. The definitions are used by European Union member countries and members of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

The LFS is the largest regular household survey in the United Kingdom. In any three month period, a nationally representative sample of approximately 120,000 people aged 16 or over in around 61,000 households are interviewed. The survey also covers students in halls of residence (who are sampled in their parental residences) and people living in NHS accommodation. Each household is interviewed five times, once every three months. The initial interview is generally done face-to-face by an interviewer visiting the address. Further interviews are done by telephone wherever possible. The survey asks a series of questions about respondents' personal circumstances and their labour market activity, with most questions referring to activity in the week before the interview. The first and fifth interviews also ask about earnings. Interviews are carried out continuously throughout the year and key results are published every month for the latest available three month period. Other data are available once a quarter or once or twice a year

The LFS was carried out every two years from 1973 to 1983. The ILO definition was first used in 1984. This was also the first year in which the survey was conducted on an annual basis with results available for every spring quarter (March to May). The survey moved to a continuous basis in spring 1992 in Great Britain and in winter 1994/5 in Northern Ireland, with results published four times a year. Since April 1998, results are published 12 times a year for an average of each three-month period. LFS data are published around six weeks after the period to which they refer.

The LFS three-monthly results can be compared in various ways over time, shown by the chart below. The shaded areas show the periods for which LFS results are available. Comparisons over time should be made with the periods shaded in the same patterns, e.g. January to March 2000 should be compared with January to March 1999 or October to December 1999. Comparing estimates for overlapping three-month periods can produce more volatile results which can be difficult to interpret. In order to make three-month on three-month comparisons, it is important to use seasonally-adjusted data.

Employer surveys

ONS conducts a range of employer surveys, collecting information on their turnover and profits, and also the number of filled jobs.

The Annual Employment Survey (AES) is conducted annually in September to measure the number of employee jobs. The survey samples around 450,000 local units covering one-third of the worksites in the United Kingdom.

Short-Term Turnover Employer Surveys are smaller surveys which are conducted every three months. The surveys are used to provide estimates of quarterly changes in the number of jobs between the annual surveys. For production industries surveys are conducted monthly, allowing estimates to be produced for each month. Around 9,000 production enterprises are sampled each month.

Both the AES and the Short-term Turnover Employer Surveys take a sample of businesses from the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR). The IDBR holds details of all businesses that run a PAYE tax system or register for VAT.

The Monthly Wages and Salary Survey covers a sample of firms in Great Britain. The survey obtains details of the gross wages and salaries paid to employees, in respect of the last pay week for the weekly paid, and for the calendar month for the monthly paid. The sample covers the wage bill for some 9 million employees. It is used to calculate the Average Earnings Index.

Administrative records

Labour market data on the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits and Jobcentre vacancies are derived from administrative records.

Claimant count data are provided by the Benefits Agency. Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) replaced both Unemployment Benefit and unemployment-related Income Support on 7 October 1996. Up to 6 October the claimant count figures included those who claimed Unemployment Benefit, Income Support or National Insurance credits. A seasonally-adjusted consistent claimant count series is available from 1971. The claimant count records the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits on one particular day each month. Claimant count figures are announced five weeks after the date to which they refer.



Data on vacancies are produced by the Employment Service (ES) as a by-product of its Labour Market System (LMS). LMS is the computer

system that manages the currency of vacancies on display, controls their circulation around Jobcentres. and identifies those for liaison action with employers. A consistent vacancies series is available from 1985

USING DATA SOURCES

Because the different sources of labour market data have different strengths and limitations, it follows that they are best used for different purposes. This section identifies the source of data that ONS recommends using for different types of analysis of three aspects of the labour market: employment, unemployment, and earnings.

Employment

The LFS provides a more complete measure of employment than the workforce jobs series but the workforce jobs series probably provides a more accurate industrial breakdown than the LF

formed in the UK, the LFS is preferred. also the only source of detailed information about the characteristics (occupations, homeworking, work patterns and so on) of people's work - except for the industry in which people work, where the workforce jobs series is likely to be more accurate, and consistent with other national economic C series

Unemployment

The LFS provides a more complete measure of unemployment (under the ILO definition) than the claimant count (which measures benefit receipt), escicially for women, and is better-suited to international comparisons. The claimant count is more useful as a way of assessing unemployment in small areas follow the level of regions); it is also useful as a timely indicator of up-to-date changes in unemployment.

Earnings

For monthly estimates of changes, the Average Earnings Index is most suitable. For annual changes, the New Earnings Survey should be used. For estimates of levels (amounts workers earn a th week or each hour), the sources are the NES and LFS. The NES is preferred as a source of the earnings of fulltime employees, and of the hourly earnings of all employees. The LFS is preferred as a source about the earnings of part-time employees. LFS earnings estimates are published in the LFS Quarterly Supplement.

EMPLOYMENT Employment

two ways of looking at employment: the people in employment or the number of jobs. concepts represent different things, as one have more than one job (see 'Comparison of employment data', Labour Market Trends, 1997, pp511-16 for more details of between the two sources). People aged 16 classed as employed by the Labour Force S), if they have done at least one hour of e reference week or are temporarily away (e.g. on holiday). People classify themselves four categories in the LFS (according to their they have more than one): employees, selfunpaid family worker (doing unpaid work for un business) or participating in a governmenta fami training programme UDDO

Work orce jobs

per of jobs is mainly collected through postal surveys (see notes on sources). This gives the empl of employee jobs (formerly known as in employment). The total number of iobs (formerly known as workforce in ent) is calculated by summing employee jobs, ovment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces nment-supported trainees. As the main part estimate is the employee jobs total, this tion represents the employers' perception of

- ny jobs there are. It excludes homeworkers and
- mestic servants.

employed people (LFS) Self

who, in their main job, work on their own whether or not they have employees. 10008

mployment jobs Self

the total workforce jobs. Includes self-employed Part o their main job and people who are employees in laoso n job who are self-employed in their second job their

Government-supported trainees

government-supported training programmes are the employee jobs estimate if they have a nclud employment. If, however, they do not have a employment they are included in the workforce contra nate as government-supported trainees. iobs es

Employment rate

(FS)

from

nent rates can be presented for any population Employ the proportion of that group who are in guon ent. The main presentation of employment rates is the proportion of the population of working age (16-59 for females and 16-64 for males) who are in employment.

UNEMPLOYMENT

ILO unemployment

he International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition of nemployment covers people who are: out of work, want a job, have actively sought work in the previous four weeks and are available to start work within the next fortnight; or out of work and have accepted a job that they are waiting to start in the next fortnight.

Count of claimants of unemploymentrelated benefits (claimant count)

he claimant count records the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits. These are currently the Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) and National nsurance credits, claimed at Employment Service local offices. People claiming JSA must declare that they are out of work, capable of, available for and actively eking work during the week in which the claim is made. They enter into a Jobseeker's Agreement setting out the action they will take to find work and to improve their prospects of finding employment.

Definitions

The terms used in the tables are defined more fully in the periodic articles in Labour Market Trends that relate to particular statistical series

ILO unemployment rate

The percentage of economically active people who are unemployed on the ILO measure. Can be calculated for any population group.

Claimant count rate

The number of claimants resident in an area expressed as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce iobs in the area.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Economically active

The economically active population are those who are either in employment or ILO unemployed.

Economic activity rate

The number of people who are in employment or unemployed as a percentage of the total population aged 16 and over. Can be calculated for any population group.

ECONOMIC INACTIVITY

Economically inactive

Economically inactive people are out of work, but do not satisfy all the criteria for ILO unemployment, such as those in retirement and those who are not actively seeking work.

Economic inactivity rate

The number of economically inactive people as a percentage of the total population aged 16 and over. Can be calculated for any population group.

EARNINGS

Earnings

A measure of gross remuneration people receive in return for work done. It includes salaries and bonuses but does not include non-monetary perks such as benefits in kind. This differs from income which is the amount of money

CONVENTIONS

The following standard symbols are used:

- not available
- nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)
- P provisional
- break in series
- R revised
- series revised from indicated entry onwards
- nec not elsewhere classified
- SIC UK Standard Industrial Classification
- EU European Union

Where figures have been rounded to the final digit, there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total as shown. Although figures may be given in unrounded form to facilitate the calculation of percentage changes, rates of change etc by users, this does not imply that the figures can be estimated to this degree of precision, and it must be recognised that they may be the subject of sampling and other errors.

To gain an idea of the extent of work ng per-LFS is

received from all sources. Income includes interest from building society and bank accounts, dividends from shares, benefit receipts, trust funds, etc. It should be noted that the Average Earnings Index excludes bonuses at the more detailed industry levels shown in Table E.2, in order to reduce volatility in the Index.

Average Earnings Index

Average earnings are obtained by dividing the total paid by the total number of employees paid, including those on strike. The headline rate is the change in the average seasonally-adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago, and replaces the underlying rate of change.

HOURS WORKED (New Earnings Survey) Normal weekly hours

The time which an employee is expected to work in a normal week excluding all overtime and main meal breaks.

Weekly hours worked

The actual hours worked during the reference week and hours not worked but paid for under guarantee agreements.

HOURS WORKED (Labour Force Survey)

Respondents to the LFS are asked a series of questions enabling the identification of both their usual hours and their actual hours during the reference week, excluding meal breaks, but including paid and unpaid overtime.

OTHER DEFINITIONS

General index of retail prices

The Retail Prices Index measures the change in the prices of goods and services bought for the purpose of consumption by the vast majority of households in the UK. The general index includes virtually all types of household spending as detailed in Table H.12.

Labour disputes

Statistics cover disputes (strikes) connected with terms and conditions of employment. Workers involved and working days lost relate to persons both directly and indirectly involved at the establishments where the disputes occurred.

Productivity

The number of units of output (measured by the Index of Production for the manufacturing sector and by Gross Domestic Product for the whole economy) produced by each filled job.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent industrial breakdown for UK official statistics. It was revised in 1968, 1980 and 1992. The SIC 1992 classification splits businesses into 17 sections, A-Q. The breakdown includes the following categories: production industries - SIC 1992 Section E including manufacturing (Section D); service industries - SIC 1992 Sections G-Q.

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC)

The classification system used to provide a consistent occupational breakdown for UK official statistics. This system was introduced in 1991

Unit wage costs

A measure of the cost of wages and salaries in producing a unit of output.

Jobcentre vacancies

A job opportunity notified by an employer to a Jobcentre or careers office (including 'self-employed' opportunities created by employers) which remained unfilled on the day of the count.

Labour Market Data tables: comparisons of old and new numbers

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All industries: by division, class or group	1.4	Employee jobs: by division, class or group	B.14 B.16
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Stoppages of work: summary	7.2	Europa anybuot didypagoo in program. SJ madon J, saassa	
Average Earnings Index: all employees: main industrial sectors	5.1	Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors	E.1
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LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Labour Force Survey summary: all, seasonally adjusted A.1

NITED KINGDOM EASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
Il people aged 16 and over Spring quarters	1 MGSL	2 MGSF	3 MGRZ	4 MGSC	5 MGSI	6 MGWG	7 MGSR	MGSX	9 YBTC
(Mar-May) 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	44,797 44,978 45,107 45,226 45,310 45,400 45,488 45,641 45,835 46,036	28,487 28,897 29,038 28,935 28,699 28,565 28,578 28,578 28,618 28,618 29,004	25,969 26,791 27,033 26,490 25,868 25,568 25,780 26,110 26,412 26,916	2,518 2,106 2,005 2,445 2,831 2,997 2,798 2,518 2,394 2,087	16,310 16,081 16,070 16,291 16,611 16,836 16,909 17,023 17,030 17,032	63.6 64.2 64.4 64.0 63.3 62.9 62.8 62.7 62.8 63.0 62.0	58.0 59.6 59.9 58.6 57.1 56.3 56.7 57.2 57.6 58.5 58.5	8.8 7.3 6.9 8.4 9.9 10.5 9.8 8.8 8.3 7.2	36.4 35.8 35.6 36.0 36.7 37.1 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.0
1999 3-month averages	46,431	29,052 29,361	27,563	1,798	17,070	63.2	59.4	6.1	37.2 36.8
Oct-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	46,363 46,377 46,390	29,261 29,333 29,363	27,448 27,497 27,525	1,812 1,836 1,838	17,103 17,044 17,027	63.1 63.2 63.3	59.2 59.3 59.3	6.2 6.3 6.3	36.9 36.8 36.7
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	46,404 46,417 46,431	29,358 29,361 29,361	27,540 27,549 27,563	1,819 1,811 1,798	17,045 17,057 17,070	63.3 63.3 63.2	59.3 59.4 59.4	6.2 6.2 6.1	36.7 36.7 36.8
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,444 46,458 46,471	29,362 29,359 29,395	27,592 27,613 27,659	1,770 1,746 1,736	17,082 17,099 17,077	63.2 63.2 63.3	59.4 59.4 59.5	6.0 5.9 5.9	36.8 36.8 36.7
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	46,483 46,496 46,508	29,434 29,416 29,465	27,696 27,679 27,724	1,739 1,737 1,740	17,049 17,080 17,043	63.3 63.3 63.4	59.6 59.5 59.6	5.9 5.9 5.9	36.7 36.7 36.6
Oct-Dec Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	46,520 46,532 46,544	29,502 29,505 29,498	27,769 27,761 27,783	1,733 1,744 1,715	17,018 17,027 17,046	63.4 63.4 63.4	59.7 59.7 59.7	5.9 5.9 5.8	36.6 36.6 36.6
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	46,556 46,568 46,581	29,538 29,557 29,577	27,824 27,873 27,909	1,713 1,684 1,668	17,019 17,011 17,004	63.4 63.5 63.5	59.8 59.9 59.9	5.8 5.7 5.6	36.6 36.5 36.5
Apr-Jun May-Jul	46,593 46,605 46,617	. 29,552 29,547 29,557	27,930 27,966 27,989	1,622 1,580 1,568	17,041 17,058 17,060	63.4 63.4 63.4	59.9 60.0 60.0	5.5 5.3 5.3	36.6 36.6 36.6
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Seg New (Aut)	46,665 46,686	29,584 29,601	27,999 27,984	1,586 1,616 1,570	17,081 17,085 17,164	63.4 63.4 63.3	60.0 59.9 59.9	5.4 5.5 5.3	36.6 36.6 36.7
Oct-Dec	46,707 46,727	29,542 29,558	27,904 27,994	1,564	17,169	63.3	59.9	5.3	36.7
Changes Over last 3 months Percent	61 0.1	-27 -0.1	-5 0.0	-21 -1.3	88 0.5	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1
Over last 12 months Per cent	207 0.4	56 0.2	225 0.8	-169 <i>-9.8</i>	151 0.9	-0.2	0.2	-0.6	0.2
Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	34,772 34,908 35,018 35,103 35,174 35,242 35,337 35,483 35,663 35,844 36,026 36,177	27,762 28,061 28,216 28,118 27,762 27,762 27,773 27,762 27,762 27,762 27,762 27,762 27,762 27,762 28,181 28,216 28,263 28,263 28,252	25,284 26,007 26,246 25,713 25,056 24,799 25,002 25,308 25,645 26,6450 26,754	2,477 2,054 1,970 2,404 2,799 2,963 2,771 2,499 2,373 2,063 1,803 1,778	7,010 6,847 6,986 7,318 7,481 7,564 7,676 7,645 7,645 7,645	79.8 80.4 80.6 80.1 79.2 78.8 78.6 78.6 78.6 78.6 78.6 78.5 78.9	72.7 74.5 75.0 73.3 - 71.2 70.4 70.4 70.8 71.3 71.9 72.9 72.9 73.4 73.4 73.4	8.9 7.3 7.0 8.6 10.0 10.7 9.0 9.0 8.5 7.3 6.4 6.2	20.2 19.6 19.4 19.9 20.8 21.2 21.4 21.4 21.6 21.4 21.5 21.1
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	36,119 36,130 36,142	28,450 28,520 28,550	26,654 26,700 26,729	1,796 1,819 1,821	7,669 7,611 7,592	78.8 78.9 79.0	73.8 73.9 74.0	6.3 6.4 6.4	21.2 21.1 21.0
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	36,154 36,165 36,177	28,545 28,541 28,532	26,744 26,747 26,754	1,801 1,794 1,778	7,609 7,624 7,645	79.0 78.9 78.9	74.0 74.0 74.0	6.3 6.3 6.2	21.0 21.1 21.1
Apr-Jun May-Jul	36,189 36,200 36,210	28,538 28,537 28,569	26,788 26,810 26,851	1,750 1,727 1,716	7,651 7,663 7,645	78.9 78.8 78.9	74.0 74.1 74.2	6.1 6.1 6.0	21.1 21.2 21.1
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct	36,223 36,234	28,604 28,590	26,887 26,872 26,011	1,717	7,619 7,645 7,614	79.0 78.9 79.0	74.2 74.2 74.2	6.0 6.0 6.0	21.0 21.1 21.0
Oct-Dec Nov 99-Jan 2000	36,245 36,257 36,268	28,631 28,653 28,655	26,941 26,933	1,720 1,712 1,722	7,603 7,612	79.0 79.0 78.9	74.3 74.3 74.3	6.0 6.0 5.9	21.0 21.0 21.1
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win) Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr	36,279 36,290 36,301	28,641 28,683 28,707	26,947 26,988 27,039	1,694 1,695 1,667	7,607 7,594	79.0 79.1	74.5 74.4 74.5	5.9 5.8 5.7	21.0 20.9 20.9
Mar-May (Spr) Apr-Jun May-Jul	36,312 36,323 36,334	28,739 28,712 28,701	27,088 27,107 27,140	1,651 1,605 1,562	7,573 7,611 7,633	79.1 79.0 79.0	74.6 74.6 74.7	5.6 5.4	21.0 21.0 21.0
Jun-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep	36,346 36,392	28,716 28,751	27,164 27,179 27,169	1,553 1,572 1,601	7,629 7,641 7,648	79.0 79.0 79.0	74.7 74.7 74.6	5.4 5.5 5.6	21.0 21.0 21.2
Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	36,412 36,433 36,452	28,764 28,701 28,722	27,139 27,177	1,562 1,546	7,732 7,730	78.8 78.8	74.5 74.6	5.4 5.4	21.2
Changes Over last 3 months	60	-29	- 2	-27 -1.7	89 1.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	0.2
Over last 12 months	195	-0.7 69	235	-166 -9.7	126	-0.2	0.2	-0.6	0.2

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY A.1

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UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	All aged 16 and over	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2 MGSG	3 MGSA	4 MGSD	5 - 	MGWH	MGSS	MGSY	YBTD
Males aged to and over Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1989 1989 1989 1989 1989 1989 1991 1993 1995 1995 1995	21,596 21,706 21,801 21,871 21,924 21,985 22,049 22,156 22,283 22,412 22,547 22,657	16.378 16.508 16.556 16.474 16.265 16.099 16.078 16.090 16.136 16.184 16.185 16.325	14,885 15,277 15,376 14,945 14,372 14,085 14,224 14,451 14,562 14,857 15,069 15,213	1,492 1,231 1,180 1,530 2,014 1,854 1,639 1,574 1,328 1,328 1,117 1,112	5,218 5,198 5,245 5,397 5,659 5,886 6,065 6,147 6,228 6,362 6,332	75.8 76.1 75.9 75.3 74.2 72.9 72.6 72.4 72.4 72.4 72.2 71.8 72.1	68.9 70.4 70.5 68.3 65.6 64.1 64.5 65.2 65.3 66.3 66.8 67.1	9.1 7.5 7.1 9.3 11.6 12.5 10.2 9.8 8.2 6.9 6.8	24.2 23.9 24.1 25.8 26.8 27.1 27.4 27.6 27.8 28.2 27.9
3-month averages 071-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	22,615 22,623 22,632	16,280 16,303 16,331	15,155 15,158 15,189	1,125 1,146 1,142	6,335 6,320 6,301	72.0 72.1 72.2	67.0 67.0 67.1	6.9 7.0 7.0	28.0 27.9 27.8
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr	22,640 22,649 22,657	16,319 16,318 16,325	15,196 15,202 15,213	1,123 1,115 1,112	6,321 6,331 6,332	72.1 72.0 72.1	67.1 67.1 67.1	6.9 6.8 6.8	27.9 28.0 27.9
Anz-Jun May-Jul	22,666 22,674 22,682	16,324 16,318 16,334	15,230 15,245 15,273	1,094 1,073 1,061	6,341 6,356 6,348	72.0 72.0 72.0	67.2 67.2 67.3	6.7 6.6 6.5	28.0 28.0 28.0
Jud-Sep Ang-Oct	22,690 22,698 22,706	16,353 16,344 16,376	15,293 15,295 15,322	1,060 1,049 1,054	6,337 6,354 6,330	72.1 72.0 72.1	67.4 67.4 67.5	6.5 6.4 6.4	27.9 28.0 27.9
0 - Dec 99-Jan 2000	22,714 22,722 22,730	16,386 16,397 16,363	15,339 15,339 15,332	1,048 1,058 1,032	6,328 6,325 6,367	72.1 72.2 72.0	67.5 67.5 67.5	6.4 6.5 6.3	27.9 27.8 28.0
-Apr Mar 2000	22,738 22,746 22,754	16,386 16,413 16,418	15,359 15,402 15,409	1,028 1,011 1,009	6,352 6,333 6,337	72.1 72.2 72.2	67.5 67.7 67.7	6.3 6.2 6.1	27.9 27.8 27.8
Arr-Jun Asry-Jul	22,762 22,770 22,778	16,381 16,350 16,343	15,395 15,398 15,398	986 951 945	6,381 6,420 6,435	72.0 71.8 71.7	67.6 67.6 67.6	6.0 5.8 5.8	28.0 28.2 28.3
Sel-Sep Ag-Oct	22,811 22,823 22,837	16,361 16,391 16,371	15,419 15,426 15,421	942 965 949	6,450 6,433 6,466	71.7 71.8 71.7	67.6 67.6 67.5	5.8 5.9 5.8	28.3 28.2 28.3
Oct-Dec	22,850	16,394	15,446	948	6,455	71.7	67.6	5.8	28.3
Changes Cher last 3 months Forcent	39 0.2	34 0.2	28 0.2	6 0.7	. 5 0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Over last 12 months	136 0.6	8 0.0	107 0.7	-99 -9.5	127 2.0	-0.4	0.1	-0.6	0.4
Males aged 16 to 64	YBTG	YBSL	YBSF	YBSI	YBSO	MGSP	MGSV	YBTJ	YBTM
(Moor-May) 19:39 19:39 19:39 19:39 19:39 19:39 19:39 19:45 19:45 19:45 19:45 19:45 19:45 19:45 19:45 19:45	18,169 18,242 18,312 18,350 18,382 18,414 18,460 18,541 18,641 18,744 18,744 18,744 18,744	16,099 16,191 16,249 16,172 15,949 15,831 15,803 15,793 15,859 15,905 15,903 16,031	14,623 14,986 15,085 14,660 14,072 13,830 13,960 14,163 14,286 14,589 14,797 14,928	1,476 1,205 1,164 1,512 1,877 2,001 1,843 1,631 1,562 1,316 1,107 1,103	2,071 2,051 2,063 2,178 2,433 2,657 2,747 2,782 2,839 2,948 2,912	88.6 88.8 88.7 88.1 86.8 85.6 85.2 85.1 84.9 84.4 84.4	80.5 82.1 82.4 79.9 76.6 75.1 75.6 76.4 76.7 77.6 78.5 78.5	9.2 7.4 7.2 9.3 11.8 12.6 11.7 10.3 9.9 8.3 5 7.0 6 9.9	11.411.211.311.913.214.014.414.814.915.115.615.4
3-month averages Oci-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	18,907 18,914 18,921	16,007 16,023 16,046	14,890 14,886 14,912	1,117 1,136 1,133	2,901 2,892 2,876	84.7 84.7 84.8	78. 8 78.7 78.8	7.0 7.1 7.1 7.1	15.3 15.3 15.2
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	18,929 18,936 18,943	16,029 16,028 16,031	14,914 14,920 14,928	1,114 1,109 1,103	2,900 2,907 2,912	84.7 84.6 84.6	78.8 78.8 78.8	3 7.0 3 6.9 3 6.9	15.3 15.4 15.4
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,950 18,957 18,964	16,032 16,027 16,039	14,947 14,962 14,987	1,085 1,065 1,053	2,918 2,930 2,925	84.6 84.5 84.6	78.9 78.9 79.0	9 6.8 9 6.6 0 6.6	15.4 15.5 15.4
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,970 18,976 18,983	16,056 16,051 16,081	15,006 15,011 15,035	1,050 1,040 1,046	2,914 2,925 2,902	84.6 84.6 84.7	79. 79. 79.	1 6.5 1 6.5 2 6.5	15.4 15.4 15.3
Oct-Dec Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	18,989 18,995 19,001	16,085 16,102 16,071	15,045 15,051 15,045	1,040 1,051 1,026	2,904 2,893 2,930	84.7 84.8 84.6	79. 79. 79.	2 22 5.5 22 6.5 6.4	15.3 15.2 15.4
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	19,008 19,014 19,020	16,090 16,115 16,127	15,069 15,109 15,125	1,021 1,006 1,002	2,918 2,898 2,894	84.7 84.8 84.8	79. 79. 79.	3 6.3 5 6.2 5 6.2	15.3 15.2 15.2
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	19,026 19,032 19,039	16,097 16,062 16,062	15,117 15,119 15,124	980 943 938	2,929 2,970 2,977	84.6 84.4 84.4	79. 79. 79.	5 6.1 4 5.9 4 5.8	15.4 15.6 15.6
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	19,068 19,078 19,089	16,082 16,104 16,084	15,145 15,146 15,143	937 959 941	2,986 2,974 3,006	84.3 84.4 84.3	79 . 79. 79.	4 5.8 4 6.0 3 5.9	15.7 15.6 15.7
Oct-Dec	19,100	16,112	15,173	939	2,988	84.4	79.	.4 5.8	15.6
Changes Over last 3 months Percent	32 0.2	30 0.2	28 0.2	2 0.2	2 0.1	0.0	0.	0 0.0	0.0
Over last 12 months	111	27	128	-101 -9.7	84 2.9	-0.3	0	.2 -0.6	0.3

Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1;7=3/1;8=4/2;9=5/1. See technical note on pS12.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1. See technical note on pS12. S6 Labour Market trends March 2001

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.



Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

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LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Labour Force Survey summary: female, seasonally adjusted

NITED KINGDOM EASONALLY ADJUSTED	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
emales aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-Mav)	MGSN	MGSH	MGSB	MGSE	MGSK	MGWI	MGST	MGSZ	YBTE
1988 1989 1990	23,201 23,272 23,307	12,109 12,389 12,482	11,084 11,514 11,657	1,025 875 825	11,092 10,883 10,825	52.2 53.2 53.6	47.8 49.5 50.0	8.5 7.1 6.6	47.8 46.8 46.4
1991 1992 1993	23,354 23,386 23,415	12,461 12,434 12,466	11,546 11,496 11,483	915 938 982	10,893 10,952 10,949	53.4 53.2 53.2	49.4 49.2 49.0	7.3 7.5 7.9	46.6 46.8 46.8
1994 1995 1996 1997	23,438 23,486 23,553	12,500 12,528 12,670	11,556 11,649 11,850	943 879 820	10,938 10,958 10,883	53.3 53.3 53.8	49.3 49.6 50.3	7.5 7.0 6.5	46.7 46.7 46.2
1997 1998 1999	23,624 23,707 23,774	12,819 12,867 13,036	12,060 12,160 12,350	760 707 686	10,805 10,839 10,738	54.3 54.3 54.8	51.0 51.3 51.9	5.9 5.5 5.3	45.7 45.7 45.2
3-month average Oct-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	23,748 23,753 23,759	12,981 13,030 13,032	12,293 12,339 12,336	687 691 696	10,768 10,724 10,726	54.7 54.9 54.9	51.8 51.9 51.9	5.3 5.3 5.3	45. 3 45.1 45.1
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	23,764 23,769 23,774	13,039 13,043 13,036	12,343 12,347 12,350	696 696 686	10,724 10,725 10,738	54.9 54.9 54.8	.51.9 51.9 51.9	5.3 5.3 5.3	45.1 45.1 45.2
Apr-Jun May-Jul	23,779 23,784	13,038 13,041	12,362 12,368	675 673	10,741 10,743	54.8 54.8	52.0 52.0	5.2 5.2	45.2 45.2
Jun-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep	23,789 23,793	13,060 13,081	12,385 12,402	675 679	10,729 10,712	54.9 55.0	52.1 52.1	5.2 5.2	45.1 45.0
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	23,797 23,801 23,805	13,071 13,089	12,384 12,402	688 687	10,726 10,713	54.9 55.0	52.0 52.1	5.3 5.2	45.1 45.0
Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	23,805 23,810 23,814	13,108 13,135	12,420 12,422 12,451	685 683	10,702 10,679	55.1 55.2	52.2 52.3	5.2 5.2	44.9 44.8
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	23,818 23,822 23,826	13,151 13,144 13,159	12,465 12,471 12,500	686 673 659	10,667 10,678 10,667	55.2 55.2 55.2	52.3 52.4 52.5	5.2 5.1 5.0	44.8 44.8 44.8
Apr-Jun May-Jul	23,831 23,835	13,171 13,197	12,535 12,568	636 629	10,660 10,638 10,635	55.3 55.4 55.4	52.6 52.7 52.8	4.8 4.8 4.7	44.7 44.6 44.6
Jul-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep Aug-Oct	23,839 23,855 23,863	13,214 13,224 13,210	12,591 12,580 12,558	623 644 652	10,625 10,631 10,653	55.4 55.4	52.8 52.7 52.6	4.9 4.9	44.6 44.6
Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	23,870 23,877	13,172 13.163	12,542 12,547	630 616	10,698 10,713	55.2 55.1	52.5 52.6	4.8 4.7	44.8 44.9
Changes Over last 3 months	22	-60	-33	-28	83	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.3
Percent Over last 12 months	0.1 71	-0.5 48	-0.3 118	-4.3 -70	0.8 23	0.0	0.3	-0.5	0.0
emales aged 16 to 59	0.3	0.4	0.9	-10.2	0.2	Mose	MOON	VPTV	100 PM
Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1988	YBTH 16,602	YBSM 11,663	YBSG 10,661	YBSJ	4,939 4,706	70.2 71.2	64.2	8.6 7.1	29.8 23.8
1969 1990 1991	16,706 16,706 16,754	11,870 11,967 11,946	11,022 11,161 11,053	849 806 893	4,739 4,808 4,885	71.6 71.3 70.9	-66.8 66.0 65.4	6.7 7.5 7.7	28.4
1992 1993 1994 1995	16,828 16,877 16,942	11,906 11,931 11,970 12,012	10,984 10,969 11,043 11,145	922 961 928 869	4,897 4,907 4,929	70.9 70.9 70.9	65.2 65.4 65.8	8.1 7.7 7.2	29.1 29.1 39.1
1996 1997 1998	17,022 17,101 17,174	12,013 12,159 12,277 12,359	11,348 11,530 11,663	811 748 696	4,863 4,824 4,815	71.4 71.8 72.0	66.7 67.4 67.9	6.7 6.1 5.6	28.6 23.2 23.0
1999 3-month averages	17,234	12,501	11,826	675	4,733	72.5	68.6	5.4	27.5
Oct-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	17,211 17,216 17,220	12,443 12,497 12,504	11,764 11,814 11,817	679 683 688	4,768 4,719 4,716	72.3 72.6 72.6	68.4 68.6 68.6	5.5 5.5 5.5	27.4 27.4 27.4
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr	17,225 17,230	12,516 12,513	11,830 11,827	686 686	4,709 4,717 4,733	72.7 72.6 72.5	68.7 68.6 68.6	5.5 5.5 5.4	27.3 27.4 27.5
mar-may (Spr) Apr-Jun Mav-Jul	17,234 17,239 17,244	12,501 12,506 12,510	11,826 11,841 11,848	675 665 662	4,733 4,733	72.5 72.5 72.5	68.7 68.7	5.3 5.3	27.5 27.5
Jun-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep	17,248	12,528	11,865	664 667	4,720 4,706	72.6	68.8 68.9	5.3 5.3	27.3 27.3 27.3
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,258 17,263	12,538 12,551	11,861 11,877	677 674	4,720 4,712	72.7 72.7	68.7 68.8	3 5.4 5.4	27.3
Oct-Dec Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	17,268 17,273 17,277	12,568 12,554 12,570	11,896 11,883 11,902	672 671 668	4,700 4,719 4,708	72.8 72.7 72.8	68.8 68.9	5.3 5.3	27.1 27.2
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	17,282 17,287 17,292	12,593 12,591 12,612	11,919 11,930 11,963	674 661 650	4,690 4,696 4,680	72.9 72.8 72.9	69.0 69.0 69.2	5.4 5.3 5.1	27. 27.2 27.1
Apr-Jun May-Jul	17,297 17,301	12,615 12,639	11,990 12,020	625 619	4,682 4,663	72.9 73.1 73.1	69.3 69.5	5.0 5 4.9 4.9	27. 26.9 26.9
Jun-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep	17,307 17,324	12,654 12,669	12,040 12,034	614 635	4,053 4,655 4,675	73.1 73.1 73.0	69.5 69.3	5.0 5.1	26.1 27.0
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,334 17,343	12,660 12,617	12,017 11,996	643 621	4,726	73.0 72.7 72.7	69.2 69.2	4.9	27. 27.3
Changes Over lact 2	17,352	12,610	12,003	-20	-,742	-0.5	-0.3	-0.2	0.5
Percent	0.2	-59 -0.5	-0.3	-4.5	1.9	.0.1	0.3		0.1

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

 Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1;7=3/1;8=4/2;9=5/1.

 S8
 Labour Market trends
 March 2001

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment .

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1;7=3/1;8=4/2;9=5/1.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Labour Force Survey summary: all, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Econor activ rate
ADJUSTED	1	2	3	4	5	
All people aged 16 and over Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1986 1980 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990 1990	MGTY 44,797 45,107 45,226 45,310 45,400 45,488 45,641 45,835	MGTS 28,345 28,764 28,909 28,813 28,582 28,447 28,455 28,446 28,486 28,663	MG1M 25,860 26,935 26,400 25,812 25,511 25,717 26,026 26,323 26,323	MGTP 2,485 2,075 1,974 2,414 2,769 2,936 2,769 2,936 2,769 2,936 2,769 2,940 2,340 2,340	16,453 16,214 16,198 16,413 16,729 16,954 17,032 17,155 17,172	
1907 1907 1908 1904	46,036 46,253 46,431	28,852 28,892 29,194	26,814 27,116 27,442	1,776 1,752	17,361 17,237	
3-sconth averages Oct Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	46,363 46,377 46,390	29,279 29,286 29,242	27,530 27,501 27,437	1,749 1,784 1,805	17,084 17,091 17,148	
Jan Mar 1999	46,404	29,230	27,403	1,827	17,174	
Fels Apr	46,417	29,243	27,432	1,810	17,174	
Mar May (Spr)	46,431	29,194	27,442	1,752	17,237	
Api-Jun	46,444	29,261	27,512	1,748	17,184	
Max-Jul	46,458	29,388	27,615	1,772	17,070	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,471	29,596	27,778	1,818	16,875	
Jul-Sep	46,483	29,656	27,838	1,819	16,827	
Aug-Oct	46,496	29,542	27,785	1,757	16,953	
Seg-Nov (Aut)	46,508	29,542	27,807	1,735	16,966	
Odi-Dec	46,520	29,524	27,857	1,667	16,996	
No / 99 -Jan 2000	46,532	29,463	27,767	1,696	17,069	
Dic 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	46,544	29,382	27,693	1,689	17,162	
Jan-Mar 2000	46,556	29,418	27,696	1,722	17,138	
Fel-Apr	46,568	29,448	27,765	1,683	17,121	
May (Spr)	46,581	29,412	27,793	1,619	17,169	
Adr-Jun	46,593	29,433	27,844	1,589	17,160	
May-Jul	46,605	29,564	27,977	1,587	17,040	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	46,617	29,750	28,118	1,632	16,868	
Jab S ep	46,665	29,803	28,146	1,657	16,862	
Alig-Oct	46,686	29,716	28,077	1,639	16,971	
Sab-Nov (Aut)	46,707	29,611	28,036	1,575	17,096	
OrivDec	46,727	29,568	28,068	1,500	17,158	
Changes Over last 12 months Percent	207 0.4	44 0.1	212 0.8	-167 -10.0	163 1.0	
All percele aged 16-59(W)/64(M Spring quarters)	YBSW	YBSQ	YBST	YBSZ	м
(*1ar-May) 1980 1980 1980 1981 1982 1982 1985 1985 1985 1985 1985 1985 1985 1985	34,772 34,908 35,108 35,103 35,174 35,242 35,337 35,483 35,663 35,844 36,026 36,177	27,619 27,928 28,087 27,995 27,734 27,640 27,648 27,673 27,673 27,673 28,026 28,097 28,359	25,174 25,905 26,149 25,662 24,997 24,738 24,936 25,552 26,012 26,341 26,627	2,445 2,022 1,939 2,373 2,738 2,902 2,712 2,443 2,321 2,243 2,321 2,015 1,757 1,732	7,152 6,980 6,931 7,108 7,440 7,690 7,810 7,790 7,810 7,790 7,818 7,929 7,818	
3-month averages Oct Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	36,119 36,130 36,142	28,472 28,479 28,438	26,738 26,711 26,648	1,73 4 1,768 1,789	7,646 7,651 7,704	
Jan-Mar 1999	36,154	28,418	26,610	1,808	7,735	
Feb-Apr	36,165	28,421	26,628	1,793	7,744	
Mar-May (Spr)	36,177	28,359	26,627	1,732	7,818	
Apr-Jun	36,189	28,428	26,699	1,729	9 7,760	
May-Jul	36,200	28,562	26,807	1,754	4 7,639	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,212	28,765	26,966	1,798	3 7,447	
Jul-Sep	36,223	28,828	27,032	1,79	6 7,395	
Aug-Oct	36,234	28,717	26,980	1,73	7 7,517	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,245	28,711	26,997	1,71	4 7,534	
Oct-Dec	36,257	28,679	27,032	1,64	7 7,578	
Nov99 -Jan 2000	36,268	28,619	26,945	1,67	5 7,648	
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	36,279	28,531	26,862	1,66	9 7,748	
Jan-Mar 2000	36,290	28,564	26,860	1,70	4 7,726	
Feb-Apr	36,301	28,594	26,928	1,66	6 7,707	
Mar-May (Spr)	36,312	28,568	26,966	1,60	2 7,744	
Apr-Jun	36,323	28,587	27,015	1,57	2 7,737	
May-Jul	36,334	28,717	27,148	1,56	9 7,617	
Jun-Aug (Sum)	36,346	28,907	27,291	1,61	7 7,438	
Jul-Sep	36,392	28,975	27,332	2 1,64	3 7,417	
Aug-Oct	36,412	28,883	27,261	1 1,62	3 7,529	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	36,433	28,773	27,215	5 1,55	7 7,660	
Oct-Dec	36,452	28,734	27,252	2 1,48	7,718	
Changes Over last 12 months Percent	195	5	5 22 1	1 -16 8 -10	56 141 .1 1.9)



mia		10	Economic	
tivity	Employment	unemployment	inactivity	
e (%)	rate (%)	rate (%)	rate (%)	
	MGUE	MGUK		
$\begin{array}{c} 63.3\\ 64.0\\ 64.1\\ 63.7\\ 63.1\\ 62.7\\ 62.6\\ 62.4\\ 62.5\\ 62.7\\ 62.5\\ 62.9\end{array}$	57.7 59.3 59.7 58.4 57.0 56.2 56.5 57.0 57.4 58.2 58.6 59.1	8.8 7.2 6.8 8.4 9.7 10.3 9.6 8.6 8.2 7.1 6.1 6.0	36.7 36.0 35.9 36.3 36.9 37.3 37.4 37.6 37.5 37.5 37.3 37.1	
63.2	59.4	6.0	36.8	
63.1	59.3	6.1	36.9	
63.0	59.1	6.2	37.0	
63.0	59.1	6.2	37.0	
63.0	59.1	6.2	37.0	
62.9	59.1	6.0	37.1	
63.0	59.2	6.0	37.0	
63.3	59.4	6.0	36.7	
63.7	59.8	6.1	36.3	
63.8	59.9	6.1	36.2	
63.5	59.8	5.9	36.5	
63.5	59.8	5.9	36.5	
63.5	59.9	5.6	36.5	
63.3	59.7	5.8	36.7	
63.1	59.5	5.7	36.9	
63.2	59.5	5.9	36.8	
63.2	59.6	5.7	36.8	
63.1	59.7	5.5	36.9	
63.2	59.8	5.4	36.8	
63.4	60.0	5.4	36.6	
63.8	60.3	5.5	36.2	
63.9	60.3	5.6	36.1	
63.6	60.1	5.5	36.4	
63.4	60.0	5.3	36.6	
63.3	60.1	5.1	36.7	
-0.2	0.2	-0.6	0.2	
NGUB	MGUH			
79.4 80.0 80.2 79.8 78.8 78.4 78.2 78.0 78.2 78.0 78.2 78.0 78.2 78.0 78.4	72.4 74.2 73.0 71.1 70.2 71. 71.0 72.0 73.0 73.0 73.0	4 8.6 2 7.2 7 6.5 0 8.5 1 9.9 2 10.4 6 7.2 1 8.6 6 6 6 6	20.6 20.0 19.8 20.2 20.0 20.0 20.0 21.2 21.8 21.8 22.0 32.1.8 22.0 32.1.8 22.0 12.1.6	
78.8	74.	0 6.	1 21.2	
78.8	73.	9 6.	2 21.2	
78.7	73.	7 6.	3 21.3	
78.6	73.	6 6.	4 21.4	
78.6	73.	6 6.	3 21.4	
78.4	73.	6 6.	1 21.6	
78.6	73.	8 6.	1 21.4	
78.9	74.	1 6.	1 21.1	
79.4	74.	5 6.	3 20.6	
79.6	74.	.6 6.	2 20.4	
79.3	74.	.5 6.	0 20.7	
79.2	74.	.5 6	0 20.8	
79.1 78.9 78.6	74 74 74	.6 5 .3 5 .0 5	7 20.9 21.1 .8 21.4	
78.7	74	.0 6	.0 21.3	
78.8	74	.2 5	.8 21.2	
78.7	74	.3 5	.6 21.3	
78.7	74	.4 5	.5 21.3	
79.0	74	.7 5	.5 21.0	
79.5	75	.1 5	.6 20.5	
79.6	75	i.1 5	.7 20.4	
79.3	74	1.9 5	.6 20.7	
79.0	74	1.7 5	.4 21.0	
78.8	3 74	1.8 5	.2 21.2	
-0.3).2 -0	0.6 0.3	

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0207533 6094

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Labour Force Survey summary: male, not seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM		Total				Economic		ILO	Thousands
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED -	All	active	employment ^a	unemployed	Economically inactive	rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	unemployment rate (%)	inactivity rate (%)
Males aged 16 and over Spring quarters	MGTZ	MGTT	MGTN	MGTQ	5 MGTW	6	7 MGUF	8 MGUL	9
(Mar-May) 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1995 1996 1997 1998	21,596 21,706 21,801 21,871 21,924 21,985 22,049 22,156 22,283 22,412 22,547	16,299 16,434 16,433 16,401 16,187 16,021 16,009 16,052 16,098 16,098	14,824 15,219 15,318 14,887 14,322 14,035 14,173 14,397 14,503 14,792 14,999	1,475 1,215 1,165 1,514 1,865 1,986 1,866 1,866 1,612 1,549 1,306 1,098	5,297 5,272 5,318 5,470 5,737 5,964 6,050 6,146 6,230 6,314 6,450	75.5 75.7 75.6 75.0 73.8 72.9 72.6 72.3 72.0 71.8 71.4	68.6 70.1 70.3 68.1 65.3 63.8 64.3 65.0 65.1 66.0 66.5	9.0 7.4 7.1 9.2 11.5 12.4 11.4 10.1 9.6 8.1 6.8	24.5 24.3 24.4 25.0 26.2 27.1 27.4 27.7 27.4 27.7 28.0 28.2 28.5
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1998	22,657	16,234	15,138	1,095	6,423	71.6	66.8	6.7	28.4
Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	22,623 22,632	16,271 16,257	15,143 15,125	1,127 1,132	6,353 6,375	71.9 71.8	66.9 66.8	6.9 7.0	28.1 28.1 28.2
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	22,640 22,649 22,657	16,238 16,242 16,234	15,107 15,118 15,138	1,132 1,124 1,095	6,402 6,406 6,423	71.7 71.7 71.6	66.7 66.8 66.8	7.0 6.9 6.7	28.3 28.3 28.4
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,666 22,674 22,682	16,277 16,345 16,471	15,191 15,261 15,367	1,087 1,084 1,104	6,388 6,329 6,211	71.8 72.1 72.6	67.0 67.3 67.7	6.7 6.6 6.7	26.2 27.3
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,690 22,698 22,706	16,501 16,419 16,398	15,400 15,374 15,364	1,101 1,045 1,033	6,190 6,280 6,309	72.7 72.3 72.2	67.9 67.7 67.7	6.7 6.4	
Oct-Dec Nov99 -Jan 2000 Dec 99 -Feb 2000 (Win)	22,714 22,722 22,730	16,376 16,368 16,289	15,369 15,324 15,264	1,008 1,044 1,026	6,338 6,354 6,441	72.1 72.0 71.7	67.7 67.4 67.2	6.2 6.4	27.8 27.9 28 0
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	22,738 22,746 22,754	16,307 16,341 16,327	15,273 15,323 15,336	1,034 1,018 991	6,431 6,406 6,427	71.7 71.8 71.8	67.2 67.4	6.3 6.2	
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	22,762 22,770 22,778	16,320 16,365 16,468	15,346 15,414 15,491	974 950 977	6,442 6,405 6,210	71.7 71.7 71.9	67.4 67.7	6.0 5.8	
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	22,811 22,823 22,837	16,502 16,458 16,392	15,525 15,497 15,461	977 960 931	6,309 6,366	72.3 72.1	68.1 67.9	5.9 5.8 5.8	
Oct-Dec	22,850	16,390	15,478	912	6,445 6,460	71.8	67.7	5.7 5.6	
Changes Over last 12 months Percent	136 0.6	14 0.1	110 0.7	-96 -9.5	122 1.9	-0.4	0.1	-0.6	
ales aged 16 to 64 Spring quarters		YBSX	YBSR	YBSU	YBTA	MGUC	MGUI		
1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	18,169 18,242 18,312 18,350 18,382 18,414 18,460 18,541 18,641 18,744 18,852 18,943	16,020 16,117 16,175 16,099 15,871 15,754 15,725 15,713 15,776 15,818 15,818 15,813	14,561 14,927 15,027 14,603 14,021 13,780 13,909 14,109 14,238 14,523 14,725 14,851	1,458 1,189 1,148 1,496 1,850 1,974 1,816 1,604 1,538 1,294 1,088 1,088	2,150 2,126 2,136 2,251 2,511 2,511 2,661 2,735 2,828 2,826 2,926 3,038 3,006	88.2 88.3 87.7 86.3 85.6 85.2 84.7 84.6 84.4 83.9 84.1	- 80.1 81.8 82.1 79.6 76.3 74.8 75.3 76.1 76.4 77.5 78.1 78.4	9.1 7.4 7.1 9.3 11.7 12.5 11.5 10.2 9.7 8.2 6.9 6.8	11 a 11.7 12.3 13.7 14.4 14.6 15.6 15.6 15.6 15.6 15.5
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1998 Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	18,907 18,914 18,921	15,998 15,993 15,976	14,918 14,875 14,853	1,079 1,118 1,123	2,910 2,921 2,945	84.6 84.6 84.4	78.9 78.6 78.5	6.7 7.0 7.0	16.4 15.4 15.8
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	18,929 18,936 18,943	15,950 15,953 15,937	14,827 14,836 14,851	1,123 1,117 1,086	2,979 2,983 3,006	84.3 84.2 84.1	78.3 78.4 78.4	7.0 7.0 6.8	15.7 15.8 15.9
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	18,950 18,957 18,964	15,980 16,050 16,172	14,902 14,974 15,076	1,078 1,076 1,096	2,970 2,906 2,792	84.3 84.7 85.3	78.6 79.0 79.5	6.7 6.7 6.8	15.7 15.3 14.7
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	18,970 18,976 18,983	16,203 16,128 16,105	15,112 15,091 15,079	1,091 1,037 1,026	2,767 2,849 2,878	85.4 85.0 84.8	79.7 79.5 79.4	6.7 6.4 6.4	14.6 15.0 15.2
Oct-Dec Nov99 -Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	18,989 18,995 19,001	16,079 16,076 16,001	15,078 15,040 14,981	1,001 1,037 1,020	2,910 2,919 3,000	84.7 84.6 84.2	79.4 79.2 78.8	6.2 6.4 6.4	15.0 15.4 15.8
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	19,008 19,014 19,020	16,012 16,042 16,034	14,984 15,029 15,049	1,028 1,012 984	2,996 2,972 2,987	84.2 84.4 84.3	78.8 79.0 79.1	6.4 6.3 6.1	15.8 15.6 15.7
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	19,026 19,032 19,039	16,032 16,075 16,184	15,065 15,134 15,214	967 942 970	2,994 2,957 2,854	84.3 84.5 85.0	79.2 79.5 79.9	6.0 5.9 6.0	15.7 15.5 15.0
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	19,068 19,078 19,089	16,224 16,175 16,107	15,252 15,221 15,184	972 955 923	2,844 2,903 2,982	85.1 84.8 84.4	80.0 79.8 79.5	6.0 5.9 5.7	14.9 15.2 15.6
Oct-Dec	19,100	16,111	15,208	903	2,989	84.4	79.6	5.6	15.6
Over last 12 months Per cent	111 0.6	32 0.2	130 0.9	-98 -9.8	79 2.7	-0.3	0.2	-0.6	0.3

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1;7=3/1;8=4/2;9=5/1.

SIO Labour Market trends March 2001

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

a Since spring 1992 unpaid family workers have been classified as in employment.

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+5; 2=3+4; 6=2/1; 7=3/1; 8=4/2; 9=5/1.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY A.1 Labour Force Survey summary: female, not seasonally adjusted

		and the second second						A Shield State - And	Thousan
UNITED KINGDOM	All	Total economically active	Total in employment ^a	ILO unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
ADJUSTED	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Females aged 16 and over	MGUA	MGTU	MGTO	MGTR	MGTX		MGUG	MGUM	
(Mar-May) 1988	23,201 23,272	12,046 12,330	11,036 11,470	1,010 860	11,155 10,942	51.9 53.0	47.6 49.3	8.4 7.0	48.1 47.0
1969 1990 1991	23,307 23,354	12,427 12,412	11,617 11,512	809 900	10,880 10,942	53.3 53.1	49.8 49.3	6.5 7.2	46.7 46.9
1992 1993	23,386 23,415 23,438	12,395 12,426 12,456	11,491 11,476 11,544	904 949 912	10,992 10,989 10,983	53.0 53.1 53.1	49.1 49.0 49.3	7.3 7.6 7.3	47.0 46.9 46.9
1995 1995	23,486 23,553	12,477 12,611	11,629 11,820	849 791	11,009 10,942	53.1 53.5	49.5 50.2	6.8 6.3	46.9 46.5
	23,624 23,707 23,774	12,754 12,796 12,960	12,022 12,117 12,304	732 679 657	10,871 10,911 10,813	54.0 54.0 54.5	50.9 51.1 51.8	5.7 5.3 5.1	46.0 46.0 45.5
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1998	23,748	13,011	12,349	662 657	10,737	54.8	52.0	5.1	45.2
Nov 98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	23,753 23,759	12,985	12,330	673	10,773	54.0 54.7	51.8	5.2	45.2 45.3
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	23,769 23,774	13,001 12,960	12,314 12,304	686 657	10,768 10,813	54.7 54.7 54.5	51.8 51.8	5.3 5.1	45.3 45.5
Asr-Jun May-Jul	23,779 23,784 23,789	12,983 13,043 13,125	12,322 12,354 12,411	662 689 714	10,795 10,741 10,664	54.6 54.8 55.2	51.8 51.9 52.2	5.1 5.3 5.4	45.4 45.2 44.8
sul-Sep	23,793 23,797	13,156 13,124	12,438 12,411	718 712	10,637 10,673	55.3 55.1	52.3 52.2	5.5 5.4	44.7 44.9
sep-Nov (Aut)	23,801 23,805	13,144 13,147	12,443 12,488	701 660	10,657 10,658	55.2 55.2	52.3 52.5	5.3 5.0	44.8 44.8
Nov99 -Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	23,810 23,814	13,095 13,093	12,443 12,430	652 664	10,715 10,721	55.0 55.0	52.3 52.2	5.0 5.1	45.0 45.0
lan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	23,818 23,822 23,826	13,111 13,107 13,084	12,423 12,442 12,457	688 665 628	10,707 10,715 10,742	55.0 55.0 54.9	52.2 52.2 52.3	5.2 5.1 4.8	45.0 45.0 45.1
Spr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	23,831 23,835 23,839	13,113 13,199 13,282	12,498 12,563 12,627	615 636 655	10,718 10,635 10,557	55.0 55.4 55.7	52.4 52.7 53.0	4.7 4.8 4.9	45.0 44.6 44.3
Sul-Sep Aug-Oct Sao-Nov (Aut)	23,855 23,863 23,870	13,301 13,258 13,220	12,621 12,579 12,575	680 678 644	10,554 10,605 10,650	55.8 55.6 55.4	52.9 52.7 52.7	5.1 5.1 4.9	44.2 44.4 44.6
Oct-Dec	23,877	13,178	12,590	588	10,699	55.2	52.7	4.5	44.8
Changes Over last 12 months Percent	71 0.3	31 0.2	102 0.8	-72 -10.9	41 0.4	0.0	0.3	-0.6	0.0
Females aged 16 to 59 Opring quarters		YBSY	YBSS	YBSV	УВТВ	MGUD	MGUJ		
988 1989	16,602 16,666	11,600 11,811	10,613 10,978	987 833	5,002 4,855	69.9 70.9	63.9 65.9	8.5 7.1	30.1 29.1
1990	16,706 16,754	11,912 11,897	11,122 11,020 10,975	790 877 888	4,794 4,857 4,929	71.3 71.0 70.6	66.6 65.8 65.4	6.6 7.4 7.5	28.7 29.0 29.4
1992 1993 1994	16,828 16,877	11,887	10,975	928 896	4,929 4,941 4,955	70.6 70.6 70.6	65.1 65.3	7.8 7.5	29.4 29.4
-95 -636	16,942 17,022	11,960 12,098	11,121 11,315	839 783	4,982 4,924	70.6 71.1	65.6 66.5	7.0 6.5	29.4 28.9
1997 1998 1999	17,101 17,174 17,234	12,208 12,284 12,422	11,488 11,616 11,776	720 668 646	4,892 4,890 4,812	71.4 71.5 72.1	67.2 67.6 68.3	5.9 5.4 5.2	28.6 28.5 27.9
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1998	17,211	12,475	11,820	655	4,737	72.5	68.7	5.2	27.5
Dec 98-Feb 99 (Win)	17,220	12,460	11,796	666	4,759	72.4	68.5	5.3	27.6
Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	17,225 17,230 17,234	12,468 12,468 12,422	11,783 11,792 11,776	685 676 646	4,757 4,761 4,812	72.4 72.4 72.1	68.4 68.3	5.5 5.4 5.2	27.6 27.6 27.9
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,239 17,244 17,248	12,449 12,512 12,593	11,797 11,833 11,891	652 679 703	4,790 4,732 4,655	72.2 72.6 73.0	68.4 68.6 68.9	5.2 5.4 5.6	27.8 27.4 27.0
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,253 17,258 17,263	12,626 12,589 12,606	11,920 11,889 11,918	705 700 688	4,628 4,669 4,657	73.2 72.9 73.0	69.1 68.9 69.0	5.6 5.6 5.5	26.8 27.1 27.0
Oct-Dec Nov99 -Jan 2000	17,268 17,273	12,600 12,543	11,954 11,905	647 638	4,667 4,730	73.0 72.6	69.2 68.9	5.1 5.1	27.0 27.4
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	17,277	12,530	11,881	649	4,748	72.5	68.8	5.2	27.5 27.4
Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	17,282 17,287 17,292	12,552 12,552 12,534	11,898 11,916	654 618	4,735 4,758	72.6 72.5	68.8 68.9	5.2 4.9	27.4 27.5
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,297 17,301 17,307	12,555 12,642 12,723	11,950 12,014 12,077	605 628 647	4,742 4,660 4,584	72.6 73.1 73.5	69.1 69.4 69.8	4.8 5.0 5.1	27.4 26.9 26.5
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,324 17,334 17,343	12,751 12,708 12,665	12,080 12,040 12.031	671 668 634	4,573 4,626 4,678	73.6 73.3 73.0	69.7 69.5 69.4	5.3 5.3 5.0	26.4 26.7 27.0
Oct-Dec	17,352	12,623	12,044	579	4,729	72.7	69.4	4.6	27.3
Changes Over last 12 months Per cent	84 0.5	22 0.2	90 0.8	-68 -10.5	62 1.3	-0.2	0.2	2 -0.5	0.2

A.1



Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

COMPARISONS OVER TIME

ONS recommends that non-overlapping periods are always used for comparisons over time.

The sample design of the LFS enables estimates for any three consecutive months to be calculated. ONS began publication of these estimates in April 1998. The most reliable comparison is one between non-overlapping periods. For the latest data, compare the data from three months previously e.g. December to February data with that for September to November rather than November to January. Due to the overlap of two months, the latter comparison would actually just compare the single months of November and February, but the data are not robust enough to make this comparison. This can lead to unreliable conclusions about change. For further details see article by Richard Laux, pp59-63, Labour Market Trends, February 1998.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF LABOUR FORCE SURVEY DATA

LFS data are based on statistical samples (see Sources, pS2) and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If we drew many samples, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in the table below represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. We would expect that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from not seasonally adjusted data for Oct-Dec 2000 in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*, or the LFS *Quarterly Supplement*.

UNITED KINGDOM SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	Level	Sampling variability	Change on quarter	Sampling variability	Change on year	Sampling variability
In employment (000s)	27,994	±162	-5	±117	225	±206
Employment rate	74.6%	±0.4%	-0.1%	<u>+</u> 0.3%	0.2%	<u>+0.4%</u>
ILO unemployment (000s)	1,564	±52	-21	<u>+</u> 54	-169	±71
ILO unemployment rate	5.3%	±0.2%	-0.1%	±0.2%	-0.6%	±0.2%
Economically active (000s)	29,558	±159	-27	±115	56	±202
Economic activity rate	78.8%	±0.3%	-0.2%	<u>+</u> 0.2%	-0.2%	±0.4%

For more detailed analyses, please see the Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement.

Note: Following the introduction of the Local Labour Force Survey (see article pp195-9, Labour Market Trends, May 2000), the survey design for the Note: Following the introduction of the Local Labour Force Survey (see ance pp 195-9, Labour Market Trends, May 2000), the survey design to the main Labour Force Survey has changed from June 2000. There will be more interview areas from which interviews will be selected. In the short error (i.e. from April to June 2000 until August to October 2001) it is predicted that there will be a very slight increase in standard errors across measures of employment, ILO unemployment and economic inactivity (expected to be no bigger than 4 per cent), as the survey methodology switches rom old to new interview areas. After that period there will be a decrease in those standard errors because of the increase in the number of interview areas. leading to improved stratification of the sampling. There will be no impact on the levels, rates or changes in LFS data; there will only be an imp standard errors. For more information see article by Dave Elliot in the July 2000 edition of the ONS Survey Methodology Bulletin, or contact Hussain, tel. 020 7533 6133.

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY .2 Labour Force Survey trends series: employment and unemployment - technical note

Trends indicating the underlying movement of the series, after factors such as seasonality and irregular values have been removed, are sho the graphs below. The trends are estimated using a standard approach adopted by ONS, based on the results of its short-term trends research p In this case, the recommended method is to apply a 13-term Henderson moving average, augmented by two stages of outlier detection and modelling, to the seasonally adjusted series. For more information, see An Investigation of Trend Estimation Methods, available from the Time Analysis Branch (020 7533 6236).

Estimates of the trends at the end of the series are subject to revision when new data become available. The graphs below give an indication is likely extent of these revisions. They have been constructed by making statistical estimates of the range of values within which the next data in the series is likely to fall. The resultant extended series have been used to calculate the corresponding likely range of revised trend estimates. that this range does not take account of revisions which might arise from seasonal adjustment

There is a margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying trend behaviour of employment, or ILO unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported.

For further information, please see the article on pp431-6, Labour Market Trends, August 1999.



Labour Force Survey trend series: employment and unemployment

WITTO KINGDOMa	Employmentb		ILO unemployment ^c	
UNITED KINGDOM	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)	Level (thousands)	Rate (per cent)
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1992 Nov 92-Jan 93 Dec 92-Feb 93	25,632 25,605 25,583	70.6 70.5 70.4	2,966 2,988 3,004	10.4 10.5 10.5
Jan-Mar 1993 Feb-Apr Mar-May Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov Oct-Dec Nov 33-Feb 34	25,567 25,557 25,554 25,556 25,563 25,574 25,588 25,604 25,623 25,645 25,645 25,669 25,696	704 703 703 703 703 704 704 704 704 704 705 705 705 70.6	3,011 3,011 3,004 2,993 2,980 2,968 2,957 2,946 2,935 2,946 2,935 2,920 2,920 2,920 2,920 2,923	10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.4 10.4 10.4 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.2 10.2 10.1
Jan-Mar1694 Feb-Aor Mar-May Apr-Jun May-Jui Jun-Aug Jul-Sep Aug-Och Sep-Noc Och-Des Nov 94: San 95 Dec 64: Fob 95	25,724 25,752 25,780 25,802 25,832 25,857 25,857 25,857 25,905 25,928 25,928 25,928 25,976 26,003	70.6 70.7 70.8 70.9 70.9 71.0 71.0 71.0 71.1 71.1 71.1 71.1	2,859 2,834 2,807 2,779 2,779 2,718 2,684 2,650 2,617 2,569 2,565 2,565 2,547	10.0 9.9 9.8 9.7 9.6 9.5 9.4 9.3 9.2 9.1 9.0 8.9
Jan-Mer 1995 Feb-As Mar-May Apr-Juo Jun-An Jul-Sen Aug-Co Sep-Nu- Oct-Duo Nov 96-Jun 96 Dec 95-Fab 96	26,031 26,061 26,094 26,127 26,162 26,196 26,230 26,262 26,291 26,316 26,337 26,354	712 713 713 714 714 715 716 716 716 717 718 718 718 718	2,534 2,524 2,515 2,506 2,497 2,497 2,499 2,449 2,459 2,449 2,449 2,445 2,435 2,423	89 88 88 87 87 87 87 86 86 86 86 85 85 85 84
Jan-Mar 1996 Feb-A Mar-Law Apr-Jud Jun-A Jun-A Jul-Sen Aug-C Sep-Yu- Oct-D Sep-Yu- Oct-D D Sep-Yu- Oct-D D Sep-Sep 97	26,369 26,384 26,400 26,419 26,443 26,473 26,573 26,553 26,602 26,553 26,602 26,655 26,711 26,768	71.8 71.9 71.9 71.9 71.9 72.0 72.1 72.2 72.3 72.4 72.5 72.6	2,411 2,389 2,386 2,373 2,359 2,344 2,327 2,308 2,286 2,286 2,259 2,229 2,197	84 83 82 82 81 81 80 79 78 77 77 76
Jan-Mai 1997 Feb-An Mar-Mai Apr-Jun Jun-Aug Juf-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov Oct-Dec Nov 97-Jun 98 Dec 97-Feb 98	26,823 26,874 26,920 26,962 27,029 27,057 27,082 27,103 27,123 27,143 27,143 27,164	72.7 72.8 72.9 73.0 73.1 73.1 73.1 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.3 73.3	2,164 2,132 2,100 2,070 2,040 2,011 1,981 1,952 1,925 1,925 1,829 1,878 1,861	75 73 72 7.1 7.0 69 68 67 66 65 65 65 64
Jan-Mar 1998 Feb-Apr Mar-May Apr-Jun May-Jul Jur-Aug Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov Oct-Dec Nov98-Jan 99 Dec 98-Feb 99	27,187 27,212 27,239 27,269 27,300 27,333 27,366 27,333 27,366 27,399 27,431 27,462 27,469 27,514	73.4 73.5 73.5 73.6 73.6 73.7 73.7 73.7 73.8 73.8 73.8 73.9 73.9	1,848 1,839 1,834 1,830 1,828 1,827 1,827 1,827 1,826 1,826 1,826 1,826 1,826 1,823 1,819	64 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 62 62 62 62 62 62
Jan-Mar 1999 Feb-Apr Mar-May Apr-Jun May-Jul Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov Oct-Dec Nov99-Jan 2000 Dec99-Feb 2000	27,535 27,555 27,575 27,596 27,618 27,642 27,667 27,692 27,718 27,745 27,745 27,774 27,805	73.9 74.0 74.0 74.1 74.1 74.1 74.1 74.2 74.2 74.3 74.3 74.3 74.4	1,812 1,803 1,791 1,779 1,766 1,766 1,766 1,768 1,741 1,741 1,725 1,728 1,779 1,708	62 61 61 60 60 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 58 58 58
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov Oct-Dec	27,836 27,869 27,926 27,949 27,949 27,968 27,968 27,983 27,994 28,003 28,011	74.4 74.5 74.6 74.6 74.6 74.6 74.7 74.6 74.6 74.6	1,694 1,678 1,661 1,644 1,628 1,613 1,599 1,596 1,572 1,560	5.7 5.6 5.6 5.5 5.5 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.3 5.3

end estimates prior to Dec 94-Feb 95 (excluding Mar-May periods), are based on data including interpolated data for Northern Ireland. For further information see pp211-15, Labour arket Trends, April 1999

Levels are for those aged 16 and over and rates are for those of working age. Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. The rate is as a proportion of the economically active.

Oct-De 2000

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY



March 2001 Labour Market trends

S13

margin of error surrounding the trend estimates, particularly at the end of the series. The trend can be used to get a general impression of the underlying behaviour of ent, or ILO unemployment, but month-on-month changes in the trend numbers should not be reported. For more information, see technical note on pS12. here is a ma

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Other headline indicators

	- Other he		0		Thousands, seasonally adjuste
UNITED	KINGDOM	Workforcejobs			
		Levels	and and a second section	the second state of the se	
	and the second second	All	Male	Female	
		DYDC	LOLA	LOLB	
1998	September	27,755	14,985	12,770	
	December	27,787	15,027	12,760	
1999	March	27,804	15,047	12,756	
	June	27,921	15,099	12,823	
	September	27,928	15,078	12,850	
	December	28,038	15,111	12,927	
2000	March	28,023	15,072	12,951	
	June	28,070	15,119	12,952	
	September	28,032	15,042	12,991	
Change	on quarter	-38	-77	39	
Percent		-0.1	-0.5	0.3	
Change	on year	104	-37	141	
Percent		0.4	-0.2	1.1	

UNITED	KINGDOM	Claimant counta	Claimant count-											
		Levels			Rates (%)b	Rates (%) ^b								
		All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female							
		BCJD	DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI							
2000	January ^d	1,161.4	885.5	275.9	4.0	5.5	2.1							
	February	1,156.5	880.9	275.6	4.0	5.5	2.1							
	March	1,140.6	869.4	271.2	3.9	5.4	2.1							
	Aprild	1,117.6	852.7	264.9	3.8	5.3	. 2.0							
	May	1,109.9	845.4	264.5	3.8	5.3	2.0							
	June	1,092.5	832.7	259.8	3.8	5.2	2.0							
	July ^d	1,069.3	817.3	252.0	3.7	5.1	1.9							
	August	1,051.7	806.5	245.2	3.6	5.0	1.9							
	Septemberd	1,043.8	800.2	243.6	3.6	5.0	1.9							
	October	1,047.7	802.2	245.5	3.6	5.0	1.9							
	November	1,044.3	798.4	245.9	3.6	5.0	1.9							
	December ^d R	1,030.3	786.8	243.5	3.5	4.9	1.9							
2001	January P	1,004.8	766.6	238.2	3.5	4.8	1.8							
Change	on month	-25.5	-20.2	-5.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.0							
Percent		-2.5	-2.6	-2.2										
Change	on year	-156.6	-118.9	-37.7	-0.5	-0.7	-0.3							
Percent		-13.5	-13.4	-13.7										

GREAT	BRITAIN	Whole economy ear	nings	UNITED KINGDO	M	Notified vacancies
		Average Earnings Index	Headline rate (3-month average) ^c			Level
		LNMQ	LNNC			DRYW
1999	December R	122.2	5.3	2000	January February	225.9 231.2
2000	January	123.3	5.7 R		March	233.5
	February	123.0	5.9			
	March	123.2	5.6		April May	235.3 198.9
	April	122.9	5.0		June	222.2
	May	123.1	4.5			
	June	123.5	4.1		July August	218.9 218.3
	July	123.9	3.9		September	227.2
	August	124.8	4.0			
	September	125.2	4.1		October November	222.1 220.0
	October	125.8	4.2		December R	223.6
	November	126.4	4.2			
	December P	128.1	4.4	2001	January P	222.5
Change	on month	1.7	0.2			-1.1
Change	on year	5.9	-0.9			-3.4

Sources: Employer surveys; DfEE Training Data System; Benefits Agency administrative system Employment Service administrative system; Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

Count of claimants of unemployment-related benefits, i.e. Jobseeker's Allowance and/or National Insurance credits. National and regional claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employed, HM Forces and participants on work-related government training programmes) at mid-1999 for 1999 and 2000 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years. The headline rate is the annual change in the average seasonally adjusted series over the latest three months. Months where there are five weeks between count dates. All the rest are four-week periods.

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A.4 LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY Regional summary

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

					1 2 2 10	L	_abour Ford	ce Survey	(October t	o Decem	ber 2000)		122 55 55				
T 16	otal aged 6 and over		Econom	ically acti	ve			LFS em	ployment			ILO unemployment					
Government	All	A	II	Male	Female	A	All	Ma	ale	Fen	nale	AI	I	M	ale	Fei	male
Office Regions	Level	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)b	Level	Rate(%)b	Level	Rate(%)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	2,032	1,185	73.9	667	519	1,090	67.9	604	72.9	486	62.4	95	8.0	63	. 9.4	32	63
North West	5,364	3,274	76.5	1,815	1,459	3,101	72.5	1,710	76.7	1,391	67.8	172	5.3	105	5.8	68	4.7
Yorkshire and the Humber	3,963	2,497	79.0	1,376	1,121	2,342	74.0	1,281	77.5	1,061	70.0	155	6.2	95	6.9	60	5.3
East Midlands	3,319	2,111	79.8	1,183	928	2,012	76.0	1,124	81.5	888	69.9	100	4.7	59	5.0	40	4.3
West Midlands	4,175	2,612	78.2	1,471	1,141	2,456	73.5	1,371	78.5	1,085	67.9	156	6.0	100	6.8	56	4.9
East	4,286	2,839	82.7	1,563	1,275	2,737	79.7	1,504	84.8	1,233	74.1	101	3.6	59	3.8	42	
London	5,688	3,649	76.1	2,063	1,587	3,394	70.7	1,910	77.1	1,484	63.7	255	7.0	153	7.4	102	
South East	6,360	4,249	83.0	2,336	1,912	4,108	80.2	2,260	85.5	1,848	74.3	140	3.3	76	3.3	64	
South West	3,920	2,498	82.4	1,372	1,126	2,400	79.1	1,313	83.5	1,086	74.2	98	3.9	58	4.3	40	
England	39,108	24,913	79.3	13,845	11,068	23,640	75.2	13,077	80.2	10,563	69.6	1,272	5.1	768	5.5	504	
Wales	2,312	1,341	74.0	745	595	1,261	69.5	691	73.5	569	65.0	80	6.0	54	7.3	26	4.4
Scotland	4,039	2,556	78.9	1,382	1,174	2,391	73.8	1,285	77.5	1,106	69.8	165	6.5	97	7.0	68	
Great Britain	45,459	28,810	79.0	15,973	12,837	27,292	74.8	15,053	79.6	12,238	69.4	1,518	5.3	919	. 5.8	598	
Northern Ireland	d ^c 1,267	753	72.0	424	330	708	67.6	396	73.8	312	61.0	45	6.0	28	6.5	17	
United Kingdo	m 46,727	29,558	78.8	16,394	13,163	27,994	74.6	15,446	79.4	12,547	69.2	1,564	5.3	948	5.8	616	

Change on quarter^d

1	6 and over		Economically active				LFS employment						ILO unemployment				
Government	All	A	11	Male	Female	AI		Ма	ale	Fen	nale	AI	I	Ma	ale	Fem	ale
Office Regions	Level	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)b	Level	Rate(%)b	Level	Rate
North East	0	-23	-1.4	-3	-20	-10	-0.5	7	0.9	-17	-2.1	-13	-0.9	-10	-1.4	-4	
North West	1	1	0.0	-6	8	5	0.2	-5	-0.4	10	0.9	-4	-0.1	-2	-0.1	-2	
Yorkshire and the Humber	2	-3	-0.2	-12	10	-6	-0.3	-10	-0.7	4	0.1	3	0.1	-2	-0.1	6	
East Midlands	5	-10	-0.7	0	-10	-9	-0.5	1	-0.1	-10	-1.0	-2	-0.1	-1	-0.1	0	
West Midlands	2	3	0.0	12	-9	-2	-0.2	2	0.1	-4	-0.5	5	0.2	10	0.6	-4	
East	7	32	0.7	16	16	35	0.8	18	0.8	18	0.8	-4	-0.2	-2	-0.2	-2	
London	19	-4	-0.3	23	-28	-4	-0.3	16	0.3	-20	-1.0	0	0.0	7	0.3	-8	
South East	13	7	-0.2	5	2	-4	-0.4	-3	-0.3	0	-0.4	10	0.2	8	0.3	2	
South West	. 7	-30	-1.0	-4	-25	-26	-0.9	-5	-0.4	-21	-1.4	-4	-0.1	0	0.0	-4	
England	57	-27	-0.2	29	-56	-19	-0.2	20	0.0	-40	-0.4	-8	0.0	9	0.1	-16	
Wales	2	-10	-0.7	0	-9	-2	-0.2	1	-0.1	-2	-0.3	-8	-0.5	-1	-0.1	-7	
Scotland	1	2	0.1	1	1	13	0.4	5	0.4	8	0.5	-11	-0.4	-4	-0.3	-7	
Great Britain	60	-35	-0.2	30	-64	-8	-0.1	· 26	0.0	-34	-0.3	-27	-0.1	4	0.0	-30	
Northern Ireland	łc																
United Kingdo	om 61	-27	-0.2	34	-60	-5	-0.1	28	0.0	-33	-0.3	-21	-0.1	6	0.0	-28	

Change on year

To 16:	tal aged and over		Economically active				LFS employment						ILO unemployment					
Government	All	A	11	Male	Female	A	11	Ma	ale	Fen	nale	AI		Ma	ale	Fem	ale	
Office Regions	Level	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Level	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)a	Level	Rate(%)b	Level	Rate(%)b	Level	Rate(%)	
North East	-1	-3	-0.2	10	-14	1	0.1	11	1.6	-10	-1.6	-5	-0.4	-1	-0.3	-4		
North West	2	-17	-0.4	-31	13	8	0.3	-9	-0.4	17	1.0	-25	-0.7	-22	-1.1	-4		
Yorkshire and the Humber	9	25	0.5	-12	37	22	0.4	-9	-0.7	31	1.6	3	0.1	-3	-0.2	6		
EastMidlands	18	-27	-1.5	-5	-22	-7	-0.7	5	-0.1	-12	-1.4	-20	-0.9	-10	-0.8	-10	-0.9	
West Midlands	7	-27	-1.0	-7	-20	-4	-0.2	-3	-0.6	0	0.2	-23	-0.8	-4	-0.2	-19	-1.6	
East	27	60	1.0	15	45	76	1.5	26	1.1	50	2.0	-17	-0.7	-11	-0.8	-5	-0.5	
London	56	-17	-1.1	20	-37	-11	-1.0	19	-0.5	-30	-1.5	-6	-0.1	2	0.0	-8	-0.3	
South East	47	19	-0.3	-5	24	51	0.3	17	0.2	34	0.4	-32	-0.8	-22	-0.9	-10	-0.6	
South West	26	3	0.0	5	-2	9	0.2	6	0.1	3	0.4	-6	-0.3	-2	-0.1	-5	-0.4	
England	190	15	-0.4	-10	26	146	0.1	62	0.0	84	0.2	-131	-0.5	-73	-0.5	-58	-0.5	
Wales	6	-3	-0.8	-1	-2	17	0.3	8	0.8	8	-0.1	-20	-1.5	-10	-1.3	-10	-1.7	
Scotland	3	43	1.4	19	24	58	1.9	33	22	25	1.5	-15	-0.7	-14	-1.1	-1	-0.2	
Great Britain	200	56	-0.2	7	48	221	0.3	103	0.2	117	0.3	-165	-0.6	-96	-0.6	-69	-0.6	
Northern Ireland ^c	7	1	-0.3	1	1	6	0.2	4	0.6	2	-0.3	-5	-0.6	-3	-0.8	-1	-0.3	
Inited Kingdom	207	56	-0.2	8	48	225	0.2	107	0.2	118	0.3	-169	-0.6	-99	-0.6	-70	-0.5	

 Relationship between columns: 2=4+5=6+12; 6=8+10; 12=14+16.
 Labour Market Statistics Helplin

 a
 Denominator = all persons of working age.

 b
 Denominator = total economically active.

 c
 Estimates for Northern Ireland are not seasonally adjusted. The quarterly series starting in 1995 provides insufficient data to do this reliably. Quarterly changes are therefore not shown.

 d
 Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

	Em	ployer survey	/S		Bene	fits Agency ad	Iministrative sy	ystem		Employment S	ervice admini	istrative system
	Civilian work not sea	force jobs (Se sonally adjus	ptember 2000) ted		Cla	aimant count ((January 2001)		Jobcentre v	acancies ^e (Jar	nuary 2001)
	All	Male	Female	A	JI	Male		Female				
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Ratef	Level	Ratef	Level	Ratef	Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
th Fast	1,007	511	497	66.5	6.0	53.3	9.0	13.2	2.6	10.3	22.5	10.2
orth West	2,995	1,566	1,430	127.3	4.0	99.6	5.8	27.7	1.9	26.2	44.2	23.5
rkshire and	2,254	1,185	1,069	99.2	4.2	76.8	5.8	22.4	2.1	20.6	39.5	19.8
etMidlanos	1,871	1,013	858	65.7	3.3	49.0	4.4	16.7	1.9	14.5	23.3	13.8
et Midlands	2,488	1,331	1,157	104.2	4.0	79.5	5.5	24.7	2.1	20.9	39.5	20.7
t	2,519	1,374	1,146	56.6	22	41.7	2.9	14.9	1.3	16.3	24.5	16.4
ion	4,223	2,321	1,902	158.1	3.6	116.9	4.9	41.2	2.1	23.6	38.9	22.1
thEast	3,966	2,124	1,842	68.5	1.7	51.9	2.4	16.6	0.9	25.1	47.0	26.3
hWest	2,330	1,253	1,077	53.8	2.2	40.0	3.0	13.8	1.3	21.7	39.5	20.4
and	23,655	12,677	10,977	799.9	3.2	608.7	4.5	191.2	1.7	179.3	318.8	173.1
es	1,194	639	555	54.8	4.4	42.2	6.0	12.6	2.3	13.0	19.7	12.0
land	2,292	1,181	1,111	109.2	4.5	84.7	6.5	24.5	2.2	26.8	47.8	23.9
atBritain	27,141	14,497	12,643	964.0	3.4	735.7	4.7	228.3	1.8	3 219.1	386.3	209.0
thermiceland	737	400	337	41.0	5.3	31.0	7.1	10.0	2.9)		
ited Kogdom	27,878	14,897	12,980	1,004.8	3.5	766.6	4.8	238.2	1.8	3 222.5	395.2	212.4

Charges on period (period specified below)

	Emp	oloyer survey	s		Bene	fits Agency ad	A LEWARD	Employment Service administrative system				
	Civilian wo July 2000); r	rkforce jobs (not seasonally	change on adjusted		Claima	nt count (cha	nge on Decer	nber 2000)		Job (chang	centre vacanc ge on Decemb	ies ^e er 2000)
	All	Male	Female	1	All	Ma	ale	Female				
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Ratef	Level	Ratef	Level	Ratef	Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies
North East	-6	-11	5	-1.8	-0.2	-1.5	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	1.3	-0.1
North West	-1	-11	11	-3.2	-0.1	-2.5	-0.1	-0.7	0.0	-0.9	2.2	-5.3
Yorkshirs and the Humber	10	5	5	-2.0	-0.1	-1.6	-0.1	-0.4	0.0	0.5	1.8	-0.5
EastMichands	-3	9	-11	-1.3	-0.1	-1.3	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.9	-0.1
WestMidlands	-11	-12	1	-1.9	-0.1	-1.5	-0.1	-0.4	- 0.0	-0.8	1.9	-0.5
East	6	-4	9	-2.1	-0.1	-1.7	-0.1	-0.4	0.0	-0.1	0.7	0.5
London	38	5	33	-3.8	-0.1	-2.9	-0.1	-0.9	0.0	0.1	1.4	-1.3
South East	21	17	4	-3.6	-0.1	-2.9	-0.1	-0.7	0.0	-1.1	1.1	0.3
South West	-1	-10	9	-2.1	-0.1	-1.5	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	0.4	2.3	-1.0
England	53	-12	65	-21.9	-0.1	-17.4	-0.1	-4.5	0.0	-2.0	13.5	-8.1
Wales	4	4	0	-0.9	-0.1	-0.9	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.7	-0.5
Scotland	9	5	4	-1.6	-0.1	-1.1	-0.1	-0.5	0.0	0.8	2.2	-1.2
Great Britain	66	-3	70	-24.4	-0.1	-19.3	-0.1	-5.1	0.0	-1.1	16.4	-9.8
Northern Ireland	3	3	1	-0.8	-0.1	-0.7	-0.2	-0.1	0.0			
United Kingdom	69	-1	70	-25.5	-0.1	-20.2	-0.1	-5.3	0.0	-1.1	16.4	-9.8

tween columns: 1=2+3; 4=6+8.

The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999. National and regional claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employed, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) at mid-1999 for 1999 and 2000 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.

TECHNICAL NOTE: LABOUR FORCE SURVEY SAMPLING VARIABILITY - October to December 2000

	Employment level(000s)	ILO unemployment level(000s)	Economically active level (000s)	Working age economically inactive level (000s)	Employment rate (%)	ILO unemployment rate (%)
North East	± 34	± 12	± 34	± 35	±1.8%	±1.0%
North West	±57	±17	± 57	± 56	±1.1%	±0.5%
Yorkshire and the Humber	± 47	±16	± 46	± 45	±1.2%	±0.7%
EastMidlands	± 43	±13	±43	±41	±1.3%	±0.6%
WestMidlands	±49	±16	± 48	± 47	±1.2%	±0.6%
East	±47	±14	± 47	± 43	±1.0%	±0.5%
London	± 60	±23	± 58	± 58	±1.1%	±0.6%
SouthEast	± 58	±16	±57	± 52	±0.9%	±0.4%
SouthWest	± 47	± 13	± 47	± 44	±1.2%	±0.5%
Wales	±37	± 12	±37	±38	±1.7%	±0.9%
Scotland	± 47	± 16	± 46	± 44	±1.2%	±0.6%

LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY A.4



Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0207 533 6094

The Labour Force Survey data in table A.4 are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of the samples the range would contain the true value. The ranges are approximated from not seasonally adjusted data in line with research on the topic. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*. Following the introduction of the Local Labour

Following the introduction of the Local Labour Force Survey, the survey design for the main Labour Force Survey has changed, from June 2000, temporarily increasing standard errors. See technical note, pS12.

March 2001

Labour Market trends SI7

EMPLOYMENT Full-time, part-time and temporary workers **B.1**

Full-time, part-time	a
----------------------	---

Total

20

YCCU

5,698 5,792 5,961 6,060 6,337 6,516 6,602 6,688

6,723 6,701 6,762

6,780 6,788 6,791

6,810 6,839 6,867

6,889 6,860 6,870

6,861

-28 -0.4

138 2.1

YCCV

840 881 948 1,034 1,127 1,238 1,265 1,302

1,317 1,313 1,322

1,328 1,342 1,336

1,333 1,331 1,337

1,332 1,329 1,338

1,347

15 1.1

30 2.3

YCCW

4,857 4,911 5,012 5,026 5,209 5,278 5,337 5,386

5,406 5,388 5,441

5,452 5,446 5,455

5,477 5,508 5,530

5,558 5,531 5,531

5,514

-**43** -0.8

108 2.0

Some other reason

YCCR

499 509 519

526 519 534

554 561 557

567 563 570

567

0.0

68 13.6

222 233 237

239 230 236

248 249 244

241 244 250

246

4

24 10.8

YCCT

278 276 283

286 289 298

306 312 313

326 319 320

321

-4 -1.3

44 15.8

YCCS

19

Hada

18

99 95 96

95 99 102

102 105 103

88 94 100

105

17 18.7

5 5.5

844655858

59 58 58

55 57 58

57 58 55

46 50 55

59

13 28.3

0.1

41 39 38

40 42 44

46 48 48

42 44 45

46

4 8.3

5 13.3

YCCQ

YCCP

YCCO

contract with period of training

Could not find full-time job

YCCX

679 674 670

670 678 671

665 662 671

670 672 663

666

-4 -0.6

-13

YCCY

257 260 261

266 265 266

270 263 266

257 263 259

271

13 5.1

14 5.4

YCCZ

422 414 408

403 413 405

395 399 405

413 409 404

395

-18 -4.2

-27 -6.3

21

emporary employees (reasons for temporary working)

% that could not find

nanent pe

YCCI

35.9 42.0 43.2 40.9 38.3 36.2 35.0

33.7 33.2 32.9

32.7 32.6 31.0

30.1 29.2 29.8

29.4 29.1 28.2

28.1

-1.3

-5.5

YCCJ

42.6 48.4 48.1 50.1 47.4 43.7 42.3 40.3

38.4 37.7 38.3

38.3 38.1 36.3

35.9 35.1 35.9

35.6 35.1 33.7

33.4

-2.1

-4.9

чсск

30.9 36.8 37.1 35.6 33.6 31.1 30.2

29.4 29.0 28.0

27.7 27.8 26.3

25.0 24.1 24.6

24.2 24.1 23.6

23.6

-0.5

-5.8

job

16

Did not want permanent job

YCCL

535 544 542

542 547 561

556 574 553

549 535 542

540

-**8** -1.5

5 1.0

YCCM

219 223 215

210 214 221

216 220 215

218 208 207

210

-7 -3.3

-9 -4.0

316 321 327

332 333 340

341 354 338

331 327 335

330

-**1** -0.4

14 4.4

YCCN

17

pern

Could not find ermanent job

YCCF

576 569 569

565 564 537

522 511 516

502 490 477

474

-27 -5.4

-101 -17.6

YCCG

311 309 316

313 309 294

291 285 288

279 271 261

259

-20 -7.2

-53 -16.9

үссн

265 260 252

252 256 243

231 226 228

223 219 216

216

-7 -3.2

-**49** 18.4

15

tal as % of all

ployees

YCCC

5.9 6.2 6.8 7.3 7.4 7.7 7.4 7.1

7.0 7.1 7.1

7.1 7.1 7.1

7.1 7.1 7.0

6.9 6.8 6.9 6.9

-0.1

-0.2

YCCD

4.8 5.3 5.8 6.5 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.5

6.3 6.4 6.4

6.3 6.2 6.2

6.3 6.3 6.2

6.0 5.9 5.9

5.9

-0.1

-0.4

YCCE

7.1 7.2 7.9 8.2 8.5 8.7 8.6 7.8

7.8 7.8 7.8

7.9 8.0 8.0

8.0 8.1 8.0

8.0 7.8 7.9

7.9

-0.1

0.0

14

		Alli	nemployment		Alexandri Provensi	Total wor	kers	Employ	IPPS	Self-em	ploved	seasonally adjusted
KINGDOM	Total workers	Employees	Self- employed	Unpaid family workers	Government supported training and employment programmes	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Workers with second jobs
and the second	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
All Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996	MGRZ 25,868 25,568 25,780 26,100 26,412	MGRN 22,084 21,877 21,998 22,313 22,731	MGRQ 3,228 3,185 3,302 3,363 3,304	MGRT 181 150 146 140 127	MGRW 376 355 335 284 250	19,850 19,473 19,526 19,794 19,866	6,018 6,095 6,255 6,306 6,546	16,934 16,667 16,648 16,882 17,043	5,150 5,210 5,350 5,430 5,688	2,680 2,603 2,691 2,733 2,655	548 582 611 630 649	973 1,042 1,149 1,293 1,297
1997 1998 1999 3-month averages	26,916 27,229 27,563	23,219 23,661 24,089	3,357 3,288 3,211	119 102 101	221 177 161	20,219 20,476 20,723	6,697 6,753 6,840	17,393 17,778 18,091	5,827 5,884 5,998	2,667 2,570 2,521	690 719 690	1,258 1,191 1,284
Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	27,769 27,761 27,783	24,316 24,325 24,335	3,184 3,181 3,183 3,174	102 102 111	167 153 154	20,891 20,912 20,864 20,893	6,878 6,849 6,919 6,932	18,300 18,319 18,269 18,310	6,016 6,006 6,067 6,081	2,477 2,487 2,487 2,475	707 695 696	1,227 1,226 1,225
Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	27,873 27,909 27,930	24,446 24,502 24,516	3,169 3,151 3,151	110 108 111	148 147 152	20,932 20,970 20,968	6,941 6,938 6,962	18,357 18,406 18,403	6,089 6,096 6,113	2,470 2,456 2,455	699 695 696	1,233 1,195
May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep	27,966 27,989 27,999	24,505 24,555 24,564	3,195 3,163 3,168	116 116 116	151 154 151	20,968 20,959 20,948	6,998 7,029 7,050	18,366 18,374 18,361	6,139 6,182 6,203	2,495 2,478 2,482	700 686 686	1,160 1,168 1,1 68
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	27,984 27,964 27,994	24,585 24,579 24,621	3,151 3,148 3,137	110 105 102	139 132 133	20,974 20,949 20,994	7,010 7,014 7,000	18,400 18,386 18,430	6,185 6,193 6,192	2,475 2,472 2,467	675 676 669	1,174 1,182 1,202
Changes Over last 3 months Per cent	-5 0.0	57 0.2	-31 -1.0	-13 -11.5	-18 -11.9	46 0.2	- 51 -0.7	69 0.4	-12 -0.2	-14 -0.6	-17 -2.4	36 3.2
Over last 12 month Per cent Male	s 225 0.8 MGSA	305 1.3 MGRO	-47 -1.5 MGRR	0.0 MGRU	-34 -20.1 MGRX	103 0.5 YCBF	122 1.8 YCBI	130 0.7 YCBL	176 2.9 YCBO	-9 -0.4 YCBR	-38 -5.3 YCBU	-21 -2.1 YCBX
Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992 1993 1994	14,372 14,085 14,224	11,629 11,421 11,471	2,442 2,388 2,485	56 44 50	245 232 219	13,376 13,059 13,124 12,296	996 1,026 1,100	10,971 10,743 10,737 10,870	658 678 733 800	2,260 2,185 2,270 2,320	182 203 215 233	445 471 510 540
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	14,451 14,562 14,857 15,069 15,213	11,886 12,188 12,506 12,685	2,476 2,493 2,418 2,385	43 39 30 37	157 137 115 106	13,327 13,540 13,737 13,838	1,234 1,316 1,331 1,375	10,996 11,202 11,511 11,640	890 986 995 1,045	2,238 2,240 2,147 2,127	238 253 271 257	552 553 527 547
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	15,339 15,339 15,332	12,854 12,873 12,867	2,340 2,329 2,328	35 34 37	109 102 100	13,950 13,957 13,939	1 ,389 1,382 1,393	11,812 11,828 11,814	1,042 1,045 1,053	2,065 2,062 2,059	275 267 269	522 525 521
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	15,359 15,402 15,409	12,912 12,963 12,981	2,316 2,311 2,301	36 37 38	95 90 89	13,965 13,995 14,010	1,394 1,406 1,399	11,857 11,897 11,917	1,055 1,066 1,064	2,043 2,035 2,029	273 276 272	524 515 500
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,395 15,398 15,398	12,956 12,929 12,950	2,311 2,342 2,315	37 37 35	91 90 97 08	14,000 14,005 13,997	1,395 1,393 1,401	11,898 11,871 11,877 11,898	1,058 1,058 1,073	2,035 2,069 2,051 2,053	273 273 264 258	492 492 492
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	15,419 15,426 15,421 15,446	12,972 12,998 12,994 13,019	2,304 2,309 2,311	36 35 35	88 84 81	14,037 14,022 14,043	1,390 1,399 1,403	11,923 11,910 11,929	1,074 1,083 1,090	2,049 2,054 2,054	255 255 257	490 499 507
Changes Over last 3 months Per cent	28 0.2	48 0.4	0 0.0	-3 -8.1	-16 -16.9	22 0.2	6 0.4	31 0.3	17 1.5	1 0.0	- 1 -0.5	15 3.1
Over last 12 month Per cent	s 107 0.7	165 1.3 MGRP	-29 -1.2 MGRS	-1 -2.2 MGRV	-28 -25.5 MGRY	93 0.7 YCBG	14 1.0 YCBJ	117 1.0 YCBM	48 4.6 YCBP	-11 -0.5 YCBS	-18 -6.7 YCBV	-15 -2.9 YCBY
Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992 1993 1994	11,496 11,483 11,556	10,454 10,456 10,527	786 797 817	125 107 96	131 123 116	6,473 6,414 6,402	5,022 5,069 5,154	5,963 5,924 5,911	4,491 4,532 4,616	420 418 421	366 379 396 397	529 571 639 746
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	11,850 12,060 12,160 12,350	10,642 10,845 11,032 11,155 11,404	828 864 870 826	50 84 80 72 64	93 84 62 55	6,539 6,679 6,738 6,885	5,311 5,381 5,422 5,465	6,047 6,191 6,266 6,451	4,798 4,841 4,889 4,953	417 427 422 394	411 437 448 432	745 700 664 737
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	12,430 12,422 12,451	11,462 11,452 11,468	843 852 855	67 67 73	58 51 55	6,941 6,955 6,925	5,489 5,468 5,526	6,487 6,491 6,454	4,974 4,961 5,014	412 425 428	432 427 427	70 5 706 704
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	12,465 12,471 12,500	11,479 11,483 11,521	858 857 850	73 72 70	55 58 58	6,927 6,936 6,960	5,538 5,535 5,539	6,453 6,460 6,489	5,026 5,023 5,032	433 435 427	426 422 423	709 717 687
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	12,535 12,568 12,591	11,560 11,576 11,605	840 853 848	74 79 81	61 61 57	6,968 6,963 6,963	5,567 5,605 5,629	6,504 6,495 6,496	5,056 5,081 5,109	419 426 427	421 427 422	679 669 674 672
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	12,580 12,558 12,542	11,592 11,587 11,585	856 847 839	78 74 70	54 50 48	6,927 6,938 6,927	5,653 5,620 5,615	6,462 6,477 6,475	5,130 5,111 5,110	428 426 418	428 421 421 413	675 684 695
Oct-Dec Changes Over last 3 months	-33	11,602 9	-30 -36	-10	-2 -2 0	0,951 24 0.3	-56 -1.0	38 0.6	-28 -0.6	-15 -3.6	-15 -3.5	22 3.3
Over last 12 month	s 118	140 1.2	-18 -2.1	1 1.2	-6 -10.0	9 0.1	108 2.0	13 0.2	127 2.6	1	-19 -4.4	-10 -1.4

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5; 1=6+7; 2=8+9; 3=10+11; 13=15+17+18+19; 20=21+23+24+25; 20=9+11; 14=13/2; 16=15/13; 22=21/20.

EMPLOYMENT B and temporary workers Thousands, se onally adjuste

Part-time employees and self-employed (reasons for working part-tim

% that could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	lll or disabled	Student or at school	
22	23	24	25	THE REAL PROPERTY.
YCDA	YCDD	YCDG	YCDJ	All Spring quarters (Mar-May)
11.3 13.9	4,343 4,300	90 87	621 598	1992 1993
14.1 13.8	4,355 4,398	89 92	675 735	1994 1995
12.9 12.6	4,579 4,660	85 91	858 948	1996 1997
11.8 10.5	4,740 4,874	110 117	973 995	1998 1999
10.1	4.905	124	1.015	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999
10.1 9.9	4,878 4,926	121 126	1,027 1,041	Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)
9.9	4,933	130	1,047	Jan-Mar 2000
10.0 9.9	4,918 4,934	127 122	1,065 1,063	Heb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)
9.8 9.7	4,955	124 130	1,066	Apr-Jun May-Jul
9.8	5,014	134	1,049	Jun-Aug (Sum)
9.7 9.8	5,028 5,017	136 132	1,055 1,039	Jul-Sep Aug-Oct
9.7	5,007	131	1,069	Sep-Nov (Aut)
9.7	5,018	132	1,045	Oct-Dec
0.0	-10 -0.2	-4 -3.2	-10 -0.9	Over last 3 months Percent
-0.4	113	8	30	Over last 12 months
VCDB	2.3	6.6	3.0	Percent
YCDB	TCDE	TCDH	TCDK	Spring quarters (Mar-May)
22.9 30.4	354 336	25 29	268 248	1992
28.0 27.8	350 387	31 32	302 328	1994 1995
26.1 24.7	420 476	29 42	384 415	1996 1997
23.9 21.8	490 548	45 39	428 431	1998 1999
19.5	558	50	452	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999
19.8 19.8	553 560	50 50	450 451	Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)
20.0	556	51	454	Jan-Mar 2000
19.7 19.9	560 558	51 47	466 465	Mar-May (Spr)
20.3 19.7	556 559	48 51	459 458	Apr-Jun May-Jul
19.9	566	51	453	Jun-Aug (Sum)
19.3 19.8	567 575	50 48	457 443	Aug-Oct
20.1	576	. 46	437	Oct-Dec
			,	Changes
0.8	18 3.1	-5 -9.2	-11 -2.4	Over last 3 months Percent
0.6	27 4.8	-4 -8.2	-6 -1.4	Over last 12 months Percent
YCDC	YCDF	YCDI	YCDL	Female
	0.000	~	050	(Mar-May)
9.3	3,968	58 58	349 373	1992
10.9	4,005	80 60	407	1995 1996
9.7	4,184	49 66	532 545	1997 1998
7.8	4,326	78	564	1999
7.8	4,347	74	563	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999
7.7	4,326 4,366	72 76	577	Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)
7.4	4,377	79 76	593 599	Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr
7.4	4,376	75	598	Mar-May (Spr)
7.2 7.2	4,398 4,414	76 79	607 616	Apr-Jun May-Jul
7.3	4,447	83	596	Jun-Aug (Sum)
7.4	4,442	84 85	596 612	Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)
7.2	4,433	86	600	Oct-Dec
				Changes Over last 2 months
-0.3	-27 -0.6	0.3	0.2	Percent
-0.6	86 2.0	12 16.6	36 6.5	Over last 12 months Percent

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

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March 2001

B.2 EMPLOYMENT Employment by age

	All aged over 16	16-59/64	<u> </u>	<u>18-24</u> 4	<u>25-34</u> 5	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F) 7	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
		VRCE	VETO	VPTP	VRTU	VRTY	MGUW	8
In employment All Spring quarters (Mar. May)	MGRZ	YBSE	YBIO	YBIH	YBIU	YBIX	MGUW	MGUZ
1992 1993	25,868 25,568	25,056 24,799	673 576	3,873 3,638	6,717 6,807	9,161 9,202	4,633 4,576	811 760
1994 1995	25,780 26,100	25,002 25,308	584 607	3,491 3,390	6,932 7,048	9,312 9,463	4,684 4,799	77/8 792
1996 1997	26,412 26,916	25,645 26,118 26,460	660 699	3,345 3,295	7,091 7,247 7,225	9,645 9,724 9,875	4,905 5,154 5,398	767 798
1999	27,563	26,754	680	3,276	7,157	10,054	5,587	769 809
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	27,769 27,761 27,783	26,941 26,933 26,947	669 672 664	3,341 3,339 3,342	7,083 7,070 7,043	10,176 10,168 10,220	5,672 5,684 5,678	828 828 838
Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	27,824 27,873 27,909	26,988 27,039 27,088	672 677 675	3,330 3,336 3,345	7,036 7,032 7,034	10,258 10,284 10,294	5,692 5,711 5,739	825 854 821
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	27,930 27,966 27,989	27,107 27,140 27,164	680 669 668	3,334 3,328 3,340	7,010 7,005 6,985	10,313 10,344 10,368	5,770 5,794 5,802	829 877 825
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	27,999 27,984 27,964	27,179 27,163 27,139	649 648 647	3,351 3,343 3,335	6,982 6,964 6,947	10,391 10,391 10,394	5,806 5,816 5,816	820 827 869
Oct-Dec	27,994	27,177	653	3,321	6,942	10,429	5,831	877
Changes Over last 3 months Per cent	-5 0.0	-2 0.0	5 0.7	-30 -0.9	-39 -0.6	38 0.4	25 0.4	-7 -0.3
Over last 12 months	225	235	-16 -2.3	-21 -0.6	-140 -2.0	253 2.5	159 2.8	14
Male	MGSA	YBSF	YBTP	YBTS	YBTV	YBTY	MGUX	MGVA
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	14.070	14.070	246	2.022	3.847	4 976	2 871	-
1992 1993 1994	14,372 14,085 14,224	14,072 13,830 13,960	290 298	1,914 1.854	3,861 3,932	4,970 5.037	2,795 2,838	27.
1995 1996	14,451 14,562	14,163 14,296	306 335	1,811 1,771	4,002 4,013	5,148 5,208	2,896 2,969	253 266
1997 1998 1999	14,857 15,069 15,213	14,589 14,797 14,928	343 347 336	1,766 1,749 1,753	4,086 4,093 4,026	5,268 5,364 5,460	3,125 3,244 3,353	all all
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	15,339 15,339 15,332	15,045 15,051 15,045	333 339 329	1,798 1,797 1,798	3,989 3,976 3,962	5,537 5,547 5,575	3,388 3,391 3,382	13-4 18-2 2017
Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	15,359 15,402 15,409	15,069 15,109 15,125	337 338 337	1,790 1,799 1,794	3,960 3,960 3,961	5,591 5,603 5,614	3,391 3,409 3,419	20 202 202
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	15,395 15,398 15,398	15,117 15,119 15,124	333 331 332	1,786 1,777 1,794	3,942 3,936 3,914	5,620 5,635 5,637	3,435 3,441 3,446	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Oct (Aut)	15,419 15,426 15,421	15,145 15,146 15,143	327 324 324	1,799 1,783 1,779	3,914 3,915 3,910	5,651 5,661 5,668	3,454 3,463 3,462	271 201 270
Oct-Dec	15,446	15,173	325	1,784	3,902	5,684	- 3,479	273
Changes Over last 3 months Percent	28 0.2	28 0.2	-2 -0.5	-15 -0.9	-12 -0.3	33 0.6	25 0.7	-* -0.2
Over last 12 months	107 07	128 0.9	-9 -2.6	-14 -0.8	-87 -2.2	147 2.6	91 2.7	-21 -7,0
Female Spring quarters	MGSB	YBSG	YBTQ	YBTT	YBTW	YBTZ	MGUY	MGVD
(Mar-May) 1992	11,496	10,984	327 286	1,840 1,724	2,870 2,946	4,185 4,232	1,762 1,781	511 514
1993 1994 1995	11,556 11,649	11,043 11,145	286 300	1,637 1,579	3,000 3,046	4,275 4,316	1,845 1,904	514 504
1996 1997	11,850 12,060	11,348 11,530	324 356	1,573 1,529	3,078 3,161	4,438 4,455	1,936 2,029	502 530 407
1998 1999	12,160 12,350	11,663 11,826	349 344	1,517 1,523	3,132 3,131	4,511 4,595	2,155 2,234	524
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	12,430 12,422 12,451	11,896 11,883 11,902	336 333 335	1,544 1,542 1,544	3,094 3,094 3,081	4,639 4,621 4,645	2,284 2,292 2,296	5 34 540 549
Jan-Mar2000	12,465	11,919	335	1,540	3,076	4,667 4,680	2,301 2,302	547 541
Mar-May (Spr)	12,500	11,963	338	1,551	3,073	4,680	2,320	537
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	12,535 12,568 12,591	11,990 12,020 12,040	346 338 336	1,548 1,551 1,546	3,068 3,069 3,071	4,693 4,708 4,731	2,335 2,354 2,355	548 551
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	12,580 12,558 12,542	12,034 12,017 11,996	322 324 323	1,552 1,560 1,557	3,068 3,050 3,037	4,740 4,729 4,726	2,352 2,353 2,353	540 541 546
Oct-Dec	12,547	12,003	328	1,537	3,041	4,745	2,352	544
Changes Over last 3 months Percent	-33 -0.3	-31 -0.3	6 20	-15 -1.0	-27 -0.9	5 0.1	0 0.0	-2 -0.4
Over last 12 months Percent	118 0.9	107 0.9	-7 -2.1	-7 -0.4	-53 -1.7	107 2.3	68 3.0	10 1.9

Thousands se

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

A CONTRACT MONOR	Allaged		-				50-64 (M)	65+ (M)
UNITED KINGDOM	over 16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-59 (F)	60+ (F)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employment rates (%)a	MGSR	MGSU	YBUA	YBUD	YBUG	YBUJ	YBUM	YBUP
All Spring quarters			107	05.0	74.0	70.0		
(Maintenay) 1992	57.1 56.3	71.2 70.4	48.7 43.5	65.9 64.0	74.0 74.1	79.6 79.0	63.2 61.9	8.0 7.6
1990 1994	56.7 57.2	70.8 71.3	45.0 45.1	63.7 64.2	74.7 75.6	79.0 79.4	62.4 63.0	7.7 7.8
1995 1996	57.6	71.9	46.4	65.8 66.6	75.9 78.0	79.7 80.0	63.5 64.5	7.5 7.8
1997 1998	58.9	73.4	47.8	66.6	78.7	80.7	65.5	7.5
1999	59.4	74.0	47.1	66.7	/9./	81.1	00.2	7.9
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999	59.7	74.3	46.4	67.9	80.1	81.4	66.4	8.1
Nov 83-Jan 2000 Dec 29-Feb 2000 (Win)	59.7 59.7	74.3 74.3	46.6 46.1	67.8 67.8	80.1 80.0	81.2	66.3	8.1
Jan Har 2000	59.8	74.4	46.7	67.5	80.1	81.7	66.4	8.1
Feb Aur	59.9 59.9	74.5 74.6	47.0 46.9	67.6 67.8	80.3 80.5	81.8 81.8	66.5 66.7	8.1 8.0
Marenay (Spi)	59.9	74.6	47.2	67.5	80.4	81.8	67.0	8.0
Apr-San May-Jul	60.0	74.7	46.4	67.4 67.6	80.5	81.9 82.0	67.1 67.1	8.0 8.0
Jun aug (Sum)	60.0	74.7	40.4	67.7	90 E	82.0	67.1	80
Jul-Sop Aug-St	60.0 59.9	74.6	45.0 44.9	67.5	80.4	81.9	67.1	8.0
Sep lov (Aut)	59.9	74.5	44.7	67.3	80.4	81.8	67.0	8.0
October	59.9	74.6	45.1	66.9	80.5	82.0	67.1	8.0
Chie ges Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.8	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0
			12	10	0.4	06	07	-0.1
Overlast 12 months	0.2	0.2	-1.3	-1.0	0.4	0.0	0.7	-0.1
Male	MGSS	MGSV	YBUB	YBUE	YBUH	YBUK	YBUN	YBUQ
(Mar May)	65.6	76.6	48.8	67.8	83.7	86.5	66.3	8.5
1992	64.1	75.1	42.6	66.0	83.0	85.3	64.2 64.4	7.1
1984 1965	65.2	76.4	44.0	67.1	84.6	86.3	65.0	8.0
1997 1997	65.3 66.3	76.7 77.8	46.0 46.0	68.2 69.9	84.6 86.4	86.4	67.3	7.3
1903	66.8 67.1	78.5 78.8	46.6 45.5	69.9 70.0	87.5 87.9	87.3 87.6	67.9 68.6	7.4 7.7
2-c with averages	0	10.0						
Oct Dec 1999	67.5	79.2	45.2	71.6	88.5 88.4	88.0 88.0	68.6 68.6	7.9 7.7
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	67.5	79.2	40.0	71.6	88.3	88.3	68.3	7.7
Jan star 2000	67.5	79.3	45.7	71.2	88.5	88.4	68.4 69.7	7.8
Felskor May (Spr)	67.7 67.7	79.5 79.5	45.8 45.7	71.6 71.3	88.7	88.5	68.8	7.6
Acistan	67.6	79.5	45.2	71.0	88.7	88.5	69.0	7.4
May dul Jur Gun (Sum)	67.6 67.6	79.4 79.4	44.9 45.0	70.6 71.2	88.8 88.5	88.6 88.5	69.0 69.0	7.5 7.3
Justian	67.6	79.4	44.2	71.3	88.5	88.5	69.1	7.3
Aug Oct	67.6 67.5	79.4 79.3	43.8	70.6 70.4	88.7 88.7	88.6 88.5	69.2 69.1	7.5 7.4
Oci chao	67.6	79.4	43.8	70.5	88.7	88.6	69.3	7.3
Charge	67.0	73.4	-0.0	10.5	00.1			
Over last 3 month	0.0	0.0	-0.4	-0.8	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.0
Over last 12 months	0.1	0.2	-1.4	-1.1	0.2	0.7	0.7	-0.6
Esmala	HOOT	MOOW	VELIC	VELLE	VEIII	VBIII	VBUO	VBUB
Spring quarters	MGST	WGSW	TBUC		1001	IDOL	1000	
(Mar-84ay) 1992	49.2	65.4	48.6	63.9	64.0	72.7	58.7	7.8
1993 1994	49.0 49.3	65.2 65.4	44.3 45.2	62.0 61.1	65.0 65.6	72.6	58.6 59.5	7.8
1995 1996	49.6	65.8 66.7	45.9 46.7	61.2 63.3	66.4 67.0	72.4 73.5	60.3 60.2	7.7 7.7
1997 1998	51.0	67.4	50.0	63.2	69.2 69.5	73.6	60.6 62.1	8.1 76
1999	51.9	68.6	48.8	63.3	71.1	74.6	62.8	8.0
3-month averages			47.7	62.0	71.9	74.7	62.4	82
Nov 99-Jan 2000	52.2	68.8	47.4	63.9	71.5	74.3	63.5	8.3
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	52.3	68.9	47.7	63.9	/1.4	/4.6	63.5	8.4
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr	52.3 52.4	69.0 69.0	47.7 48.2	63.7 63.5	71.4 71.5	74.8 75.0	63.6 63.5	8.4 8.3
Mar-May (Spr)	52.5	69.2	48.1	64.1	71.7	74.9	63.9	8.2
Apr-Jun May-Jul	52.6	69.3	49.3	63.9	71.7	75.0 75.1	64.2 64.6	8.3 8.4
Jun-Aug (Sum)	52.7 52.8	69.6	48.1 47.8	63.8	72.2	75.4	64.5	8.4
Jul-Sep	52.7	69.5	45.8	64.0	72.1	75.4	64.3	8.4
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	52.6 52.5	69.3 69.2	46.0 45.7	64.3 64.1	71.9 71.7	75.1 75.0	64.2 64.1	8.3 8.4
Oct-Dec	52.6	69.2	46.5	63.2	72.0	75.2	64.0	8.3
Changes	ULU	UUL	1010		in and it	No. Jan Kana		
Over last 3 months	-0.2	-0.3	0.7	-0.8	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3	0.0
Overlast 12 months	03	03	-13	-0.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.2
	0.0	0.0			The second second second second			

a Denominator = all people in the relevant age group.



EMPLOYMENT B.2

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.11 EMPLOYMENT Workforce jobs^a

		Employee	jobs		1	and the second	Self-	HM	Government-	Workforce	UNITED KINGDOM
		Male		Female		All	jobs (with or without	101063	traineesd	jobse	SIC 1992
		All	Part-time ^f	All	Part-time ^f	and the second	employees) ^c				subsection, group
UNIT	ED KINGDOM										1988 Jun
Not s 1996	Dec	11,564	1,395	11,452	5,346	23,017	3,640	216	190 DYCZ	DYDA 27,064	1989 Jun 1990 Jun
1997	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,614 11,842 11,898 12,039	1,356 1,426 1,435 1,513	11,309 11,426 11,490 11,660	5,186 5,227 5,220 5,329	22,923 23,268 23,388 23,699	3,624 3,609 3,639 3,555	214 210 210 211	175 159 171 163	26,936 27,247 27,409 27,629	1991 Jun 1992 Jun 1993 Jun 1994 Jun 1995 Jun 1995 Jun
1998	Mar Jun Sep Dec	12,031 12,109 12,247 12,291	1,466 1,456 1,431 1,488	11,615 11,656 11,730 11,814	5,231 5,159 5,130 5,232	23,646 23,765 23,977 24,105	3,562 3,487 3,504 3,484	211 210 209 210	153 112 121 114	27,571 27,574 27,810 27,913	1997 Jun 1998 Jun 1998 Oct Nov
1999	Mar Jun Sep Dec	12,200 12,259 12,385 12,443	1,495 1,514 1,542 1,576	11,698 11,788 11,845 11,974	5,202 5,232 5,250 5,358	23,899 24,047 24,229 24,417	3,467 3,513 3,432 3,424	209 208 208 208	110 102 106 103	27,685 27,871 27,974 22,152	1999 Jan Feb Mar
2000	Mar Jun Sep	12,305 12,362 12,390	1,566 1,574 1,594	11,870 11,930 11,989	5,334 5,330 5,356	24,176 24,291 24,380	3,412 3,423 3,397	208 207 205	100 94 101	27 895 26,015 28,083	Apr Ney Jin Jid
UNIT	ED KINGDOM										749) 540
Seas 1996	onally adjusted Dec	BCHI 11,508	1,368	BCHJ 11,369	5,284	BCAJ 22,877	DYZN 3,651	LOJX 216	LOJU 181	DYDC 26,925	Cott -
1997	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,684 11,867 11,854 11,984	1,375 1,430 1,440 1,486	11,373 11,438 11,495 11,579	5,211 5,237 5,246 5,269	23,057 23,305 23,349 23,564	3,632 3,616 3,613 3,565	214 210 211 211	170 173 171 155	27,072 27,305 27,343 27,495	2000 Act Pab Mar
1998	Mar Jun Sep Dec	12,095 12,133 12,210 12,238	1,483 1,460 1,438 1,462	11,675 11,669 11,735 11,736	5,252 5,172 5,157 5,173	23,771 23,801 23,945 23,974	3,570 3,493 3,481 3,495	210 210 209 210	149 125 119 108	27.699 27.629 27.755 27.787	1 77 1624 101
1999	Mar Jun Sep Dec	12,262 12,281 12,352 12,393	1,510 1,516 1,551 1,553	11,754 11,802 11,852 11,905	5,218 5,245 5,280 5,304	24,016 24,082 24,204 24,298	3,473 3,516 3,412 3,434	209 209 208 208	106 114 104 98	27,804 87,921 87,928 28,038	Ag Sep Oct P
2000	Mar Jun Sep	12,371 12,387 12,356	1,577 1,579 1,603	11,927 11,949 11,985	5,345 5,355 5,382	24,297 24,336 24,341	3,420 3,424 3,387	208 207 206	98 103 99	28,023 28,070 28,032	Lec P
GRE											
Not s 1996	easonally adjusted Dec	DYCA 11,273	1,349	DYCB 11,152	5,206	DYCM 22,425	DYCT 3,555	DYCU 216	DYDE 171	0YDF 26,368	UNITES
1997	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,325 11,545 11,599 11,736	1,311 1,379 1,388 1,463	11,011 11,127 11,188 11,352	5,047 5,088 5,079 5,183	22,335 22,672 22,787 23,088	3,539 3,518 3,548 3,464	214 210 210 211	158 145 154 146	58,246 545 21,700 25,909	SIC 1992 Section
1998	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,728 11,806 11,941 11,983	1,417 1,406 1,381 1,437	11,309 11,348 11,422 11,500	5,086 5,012 4,985 5,082	23,037 23,155 23,363 23,483	3,471 3,399 3,416 3,397	211 210 209 210	137 98 106 100	862 7 094 7 189	subsection, group
1999	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,894 11,951 12,073 12,129	1,444 1,463 1,491 1,523	11,387 11,476 11,529 11,654	5,054 5,083 5,101 5,205	23,280 23,426 23,602 23,783	3,379 3,427 3,346 3,338	209 208 208 208	97 90 93 90	25,966 27,152 27,249 27,420	1990 Jan 1991 Jan 1992 Jan 1993 Jan 1993 Jan
2000	Mar Jun Sep	11,994 12,049 12,076	1,514 1,522 1,543	11,553 11,612 11,671	5,184 5,179 5,206	23,547 23,661 23,747	3,326 3,330 3,304	208 207 205	88 84 89	27,169 27,281 27,945	1996 Jun 1997 Jun 1998 Jun 1998 Oct
GRE	AT BRITAIN									02011	Nov Dec
Seaso 1996	Dec Dec	DYCF 11,218	1,322	DYCG 11,072	5,144	DYCN 22,290	DYZO 3,565	LOJW 216	LOJT 162	26,233	1999 Jan Feb
1997	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,392 11,572 11,555 11,683	1,329 1,383 1,393 1,436	11,074 11,137 11,191 11,275	5,073 5,098 5,106 5,122	22,466 22,709 22,747 22,958	3,546 3,525 3,522 3,474	214 210 211 211	153 159 154 138	25,379 26,603 26,6 32 26,7 80	Mar Apr May Jun
1998	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,792 11,829 11,905 11,931	1,434 1,410 1,389 1,410	11,368 11,360 11,426 11,426	5,107 5,025 5,012 5,023	23,160 23,189 23,331 23,357	3,478 3,405 3,393 3,407	210 210 209 210	132 110 104 93	26,981 26,914 27,0 38 27,0 67	Jul Aug Sep Oct
1999	Mar Jun Sep Dec	11,954 11,971 12,040 12,081	1,459 1,466 1,500 1,501	11,442 11,488 11,536 11,588	5,070 5,097 5,131 5,150	23,396 23,459 23,576 23,669	3,386 3,431 3,327 3,349	209 209 208 208	93 102 91 85	27,083 27,201 27,203 27,311	2000 Jan Feb Mar
2000	Mar Jun Sep	12,058 12,074 12,042	1,526 1,528 1,551	11,609 11,631 11,666	5,194 5,203 5,232	23,667 23,705 23,708	3,334 3,331 3,293	208 207 206	86 92 87	27,295 27,335 27, 294	Apr May Jun

SIC 1992 Section, subsecti BCAD BCAJ YEJG YEJL YEJH 22,688 23,100 23,364 22,702 22,356 22,032 22,121 22,454 22,732 23,268 23,765 22,685 23,099 23,353 22,682 22,335 22,006 22,084 22,414 22,728 23,305 23,801 4,887 4,756 4,342 4,125 3,944 3,963 4,064 4,106 4,162 4,185 5,331 5,302 5,160 4,720 4,465 4,241 4,224 4,301 4,334 4,390 4,401 4,907 4,900 4,780 4,362 4,137 3,951 3,967 4,069 4,110 4,173 4,194 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 4,157 4,142 4,120 4,393 4,381 4,353 4,177 4,165 4,136 1998 24,105 23,974 4,116 4,100 4,083 4,326 4,305 4,283 4,109 4,088 4,067 1999 23.899 24.016 4,069 4,059 4,049 4,263 4,253 4,256 4,048 4,038 4,041 24.082 24,047 4,037 4,032 4,018 4,255 4,256 4,244 4,041 4,042 4,032 24,204 24,229 4,244 4,242 4,225 4,033 4,032 4,017 4,014 4,010 4,005 24,298 24.417 4,205 4,199 4,187 4,000 3,994 3,981 4,005 4,003 3,994 2000 24,297 24.176 4,170 4,163 4,162 3,966 3,959 3,958 3,986 3,978 3,965 24,336 24,291 3,951 3,940 3,924 4,158 4,154 4,136 3,955 3,951 3,934 24,341 24,380 3,914 3,905 **3,893** 4,130 4,124 **4,101** 3,928 3,923 **3,901** ot P ov P SEASONALLY ADJUSTED UNITES KINGDOM Man of cle textil and le produ DB/D 17-19 Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing Food products, Service industries G-Q Mining and quarrying, supply of electricity, gas and water C,E beverages and tobacco Allemployeejobs unadjusted Seasonally adjusted SIC 199 Section subsec A,B 01-05 DA 10-14.40-41 15-16 n, group YEJJ LOKA YEHU YEID YEJI 15,837 16,248 16,643 16,525 16,540 16,518 16,651 16,964 17,213 17,604 17,963 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 15,806 16,216 16,601 16,478 16,500 16,479 16,603 16,912 17,192 17,616 17,975 446 428 406 381 343 299 264 239 229 228 216 521 510 504 506 480 467 456 456 449 474 484 338 324 318 309 311 327 300 273 285 316 323 477 478 479 215 216 217 1998 304 18,339 18.234 478 477 477 221 217 216 1999 306 18,322 18.239 476 475 475 Apr May Jun 215 214 215 18,380 18,391 318 474 473 472 214 212 213 Jul Aug Sep 302 18.541 18 529 Oct Nov Dec 471 470 468 211 210 208 18,624 311 18,726 2000 Jan Feb Mar 206 206 206 468 468 467 334 18.496 18.587 Apr May Jun 204 203 204 466 465 463 18,597 18,633 337 464 464 462 203 202 203 Jul Aug Sep

All industries and services A-Q

Seasonally adjusted

All employee jobs unadjusted

Manufacturing industries

Seasonally adjusted

All employee jobs unadjusted

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Divis Customer helpline: 0163

Workforce jobs are calculated by summing employee jobs, self-employment jobs from the Labour Force Survey, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. HM Forces figures, provided by the Ministry of Defence, represent the total number of UK service personnel, male and female, in HM Forces, wherever serving and including those on release leave. The numbers are not subject to seasonal adjustment. Estimates of self-employment jobs are based on the results of the Labour Force Survey. The Northern Ireland estimates are not seasonally adjusted. Includes all participants on government training and employment programmes who are receiving some work experience on their placement but who do not have a contract of employment (those with a contract are included in the employee jobs series). Government-supported trainees are now seasonally adjusted to be consistent with the employee and self-employment components that feed into Table B. 18 Workforce

alls includes in the strategy of the strategy

R Revised

Note: Definitions of terms used will be found on pS3.

S22 Labour Market trends March 2001 Revised Provisional

Oct P Nov P Dec P

18,729

These figures do not cover all employees in national and local government. They exclude those engaged in, for example, building, education and health. Members of HM Forces are excluded.

18,716

Note: Estimates for groups of industry classes are now seasonally adjusted from June 1978 for quarterly data and from September 1984 for monthly data. For unadjusted figures, please see Tables B. 13 and B. 14.

321

202 202 **201**

462 460 **461**

EMPLOYMENT Employee jobs by industry



Production and const

Production industr C-E	ies	Production and construction industries C-F						
All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted	All employee jobs unadjusted	Seasonally adjusted					
YEJH	YEJF	LOJY	LOJZ					
5,331 5,302 5,160 4,720 4,465 4,241 4,224 4,301 4,334 4,390 4,401	5,353 5,328 5,186 4,742 4,481 4,250 4,231 4,308 4,339 4,400 4,410	6,520 6,534 6,406 5,870 5,505 5,186 5,170 5,218 5,240 5,350 5,350 5,481	6,542 6,559 6,435 5,524 5,200 5,180 5,228 5,221 5,373 5,504					
4,393 4,381 4,353	4,372 4,359 4,337	5,472	5,437					
4,326 4,305 4,283	4,337 4,317 4,299	5,362	5,388					
4,263 4,253 4,256	4,284 4,273 4,263	5,351	5,374					
4,255 4,256 4,244	4,251 4,244 4,231	5,378	5,361					
4,244 4,242 4,225	4,225 4,220 4,213	5,395	5,363					
4,205 4,199 4,187	4,211 4,208 4,200	5,352	5,377					
4,170 4,163 4,162	4,190 4,182 4,168	5,352	5,366					
4,158 4,154 4,136	4,154 4,143 4,127	5,315	5,304					
4,130 4,124	4,116 4,106 4,093							

ufacture othing, les, leather leather lucts DC	Wood and wood products DD 20	Paper, pulp, printing, publishing and recording media DE 21-22	Chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres DG 24
LOKB	LOKC	LOKD	LOKE
581 550 507 433 415 409 401 385 377 370 356	94 97 96 85 83 89 91 82 84 84 84 84	470 480 481 470 461 453 467 474 474 474 474 474	314 320 308 279 272 259 248 256 254 253 260
346	85	481	261
342	85	480	260
338	84	478	261
335	83	475	260
330	83	476	259
326	82	477	258
322	81	479	258
320	82	475	258
316	84	473	257
313	84	475	256
312	84	474	256
309	84	472	256
308	84	471	256
306	84	470	256
305	85	471	255
303	86	471	254
302	87	470	254
298	87	470	253
294	87	471	252
291	86	471	251
288	87	470	251
286	87	470	251
283	88	468	251
280	88	468	251
278	89	467	250
277	88	467	250
275	89	466	249

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer helpline: 01633812079

B.12 EMPLOYMENT Employee jobs by industry: seasonally adjusted

UNITE SIC 19 Sectio	92	Rubber and plastic products DH	Non-metallic mineral products, metal and metal products DI/DJ	Machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Electrical and optical equipment	Transport equipment DM	Coke, nuclear fuel and other manufacturing n.e.c. DF, DN	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade, and repairs G	Hotels and restaurants
subse	ction, group	25	26-28	29	30-33	34-35	23,36-37	45	50-52	55
		LOKF	LOKG	LOKH	LOKI	LOKJ	LOKK	YEHX	LOKL	LOKM
1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun	223 227 195 190 194 203 225 231 242 244	868 884 870 779 735 693 703 704 713 715 694	492 496 495 464 429 387 384 338 403 402 402	593 589 558 496 454 432 448 486 510 520 532	509 499 491 437 405 356 351 374 388 391 410	240 246 247 217 211 210 215 229 228 245 245	1,189 1,231 1,249 1,152 1,044 950 949 921 913 973 1,093	3,536 3,671 3,771 3,677 3,669 3,647 3,733 3,781 3,829 3,960 4,016	1.063 1.150 1.207 1.182 1.170 1.130 1.142 1.199 1.250 1.250 1.273 1.332
1998	Oct Nov Dec	244 243 242	685 682 675	398 397 396	524 521 516	409 408 406	245 246 247	1,099	4,066	1,374
1999	Jan Feb Mar	241 241 240	674 671 668	394 392 391	520 518 514	405 405 401	249 247 247	1,089	4,066	1,377
	Apr May Jun	239 238 238	664 665 666	389 387 386	512 510 508	400 399 397	249 249 249	1,110	4,070	
	Jul Aug Sep	237 235 235	663 661 661	383 383 382	507 506 502	396 398 394	249 250 250	1,130	4,095	
	Oct Nov Dec	235 236 236	660 661 662	381 380 379	503 503 503	393 393 391	252 251 252	1,150	4,141	1,382
2000	Jan Feb Mar	236 236 234	663 664 665	378 378 377	503 503 502	390 389 388	253 254 251	1,178	4,121	1,390
	Apr May Jun	234 235 233	665 664 662	377 376 374	503 503 502	387 385 382	251 252 251	1,198	4,126	
	Jul Aug Sep	233 231 230	660 658 657	373 372 371	501 500 498	378 376 373	249 248 247	1,178	4,136	
	Oct P Nov P	228 228	656 656	370 369	497 496	371 369	246 244 243			

UNITE	D KINGDOM	Transport and storage	Post and telecomm- unications	Financial intermediation	Realestate	Renting, research, computer and other business	Public administration and defence; compulsory	Education	Health and social work activities	Other community, social and personal
SIC 1992 Section, subsection, group		l 60-63	l 64	J 65-67	K 70	activities K 71-74	social security L ^a 75	M 80	N - 85	activities O - Q ^b 90-99
1		LOKN	LOKO	LOKP	LOKQ	LOKR	LOKS	LOKT	LOKU	YEIC
1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun	880 912 944 931 922 909 902 891 875 896 916	462 471 463 454 428 429 430 444 447 454	1,004 1,046 1,055 1,033 1,000 968 976 995 971 994 1,007	187 195 202 198 218 252 266 276 276 270 288 288	2,146 2,278 2,410 2,375 2,365 2,423 2,425 2,581 2,717 2,907 3,057	1,471 1,392 1,434 1,455 1,459 1,456 1,438 1,402 1,409 1,361 1,395	1,794 1,835 1,856 1,844 1,826 1,825 1,828 1,837 1,870 1,877 1,859	2,301 2,291 2,311 2,367 2,436 2,436 2,447 2,462 2,505 2,505 2,514 2,541 2,544	961 975 969 953 982 1,007 1,002 1,015 1,042 1,042 1,072 1,106
1998	Oct Nov Dec	924	468	1,006	302	3,126	1,446	1,880	2,522	1,124
1999	Jan Feb Mar	937	472	1,002	301	3,154	1,451	1,891	2,529	1,142
	Apr May Jun	948	474	1,008	302	3,172	1,456	1,899	2,535	1,156
	Jul Aug Sep	967	484	1,013	309	3,198	1,443	1,926	2,566	1,156
	Oct Nov Dec	972	504	1,014	314	3,213	1,459	1,913	2,566	1,150
2000	Jan Feb Mar	968	491	995	316	3,188	1,473	1,929	2,550	1,164
	Apr May Jun	977	501	992	325	3,207	1,471	1,944	2,541	1,154
	Jul Aug Sep	990	505	996	322	3,235	1,469	1,970	2,548	1,153
	Oct Nov Dec									

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer helpline: 01633812079

Revised Provisional RP

a These figures do not cover all employees in national and local government. They exclude those engaged in, for example, building, education and health. Members of HM Forces are excluded. Excludes private domestic service. Note: Estimates for groups of industry classes are now seasonally adjusted from June 1978 for quarterly data and from September 1984 for monthly data. For unadjusted figures, please see Tables B. 13 and B. 14.

S24 Labour Market trends March 2001

TED KINGDOM	Section,	ion, September 1999			September 2000			2000				The State	
NITED Rando C	sub- section	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct P	Nov P	Dec P
BODUCTION INDUSTRIES	C-E	3,072.4	1,171.5	4,243.9	3,000.6	1,134.9	4,135.5	4,157.6	4,153.9	4,135.5	4,129.7	4,124.2	4,101.3
INING AND QUARRYING	с	60.5	9.9	70.4	59.6	8.3	67.9	68.1	68.3	67.9	68.1	68.0	67.3
tining and quarrying of energy producing materials	CA (10-12)	33.3	6.5	39.7	34.0	5.8	39.8	39.7	39.9	39.8	40.0	39.9	39.8
lining and quarrying except of energy producing materials	CB(13/14)	27.2	3.5	30.7	25.6	2.5	28.1	28.4	28.5	28.1	28.1	28.1	27.5
IANUFACTURING	D	2,908.0	1,124.0	4,032.0	2,845.5	1,088.3	3,933.8	3,954.6	3,951.1	3,933.8	3,928.3	3,922.9	3,900.7
fanufacture of food products, beverages and tobacco	DA	312.5	162.6	475.1	291.0	173.4	464.4	465.8	468.9	464.4	467.7	468.6	466.3
tanufacture of textiles and textile products	DB 17	129.9 94.2	152.8 67.9	282.6 162.1	115.6 85.5	140.3 67.0	255.9 152.5	260.7 153.7	258.3 152.9	255.9 152.5	254.6 151.3	253.9 151.0	251.3 150.1
of wearing apparel; dressing and dyeing of fur	18	35.7	84.8	120.5	30.1	73.3	103.4	107.1	105.5	103.4	103.3	102.9	101.2
tanufacture of leather and leather products including footwear	DC	15.9	11.0	26.9	13.0	11.1	24.1	25.4	24.9	24.1	24.0	23.9	23.7
fanufacture of wood and wood	DD (20)	72.1	12.7	84.8	73.2	15.5	88.7	87.8	88.2	88.7	89.0	88.1	88.2
Manufa are of pulp, paper and paper produce publishing and printing of publishing and paper products	DE 21	287.9 74.0	184.6 32.7	472.5 106.6	289.0 75.8	179.7 26.7	468.6 102.5	470.7 103.3	469.1 103.3	468.6 102.5	468.3 102.6	467.9 102.0	466.1 101.5
Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media	22	213.9	151.9	365.8	213.2	153.0	366.2	367.4	365.8	366.2	365.7	365.9	364.6
Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear fuel	DF (23)	24.3	5.3	29.6	23.6	4.3	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	27.8	27.8	27.6
Manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres	DG (24)	173.4	82.8	256.2	172.5	78.4	250.9	251.3	251.5	250.9	250.6	250.5	248.9
Manufecture of rubber and plastic moducts	DH (25)	176.9	58.8	235.7	170.5	59.0	229.5	232.5	231.1	229.5	228.7	228.9	226.8
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	DI (26)	109.9	29.7	139.6	114.0	29.1	143.1	143.5	143.6	143.1	142.6	142.7	142.4
Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products of havic metals	DJ 27	437.4 101.0	86.7 19.3	524.1 120.3	437.9 105.2	78.2 13.4	516.1 118.7	518.7 119.0	518.1 118.6	516.1 118.7	514.2 118.3	512.9 117.8	509.9 117.4
offseddated metal products,	28	336.3	67.4	403.8	332.6	64.8	397.4	399.7	399.4	397.4	395.9	395.0	392.4
Manufacture of machinery and eqpt. n.e.c.	DK (29)	311.0	72.6	383.6	307.8	64.5	372.3	372.2	373.6	372.3	371.0	371.0	369.1
Manufacture of electrical and optical equipment of office machinery and computers	DL 30	348.3 38.0	155.7 17.1	504.0 55.1	346.6 37.7	152.7 15.8	499.3 53.5	501.1 53.9	501.0 53.8	499.3 53.5	498.6 53.6	498.1 53.8	496.2 53.4
ofe estrical machinery	31	119.1	55.5	174.6	121.2	51.7	172.9	174.2	174.0	172.9	172.0	171.7	171.5
of racio, television and communication eqpt.	32	87.1	37.8	124.9	85.2	44.5	129.7	129.0	129.6	129.7	130.3	130.1	128.7
ormedical, precision and optical eqpt; watches	33	104.0	45.3	149.3	102.5	40.7	143.2	144.0	143.7	143.2	142.8	142.6	142.6
Manufacture of transport equipment of motor vehicles, trailers of other transport equipment	DM 34 35	348.5 190.7 157.8	46.7 29.5 17.2	395.2 220.2 175.0	328.2 178.7 149.5	44.5 26.5 18.0	372.8 205.2 167.5	376.9 207.3 169.6	374.7 206.0 168.7	372.8 205.2 167.5	371.6 203.5 168.2	370.5 202.8 167.6	366.8 200.4 166.4
Manufacturing n.e.c.	DN	160.0	62.2	222.2	162.6	57.5	220.1	219.9	220.0	220.1	219.4	218.3	217.5
ELECTRICITY, GAS	E	104.0	37.6	141.6	95.5	38.3	133.8	134.9	134.5	133.8	133.3	133.3	133.3

P Provisional R Revised

EMPLOYMENT Employee jobs: industry: production industries: unadjusted

B.13

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer helpline: 01633812079
EMPLOYMENT Workforce jobs^a by industry: seasonally adjusted **B.18**

									- San and the second			Thousands
UNITE SIC 92	ED KINGDOM	All jobs	Agriculture and fishing A,B	Energy and water C,E	Manu- facturing D	Con- struction	Distribution, hotels and restaurants G-H	Transport and com- munications	Finance and business services J-K	Public admin education and health L-N	Other services 0-Q	Total services G-Q
Alljob	S	DYDC	LOLI	LOLL	LOLO 4327	LOLR 1803	LOLU 5753	LOLX 1539	LOMA 4.352	LOMD 6348	LOMG	LOMJ
1994	Dec	26,434	575	254	4,352	1,801	5,782	1,526	4,380	6,354	1,410	19,377 19,453
1995	Jun Sep Dec	26,445 26,492 26,499 26,639	570 567 561 565	246 245 244 249	4,300 4,378 4,387 4,458	1,786 1,776 1,751	5,798 5,760 5,774	1,532 1,527 1,520	4,431 4,509 4,560	6,338 6,332 6,354	1,401 1,417 1,403 1,407	19,471 19,517 19,531 19,615
1996	Mar Jun Sep Dec	26,614 26,769 26,858 26,925	557 563 563 577	239 238 237 233	4,453 4,428 4,449 4,454	1,749 1,767 1,737 1,722	5,761 5,823 5,836 5,854	1,508 1,525 1,542 1,557	4,535 4,576 4,572 4,622	6,383 6,395 6,429 6,405	1,430 1,454 1,493 1,500	19,617 19,773 19,872 19,938
1997	Mar Jun Sep Dec	27,071 27,305 27,344 27,495	551 578 581 577	237 238 232 230	4,453 4,483 4,461 4,479	1,744 1,740 1,761 1,799	5,929 5,980 6,031 6,071	1,585 1,584 1,562 1,554	4,737 4,824 4,858 4,908	6,345 6,364 6,341 6,335	1,490 1,515 1,518 1,542	20,066 20,267 20,309 20,411
1998	Mar Jun Sep	27,699 27,629 27,755 27,755	569 566 544 524	228 226 226 227	4,531 4,515 4,492 4,430	1,809 1,796 1,781 1,798	6,089 6,060 6,133 6,104	1,571 1,574 1,591 1.627	4,970 4,989 5,035 5,087	6,365 6,372 6,409 6,436	1,566 1,530 1,544 1,554	20,561 20,526 20,712
1999	Mar Jun Seo	27,803 27,921 27,929	522 522 504	223 222 222	4,379 4,347 4,299	1,799 1,812 1.810	6,106 6,120 6,114	1,632 1,648 1,676	5,122 5,161 5,194	6,460 6,485 6,507	1,561 1,604 1,603	20,880 21,017 21,035
	Dec	28,038	516	218	4,286	1,813	6,171	1,700	5,210 5,162	6,515 6,514	1,609	21,306
200	Jun Sep	28,023 28,070 28,032	539 537 520	210 214 212	4,270 4,238 4,183	1,885 1,861	6,162 6,178	1,702 1,719	5,191 5,202	6,530 6,564	1,611 1,593	21,107 21,237
Chang Percer	nt on quarter	-38 -0.1	-17 -32	-2 -0.8	-54 -1.3	-24 -1.3	0.3	1.0	0.2	0.5	-1.1	03
Chang Percer	le on year nt	104 0.4	16 3.1	-10 -4.3	-115 -2.7	51 2.8	64 1.1	43 2.6	7 0.1	57 0.9	-9 -0.6	162 0.8
Malejo 1994	obs Sep Dec	LOLA 14,297 14,335	LOLJ 463 455	LOLM 207 202	LOLP 3,030 3,055	LOLS 1,596 1,594	LOLV 2,764 2,786	LOLT 1,171 1,163	LOMB 2,270 2,264	2,130 2,127	LOMH 666 689	8,001 9,001 9,109
1995	Mar Jun Sep Dec	14,340 14,366 14,365 14,416	451 448 446 450	199 197 197 201	3,076 3,096 3,109 3,172	1,587 1,590 1,582 1,555	2,799 2,801 2,764 2,741	1,173 1,175 1,171 1,163	2,257 2,270 2,313 2,346	2,115 2,103 2,102 2,112	682 687 681 676	
1996	Mar Jun Sep Dec	14,334 14,404 14,448 14,513	442 449 444 460	194 194 192 188	3,169 3,157 3,175 3,177	1,545 1,561 1,559 1,540	2,743 2,757 2,770 2,828	1,151 1,163 1,176 1,189	2,309 2,328 2,302 2,308	2,106 2,115 2,134 2,127	676 680 696 697	
1997	Mar Jun Sep	14,650 14,799 14,780 14,865	433 462 442 433	190 190 184 183	3,174 3,196 3,173 3,194	1,561 1,564 1,563 1,591	2,881 2,914 2,959 2,970	1,199 1,190 1,170 1,160	2,406 2,459 2,481 2,525	2,106 2,109 2,084 2,068	701 714 724 740	
1998	Mar Jun Sep	14,957 14,934 14,985	429 431 409	181 177 176	3,229 3,218 3,208	1,602 1,590 1,573	2,968 2,967 3,013 2,901	1,172 1,167 1,174	2,567 2,594 2,633 2,680	2,057 2,046 2,053 2,064	753 743 745 754	9,617 9,618 9,619 6,619
1999	Dec Mar Jun Sep	15,027 15,047 15,098 15,078	394 391 389 377	176 172 172 172	3,143 3,132 3,102	1,599 1,599 1,599 1,606	3,007 3,023 3,010	1,201 1,215 1,228	2,683 2,692 2,714	2,088 2,099 2,099	761 777 775	9 741 9 741 9 507 9 621
2000	Dec Mar Jun Sen	15,111 15,072 15,119 15,042	385 390 392 377	169 168 166 164	3,094 3,089 3,061 3,022	1,607 1,605 1,661 1,639	3,037 3,038 3,037 3,041	1,242 1,246 1,258 1,265	2,707 2,664 2,682 2,677	2,092 2,083 2,086 2,093	789 775 764	9,821 9,821 9,824 9,824 9,824
Chang	e on quarter	-77	-15	-2 12	-39	-22	3	8	-5 -02	6 0.3	-11 -1.5	
Chang Percer	n je on year nt	-0.5 -37 -0.2	0 0.1	-8 -4.7	-80 -2.6	33 2.0	31 1.0	37 3.0	-37 -1.4	- 1 -0.1	-11 -1.5	
Femal 1994	ejobs Sep Dec	LOLB 12,062 12,099	LOLK 129 120	LOLN 53 52	LOLQ 1,297 1,297	LOLT 207 207	LOLW 2,989 2,997	LOLZ 367 363	LOMC 2,082 2,116	LOMF 4,218 4,228	LOMI 719 721	LOR41. 10,378 10,429
1995	Mar Jun Sep Dec	12,105 12,126 12,134 12,223	119 119 115 115	49 47 47 48	1,289 1,282 1,278 1,287	203 196 194 196	2,998 2,997 2,996 3,033	363 357 356 357	2,142 2,162 2,196 2,214	4,223 4,236 4,230 4,243	718 730 722 731	10,444 10,482 10,501 10,578
1996	Mar Jun Sep Dec	12,280 12,365 12,410 12,412	115 113 119 117	45 45 45 45	1,284 1,271 1,274 1,277	204 206 178 183	3,018 3,066 3,067 3,026	356 361 367 369	2,227 2,249 2,270 2,314	4,277 4,279 4,295 4,278	754 775 796 803	10,631 10,730 10,795 10,790
1997	Mar Jun Sep	12,421 12,507 12,563 12,631	118 116 139 144	47 48 47 47	1,279 1,286 1,288 1,285	183 176 198 208	3,049 3,066 3,072 3,101	386 393 392 394	2,332 2,365 2,377 2,383	4,238 4,255 4,257 4,267	789 801 793 802	10,794 10,881 10,890 10,947
1998	Mar Jun Sep	12,741 12,695 12,770	140 135 134	48 49 50	1,302 1,297 1,284 1,259	207 206 208	3,122 3,092 3,119 3,114	399 407 417 427	2,403 2,395 2,401 2,407	4,308 4,326 4,356 4,372	813 787 799 800	11,045 11,008 11,094 11,121
1999	Mar Jun Sep	12,756 12,823 12,850	131 134 127	51 50 50	1,236 1,215 1,197	200 213 204	3,099 3,097 3,104	431 434 447	2,439 2,468 2,480	4,371 4,385 4,414 4,423	800 827 828 832	11,139 11,211 11,273 11,350
2000	Dec Mar Jun Sen	12,927 12,950 12,952 12,952	132 149 144 142	49 48 48 48	1,191 1,187 1,177 1.161	205 217 223 222	3,134 3,123 3,125 3,137	450 444 453	2,503 2,498 2,509 2,525	4,431 4,444 4,472	847 836 830	11,349 11,359 11 ,417
Chang	ge on quarter	39	-2	0	-16	-2 -08	12 04	9 20	15 0.6	28 0.6	-6 -0.7	58 0.5
Chang Percer	ge on year	140 1.1	15 120	-1 -29	- 36 -3.0	18 8.9	34 1.1	6 1.3	45 1.8	58 1.3	2 02	144 1.3

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer helpline: 01633812079

Workforce jobs measures the number of jobs held by employees, the self-employed, those on government training schemes and those in the Armed Forces. Where an employee is employed in more than one job, the employee jobs series counts the additional jobs. The self-employment jobs series includes second self-employment jobs (where the main job is as an employee).

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S26 Labour Market trends March 2001

		Ave	erage actual weekly hours	ofwork
UNITED KINGDOM	Total weekly hours (millions) ^a	Allworkersa	Full-time workers ^b	Part-time v
All	YBUS	YBUV	YBUY	
(Mar-May)	850.3	33.0	37.9	
1992	838.8	33.0	38.1	
1994	853.4 871.5	33.3	38.5 38.7	
1995 1995	878.8	33.4	38.7	
1997	892.0 901.0	33.2 33.2	38.5	
1998 1999	914.7	33.3	38.5	
3-month averages	913.1	32.9	38.2	
0ct-Dec 1999 Nov 9-Jan 2000	909.9 908.7	32.8 32.8	38.0 38.0	
Dec 39-1 60 2000 (1111)	905.9	32.6	37.8	
Jan Mar2000 Feb Apr	913.1	32.8	38.0	
Mar May (Spr)	911.0	32.7	28.0	
Apr-Jun Mass-Jul	914.0 916.3	32.8	38.1	
Jun Aug (Sum)	918.4	32.8	38.1	
Jun Sep	913.6 911.6	32.7 32.6	38.0 37.8	
Sep Nov (Aut)	912.4	32.7	37.8	
Oct-Dec	917.0	32.8	37.9	
Changes	24	01	0.0	
Per cent	0.4	0.4	-0.1	
Overlast 12 months	3.9	-0.1	-0.2	
Percent	0.4	-0.4	-0.0	
Male Scring guarters	YBUT	ABOM	TBUZ	
(May)	551.0	38.6	39.9	
19/4	540.4	38.6	40.0	
19-14	550.6 564.0	38.9 39.2	40.4 40.9	
1953	566.7	39.1	40.8	
19:7 19:8	5/4.4 581.4	38.8 38.7	40.5	
19.8	585.0	38.5	40.4	
3-conthaverages	585 3	38.2	40.2	
No. 99-Jan 2000	583.3	38.1	40.0	
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	582.2	38.1	40.0	
Jan-Mar2000	580.2 594.6	7.9	39.7 40.0	
Mar May (Spr)	583.0	37.9	39.9	
Acodun	584.3	38.0	39.9	
May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	585.0 586.3	38.1 38.1	40.0	
Joi-Sep	583.2	37.9	39.8	
Aug-Oct Sen-Nov (Aut)	582.6 582.6	37.8 37.9	39.7 39.7	
Oct-Dec	585.5	38.0	39.8	
Changes	0000			
Over last 3 months	23	0.1	0.0	
Per cem	0.4	0.2	-0.5	
Overlast 12 months Per cent	0.2	-0.3	-1.1	
Female	YBUU	YBUX	YBVA	
Spring quarters (Mar-May)				
1992	299.1	26.1	34.1	
1993	298.4 302.9	26.3	34.5	
1995 1996	307.6	26.5 26.4	34.5 34.7	
1997	317.7	26.4	34.5	
1998 1999	319.6 329.7	26.3 26.7	34.4 34.8	
3-month averages		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Oct-Dec 1999	327.8	26.4 26.3	34.2 34.1	
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	326.4	26.3	34.0	
Jan-Mar 2000	325.6	26.2	33.9	
Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	328.5 328.6	26.4 26.3	34.1 34.1	
Apr-Jun	329.7	26.3	34.2	
May-Jul	331.3	26.4	34.4 34.4	
lul Con	302.1	20.4	04.0	
Aug-Oct	330.4 329.0	26.3 26.2	34.3 34.2	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	329.8	26.3	34.2	
Oct-Dec	331.5	26.5	34.2	
Changes Over last 3 months	11	02	-0.1	
Per cent	0.3	0.6	-0.3	
Over last 12 months	3.6	0.0	0.0	
rercent	1.1	0.1	0.0	

a Main and second jobs. Main job only.

EMPLOYMENT Actual weekly hours of work



rkers ^b	Secondjobs
BVB	YBVE
14.7 14.7	10.6
15.0	9.2
15.1	9.2
15.1	8.9
15.1	9.4
15.1	9.1
15.4	9.1
15.3	9.3
15.3	9.2
15.3	9.1
15.3	9.1
15.4	9.0
15.4	9.0
15.4	9.0
15.5	9.0
15.4	9.0
15.4	8.8
15.5	8.9
15.6	9.0
15.8	9.4
0.3	0.5
22	5.8
0.4	0.1
2.8	<i>0.6</i>
YBVC	YBVF
14.3	11.9
14.3	10.8
14.8	9.8
14.6	9.9
14.8	9.6
14.8	10.7
15.0	9.7
15.1	9.6
15.1	10.1
15.0	10.1
14.8	9.7
14.9	9.7
15.2	9.5
15.1	9.3
15.1	9.5
15.0	9.7
15.2	10.1
15.4	9.9
15.7	9.9
15.7	10.0
15.8	10.1
0.4	02
2.8	2.4
0.6	0.1
4.2	0.8
YBVD	YBVG
14.7	. 9.3
14.8	9.0
15.1	8.6
15.2	8.6
15.1	8.3
15.2	8.4
15.2	8.6
15.4	8.6
15.4	8.6
15.3	8.5
15.4	8.6
15.4	8.7
15.5	8.8
15.5	8.8
15.5	8.6
15.5	8.4
15.5	8.2
15.4	8.1
15.6	8.4
15.8	8.8
0.4	0.6
2.6	7.8
0.5	0.1

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

B.22 EMPLOYMENT Usual weekly hours of work^a

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	Less the	an 6 hours	6 up to	15 hours	16 up to	30 hours	31 up to	45 hours	Over 4	15 hours
	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total	Thousands	% of total
II Spring quarters	YCDM	LUAA	YCDP	LWYX	YCDS	LWZA	YCDV	LWZD	YCDY	LWZG
(Mar-May) 1992 1993	484	1.9 2.1	2,081 2.039	8.0 8.0	3,463 3,553	13.4 13.9	13,537 13,157	52.3 51.5	6,302 6,294	24.4 24.6
1994 1995	506 531	2.0	2,107 2,088	8.2 8.0	3,647 3,677	14.1 14.1	12,977 13,031	50.3 49.9	6,544 6,772	24.0 25.4 25.9
1996 1997 1998	541 502 502	2.0 1.9 1.8	2,135 2,173 2,156	8.1 8.1 7.9	3,904 4,056 4,155	14.8 15.1 15.3	12,902 13,110 13,355	48.8 48.7 49.0	6,930 7,075 7,061	26.2 26.3
1999	491	1.8	2,147	7.8	4,289	15.6	13,864	50.3	6,771	20.9 24.6
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000	498 492	1.8 1.8	2,110 2,110	7.6 7.6	4,372 4,369	15.7 15.7	13,965 13,959	50.3 50.3	6,823 6,831	24.5 24.5
Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	500	1.8	2,132	7.7	4,402	15.8 15.8	13,933 13,990	50.2 50.3	6,816 6,792	24.5
Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	489 476	1.8 1.7	2,135 2,134 2,142	7.7 7.7 7.7	4,403 4,427 4,408	15.9 15.8	13,977 14,032	50.1 50.3	6,845 6,851	24,8 24,8 24,5
Apr-Jun May-Jul	461 474	1.7 1.7	2,155 2,147	7.7 7.7	4,422 4,448	15.8 15.9	14,057 14,092	50.3 50.4	6,835 6,806	24.5 24.5
Jun-Aug (Sum)	483	1.7 17	2,156 2,134	7.7	4,455 4.482	15.9 16.0	14,146 14.135	50.5 50.5	6,749 6.780	24.3
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	458 453	1.6 1.6	2,114 2,096	7.6 7.5	4,493 4,514	16.1 16.1	14,164 14,107	50.6 50.4	6,756 6,793	24,1 24,3
Oct-Dec	448	1.6	2,077	7.4	4,527	16.2	14,155	50.6	6,787	
Changes Over last 3 month Percent	-20 -4.3		-57 -2.7		45 1.0		20 0.1		6 0.1	
Over last 12 months	-50		-33		155		189 1.4		-37	
Percent	-10.0 YCDN	LWYV	-7.6 YCDQ	LWYY	YCDT	LWZB	YCDW	LWZE	YCDZ	LWIM
Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992	110	0.8	342	2.4	581	4.0	8,079	56.2	5,260	
1993 1994	114 120	0.8	352 384	2.5	610 645	4.3 4.5	7,755 7,658 7,605	55.1 53.8 52.6	5,253 5,417 5,637	
1995 1996 1997	134 131 129	0.9 0.9 0.9	407 426 462	2.8 2.9 3.1	738 800	4.0 5.1 5.4	7,538 7,657	· 51.8 51.5	5,729 5,808	
1998 1999	117 130	0.8 0.9	469 469	3.1 3.1	813 893	5.4 5.9	7,855 8,222	52.1 54.0	5,815 5,499	
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999	120	0.8	470	3.1	902	5.9	8,274	53.9	5,573	
Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	118 120	0.8 0.8	474 485	3.1 3.2	898	5.8 5.9	8,252	53.8	5,577	
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar May (Spr)	124 120	0.8 0.8	487 495 494	3.2 3.2 3.2	887 897 883	5.8 5.8 5.7	8,299 8,277 8.304	54.0 53.7 53.9	5,563 5,613 5,610	2 2 2 4 2 4
Apr-Jun	113	0.8	485	3.1	895	5.8	8,322	54.1	5,581	
May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	113 121	0.7 0.8	473 470	3.1 3.1	909 904	5.9 5.9	8,333 8,408	54.6	5,494	
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct	115 109	0.7 0.7	459 461 458	3.0 3.0	904 905 907	5.9 5.9	8,414 8,437 8,410	54.6 54.7 54.5	5,526 5,513 5,542	
Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	102	0.7	462	3.0	911	5.9	8,433	54.6	5,539	35-7
Changes Over last 3 months	-13		3		7		18		13	
Percent	-11.2		0.6 -8		0.7 9		0.2 159		-34	
Percent	-15.0	1.1403034	-1.7	1.00/7	1.0 XCDU	LWZC	1.9 VCDX	I W7F	-0.6 YCEA	LWZI
emale Spring quarters (Mar-Mav)	YCDO	LWYW	YCDR	LWYZ	TCDU	LWZC	TCDA		1.040	0.1
1992 1993	374 411 286	3.3 3.6	1,740 1,687 1,722	15.1 14.7 14.9	2,882 2,943 3.002	25.1 25.6 26.0	5,458 5,403 5.319	47.5 47.0 46.0	1,042 1,040 1,127	9.1 9.8
1994 1995 1996	396 410	3.4 3.5	1,681 1,710	14.4	3,010 3,166	25.8 26.7	5,426 5,364	46.6 45.3	1,136 1,200 1,267	9.7 10.1 10.5
1997 1998 1999	373 385 362	3.1 3.2 2.9	1,710 1,687 1,678	14.2 13.9 13.6	3,256 3,342 3,396	27.0 27.5 27.5	5,453 5,500 5,642	45.2 45.2 45.7	1,246 1,272	10.2 10.3
3-month averages	279	3.0	1 640	13.2	3.470	27.9	5.691	45.8	1,250	10.1
Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	378 374 380	3.0 3.1	1,636 1,648	13.2 13.2 13.2	3,473 3,504	28.0 28.1	5,688 5,682	45.8 45.6	1,252 1,238	10.1 9.9
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr	380	3.0 3.0	1,648 1.640	13.2 13.1	3,517 3,530	28.2 28.3	5,691 5,700	45.7 45.7	1,230 1,233	9.9 9.9
Mar-May (Spr)	359	2.9	1,648	13.2	3,524	28.2	5,729	45.8	1,240 1.254	9.9
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	348 361 362	2.8 2.9 2.9	1,670 1,674 1,686	13.3 13.3 13.4	3,527 3,539 3,551	28.2 28.2	5,739 5,737	45.7 45.6	1,255 1,255	10.0 10.0
Jul-Sep	354	28	1,675	13.3 13.2	3,578	28.4 28.6	5,720 5,727	45.5 45.6	1,254 1,243	10.0 9.9
Sep_Nov (Aut)	348	2.8	1,638	13.1	3,607	28.8	5,697	45.4	1,252	9.9
Oct-Dec	346	2.8	1,615	12.9	3,616	28.8	5,722	40.0	0-2(1	
Over last 3 months Per cent	-7 -2.1		-59 -3.5		39 1.1		2 0.0		- 6 -0.5	
Over last 12 months Per cent	-32 -8.4		-25 -1.5		146 4.2		31 0.5		-2 -0.2	
									Source	Labour Force Sur
								LabourMa	arket Statistics He	alpline: 02075000

a Main job only.



			Indice	es of emp	loyment a	E and outpu	MPLOYN	MENT E	3.32
Manufacturi	ng industries	NUMBER OF THE PARTY OF THE PART			Whole ec	onomy			
Index 1995=	100				Index 19	995=100			
120					120				
115					115 ····				/
110					110				//
105			~	2	105 ····				~
100	\sim		m		100 ····			1	
98		P			95		1		
90	/				90	for	/		
6: f	~				80				
7	1				75				
1					70				
					0		1 1 1 1	1 1 1	
0861987 198	38 1989 1990 1991 199	92 1993 1994 1995 19	996 1997 1998 1999 3	2000	198619	987 1988 1989 1990 1	991 1992 1993 1994	1995 1996 1997 199	8 1999 2000
Ma	nufacturing outpu	it — Outpu	t per filled job			• Output	- Ou	seasonally	D adjusted (1995=100)
	Wholeeconon	ıy	R.	Production inc	lustries		Manufacturing	industries	
SIC1992	Output ^a	Workforce jobs ^b	Output per filled job	Output	Workforce jobs ^b	Output per filled job	Output	Workforce jobs ^b	Output per filled job
1991 1992 1993	90.9 91.1 93.2	LNNM 102.2 99.3 98.3	LNNN 89.0 91.8 94.8	94.5 94.0 94.9	LNOJ 110.4 103.5 99.2	LNNW 85.6 90.8 95.8	92.8 92.8 94.1	LNOK 107.8 101.2 97.8	LNNX 86.2 91.7 96.2
1994 1995 1996 1997	97.4 100.0 102.5 106.0	99.1 100.0 101.0 102.8	98.3 100.0 101.5 103.0	98.3 100.0 101.1 102.1	98.6 100.0 101.2 101.7	99.7 100.0 100.0 100.4	98.5 100.0 100.4 101.7	98.1 100.0 101.4 102.1 103.0	100.5 100.0 99.0 99.6 99.6
1998 1999 2000	109.1 111.5	104.5 105.3 	104.5 105.9 	102.9 103.4 94.1	102.3 98.8 	100.0 104.7 93.4	102.2 102.2 103.8 92.7	99.3 96.7 98.7	102.9 107.4 94.0
1993 G1 Q2 Q3	92.2 92.7 93.6	98.1 98.2 98.3	94.0 94.3 95.1	94.6 94.4 95.1	99.8 99.4 98.9	94.8 95.0 96.1	94.1 94.0 93.9	97.9 97.7 97.8	96.1 96.2 96.1
Q4 1994 Q1 Q2	94.3 95.5 96.9	98.6 98.7 98.8	95.6 96.7 98.1	95.7 96.3 98.1	98.6 98.5 98.6 98.6	97.1 97.8 99.5 100.3	94.4 96.5 98.0 99.3	97.6 97.9 98.2	98.9 100.1 101.0
04 04 1995 Q1 02	98.1 99.0 99.4 99.7	99.5 99.6 99.8	99.4 99.7 99.8	99.8 99.6 100.0	98.8 99.3 99.7	101.0 100.3 100.3	100.3 99.6 100.1	98.5 99.2 99.9	101.8 100.4 100.2
Q3 Q4 1996 Q1	100.2 100.7 101.6	100.0 100.3 100.4	100.2 100.4 101.2	100.2 100.2 101.0	100.0 101.0 101.3	100.1 99.3 99.6	100.2 100.1 100.4	99.8 101.1 101.1	100.5 99.0 99.3
Q2 Q3 Q4	102.1 102.8 103.6	100.8 101.2 101.5	101.3 101.6 102.1	100.8 101.2 101.5	100.9 101.1 101.3	99.9 100.1 100.2	100.3 100.9 101.7	101.7 101.7 101.6	98.7 99.1 100.1
02 Q3 Q4	104.6 105.5 106.5 107.2	102.0 102.7 103.1 103.5	102.0 102.7 103.3 103.6	101.9 102.6 102.0	101.8 101.7 101.8	100.1 100.9 100.2	101.4 101.9 101.8	102.2 102.1 102.6	99.2 99.8 99.2
1998 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	108.1 109.1 109.6 109.7	104.2 104.3 104.6 104.8	103.7 104.6 104.8 104.7	102.3 103.4 103.3 102.6	102.6 102.7 102.4 101.4	99.7 100.6 100.9 101.2	102.3 102.7 102.4 101.4	103.5 103.5 103.1 102.0	99.3 99.3 99.4
1999 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	110.1 110.8 112.2	104.9 105.2 105.4	105.0 105.3 106.5 107.0	102.0 102.7 104.5 104.5	100.0 99.1 98.2 97.7	102.0 103.7 106.3 106.9	101.1 101.3 103.0 103.3	100.7 99.6 98.8 98.3	100.4 101.7 104.3 105.1
2000 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	113.5 114.7 115.6	105.7 105.8 105.8	107.3 108.4 109.2	103.7 105.0 105.8	97.4 96.7 95.7	106.5 108.6 110.6	103.0 103.4 104.1 104.7	98.0 97.3 96.3 95.1	105.0 106.3 108.1 110.1

Gross value added for whole economy. The workforce jobs series comprises: employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. This series is used as a denominator for the productivity calculations for the reasons explained on page S6 of the August 1988 issue of *Employment Gazette*.

Note: The indices have been rebased from 1990=100 to 1995=100, in common with other economic series. Figures on a 1990=100 basis were last published in Labour Market Trends, October 1998.

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer Helpline: 01633812766

UNEMPLOYMENT C ILO unemployment by age and duration

UNITED KINGDOM

All

All aged 16 and over

All over 12 months Percent over12 months All over 24 months Percent over 12 months Over 6 and up to 12 months All over 12 Over24 Up to 6 months up to 12 months Up to 6 All Rate (%)a All Rate (%)a months months nonths 12 10 11 13 8 9 14 5 6 4 1 2 3 YBWR YBWU YBTI YBWO YBWX YBSH YBXA YBWF YBWG YBWH YBWI YBWL MGSC MGSX Spring quarters (Mar-May) 2,799 2,963 2,771 2,499 2,373 2,063 1,803 1,778 997 1,265 1,251 1,077 930 785 579 512 1,238 1,141 1,072 1,032 1,051 982 983 1,010 581 571 464 400 400 309 250 264 980 1,250 1,235 1,068 922 773 570 504 10.0 10.7 10.0 9.0 8.5 7.3 6.4 6.2 35.0 42.2 44.6 42.7 38.9 37.5 31.6 28.3 2,831 2,997 2,798 2,518 2,394 2,087 1,824 1,798 9.9 10.5 9.8 8.8 8.3 7.2 6.3 6.1 1,249 1,155 1,080 1,038 1,060 992 992 1,020 585 577 467 403 404 310 253 267 35.2 42.2 44.7 42.8 38.9 37.6 31.7 28.4 466 651 735 669 585 496 361 302 453 641 726 663 578 485 354 297 3-month average Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 **281** 281 273 **1,712** 1,722 1,694 **6.0** 6.0 5.9 **961** 977 965 **258** 262 262 **493** 483 467 **28.8** 28.0 27.6 **27**7 278 270 **502** 491 476 **28.9** 28.2 27.7 **971** 987 975 **260** 265 264 **1,733** 1,744 1,715 **5.9** 5.9 5.8 255 252 242 1,695 1,667 1,651 458 442 441 27.0 26.5 26.7 256 255 244 465 448 448 27.2 26.6 26.9 268 256 252 5.9 5.8 5.7 982 973 969 264 253 247 Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr) 5.8 5.7 5.6 992 981 977 1,713 1,684 1,668 442 437 432 27.5 28.0 27.8 923 889 888 240 236 233 243 239 236 449 445 438 27.7 28.2 28.0 254 247 237 1,605 1,562 1,553 5.6 5.4 5.4 931 896 893 5.5 5.3 5.3 Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum) 1,622 1,580 1,568 **230** 232 224 **420** 416 404 **26.7** 26.0 25.9 **26.8** 26.1 26.1 **238** 239 233 **1,572** 1,601 1,562 **5.5** 5.6 5.4 **922** 953 934 234 235 228 **927** 960 941 **233** 234 226 **425** 422 412 Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut) 1,586 1,616 1,579 **5.4** 5.5 5.3 396 921 229 25.6 22 403 25.8 226 1,546 54 231 5.3 930 Oct-Dec 1.564 Changes Over last 3 months Per cent -1.1 **-24** -5.8 **-22** -5.2 -1.0 **-12** -5.0 **-27** -1.7 -0.1 -**1** -0.1 **-1** -0.6 -21 -0.1 **3** 0.3 -3 -1.1 -40 -29 -11.4 **-97** -19.7 -3.2 **-55** -19.5 -166 -0.6 -98 -19.6 -3.2 -30 -11.4 Over last 12 months Percent -169 -9.8 -0.6 -**41** -4.2 YBWV YBWY YBWS YB) YBWP MGYM MGYO YBWJ YBWM YBSI YBTJ MGYK MGSY MGSD Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 732 935 931 797 704 577 411 369 39.0 46.7 50.5 48.9 45.1 43.8 37.1 33.4 11.6 12.5 11.5 10.2 9.8 8.2 6.9 6.8 1,877 2,001 1,843 1,631 1,562 1,316 1,107 1,103 749 695 612 577 602 549 532 569 396 372 300 256 256 190 164 165 1.893 399 375 302 258 259 190 165 166 742 941 938 802 710 585 416 372 39.2 46.7 50.6 48.9 45.1 44.0 37.3 33.5 358 497 572 518 472 387 276 229 752 699 615 580 605 553 535 573 12.6 11.7 10.3 9.9 8.3 7.0 6.9 2,014 1,854 1,639 1,574 1,328 1,117 1,112 3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win) **523** 540 531 **151** 154 148 **366** 357 347 **35.2** 34.0 33.8 **6.5** 6.5 6.4 **152** 155 149 **369** 360 350 **35.2** 34.1 33.9 **220** 221 214 **1,040** 1,051 1,026 6.4 6.5 6.3 **526** 543 533 1,048 1,058 1,032 33.2 32.5 32.6 146 148 142 339 327 326 1,021 1,006 1,002 6.3 6.2 6.2 536 531 534 33.3 32.6 32.7 210 199 194 342 330 330 1,028 1,011 1,009 6.3 6.2 6.1 539 533 536 146 148 143 Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr) 32.9 33.4 33.3 515 489 481 143 139 145 322 315 313 980 943 938 6.1 5.9 5.8 195 188 184 326 320 316 33.1 33.6 33.4 986 951 945 6.0 5.8 5.8 516 491 483 144 141 146 Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum) **32.6** 31.5 31.3 **140** 144 139 **306** 302 294 **937** 959 941 **5.8** 6.0 5.9 **491** 513 507 **184** 183 176 **308** 305 299 **32.6** 31.6 31.5 **942** 965 949 **5.8** 5.9 5.8 **493** 515 510 **141** 144 140 Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut) 30.9 506 143 290 939 5.8 31.1 172 948 5.8 509 144 295 Oct-Dec Change Over last 3 months Percent -1.8 -16 0.0 15 3.1 3 2.1 **2** 0.2 -12 -1.5 -12 -6.3 0.0 **16** 3.3 6 0.7 3 1.8 -50 **-8** -5.4 -76 -20.7 -4.3 -0.6 -17 -3.2 -101 -9.7 **-99** -9.5 -0.6 -17 -3.3 **-9** -5.6 **-73** -19.9 -4.1 -48 -21.7 Over last 12 months Percent YBX YBWZ YBWQ YBWT YRWW YBSJ YBTK MGYN MGYP YBWK YBWN MGSZ MGYL MGSE Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992 27.0 32.8 32.8 31.1 26.9 26.2 22.8 20.0 488 446 455 449 433 452 441 185 199 163 144 144 119 86 99 249 316 304 270 218 196 159 135 922 961 928 869 811 748 696 675 7.7 8.1 7.7 7.2 6.7 6.1 5.6 5.4 496 455 465 458 459 457 446 187 202 165 146 145 120 87 101 255 325 313 275 221 200 163 139 27.2 33.1 33.2 31.2 26.9 26.4 23.0 20.3 108 153 162 151 113 109 938 982 943 879 820 760 707 686 7.5 7.9 7.5 7.0 6.5 5.9 5.5 5.3 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 85 72 **19.0** 18.6 18.0 **438** 437 434 **107** 109 113 **128** 125 120 3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 672 671 668 **5.3** 5.3 5.3 61 60 59 **19.4** 19.1 18.5 **686** 685 683 **5.2** 5.2 5.2 **445** 444 442 **108** 110 115 **133** 131 126 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Wir 119 115 115 17.6 17.4 17.7 674 661 650 109 105 100 58 57 58 5.4 5.3 5.1 447 123 118 118 17.9 17.6 17.9 686 673 659 5.2 5.1 5.0 453 449 440 110 106 101 Jan-Mar2000 442 435 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr) 19.2 19.7 19.4 97 96 88 120 122 119 5.0 4.9 4.9 408 400 406 59 59 54 625 619 614 122 125 122 19.2 19.9 19.6 636 629 623 4.8 4.8 4.7 415 405 410 98 98 90 Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)

Over 6 and up to 12 months Percent over12 months All over 12 months over 24 months INITED Up to 6 months All Rate (% All Rate (%)a 8 5 YBXJ YBXM YBXP YBVN YBV YBVH YBVK YBXD YBXG agquarters May) 726 787 682 619 570 498 447 435 117 92 110 111 128 130 132 138 23 27 19 23 27 23 19 23 15. 17. 16. 15. 14. 13. 12. 11. 149 137 145 146 167 169 161 170 18.1 19.2 19.9 19.4 20.2 19.5 18.7 20.0 13.0 11.1 8.0 7.2 9.8 5.7 10 haverage **20.4** 20.2 20.7 **138** 138 140 **13** 11 11 **7.6** 6.2 6.3 **408** 416 412 0ec 1999 29-Jan 2000 29-Feb 2000 (Wi **172** 170 173 21 21 22 424 415 412 175 182 176 20.6 21.2 20.7 144 147 144 22 25 23 10 11 10 5.4 5.8 5.4 lar2000 lay (Spr) 392 385 380 10 10 11 6.1 6.7 7.1 162 151 160 19.3 18.4 19.3 127 118 123 25 23 25 ug (Sum) **385** 399 394 **138** 147 144 **12** 11 10 **7.1** 6.3 5.8 **175** 181 175 **25** 23 21 21.3 21.8 21.3 ep lov (Aut) 401 132 22 10 6.2 * 165 20.1 Oc. Dec ges last 3 months 16 4.2 -0.9 * -11 -1.2 **-2** -9.5 -2 -18.1 -6 -4.4 -1.4 * * -7 -1.7 -7 -3.9 -0.3 . **-6** -4.1 **2** 8.4 **-3** -21.9 last 12 months YBVO YB YBXK YBXN YBXQ YBVI YBVL YBXE YBXH ng quarters May) 483 517 447 397 374 316 274 263 13 15 84 19.5 20.5 20.7 20.9 22.7 21.0 20.0 23.3 6 50 60 62 74 10 10 12.9 12.5 78 81 99 91 12 69 71 82 86 102 nth averages Dec 1999 9-Jan 2000 19-Feb 2000 (Win) **22.6** 21.7 22.3 **10** 10 11 **244** 250 242 **97** 94 94 80 77 77 248 247 250 22.0 23.0 22.1 78 81 79 10 13 12 95 101 96 Jar2000 hay (Spr) 241 231 224 20.9 19.7 21.0 69 64 71 15 12 13 88 81 88 Aug (Sum) **219** 232 231 **22.9** 23.7 23.0 78 82 78 **97** 100 97 **13** Sep -Oct -Nov (Aut) 13 238 Oci-Dec 22.4 72 15 93 last3months -3 -3.4 -0.5 -6 -7.9 **2** 18.1 **19** 8.8 -6 -2.4 Over last 12 months -0.2 -4 -3.8 **-8** -9.9 55.1 YBVP YBXO YBXR YE YBVJ YBVM YBXF YBXI YBXL gquarters May) 243 270 235 223 196 182 173 172 16.5 17.7 19.1 17.7 17.3 17.9 17.5 16.6 5425458885 1998 1996 1996 1997 1998 1999 10 10 3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win) **164** 166 170 74 76 78 **18.1** 18.6 19.0 58 61 63 176 168 162 19.2 19.3 19.3 an-Mar2000 80 81 66 65 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr) 66 151 154 156 Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum) 74 70 72 17.7 17.2 17.6 58 54 53 **166** 167 163 Jul-Sep **79** 81 78 **19.6** 19.9 19.5 **60** 65 12 Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut) 66 163 Oct-Dec 71 17.8 60 Changes Overlast3months -3 -1.8 -1.8 **-7** -9.5 0.0 Overlast 12 months -1 -3 -0.3 Denominator = economically active for that age group. To avoid in year revisions, these series have not been constrained to achieve addivity within this table. This will be rectified in all published sources from April 2001 onwards.

16-17

Denominator = economically active for that age group.

Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)

Change Over last 3 months Percent

Overlast12months

Oct-Dec

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

Labour Market trends March 2001 \$30

644 652 630

616

-28 -4.3

-70 -10.2

4.9 4.9 4.8

4.7

-0.2

-0.5

434 445 432

421

-13 -3.0

-24

92 90 86

87

-5 -5.5

-21

118 116 112

108

-10 -8.3

-25

18.3 17.9 17.8

17.5

-0.8

-1.8

Source: Labour Force Surve Labour Market Statistics Helplin

18.0 17.7 17.6

17.5

-0.5

-1.5

90 88 85

85

-4

-21 -19.9

5.0 5.1 4.9

4.8

-0.2

-0.5

635 643 621

606

-29 -4.5

-**66** -9.8

54

56 57

54

0 -0.4

-**7** -11.9

431 441 427

415

-16 -3.7

-23

114 114 110

106

-8 -7.3

-21

183

169

-14

59

58

52

52 53

55

53

1.6

Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

Relationship between columns: 1=3+4+5; 8=10+11+12.

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

All aged 16-59/64

Over 6 and

UNEMPLOYMENT ILO unemployment by age and duration

10 10 10

10



Thousands, seasonally adjusted

		18-24			
.)a	Up to 6 months	ver 6 and up to 12 months ^b	All over 12 months	Percent over12 months	All over24 months
9	10 YBXS	11 YBXV	12 YBXY	13 YBYB	14 YBYE
8 8 4 6 1 0 7	318 317 266 276 268 256 257 263	173 172 147 128 107 81 70 72	205 268 239 184 163 128 88 68	28.3 34.1 35.1 29.7 28.6 25.7 19.7 15.6	71 112 120 94 77 59 37 27
.9 .1 .0	267 281 272	53 57 64	64 62 59	15.7 15.0 14.3	23 22 21
.3 .1 .0	290 271 255	66 64 55	58 60 68	13.8 14.6 16.4	22 24 28
.5	252 275 300	59 58 66	66 68 63	16.9 17.7 16.5	26 25 23
.3 .7 .6	308 300 288	59 53 51	61 58 55	15.8 14.5 13.8	24 24 23
.8	286	62	52	13.0	21
.5	15 5.6	8 15.0	-8 -13.8	-2.7	-3 -14.2
.1	4 1.4	2 3.4	-12 -18.4	-2.7	-2 -9.4
R	YBXT	YBXW	YBXZ	YBYC	YBYF
9.2 1.3 9.4 3.0 7.4 5.2 3.5 3.0	197 197 158 165 165 156 150 154	120 115 99 87 76 52 51 49	154 194 180 134 122 96 61 48	25.0 37.5 40.3 33.7 32.6 30.4 22.1 18.2	53 86 93 70 62 47 21
1.9 2.2 1.9	151 163 157	33 35 38	43 43 40	17.7 17.0 16.6	17 16 16
2.2 2.1 2.2	166 160 153	39 38 32	42 45 51	16.7 18.3 20.4	18 19 21
1.9 1.5 1.1	148 154 161	38 37 43	50 48 43	20.5 20.8 19.4	19 19 17
0.8 1.5 1.5	161 160 160	34 33 31	42 39 37	19.1 16.8 15.8	19 18 16
1.8	161	39	37	15.8	16
0.9	17 11.4	6 17.1	- 4 -10.2	-3.3	- 3 -14.6
0.2	0 -0.1	1 2.9	- 6 -12.9	-1.9	-2.9
vs	YBXU	YBXX	YBYA	YBYD	ybyg
11.7 13.6 12.6 12.4 11.1 10.6 10.3 10.1	121 119 109 111 103 100 107 109	53 57 48 42 31 30 9 9 9	51 75 59 59 50 41 0 32 50 27 3 20	21.0 27.7 25.1 22.7 21.7 21.7 21.7 21.7 21.7 21.7 21	0 18 7 27 2 27 7 24 1 15 6 12 8 •
9.6 9.7 9.9	117 118 116		2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 0 11: 0 11:	8 9 0
10.2 9.8 9.5	123 111 102		7 17 7 15 2 17	7 9. 5 9. 7 10.	6 1 3
8.9 9.0 9.2	104 121 139	4 2 1 2 9 2	1 17 1 20 3 19	7 11. 0 12. 9 12.	2 9 3
9.7	140 140	6 2 2	4 1 9	9 11. 9 11. 8 11	4 1
9.6	5 12	5 2	3 1	5 9	.1
-0.*		1 0 11.	2 7 -21.	4 -2.	.3
0.0	0	4	1 -	6 -3	.8

UNEMPLOYMENT ILO unemployment by age and duration C.

UNITED KINGDOM

All

Male

Female

Oct-Dec

Changes Over last 3 months Percent

Over last 12 months Per cent

			and the second					-	And all		A State State State	Tho	usands, sea	sonally adjusted
·			1 - E	25-49					al a	5	0 and over			
ED DOM	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Rate (%) ^a	Up to 6 months	up to 12 months	over 12 months	over 12 months	All over24 months
0 B	1	2	3	4	5	6 6	7 VBVT	8 VBVT	9 VRVW	10 	11 	12 YBZC	13 VB7E	14
Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGVI	MGAB	TBTH	IDIK	TETIN	1510		1011	77	1011			1021	YBZI
1992 1993 1994	1,503 1,557 1,483	8.6 8.9 8.4	628 551 532	313 296 242	561 709 710	37.3 45.6 47.8	266 373 427	454 517 487	8.8 8.2	141 151 128	96 73	270 286	49.0 52.2 58.7	127 162 187
1995 1996	1,350 1,280	7.6 7.1	492 504	211 223	647 553 450	47.9 43.2 42.6	417 361 297	403 377 341	6.7 6.2 5.4	117 119 115	53 56 44	234 202 182	57.9 53.7 53.2	158 147
1997 1998 1999	1,079 927 906	5.1 5.0	402 463 462	136 140	439 328 304	42.0 35.4 33.5	214 177	289 287	4.5 4.3	103 121	32 36	154 130	53.2 45.4	139 111 97
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	875 872 850	4.8 4.8 4.7	439 435 423	139 145 136	297 292 291	33.9 33.5 34.2	171 170 175	278 286 280	4.1 4.2 4.1	112 122 125	39 37 40	128 127 115	45.9 44.3 41.1	86 86 76
Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	833 817 807	4.6 4.5 4.4	425 424 425	129 127 125	279 266 257	33.5 32.6 31.8	164 158 151	281 270 273	4.1 4.0 4.0	123 116 116	40 43 43	118 111 114	42.0 41.0 41.8	81 74 72
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	798 776 767	4.4 4.3 4.2	420 405 405	118 116 111	260 254 252	32.6 32.8 32.8	155 147 141	270 268 261	3.9 3.9 3.8	115 111 107	42 44 41	113 113 112	41.8 42.0 43.1	73 72 72
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct	766 771	42 4.3	406 409	116 119	243 243	31.8 31.5	140 139	260 265	3.8 3.8	111 121 119	39 36 33	109 109	41.9 41.0 42.0	71 72 74
Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	748 737	4.1 4.1	396 396	115 110	237	31.7	130	261	3.8	115	36	109	41.9	71
Changes Over last 3 months Percent	-28 -3.7	-0.1	-10 -2.4	-6 -5.5	-12 -4.9	-0.4	-7 -5.1	1 0.5	0.0	4 3.6	-3 -8.1	0 0.4	0.0	-0.1
Overlast 12 months Percent	-138 -15.8	-0.8	-43 -9.8	-30 -21.2	-65 -22.0	-2.5	-38 -22.0	-17 -6.2	-0.3	4 3.4	-3 -7.0	-18 -14.4	-4.0	-15 -17
Spring guarters	MGVJ	MGXC	YBYI	YBYL	YBYO	YBYR	YBYU	YBVU	YBVX	YBYX	YBZA	YBZD	YBZG	YBZ
(Mar-May) 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996	981 1,035 970 862 821	10.0 10.5 9.8 8.6 8.2	368 322 289 251 271	203 183 151 132 132	410 530 530 480 417	41.8 51.2 54.7 55.6 50.8	202 284 332 323 291 231	346 388 359 299 281 239	9.8 11.3 10.4 8.6 8.0 6.6	99 108 87 81 77 70	74 72 54 37 41	172 208 218 181 163 137	49.9 53.5 60.6 60.5 58.0 57.1	107 127 147 129 119 119
1997 1998 1999	552 544	5.5 5.4	238 233 243	85 84	234 217	42.4 39.9	163 132	204 204	5.5 5.3	65 80	23 24	116 100	56.6 49.3	8
3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	514 514 502	5.1 5.1 5.0	219 221 215	78 81 75	218 212 212	42.4 41.3 42.1	134 134 135	193 201 194	5.0 5.2 5.0	67 77 77	26 24 25	100 99 91	52.0 49.5 47.1	
Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	491 481 472	4.9 4.8 · 4.7	217 217 216	73 73 71	201 191 186	40.9 39.7 39.3	127 121 115	193 182 191	5.0 4.7 4.9	74 67 73	26 28 30	93 87 88	48.4 47.8 46.2	
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	469 449 448	4.7 4.5 4.5	218 205 204	66 65 65	185 178 179	39.5 39.7 39.9	119 110 107	188 191 185	4.8 4.9 4.7	72 73 67	28 29 29	~ 88 89 89	46.6 46.6 48.3	55 52 53
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct	445 448	4.4 4.5	201 203	70 72 71	174 173	39.2 38.7 38.1	106 104 100	182 184 182	4.7 4.7 4.6	69 73 71	27 25 22	86 87 89	47.1 47.2 49.0	58 59 60
Sep-Nov (Aut) Oct-Dec	439	4.4	201	67	163	37.4	96	181	4.6	70	23	88	48.7	58
Changes Over last 3 months	-9	-0.1	5	-3	-11	-1.8	-8 -7.5	-0.3	0.0	0	-4 -13.4	3 3.3	1.7	0 0.9
Overlast 12 months	-78	-0.8	-12	-11 -143	-55	-5.0	-36 -27.0	-12 -6.0	-0.4	3 4.7	- 3 -10.4	-12 -11.9	-3.3	-10 -14.7
le Spring	MGVK	MGXD	YBYJ	YBYM	YBYP	YBYS	YBYV	YBVV	YBVY	YBYY	YBZB	YBZE	YBZH	YBZK
(Mar-May) 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	522 522 513 488 459 398 375	6.9 6.8 6.6 6.2 5.8 5.0 4.7	260 229 243 240 233 213 233	111 114 91 80 91 70 51	152 180 179 168 136 115 94	29.0 34.4 35.0 34.4 29.6 28.9 25.0	64 89 94 94 89 85 50	108 129 128 104 96 102 85	4.5 5.3 5.1 4.1 3.8 3.8 3.1 2.9	41 43 41 36 43 45 38 41	17 24 18 16 14 12	50 62 68 53 99 45 39 30	46.4 48.3 53.4 50.4 40.8 44.0 44.9 35.8	26 35 40 33 28 30 25 21
1999 3-month averages	362	4.5	220	56	8/	23.9	40	94	2.9	41	13	27	32.0	17
Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	361 357 348	4.5 4.4 4.3	215 208	63 61	79 80 79	21.8 22.3 22.8	36 40	86 87	2.9 3.0	45 48	13 13	27 24	32.0 27.9	18 15
Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	342 336 334	4.2 4.2 4.1	208 207 209	56 53 54	78 75 71	22.9 22.4 21.2	37 36 36	88 88 82	3.0 3.0 2.8	49 49 43	9 14 9 15 8 14	25 24 26	28.1 26.9 31.6	17 15 16
Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	328 327 320	4.1 4.0 3.9	202 200 200	52 51 46	75 76 73	22.7 23.3 22.9	36 37 34	82 77 76	2.8 2.6 2.5	42 39 40	2 14 9 15 9 13	25 24 23	30.8 30.8 30.5	14 13 13
Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	321 323 309	3.9 4.0 3.8	205 206 195	46 47 44	69 70 70	21.5 21.6 22.7	35 35 36	78 81 79	2.6 2.7 2.7	42 48 47	2 13 3 11 7 11	23 22 21	26.9 26.0	13 14
Out Date	202	37	100	43	69	22.7	35	80	2.7	46	5 13	21	26.3	13

2.7

0.1

-0.3

0 32

0 -0.3

4 8.8

1 1.5

-**2** -10.2

-6 -23.6

-3.6

-5.8

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

-1 -4.2

-5

-26.

2 22

-6 -6.8

35

1 2.5

-2

UNI	TED KINGDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25.4
-		MGSX	YBTI	YBVK	YBVQ	YCGP
All	Spring quarters (Mar-May) 1992 1994 1995 1996 1997	9.9 10.5 9.8 8.8 8.3 7.2 6.3	10.0 10.7 10.0 9.0 8.5 7.3 6.4	18.1 19.2 19.9 19.4 20.2 19.5 18.7	15.8 17.8 16.4 15.4 14.6 13.1 12.0	10.5 10.6 10.0 9.0 8.5 6.9 6.3
	1998 1999 3-month averages	6.1	6.2	20.0	11.7	5.7
	Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	5.9 5.8	6.0 5.9	20.2 20.7 20.6	11.1 11.0 11.3	5.6 5.6
	Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Aor Mar-May (Spr)	5.7 5.6	5.8 5.7 5.6	21.2 20.7	11.1 11.0 10.5	5.3 5.1 5.0
	Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	5.3 5.3	5.4 5.4 5.5	18.4 19.3 21.3	10.4 10.2 10.3	4.9 4.8 4.7
	Jul-Sep Aug Cop Sep-Nov (Aut)	5.5 5.3	5.6 5.4	21.8 21.3 20.1	10.7 10.6	4.8 4.7 4.8
	Oct-Dec Charates	5.3	5,4	20.1	0.5	-10
	Over last 3 months	-0.1 -0.6	-0.1 -0.6	-1.2 -0.3	-0.1	-0.9
Male	Sectorequarters	MGSY	YBTJ	YBVL	YBVR	YCGQ
	(Ma: Jay) 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1997 1995	11.6 12.5 11.5 10.2 9.8 8.2 6.9 6.8	11.8 12.6 11.7 10.3 9.9 8.3 7.0 6.9	195 20.5 20.7 20.9 22.7 21.0 20.0 23.3	19.2 21.3 19.4 18.0 17.4 15.2 13.5 13.0	11.9 12.1 11.6 9.5 7.7 6.7
	3-m with averages October 1999 Novis - Jan 2000 Decision-Feb 2000 (Win)	6.4 6.5 6.3	6.5 6.5 6.4	22.6 21.7 22.3	11.9 122 11.9	5. 5.9 5.9
	Jan Mar 2000 Feb Apr Mar May (Spr)	6.3 6.2 6.1	6.3 6.2 6.2	22.0 23.0 22.1	122 12.1 122	5.8 5.6 5.4
	Apr-Jan May-Jul Jun-Jug (Sum)	6.0 5.8 5.8	6.1 5.9 5.8	20.9 19.7 21.0	11.9 11.5 11.1	5. 5. 5.
	Jul-Sap Aug-Dot Sep-Nov (Aut)	5.8 5.9 5.8	5.8 6.0 5.9	22.9 23.7 23.0	10.8 11.5 11.5	5. 0 5.0 5.7
	Oct-Sec	5.8	5.8	22.4	11.8	5.
	Over last 3 months	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.9	0.
Fem	ale Spring quarters	MGSZ	YBTK	YBVM	YBVS	YCG
	(Mar-3/lay) 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	7.5 7.9 7.5 7.0 6.5 5.9 5.5 5.5 5.3	7.7 8.1 7.7 6.7 6.7 6.1 5.6 5.4	16.5 17.7 19.1 17.7 17.3 17.9 17.5 16.6	11.7 13.6 12.6 12.4 11.1 10.6 10.3 10.1	8. 8. 7. 7. 7. 5. 5. 5.
	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 98-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	52 52 52	5.3 5.3 5.3	18.1 18.6 19.0	9.6 9.7 9.9	5 . 5. 5.
	Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	5.2 5.1 5.0	5.4 5.3 5.1	19.2 19.3 19.3	10.2 9.8 9.5	5. 4. 4.
	Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	4.8 4.8 4.7	5.0 4.9 4.9	17.7 17.2 17.6	8.9 9.0 9.2	4. 4. 4
	Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	4.9 4.9 4.8	5.0 5.1 4.9	19.6 19.9 19.5	9.7 9.7 9.5	4 4 4
	Oct-Dec Changes Over lost 2	4.7	4.8	17.8	9.6	4
	Over last 12 months	-0.2 -0.5	-0.2	-1.8 -0.3	-0.1	-1

all economically active for that age group.

Sample size too small for a reliable estimate.

302

-19 -5.9

-60 -16.5

3.7

-0.2

-0.7

190

-15 -7.4

-31 -14.0

43

-3 -6.9

-18 -29.9

69

-**1** -0.8

-10 -13.1

22.7

1.2

0.9

UNEMPLOYMENT ILO unemployment rates by age^a

C.2 Per cent, seasonally adjusted

35-49	50-64(M) 50-59(F)	65+(M) 60+(F)
YCGV	MGXE	MGXH
7.3 7.5 7.1 6.5 6.0 5.3 4.3 4.5	8.3 95 8.9 7.4 6.8 5.8 4.7 4.6	3.8 4.3 3.3 2.6 2.9 2.6 2.4
42 42 4.1	4.3 4.4 4.4	25 26 25
4.0 4.0 4.0	4.4 4.2 4.3	22 1.9 2.0
4.0 3.8 3.8	4.2 4.1 4.1	2.0 2.2 1.8
3.9 3.9 3.7 3.6	4.1 4.1 4.0 4.0	1.8 2.0 2.2
-0.3	-0.1	0.6
-0.6 YCGW	-0.3 MGXF	-0.3 MGXI
85 92 83 74 72 61 46 5.0	10.3 11.8 10.9 9.1 8.3 6.8 5.7 5.5	5.1 4.9 4.0 4.3 4.3 3.4
4.5 4.6 4.4	5.2 5.4 5.3	:
42 42 42	5.2 4.9 5.1	:
4.2 4.0 4.0	5.0 5.0 4.9	:
4.0 4.1 3.9	4.9 4.9 4.8	:
3.8	-0.2	
-0.2	-0.5	
YCGX	MGXG	MGXJ
5.8 5.6 5.7 5.4 4.7	5.0 5.7 5.7 4.7 4.3	3.1 3.9 3.0 2.0
4.4 3.9 3.8	4.3 3.3 3.2	22 2.1 2.0
3.9 3.8 3.7	3.1 3.0 3.0	25 26 2.8
3.6 3.7 3.7	32 32 3.0	2.1 2.0 1.8
3.6 3.6 3.6	3.0 2.8 2.8	1.9 1.8
3.7 3.7 3.5	2.9 3.0 2.9	
3.4	2.9	
-0.4	-0.2	

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

C.11 UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count by region

-	NOT SEAS	ONALLY AD	JUSTED	ватеа			SEASONALLY ADJUSTED® CLAIMANT COUNT RATE®							
Government Office Regions	All	Male	Female	All Ma	ale F	emale	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
United Kingdom	BCJA	DPAA	DPAB	BCJB	DPAC	DPAD	BCJD		Cildod	DPAE	DPAF	BCJE	DPAH	DPAI
1995) Annual 1996) averages 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	2,325.6 2,122.2 1,602.4 1,362.3 1,263.0 1,102.3	1,770.0 1,610.3 1,225.1 1,037.7 963.5 839.6	555.6 511.9 377.3 324.7 299.5 262.6	8.1 7.4 5.6 4.7 4.3 3.8	11 10.1 7.7 6.5 6.0 5.2	4.4 4.0 2.9 2.5 2.3 2.0	2,289.7 2,087.5 1,584.5 1,347.8 1,248.1 1,088.8		··· ·· ··	1,752.2 1,593.1 1,214.9 1,029.4 955.0 831.5	537.5 494.4 369.6 318.4 293.1 257.3	8 72 5.5 4.7 4.3 3.7	10.9 10.0 7.6 6.5 6.0 5.2	42 38 29 25 22
1999 Jan 14	1,386.4	1,063.3	323.1	4.8	6.6	2.5	1,309.9	-9.5	-3.9	1,000.6	309.3	4.5	6.3	24
Feb 11	1,379.1	1,056.4	322.7	4.7	6.6	2.5	1,308.8	-1.1	-6.4	1,001.0	307.8	4.5	6.3	24
Mar 11	1,346.6	1,033.8	312.7	4.6	6.5	2.4	1,305.7	-3.1	-4.6	999.3	306.4	4.5	6.2	23
Apr 8	1,320.1	1,010.3	309.8	4.5	6.3	2.4	1,288.0	-17.7	-7.3	985.6	302.4	4.4	6.2	23
May 13	1,275.6	982.0	293.6	4.4	6.1	2.2	1,274.2	-13.8	-11.5	975.2	299.0	4.4	6.1	23
Jun 10	1,244.7	956.5	288.2	4.3	6.0	2.2	1,264.1	-10.1	-13.9	967.6	296.5	4.3	6.0	23
Jul 8	1,263.6	957.2	306.4	4.3	6.0	2.3	1,235.1	-29.0	-17.6	948.8	286.3	42	5.9	22
Aug 12	1,263.2	947.2	316.0	4.3	5.9	2.4	1,217.6	-17.5	-18.9	935.3	282.3	42	5.8	22
Sep 9	1,224.0	922.2	301.8	4.2	5.8	2.3	1,213.3	-4.3	-16.9	928.5	284.8	42	5.8	22
Oct 14	1,164.9	883.5	281.5	4.0	5.5	2.2	1,200.8	-12.5	-11.4	918.2	282.6	4.1	5.7	22
Nov 11	1,147.2	874.0	273.2	3.9	5.5	2.1	1,189.9	-10.9	-9.2	908.4	281.5	4.1	5.7	22
Dec 9	1,140.6	875.6	265.0	3.9	5.5	2.0	1,169.2	-20.7	-14.7	891.4	277.8	4.0	5.6	21
2000 Jan 13	1,236.4	946.6	289.8	4.3	5.9	22	1,161.4	-7.8	-13.1	885.5	275.9	4.0	5.5	21
Feb 10	1,227.0	937.3	289.7	4.2	5.9	22	1,156.5	-4.9	-11.1	880.9	275.6	4.0	5.5	21
Mar 9	1,194.3	913.2	281.1	4.1	5.7	2.1	1,140.6	-15.9	-9.5	869.4	271.2	3.9	5.4	21
Apr 13	1,142.1	874.1	268.0	3.9	5.5	2.0	1,117.6	-23.0	-14.6	852.7	264.9	3.8	5.3	2.0
May 11	1,108.2	849.9	258.3	3.8	5.3	2.0	1,109.9	-7.7	-15.5	845.4	264.5	3.8	5.3	2.0
Jun 8	1,077.2	824.6	252.6	3.7	5.2	1.9	1,092.5	-17.4	-16.0	832.7	259.8	3.8	5.2	2.0
Jul 13	1,088.8	820.7	268.1	3.7	5.1	2.0	1,069.3	-23.2	-16.1	817.3	252.0	3.7	5.1	1.9
Aug 10	1,089.1	814.3	274.8	3.7	5.1	2.1	1,051.7	-17.6	-19.4	806.5	245.2	3.6	5.0	1.9
Sep 14	1,042.8	785.4	257.4	3.6	4.9	2.0	1,043.8	-7.9	-16.2	800.2	243.6	3.6	5.0	1.9
Oct 12	1,009.2	766.3	243.0	3.5	4.8	1.9	1,047.7	3.9	-7.2	802.2	245.5	3.6	5.0	1.9
Nov 9	1,000.6	763.9	236.7	3.4	4.8	1.8	1,044.3	3 -3.4	-2.5	798.4	245.9	3.6	5.0	1.9
Dec 14 R	1,011.4	779.4	232.1	3.5	4.9	1.8	1,030.3	3 -14.0	-4.5	786.8	243.5	3.5	4.9	1.9
2001 Jan 11 P Great Britain	1,077.8 BCJG	826.7 BCJI	251.1 BCJJ	3.7 BCJH	5.2	1.9	1,004.8 DPAG	-25.5	-14.3	766.6	238.2	3.5 DPAJ	4.8	1.8
1995) Annual 1996) averages 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	2,237.4 2,038.1 1,539.0 1,304.9 1,212.2 1,060.1	1,701.4 1,545.3 1,175.2 992.8 924.2 807.6	536.1 492.8 363.8 312.0 288.0 252.5	8.0 7.3 5.5 4.6 4.3 3.7	10.9 10.0 7.6 6.4 5.9 5.2	4.3 3.9 2.5 2.3 2.0	2,201.8 2,003.7 1,521.7 1,290.4 1,197.3 1,046.7		··· ··· ··	1,683.6 1,528.2 1,165.0 984.6 915.7 799.5	5182 475.5 356.1 305.8 281.6 247.2	7.9 7.1 5.4 4.6 4.2 3.7	10.8 9.9 7.5 6.4 5.9 5.1	42 3.8 2.8 2.4 2.2 1.9
2000 Jan 13	1,192.0	912.1	279.9	4.2	5.9	22	2 1,117.2	2 -7.1	-12.3	851.8	265.4	3.9	5.5	21
Feb 10	1,183.0	903.2	279.7	4.2	5.8	22	1,112.1	7 -4.5	-10.5	847.7	265.0	3.9	5.4	21
Mar 9	1,151.1	879.7	271.4	4.1	5.7	2.1	1,097.4	4 -15.3	-9.0	836.5	260.9	3.9	5.4	20
Apr 13	1,100.2	841.7	258.5	3.9	5.4	2.0) 1,075.	1 -22.3	-14.0	820.5	254.6	3.8	5.3	20
May 11	1,067.3	818.4	248.9	3.8	5.3	2.0) 1,067.	5 -7.6	-15.1	813.3	254.2	3.8	5.2	20
Jun 8	1,036.6	793.6	243.0	3.7	5.1	1.9) 1,050.	7 -16.8	-15.6	800.8	249.9	3.7	5.1	20
Jul 13	1,045.0	788.5	256.5	3.7	5.1	2.0	0 1,028.	5 -22.2	-15.5	786.0	242.5	3.6	5.0	1.9
Aug 10	1,044.9	782.2	262.8	3.7	5.0	2.1	1 1,011.	3 -17.2	-18.7	775.5	235.8	3.6	5.0	1.9
Sep 14	1,000.4	753.9	246.4	3.5	4.8	1.9	9 1,003.	1 -8.2	-15.9	769.2	233.9	3.5	4.9	1.8
Oct 12	968.7	735.7	233.0	3.4	4.7	1.8	3 1,006.	3 3.2	-7.4	770.8	235.5	3.6	5.0	1.8
Nov 9	960.6	733.3	227.3	3.4	4.7	1.8	3 1,002.	3 -4.0	-3.0	766.6	235.7	3.5	4.9	1.8
Dec 14 R	971.5	748.5	223.0	3.4	4.8	1.8	3 988.	4 -13.9	-4.9	755.0	233.4	3.5	4.9	1.8
2001 Jan 11P North Fast	1,036.6 DPCF	794.9	241.7	3.7 DPDA	5.1	1.9	9 964. DPD	0 -24.4 G	-14.1	735.7	228.3	3.4 DPDM	4./	1.8
1995) Annual 1996) averages 1997) 1998) 1999)	130.5 118.4 94.5 84.4 81.0 73.4	104.4 94.0 75.4 67.4 64.4 58.6	26.1 24.4 19.0 17.0 16.6 14.7	11.4 10.4 8.5 7.6 7.4 67	16.5 15.1 12.2 11.1 10.8 9.9	5.1 4.7 3.8 3.4 3.2 2.9	1 128. 7 116. 8 93. 4 83. 3 79. 9 72.	5 ··· 4 ··· 2 ··· 3 ··· 9 ··· 2 ···	··· ··· ···	103.3 92.9 74.7 66.7 63.7 57.9	25.2 23.5 18.6 16.1 16.1 14.3	11.2 10.2 8.4 7.5 7.3 6.6	16.3 14.9 12.1 11.0 10.7 9.7	5.0 4.5 3.7 3.3 3.2 2.8
2000 Jan 13	81.8	65.6	16.2	7.4	11.0	32	2 75.	8 0.9	-0.3	60.5	15.3	6.9	102	3.0
Feb 10	81.0	64.8	16.2	7.4	10.9	32	2 75.	8 0.0	0 0.0	60.6	15.2	6.9	102	3.0
Mar 9	79.6	63.7	15.9	7.2	10.7	3.	1 75.	5 -0.3	3 0.2	60.4	15.1	6.9	102	3.0
Apr 13	76.7	61.4	15.2	7.0	10.3	3.0	0 73.	6 -1.9	-0.7	59.1	14.5	6.7	10.0	29
May 11	74.8	60.0	14.8	6.8	10.1	2.9	9 74.	1 0.5	-0.6	59.3	14.8	6.7	10.0	29
Jun 8	72.5	58.0	14.4	6.6	9.8	2.0	8 73.	0 -1.1	-0.8	58.5	14.5	6.6	9.8	29
Jul 13	72.7	57.6	15.1	6.6	9.7	3.0	0 71.	5 -1.5	-0.7	57.5	5 14.0	6.5	9.7	28
Aug 10	71.1	55.8	15.3	6.5	9.4	3.0	0 70.	2 -1.3	-1.3	56.5	5 13.7	6.4	9.5	27
Sep 14	68.2	53.7	14.5	6.2	9.0	2.9	9 69.	1 -1.1	-1.3	55.5	5 13.6	6.3	9.3	27
Oct 12	67.1	53.5	13.5	6.1	9.0	2.2	7 70	1 1.0	0 -0.5	56.4	4 13.7	6.4	9.5	27
Nov 9	67.6	54.5	13.1	6.1	9.2		6 69	7 -0.4	4 -0.2	56.0	0 13.7	6.3	9.4	27
Dec 14 R	67.4	54.8	12.6	6.1	9.2		5 68	3 -1.4	4 -0.3	54.8	3 13.5	6.2	9.2	27
2001 Jan 11P	72.2	58.2	14.0	6.6 DPDB	9.8	2.	8 66 IBW	5 -1.8 /A	3 -1.2	53.3	3 13.2	e 6.0 IBWC	9.0	42
1995) Annual 1996) averages 1997) 1998) 1999)	271.7 250.7 194.4 166.2 156.0	210.7 194.5 152.0 129.8 121.8	61.0 56.2 42.3 36.4 34.2 30.5	8.6 7.8 6.1 5.3 4.9 4.4	12.0 11.1 8.7 7.6 7.1 6.3	4. 3. 3. 2. 2. 2.	4 267 9 246 0 191 6 164 4 153 1 136	3 ··· 4 ··· 9 ··· 2 ··· 8 ··· 9 ···		2084 1922 1506 1282 1202	4 58.9 2 54.2 6 41.3 7 35.6 5 33.3 3 29.7	85 7.7 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 5.3 7 4.9 7 4.3	11.8 11.0 8.6 7.6 7.0 8 6.2	37 29 25 23 21
2000 Jan 13 Feb 10	156.1 155.4 151.3	122.4 121.5 118.4	33.7 33.9 32.8	4.9 4.9 4.8	7.1 7.1 6.9	2.2.2.2.	4 145 4 145 3 143	.7 -0.4 .6 -0. .5 -2.	4 -1.4 1 -1.0 1 -0.9	114. 113. 112.	1 31.6 8 31.8 3 31.2	6 4.6 6 4.6 2 4.5	6.6 6.6 6.5	21
Apr 13 May 11	145.2 140.7 136.7	114.0 110.6 107.3	31.3 30.2 29.4	4.6 4.5 4.3	6.6 6.4 6.2	2. 2. 2.	2 140 .1 139 .1 137	.6 -2.9 .6 -1.0 .4 -2.1	9 -1.7 0 -2.0 2 -2.0	110.3 109.3 107.3	3 30.3 2 30.4 6 29.8	3 4.5 4 4.4 8 4.4	6.4 6.3 4 6.2	222
Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	138.0 137.6 130.7	106.7 105.5 100.8	31.3 32.2 29.8	4.4 4.4 4.1	6.2 6.1 5.9	2.2.2.2.	2 134 2 132 .1 131	.6 -2.1 2 -2.4 .0 -1.1	8 -2.0 4 -2.5 2 -2.1	105. 103. 102.	5 29. 9 28. 8 28.	1 4. 3 4. 2 4.	6.1 2 6.0 2 6.0	222
Oct 12	125.2	97.2	28.0	4.0	5.6	2	.0 131	.3 0.1	3 -1.1	102.	8 28.	5 41	2 6.0	222
Nov 9	123.7	96.7	26.9	3.9	5.6	1.	.9 131	.3 0.1	0 -0.3	102.	8 28.	5 41	2 6.0	
Dec 14 R	126.9	100.2	26.8	4.0	5.8	1.	.9 130	.5 -0.1	8 -0.2	102.	1 28.	4 4.	1 5.9	
2001 Jan 11 P	137.2	107.7	29.5	4.4	6.3	2	.1 127	.3 -3.	2 -1.3	3 99.	6 27.	7 4.	U 5.0	

CLAIMANT COUNT Change since previous month Female All All Male Female ave cha ove mo enc Male All vernment ice gions kshire and the DPAX вскв DPAM 204.5 188.3 150.1 133.2 123.0 107.0 207.9 191.8 152.0 134.9 124.7 108.5 160.6 147.9 117.9 104.4 96.6 83.9 47.3 43.9 34.1 30.5 28.1 24.5 8.7 8.0 6.4 5.7 5.3 4.6 12.0 11.1 8.9 7.9 7.3 6.3 4.5 4.1 3.2 2.9 2.7 2.3 Annual averages 2.6 2.6 2.5 114.4 114.3 112.4 -1.1 -0.1 -1.9 123.0 122.3 118.6 5.2 5.2 5.0 7.2 7.2 6.9 95.6 95.0 92.0 27.4 27.3 26.6 13 10 9 109.6 109.4 107.0 4.7 4.6 4.4 6.6 6.4 6.2 2.4 2.3 2.2 -2.8 -0.2 -2.4 112.4 108.9 105.5 87.3 84.9 82.0 25.1 24.0 23.4 av 13 -2.2 -1.2 -1.0 4.5 4.5 4.3 6.1 6.1 5.9 2.3 2.4 2.3 105.7 106.4 102.0 81.1 80.9 78.1 24.6 25.4 23.9 104.8 13 10 14 103.6 102.6 0.2 -0.5 -1.1 5.7 5.7 5.9 2.2 2.1 2.1 ot 12 y 9 ac 14 R 98.5 98.1 100.3 76.0 75.9 78.4 22.6 22.1 21.9 4.2 4.1 4.2 102.8 102.3 101.2 -2.0 23 99.2 107.8 83.8 24.0 4.5 6.3 11P DPAY DPAN BCKC ands 145.9 131.3 96.3 80.3 76.2 69.4 10.2 9.3 6.7 5.6 5.3 4.8 4.1 3.7 2.6 2.3 2.1 2.0 112.5 101.0 74.2 61.3 58.3 52.7 35.7 32.5 23.2 19.8 18.7 17.5 7.5 6.8 4.9 4.1 3.9 3.5 148.3 133.6 97.4 81.1 77.0 70.2 inual rerages 2.2 2.2 2.1 72.5 72.2 71.5 -0.1 -0.3 -0.7 59.3 58.9 57.3 4.0 3.9 3.8 5.4 5.3 5.2 78.4 78.1 75.9 19.1 19.2 18.5 an 13 ab 10 ar 9 54.6 53.6 51.6 2.0 2.0 1.9 70.6 70.6 69.6 -0.9 0.0 -1.0 72.4 70.9 68.4 17.8 17.3 16.9 3.6 3.6 3.4 4.9 4.8 4.7 r 13 ay 11 8 8 2.0 2.1 2.0 68.4 67.6 67.5 -1.2 -0.8 -0.1 3.5 3.5 3.4 4.6 4.6 4.5 51.3 51.3 49.3 17.8 18.3 17.3 g 10 op 14 69.1 69.6 66.7 ov 9 oc 14 R 0.5 -0.3 -0.7 4.3 4.3 4.5 1.8 1.8 1.8 68.0 67.7 67.0 64.1 63.2 65.2 47.8 47.5 49.5 16.2 15.7 15.7 3.2 3.2 3.3 65.7 -1.3 2.0 3.6 4.9 an 11P 71.5 53.6 17.8 DPAR 8.2 7.3 5.5 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.2 DPBC 207.5 186.0 141.0 122.5 119.6 108.0 BCKG 210.3 188.6 142.3 123.5 120.9 109.2 dia**nds** nnual verages 10.8 9.7 7.4 6.3 6.4 5.8 158.6 142.0 108.2 93.4 92.1 83.1 51.7 46.6 34.1 30.1 28.8 26.1 4.7 4.1 3.1 2.7 2.5 2.3 117.3 116.1 113.5 6.2 6.1 6.0 2.4 2.4 2.3 112.4 111.6 110.1 -0.6 -0.8 -1.5 27.7 27.6 26.8 4.5 4.5 4.4 89.6 88.5 86.6 Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9 -1.4 0.1 -1.0 108.7 108.8 107.8 Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8 110.4 109.1 107.3 84.4 83.5 82.0 26.0 25.6 25.3 4.3 4.2 4.1 5.8 5.8 5.7 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.3 106.4 105.2 104.9 -1.4 -1.2 -0.3 5.7 5.7 5.6 Jui 13 Aug 10 Sep 14 27.0 28.0 26.5 4.2 4.3 4.1 109.2 111.0 107.5 82.2 83.0 81.1 1.8 0.4 -1.0 Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R 106.7 107.1 106.1 103.6 102.2 103.1 78.7 78.1 79.4 24.9 24.1 23.7 4.0 3.9 4.0 5.5 5.4 5.5 2.2 2.1 2.1 -1.9 2.2 104.2 5.8 001 Jan 11 P 25.5 4.2 109.1 83.6 DPCI 167.5 148.7 105.5 85.0 77.3 64.9 DPDD 6.6 6.0 4.2 3.4 3.0 2.5 DPDJ 124.8 110.6 79.0 63.1 57.6 47.9 42.7 38.1 26.5 22.0 19.8 17.0 8.8 7.9 5.6 4.5 4.0 3.3 3.9 3.5 2.4 1.9 1.7 1.5 164.8 146.2 104.4 84.2 76.5 64.1 995) Annual 996) averages 997) 998) 999) 999) 70.0 69.6 68.6 Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9 75.7 75.3 73.1 56.5 55.9 54.3 2.9 2.9 2.8 3.9 3.9 3.8 1.7 1.7 1.6 -1.2 -0.4 -1.0 19.2 19.3 18.8 -1.7 -1.1 -1.4 Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8 51.3 48.8 46.6 66.9 65.8 64.4 69.2 65.5 62.7 17.9 16.8 16.1 2.7 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.4 3.2 1.6 1.5 1.4 Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14 62.6 61.2 60.7 -1.8 -1.4 -0.5 3.2 3.1 3.0 1.5 1.5 1.4 2.4 2.4 2.3 62.1 62.2 59.5 45.5 45.1 43.4 16.7 17.2 16.1 0.1 -0.6 -1.5 Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R 22 22 22 2.9 2.9 3.0 1.4 1.3 1.3 60.8 60.2 58.7 15.6 15.2 14.7 58.0 57.5 57.6 42.4 42.2 43.0 -2.1 2001 Jan 11 P 56.6 1.4 62.0 46.1 15.9 2.4 3.2

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

RATE a

UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count by region

Thousands and per cent

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^b												
	COUNT	average	Male	Female	RATE a	Male	Female					
	since previous month	change over 3 months ended		- Crinaio								
DPAX					DPBI							
204.5			158.9 146.2	45.6 42.1	8.5 7.8	11.8 11.0	4.3 3.9					
150.1			116.8	33.3	6.3	8.8 7.8	3.2					
123.0			95.6	27.4	5.2	72	2.6					
107.0			83.1	24.0	4.5	0.5	2.5					
114.4 114.3	-1.1 -0.1	-1.3 -1.0	88.5 88.4	25.9 25.9	4.8 4.8	6.7 6.7	2.5					
112.4	-1.9	-1.0	86.9	25.5	4.7	6.5	2.4					
109.6 109.4	-2.8	-1.6 -1.6	85.1 84.7	24.5 24.7	4.6 4.6	6.4 6.4	2.3 2.4					
107.0	-2.4	-1.8	82.9	24.1	4.5	6.3	2.3					
104.8	-2.2	-1.6	81.5	23.3	4.4	6.1 6.1	22 22					
102.6	-1.0	-1.5	80.0	22.6	4.3	6.0	2.2					
102.8	0.2	-0.7	80.0	22.8	4.3	6.0	22					
102.3 101.2	-0.5 -1.1	-0.4 -0.5	79.4 78.4	22.9	4.3 4.3	6.0 5.9	2.2					
99.2	-2.0	-1.2	76.8	22.4	4.2	5.8	2.1					
DPAY					DPBJ							
145.9			111.4	34.5 31.4	7.4 6.7	10.1 9.2	4.0 3.6					
96.3			73.5	22.8	4.8	6.7	2.6					
80.3 76.2			57.9	18.4	3.8	5.2	2.1					
69.4	••	••	52.2	17.2	3.5	4./	2.0					
72.5 72.2	-0.1 -0.3	-0.4 -0.5	54.4 54.2	18.1 18.0	3.7 3.6	4.9 4.9	2.1 2.0					
71.5	-0.7	-0.4	53.7	17.8	3.6	4.9	2.0					
70.6	-0.9	-0.6	53.1	17.5	3.6	4.8 4.8	2.0					
70.6 69.6	-1.0	-0.5	52.3	17.3	3.5	4.7	2.0					
68.4	-1.2	-0.7	51.5	16.9	3.4	4.7	1.9					
67.6 67.5	-0.8 -0.1	-1.0 -0.7	51.0 50.9	16.6 16.6	3.4 3.4	4.6 4.6	1.9 1.9					
68.0	05	-0.1	51.3	16.7	3.4	4.6	1.9					
67.7	-0.3	0.0	51.0	16.7 16.7	3.4	4.6	1.9 1.9					
67.0	-0.7	-0.2	0.0	16.7	22	1.0	19					
65.7	-1.3	-0.8	49.0	10.7	DDDN	4.4	1.5					
207.5			157.3	50.2	8.1	10.7	4.6					
186.0 141.0			140.8 107.5	45.2 33.6	7.2 5.5	9.6 7.4	4.0 3.0					
122.5			92.8	29.6	4.7	6.3 6.3	2.6 2.5					
108.0			82.4	25.6	4.2	5.7	2.2					
112.4	-0.6	-1.2	85.6	26.8	4.3	5.9	2.3					
111.6 110.1	-0.8 -1.5	-1.1 -1.0	84.9 83.8	26.7 26.3	4.3 4.2	5.9 5.8	2.3					
108.7	-1.4	-1.2	82.9	25.8	4.2	5.7	22					
108.8	0.1	-0.9 -0.8	82.8 82.0	26.0 25.8	4.2 4.2	5.7 5.7	2.3 2.2					
107.0	1.0	0.0	81.0	25.4	41	56	22					
105.2	-1.2	-1.2	80.5	24.7	4.1	5.6	2.1					
104.9	-0.3	-1.0	80.6	24.3	4.0	5.0	2.1					
106.7 107.1	1.8 0.4	0.1 0.6	81.6 81.8	25.1 25.3	4.1 4.1	5.7 5.7	22					
106.1	-1.0	0.4	81.0	25.1	4.1	5.6	2.2					
104.2	-1.9	-0.8	79.5	24.7	4.0	5.5	2.1					
DPDJ			102.5	113	DPDP 65	87	37					
146.2		•	109.4	36.8	5.9	7.8	3.3					
104.4 84.2			78.4 62.6	26.0 21.6	4.1 3.3	5.5 4.5	1.9					
76.5 64.1			57.1 47.5	19.4 16.6	3.0 2.5	4.0 3.3	1.7 1.5					
70.0	-12	-12	51.9	18.1	2.7	3.6	1.6					
69.6	-0.4	-1.0	51.5	18.1	2.7	3.6	1.6 1.6					
08.6	-1.0	-0.9	00.7	47.4	0.6	3.4	15					
66.9 65.8	-1.7 -1.1	-1.0 -1.3	49.5 48.7	17.4	2.5	3.4	1.5					
64.4	-1.4	-1.4	47.6	16.8	2.5	3.3	1.5					
62.6 61.2	-1.8	-1.4	46.3 45.5	16.3 15.7	2.4 2.4	3.2 3.2	1.4 1.4					
60.7	-0.5	-1.2	45.1	15.6	2.3	3.1	1.4					
60.8	0.1	-0.6	45.1	15.7	2.4	3.1	1.4					
60.2 58.7	-0.6	-0.3	44.5	15.3	2.3	3.0	1.3					
56.6	-2.1	-1.4	41.7	14.9	2.2	2.9	1.3					

C.11 UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count by region

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SEASONALLY ADJU			LLY ADJUS	TED ^b			DATES			-						
Gover Office Regio	rnment ons	All	Male	Female	All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months ended	Male	Female	All	Male Fe	male	Gover
Londe 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	on Annual averages	DPCJ 394.7 360.1 271.4 226.6 204.3 175.5	292.1 265.2 199.8 166.5 150.5 129.5	102.6 95.0 71.6 60.1 53.8 46.0	DPDE 9.5 8.6 6.5 5.2 4.7 4.0	12.5 11.4 8.7 7.0 6.3 5.4	5.6 5.1 3.8 3.1 2.7 2.3	DPDK 390.0 355.8 269.7 225.4 203.1 174.6		··· ·· ·· ··	290.1 263.3 198.9 165.9 149.9 129.0	99.9 92.5 70.8 59.5 53.2 45.6	DPDQ 9.4 8.5 6.4 5.2 4.7 4.0	12.4 11.3 8.6 7.0 6.3 5.4	5.5 5.0 3.7 3.0 2.7 2.3	Regio Wales 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998)
2000	Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9	191.8 190.7 187.6	142.0 141.2 139.0	49.8 49.4 48.6	4.4 4.4 4.3	5.9 5.9 5.8	2.5 2.5 2.5	190.1 188.4 185.6	-1.2 -1.7 -2.8	-2.0 -2.1 -1.9	140.2 138.9 137.0	49.9 49.5 48.6	4.4 4.3 4.3	5.9 5.8 5.7	25 25 25	1999) 2000) 2000
	Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8	182.2 178.0 175.0	135.1 132.1 129.7	47.1 45.9 45.3	4.2 4.1 4.0	5.7 5.5 5.4	2.4 2.3 2.3	181.4 178.1 175.3	-4.2 -3.3 -2.8	-2.9 -3.4 -3.4	134.0 131.4 129.2	47.4 46.7 46.1	4.2 4.1 4.0	5.6 5.5 5.4	2.4 2.4 2.3	
	Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	173.5 173.0 169.6	127.4 126.0 123.8	46.1 46.9 45.8	4.0 4.0 3.9	5.3 5.3 5.2	2.3 2.4 2.3	171.1 167.5 165.6	-4.2 -3.6 -1.9	-3.4 -3.5 -3.2	126.2 124.0 122.8	44.9 43.5 42.8	3.9 3.8 3.8	5.3 5.2 5.1	23 22 22	
	Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R	164.6 160.9 159.1	120.9 118.7 118.2	43.7 42.2 40.9	3.8 3.7 3.6	5.1 5.0 4.9	22 21 21	165.3 164.5 161.9	-0.3 -0.8 -2.6	-1.9 -1.0 -1.2	122.6 121.9 119.8	42.7 42.6 42.1	3.8 3.8 3.7	5.1 5.1 5.0	22 22 21	
2001	Jan 11 P	160.4	119.2	41.2	3.7	5.0	21	158.1	-3.8	-2.4	116.9	41.2	3.6	4.9	21	
South 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	East Annual averages	DPCK 229.0 200.2 136.2 107.0 96.1 79.7	173.8 151.3 103.7 81.3 73.2 60.2	55.1 48.9 32.5 25.7 23.0 19.5	DPDF 6.0 5.1 3.4 2.7 2.4 2.0	82 7.0 4.7 3.8 3.3 2.7	32 2.8 1.8 1.4 1.2 1.1	DPDL 225.7 197.2 134.8 106.1 95.3 78.9	 	 	172.2 149.8 102.9 80.8 72.7 59.7	53.5 47.3 31.9 25.3 22.6 19.2	DPDR 5.9 5.0 3.4 2.7 2.4 1.9	8.1 6.9 4.7 3.7 3.3 2.7	3.1 2.7 1.8 1.4 1.2 1.0	2001 Scotla 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)
2000	Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9	94.3 92.8 88.7	71.7 70.4 67.4	22.6 22.4 21.3	2.3 2.3 2.2	3.3 3.2 3.1	12 12 12	86.7 85.6 83.8	-1.5 -1.1 -1.8	-1.5 -1.6 -1.5	65.7 64.8 63.4	21.0 20.8 20.4	2.1 2.1 2.1	3.0 2.9 2.9	1.1 1.1 1.1	2000
	Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8	83.3 79.7 76.3	63.2 60.6 58.1	20.0 19.1 18.3	2.1 2.0 1.9	2.9 2.8 2.6	1.1 1.0 1.0	82.0 80.8 79.8	-1.8 -1.2 -1.0	-1.6 -1.6 -1.3	61.8 61.0 60.0	20.2 19.8 19.8	2.0 2.0 2.0	2.8 2.8 2.7	1.1 1.1 1.1	
	Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	76.5 76.6 73.6	57.2 56.8 54.8	19.2 19.8 18.8	1.9 1.9 1.8	2.6 2.6 2.5	1.0 1.1 1.0	77.7 75.7 74.7	-2.1 -2.0 -1.0	-1.4 -1.7 -1.7	58.7 57.4 56.7	19.0 18.3 18.0	1.9 1.9 1.8	2.7 2.6 2.6	1.0 1.0 1.0	
	Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R	71.5 71.0 71.9	53.8 53.7 55.0	17.7 17.3 16.9	1.8 1.8 1.8	2.4 2.4 2.5	1.0 0.9 0.9	74.3 73.7 72.1	-0.4 -0.6 -1.6	-1.1 -0.7 -0.9	56.5 56.0 54.8	17.8 17.7 17.3	1.8 1.8 1.8	2.6 2.5 2.5	1.0 1.0 0.9	
2001	Jan 11 P	75.9	57.9	18.0	1.9	2.6	1.0	68.5	-3.6	-1.9	51.9	16.6	1.7	2.4	0.9	2001
South 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	Annual averages	BCKF 166.3 148.2 105.4 84.8 76.2 62.6	124.1 110.3 79.0 63.0 56.5 46.3	42.3 38.0 26.4 21.8 19.7 16.3	DPAQ 6.9 6.2 4.4 3.5 3.1 2.6	9.3 8.3 5.9 4.7 4.2 3.5	3.9 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.8 1.5	DPBB 163.5 145.6 104.3 84.0 75.3 61.8	··· ··· ···	 	122.7 109.0 78.4 62.5 56.0 45.8	40.8 ,36.7 25.9 21.5 19.4 16.0	DPBM 6.8 6.1 4.3 3.5 3.1 2.5	92 82 5.8 4.7 42 3.4	3.8 3.4 2.4 2.0 1.8 1.5	Northe 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)
2000	Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9	75.2 74.3 70.6	55.4 54.6 51.9	19.8 19.7 18.7	3.1 3.1 2.9	4.1 4.1 3.9	1.8 1.8 1.7	66.5 66.8 65.6	-1.6 0.3 -1.2	-1.7 -1.2 -0.8	49.2 49.3 48.4	17.3 17.5 17.2	2.7 2.8 2.7	3.7 3.7 3.6	1.6 1.6 1.6	2000
	Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8	65.7 62.4 59.5	48.8 46.5 44.5	16.9 15.9 15.0	2.7 2.6 2.4	3.6 3.5 3.3	1.6 1.5 1.4	64.2 64.0 63.0	-1.4 -0.2 -1.0	-0.8 -0.9 -0.9	47.4 47.0 46.4	16.8 17.0 16.6	2.6 2.6 2.6	3.5 3.5 3.5	1.5 1.6 1.5	
	Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	59.2 59.1 57.3	43.7 43.3 42.2	15.5 15.8 15.1	2.4 2.4 2.4	3.3 3.2 3.1	1.4 1.4 1.4	61.1 59.8 58.8	-1.9 -1.3 -1.0	-1.0 -1.4 -1.4	45.3 44.5 43.9	15.8 15.3 14.9	2.5 2.5 2.4	3.4 3.3 3.3	1.5 1.4 1.4	
	Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R	55.7 56.0 56.4	41.2 41.3 42.0	14.4 14.7 14.4	2.3 2.3 2.3	3.1 3.1 3.1	1.3 1.3 1.3	58.3 57.5 55.9	-0.5 -0.8 -1.6	-0.9 -0.8 -1.0	43.5 42.8 41.5	14.8 14.7 14.4	2.4 2.4 2.3	32 32 3.1	1.4 1.4 1.3	2001
2001	Jan 11 P	61.4	45.4	15.9	2.5	3.4	1.5	53.8	-2.1	-1.5	40.0	13.8	22	3.0	1.3	-
Englar 1995) 1996) 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	nd Annual averages	VASR 1,926.2 1,740.4 1,299.1 1,093.6 1,013.5 882.8	1,461.6 1,316.7 989.2 830.3 770.9 670.7	464.5 423.6 309.9 263.3 242.7 212.1	VASS 8.0 7.2 5.3 4.5 4.1 3.6	10.8 9.8 7.3 6.1 5.7 4.9	4.4 3.9 2.9 2.4 2.2 1.9	IBWK 1,897.7 1,713.1 1,285.7 1,083.1 1,002.8 873.1	 	··· ·· ·· ··	1,447.7 1,303.5 981.6 824.4 764.8 664.9	449.9 409.6 304.1 258.7 238.0 208.2	VASQ 7.8 7.1 5.3 4.4 4.1 3.5	10.7 9.7 7.3 6.1 5.6 4.9	42 38 28 24 21 19	a j b
2000	Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9	993.6 986.0 958.8	758.0 750.9 730.7	235.6 235.1 228.1	4.0 4.0 3.9	5.6 5.5 5.4	21 21 21	934.1 929.9 916.5	-6.8 -4.2 -13.4	-11.0 -9.5 -8.1	710.1 706.4 696.6	224.0 223.5 219.9	3.8 3.8 3.7	52 52 5.1	20 2.0 2.0	P R
	Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8	917.4 890.0 864.0	700.1 680.4 659.8	217.3 209.5 204.2	3.7 3.6 3.5	5.2 5.0 4.9	2.0 1.9 1.8	897.7 891.2 877.4	-18.8 -6.5 -13.8	-12.1 -12.9 -13.0	683.2 677.2 666.5	214.5 214.0 210.9	3.6 3.6 3.6	5.0 5.0 4.9	1.9 1.9 1.9	
	Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	866.0 866.5 835.1	652.7 647.7 627.3	213.3 218.8 207.8	3.5 3.5 3.4	4.8 4.8 4.6	1.9 2.0 1.9	858.2 843.1 835.0	-19.2 -15.1 -8.1	-13.2 -16.0 -14.1	653.5 644.3 638.4	204.7 198.8 196.6	3.5 3.4 3.4	4.8 4.8 4,7	1.8 1.8 1.8	
	Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R	808.2 800.2 808.0	611.7 608.8 620.4	196.6 191.4 187.5	3.3 3.2 3.3	4.5 4.5 4.6	1.8 1.7 1.7	837.8 834.0 821.8	2.8 -3.8 -12.2	-6.8 -3.0 -4.4	639.9 636.2 626.1	197.9 197.8 195.7	3.4 3.4 3.3	4.7 4.7 4.6	1.8 1.8 1.8	
2001	Jan 11 P	857.4	655.6	201.9	3.5	4.8	1.8	799.9	-21.9	-12.6	608.7	191.2	3.2	4.5		

Thousands

	NOT SEAS	SONALLY A	DJUSTED				SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ^b							
	CLAIMAN	T COUNT		RATEa	a faire and		CLAIMAN	NT COUNT	195		and the second	RATE	1.774	
Government Office Regions	All	Male	Female	All	[•] Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	average change over 3 months	Male	Female	All	Male	Female
Wales 1995) Annual 1996) averages 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	BCKI 107.8 102.7 80.3 69.8 64.9 57.9	83.4 79.2 62.4 54.0 50.2 44.7	24.4 23.5 17.9 15.8 14.7 13.1	DPAT 8.6 8.1 6.5 5.6 5.2 4.7	11.9 11.4 9.1 7.8 7.2 6.4	4.4 4.1 32 2.9 2.7 2.4	DPBE 106.1 100.9 79.3 69.0 64.2 57.2		··· ··· ··· ··	82.5 78.3 61.9 53.5 49.8 44.3	23.6 22.6 17.5 15.5 14.4 12.9	DPBP 8.4 8.0 6.4 5.6 5.2 4.6	11.8 11.3 9.0 7.8 7.1 6.3	4.2 3.9 3.2 2.8 2.6 2.4
2000 Jan 13	64.4	50.1	14.4	5.2	72	2.6	59.3	-0.2	-0.6	45.9	13.4	4.8	6.6	2.5
Feb 10	63.5	49.2	14.3	5.1	7.0	2.6	59.0	-0.3	-0.5	45.6	13.4	4.7	6.5	2.5
Mar 9	61.8	48.0	13.7	5.0	6.9	2.5	58.4	-0.6	-0.4	45.2	13.2	4.7	6.5	2.4
Apr 13	59.2	45.9	13.3	4.8	6.6	2.4	57.6	-0.8	-0.6	44.6	13.0	4.6	6.4	2.4
May 11	56.7	44.3	12.4	4.6	6.3	2.3	57.7	0.1	-0.4	44.5	13.2	4.6	6.4	2.4
Just 8	55.4	43.1	12.2	4.5	6.2	2.2	57.1	-0.6	-0.4	44.2	12.9	4.6	6.3	2.4
Ju: 13	57.0	43.4	13.6	4.6	62	2.5	56.8	-0.3	-0.3	43.9	12.9	4.6	6.3	2.4
Auto 10	57.6	43.5	14.1	4.6	62	2.6	56.2	-0.6	-0.5	43.7	12.5	4.5	6.3	2.3
Sep 14	55.5	42.4	13.1	4.5	6.1	2.4	56.3	0.1	-0.3	43.8	12.5	4.5	6.3	2.3
Cd 12	54.0	41.7	12.3	4.3	6.0	2.3	56.4	0.1	-0.1	43.9	12.5	4.5	6.3	2.3
Nov 9	54.0	41.9	12.1	4.3	6.0	22	56.1	-0.3	0.0	43.5	12.6	4.5	6.2	2.3
Dec 14 R	55.5	43.4	12.0	4.5	6.2	22	55.7	-0.4	-0.2	43.1	12.6	4.5	6.2	2.3
2001 Jac. 11 P	59.8	46.3	13.5	4.8	6.6	2.5	54.8	-0.9	-0.5	42.2	12.6	4.4	6.0	2.3
Scotland 1995) Amulal 1996) a wrages 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	BCKJ 203.5 195.1 159.6 141.5 133.8 119.4	156.3 149.3 123.5 108.5 103.1 92.1	47.2 45.7 36.0 32.9 30.7 27.3	DPAU 8.1 7.8 6.5 5.9 5.5 4.9	11.3 11.1 9.4 8.4 7.9 7.1	4.1 4.0 3.2 2.9 2.7 2.4	DPBF 198.1 189.7 156.1 138.2 130.4 116.5	····	 	153.4 146.5 121.5 106.6 101.1 90.3	44.7 43.3 34.6 31.6 29.3 26.1	DPBQ 7.9 7.6 6.4 5.7 5.4 4.8	11.1 10.9 9.2 8.2 7.7 6.9	3.9 3.8 3.1 2.8 2.6 2.3
2000 Jan 13	134.0	104.1	29.9	5.5	8.0	2.7	123.8	-0.1	-0.7	95.8	28.0	5.1	7.3	2.5
Fib 10	133.5	103.2	30.3	5.5	7.9	2.7	123.9	0.1	-0.4	95.7	28.2	5.1	7.3	2.5
Mar 9	130.6	101.0	29.6	5.4	7.7	2.6	122.5	-1.4	-0.5	94.7	27.8	5.0	7.2	2.5
Ave 13	123.6	95.8	27.9	5.1	7.3	2.5	119.7	-2.8	-1.4	92.7	27.0	4.9	7.1	2.4
May 11	120.6	93.7	26.9	5.0	7.2	2.4	118.6	-1.1	-1.8	91.6	27.0	4.9	7.0	2.4
July 8	117.3	90.7	26.6	4.8	6.9	2.4	116.3	-2.3	-2.1	90.2	26.1	4.8	6.9	2.3
Jun 13	121.9	92.4	29.6	5.0	7.1	2.6	113.6	-2.7	-2.0	88.7	24.9	4.7	6.8	22
Aug 10	120.8	91.0	29.8	5.0	7.0	2.7	112.1	-1.5	-2.2	87.6	24.5	4.6	6.7	22
Ship 14	109.7	84.2	25.5	4.5	6.4	2.3	111.8	-0.3	-1.5	87.0	24.8	4.6	6.7	22
Oct 12	106.5	82.4	24.1	4.4	6.3	2.1	112.1	0.3	-0.5	87.0	25.1	4.6	6.7	22
New 9	106.4	82.6	23.8	4.4	6.3	2.1	112.2	0.1	0.0	86.9	25.3	4.6	6.7	22
Dec 14 R	108.0	84.6	23.5	4.4	6.5	2.1	110.8	-1.4	-0.3	85.8	25.0	4.6	6.6	22
2001 Jac 11 P	119.3	93.0	26.4	4.9	7.1	2.3	109.2	-1.6	-1.0	84.7	24.5	4.5	6.5	22
Northers ineland 1995) Assetal 1996) assetages 1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	BCKK 88.2 63.5 57.5 50.8 42.1	68.7 65.0 49.9 44.8 39.3 32.1	19.5 19.1 13.5 12.6 11.5 10.1	DPAV 11.3 10.8 8.1 7.3 6.5 5.4	15.1 14.5 11.2 10.1 9.0 7.4	5.9 5.7 4.0 3.7 3.3 2.9	DPBG 87.8 83.8 63.4 57.5 50.7 42.1	······································	 	68.6 64.9 49.9 44.8 39.3 32.0	19.3 18.9 13.5 12.6 11.4 10.1	DPBR 11.2 10.7 8.1 7.3 6.5 5.4	15.1 14.5 11.2 10.1 9.0 7.3	5.9 5.7 4.0 3.7 3.3 2.9
2000 Jan 13	44.4	34.5	9.9	5.7	7.9	2.9	44.2	-0.7	-0.8	33.7	10.5	5.7	7.7	3.1
Feb 10	44.0	34.1	10.0	5.7	7.8	2.9	43.8	-0.4	-0.7	33.2	10.6	5.6	7.6	3.1
Mar 9	43.2	33.5	9.7	5.5	7.7	2.8	43.2	-0.6	-0.6	32.9	10.3	5.6	7.6	3.0
Apr 13	41.8	32.3	9.5	5.4	7.4	2.8	42.5	-0.7	-0.6	32.2	10.3	5.5	7.4	3.0
May 11	40.9	31.5	9.4	5.3	7.2	2.7	42.5	0.0	-0.4	32.1	10.4	5.5	7.4	3.0
Jun 8	40.6	31.0	9.6	5.2	7.1	2.8	41.8	-0.7	-0.5	31.9	9.9	5.4	7.3	2.9
Jul 13	43.8	32.2	11.6	5.6	7.4	3.4	40.8	-1.0	-0.6	31.3	9.5	52	72	2.8
Aug 10	44.1	32.1	12.0	5.7	7.4	3.5	40.3	-0.5	-0.7	30.9	9.4	52	7.1	2.7
Sep 14	42.4	31.4	11.0	5.5	7.2	3.2	40.7	0.4	-0.4	31.0	9.7	52	7.1	2.8
Oct 12	40.6	30.6	10.0	5.2	7.0	2.9	41.4	0.7	0.2	31.4	10.0	5.3	72	2.9
Nov 9	40.0	30.6	9.4	5.1	7.0	2.8	42.0	0.6	0.6	31.8	10.2	5.4	7.3	3.0
Dec 14 R	40.0	30.9	9.1	5.1	7.1	2.6	41.8	-0.2	0.4	31.7	10.1	5.4	7.3	3.0
2001 Jan 11 P	41.2	31.8	9.3	5.3	7.3	2.7	41.0	-0.8	-0.1	31.0	10.0	5.3	7.1	29

National and regional claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) at mid-1999 for 1999 and 2000 figures and at the corresponding mid-year estimates for earlier years.

The seasonally adjusted series takes account of past discontinuities to be consistent with the current coverage of the count (see *Employment Gazette*, December 1990, p608 for the historical list of discontinuities taken into account, and pS16 of the April 1994 issue). It also takes into account the effect of the change in benefit eligibility rules introduced with Jobseeker's Allowance (see *Labour Market Trends*, May 2000 pp219-24). To maintain a consistent assessment, the seasonally adjusted series relates only to claimants aged 18 and over.

The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted claimant count figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month. Revised

UNEMPLOYMENT C.11 Claimant count by region



Source: Benefits Agency administrative system Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02075336094

UNEMPLOYMENT 2 Claimant count by age and duration

Thousands and per cent, not seasonally adjusted UNITED 18-24 Allages Over 12 and up to 24 Percent claiming over12 months Over 6 and up to 12 Over 12 and up to 24 Over 6 and up to 12 Over13 Over 13 weeks and Percent claiming over 12 months eksand All over 24 All over 24 Up to 13 up to 6 months Up to 13 up to 6 All ΔII nonths weeks months nonths GEYV 1374.6 1366.1 1333.1 GEYZ GEZA GEZC GEY) GEZE 176.3 175.0 164.6 17.7 15.0 13.1 24.9 24.7 24.9 324.6 323.0 312.2 71.9 76.1 78.1 7.5 6.4 5.7 229.8 225.4 224.1 170.7 172.2 168.0 164.3 52.0 51.3 51.6 1999 Jan 14 552.1 249.8 267.6 273.4 Feb 1 Mar 1 535.9 503.4 169.3 167.8 1307.8 1262.4 1231.9 297.5 286.5 278.8 156.1 146.1 143.9 71.1 71.7 67.6 54.2 54.5 54.2 12.0 10.9 10.2 5.4 5.0 4.7 Apr 8 May 13 Jun 10 498.0 463.6 451.9 251.2 245.8 234.2 230.0 231.6 230.1 167.2 164.3 161.8 25.1 25.5 25.6 161.3 157.1 153.8 4. 1251.4 1251.2 1212.1 230.1 219.2 213.2 217.7 217.9 211.0 303.1 311.9 298.2 65.1 61.7 60.2 50.1 50.5 47.4 10.1 9.4 8.8 Jul 8 Aug 12 Sep 9 24.8 24.1 24.3 150.6 175.4 4.1 3.7 3.6 493.4 512.4 492.8 159.6 155.4 152.1 146.3 143.1 188.2 179.9 Oct 14 Nov 11 Dec 9 7.7 6.7 6.2 1153.3 1136.1 1130.4 194.4 185.9 181.0 146.4 141.9 138.9 24.7 24.3 24.1 138.1 134.6 133.1 272.8 263.2 257.7 159.2 154.4 151.0 64.2 63.3 63.4 40.2 37.5 36.0 3.4 3.0 2.8 460.1 463.6 465.6 214.3 210.1 211.8 166.2 167.4 158.0 22.4 22.1 22.2 288.7 291.5 282.5 70.5 72.2 72.7 44.3 44.7 45.0 6.6 6.3 6.0 2.7 2.5 2.4 2000 Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9 1225.7 1216.9 1185.2 236.7 247.3 249.0 201.7 140.9 137.3 133.8 134.2 131.8 129.6 512.2 500.2 472.6 200.3 200.2 46.6 46.9 46.1 5.6 5.5 5.5 Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8 225.1 221.0 210.2 203.4 204.5 200.7 128.9 126.1 123.3 22.5 22.9 23.1 263.1 251.6 245.0 65.7 65.6 61.7 2.4 2.5 2.5 1134.1 1100.4 1069.7 449.9 423.5 412.1 126.8 144.5 125.4 132.9 131.1 22.3 21.8 22.2 267.4 273.3 258.7 161.0 171.7 163.0 58.2 54.1 53.7 41.7 41.2 35.7 5.9 5.8 5.8 2.4 2.3 2.4 120.1 117.2 113.9 Jul 13 449.5 205.4 185.5 121.1 1081.7 Aug 10 Sep 14 1082.0 1036.0 469.4 447.2 193.9 189.4 182.5 119.0 116.0 169.4 Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 1003.2 994.7 1005.9 22.2 21.8 21.1 241.7 235.7 238.4 56.7 57.1 59.2 31.0 28.7 28.8 5.0 4.6 4.4 2.3 2.2 2.0 189.8 160.0 1117 110.9 148.5 430.8 434.5 443.5 190.1 197.1 153.4 152.7 108.5 106.7 108.2 106.0 144.8 145.5 260.9 157.7 63.4 34.8 4.5 1.9 168.0 107.5 19.8 104.9 1072.2 477.0 214.7 2001 Jan 11 GEZN GEZK GEZL GE GEZG GEZI Male 124.1 122.7 115.5 50.0 53.6 56.0 12.9 10.9 9.5 7.9 6.7 5.9 1999 Jan 14 Feb 11 Mar 11 1054.6 1046.8 1023.9 229.4 228.1 221.3 178.9 175.0 173.0 26.9 26.7 26.9 146.1 142.6 139.5 37.2 36.7 36.6 4067 184.8 138.0 392.5 368.3 199.7 207.0 137.0 136.1 109.5 103.5 101.0 38.1 38.6 38.7 8.7 7.9 7.3 5.6 5.1 4.8 177.0 179.0 178.6 135.7 133.6 131.6 27.2 27.5 27.7 136.9 133.5 130.6 210.5 203.5 197.0 51.1 51.1 47.9 1001.2 361.1 341.2 190.5 Apr 8 May 13 972.1 947.0 184.8 175.5 Jun 10 330.6 7.2 6.6 6.1 27.2 26.7 26.8 207.5 211.0 202.8 45.8 43.5 42.2 35.8 35.7 33.6 4.3 3.8 3.7 Jul 8 Aug 12 Sep 9 948.2 938.4 913.6 127.9 116.8 349.3 172.0 169.3 1297 123.7 119.6 355.7 346.5 163.8 158.7 168.8 126.0 123.1 124.1 163.9 28.6 26.7 25.6 3.5 3.1 2.9 44.2 43.6 43.6 5.4 4.7 4.4 Oct 14 Nov 11 Dec 9 118.8 115.5 113.2 27.0 26.5 26.1 117.2 114.4 113.1 187.2 182.6 181.7 108.0 106.6 107.3 158.1 875.0 329.2 155.1 156.2 865.9 868.1 335.9 344.5 145.1 141.1 31.3 31.6 31.6 4.7 4.4 4.2 2.7 2.5 2.4 48.9 2000 Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9 938.8 929.9 906.5 378.8 367.0 345.4 24.4 24.0 24.1 114.0 112.0 110.0 203.4 117.7 117.3 110.3 175.2 156.0 1148 184.4 188.0 154.9 154.3 111.7 108.8 204.9 198.7 50.9 52.1 185.3 178.0 172.7 101.4 94.2 92.3 46.8 46.4 43.3 32.6 33.1 32.7 3.9 3.9 3.9 2.4 2.4 2.5 156.3 157.7 155.6 24.5 24.7 25.0 107.5 106.5 104.9 170.0 104.8 Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8 868.2 844.2 819.0 329.6 102.3 99.8 311.6 301.5 166.1 157.3 182.3 184.9 176.3 2.5 2.4 2.5 29.6 29.1 25.3 4.1 4.0 4.0 Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14 107.5 113.3 109.2 40.8 815.5 809.1 780.3 318.0 327.1 317.2 153.7 145.1 140.8 978 24.5 24.2 24.4 101.9 1441 1414 96.1 93.6 99.4 96.7 38.1 37.5 132.0 2.3 2.1 2.0 Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 761.8 759.6 775.3 90.3 87.9 87.0 24.2 23.7 22.8 94.2 92.0 90.1 166.7 164.2 169.6 101.8 100.7 104.8 39.0 39.5 40.9 22.0 20.5 20.5 3.5 3.2 3.1 311.5 140.4 125.5 140.9 146.6 318.0 331.8 120.8 119.7 24.5 3.2 1.9 0.3 89.2 112.3 44.3 184.6 87.7 21.5 2001 Jan 11 822.4 353.8 160.8 130.9 GEY GEZW GEZY GEZV GEZT GE7B 18.4 18.1 18.3 52.2 52.3 49.1 21.9 22.5 22.1 14.7 14.6 15.1 4.7 6.7 5.8 5.2 65.0 67.8 66.4 32.7 32.3 31.8 26.0 25.3 24.8 95.2 94.9 91.0 50.9 50.4 51.1 1999 Jan 14 320.0 319.3 309.2 4.1 3.5 Feb 11 Mar 11 143.4 135.1 5.0 4.7 4.5 87.1 83.0 81.8 20.0 20.6 19.8 16.1 15.9 15.5 3.3 3.0 2.9 46.6 42.5 42.8 24.4 23.6 23.2 Apr 8 May 13 Jun 10 306.6 290.3 284.9 137.0 122.4 121.3 60.7 53.1 31.5 30.7 30.2 18.2 18.7 18.8 60.9 58.8 52.6 51.4 0.7 0.6 0.5 3.7 3.3 3.4 2.9 2.8 2.7 Jul 8 Aug 12 Sep 9 303.2 312.7 298.6 144.1 156.7 146.3 58.1 55.5 54.5 48.4 49.1 47.1 29.9 29.4 29.0 17.3 16.5 17.0 22.7 22.1 21.7 95.7 100.9 95.4 58.5 64.5 60.3 19.3 18.2 18.0 14.3 14.8 13.8 0.5 0.4 0.3 20.0 19.8 19.8 11.6 10.8 10.4 2.3 2.0 1.7 3.2 2.9 2.7 85.5 80.7 76.0 51.2 47.8 43.7 Oct 14 Nov 11 Dec 9 27.7 26.4 25.7 17.4 17.3 17.4 20.8 20.3 19.9 278.3 270.2 262.3 131.0 127.7 121.1 56.2 55.0 55.6 42.7 40.8 39.9 0.3 0.3 0.2 2.6 2.4 2.4 1.9 1.8 1.7 85.3 86.7 83.8 48.4 50.1 47.7 21.6 21.3 20.7 13.0 13.1 13.4 2000 Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9 45.7 45.4 26.2 25.6 25.0 16.1 15.8 16.0 20.1 19.8 19.6 286.9 287.0 278.7 133.4 61.5 133.3 127.3 62.9 60.9 45.9 02 02 02 2.4 2.5 2.5 77.7 73.6 72.4 14.0 1.6 1.7 1.7 43.0 18.9 265.9 256.2 250.7 24.1 23.8 23.5 16.3 16.7 16.8 19.3 Apr 13 May 11 Jun 8 120.3 111.9 110.6 55.1 54.9 52.9 47.1 13.8 13.3 18.9 18.6 38.7 38.8 19.3 18.4 46.8 45.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 2.4 85.1 88.4 82.4 12.1 12.1 10.5 1.8 15.6 14.9 15.5 18.2 17.8 17.3 53.6 58.3 53.8 17.4 Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14 41.4 23.3 266.2 272.9 255.7 131.5 51.8 22 2.4 16.0 16.2 1.8 1.8 142.3 48.9 41.1 37.4 22.9 22.4 48.6 130.0 0.2 0.2 0.1 2.3 22 2.1 1.5 1.4 1.3 16.7 16.2 15.8 75.0 71.5 68.8 17.6 17.6 18.3 9.0 241.4 235.1 230.7 119.3 116.5 111.7 21.5 20.6 19.7 46.7 44.1 49.4 34.5 15.8 Oct 12 49.2 50.4 32.6 33.0 15.7 15.4 8.2 8.3 Nov 9 Dec 14 40.8 0.1 1.9 15.7 76.3 45.5 19.1 10.3 1.3 37.1 19.8 14.2 249.7 123.2 54.0

GEZF 804.2 796.4 778.4 IACY 230.6 229.3 225.3 139.0 149.0 152.1 73.1 69.3 65.3 119.4 120.3 120.8 28.9 29.1 29.5 290.9 277.7 259.6 141.5 138.3 136.8 113.3 111.1 109.1 9 Jan Feb Mar 68.7 63.4 61.6 260.3 242.4 235.5 29.7 30.2 30.5 225.5 216.5 211.7 768.5 743.6 726.5 140.7 139.3 120.8 107.4 Apr May Jun 105.2 135.9 129.7 140.4 119.8 118.6 139.6 246.0 252.0 243.8 127.7 122.0 118.5 132.9 132.7 129.6 30.1 29.5 29.7 101.2 98.3 96.1 209.1 206.3 201.6 61.7 62.3 60.2 724.9 719.2 700.0 117.1 114.2 111.9 Jul Aug Sep 196.3 196.1 196.0 121.7 117.1 114.4 59.5 62.7 63.9 671.0 663.9 117.3 115.0 116.5 29.9 29.5 29.0 108.2 92.6 Oct Nov Dec 231.2 105.3 103.3 236.3 240.5 90.3 89.2 663.9 27.3 27.1 27.2 208.8 205.6 200.8 69.3 65.3 61.3 713.8 703.5 685.6 265.8 254.6 240.3 129.1 135.1 136.2 124.1 104.6 90.2 88.9 87.5 00 Jan Feb Ma 122.9 122.5 101.9 99.1 123.9 120.8 115.1 95.5 93.4 91.3 27.4 27.7 27.9 85.5 84.8 83.5 195.4 190.0 184.2 61.7 59.0 56.7 123.7 660.2 231.6 124.4 122.4 644.0 626.3 220.7 213.9 180.3 178.3 171.2 620.6 617.1 593.8 56.4 58.1 55.0 222.4 230.1 220.2 27.5 27.1 27.4 81.2 79.2 76.9 1136 113.8 111.7 89.6 108.1 105.3 88.1 85.8 105.6 169.3 169.4 169.6 56.3 59.1 60.1 104.4 104.5 108.5 580.1 577.8 586.1 216.7 221.6 228.7 101.4 82.9 80.6 79.6 27.2 26.6 25.7 74.7 72.8 71.3 Oct Nov Dec 98.3 98.0 70.7 179.3 64.8 24.3 618.8 244.5 118.2 105.4 80.0 2001 Jan IACI IACN IACT IACW **Jale** 643.8 637.3 624.1 222.7 211.6 197.6 107.4 115.9 119.9 115.4 112.4 110.7 30.8 31.0 31.4 98.6 96.6 94.8 172.5 171.5 168.6 53.0 50.1 47.1 99.8 999 Ja 100.7 101.1 Ma 112.6 113.7 113.4 168.0 162.4 158.4 48.7 45.8 44.1 613.3 597.2 583.1 31.7 32.1 32.4 93.3 91.4 89.5 111.0 101.1 195.3 185.1 179.2 100.4 99.5 106.6 101.4 155.5 152.1 149.0 577.1 567.5 554.6 99.8 95.3 92.4 108.1 107.9 105.7 32.2 31.8 31.9 87.8 85.2 83.3 43.2 42.8 41.9 183.3 98.1 95.5 93.4 183.6 179.7 146.0 146.0 146.2 534.3 173.1 91.0 99.5 31.9 31.4 30.8 80.3 42.3 44.7 46.0 90.4 530.0 532.9 178.8 185.4 89.1 90.0 95.7 93.4 88.2 86.6 78.2 77.4 50.1 47.2 44.0 571.3 562.4 548.9 204.6 195.0 183.7 29.0 28.9 28.9 78.2 77.1 75.8 155.7 153.2 149.6 100.0 1007 87.7 105.3 107.4 99.7 99.1 85.4 83.0 528.3 516.0 501.1 44.4 42.2 40.3 29.1 29.4 29.6 74.0 73.4 72.3 145.8 141.8 137.1 176.9 97.7 99.8 79.9 168.9 162.9 95.0 90.3 100.6 78.0 76.2 99.3 133.3 130.8 126.4 39.3 39.8 38.5 492.2 485.9 470.6 89.0 84.7 82.1 29.4 29.2 29.3 165.7 92.6 74.6 70.3 168.6 164.4 90.8 86.3 73.3 71.3 68.5 66.5 28.9 28.2 27.2 125.8 126.2 126.9 40.0 42.3 43.5 Oct Nov Dec 69.0 67.3 66.6 64.7 63.1 61.9 462.6 164.6 81.2 83.2 462.5 472.1 169.9 178.4 81.3 84.9 80.9 80.3 496.6 93.0 86.1 67.1 25.8 61.2 133.8 46. 001 Jan 189.3 IACX emale IAC.I IACO IACU 99 Jan Feb Mar 20. 19. 18. 68.2 66.1 62.0 160.3 159.2 154.3 31.6 33.0 32.2 19.5 19.7 19.7 21.4 21.5 22.0 14.8 14.5 14.3 58.1 57.8 56.6 26.1 25.9 26.1 155.3 146.4 143.4 57.4 54.1 53.3 20.0 17.0 17.0 Apr May 65.0 57.3 56.2 26.8 26.7 26.2 21.8 22.6 22.8 29.7 19.7 14.1 29.3 28.2 19.4 19.2 13.8 13.6 Jun 147.8 151.7 145.4 24.8 24.8 23.9 19.0 18.7 18.5 21.9 20.9 21.5 53.6 54.2 52.6 62.7 68.4 64.1 27.9 26.7 26.1 13.4 13.0 12.8 18. 19. 18. Aug Oct Nov Dec 50.3 50.2 49.8 136.7 133.8 131.0 22.2 21.4 21.0 22.0 21.8 21.7 12.3 12.0 11.8 17. 18. 17. 58.1 57.5 55.1 26.3 25.9 26.5 17.8 17.1 53.1 52.3 51.2 20.3 20.1 20.3 19. 18. 17. 000 Jan 142.5 141.1 136.7 29.0 29.8 28.8 23.4 23.3 23.5 16.9 16.5 16.1 12.0 11.8 11.7 61.2 Feb Mar 59.6 56.6 Apr May Jun 17.3 16.8 16.4 131.9 54.8 51.7 51.0 26.2 25.8 24.8 20.5 11.5 11.3 11.2 49.6 23.9 15.6 128.0 125.2 23.8 23.1 15.4 15.1 20.8 21.0 48.2 47.0 46.9 47.4 44.8 128.3 131.3 123.2 56.7 61.5 55.8 24.5 23.4 23.2 21.2 20.9 19.4 15.0 14.8 14.5 20.2 19.4 20.2 11.0 10.7 10.4 17. 18. 16. Aug 10 Sep 14 Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 117.5 115.3 114.0 18.2 17.4 17.7 43.5 52.1 51.6 50.4 23.2 14.0 20.4 10.0 16 23.2 23.5 13.3 20.0 9.8 9.5 43.1 42.7 129 16 2001 Jan 11 122.2 19.3 12.9 18.3 9.4 45.6 18.2 55.3 25.2

25-49

Over 6 and up to 12

IACM.

Over 12 and up to 24

nths

Percent claiming over12

All over 24

IACS

Over 13 weeks and up to 6

Up to 13

All

INITED

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table C.11. The latter include clerically processed claims whic currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

An occasional supplementary analysis by age and duration of the full claimant count, including the 6,000 clerical claims, for October 2000, is available on request from the Labour Market Statistics Helpline or via the website www.statistics.gov.uk.

2001 Jan 11

UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count by age and duration

Up to week

All

ds and per cent, not seasonally adjuste

	50	and over			
3	Over 13 weeks and up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	Over 12 and up to 24 months	Per cent claiming over 12 months	All over 24 months
	36.3 39.9 40.7	IACB 35.5 35.1 35.0	33.6 33.9 33.9	37.1 37.1 37.4	IADH 52.0 51.2 50.4
	37.1	35.6	34.3	37.3	49.8
	35.1	35.8	33.5	37.9	48.7
	33.8	35.4	32.9	38.2	47.9
	34.3	33.8	32.4	37.9	46.9
	32.7	33.6	31.8	37.6	45.9
	32.1	32.9	31.3	37.9	45.1
	30.8	31.6	30.5	37.9	43.9
	30.1	30.4	29.8	37.2	43.1
	30.3	29.9	29.3	36.7	42.7
	34.6	32.5	29.6	34.7	42.9
	37.3	32.0	29.0	34.5	42.0
	37.5	32.0	28.6	34.8	41.3
	33.1	32.3	27.8	35.0	40.5
	31.6	32.3	27.1	35.3	40.0
	30.4	31.4	26.4	35.7	39.3
	30.8	29.1	25.6	35.4	38.3
	29.2	28.6	25.0	35.0	37.5
	28.1	27.2	24.4	35.6	36.5
	26.9	26.7	23.7	35.1	35.7
	26.8	25.5	23.2	34.2	34.9
	27.5	25.2	22.7	33.5	34.1
	30.8	27.1	22.9	31.6	33.8
	26.0	25.8	25.2	39.2	42.4
	28.7	25.5	25.4	39.1	41.7
	29.7	25.3	25.4	39.5	41.1
	27.1	25.8	25.8	39.5	40.6
	25.4	26.2	25.2	40.0	39.7
	24.4	26.0	24.8	40.3	39.0
	24.7	24.9	24.4	40.3	38.3
	23.4	24.5	23.9	40.3	37.4
	22.8	24.0	23.5	40.5	36.7
	21.8	23.1	23.0	40.3	35.8
	21.4	22.1	22.6	39.6	35.2
	21.6	21.6	22.1	39.0	34.9
	24.8	23.5	22.3	36.8	35.0
	26.8	23.2	21.8	36.6	34.2
	27.2	23.3	21.5	36.9	33.6
	24.1	23.4	20.9	37.0	33.0
	23.0	23.6	20.3	37.3	32.6
	21.9	23.0	19.7	37.8	32.1
	22.3	21.4	19.1	37.8	31.3
	20.8	20.9	18.7	37.7	30.6
	19.9	20.0	18.3	38.0	29.8
	19.1	19.7	17.8	37.3	29.2
	19.1	18.9	17.4	36.4	28.5
	19.7	18.5	17.2	35.6	27.9
	22.2	19.9	17.4	33.7	27.7
2	10.3 11.1 11.1	9.7 9.6 9.6	8.4 8.5 8.5	31.0 31.0 31.4	IADJ 9.6 9.4 9.3
) ;;;;	10.0	9.8	8.5	30.8	9.2
	9.7	9.6	8.3	31.8	8.9
	9.4	9.4	8.1	31.8	8.8
+	9.6	8.9	8.0	31.1	8.7
	9.3	9.1	7.9	30.2	8.5
	9.3	8.9	7.8	30.6	8.3
2))))	9.0	8.5	7.5	31.0	8.1
	8.7	8.3	7.3	30.2	7.9
	8.7	8.2	7.2	30.1	7.8
2	9.8	9.0	7.3	28.5	7.8
	10.6	8.8	7.2	28.5	7.7
	10.3	8.8	7.1	28.8	7.6
3	9.0	8.9	6.9	29.1	7.5
	8.6	8.8	6.7	29.3	7.4
	8.4	8.4	6.6	29.4	7.2
1	8.6	7.7	6.4	28.8	7.0
	8.4	7.6	6.3	27.8	6.9
	8.2	7.2	6.1	28.6	6.7
4	7.8	6.9	5.9	28.6	6.5
	7.7	6.6	5.8	28.0	6.3
	7.8	6.7	5.5	27.3	6.2
				05.0	C.4

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

C.13 UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count by age and duration nions as at January 11 2001

Duration of Male				Female				Male				Female			NE-OSACIONAL STREET
claims	25-49	50 and	All	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and over	All ages ^a	18-24	25-49	50 and	All
		-						SOUTH W	EST		-3				8gesa
13 or less 8,311	12,429	3,221	24,502	2,961	2,740	825	6,861	6,784	12,345	3,575	23,011	2,979	4,251	1,718	9.100
Over 13 and up to 26 3,647	5,954	1,501	11,211	1,284	1,217	437	3,020	2,089	5,065	1,544	8,775	926	1,601	652	3,198
26 and up to 52 2,069	5,678	1,396	9,186	771	1,047	346	2,185	953	3,930	1,210	6,106	365	931	462	1,771
52 and up to 104 228	4,676	1,238	6,148	83	626	294	1,003	96	2,823	912	3,834	45	577	313	938
Over104 20	4,713	2,234	6,967	3	580	313	896	11	2,160	1,303	3,474	6	387	321	714
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 1.7 All 14,275	28.1 33,450	<i>36.2</i> 9,590	22.6 58,014	1.7 5,102	19.4 6,210	27.4 2,215	13.6 13,965	1.1 9,933	18.9 26,323	25.9 8,544	16.2 45,200	1.2 4,321	12.4 7,747	18.3 3,46 6	10.4 15.872
NORTH WEST	05 540	5 740	40 770	6 109	6 402	0.060	15 292	ENGLAN	D	27 901	280 549	35 717	11 792	14.010	
3 of less 10,034	25,510	0,749	40,773	0,190	2 700	2,009	6 100	34,823	75 102	17619	128 464	15,276	20,737	6024	98,482
6 and un to 52 3.624	11 169	2 248	17 112	1 401	2 025	714	4.172	19.088	68,759	15.740	103.904	8,108	15.736	5 771	43,710
2 and up to 104 419	8 408	1 976	10.807	187	1,337	544	2.071	2,479	53,173	13.608	69.295	1.068	10.501	4 472	29,800
Quer 104	7.076	3.074	10,007	17	1 024	572	1.613	265	48.318	21.472	70.055	125	7.724	4 844	10,064
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 17	24.3	32.5	19.6	2.0	17.4	23.5	12.6	1.9	25.6	33.0	21.4	2.0	18.3	25.3	14.9
All 26,878	63,756	15,520	107,282	10,194	13,588	4,751	29,339	143,613	397,031	106,240	652,267	60,294	99,481	36,8 30	200,749
	-	-													
ORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER							10.155	WALES	10.000	0.404	00 700	0.000	2015	1.000	
3 or less 12,664	19,773	4,773	37,892	4,793	5,240	1,572	12,153	7,733	10,230	2,431	20,700	2,936	3,015	1,035	7,231
Over 13 and up to 26 4,945	9,296	2,193	16,563	2,045	2,300	828	5,288	3,040	5,063	1,344	9,515	602	1,171	468	2,839
26 and up to 52 2,562	8,356	1,932	12,888	1,067	1,695	628	3,412	1,591	4,485	1,065	1,143	003	601	337	1,806
52 and up to 104 253	6,462	1,679	8,400	89	1,187	488	1,769	99	3,344	916	4,360	38	000	241	845
Over104 22	5,238	2,497	7,757	8	731	522	1,261	14	2,967	1,371	4,352	4	398	333	735
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 1.3 All 20,446	23.8 49,125	31.9 13,074	19.3 83,500	1.2 8,002	17.2 11,153	25.0 4,038	12.7 23,883	0.9 12,477	24.2 26,089	32.1 7,127	46,070	4,740	6,011	23.8 2, 414	11.7 13,456
				- 11											
EAST MIDLANDS	10.051		01.070	0.000	4.000	1.040	0.000	SCOTLA	ND	E 202	12 041	5 152	5 001	1 001	10.055
3 or less 7,830	12,951	3,759	24,872	3,363	4,303	1,042	9,009	13,920	0.794	0,000	17.012	1 750	2 4 4 1	965	F 205
Over 13 and up to 26 2,979	5,727	1,536	10,291	1,259	1,648	0.32	3,597	4,509	9,734	2,407	14 145	000	1 03/	727	0,290
26 and up to 52 1,575	5,143	1,334	8,067	636	1,165	55/	2,3/4	2,527	9,15/	2,025	9 250	552	1,904	520	1,000
52 and up to 104 150	3,968	1,137	5,258	/6	823	38/	1,287	190	6,034	2,011	9,200	9	833	659	1,000
Over 104 13	3,304	1,623	4,940	9	516	3/4	10.0	20	24.0	3,078	100	00	166	25.4	197
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 1.3	23.4	29.4	19.1	7.6	15.7	21.2	17 766	21 172	24.U	15 204	02 578	7 972	12 436	4 669	26 241
All 12,547	31,093	9,389	53,428	5,343	8,515	3,592	17,700	21,172	54,491	13,234	92,570	1,512	12,400	4,000	20,241
WEST MIDLANDS								GREAT E	BRITAIN						
13 or less 11,059	17,223	4,671	33,392	4,460	5,191	1,805	11,800	108,617	184,443	45,625	344,290	43,805	53,789	17,735	119,568
Over 13 and up to 26 4,772	8,908	2,277	16,094	2,196	2,347	896	5,530	42,372	89,899	21,450	154,991	18,194	24,349	8,257	51,844
26 and up to 52 2,860	8,686	2,078	13,681	1,342	1,901	803	4,073	23,206	82,401	19,130	125,192	9,703	18,531	6,845	35,360
52 and up to 104 475	6,972	1,816	9,270	203	1,310	587	2,101	2,768	63,551	16,535	82,905	1,167	12,304	5,241	18,747
Over 104 63	7,714	3,086	10,863	31	1,140	725	1,896	299	57,317	25,921	83,537	137	8,955	5,835	14,927
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 2.8	29.7	35.2	24.2	2.8	20.6	27.2	15.7	1.7	25.3	33.0	21.0	1.8	18.0	25.2	14.0
All 19,229	49,503	13,928	83,300	8,232	11,889	4,816	25,400	177,262	477,611	128,661	790,915	73,006	117,928	43,9 13	240,446
					L		-			AND	1999	2 1 - S			D-94, 1 True Telland
13 or less 6000	11 806	3 535	21,809	2.803	3 794	1.564	8.409	3.667	4,819	978	9,514	1,651	1,480	426	3,584
Over 13 and up to 26 2 050	5 271	1 523	8,920	980	1 670	646	3.371	1.930	3.081	754	5,780	907	891	312	2,112
26 and un to 52	4 220	1 224	6,410	423	1.059	506	2.005	1.295	3,650	800	5,753	567	808	331	1,709
52 and up to 104 109	3 144	1,224	4 200	420	691	380	1,131	443	3.521	846	4,811	154	617	277	1,048
Over 104 138	0,144	1,008	4,290	30	507	390	906	46	3.885	1,738	5,669	11	493	305	809
Percent claiming over 50 works 17	2,113	1,513	4,010	15	15.5	221	129	66	39.1	50.5	33.2	5.0	25.9	35.3	20.0
All 9,262	27,304	8,803	45,748	4,271	7,721	3,486	15,822	7,381	18,956	5,116	31,527	3,290	4,289	1,651	9,262
		-					-		KINGER		1		100		and the Automation
LONDON							10.000	UNITED	190.000	VI 16 600	353 904	45 456	55 269	18.161	123,152
13 or less 10,240	23,996	4,192	38,752	5,142	8,149	1,974	15,576	112,284	00,000	40,003	160 771	10,400	25 240	8.569	53,956
Over 13 and up to 26 5,597	16,369	2,595	24,657	3,145	5,332	1,239	9,808	44,302	92,980	10,000	120.045	10.070	19 330	7.176	37,069
26 and up to 52 3,400	16,141	2,767	22,340	1,637	4,568	1,209	7,441	24,501	67,051	17,930	07 740	1 2210	12 021	5.518	19,795
52 and up to 104 592	12,835	2,561	15,994	286	3,118	1,046	4,454	3,211	61,072	07.001	90,710	1/10	9448	6.140	15,736
Over104 67	12,076	4,268	16,411	33	2,289	1,162	3,484	345	01,202	27,659	09,200	148	18.2	256	142
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 3.3 All 19.896	30.6 81.417	41.7 16.383	27.4 118,154	3.1 10,243	23.1 23,456	33.3 6,630	19.5 40,763	1.9 184,643	496,567	133,777	822,442	76,296	122,217	45,564	249,708
10,000								_							
SOUTH EAST					4.500	1.050	0.400								
13 or less 7,346	15,550	4,326	27,546	3,018	4,562	1,050	9,493								
Over 13 and up to 26 2,579	6,925	1,977	11,549	1,050	1,913	142	3,745	,							
26 and up to 52 1,085	5,436	1,551	8,105	466	1,345	546	2,367								
52 and up to 104 128	3,885	1,281	5,294	43	832	433	1,310								
Over104 9	3,264	1,874	5,147	9	550	465	1,024								
Percent claiming over 52 weeks 1.2	20.4	28.7	18.1	1.1	15.0	23.4	13.0								
All 11,147	35,060	11,009	57,641	4,586	9,202	3,836	17,939	,					1975		

Includes some people aged under 18. These figures have been affected by the change in benefit regulations for under 18-year-olds introduced in September 1988

Note: Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table C.11. The latter include currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

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4) LFS Standard Derived Variables 9) Eurostat and Eurostat Derived Variables



C.21 UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count area statistics Travel-to-Work Areas^a as at January 11 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^b Ma		Male	Female	All .	Rateb		
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
ENGLAND											
Alnwick and Amble	560	212	772	6.8	5.2	Holsworthy	102	54	156	5.4	3.9
Andover	290	124	414	1.1	0.9	Horncastle	131	62	193	2.7	2.1
Appleby	70	24	94	2.4	1.8	Huddersfield	3,233	1,004	4,237	4.8	4.1
Ashford	768	236	1,004	2.6	2.1	Hull	9,990	2,867	12,857	6.9	6.3
Axminster	177	65	242	3.6	2.6	Huntingdon	766	286	1,052	1.7	1.4
Aylesbury and Wycombe	2,073	658	2,731	1.5	1.2	Ilfracombe	405	153	558	82	6.4
Banbury	526	192	718	1.4	1.1	Ipswich	2,520	823	3,343	2.7	2.3
Barnard Castle	147	48	195	3.2	2.7	Isle of Wight	2,418	887	3,305	7.4	6.6
Barnsley	4,218	1,216	5,434	7.0	6.1	Keighley and Skipton	1,585	439	2,024	4.1	3.5
Barnstaple	693	281	974	3.9	3.0	Kendal	306	117	423	2.0	1.6
Barrow-in-Furness	1,469	369	1,838	6.2	5.4	Keswick	41	21	62	1.6	1.3
Basingstoke	609	199	808	0.9	0.8	Kettering and Corby	1,391	485	1,876	2.9	27
Bath	1,130	408	1,538	1.9	1.6	Kidderminster	1,026	392	1,418	3.3	29
Bedford	1,885	663	2,548	3.1	2.6	King's Lynn	1,125	432	1,557	3.3	28
Berwick-upon-Tweed	374	163	537	5.8	5.1	Kingsbridge	115	56	171	2.8	22
Bideford	654	252	906	6.2	4.4	Lancaster and Morecambe	2,266	608	2,874	5.5	46
Birmingham	37,389	10,783	48,172	5.9	5.3	Launceston	200	66	266	3.3	27
Bishop Auckland	3,246	998	4,244	7.5	6.5	Leeds	11,220	3,026	14,246	3.8	35
Blackburn	3,814	1,083	4,897	3.8	3.4	Leek	320	128	448	2.7	21
Blackpool	4,704	1,200	5,904	5.0	4.2	Leicester	8,327	2,805	11,132	3.9	34
Bolton	4,362	1,100	5,462	4.9	4.3	Leominster	247	67	314	3.8	32
Boston	567	188	755	3.2	2.7	Lincoln	2,137	618	2,755	3.8	33
Boumernouth	2,872	841	3,713	3.1	2.6	Liskeard	452	212	664	6.1	45
Bradford	10,429	2,681	13,110	5.6	5.0	Liverpool	25,629	6,851	32,480	8.8	78
Bridgwater	910	332	1,242	3.9	3.1	London	118,866	41,076	159,942	4.1	36
Bridlington and Driffield	1,336	477	1,813	9.1	7.8	Loughborough	1,351	565	1,916	3.7	3.1
Bridport	180	80	260	2.7	2.1	Louth	478	175	653	6.1	4.8
Brighton	5,715	1,855	7,570	4.5	3.8	Lowestoft and Beccles	2,063	687	2,750	6.6	5.4
Bristol	7,439	2,301	9,740	2.7	2.3	Ludlow	231	69	300	3.3	2.1
Bude	254	123	377	7.4	6.1	Lution	3,350	1,047	4,397	3.3	2.9
Bumley	1,062	307	1,369	3.5	3.2	Maidstone and North Kent	6,991	2,254	9,245	3.8	32
Burton on Trent	1,904	618	2,522	3.5	3.0	Malton	178	87	265	2.3	18
Bury St Edmunds	435	208	643	1.7	1.4	Malvern	401	149	550	2.4	19
Buxton	524	161	685	3.3	2.7	Manchester	28,980	7,610	36,590	3.9	35
Calderdale	2,937	828	3,765	4.4	4.0	Mansfield	4,798	1,642	6,440	6.1	53
Cambridge	1,865	629	2,494	1.5	1.3	Matlock	528	164	692	2.4	1.9
Camelford	122	66	188	8.4	6.8	Melton Mowbray and Oakham	252	98	350	22	1.7
Canterbury	1,522	475	1,997	3.3	2.8	Middlesbrough and Stockton	13,609	3,048	16,657	8.8	8.0
Carlisle	1,635	551	2,186	4.4	3.8	Mildenhall	207	80	287	1.9	1.6
Chard	151	52	203	1.8	1.4	Milton Keynes	1,770	599	2,369	1.7	1.5
Cheltenham	1,514	499	2,013	2.5	2.2	Minehead	454	159	613	82	55
Chesterfield	3,842	1,106	4,948	7.7	6.9	Morpeth and Ashington	2,907	821	3,728	7.3	85
Chichester	1,326	476	1,802	2.1	1.7	Nelson and Colne	1,056	346	1,402	4.9	41
Chippenham	302	123	425	1.5	1.1	Newark	687	216	903	3.9	32
Cinderford	709	274	983	4.9	4.1	Newbury	364	96	460	0.9	08
Cirencester Clacton Colchester Coventry Crawley	226 1,065 2,222 6,940 1,762	73 338 929 2,169 541	299 1,403 3,151 9,109 2,303	12 72 2.4 4.0 1.0	0.9 5.2 2.0 3.5 0.8	Newquay Newton Abbot Northallerton and Thirsk Northampton Norwich	763 512 385 2,771 4,070	398 199 128 961 1,269	- 1,161 711 513 3,732 5,339	102 2.7 1.9 2.7 3.2	21 21 23 28
Crewe	2,417	798	3,215	3.4	3.0	Nottingham	11,735	3,424	15,159	4.7	41
Cromer	611	195	806	4.6	3.4	Okehampton	202	87	289	3.5	26
Darlington	2,109	505	2,614	5.8	5.4	Oswestry	496	213	709	4.0	33
Dartmouth	73	39	112	3.6	2.9	Oxford	2,346	698	3,044	1.4	12
Derby	5,267	1,559	6,826	4.6	4.1	Paignton and Totnes	913	365	1,278	4.8	41
Devizes	235	91	326	2.1	1.4	Penvith	181	75	256	1.8	1.4
Diss	271	116	387	2.3	1.9	Penvith and Isles of Scilly	1,294	579	1,873	9.5	7.7
Doncaster	5,488	1,586	7,074	6.6	5.8	Peterborough	2,019	570	2,589	3.0	2.6
Dorchester and Weymouth	952	337	1,289	2.9	2.2	Pickering	136	61	197	2.4	1.9
Dover	1,333	396	1,729	5.9	5.4	Plymouth	3,948	1,205	5,153	3.8	3.2
Dudley and Sandwell	9,348	2,825	12,173	5.3	4.9	Poole	1,298	449	1,747	2.0	1.8
Eastbourne	1,486	446	1,932	3.6	3.0	Portsmouth	4,971	1,490	6,461	3.0	25
Evesham	376	158	534	2.1	1.7	Preston	3,890	951	4,841	3.3	29
Exeter	2,272	787	3,059	2.6	2.2	Reading	2,770	848	3,618	1.3	1.1
Fakenham	316	107	423	3.9	3.0	Redruth and Camborne	840	280	1,120	6.0	4.4
Falmouth	734	214	948	7.8	6.3	Retford	600	253	853	5.5	4.8
Folkestone	1,449	391	1,840	5.6	4.7	Richmond	182	96	278	2.7	1.5
Gainsborough	742	240	982	7.8	6.4	Rochdale	2,538	737	3,275	5.4	4.6
Gloucester	1,955	578	2,533	3.4	3.0	Rugby	691	255	946	2.4	2.1
Goole and Selby	1,144	430	1,574	5.1	4.3	Salisbury	579	197	776	1.6	1.2
Grantham	586	260	846	3.3	2.8	Scarborough	1,636	559	2,195	6.6	5.7
Great Yarmouth	2,790	986	3,776	9.5	8.6	Scunthorpe	2,314	812	3,126	4.8	4.4
Grimsby	4,478	1,266	5,744	7.7	6.8	Settle	86	43	129	2.3	1.9
Guildford and Aldershot	1,778	593	2,371	1.1	0.8	Shaftesbury	294	102	396	1.9	1.4
Haltwhistle	133	57	190	6.5	5.0	Sheffield and Rotherham	15,240	3,950	19,190	5.9	5.4
Harlow	1,515	548	2,063	1.7	1.4	Shrewsbury	1,319	404	1,723	2.9	2.3
Harrogate and Ripon	897	308	1,205	1.8	1.4	Skegness and Mablethorpe	1,092	435	1,527	8.3	6.6
Hartlepool	2,557	546	3,103	9.4	8.2	Sleaford	289	132	421	2.8	2.0
Harwich	337	122	459	8.3	5.9	Slough and Woking	10,060	3,597	13,657	1.9	1.7
Hastings	2.341	626	2.967	6.0	5.0	South Molton	112	55	167	4.3	3.2
Haverhill and Sudbury Hawes and Leyburn Helston Hereford	546 49 357 1,148	207 26 189 413	753 75 546 1,561	2.4 2.5 7.9 3.0	2.0 1.4 5.8 2.5	Southampton and Winchester Southend Spalding and Holbeach St Austell Stofford	4,239 7,187 379 814	1,138 2,439 182 324 470	5,377 9,626 561 1,138 1,861	1.9 42 1.9 4.4 3.1	1.6 3.5 1.6 3.7 2.6

	Male	Female	All	Rateb		Second Second
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants	
					and the second	SCOTLAND
Stamford Stevenage Stoke Stroud	344 1,984 6,031 711 9,790	162 685 2,018 246 2,433	506 2,669 8,049 957 12,223	1.8 1.7 4.4 2.9 7.0	1.4 1.5 3.8 2.4 6.3	Aberdeen Annan Argyll Islands Ayr Badenoch
Swindon Taunion Telford and Bridgnorth Thanet	1,680 796 2,240 2,600 392	545 267 841 686 177	2,225 1,063 3,081 3,286 569	1.7 22 3.3 9.3 2.3	1.5 1.9 2.9 8.3 2.0	Banff Berwickshire Brechin and Montrose Campbeltown Crieff
Tiverton Torquay Trowbridge and Warminster Truro	368 1,066 681 803 1,005	125 349 311 280 328	493 1,415 992 1,083 1,333	32 5.3 2.1 3.6 1.4	2.5 4.7 1.8 3.0 1.1	Dingwall Dufftown Dumbarton Dumfries Dundee
Tyneside Wadebridge and Bodmin Wakefield Warnigtor	22,662 388 4,841 4,688 1,433	5,137 207 1,467 1,424 469	27,799 595 6,308 6,112 1,902	6.9 4.2 5.0 4.0 1.9	6.2 3.4 4.3 3.6 1.6	Dunfermline Dunoon and Rothesay East Ayrshire Edinburgh Elgin and Forres
Wellingbo-ough Wells Weston-soper-Mare Whitby	1,202 661 766 411 1,526	482 248 271 177 436	1,684 909 1,037 588 1,962	3.3 3.1 3.2 8.6 6.8	2.9 2.4 2.6 7.4 6.2	Falkirk Forfar Fraserburgh Galasheils and Peebles Girvan
Wigan and St Helens Winderman Wirral and Chester Wisbech Wolverhamoton and Walsall	6,890 88 8,784 795 10,672	2,015 46 2,479 315 3,185	8,905 134 11,263 1,110 13,857	5.9 1.4 5.7 4.1 6.4	5.1 1.1 5.0 3.5 5.7	Glasgow Greenock Hawick Huntly Inverness
Woodbrid (2) Worceste Workington Worksop Working	488 1,383 1,464 1,021 887	117 482 363 460 247	605 1,865 1,827 1,481 1,134	3.1 2.7 7.7 5.5 1.8	2.7 2.4 6.0 4.8 1.5	Keith and Buckie Kelso and Jedburgh Kirkcaldy Kirkcudbright Lewis and Harris
Yeovil York WALES	576 2,026	203 676	779 2,702	1.7 2.6	1.3 2.3	Lochaber Lochgilphead Motherwell and Lanark Newton Stewart North Ayrshire
Aberystwich Bangorand Carnarfon Betws-y-Coed Brecon Bridgend	431 1,714 141 198 2,005	158 505 67 81 588	589 2,219 208 279 2,593	4.5 7.0 8.5 3.1 4.7	3.1 5.9 6.9 2.3 4.3	Oban Orkney Islands Perth Peterhead Pitlochry
Cardiff Cardigan Carmarthes Colwyn and Conwy Cwmbran and Monmouth	7,842 301 720 1,149 1,388	1,969 103 218 370 449	9,811 404 938 1,519 1,837	4.5 5.9 5.2 5.7 4.4	4.2 4.1 4.1 4.7 3.9	Shetland Isles Skye and Ullapool St Andrews Stirling Stranraer
Dolgellau and Barmouth Fishguard and St David's Flint Havefordwest Holdbard	254 181 1,620 1,092	79 71 532 298	333 252 2,152 1,390 731	7.8 7.5 3.7 7.8 12.8	6.7 6.2 3.3 6.3 9.0	Sutherland Thurso Uists and Barra Wick
Knighton and Radnor Lampeter Uandeilo Landrindod Wells Lanelli	74 312 127 317 1,341	29 128 54 113 354	103 440 181 430 1,695	3.8 7.5 7.0 6.4 7.5	2.8 5.2 5.5 4.7 5.9	NORTHERN IRELAN Ballymena Belfast Coleraine Craigavon Derry
Uangefni and Amfwch Machynlieth Merthyr Neath and Port Talbot Newport	711 198 1,313 2,017 2,984	237 94 365 543 886	948 292 1,678 2,560 3,870	10.7 9.0 10.1 6.3 4.5	7.4 7.3 8.8 5.6 4.0	Dungannon Enniskillen Mid-Ulster Newry Omagh
Newtown Pembroke and Tenby Pontypridd and Aberdare Portmadoc and Ffestiniog Pwllheli	171 896 3,602 386 312	51 310 1,021 166 131	222 1,206 4,623 552 443	1.9 10.4 5.8 9.9 8.0	1.4 8.4 5.2 8.5 6.9	Strabane
Rhyland Denbigh Rhymney and Abergavenny Ruthin and Bala Swansea Welshpool	1,437 3,448 209 4,989 234	433 994 77 1,287 87	1,870 4,442 286 6,276 321	5.9 7.7 4.6 6.3 3.8	4.9 6.9 3.8 5.6 2.8	
Wrexham	1.668	477	2,145	4.0	3.6	

Travel-to-Work Areas (TTWAs) are as defined in May 1998. A list of the ward composition of the TTWAs is available from the regional and local labour market statistics branch on 020 7533 6114.

Claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) and as a percentage of the narrow-based estimate (claimants plus employee jobs). All the rates shown are calculated using mid-1999 based denominators.

Pates for the above TTWAs back to January 1997 and rates for the 1984 TTWAs are available from the National Statistics Nomis® database. Data on claimant count for Assisted Areas, which were redefined on 1 August 1993, are available from the National Statistics Nomis® database. Claimant count rates are available only for those Assisted Areas which map precisely to 1984-based Travel-to-Work Areas.

UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count area statistics



Travel-to-Work Areas^a as at January 11 2001

Male	Female	All	Rate ^b	
			Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
3,122	899	4,021	2.0	1.8
330	131	461	5.4	4.5
151	93	244	10.0	7.5
2,149	670	2,819	6.4	5.6
175	77	252	5.4	4.7
254	79	333	3.8	3.0
234	98	332	6.1	4.9
657	238	895	6.5	5.4
264	72	336	10.3	7.7
170	66	236	4.0	3.4
1,040	212	1,252	10.0	8.5
108	55	163	5.1	3.7
1,804	526	2,330	8.2	6.9
1,529	499	2,028	6.4	5.2
5,021	1,387	6,408	7.5	6.8
2,444	631	3,075	5.8	5.3
511	132	643	9.7	7.3
3,098	975	4,073	12.4	10.8
9,921	2,782	12,703	3.4	3.0
757	265	1,022	4.9	3.6
2,763	741	3,504	6.4	5.9
551	223	774	4.9	4.2
201	48	249	3.1	2.4
523	152	675	3.2	2.6
267	88	355	13.9	12.1
28,473	7,111	35,584	5.9	5.4
1,774	431	2,205	6.5	6.2
335	94	429	5.8	4.8
124	38	162	5.3	4.1
1,789	415	2,204	5.4	4.6
357	123	480	7.5	5.5
149	57	206	3.3	2.7
4,203	1,241	5,444	9.0	8.2
244	96	340	6.8	5.6
590	137	727	8.8	7.4
264	173	437	5.3	4.6
105	47	152	4.5	3.4
6,000	1,696	7,696	7.0	6.3
203	51	254	9.4	7.8
3,795	1,220	5,015	11.1	9.9
270	129	399	6.1	4.6
240	102	342	4.5	3.2
910	309	1,219	3.6	3.0
423	153	576	4.9	3.8
69	40	109	3.2	2.7
198	68	266	2.3	1.8
427	200	627	9.3	8.0
492	195	687	4.6	4.2
1,972	611	2,583	5.3	4.7
470	139	609	8.9	7.4
381	166	547	13.2	11.4
241	71	312	5.4	4.6
139	37	176	9.0	7.6
304	65	369	8.7	7.5
1,093	399	1,492	4.7	3.8
15,618	4,244	19,862	5.4	4.7
1,861	636	2,497	7.7	6.5
2,307	761	3,068	5.0	4.3
4,350	1,192	5,542	10.4	8.9
624	247	871	5.0	4.1
1,464	432	1,896	8.6	6.8
775	330	1,105	5.2	4.3
1,783	478	2,261	8.0	6.5
966	343	1,309	7.5	6.0
989	274	1,263	11.5	9.5

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

201 UNEMPLOYMENT J.LL Claimant count area statistics

Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at January 11 2001

	laic	remaie	~	nate -			naie	remaie	All	Hatea		-
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Percent employee jobs and claimants	Percent workforce jobs and claimante	
NORTH EAST						South Yorkshire (Met County)	24,276	6,531	30,807	6.2		stamhine
Darlington UA	2,102	502	2,604	5.8	5.4	Barnsley Doncaster	3,836 5,106	1,126 1,450	4,962 6.556	6.9 6.5	6.0	Bromsgrove
Hartlepool UA Middlesbrough LIA	2,557	546 1 024	3,103	9.4	82	Rotherham	4,606	1,248	5,854	6.8	5.7 6.2	Malvern Hins Redditch
Redcar and Cleveland UA	3,760	892	4,652	11.0	9.8	Shenieu	10,720	2,101	13,430	5.8	5.3	Worcester
Stockton-on-Tees UA	4,596	1,083	5,679	7.3	6.5	West Yorkshire (Met County) Bradford	33,814 9,552	9,327 2,417	43,141 11.969	4.6	4.1	Wyre Forest
County Durham	8,444	2,381	10,825	7.0	6.0	Calderdale	2,937	828	3,765	4.4	5.4 4.0	EAST
Derwentside	1,571	384	1,955	9.0	7.5	Leeds	11,203	3,029	14,232	4.6 3.8	3.9 3.5	AUnoru
Durham	1,159	365 422	1,524	3.8 9.4	3.4 8.5	Wakefield	4,741	1,425	6,166	5.1	4.4	Peterborough UA
Sedgefield	1,569	473	2,042	6.1	5.5	EAST MIDLANDS						Thurrock UA
WearValley	307 1,423	86 462	1,885	5.3 9.2	4.4 7.7	Derby UA	4,279	1,202	5,481	4.9	44	Bedfordshire
Northumberland	5 168	1641	6 809	65	55	Leicester UA Nottingham LIA	6,047	1,893	7,940	5.1	4.4	Bedford Mid Bedford shire
Alnwick	445	172	617	6.6	4.9	Rutland UA	69	45	114	4.6 1.0	4.3 0.7	South Bedfordshire
Berwick-upon-Tweed Blyth Valley	415 1,639	187 515	602 2,154	5.9 8.6	52 7.3	Derbyshire	9,891	3,094	12.985	51	44	Cambridgeshire
Castle Morpeth	610	182	792	3.4	3.0	Amber Valley	1,428	454	1,882	3.8	4.4 3.4	Cambridge Fort Cambridgeshire
Wansbeck	1,409	217 368	867 1,777	4.5 10.3	3.5 9.4	Chesterfield	1,235	440 625	1,6/5 2,788	10.3 6.0	9.4	Fenland
Tune and Wear (Mat County)	26 501	5 040	22.450	70	64	Derbyshire Dales	542	161	703	2.4	1.9	Huntingdo Shire South Cardondgeshir
Gateshead	3,674	823	4,497	7.0 5.4	5.0	High Peak	811	460 269	1,854	5.1 3.5	4.3 2.9	Frank
Newcastle upon Tyne	6,665	1,453	8,118	5.4	4.9	North East Derbyshire	1,691	449	2,140	8.8	7.5	Basildon
South Tyneside	4,201	1,018	5,277	12.3	11.0	SourrDerbysnire	02/	230	003	4.0	3.4	Braintree
Sunderland	7,023	1,634	8,657	7.7	6.9	Leicestershire	4,665	1,971	6,636	27	23	Castle Point
NORTH WEST						Chamwood	1,534	638	2,172	3.8	1.8 3.2	Chelmstord Colchester
Blackburg with Danwon LIA	2 / 20	500	2010	46	12	Harborough Hinckley and Bosworth	334 750	136	470	1.6	1.3	Epping Forest
Blackpool UA	3,212	808	4,020	6.7	5.7	Melton	267	105	372	2.0	24 1.7	Maldon
Halton UA Warrington LIA	2,490	692 692	3,182	6.4 2.8	5.9 25	North West Leicestershire	690 510	289 207	979 717	2.6	22	Rochford
Warnington OA	2,017	0.02	2,700	2.0	2.0	O adby and Wigston	510	201	711	0.4	29	Uttlesford
Cheshire	5,779	1,727	7,506	2.6	2.3	Lincolnshire	6,878 542	2,488 175	9,366 717	4.0	3.3	Hertford , Hre
Congleton	603	227	830	2.7	22	EastLindsey	1,793	708	2,501	6.6	5.2	Broxbourne
Crewe and Nantwich Ellesmere Port and Neston	1,041	326 251	1,367	3.3 3.5	2.9 32	Lincoln North Kesteven	1,562	402 247	1,964 834	3.9 3.0	3.6 2.1	East Her or dishire
Macclesfield	957	237	1,194	1.6	1.4	South Holland	410	193	603	2.0	1.7	Hertsmero North Hercordshire
Vale Royal	1,234	403	1,637	3.7	3.4	West Lindsey	920 1,064	399 364	1,319	3.0 6.6	2.5 5.4	St. Albans
Cumbria	6,822	2,022	8,844	4.8	4.0	Netherschild		1.000	7 570	0.0		Stevenage Three Rivers
Allerdale Barrow-in-Furness	1,591	426 295	2,017	6.7 6.9	5.2 6.3	Corby	5,574 704	1,998	7,572 940	3.1	2.4	Watford
Carlisle	1,492	497	1,989	4.3	3.8	Daventry	397	202	599	22	1.8	weiwyn Hadteid
Eden	1,578	447	2,025	6.9 2.2	6.3 1.6	Kettering	534 662	213	903	3.0	3.1 2.5	Norfolk
South Lakeland	598	242	840	2.2	1.7	Northampton	2,280	705	2,985	2.8	25	Broadland
Greater Manchester (Met County) 37,808	10,063	47,871	4.4	3.9	Wellingborough	712	280-	992	2.9	2.6	Great Yarmouth King's Lync and Wes
Bolton	3,875	989	4,864	4.8	4.1	Nottinghamshire	9.567	3 388	12 955	52	43	North Nortek
Manchester	10,862	2,637	13,499	4.8	4.5	Ashfield	1,933	573	2,506	5.9	5.3	South Noriolk
Oldham	3,232	986 909	4,218	5.4	4.6	Bassetlaw Broxtowe	1,667	730 385	2,397	5.2 5.0	4.5 4.0	Suffolk
Salford	3,300	755	4,055	3.6	3.3	Gedling	1,247	403	1,650	5.1	4.0	Babergh
Stockport	2,503	670 722	3,173	2.9 4.8	2.6	Mansfield Newark and Sherwood	1,749	619 472	2,368	7.0 4.9	5.8 4.1	Forest Heath loswich
Trafford	2,377	640	3,017	2.7	2.4	Rushcliffe	681	206	887	2.7	2.1	Mid Suffolk
Wigan	4,198	1,256	5,454	5.7	5.0	WEST MIDLANDS						Suffolk Coastal
Lancashire	12,802	3,607	16,409	3.8	3.3		1 504	F07	0.044	01	26	Waveney
Bumley Chorley	1,013 920	281 249	1,294	3.6 3.7	3.2	Stoke-on-Trent UA	4,183	1,303	5,486	4.7	4.3	LONDON
Fylde	437	133	570	1.6	1.3	Telford and Wrekin UA	1,827	662	2,489	3.2	3.0	Greater London
Hyndburn Lancaster	/83 2.222	266 597	1,049	3.8 5.9	3.2 4.9	Shropshire	2,451	860	3,311	32	25	Barking and Dagenha
Pendle	1,089	364	1,453	4.9	42	Bridgnorth	379	168	547	3.5	24 27	Bexley
Preston Ribble Vallev	2,132	460 76	2,592	3.4 1.2	3.2 1.1	Oswestry	417	190	607	3.8	3.2	Brent
Rossendale	609	206	815	3.6	3.0	Shrewsbury and Atcham	864	239	1,103	2.6	2.3 2.0	Camden
South Ribble West Lancashire	1.568	215 486	2,054	5.2	4.1	SouthShippshire	202	"	309	0.4		City of London
Wyre	1,102	274	1,376	5.1	4.1	Staffordshire	8,316	3,003	11,319	3.7 50	3.1 4.4	Ealing
Merseyside (Met County)	34,322	9,275	43,597	8.7	7.7	East Staffordshire	1,281	396	1,677	3.6	32	Greenwich
Knowsley	4,329	1,239	5,568	12.5	11.2	Lichfield	765	318 400	1,083	3.0 3.9	3.2	Hackney Hammersmith and F
Sefton	5,384	1,327	6,711	7.5	6.5	South Staffordshire	1,060	384	1,444	5.0	3.9 21	Haringey
St. Helens	3,420	971 1 945	4,391	72	6.4 75	Stafford Staffordsbire Moorlands	1,208	431 346	1,639 1,101	2.5 4.1	32	Harrow Havering
	0,040	1,000	0,700	0.0	1.5	Tamworth	935	372	1,307	3.7	3.2	Hillingdon
YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBI	ER					Warwickshire	4,051	1,434	5,485	2.5	21	Islington
East Riding of Yorkshire UA	4,122	1,521	5,643	5.2	4.4	North Warwickshire	519	234	753	2.8	22 42	Kensington and Chel
Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	8,011	2,128	10,139	8.3 8.1	7.8 7.2	Nuneaton and Bedworth Rugby	714	397 268	1,614 982	2.3	20	Lambeth
North Lincolnshire UA	2,424	854	3,278	4.7	4.3	Stratford-on-Avon	551	199	750	1.5	12	Merton
YorkUA	1,799	595	2,394	2.7	2.5	Warwick	1,050	336	1,380	2.1		Newham
North Yorkshire	5,130	1,855	6,985	3.2	2.5	West Midlands (Met County)	56,340	15,873	72,213	6.1	5.0 6.4	Richmond upon The
Hambleton	392 620	113 200	505 820	2.3	1.8	Coventry	4,726	1,213	6,013	4.3	3.9	Southwark
Harrogate	790	258	1,048	1.9	1.4	Dudley	5,328	1,625	6,953 8,711	5.6 6.4	6.0	Tower Hamlets
Ryedale	245 346	128	3/3 509	2.7	1.5	Solihull	2,207	733	2,940	3.3	3.0	Waitham Forest Wandsworth
Scarborough	2,028	727	2,755	7.1	6.1	Walsall	4,714	1,481	6,195	5.5 7.3	6.6	Westminster
Seiby	109	200	9/5	3.7	5.5	wowemanpton	3,323	1,001	1,004			

SOUTH EAST

Bracknell Forest UA Bracknell Forest UA Brighton and Hove UA Isle of Wight UA Medway UA Milton Keynes UA Portsmouth UA Beading UA

Ponsmouth UA Reading UA Slough UA Southampton UA West Berkshire UA Windsor and Maidenhe Wokingham UA

Buckinghamshire Aylesbury Vale Chiltern South Bucks

Wycombe

East Sussex Eastbourne Hastings Lewes Rother Wealden

Rushmoor Test Valley Winchester

Kent Ashford Canterbury Dartford Dover Gravesham Maidstone Sevenoaks Shepway Swale Thanet

Tonbridge and Malling Tunbridge Wells

Oxfordshire Cherwell Oxford South Oxfordshire

Vale of White Horse West Oxfordshire

Surrey Elmbridge Epsom and Ewell Guildford Mole Valley Reigate and Banstead Runnymed Spelthome Surrey Heath Tandridge Waverley Woking

West Sussex Adur

Arun Chichester Crawley Horsham Mid Sussex Worthing

SOUTH WEST

Bath and North East Somer Bournemouth UA Bristol, City of UA North Somerset UA Plymouth UA Poole UA South Gloucestershire UA Swindon UA Torbay UA

Cornwall and the Isles of

Caradon Carrick Kerrier North Cornwall

Penwith Restormel Isles of Scilly

Hampshire Basingstoke and Deane East Hampshire Eastleigh Fareham Gosport Hart Havant New Forest Bushmoor

eadU

Female

41,203 733 1,266 777 1,676 870 1,555

22 1,554 1,338 1,548 1,622 2,164 1,097 2,105 673 683 721 569 2,640 2,015 612 1,834 1,027 2,640 2,015 612 1,834 1,021 2,660 2,015 612 1,834 1,021 2,660 2,015 612 1,834 1,834 1,834 1,834 1,834 1,834 1,835 1,837 2,640 2,756 6,73 3,899 2,640 2,756 6,73 3,999 2,640 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 2,756 1,739 1,739 2,756 1,739 1,7

2,514 1,755 2,613 1,521

2,948 1,606 577 765

9,686 842 712 2,701 1,245 967 2,522 697

 $\begin{array}{r} \textbf{119,216} \\ \textbf{2,263} \\ \textbf{3,321} \\ \textbf{1,991} \\ \textbf{5,181} \\ \textbf{2,444} \\ \textbf{4,235} \\ \textbf{57} \\ \textbf{4,516} \\ \textbf{3,954} \\ \textbf{4,186} \\ \textbf{4,536} \\ \textbf{4,516} \\ \textbf{3,954} \\ \textbf{4,186} \\ \textbf{4,287} \\ \textbf{2,917} \\ \textbf{1,750} \\ \textbf{6,154} \\ \textbf{2,917} \\ \textbf{1,750} \\ \textbf{6,154} \\ \textbf{2,917} \\ \textbf{1,208} \\ \textbf{6,688} \\ \textbf{3,784} \\ \textbf{3,275} \end{array}$

Norfolk

All

6,719 1,164 532 1,402 1,229 1,056 1,336

3,276 2,233 3,344 2,053

3,979 2,124 830 1,025

4,588 1,261 591 1,010 1,143 583

13,375 2,150 1,223 387 882 1,338 1,468 1,165 1,077 583 726 2,103 273

13,004 1,199 993 3,647 1,696 1,296 3,215 958

8,528 719 390 2,175 650 871 1,034 2,689

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{160,} \textbf{419} \\ \textbf{2,998} \\ \textbf{4,587} \\ \textbf{2,768} \\ \textbf{6,857} \\ \textbf{3,314} \\ \textbf{5,709} \\ \textbf{5,709} \\ \textbf{5,704} \\ \textbf{6,107} \\ \textbf{5,774} \\ \textbf{6,107} \\ \textbf{5,774} \\ \textbf{6,775} \\ \textbf{3,003} \\ \textbf{1,258} \\ \textbf{10,381} \\ \textbf{8,162} \\ \textbf{2,466} \\ \textbf{2,148} \\ \textbf{1,2466} \\ \textbf{2,148} \\ \textbf{1,2466} \\ \textbf{2,148} \\ \textbf{1,2515} \\ \textbf{3,003} \\ \textbf{1,258} \\ \textbf{10,381} \\ \textbf{8,162} \\ \textbf{2,362} \\ \textbf{2,362} \\ \textbf{3,944} \\ \textbf{1,441} \\ \textbf{1,2573} \\ \textbf{3,944} \\ \textbf{1,441} \\ \textbf{1,610} \\ \textbf{8,377} \\ \textbf{2,573} \\ \textbf{5,753} \\ \textbf{5,098} \\ \textbf{4,539} \end{array}$

Rate^a

Percent employee jobs and claimants

3.1 3.9 2.3 3.6 2.7 2.3 3.7

4.0 3.0 5.5 3.9

2.9 3.4 2.3 2.5

1.8 1.5 2.9 3.4 1.8 1.1

2.9 3.3 2.9 1.4 4.8 2.0 2.2 3.3 2.9 3.4 3.6 6.5 0.9

1.7 3.0 1.8 1.2 1.7 1.7 1.7 2.3 2.5 1.5 1.2

4.1 3.0 3.0 9.6 3.4 4.2 3.3 3.0

3.0 2.4 1.5 3.4 2.2 1.8 2.3 6.4

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{42} \\ \textbf{65} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{44} \\ \textbf{64} \\ \textbf{523} \\ \textbf{00} \\ \textbf{454} \\ \textbf{64} \\ \textbf{91} \\ \textbf{438} \\ \textbf{166} \\ \textbf{258} \\ \textbf{17} \\ \textbf{466} \\ \textbf{590} \\ \textbf{137} \\ \textbf{1166} \\ \textbf{592} \\ \textbf{633} \\ \textbf{2762} \\ \textbf{633} \\ \textbf{2762} \\ \textbf{636} \\ \textbf{646} \\ \textbf{646} \\ \textbf{916} \\ \textbf{916} \\ \textbf{1766} \\ \textbf{592} \\ \textbf{633} \\ \textbf{636} \\ \textbf{$

Per cent workforce jobs and claimants

2.7 3.3 1.9 3.3 2.5 2.0 3.2

3.7 2.6 4.4 3.2

2.4 3.0 1.7 2.1

1.5 1.3 2.1 3.0 1.5 0.8

2.4 2.9 2.4 1.2 4.0 1.7 1.8 2.5 2.7 2.3 2.7 4.6 0.8

1.4 2.4 1.5 1.0 1.5 1.5 0.8 2.2 1.9 1.4 1.0

3.5 2.6 2.4 8.7 2.9 3.1 3.1 2.5

2.5 2.0 1.3 3.1 1.7 1.5 2.0 5.2

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.7} \\ \textbf{60} \\ \textbf{29} \\ \textbf{3.7} \\ \textbf{54} \\ \textbf{22} \\ \textbf{00} \\ \textbf{39} \\ \textbf{38} \\ \textbf{53} \\ \textbf{39} \\ \textbf{30} \\ \textbf{322} \\ \textbf{1.6} \\ \textbf{4.3} \\ \textbf{21} \\ \textbf{1.6} \\ \textbf{7.7} \\ \textbf{10.4} \\ \textbf{32} \\ \textbf{10.8} \\ \textbf{30} \\ \textbf{32.5} \\ \textbf{1.6} \\ \textbf{4.3} \\ \textbf{21} \\ \textbf{5.9} \\ \textbf{22.9} \\ \textbf{8.7} \\ \textbf{4.4} \\ \textbf{0.8} \end{array}$

UNEMPLOYMENT **Claimant count area statistics** Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at January 11 2001

C.22

Ma	le	Female	All	Rate ^a	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
4	458 4,793 2,418 2,917 1,459 2,525 1,307 1,399 2,744 454 674 385	144 1,546 887 966 497 701 353 434 635 130 225 132	602 6,339 3,305 3,873 1,956 3,226 1,860 1,833 3,379 584 899 517	1.1 5.6 7.4 4.7 1.7 3.0 1.7 2.4 3.0 0.8 1.3 0.9	1.0 4.8 6.6 4.0 1.6 2.6 2.2 2.8 0.7 1.1 0.8
	2,299 759 318 235 987	741 243 109 87 302	3,040 1,002 427 322 1,289	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.1 1.6	12 12 12 10 1.3
	4,614 1,046 1,750 693 631 494	1,356 284 401 245 235 191	5,970 1,330 2,151 938 866 685	3.9 4.3 7.2 3.2 4.0 1.7	32 3.7 6.1 2.5 3.3 1.3
	5,897 502 473 443 471 615 214 1,203 838 418 372 348	1,926 167 168 169 172 195 64 360 265 129 129 128 109	7,823 669 641 612 643 810 278 1,563 1,103 547 500 457	1.6 0.9 1.7 1.2 1.6 3.7 1.0 4.0 2.0 1.3 1.3 1.0 0.7	1.3 0.8 1.3 1.0 1.3 2.8 0.7 3.5 1.6 1.1 0.9 0.6
	13,617 754 1,398 620 1,481 1,264 884 550 1,448 1,554 2,600 573 491	4,139 231 445 241 439 389 269 185 385 503 686 686 210 156	17,756 985 1,843 861 1,920 1,653 1,153 735 1,833 2,057 3,286 783 647	3.5 3.6 2.3 5.0 5.9 1.8 5.5 5.1 9.3 1.6 1.3	3.0 2.1 3.0 4.6 4.8 1.6 4.7 4.3 8.3 8.3 1.4 1.1
	2,957 494 1,367 451 405 240	903 179 344 150 139 91	3,860 673 1,711 601 544 331	1.4 1.1 1.9 1.2 1.1 1.0	1.2 0.9 1.8 1.0 0.9 0.7
	3,207 396 222 447 182 345 246 395 175 241 364 194	1,124 142 155 57 95 92 131 57 90 134 99	4,331 538 294 602 239 440 338 526 232 331 498 293	0.9 1.1 1.1 1.0 0.5 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 1.3 1.1 1.1 0.7	0.7 0.9 1.0 0.8 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.5 1.0 0.9 0.6
	3,772 348 821 568 607 423 442 563	1,177 112 291 213 162 140 122 137	4,949 460 1,112 781 769 563 564 700	1.6 2.6 2.7 1.6 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.6	1.3 22 2.1 1.3 1.1 1.0 0.9 1.4
setUA	957 2,166 5,678 1,137 3,295 937 1,200 1,372 1,811	344 606 1,666 404 959 282 434 421 610	1,301 2,772 7,344 1,541 4,254 1,219 1,634 1,793 2,421	1.8 4.0 3.3 2.5 4.0 2.0 1.6 1.7 5.3	1.5 3.6 3.0 2.0 3.4 1.7 1.3 1.6 4.6
Scilly	7,329 795 1,392 1,375 933 1,276 1,540	3,040 333 449 536 445 574 698	10,369 1,128 1,841 1,911 1,378 1,850 2,238	6.0 5.2 4.6 6.8 4.9 9.8 6.2	4.8 3.8 3.9 5.0 4.0 7.9 5.2
	18	5	23	2.6	2.6

March 2001

Labour Market trends

C.22 UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count area statistics Counties, unitary authorities and local authority districts as at January 11 2001

	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a	
				Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants					Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
Devon	6.201	2.402	8,603	3.3	2.6	NORTHERN IRELAND					
East Devon	787	294	1,081	2.9	2.1						
Exeter	1,206	372 182	1,578	3.1	2.1	Antrim	550	187	737	3.5	3.0
North Devon	1,213	494	1,707	4.8	3.7	Ards	1,029	416	1,445	7.4	6.3
South Hams	536	268	804	2.9	2.3	Armagh	856	319	1,1/5	6.5	5.4
Teignbridge	788	328	1,116	6.1	4.3	Ballymoney	436	160	596	4.0	3.3
West Devon	305	131	436	2.9	2.2	Banbridge	392	171	563	5.7	5.7
-	0.106	922	2 020	23	17	Belfast	7,906	1,765	9,671	5.2	4.7
Christchurch	2,190	65	315	1.9	1.7	Carrickfergus	519	147	666	7.5	66
East Dorset	330	158	488	1.8	1.4	Castlereagh	726	183	909	4.1	3.6
North Dorset	229	97	326	1.7	1.2	Coleraine	1,169	396	1,562	7.2	6.2
Purbeck West Dorset	463	175	638	1.6	1.3	Cookstown	348	143	491	5.5	4.4
Weymouth and Portland	709	252	961	5.8	4.4	Craigavon	1,192	319	1,511	4.2	3.6
Clausastarahira	5 255	1 718	6 973	29	24	Derry	3,563	938	4,501	10.3	8.9
Cheltenham	1,190	356	1,546	2.8	2.5	Down	1,059	220	927	7.9	6.6
Cotswold	292	106	398	1.3	1.0	Dungannon	1 300	300	1 708	4.9	4.0
Forest of Dean	804	311	1,115	4.7	4.0	Fernanagn	1,000	161	624	67	0.8
Gloucester	1,636	454	2,090	2.9	2.9	Limavady	710	233	943	10.3	0.0
Tewkesbury	488	205	693	2.2	1.9	Lishum	1 447	418	1.865	5.1	0.0
		1070	F 450	07	22	Magherafelt	473	206	679	5.3	4.4
Somerset	3,797	1,356	5,153	2.9	22	Moyle	379	131	510	13.1	10.4
Sedgemoor	986	364	1,350	3.8	3.1	Newry and Mourne	1,783	478	2,261	8.0	6.5
South Somerset	774	275	1,049	1.8	1.4	Newtownabbey	1,040	314	1,354	5.0	4.3
Taunton Deane	748	248	996	2.1	1.8	North Down	1,001	355	1,356	6.4	5.7
west Somerset	450	170		0.7		Omagh	982	356	1,338	7.6	6.2
Wiltshire	2,103	866	2,969	1.8	1.4	Strabane	1,066	295	1,361	11.8	9.6
Kennet North Wiltshire	399	158	557	2.0	1.4						
Salisbury	553	186	739	1.6	1.2						
West Wiltshire	682	314	• 996	2.1	1.8						
WALES											
WALES											
Blaenau Gwent	1,571	438	2,009	9.4	9.0						
Bridgend	1,968	5/3	2,541	5.0	4.5						
Cardiff	5.054	1,262	6,316	3.9	3.6						
Carmarthenshire	2,525	756	3,281	6.6	5.2						
Ceredigion	896	326	1,222	5.3	3.6						
Conwy	1,029	392	1,719	5.2	4.4						
Flintshire	1,714	558	2,272	3.8	3.4						
Gwynedd	2,491	863	3,354	7.3	6.3						
Isle of Anglesey	1,544	326	2,034	9.7	8.5						
Monmouthshire	780	269	1,049	3.4	2.7						
Neath Port Talbot	2,416	675	3,091	6.9	6.1						
Newport	2,422	679 706	3,101	4.5	7.1						
Pembrokeshire	1,294	469	1,763	3.9	2.9						
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	3,602	1,021	4,623	5.8	5.2						
Swansea	4,140	1,004	5,144	5.9	5.3						
Vale of Glamorgan The	1,276	404 450	2,311	5.5	4.8						
Wrexham	1,559	450	2,009	3.9	3.5						
SCOTI AND											
SCOTLAND											
Aberdeen City	2,471	643	3,114	1.9	1.8						
Aberdeenshire	1,794	624 679	2,418	3.4 6.4	5.4						
ArgvII and Bute	1,730	606	2,299	7.0	5.2						
Clackmannanshire	935	300	1,235	8.8	7.7						
Dumfries and Galloway	2,776	916	3,692	6.7	5.5						
Dundee City Fast Avrshire	4,019	990	4,073	12.4	10.8						
East Dunbartonshire	1,224	332	1,556	7.4	5.6						
EastLothian	842	203	1,045	4.6	3.6						
East Renfrewshire	828 5 824	258	1,086	/.1	2.5						
Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	729	174	903	8.8	7.4						
Falkirk	2,763	741	3,504	6.4	5.9						
Fife	7,168	2,089	9,257	7.3	6.6 5.4						
Glasgow City Highland	16,596	3,938	6.000	6.9	5.9						
Inverclyde	1,774	431	2,205	6.5	6.2						
Midlothian	833	262	1,095	5.1	4.2						
Moray North Avrshire	3,795	1.220	5.015	11.1	9.9						
North Lanarkshire	6,381	1,735	8,116	7.2	6.6						
Orkney Islands	240	102	342	4.5	3.2						
Perth and Kinross	1,453	522	1,9/5	3.7	3.1 4.6						
Scottish Borders	1.251	403	1,654	4.1	3.3						
Shetland Islands	198	68	266	2.3	1.9						
South Ayrshire	2,416	758	3,174	6.8	6.0 5.2						
South Lanarkshire Stirling	4,885	348	1.453	4.0	3.6						
West Dunbartonshire	2,683	683	3,366	10.1	9.4						
WestLothian	2,402	698	3,100	5.0	4.5		and the second	Co	urce Benefi	ts Agency adm	inistrative system

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 02

a Claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees) and as a percentage of the narrow-based estimate (claimants plus employee jobs). All the rates shown are calculated using mid-1999 based denominators.

				A. S. S. S.		Parliamentary co	onstitue	ncies	as at .	January	11 2001
	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P Per cent employee jobs and	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants		Male I	Female	All	Rate ^a P Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Percent workforce jobs and claimants
					Cidimants	Merseyside (Met County)					
NORTHEAST						Birkenhead Bootle	2,726 2,563	651 553	3,377 3,116	9.4 10.4	8.4 9.2
Cleveland (former county)	2,557	546	3,103	9.4	8.5	Crosby Knowsley North and Setton Fast	1,050	275 597	1,325	7.1 9.6	6.3 8.4
Middlesbrough	3,888	754 562	2,785	15.3	13.8	Knowsley South	2,675	764	3,439	13.4	11.6
Redcar	2,733 2.627	600 590	3,333 3,217	10.8 7.4	9.7 6.7	Liverpool Riverside	3,711	1,006	4,717	4.3	3.8
Stockton South	1,969	493	2,462	7.2	6.4	Liverpool Walton Liverpool Wavertree	2,976 2,658	766 684	3,742 3,342	14.0 11.2	12.4 9.9
Durham	1 500	AEO	2046	62	55	Liverpool West Derby Southport	2,953 1,285	764 377	3,717 1,662	25.8 5.3	22.7 4.7
Bishop Auckland	2,011	400	2,481	6.1	5.3	St. Helens North	1,571	446	2,017	9.6 6.0	8.4 5.3
Durham, City of	1,159	365 381	1,524 1,789	3.7 9.1	3.3 8.0	Wallasey	2,183	620	2,803	10.9	9.7
North Durham	1,582	356 461	1,938 1,954	10.5 9.4	9.3 8.2	Wirral South Wirral West	1,042	303	1,192	5.3 7.9	4.0 7.1
North West Durnam Sedgefield	1,305	392	1,697	6.3	5.5	YORKSHIRE AND THE HUMBER					
Northumberland Berwick-upon-Tweed	1,134	426	1,560	7.1	6.1	Humberside (former county) Beverley and Holderness	1.223	447	1.670	4.7	4.3
Blyth Valley Herham	736	253	2,154	4.0	3.4	Brigg and Goole	1,165	442	1,607	6.0 77	5.4 68
Wansbeck	1,659	447	2,106	6.5	5.6	East Yorkshire	1,496	540	2,036	7.2	6.4
Tyne and Wear (Met County)	1.281	287	1.568	5.1	4.6	Haltemprice and Howden	2,789 686	280	3,523 966	3.8	3.4
Blaydon Gateshead East and Washington West	1,438	341	1,779	7.3	6.7	Kingston upon Hull East Kingston upon Hull North	2,696 2,817	723 753	3,419 3,570	11.2 11.6	10.0 10.3
Houghton and Washington East	2,145	447	2,592	12.1	10.9	Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle	2,660	718 473	3,378	5.0 4.4	4.5 3.9
Newcasi opon Tyne Central Newcasic upon Tyne East and Wallsend	1,959 2,299	4/3 529	2,432 2,828	4.8 6.2	4.4 5.7	North Verkebize	1,001		.,		stales)
Newcastle upon Tyne North	1,469	325 453	1,794 2,460	8.1 7.6	7.4 6.8	Harrogate and Knaresborough	518	155	673	1.8	1.5
South Shields	2,899	613 457	3,512	12.7	11.6 60	Richmond Ryedale	645 593	258 269	903 862	2.6	2.1
Sunderla d South	2,486	534	3,020	10.4	9.6	Scarborough and Whitby Selby	1,861 798	659 301	2,520 1,099	6.9 3.0	5.6 2.5
Tyne Bridge Tynemolog	2,823	411	2,093	4.3 8.1	7.4	Skipton and Ripon	584	188 171	772	2.2	1.8 1.8
NORTH						York, City of	1,463	449	1,912	2.9	2.4
Cheshi						South Yorkshire (Met County)	1 405	101	1.010	EA	10
Chester City of	866 603	224 227	1,090	1.9 2.8	1.7	Barnsley Central Barnsley East and Mexborough	1,495	462	1,996	9.7	4.9 8.8
Crewe and Nantwich	987	298 271	1,285	3.5	3.1	Barnsley West and Penistone Don Valley	1,280 1,199	385 335	1,665 1,534	6.8 9.5	6.1 8.5
Ellesmere Port and Neston	979	270	1,249	3.6	3.1	Doncaster Central Doncaster North	1,986 1,448	529 444	2,515	4.4 9.7	4.0 8.7
Halton Maccles [®] sid	1,656	420 142	2,082	1.9	1.7	Rother Valley Botherbarn	1,323	438 428	1,761	9.5 4.7	8.6 42
Tatton Warring Vo North	512 1,176	145 381	657 1,557	1.6 3.4	1.4 3.0	Sheffield Attercliffe	1,580	379	1,959	4.9	4.4
Warrington South	901 1.369	311 416	1,212	2.3 4.3	2.0 3.8	Sheffield Brightside Sheffield Central	3,179	545 785	2,835	3.7	3.3
Combails	1,000		.,			Sheffield Hallam Sheffield Heeley	647 1,759	210 422	857 2,181	4.0 12.8	3.6 11.5
Barrow and Furness	1,438	350	1,788	6.2	5.2	Sheffield Hillsborough Wentworth	1,273 1,531	366 382	1,639 1,913	7.3 9.1	6.6 8.1
Carlisle	1,289	412 447	2,025	4.3 6.9	5.7	West Vorkshire (Mat County)					
Penrith and The Border Westmortand and Lonsdale	620 430	247 187	867 617	3.1 1.9	2.6 1.6	Batley and Spen	1,111	321	1,432	4.2	3.7
Workington	1,467	379	1,846	6.8	5.7	Bradford North Bradford South	2,514	508 470	2,301	7.3	6.5
Greater Manchester (Met County)	675	187	862	24	21	Bradford West Calder Valley	2,916 1,089	715 351	3,631	5.4 4.1	4.9 3.6
Ashton under Lyne	1,423	365	1,788	5.0	4.5	Colne Valley Dewsbury	1,114 1,132	376 340	1,490 1,472	5.6 4.3	5.0 3.9
Bolton North East	1,497	436	2,121	5.9 4.8	5.5 4.3	Elmet	695 1.848	229 477	924	3.5 47	3.1 42
Bolton West Bury North	693 785	192 244	885 1,029	3.3 2.9	3.0 2.6	Hemsworth	1,345	375	1,720	9.3	8.4
Bury South Cheadle	797 412	255 138	1,052	4.2 1.8	3.7 1.6	Keighley	1,209	360	1,631	5.1	4.6
Denton and Reddish	1,018	257	1,275	4.6	4.1	Leeds Central Leeds East	3,129 2,034	682 496	3,811 2,530	10.3	1.9 9.2
Hazel Grove	586	170	756	3.2	2.8	Leeds North East	1,244 793	396 268	1,640 1.061	8.3 4.2	7.5 3.7
Leigh	1,400 1,255	408	1,808	5.0	4.9	Leeds West Morlay and Bothwell	1,657	451	2,108	7.8	6.9 3.1
Makerfield Manchester Blackley	1,143 2,001	415 448	1,558 2,449	6.9 8.1	6.1 7.2	Normanton	788	275	1,063	4.0	3.6
Manchester Central Manchester Gorton	3,405	799 632	4,204	2.7 14.3	2.4 12.8	Pontefract and Castleford Pudsey	662	204	866	4.0	2.2
Manchester Withington	1,512	422	1,934	5.7	5.1	Shipley Wakefield	1,020 1,453	304 359	1,324 1,812	5.0 2 3.9	4.4 3.5
Oldham West and Royton	1,641	463	2,104	4.6	4.1	FAST MIDI ANDS					
Salford	1,692 1,473	4/1 265	2,163	5.6 3.0	5.0	Derbyshire					
Stalybridge and Hyde Stockport	1,111 1.090	332 264	1,443 1,354	5.7 3.1	5.0 2.7	Amber Valley	1,237	383	1,620	4.2	3.7
Stretford and Urmston Wigan	1,471	390 357	1,861	2.8 4.7	2.5 4.2	Bolsover Chesterfield	1,499	582	2,574	5.9	5.1
Worsley Wythenshawo and Sale Fact	1,183	314	1,497	72	6.4	Derby North Derby South	1,497 2,530	423 693	1,920	5.5 3 4.3	4.8 3.7
Lancachine	1,/42		2,141	4.2	0.0	Erewash High Peak	1,352 852	443 277	1,795	5 5.2 3.5	4.5 3.0
Blackburn	1,993	463	2,456	4.5	3.9	North East Derbyshire	1,598	418	2,016	6 8.1 1 52	7.0
Blackpool North and Fleetwood	1,686	398 590	2,084	6.7 6.7	5.8 5.8	West Derbyshire	734	241	975	5 2.5	2.2
Burnley Chorley	1,013	281	1,294	3.5	3.1 3.2	Leicestershire					
Fylde Hyndburn	633	187	820	2.1	1.8	Blaby Bosworth	537 682	199 371	736 1,053	5 1.7 3 2.7	1.5 2.4
Lancaster and Wyre	935	260	1,187	3.2	2.8	Charnwood	613 708	225 289	838 997	3 2.9 7 2.8	2.5 2.5
Pendle Practon	1,583 1,089	426 364	2,009	8.6 3 4.9	7.4 4.2	Leicester East	1,555	617	2,172	2 6.5	5.6
Ribble Valley	1,888	3 391 3 142	2,279 540	3.3 1.4	2.8 1.2	Leicester West	2,093	642	2,73	5 5.9	5.1
South Ribble	936	304 7 196	1,240) 4.2 3 36	3.6 3.1	Loughborough North West Leicestershire	690	470 289	1,590	9 2.6	2.2
westLancashire	1,453	3 459	1,912	2 5.5	4.8	Rutland and Melton	381	1/3	55	4 1.9	1.6

UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count area statistics

C.23



	Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P			Male	Female	All	Rate ^a P	
Anno 2 Constant a Maria a Mari				Percent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants	Tarta de la constitución Destructivos Destructivos Destructivos Destructivos Destructivos				Percent employee jobs and claimants	Per cent workforce jobs and claimants
LincoInshire Boston and Skegness Gainsborough Grantham and Stamford Lincoln Louth and Homcastle Sleaford and North Hykeham South Holland and The Deepings	1,195 1,105 777 1,597 1,099 619 486	442 371 328 417 434 270 226	1,637 1,476 1,105 2,014 1,533 889 712	4.8 6.7 2.8 3.7 6.3 3.1 2.2	4.0 5.6 2.3 3.1 5.2 2.5 1.8	Cambridgeshire Cambridge Huntingdon North East Cambridgeshire North West Cambridgeshire Peterborough South Cambridgeshire South East Cambridgeshire	885 614 896 690 1,235 321 494	276 234 347 208 332 125 164	1,161 848 1,243 898 1,567 446 658	1.7 1.6 3.8 3.2 2.9 0.9 1.6	15 13 32 27 25 08 13
Vorthamptonshire Sorby Javentry Kettering Jorthampton North Jorthampton South Wellionbrough	944 565 727 1,237 1,095 1,006	321 274 267 396 332 408	1,265 839 994 1,633 1,427 1,414	3.0 2.1 2.6 4.4 1.9 3.2	2.7 1.8 2.3 3.8 1.7 2.8	Essex Basildon Billericay Braintree Brentwood and Ongar Castle Point	1,004 761 692 350 624 790	373 299 293 143 258	1,377 1,060 985 493 882	3.1 3.5 2.8 1.6 4.8	25 28 23 1.3 3.9
tottinghamshire shfield assetlaw roxtowe iedling tansfield ewark tottingham Rast tottingham North bottingham South	1,680 1,384 893 1,020 1,544 1,176 2,739 2,078 1,855	495 622 335 345 522 416 686 580 498	2,175 2,006 1,228 1,365 2,066 1,592 3,425 2,658 2,658 2,353	5.5 5.5 5.1 4.9 6.4 4.7 7.4 9.7 2.1	4.8 4.8 4.4 4.3 5.6 4.1 6.5 8.4 1.9	Epping Forest Harlow Harwich Maldon and East Chelmsford North Essex Rayleigh Rochford and Southend East Saffron Walden Southend West Thurrock	714 853 1,343 582 473 535 1,806 351 949 1,321	281 288 434 231 190 213 458 160 311 445	1,131 995 1,141 1,777 813 663 748 2,264 511 1,260 1,766	1.9 3.4 2.9 7.8 3.5 3.6 3.6 5.1 1.4 5.5 3.9	1.6 2.8 2.3 6.4 2.8 2.9 2.9 4.2 1.2 4.5 3.2
VEST MIDLANDS lerefordshire	681 1,189 954	206 447 337	887 1,636	2.7 6.8 3.0	2.4 5.9 2.6	West Cheimsford Hertfordshire Broxbourne Hernel Hempstead Hertford and Stortford Hertsmere	636 623 630 360 505	270 294 205 129 190	906 917 835 489 695	1.7 2.9 1.8 1.1 1.1	1.4 2.5 1.5 0.9 1.5
energinal cominister udlow Jorth Shropshire ihrewsbury and Atcham alford	595 565 926 864 1.223	205 376 239 409	812 770 1,302 1,103 1,632	3.6 3.7 3.8 2.6 3.8	3.1 3.1 32 22 32	Hitchin and Harpenden North East Hertfordshire South West Hertfordshire St. Albans Stevenage Watford Welwyn Hatfield	365 367 495 309 750 733 484	143 129 155 107 240 212 155	508 496 650 416 990 945 639	1.5 1.6 2.1 1.0 2.3 1.7 1.1	1.3 1.4 1.8 0.8 2.0 1.5 1.0
Virekin, The Staffordshire Jurton Jannock Chase Johffeld Newcastle-under-Lyme South Staffordshire Stafford Stafford Stafford	700 1,263 1,175 655 923 821 1,106 714	293 387 375 270 295 299 361 272	993 1,650 1,550 925 1,218 1,120 1,467 986	2.4 3.7 5.1 3.1 3.9 4.5 3.3 3.7	2.0 3.1 4.4 2.6 3.4 3.8 2.8 3.2 3.2	Norfolk Great Yarmouth Mid Norfolk North Norfolk Norwich North Norwich South South North South Norfolk South WestNorfolk	2,701 720 967 1,025 1,234 1,633 662 744	946 281 329 345 328 500 247 342	3,647 1,001 1,296 1,370 1,562 2,133 909 1,086	9.3 3.9 3.6 4.3 3.6 2.4.3 3.25 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	80 33 37 31 36 22 28 25
Stoke-on-Trent Central Stoke-on-Trent North Stoke-on-Trent South Stone Iarnworth Warwickshire	1,542 1,122 1,552 563 1,063	424 333 567 294 429	1,966 1,455 2,119 857 1,492	3.4 5.2 6.6 2.7 3.6	2.9 4.5 5.6 2.3 3.0	Suffolk Bury St Edmunds Central Suffolk and North Ipswich Ipswich South Suffolk Suffolk Coastal	536 638 1,402 575 758	270 205 387 167 238	800 843 1,789 742 990	5 1.7 3 3.3 9 3.0 2 2.4 5 2.4	1.4 2.8 2.6 2.0 2.0
North Warwickshire Nuneaton Rugby and Kenilworth Stratford-on-Avon Warwick and Leamington	883 907 778 520 963	349 303 294 194 294	1,232 1,210 1,072 714 1,257	3.4 4.0 2.3 1.6 2.1	2.9 3.4 2.0 1.3 1.8	Waveney West Suffolk LONDON Greater London	1,916 540	- 260	2,552	2 · 6.9 0 1.9	5.8 1.6
West Midlands (Met County) Aldridge - Brownhills Birmingham Erdington Birmingham Hall Green Birmingham Hall Green Birmingham Hodge Hill Birmingham Northfield Birmingham Selly Oak Birmingham Sparkbrook and Small Heath Birmingham Sparkbrook and Small Heath Birmingham Yardley Coventry North East Coventry North East Coventry North West Coventry North Dudley North Dudley North	912 2,085 2,354 1,534 2,403 5,463 1,665 1,990 4,4488 1,616 1,890 1,329 1,507 1,885 1,498	308 584 610 467 583 1,321 455 759 565 1,110 439 522 381 384 545 545	1,220 2,669 2,964 2,001 2,986 6,784 2,120 3,414 2,555 2,455 2,455 2,455 2,455 2,412 1,710 1,891 2,430 1,968	4.8 6.4 8.5 13.5 16.3 3.6 6.4 12.0 8.0 12.2 6.6 6.0 6.8 2.6 6.8 2.6 4.9	44 59 78 124 149 33 58 11.1 7.4 11.2 6.1 55 6.3 24 6.7 4.5	Barking Battersea Beckenham Bethnal Green and Bow Bexleyheath and Crayford Brent East Brent North BrentSouth Brentford and Isleworth Brentey and Chislehurst Camberwell and Peckham Carshalton and Wallington Chingford and Woodford Green Chipping Barnet Cities of London and Westminster Croydon Central	1,1/5 1,422 1,115 3,850 662 2,041 869 2,271 728 667 2,942 731 782 876 1,608 1,642 2,195	3300 472 347 1,024 263 671 694 311 261 261 331 261 333 240 339 360 607 607 560	1,32 1,89 1,46 4,87 92 2,71 1,18 2,96 1,03 92 3,87 97 1,09 1,23 2,21 2,20 2,23	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	40 53 35 88 42 48 42 48 14 14 55 34 30 55 34 29 22 9 72
Adaisy South Alaesowen and Rowley Regis Aleriden Solihull Stouthoridge Jutton Coldfield Valsall North Valsall South Varley West Bromwich East Volverhampton North East Volverhampton South East Volverhampton South East Volverhampton South West	1,414 1,515 692 1,312 851 1,888 1,914 1,956 1,891 2,110 1,846 1,940 1,737	440 464 269 393 320 545 628 541 558 651 493 559 509	1,854 1,979 961 1,705 1,171 2,433 2,542 2,497 2,449 2,761 2,339 2,249 2,246	5.4 6.0 1.7 5.6 4.2 7.0 4.8 8.3 6.6 5.2 9.4 8.3 5.4	5.0 5.5 5.1 6.1 3.9 6.4 4.4 7.6 6.1 4.7 8.6 7.6 5.0	Croydon South Dagenham Dutwich and WestNorwood Ealing North Ealing Southall Ealing, Acton and Shepherd's Bush East Ham Edmonton Ethham Enfield North Enfield North Enfield North Enfield, Southgate Erith and Thamesmead Feithmam and Heston	2,183 688 1,090 2,252 1,266 1,697 2,343 2,576 1,754 1,347 1,347 1,347 1,348 1,923 851	731 243 383 844 442 556 757	2,33 33 1,47 3,09 1,70 2,25 3,10 3,30 2,35 1,59 1,59 1,59 1,55 2,62 1,10	2 3.0 3 7.0 6 16.4 8 6.3 3 4.5 3 4.3 3 14.3 1 9.3 4 11.5 3 4.2 0 7.4 9 11.5 9 200	2.7 62 14.6 55 4.0 3.8 12.7 8.2 10.2 3.7 6.6 10.1 1.8 3.4
Worcestershire Bromsgrove Mid Worcestershire Redditch West Worcestershire Worcester Wyre Forest EAST	877 610 998 483 936 948	287 258 426 171 293 370	1,164 868 1,424 654 1,229 1,318	3.9 2.3 3.5 2.4 2.6 3.6	33 20 30 21 23 3.1	Finchley and Golders Green Greenwich and Woolwich Hackney North and Stoke Newington Hackney South and Shoreditch Hammersmith and Fulham Hampstead and Highgate Harrow East Harrow West Hayes and Harlington	1,079 2,278 3,004 3,344 1,835 1,688 961 786 786	397 808 1,031 1,133 6680 8636 8636 380 3293 3293 3293 3293 3293 3293 3293 329	1,47 3,08 4,03 4,47 2,51 2,32 1,34 1,08 1,10	3.8 6 7.3 19.2 7 62 3.5 19.2 7 62 3.5 14 6.4 14 3.1 15 1.5 16 1.5 17 3.4	65 170 55 31 57 28 42 1.3 3.1
Bedfordshire Bedford Luton North Luton South Mid Bedfordshire North East Bedfordshire South West Bedfordshire	1,349 1,036 1,517 408 489 663	411 334 449 157 228 214	1,760 1,370 1,966 565 717 877	3.5 6.2 3.1 2.1 2.9 2.5	3.0 5.3 2.7 1.8 2.5 2.2	Hendon Holborn and St Pancras Hornchurch Hornsey and Wood Green Ilford North Islington North Islington North Islington South and Finsbury	1,366 2,547 642 2,10 857 1,814 2,78 2,092	5 509 7 919 2 237 1 770 7 315 4 591 1 1,103 2 769	1,87 3,46 87 2,87 1,17 2,40 3,88 2,86	0 0.4 06 1.6 19 4.3 19 4.3 11 9.7 12 5.2 15 6.7 14 11.3 11 2.6	1.4 3.8 8.7 4.7 6.0 10.0 2.3

	Mala	Famala	All	Date ² D		Parliamenta
Stand - W	Male	Female	All	Percent	Percent	
				jobs and claimants	jobs and claimants	
and Chelsea	1,004	493	1,497	1.4	1.2	Oxfordshire
ton and Surbiton	708	255	963	1.7	1.5	Banbury
hamEast	2 045	499	2,039	10.6	9.4	Oxford East
sham West	2,562	847	3,409	14.8	13.0	Oxford West and Abingdon
ham, Deputition	1,696	595	2,291	12.0	10.6	Wantage
am and Morden	1,246	403	1,649	8.0	7.0	Witney
Southwark and Bermondsey	2,911	1,032	3,943	3.5	3.1	Surrey
exley and Sidcup	400	202	924	36	32	EastSurrey
gton	3,678	1,000	4,678	7.3	6.4	Epsom and Ewell
(and containing the	946	346	1,292	4.9	4.3	Esher and Walton
nt's Park and Kensington North	2,790	1,119	3,909	7.9	7.0	Mole Vallev
nond Park	700	204	964 886	2.3	2.1	Reigate
ord Northwood	447	185	632	2.4	2.1	Runnymede and Weybridge
p-North Hood	3,059	1,069	4,128	16.4	14.5	South West Surrey
nandCheam	477	· 162	639	2.0	1.8	Woking
ng	1,416	1 335	1,912	153	0.8	
ham	-4,000	211	772	2.1	1.8	WestSussex
ennam	569	220	789	42	3.8	Arundel and South Downs Bognor Regis and Littlehampton
dae	512	216	728	1.5	1.3	Chichester
nall	3,451	1,125	4,576	5.5	4.9	Crawley
amstow	2,030	822	2,738	10.2	9.0	East Worthing and Shoreham
Ham	504	209	713	1.7	1.5	MidSussex
leuon						Worthing West
THEAS						Wight, Isle of
shire (form er county) mell	455	136	591	1.1	1.0	Isle of Wight
enhead	437	138	575	1.4	1.3	SOUTH WEST
iury	356	98	454	0.8	0.7	Arren (farmer arrents)
ingEast	740	216	956	1.2	1.1	Avon (former county) Bath
ing west	1.267	398	1.665	2.5	22	Bristol East
nome	409	134	543	0.8	0.6	Bristol North West
sor	441	161	602	1.5	1.3	Bristol South
ngham	235	75	. 310	0.8	0.7	Kingswood
inghamahire						Northavon
bury	561	191	752	1.5	1.3	Wansdyke
onsfield	353	130	483	1.2	1.0	Woodspring
homond amorsham	293	90	388	1.5	1.3	
namana Amersham nKevnes South West	807	253	1.060	1.5	1.5	Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly
EastMillon Keynes	652	244	896	1.6	1.4	Falmouth and Camborne
ombe	807	223	1,030	1.7	1.5	South East Cornwall
Cupacity						Stives
illand Battla	574	194	768	3.9	3.2	Truro and St Austell
ton, Kemplown	1,651	471	2,122	7.4	6.1	Devon
ton, Pavidon	1,907	667	2,574	4.9	4.0	EastDevon
oume	1,071	293	1,364	4.2	3.5	Exeter
ngsano Hye	1,008	464	2,332	53	5.7 4.4	North Devon
is	577	211	788	2.6	2.2	Plymouth Devonport
lden	351	136	487	1.5	1.2	SouthWestDevon
						Teignbridge
pshire	477	100	010	10		Tiverton and Honiton
nastoke	397	125	522	1.3	07	Torridge and West Devon
Hampshire	528	161	689	2.0	1.7	Totnes
leigh	406	152	558	1.1	0.9	
ham	424	150	574	1.6	1.3	Dorset
ant	002	309	1 292	3.5 4.3	3.0	BournemouthWest
Forest East	443	146	589	2.1	1.7	Christchurch
Forest West	395	119	514	1.9	1.6	Mid Dorset and North Poole
h East Hampshire	320	112	432	1.3	1.1	North Dorset
n west Hampshire	322	120	442	1.1	1.0	Poole South Dorset
smouth South	1 601	200	2 132	2.3	2.0	West Dorset
Isey	304	103	407	1.5	1.3	
hampton, Itchen	1,345	300	1,645	2.5	2.1	Gloucestershire
mampton, Test	1,287	299	1,586	3.6	3.0	Cotswold
2003(C)	348	109	457	0.7	0.6	Forest of Dean
t						Gloucester
ford	754	231	985	2.6	2.2	Stroud
tham and Autoretand	1,009	323	1,332	2.9	2.5	rewkesbury
ford	988	323	1,311	4.4	3.8	Somerset
er	1.374	416	1.790	6.1	5.2	Bridgwater
ersham and Mid Kent	612	196	808	3.4	2.9	Somerton and Frome
restone and Hythe	1,448	385	1,833	5.5	4.7	Wells
Vesham	957	306	1,263	4.6	4.0	Yeovil
dstone and The Weald	1,264	389	1,653	5.8	5.0	Martine La Las
dway	1.133	392	1.525	3.5	2.9	Wiltshire
ui i nanet Ienoako	1,718	466	2,184	9.2	7.9	North Swindon
ngbourne and Chan	411	138	549	1.8	1.5	North Wiltshire
th Thanet	1,291	414	1,705	5.5	4.7	Salisbury
bridge and Malling	1,378	172	656	1.9	5.4	South Swindon
unage Wells	444	137	581	1.3	1.2	monuny

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UNEMPLOYMENT **Claimant count area statistics**

.23 entary constituencies as at January 11 2001 Male Female All Rate^a P Per cent employee jobs and claimants 589 372 1,448 623 479 349 436 278 1,173 460 361 249 153 94 275 163 118 100 1.1 1.0 2.9 0.9 1.2 1.0 0.9 0.9 2.5 0.8 1.0 0.9 290 315 331 367 192 234 311 309 256 207 97 98 110 119 72 70 124 115 81 107 1.0 1.1 1.1 0.8 0.4 0.6 0.7 0.9 0.6 0.6 387 413 441 486 264 304 435 424 337 314 1.2 1.3 1.3 0.9 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1 0.7 0.7 305 649 547 607 520 358 328 458 94 236 202 162 154 116 96 117 1.7 3.2 1.7 1.1 2.1 1.1 1.0 1.6 1.4 2.7 1.4 0.9 1.7 1.0 0.8 1.4 399 885 749 769 674 474 424 575 2,418 887 3,305 7.4 6.6 665 1,717 1,096 1,405 1,504 680 417 351 770 367 1.7 4.4 2.6 5.1 2.0 3.3 1.2 2.0 3.2 1.7 224 493 294 408 489 201 173 162 267 137 889 2,210 1,390 1,813 1,993 881 590 513 1,037 504 1.5 3.8 2.2 4.4 1.7 2.8 1.0 1.7 2.8 1.5 1,661 1,648 1,036 1,688 1,296 2,182 2,466 1,446 2,473 1,802 5.4 5.2 4.4 7.5 2.9 521 818 410 785 506 6.8 6.5 5.4 9.3 3.5 600 1,206 1,240 1,228 1,815 440 782 658 1,466 1,077 795 834 1,578 1,743 1,600 2,302 619 1,080 891 1,937 1,526 1,168 3.0 1.8 4.0 2.9 3.6 2.2 2.6 2.1 4.4 4.1 3.2 234 372 503 372 487 179 298 233 471 449 373 3.7 2.2 4.8 3.6 4.4 2.7 3.2 2.6 5.3 5.0 4.0 1,083 1,083 424 441 351 638 829 450 1,408 1,364 574 588 508 819 1,139 620 4.4 2.6 1.6 1.8 1.3 1.5 3.2 1.5 325 281 150 147 157 181 310 170 5.4 3.1 2.0 2.2 1.6 1.9 4.0 1.8 1,116 351 823 1,636 786 543 327 121 318 454 271 227 1,443 472 1,141 2,090 1,057 770 2.4 1.3 4.0 2.9 2.4 1.8 2.9 1.5 4.8 3.4 2.9 2.1 1,212 475 764 774 572 400 174 246 328 208 1,612 649 1,010 1,102 780 5.0 2.3 2.1 3.1 1.7 4.0 1.8 1.7 2.4 1.4 554 554 370 526 835 636 221 185 160 172 246 303 775 739 530 698 1,081 939 2.0 1.9 1.4 1.6 1.5 2.3 1.6 1.6 1.1 1.3 1.3 1.9

March 2001



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	viale	remale	All	Percent employee jobs and claimants	Percent workforce jobs and claimants				F e ji	Per cent employee obs and claimants	Percent workforce jobs and		
VALES Aberavon Myn and Deeside Blaenau Gwent Grecon and Radnorshire Gredgend Caernarton Caernarton Caerdiff Central Cardiff Central Cardiff Konth Cardiff Konth	1,178 971 1,571 815 1,045 1,259 1,521 1,357 543 1,802	289 320 438 295 346 433 459 376 177 400	1,467 1,291 2,009 1,110 1,391 1,692 1,980 1,733 720 2,203	5.6 3.4 9.4 4.8 3.4 7.7 8.1 2.7 2.1 4.8	5.1 3.0 8.6 3.4 3.0 6.2 7.2 2.4 1.9 4.3	Paisley South Perth Ross, Skye and Inverness West Roxburgh and Berwickshire Stirtling Strathkelvin and Bearsden Tweeddale, Ettrick and Lauderdale West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine West Renfrewshire Western Isles	1,471 925 1,735 755 888 1,023 628 510 886 729	363 327 525 267 287 288 182 198 215 174	1,834 1,252 2,260 1,022 1,175 1,311 810 708 1,101 903	7.3 3.5 10.3 4.4 4.0 8.0 4.0 3.1 4.4 8.8	6.6 3.0 8.6 3.7 3.6 7.2 3.4 2.8 3.9 7.4	NORTH EAST Tees Valley and Durham Hardepool and Stockton-on-Tees South Teesde Darlington Durham CC Northumbertand Anthumbertand Tyneside Sunderland Jungert WEST	26,543 7,153 8,844 2,102 8,444 31,669 5,168 19,478 7,023
aron South and Fendin Zardiff West Zarmarthen Eastand Dinefwr Zeredigion Ziwyd South Diwyd West Zonwy Zynon Valley Delyn Gower Siwyn Lanelli Weirionnydd Nant Conwy Werthyr Tydfil and Rhymney Mongomeryshire Neath Newport East	1,596 1,596 7772 re 1,353 896 789 865 1,277 1,186 743 934 1,288 809 1,368 809 1,277	283 483 226 226 226 227 424 354 238 316 239 358 325 403 241 170 386 338	1,960 1,055 1,806 1,222 1,025 1,122 1,025 1,122 1,701 1,540 981 1,256 1,128 1,726 1,128 1,726 1,1294 937 633 1,624 1,488	8.3 7.4 6.8 5.4 6.2 5.9 5.5 10.9 4.4 8.2 6.4 7.6 9.2 10.3 3.0 2.9 8.6 5.6	75 59 55 43 52 45 52 45 54 52 96 38 7.4 58 60 7.5 9.1 2.8 2.1 7.8 5.1	NORTHERN IRELAND BelfastEast BelfastNorth BelfastSouth BelfastWest EastAntrim EastLondonderry Fermanagh and South Tyrone Foyle Lagan Valley Mid Ulster Newry and Armagh North Antrim North Down South Antrim	1,441 2,361 1,537 3,671 1,496 1,795 3,563 861 1,023 2,026 1,559 1,198 1,076 1,627	361 486 498 680 450 626 558 938 305 429 594 560 430 359 535	1,802 2,847 2,035 4,351 1,946 2,505 2,353 4,501 1,166 1,452 2,620 2,119 1,628 1,435 2,162	4.4 4.4 3.0 15.5 6.5 8.1 6.8 10.3 3.2 5.7 7.1 5.6 7.0 3.9 8.3	39 39 26 136 56 69 54 89 27 4.7 58 46 62 34 68	Cumbria West Cumbria East Cumbria Cheshire of Greater Manchester Greater Manchester South Greater Manchester South Greater Manchester North Lancashire Blackourr with Darwen Blackourr with Darwen Blackour with Darwen Blackourr with Darwen Blackourr with Darwen Blac	6,822 4,439 2,383 10,346 4,567 5,779 37,808 21,737 16,071 18,443 2,429 3,212 12,802 34,322 7,749 14,349 5,384 6,840
Newport West Ogmore Pontypridd Presell Pembrokeshire Rhondda Swansea East Swansea West Torfaen Vale of Clwyd Vale of Glamorgan Wrexham Ynys Mon	1,449 1,120 1,038 1,273 1,246 1,631 1,575 1,203 1,115 1,551 917 1,544	376 290 281 368 347 315 373 377 331 371 254 510	1,825 1,410 1,319 1,641 1,593 1,946 1,948 1,580 1,446 1,922 1,171 2,054	4.0 7.7 3.2 8.9 6.7 4.6 5.1 5.5 5.9 3.0 11.5	3.7 6.8 2.8 6.5 8.0 6.1 4.1 4.7 4.9 5.2 2.6 9.4	Strangford Upper Bann West Tyrone	1,226 1,443 2,048	448 428 651	1,674 1,871 2,699	5.9 4.4 9.3	5.1 3.8 7.5	YORKSHARE AND THE HUMBER East Riding and North Lincolnshire Kingston upon Hull, City of East Rider, of Yorkshire North Yorkshire CC South Yorkshire CC South Yorkshire CC South Yorkshire Bamsley Doncaster and Rotherham Sheffield	18,770 8,011 4,122 6,637 6,929 1,799 5,130 24,276 13,548 10,728
SCOTLAND Aberdeen Central	1,106	228	1,334	2.0	1.8							West York shire Bradford Leeds Calderdals, Kirklees and Wakefield	33,814 9,552 11,203 13,059
Aberdeen North Aberdeen South Airdrie and Shotts Angus Argyll and Bute Ayr Banff and Buchan Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross Carrick, Cumnock and Doon Valley Central Fife Clydebank and Milingavie Clydebank and Milingavie Clydebank and Milingavie Cudebradie Coatbridge and Chryston Cumbermauld and Kilsyth Cunninghame North Cunninghame North Cunninghame South Dumbardon	634 731 1,531 1,277 1,301 1,583 802 1,385 1,381 1,951 1,435 1,319 1,264 998 1,706 2,089 1,804	183 232 472 510 473 480 252 381 593 614 321 413 337 217 550 670 526	817 963 2,003 1,787 1,774 2,063 1,054 1,766 2,574 2,565 1,756 1,756 1,756 1,756 1,756 2,256 2,259 2,330	1.8 1.9 7.8 6.8 6.6 4.3 8.9 11.5 8.9 9.1 7.4 8.4 5.6 11.6 10.7 8.3	1.5 1.6 7.1 6.0 7.4 5.9 3.8 7.3 10.3 8.1 8.2 6.7 7.5 5.0 10.4 9.6 7.5							EAST MICE ANDS Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire Derby East Derbyshire South and West Derbyshire Noth Notinghamshire South Notinghamshire Leicester City Leicester City	30,409 4,279 5,089 4,802 6,672 6,549 3,018 16,355 6,047 4,734 5,577 6,87 (6,87(
Dumfries Dundee West Dunder West Dunfermline East Dunfermline West EastKilbride EastLothian Edinburgh Central Edinburgh Central Edinburgh Seat and Musselburgh Edinburgh South Edinburgh South Edinburgh South Edinburgh West Falkirk West Falkirk West	1,437 2,266 1,753 1,355 1,147 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 1,174 926 1,304 934 822 747 1,363 1,400	491 561 429 310 321 366 178 350 236 389 248 236 183 383 383 358 358 248	1,928 2,827 2,182 1,665 1,468 1,540 896 1,086 1,575 1,162 1,693 1,182 1,058 930 1,746 1,758	55 11.2 5.1 7.4 5.1 5.3 7.1 2.0 5.3 2.1 5.1 4.8 2.0 7.3 5.7 8.8	44 98 45 6.7 4.7 3.7 4.7 5.3 1.9 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.8 6.5 5.1 7.1							WEST MIDLANDS Herefordshire, Worcestershire and Warwickshire Herefordshire, County of Worcestershire Warwickshire Shropshire and Statfordshire Telford and Wrekin Shopshire CC Stoke-on-Trant Statfordshire CC West Midlands Birmingham Solhull Coventry Dudleyand Sandwell	10,45 <i>2</i> 1,500 4,897 4,057 1,827 2,457 4,18 36,344 27,10 2,207 4,721 12,06
Galloway and Upper Nithsdale Glasgow Anniesland Glasgow Cathcart Glasgow Cathcart Glasgow Govan Glasgow Kelvin Glasgow Karyhill Glasgow Pollok Glasgow Pollok Glasgow Shettleston Glasgow Shettleston Glasgow Shettleston Glasgow Shettleston Glasgow Cath and Rellebill	1,339 1,573 1,788 1,269 1,847 1,670 2,181 1,740 1,128 2,011 2,233 605 1,257 1,517	425 363 416 299 443 490 535 367 287 424 450 221 312 312 312 312	1,764 1,936 2,204 1,568 2,290 2,160 2,716 2,717 1,415 2,435 2,753 826 1,569 1,968	0.0 11.8 11.0 11.8 5.3 1.3 7.2 13.1 9.4 9.7 13.2 3.5 5.5 5.5 4.6	10.7 9.9 10.6 4.8 1.2 6.5 11.8 8.4 8.7 11.8 3.1 5.0 4.1							Walsal and Wolverhampton EAST East Anglia Peterborough Cambridgeshire CC Norfolk Suffok Betfordshire and Hertfordshire Luton Bedfordshire CC Hertfordshire Esser	21,18 1,75 3,38 9,68 6,36 11,08 2,51 2,94 5,62
Hamilton North and Bellshill Hamilton South Inverness East, Naim and Lochaber Kilmamock and Loudoun Kirkcaldy	1,501 1,501 1,950 1,907	451 319 473 660 525 211	1,508 1,974 2,610 2,432	12.1 4.3 10.7 9.2	10.8 3.6 9.6 8.4 5.4							Southend-on-Sea Thurrock Essex CC LONDON	13,78 2,61 1,52 9,64
Linitrgow Livingston Midlothian Moray Motherwell and Wishaw North East Fife North Tayside Ochil Orkney and Shetland Paiclay/North	1,145 1,257 701 1,099 1,467 808 895 1,244 438 1,380	311 387 216 396 381 319 328 397 170 344	1,450 1,644 917 1,495 1,848 1,127 1,223 1,641 608 1,724	6.0 4.3 5.1 5.3 8.2 5.4 5.1 7.0 3.2 4.8	3.9 4.6 4.7 7.4 4.9 4.5 6.2 2.4 4.3					4	i - autor	Inner London Inner London - Vest Inner London - East Outer London - East and North East Outer London - South Outer London - South Outer London - West and North West	67,76 16,60 51,15 51,45 22,03 10,82 18,57

Source: Benefits Agency administrat Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020

Claimant count rates are calculated by expressing the number of claimants as a percentage of the estimated total workforce (the sum of claimants, employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and governme supported trainees) and as a percentage of the narrow-based estimate (claimants plus employee jobs). All the rates shown are calculated using mid-1999 based denominators.

Male Female

6,428 1,629 1,916 502 2,381 7,590 1,641 4,315 1,634

2,022 1,168 854 3,111 1,384 1,727 10,063 5,424 4,639 5,005 5,900 8,087 3,607 9,275 2,210 3,793 1,327 1,945

5,679 2,128 1,521 2,030 2,450 595 1,855 6,531 3,824 2,707 9,327 2,417 3,029 3,881

9,448 1,202 1,514 1,580 1,764 2,394 994

5,907 1,893 2,016 1,998 **2,488** 2,488

3,793 537 1,822 1,434 5,828 662 860 1,303 3,003 15,873 7,213 7,213 7,213 7,213 7,213 3,598 3,042

7,167 478 1,208 3,318 2,163 **3,752** 762 1,031 1,959 **4,989** 731 532 3,726

22,917 6,185 16,732 **18,286** 7,875 3,777 6,634

All Ratea

32,971 8,782 10,760 2,604 10,825 **39,259** 6,809 23,793 8,657

8,844 5,607 3,237 5,951 7,506 47,871 20,710 20,710 20,710 20,710 20,710 4,020 16,409 4,020 16,409 9,959 18,142 6,711 8,785

24,449 10,139 5,643 8,667 9,379 2,394 6,985 30,807 17,372 13,435 43,141 11,969 14,232 16,940

39,857 5,481 6,603 6,382 8,436 8,943 4,012

22,262 7,940 6,750 7,572 **9,366** 9,366

14,245 2,041 6,719 5,485 2,489 3,311 5,486 11,319 72,213 34,317 2,940 6,013 15,664 13,279

28,353 2,233 4,588 13,004 8,528 14,835 3,276 3,979 7,580 18,772 3,344 2,053 13,375

	Per cent employee jobs and claimants	Percent Workforce jobs and claimants	
			SOUTHEAST
20150000	7.9 7.9 10.1 5.8 7.0 6.9 6.5 6.8 7.7	7.0 7.1 9.3 5.4 6.0 6.2 5.5 6.2 6.9	Berkshire, Buckinghamshire and Oxfordshire Berkshire Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire CC Oxfordshire Surrey, East and West Sussex Brighton and Hove East Sussex CC Surrey Wort Sussex
1777151100890	4.8 6.8 3.1 3.1 4.0 2.6 4.4 4.0 5.0 4.2 4.6 6.7	4.0 5.9 2.6 2.7 3.7 2.3 3.9 3.6 4.3 3.6 4.3 3.6 4.2 5.7	West Sussex Hampshire and the Isle of Wig Portsmouth Southampton Hampshire CC Isle of Wight Kent Medway Towns Kent CC SOUTH WEST
979215	8.7 3.8 8.7 9.5 8.9 7.5 8.6	3.3 7.7 8.4 8.1 6.5 7.5	Gloucester, Wiltshire and North Somerset Bristol, City of North and North East Somerse and South Gloucestershire Gloucestershire Swindon Wiltshire CC
99379457251	6.7 8.3 5.2 6.4 2.7 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.7 5.8 4.6	6.0 7.8 4.4 5.7 2.5 2.5 5.6 5.9 5.3 41	Bournemouth and Poole Dorset and Somerset Cornwall and Isles of Scilly Cornwall and Isles of Scilly Devon Plymouth Torbay Devon CC
0000	6.0 3.8 4.7	5.4 3.5 4.1	WALES West Wales and The Valleys Isle of Anglesey Gwynedd Conwy and Denbighshire
	5.0 1 4.9 3 7.6 2 3.8 6 4.6 3 5.7 2 4.2	4.3 4.4 6.8 3.2 4.3 4.9 3.4	South West Wales Central Valleys Gwent Valleys Bridgend and Neath Port Talb Swansea East Wales Monmouthshire and Newport
545750	2 3.3 0 5.1 0 2.7 2 2.8 6 4.0 6 4.0	2.8 4.8 2.2 2.4 3.3 3.3	Cardiff and Vale of Glamorga Flintshire and Wrexham Powys SCOTLAND North East Scotland
111303181114167	5 28 1 3.1 5 25 5 3.7 9 3.2 1 3.2 6 4.7 3 3.7 3 6.1 7 6.9 3 3 4.3 3 4.3 4 6.1 9 6.3	24 26 27 21 30 25 4.3 31 56 64 64 30 39 56 5.7	Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshin and North East Moray Eastern Scotland Angus and Dundee City Clackmannanshire and Fife East Lothian and Midlothian Scottish Borders, The Edinburgh, City of Falkirk Perth and Kincross and Stirlii West Lothian South Western Scotland East and West Dunbartonshi Helensborugh and Lomond Dumfries and Galloway East Ayrshire and North Ayrsh Glasgow City Inverclyde, East Renfrewshire
508000000000000000000000000000000000000	33 3.0 33 3.0 38 1.8 344 4.1 35 3.0 36 4.0 37 2.2 30 1.7 79 2.9 30 1.7 72 3.3 344 5.5 33 3.9 75 2.9	26 2.6 1.5 3.5 2.5 2.5 2.7 2.4 1.4 2.4 4.4 3.2 2.7 4.4 4.4 2.7 2.4	North Lanarkshire South Ayrshire South Lanarkshire Highlands and the Islands Caithness and Sutherland and Ross and Cromarty Inverness and Naim and Mo Badenoch and Strathspey Lochaber, Skye and Lochals and Argyll and the Islands Eilean Siar (Western Isles) Orkney Islands Shetland Islands
37 37 300	30 4.1 33 1.6 37 82 39 4.3 12 6.6 14 3.5 13 3.5	3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 5.4 2.9 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7	Northern Ireland Belfast Outer Belfast East of Northern Ireland North of Northern Ireland West and South of Northern

90,680 22,793 67,887 **69,739** 29,912 14,614 25,213

UNEMPLOYMENT **Claimant count area statistics**

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NUTS 2 and NUTS 3 areas as at January 11 2001 All Rate^a Male Female Per cent employee jobs and Percent Workforce jobs and claimants mants 11,392 4,677 1,459 2,997 2,957 16,386 4,793 4,614 3,207 3,772 13,584 2,525 2,744 5,897 2,418 16,534 2,917 13,617 3,559 1,418 497 741 903 5,203 1,546 1,356 1,124 1,177 4,149 701 635 1,926 887 5,095 956 4,139 14,951 6,095 1,956 3,040 21,589 6,339 5,970 4,331 4,949 17,733 3,226 3,379 7,823 3,305 21,629 3,873 17,756 **1.5** 1.5 1.7 1.5 1.4 **2.0** 5.6 3.9 0.9 1.6 **2.3** 3.0 3.0 1.6 7.4 **3.7** 4.7 3.5 **1.3** 1.3 1.6 1.2 1.2 **1.7 1.8** 3.2 0.7 1.3 **2.0** 2.6 2.8 1.3 6.6 **3.2** 4.0 3.0 **23,555** 7,344 **17,702** 5,678 **5,853** 1,666 **2.4** 3.3 **2.1** 3.0 3,294 5,255 1,372 2,103 3,103 2,196 3,797 **7,329 7,329 11,307** 3,295 1,811 6,201 4,476 6,973 1,793 2,969 **12,173** 3,991 3,029 5,153 **10,369 15,278** 4,254 2,421 8,603 1.9 2.9 1.7 1.8 **2.7** 3.1 2.3 2.7 **6.0 6.0 3.7** 4.0 5.3 3.3 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.4 **22** 2.7 1.7 2.2 **4.8** 4.8 **3.0** 3.4 4.6 2.6 1,182 1,718 421 866 **3,077** 888 833 1,356 **3,040** 3,040 **3,971** 959 610 2,402 **41,017** 2,054 3,354 3,899 7,450 6,161 7,323 5,632 5,144 **18,821** 4,150 8,627 4,281 1,763 5.7 8.0 6.3 4.8 5.4 5.8 6.5 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 3.6 3.7 3.9 3.5 2.9 **31,637** 1,544 2,491 2,956 5,662 4,814 5,646 4,384 4,140 **14,684** 3,202 6,915 3,273 1,294 9,380 510 863 943 1,788 1,347 1,677 1,248 1,047 948 1,712 1,008 469 6.6 11.4 7.3 5.8 7.0 6.5 7.1 5.9 5.9 4.1 4.2 4.2 3.8 3.9 23 5,122 1,588 6,710 2.6 1,588 8,852 1,669 2,389 465 403 1,617 741 870 698 13,550 6,710 **39,193** 7,424 10,492 2,140 1,654 7,451 3,504 3,428 3,100 **63,542** 2.3 4.3 6.4 6.8 3.9 3.3 2.5 5.9 3.3 4.5 **6.0** 5,122 30,341 5,755 8,103 1,675 1,251 5,834 2,763 2,558 2,402 49,992 2.6 4.9 7.2 7.5 4.8 4.1 2.8 6.4 3.8 5.0 **6.7** 1,148 916 2,149 3,938 5,447 3,692 8,966 20,534 7.0 5.5 10.4 5.4 4,299 2,776 6,817 16,596 8.4 6.7 11.7 5.7 5.1 6.6 6.0 5.2 **5.5** 1,492 1,735 758 1,414 **2,364** 7,314 8,116 3,174 6,299 **9,894** 5.7 7.2 6.8 6.0 **6.7** 5,822 6,381 2,416 4,885 **7,530** 8.0 621 9.4 2,265 2,886 4.6 2,149 563 2,712 5.4 2,785 903 342 266 1,949 729 240 198 836 174 102 68 6.0 7.5 3.2 1.9 7.6 8.8 4.5 2.3 **41,166** 9,671 6,150 7,293 9,473 8,579 **31,830** 7,906 4,733 5,429 7,323 6,439 **9,336** 1,765 1,417 1,864 2,150 2,140 6.2 5.2 5.3 5.2 9.6 6.9 5.3 4.6 4.6 4.4 8.2 5.6

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

C.31 UNEMPLOYMENT Claimant count flows: standardised^a

UNIT	ED KINGDOM	INFLOW				1000		
		NOT SEASONALL	Y ADJUSTED		SEASONALLY ADJUSTE	D		
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Female
Mont	n ending							
2000	Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9	250.3 273.5 248.2	180.3 196.0 179.6	70.0 77.5 68.6	239.9 251.7 249.9	-6.8 11.8 -1.8	171.8 179.3 178.1	68.1 72.4 71.8
	Apr 13 May11 Jun 8	234.8 222.3 221.0	170.5 160.8 158.7	64.3 61.5 62.3	237.6 244.4 236.9	-12.3 6.8 -7.5	171.4 173.4 169.6	66.2 71.0 67.3
	Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	266.0 257.0 238.7	181.5 175.0 167.3	84.5 81.9 71.4	226.6 235.4 235.1	-10.3 8.8 -0.3	164.3 170.3 169.6	62.3 65.1 65.5
	Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec14 R	246.7 241.6 228.4	176.9 175.4 170.1	69.8 66.2 58.3	236.0 233.4 232.5	0.9 -2.6 -0.9	170.2 167.5 165.9	65.8 66.9 65.6
2001	Jan 11 P	243.9	174.6	69.3	232.5	0.0	166.2	66.3

UNITE	D KINGDOM	OUTFLOW			1			
		NOT SEASONALL	Y ADJUSTED		SEASONALLY ADJUSTER	0		
		All	Male	Female	All	Change since previous month	Male	Fernada
Month	ending		and the	and the second the				
2000	Jan 13 Feb 10 Mar 9	167.3 283.7 283.7	118.7 206.1 205.7	48.6 77.5 77.9	233.8 259.0 259.1	-38.1 25.2 0.1	168.6 185.0 185.3	852 74.0 /3.8
	Apr 13 May11 Jun 8	280.1 259.0 254.5	204.4 186.9 186.1	75.7 72.1 68.4	268.4 254.6 254.2	9.3 -13.8 -0.4	192.2 182.9 182.1	762 77 721
	Jul 13 Aug 10 Sep 14	255.9 256.7 278.8	184.8 182.1 192.4	71.1 74.6 86.5	258.2 253.8 244.6	4.0 -4.4 -9.2	184.7 183.2 177.5	735 706 87.1
	Oct 12 Nov 9 Dec 14 R	283.1 251.0 219.0	197.6 178.0 156.7	85.5 73.0 62.3	236.4 239.6 239.2	-8.2 3.2 -0.4	169.9 172.4 172.4	685 672 868
2001	Jan 11 P	172.0	123.3	48.7	242.6	. 3.4	175.9	88.7

UNEMPLOYMENT Destination of leavers from the claimant count by duration Leavers between 14 December 2000 and 10 January 2001

Less than 13 weeks 13 to 26 weeks 26 to 52 weeks 52 to 52
Thousands 432 102 5.8 Foundwork 25 0.9 0.5 Caimed Income Support 1.1 0.8 0.7 Caimed Income Support 1.1 0.8 0.7 Caimed Income Support 2.8 1.4 1.4 Caimed Income Support 0.3 0.1 0.1 Approved Institute 0.7 0.5 0.4 Full-Ime Supported training 2.4 0.7 1.9 Retirement Supported training 2.4 0.7 1.9 Genetoption 0.3 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Detective claim 1.2 0.0 0.0 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Failed tostyth
Incur with with a shown destination 402 102 030 Works on average 16+ hours per week 3.1 0.4 0.2 0.5 Geneal income Support 1.1 0.8 0.7 0.5 Claimed Income Support 2.8 1.4 1.4 0.4 Claimed Income Support 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 Claimed Income Supported training 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.0 Generating reached 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 Detective claim 1.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Works naverage 16+ hours per week 2.1 0.7 0.2 Greatmail 2.5 0.9 0.5 Greatmail 2.5 0.9 0.5 Greatmail 1.1 0.8 0.7 Claimed Income Support 1.1 0.8 0.7 Claimed Income Support 0.3 1.4 1.4 Claimed Income Support 0.3 0.1 0.1 Claimed Income Support 0.3 0.1 0.1 Guernet Income Support 0.3 0.1 0.1 Approved Instructure 0.1 0.0 0.1 Approved Instructure 0.1 0.1 0.1 Approved Instructure 0.3 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Genetoprison 0.2 0.0 0.0 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Genetoprison 0.5 0.1 0.1 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Seased Claiming 0.5
Construction Loc Obs Oct Caimed Incomed Support 1.1 0.8 0.7 Caimed Incomed Support 2.8 1.4 1.4 Claimed Incomed Support 0.3 0.1 0.1 Claimed Incomed ancher benefit 0.3 0.1 0.1 Claimed ancher benefit 0.3 0.1 0.1 Approved taking 2.4 0.7 1.9 Approved taking 0.1 0.1 0.1 Approved taking 0.1 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Control of supported training 1.2 0.0 0.0 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Decessed 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cased claming 0.2 0.5 0.5 Deceased
Claimed Income Support 28 14 14 Claimed Income Support 28 14 14 Claimed Income Support 05 04 Claimed Income Support 03 01 01 Full-time education 03 01 00 Approved training 24 07 19 Retirement supported training 24 07 19 Retirement supported training 04 01 01 Automatic creditits 03 01 01 Automatic creditits 03 01 01 Genetopnison 03 01 01 Attendity south 02 00 00 Detective staim 12 05 05 Decessed 67 1.7 1.5 Failed tos sin 32.0 9.1 5.8 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Claimed inclusion 0.7 0.5 0.4 Claimed ancher benefit 0.3 0.1 0.1 Agreement benefit 0.3 0.1 0.1 Agreement supported training 2.4 0.7 1.9 Agreement supported training 2.4 0.7 1.9 Ratiement supported training 0.1 0.1 0.1 Advanatic credits 0.3 0.0 0.0 Gased claming 0.0 0.0 0.0 Decessed 6.7 1.7 1.5 Reit credits 0.5 0.1 0.1 Net how 32.0 9.1 5.8 New clain review
Claimed and Citel Denemic 03 01 01 Approved takining 02 01 00 Approved takining 02 01 00 Genemic to ported training 24 07 19 Reterment to pereached 0.1 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Construction 0.0 0.0 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Construction 0.0 0.0 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Construction 0.0 0.0 0.0 Declective claim 1.2 0.5 0.5 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Pailed to sun 32.0 9.1 5.8 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Full-time economic 0.2 0.1 0.0 Approved furning 2.4 0.7 1.9 Government: supported training 2.4 0.7 1.9 Automatic credits 0.1 0.0 0.1 Automatic credits 0.1 0.0 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Gased claming 0.0 0.0 0.0 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Seased classifi 0.5 0.1 0.1 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Approved training 24 0.7 1.9 Operations and preventing 0.1 0.1 0.1 Patterment age reached 0.1 0.0 0.1 Automatic conditis 0.3 0.1 0.1 Approved taming 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cased cheming 0.0 0.0 0.0 Deceased 0.0 0.0 0.0 Net now 6.7 1.7 1.5 Paled to sum 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Government resurption 0.1 0.1 0.1 Automatic credits 0.1 0.0 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Constornison 0.3 0.1 0.1 Attendity sourt 0.0 0.0 0.0 Detective claim 1.2 0.5 0.5 Decessed 6.7 1.7 1.5 Paledito suft 0.5 0.1 0.1 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Reference of this 0.1 0.0 0.1 Automatic credits 0.3 0.1 0.1 Gene topison 0.3 0.1 0.1 Attending court 0.0 0.0 0.0 Detective claim 1.2 0.0 0.0 Detective claim 1.2 0.5 0.5 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Nationavie 6.7 1.7 1.5 Failed to sin 32.0 9.1 5.8 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Automatic volume 0.3 0.1 0.1 Automatic volume 0.0 0.0 0.0 Attending ocurt 1.2 0.5 0.5 Decessed 0.0 0.0 0.0 Decessed 6.7 1.7 1.5 National service 0.5 0.1 0.1 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1
Content of the second
Alle Not of Line 12 0.0 0.0 Ceased cloming 0.2 0.5 0.5 Deceased 0.0 0.0 0.0 Deceased 0.7 1.7 1.5 Pailed to stin 32.0 9.1 5.8 New claim Seriew 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
December 12 0.5 0.5 Qesed claming 0.0 0.0 0.0 Decessed 6.7 1.7 1.5 Naknowi 32.0 9.1 5.8 Pailed to sum 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Operation 0.0 0.0 0.0 Deceased 6.7 1.7 1.5 Natknowi 32.0 9.1 5.8 Field to suit 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
6.7 1.7 1.5 Naknowin 32.0 9.1 5.8 Paled to sin in we claim sview 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
State State 9.1 5.8 New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
New claim review 0.5 0.1 0.1 Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
Total 98.4 26.7 19.2
to per solidge of those with a known destination
72.4 64.2 48.7
Found works were rage 16+ hours per week 5.2 2.5 1.7
4.2 5.7 4.2
Guined Come Support 1.8 5.0 5.9
Claimed apacity Benefit 4.7 8.8 11.8
Camed other benefit 1.2 3.1 3.4
Full-time of ucation 0.5 0.6 0.8
Approved stilling 0.3 0.6 0.0
Government-supported training 4.0 4.4 16.0
Retirement age reached 0.2 0.6 0.8
Automatic credits 0.2 0.0 0.8
Gone to prison 0.0 0.0 0.0
Attending cutr 0.0 0.0 0.0
Defective aum 20 31 42
Ceased coming 00 00 00
Decease: 0.8 0.6 0.8
New Claim Strick 0.0 0.0
Total 100.0 100.0 100.0

uterised claims only.

Source: Benefits Agency administra Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020

a Flow figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; the figures in the table are converted to a standard 41/3-week month.

The latest national seasonally adjusted claimant count figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month. Revised

Please note

Tables C.32 and C.33, which are published every three months, based on data from the claimant count cohort, a 5 per cent sample of all computerised claims, are temporarily unavailable. Some problems in producing these data have been identified, which may have been affecting these data since January 2000. The effect on the data may be small but is not yet known and is being investigated. The problem only affects the 5 per cent sample data and not the main claimant count statistics. It may take a few weeks to resolve this, but publication of all the data will be resumed as soon as possible and any necessary corrections of previous data will be made available.



04 weeks	More than 104 weeks	Total
		60.4
21	1.1	27
0.1	0.0	3.7
0.2	0.1	42
0.0	0.5	71
0.0	0.7	20
0.2	0.0	05
0.0	0.0	04
0.0	0.5	63
0.0	0.0	0.3
0.0	00	0.2
0.0	0.0	0.6
0.0	0.0	0.1
0.0	0.0	1.3
0.1	0.1	23
0.0	0.0	0.1
1.0	1.0	12.1
1.9	0.9	49.7
0.0	0.0	0.8
7.5	5.0	157.4
45.7	35.5	
2.2	0.0	
4.3	3.2	
6.5	9.7	
17.4	22.6	
4.3	6.5	
0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	
17.4	16.1	
0.0	3.2	
0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	
22	3.2	
0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	
100.0	100.0	

Source: Benefits Agency administrative system Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

C.51 UNEMPLOYMENT Selected countries

-		EU average	Major 7	United	Australiad	Austriad	Belgium ^f	Canadad	Denmark	Finland ^d	Francee	Germanyd	-	Greece	Republic ^{d,e,f}	licity		bourg	lands ^f
			nations (G7						cola becontracio	-		_ (<u>FR)</u>	STANDARDISED ILO	RATE: SEA	SONALLY AD	JUSTEDa			
1992 1993 1994 1995	DARDISED ILO R	9.2 10.7 11.1 10.7	6.8 7.3 7.1 6.8	10.2 10.3 9.4 8.6	10.8 10.9 9.7 8.5	4.0 3.8 3.9	7.2 8.8 10.0 9.9	11.2 11.2 10.4 9.5	9.2 10.2 8.2 7.2	11.7 16.3 16.6 15.4	10.4 11.7 12.3 11.7	6.6 7.9 8.5 8.2	1992 1993 1994 1995	7.9 8.6 8.9 9.2 9.6	15.4 15.6 14.3 12.3 11.7	8.8 10.3 11.2 11.6 11.7	2.2 2.5 2.9 3.1 3.4	2.1 2.6 3.2 2.9 3.0	5.6 6.5 7.1 6.9 6.3
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000		10.8 10.6 9.9 9.2 8.4	6.8 6.6 6.4 6.2 5.8	8.0 6.8 6.3 5.9	8.5 8.5 8.0 7.2 6.6	4.3 4.4 4.5 3.8 3.4	9.7 9.4 9.5 9.1 8.5	9.7 9.1 8.3 7.6 6.8	6.8 5.6 5.2 5.2 4.9	14.6 12.7 11.4 10.2 9.8	12.4 12.3 11.8 11.2 9.5	8.9 9.9 9.4 8.8 8.3	1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	9.8 10.9 11.7	9.9 7.6 5.7 4.5	11.7 11.8 11.3 10.5	3.4 4.1 4.7 4.7	2.7 2.7 2.3	5.2 4.0 3.3
1999	Dec	8.9	6.0	5.9	7.0	3.6	8.8	6.8	4.9	10.1	10.5	8.6	1999 Dec		5.0	11.2	4.7	22	2.7
2000	Jan Feb Mar	8.8 8.8 8.6	5.9 6.0 5.9	5.8 5.8 5.7	6.9 6.7 6.9	3.6 3.6 3.5	8.7 8.7 8.5	6.8 6.8 6.8	5.0 4.9 4.8	10.1 10.2 10.1	10.3 10.2 10.0	8.5 8.4 8.4	2000 Jan Feb Mar		5.0 4.9	11.0 10.8	4.8 4.9 4.8	2.2 2.2 2.2	2.9 2.9 3.0
	Apr May Jun	8.5 8.4 8.3	5.8 5.8 5.7	5.6 5.5 5.3	6.8 6.7 6.6	3.4 3.3 3.3	8.5 8.5 8.4	6.8 6.6 6.6	4.7 4.8 4.9	10.0 9.9 9.7	9.8 9.6 9.4	8.4 8.4 8.3	Apr May Jun		4.7 4.5 4.5	10.6 10.6 10.5	4.7 4.7 4.6	2.2 2.2 2.2	2.7 2.6 2.5
	Jul Aug Sep	8.3 8.3 8.2	5.7 5.8 5.7	5.3 5.4 5.5	6.3 6.4 6.3	3.2 3.2 3.2	8.5 8.6 8.6	6.8 7.1 6.8	4.9 4.8 5.0	9.6 9.6 9.5	9.4 9.4 9.3	8.3 8.3 8.3	Jul Aug Sep	 	4.4 4.3	10.3 10.2	4.6 4.7	2.1 2.1 2.1	2.6 2.7 2.8
	Oct Nov Dec	8.1 8.1 8.1	5.6 5.7 5.7	5.3 5.3	6.3 6.6 6.6	3.2 3.2 3.3	8.5 8.4 8.3	6.9 6.9 6.8	5.0 5.0 4.9	9.5 9.4 9.3	9.1 8.9 8.8	8.2 8.2 8.1	Oct Nov Dec		4.1 4.1 4.1	 	4.7 4.9		2.7
отн	ER COMPLEMENT	TARY MEASU	RES OF UNE	MPLOYMEN	T: SEASONAL	LY ADJUSTE	Dc						OTHER COMPLEMENT		172	2 623	3 170	50	
2000	Jan Feb Mar		 	1,161 1,157 1,141	655 644 662	216 211 200	490 484 473	1,076 1,082 1,085	149 148 148	261 261 259	2,552 2,499 2,443		2000 Jar Feb Mar	 	170 165		3,290 3,320	5.0 5.1	
	Apr May Jun	···	 	1,118 1,110 1,093	657 652 643	192 192 188	475 471 471	1,082 1,065 1,049	146 148 150	257 253 251	2,408 2,355 2,329		Ap: May Jun	··· ···	165 160 157	2,501	3,080 3,160	4.5 5.1 5.1	
	Jul Aug Sen			1,069 1,052 1,044	610 624 614	184 187 182	477 485 474	1,087 1,141 1,101	149 150 152	249 248 248	2,338 2,329 2,270	:	Jui Aug Sep	 	153 151 145	2,474	3,140 3,070 3,180	5.0 5.1 4.9	
	Oct Nov			1,048 1,044 1,030	615 637 643	185 187 189	477 463 454	1,113 1,110 1,103	154 153 150	247 245 243	2,216 2,176 2,164		Oct Nov Det	 	144 144 139	2,381	3,170 3,250 3,300	4.8 4.8 4.8	
2001	lan			1,005									2001 Jan		••				
Rate	(%): latest month			3.5	6.6	5.6	10.7	6.8	5.4	9.3	9.2	9.3	Rate (%): latest month	1	3.6		4.8	SEASONALL	V AD UISTED
отн	ER COMPLEMEN	TARY MEASU	RES OF UNI	EMPLOYMEN	T: NOT SEAS	ONALLY ADJ	USTED						OTHER COMPLEME	105	283	2 535	1 421	27	337
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998		··· ··· ·· ·· ··	 	2,779 2,919 2,639 2,326 2,122 1,602 1,362 1,263	925 939 856 765 779 787 747 685	193 222 215 216 231 233 238 222	473 550 589 597 588 570 541 508	1,602 1,647 1,515 1,393 1,437 1,379 1,277 1,190	315 345 340 285 242 217 180 155	293 405 409 382 363 315 285 261	2,776 2,999 3,094 2,985 3,063 3,102 2,977 2,772	2,994 3,443 3,693 3,622 3,980 4,400 4,266 4,093 2,070	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	185 180 184 185 214 290	203 294 282 278 279 254 227 193 155	2,333 2,299 2,508 2,638 2,679 2,688 2,744 2,670 2,495	1,656 1,920 2,098 2,250 2,303 2,787 3,171 3,198	3.5 4.6 5.1 5.7 6.4 5.5 5.4 5.0	417 485 462 441 375 286 222
2000 2000	Jan Feb	 		1,102 1,236 1,227	638 696 719	194 279 265	474 493 481	1,090 1,139 1,136	147 174 159	253 265 284 282	2,338 2,683 2,594 2,451	4,293 4,277 4,141	2000 Jan Feb Mar	 	176 172 164	2,647 	3,090 3,270 3,490	5.6 5.5 5.2	201 215 201
	Mar Apr May	··· ···	··· ··· ··	1,194 1,142 1,108	700 659 643	221 194 174	462 457 442	1,141 1,124 1,091	146 138 135	283 322 280	2,345 2,242 2,189	3.986 3.788 3.724	Apr May Jun		162 153 157	2,545 	3,460 3,280 3,210	4.9 4.8 4.6	195 173 171
	Jun Jul Aug	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••	1,077 1,089 1,089	609 577 601	156 152 156	439 488 521	1,150 1,180	149 153	210 219 234	2,230 2,326 2,296	3,304 3,781 3,685	Jul Aug Sep	 	160 159 145	2,404	3,070 3,100 3,200	4.7 4.6 4.9	169 176 181
	Sep Oct Nov	 	··· ··	1,043 1,009 1,001	632 585 601	154 171 193	485 464	1,011 1,020 1,040	141 138 139	225 224 210	2,267 2,226 2,209	3,611 3,645 3,809	Oct Nov Dec	 	139 137 142	2,383 	3,140 3,090 2,980	4.9 5.0 5.0	190 186
	Dec			1,011	638	217	460	1,015	139	210	2,200		2001 Jan		142				
2001 Rate	Jan (%): latest month	 		1,078 3.7	6.5	258	10.7	6.3	5.0	8.3		9.3	Rate (%): latest mont	h		10.0	4.4		2.6

ILO unemployment as a percentage of the labour force. The standardised ILO rates shown are sourced from ONS (for the UK) and the OECD (for all other countries) and are the most suitable rates in international comparisons. The rates for all countries apart from Switzerland are based on Labour Force Survey data. For Switzerland, the rates are based on registered unemployment. The ILO unemployment rate for the UK is an average for 3 months centred on the middle month. Levels of other complementary measures of unemployment re: claimant count for UK; registered unemployed for Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Luxenbourg, N Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland; LFS for Australia, Canada, Finland, Italy, Japan and the USA; and a combination of LFS and registered unemployed for the Netherlands. The rate of other complementary measures of unemployment excludes: the armed forces for Australia, Canada, Germany and the USA; conscripts for Finland, Italy; those aged 65 and overin Irela the self employed for Austral. The rate of other complementary measures of unemployment for France and Ireland is derived from the LFS and from registered unemployed. The seasonally adjusted rate of other complementary measures of unemployment refers to November for the Netherlands and January for Germany and Ireland. For Belgium, both the unadjusted and se adjusted rates refer to November. a

C

d

e f

UNEMPLOYMENT C.51 Selected countries

Luxem-bourg

Japan

Nether-lands^f

Norway

5.9 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.9 4.1 3.3 3.2

3.7

3.2

3.5

64 64 62

62 64 59

62 60 61

64 65 64

69 66 63

61 60 61

68 68 59

58 58 61

Po

1.5	The states	No. of Street	Thousands	s and per cent
rtugal	Spain	Sweden	Switzer- land	United States ^d
4.3 5.7 6.9 7.3 7.3 6.8 5.2 4.5 4.2	18.4 22.7 24.1 22.9 22.2 20.8 18.8 15.9 14.2	5.6 9.1 9.4 8.8 9.6 9.9 8.3 7.2 5.9	2.9 3.8 3.6 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.5 3.0	7.4 6.8 6.1 5.6 5.4 4.9 4.5 4.2 4.0
4.2	15.1	6.8	2.9	4.0
4.3 4.3 4.2	15.0 15.0 14.8	6.5 6.6 6.4	 2.7	4.0 4.0 4.0
4.1 4.1 4.1	14.5 14.4 14.0	6.1 6.0 6.0	 2.6	4.0 4.1 4.0
4.2 4.2 4.2	13.8 14.0 13.8	5.6 5.9 5.5	···	4.0 4.1 3.9
4.2 4.2 4.3	13.7 13.6 13.7	5.5 5.6 5.1	 	3.9 4.0 4.0
 	1,608 1,591 1,575	211 210 207	84 81 77	5,669 5,740 5,692
 	1,562 1,553 1,537	201 184 184	74 72 70	5,597 5,730 5,574
 	1,556 1,553 1,543	186 163 162	70 68 67	5,648 5,785 5,537
· · · · ·	1,539 1,535 1,536	150 138 142	67 66 66	5,536 5,658 5,653
	1,558			5,956
		3.9	1.8	4.2
317 347 396 430 468 443 401 357 327	2,260 2,538 2,647 2,449 2,275 2,119 1,890 1,652 1,558	215 325 332 329 344 344 222 208 178	92 163 171 153 169 188 140 99 72	9,613 8,940 7,997 7,404 6,739 6,210 5,880 5,655
350 347 340	1,671 1,660 1,629	220 203 186	93 89 82	6,264 6,231 6,007
332 323 315	1,579 1,531 1,500	173 166 212	76 70 66	5,188 5,435 5,940
315 313 317	1,489 1,488 1,501	235 186 150	65 64 62	6,004 5,824 5,324
324 328 326	1,530 1,557 1,556	132 122 154	63 66 70	5,122 5,295 5,227
	1,621			6,587
		3.7	1.9	4.7

Enquiries: 02075336119

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY Economic activity by age

16-59/64

2

YBSK

27,855 27,762 27,773 27,807 28,018 28,182 28,263 28,532

28,653 28,655 28,641

28,683 28,707 28,739

28,712 28,701 28,716

28,751 28,764 28,701

28,722

-29 -0.1

69 0,2

YBSL

15,949 15,831 15,803 15,793 15,859 15,905 15,903 16,031

16,085 16,102 16,071

16,090 16,115 16,127

16,097 16,062 16,062

16,082 16,104 16,084

16,112

30 0.2

27 0.2

YBSM

11,906 11,931 11,970 12,013 12,159 12,277 12,359 12,501

12,568 12,554 12,570

12,593 12,591 12,612

12,615 12,639 12,654

12,669 12,660 12,617

12,610

-**59** -0.5

42 0.3

16-17

3

YBZL

840 842 837

847 859 852

842 820 828

824 829 823

818

-**6** -0.7

-22

430 433 423

432 439 433

421 412 420

423 424 422

418

-5 -1.2

-12 -2.8

YBZN

410 409 414

415 420 419

421 408 408

401 405 401

400

-1 -0.3

-10

YBZM

18-24

4

YBZO

4,599 4,425 4,173 4,009 3,915 3,793 3,713 3,710

3,749 3,755 3,754

3,753 3,750 3,757

3,727 3,713 3,720

3,736 3,742 3,730

3,722

-14

-28 -0.7

YBZP

2,515 2,431 2,301 2,207 2,145 2,082 2,023 2,016

2,041 2,047 2,040

2,038 2,046 2,044

2,028 2,008 2,018

2,018 2,015 2,010

2,022

4 0.2

-20 -1.0

YBZQ

2,083 1,994 1,872 1,802 1,770 1,711 1,690 1,694

1,708 1,709 1,714

1,715 1,705 1,713

1,699 1,705 1,702

1,718 1,727 1,720

1.700

-18

-**8** -0.5

25-34

5

YB7R

7,504 7,614 7,702 7,743 7,752 7,783 7,708 7,592

7,508 7,493 7,461

7,445 7,422 7,414

7,382 7,367 7,340

7,327 7,314 7,292

7,290

-37 -0.5

-219 -2.9

YBZS

4,368 4,395 4,446 4,455 4,432 4,428 4,385 4,282

4,239 4,225 4,210

4,204 4,194 4,185

4,162 4,147 4,126

4,122 4,121 4,119

4,113

-9 -0.2

-126 -3.0

YBZT

3,136 3,219 3,256 3,288 3,320 3,356 3,323 3,310

3,269 3,268 3,250

3,242 3,228 3,229

3,220 3,220 3,213

3,205 3,193 3,173

3,177

-28 -0.9

-92 -2.8

All aged over 16

MGSF

28,699 28,565 28,578 28,618 28,618 28,806 29,004 29,052 29,361

29,502 29,505 29,498

29,538 29,557 29,577

29,552 29,547 29,557

29,584 29,601 29,542

29.558

-27

56 0.2

MGSG

16,265 16,099 16,078 16,090 16,136 16,184 16,185 16,325

16,386 16,397 16,363

16,386 16,413 16,418

16,381 16,350 16,343

16,361 16,391 16,371

16,394

34 0.2

8 0.0

MGSH

12,434 12,466 12,500 12,528 12,670 12,819 12,867 13,036

13,115 13,108 13,135

13,151 13,144 13,159

13,171 13,197 13,214

13,224 13,210 13,172

13,163

-**60** -0.5

48 0.4

1

UNITED KINGDOM

Economic activity

3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)

Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)

Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)

Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)

Changes Over last 3 months Percent

Over last 12 months Percent

Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)

Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)

Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)

Changes Over last 3 months Percent

Over last 12 months Percent

3-month average Oct-Dec 1999

Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)

Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)

Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)

Changes Over last 3 months

Over last 12 months Percent

Oct-Dec

Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)

Oct-Dec

3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)

Oct-Dec

All

-		Allaged over16	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34
UNITE	omic activity rates (%) ^a	1	2	3	4	5
All		MGWG	MGSO	YCAG	YCAJ	YCAM
7	Spring quarters (Mar-May)	63.3	70.2	59.5	78.3	82.6
	1992	62.9	78.8	53.8	77.9	82.9 83.0
	1994	62.8 62.7	78.6 78.4	56.2 55.9	76.2 75.9	83.1
	1996	62.8 63.0	78.6 78.6	58.1 59.5	76.7	83.0 83.7
	1998	62.8 63.2	78.5 78.9	58.9 58.9	75.7 75.6	83.9 84.5
	1999					
	Oct-Dec 1999	63.4 63.4	79.0 79.0	58.3 58.4	76.1 76.2	84.9 84.9
	Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	63.4	78.9	58.1	76.2	84.7
	an-Mar 2000	63.4	79.0	58.8	76.1	84.8
	Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	63.5 63.5	79.1	59.0	76.1	84.8
	torslun	63.4	79.0	58.5	75.5	84.7
	May-Jul	63.4 63.4	79.0 79.0	56.9 57.5	75.2 75.3	84.7 84.6
	In Con	63.4	79.0	57.1	75.5	84.4
	Aug-Oct	63.4 63.3	79.0 78.8	57.4	75.5 75.2	84.5 84.4
	ap-Nov (Aut)	62.0	70.0	56.5	75.0	84.5
	Oct-Dec	03.3	78.8	30.5	73.0	04.5
	Changes Over last 3 months	-0.1	-0.2	-0.7	-0.5	0.1
	over last 12 months	-0.2	-0.2	-1.9	-1.2	-0.3
Malo		MGWH	MGSP	YCAH	YCAK	YCAN
NUIC	Spring quarters					
	992 002	74.2 73.2	86.8 86.0	60.7 53.6	83.9 83.8	95.0 94.5
	995	72.9	85.6	56.4 56.2	82.2 81.8	94.6 94.2
	1996 1996	72.4	85.1	59.5	82.6	93.4
	1997 1998	71.8	84.9 84.4	58.2 58.2	80.8	93.7
	1999	72.1	84.6	59.3	80.5	93.5
	month averages Oct-Dec 1999	72.1	84.7	58.3	81.3	94.0
	Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dac 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	72.2 72.0	84.8 84.6	58.7 57.3	81.5 81.2	93.9 93.8
	'an-Mar 2000	72.1	84.7	58.6	81.1	93.9
	eb-Apr	722	84.8 84.8	59.5 58.7	81.4 81.3	93.9 93.9
	ai-way (opi)	70.0	94.6	57.1	80.6	93.7
	May-Jul	71.8	84.4	55.9	79.8	93.5
	in-Aug (Sum)	71.7	04.4	57.0	00.1	02.0
	-Sep Aug-Oct	71.7	84.3 84.4	57.3	79.8	93.3
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	71.7	84.3	56.9	/9.5	93.5
	Oct-Dec	71.7	84.4	56.4	79.9	93.5
	Changes Over last 3 months	0.0	0.0	-0.9	-0.1	0.4
	Overlast 12 months	-0.4	-0.3	-1.9	-1.4	-0.5
Fema	ale	MGWI	MGSQ	YCAI	YCAL	YCAO
	Spring quarters (Mar-May)					
	1992	53.2	70.9	58.2	72.4 71.7	69.9 71.0
	1994	53.3	70.9	55.9	69.9 69.8	71.2 71.6
	1996	53.3	71.4	56.5	71.2	72.3
	1997 1998	54.3 54.3	71.8 72.0	60.9 59.6	70.7 70.4	73.5 73.8
	1999	54.8	72.5	58.4	70.4	. /5.1
	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999	55.1	72.8	58.3	70.8	75.4
	Nov 99-Jan 2000	55.1 55.2	72.7 72.8	58.2 58.8	70.7 70.9	75.5 75.3
	lan Mor 2000	55.2	72.0	50.1	70.9	75.3
	Feb-Apr	55.2	72.8	59.7	70.5	75.1
	Mar-May (Spr)	55.2	72.9	0.90	70.0	75.5
	Apr-Jun May-Jul	55.3 55.4	72.9 73.1	59.9 58.0	70.2 70.4	75.3 75.5
	Jun-Aug (Sum)	55.4	73.1	58.0	70.2	75.5
	Jul-Sep Aug-Oct	55.4 55.4	73.1 73.0	57.0 57.5	70.8 71.1	75.4 75.3
	Sep-Nov (Aut)	55.2	72.7	56.8	70.8	74.9
	Oct-Dec	55.1	72.7	56.6	69.9	75.2
	Changes					
	Over last 3 months	-0.3	-0.5	-0.4	-0.9	-0.2
	Overlast 12 months	0.0	-0.1	-1.8	-0.9	-0.2

Thousands, seasonally adjust

65+ (M) 60+ (F)

8

YCAD

849 850 858

855 850 838

841 845 841

833 837 842

836

2 0.3

-13

YCAE

301 295 292

296 297 291

284 287 281

279 286 287

282

3 12

-19 -6.4

YCAF

548 554 565

558 553 547

556 558 560

555 550 555

553

-**1** -0.2

6 1.1

50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)

7

YBZX

5,054 5,059 5,144 5,184 5,261 5,471 5,667 5,855

5,930 5,948 5,937

5,955 5,964 5,995

6,022 6,044 6,047

6,053 6,066 6,059

6.074

21 0.3 144 2.4

YBZY

3,200 3,170 3,187 3,186 3,238 3,352 3,438 3,352

3,573 3,585 3,570

3,578 3,586 3,602

3,617 3,623 3,625

3,631 3,641 3,636

3,651

20 0.6

78 22

YBZZ

1,854 1,889 1,957 1,998 2,023 2,119 2,229 2,307

2,356 2,363 2,367

2,377 2,378 2,393

2,406 2,421 2,423

2,422 2,425 2,424

2,423

1

66 2.8

35-49

6

YBZU

9,877 9,952 10,025 10,119 10,264 10,267 10,319 10,525

10,625 10,617 10,653

10,681 10,710 10,721

10,738 10,757 10,781

10,811 10,812 10,797

10.819

8 0.1

194 1.8

YBZV

5,436 5,471 5,493 5,559 5,609 5,608 5,624 5,624 5,748

5,801 5,812 5,829

5,838 5,850 5,863

5,869 5,873 5,873

5,888 5,903 5,897

5,908

21 0.4

108 1.9

YBZW

4,441 4,481 4,532 4,561 4,655 4,655 4,695 4,778

4,825 4,805 4,824

4,843 4,860 4,858

4,869 4,885 4,908

4,924 4,909 4,900

4,911

-13

86 1.8

Note: Relationship hetween collimits: 1=2+0, 2=3+4+3+0+	Noto:	Relationshin	between columns	1=2+8	: 2=3+4+5+6+
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ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY Economic activity rates by age cent, seasonally adjusted

35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M 60+ (F
6	7	8
CAP	MGWP	MGWS
85.8	69.0 68.4	8.3 79
85.1	68.5	7.9
84.8	68.1	7.7
84.5 84.3	68.5 68.7	8.1 7.7
84.9	69.3	8.1
85.0 84.8 85.0	69.4 69.5 69.3	8.3 8.3 8.4
05.4	09.5	
85.2 85.1	69.4 69.7	8.3 8.2
85.2	69.9	8.2
85.2 85.3	70.0 70.0	8.2 8.2
85.3 85.2	69.9 70.0	8.1 8.1
85.0	69.8	8.2
85.0	69.9	8.1
-0.3	-0.1	0.0
0.1	0.4	-0.1
YCAQ	MGWQ	MGWT
94.5 93.9	74.0 72.8	8.9 7.5
93.3 93.1	72.3 71.5	7.7
92.5	71.8	7.6
92.0 91.5	71.9	7.6
92.2	72.6	7.9
92.2 92.2	72.4 72.5	8.1 7.9
92.3	72.1	7.8
92.3 92.4	72.1 72.2	7.9 8.0
92.5	72.5	7.8
92.4 92.3	72.6 72.7	7.6 7.7
92.2	72.6	7.5
92.2 92.3 92.1	72.6 72.8 72.6	7.4 7.6 7.7
92.1	72.8	7.5
-0.1	0.1	0.1
0.0	0.4	-0.6
YCAR	MGWR	MGWU
77.2	61.8	8.0
76.9 76.9	62.2 63.1	8.1 8.1
76.6 77.1	63.2 62.9	7.9 7.8
76.9	63.3 64.3	8.3 7.8
77.6	64.9	8.2
77.7 77.3	65.4 65.5	8.4 8.5
77.5	65.5	8.6
77.7 77.9	65.7 65.6	8.5 8.5
77.7	65.9	8.4
77.8 78.0 78.2	66.1 66.4 66.4	8.5 8.5 8.6
78.3	66.2	8.5
78.0 77.7	66.2 66.0	8.4 8.5
77.8	65.9	8.5
-0.5	-0.3	0.0
0.1	0.5	0.1

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY **Economic inactivity**

	Total aged 16 and over	Total	Does not want job	Wants a job	1	Vants job but	not seeking	in last 4 wee	eks				Wants job a not available	nd seeking we	ork but
		Sand.			Total	Available to s in next 2 wee	start work eks	1307	Reasons fo	or not seek	ing				
						Available	Not available	Dis- couraged workers	Long- term sick	Looking after family /home	Students	Other	All	Students	Other
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		12	13	14	15
All Spring quarte	MGSI	YBSN	YBVZ	YBWC	YCFF	YCFI	YCFL	YCFO	YCFR	YCFU	YCFX	YCGA	YCGD	YCGG	YCGJ
1993 1994 1905	16,836 16,909	7,481 7,564 7,676	5,335 5,299	2,146 2,264 2,280	1,870 2,036 2,041	873 924 925	997 1,112 1,116	150 138 109	414 503 524	748 792 772	211 230 240	346 373 396	275 229 239	117 100 120	159 128
1995 1996 1997	17,030	7,645	5,328 5,268	2,317 2,395	2,132 2,188	896 783	1,236	104 89 70	579 692 755	776 746 746	262 268 248	411 393 365	184 207 218	86 92 82	99 115
1998 1999	17,201 17,070	7,645	5,359	2,404 2,326	2,185 2,115	689	1,451	68	756	681	240	369	210	88	126
3-month avera Oct-Dec 1999 Nov99-Jan2000 Dec99-Feb2000 (Win)	17,018 17,027 17,046	7,603 7,612 7,638	5,327 5,339 5,342	2,276 2,273 2,296	2,069 2,079 2,100	676 670 656	1,394 1,410 1,444	66 67 68	725 727 732	658 659 651	220 223 235	400 404 414	207 194 195	94 88 88	113 106 108
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr	17,019 17,011 17,004	7,607 7,594 7,573	5,311 5,291 5,262	2,296 2,303 2,312	2,105 2,117 2,125	658 670 670	1,448 1,447 1,455	64 64 64	738 756 768	656 656 655	236 233 239	411 407 399	191 187 186	81 77 75	
Apr-Jun May-Jul	17,041 17,058	7,611 7,633	5,295 5,315	2,316 2,318	2,124 2,120	673 661	1,451 1,459	68 64	760 754	644 644	248 262	403 396	192 198	78 87	
Jun-Aug (Sum) Jul-Sep	17,060 17,081	7,629	5,325 5,348	2,305	2,109	662 662	1,449	54	737	635 637	256 246	402	209	86 70	
Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,085 17,164	7,648 7,732	5,379 5,467	2,269 2,265	2,069 2,060	656	1,414	50 48	735 757	628	233	394	206	79 77 81	127
Oct-Dec Changes	17,169	7,730	5,464	2,266	2,056	632	1,424	46	/52	627	239	392	210	01	11.3
Overlast3mont Per cent	ths 88 0.5	89 1.2	116 2.2	-27 -1.2	-28 -1.4	-29 -4.4	0.1	- 16 .0	15 2.1	-1.3	-17 -6.7	-2.3	0.7	-5.9	
Overlast12mon Percent	ths 151 0.9	126 1.7	136 2.6	-10 -0.4	- 13 -0.6	-43 -6.4	30 2.2	-20 -30.9	27 3.7	-31 -4.7	18 8.3	-7	1.5	-13 -13.9	
Male Spring quarte	MGSJ	YBSO	YBWA	YBWD	YCFG	YCFJ	YCFM	YCFP	YCFS	YCFV	YCFY	YCGB	YCGE	YCGH	YCER
(Mar-May) 1993 1994	5,886 5,971	2,583 2,657	1,807 1,809	777 847	654 736 727	307 325	348 411 416	89 83 64	259 324 327	44 49 51	112 121 129	150 158 166	122 112 110	58 57 58	
1995 1996 1997	6,065 6,147 6,228	2,782 2,839	1,882 1,898	900 941	815 845	340 272	475 573	60 51	362 419	69 70	141 137 129	183 168 158	86 96 107	41 53 54	
1998 1999	6,362 6,332	2,948 2,912	1,961 1,968	987 944	880 854	277	582	44 40	474 464	72	123	157	90	43	
3-month aver Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 200 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	ages 6,328 0 6,325 0 6,367	2,904 2,893 2,930	1,970 1,972 1,996	933 921 934	836 830 846	268 264 263	568 566 583	42 43 44	440 439 441	68 68 66	106 110 118	180 171 177	97 92 88	53 49 48	4 3 0
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr	6,352 6,333 6,337	2,918 2,898 2,894	1,984 1,960 1,955	933 939 939	851 857 860	263 267 263	588 591 597	43 41 36	448 459 465	61 64 64	116 111 114	182 183 181	83 81 78	43 41 40	
Apr-Jun May-Jul	6,381 6,420	2,929 2,970	1,978 2,005	952 965	871 882	265 262 260	606 620	37 36	461 458 462	68 68 68	123 137 136	185 185 187	80 84 83	40 42 40	
Jul-Sep	6,450 6,433	2,986 2,974	2,003 2,019 2.025	967 948	870 858	268 265	602 593	33 34	455 450	63 67	133 129	185 178	97 90	44 41	
Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,466	3,006	2,054	952 944	858	266 257	592 597	32 27	465 463	63 65	120 124	179 174	93 91	42 43	
Changes	the 5	2,000	2,010	-23	-17	-12	-5	-6	8	1	-9	-11	-6	-1	13
Percent	0.1	0.1	1.2	-2.3	-1.9	-4.3	-0.8	-17.6	1.8 23	2.0 -3	-7.1 18	-5.8 -6	-6.2 -6	-2.1 -10	
Percent	2.0	2.9	3.7	1.2 VRWE	2.1 VCEH	-4.2	5.0 VCEN	-35.0 VCEQ	5.2 YCFT	-4.6 YCFW	16.8 YCFZ	-3.2 YCGC	-6.5 YCGF	-19.1 YCGI	YCGL
Spring quarte (Mar-May)	ers	TBSP	TOWD	1 DWL	1.010	500	650	et .	155	704	99	196	153	59	
1993 1994 1995	10,949 10,938 10,958	4,897 4,907 4,929	3,528 3,490 3,496	1,369 1,417 1,433	1,216 1,300 1,305	500 599 604	701 700	55 45	179 197	742 721	109 111	216 230	117 129	43 62 45	74 67 54
1996 1997 1998	10,883 10,805 10,839	4,863 4,824 4,815	3,446 3,370 3,398	1,417 1,454 1,417	1,318 1,343 1,305	556 510 457	761 832 848	44 38 28	218 272 281	676 671	131 119	225 207	111 112	70 39 38 45	72 74 76
1999 3-month aver	10,738	4,733	3,351	1,382	1,261	416	845	29	292	610	120	211	121	40	
Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 200 Dec 99-Feb 200 (Win)	10,690 0 10,702 0 10,679	4,700 4,719 4,708	3,357 3,367 3,346	1,343 1,352 1,362	1,233 1,250 1,255	408 406 393	825 844 861	24 24 23	285 288 292	590 591 586	114 113 117	220 233 237	100 102 107	44 39 39	888
Jan-Mar 2000 Feb-Apr Mar-Mav(Spr	10,667 10,678) 10,667	4,690 4,696 4,680	3,327 3,331 3,307	1,363 1,365 1,373	1,255 1,259 1,265	395 403 407	860 856 858	21 23 28	290 297 303	595 592 591	119 123 125	229 224 218	108 105 108	38 36 35	69 72
Apr-Jun May-Jul	10,660	4,682 4,663	3,317 3,310 3,220	1,365 1,353 1,322	1,252 1,239	408 400 391	845 839 829	31 28 25	300 297 288	578 579 572	125 125 124	219 211 211	112 114 112	38 46 45	74 69 67
Jul-Aug(Sum)	10,625	4,655	3,329	1,326	1,214	393 391	821 820	21	282 285	572	122 117	217 218	112 110	43 38	69 72 77
Sep-Nov (Aut) 10,653	4,075 4,726	3,413	1,314	1,202	386	816	17	293	565	113	215	112	35 39	81
Changes	10,713	4,742	3,420	1,322	1,203	570	021	10	200	-10	-8	1		-4	12
Overlast3mon Percent	ths 83 0.8	87 1.9	91 2.7	-4 -0.3	-12 -0.9	-18 -4.5	0.7	-13.5	2.5	-1.7	-6.2	0.7	6.6	-9.9	16.9
Overlast12mon Percent	ths 23 0.2	43 0.9	64 1.9	-21 -1.6	-31 -2.5	-32 -7.9	0.2	-23.8	1.4	-4.7	0.5	-0.7	8.6	-7.2 Source:	18.2 abour Force Surve

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4; 4=5+13; 5=6+7=8+9+10+11+12; 13=14+15.

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occupations

Part E: Analyses of earnings and hours by region, county and small areas

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ISBNs

Part A 1 85774 395 4 Part B 1 85774 396 2 Part C 1 85774 397 0 Part D 1 85774 398 9 Part E 1 85774 399 7 Part F 1 85774 400 4 UK Volume 1 85774 401 2

Part D: Analyses of earnings and hours for particular



D.3 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY Economic inactivity by age

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY Economic inactivity rates by age

25-34

5

LWFD

17.4 17.1 17.0 16.9 17.0 16.3 16.1 15.5

15.1 15.1 15.3

15.2 15.3 15.2

15.3 15.3 15.4

15.6 15.5 15.6

15.5

-0.1

0.3

5.05.55.45.86.66.46.36.5

6.0 6.1 6.2

6.1 6.1 6.1

6.3 6.5 6.7

6.8 6.7 6.5

6.5

-0.4

0.5

LWFF

30.1 29.0 28.8 28.4 27.7 26.5 26.2 24.9

24.6 24.5 24.7

24.7 24.9 24.7

24.7 24.5 24.5

24.6 24.7 25.1

24.8

0.2

0.2

LWFE

	GDOM	All aged 16 and over	16-59/64	16-17	18-24	25-34	35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)	adju
Ecor	nomically inactive levels	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
All	Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSI	YBSN	YCAS	YCAV	YCAY	УСВВ	MGWA	MGWD	
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	16,611 16,836 16,909 17,023 17,030 17,032 17,032	7,318 7,481 7,564 7,676 7,645 7,663 7,763	559 613 569 592 597 590 590	1,278 1,258 1,304 1,271 1,166 1,155 1,191	1,578 1,573 1,572 1,576 1,584 1,512 1,512	1,630 1,701 1,756 1,805 1,836 1,887 1,916	2,273 2,336 2,363 2,432 2,463 2,519 2,519	9,293 9,355 9,345 9,347 9,384 9,370 9,384	
	1999 3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999	17,070 17.018	7,645	594 601	1,200	1,393	1,868	2,589	9,438 9,425	
	Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	17,027 17,046	7,612 7,638	599 604	1,171 1,174	1,332 1,343	1,905 1,887	2,605 2,629	9,414 9,415 9,408	
	Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	17,013 17,011 17,004	7,594 7,573	583 581 588	1,177 1,183 1,178	1,337 1,340 1,327	1,876 1,864 1,871	2,624 2,627 2,609	9,411 9,417 9,431	
	Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	17,041 17,058 17,060	7,611 7,633 7,629	598 620 611	1,211 1,226 1,222	1,338 1,333 1,339	1,870 1,868 1,862	2,595 2,586 2,595	9,429 9,425 9,431	
	Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	17,081 17,085 17,164	7,641 7,648 7,732	618 615 624	1,213 1,211 1,228	1,349 1,344 1,349	1,857 1,875 1,909	2,604 2,603 2,622	9,440 9,437 9,432	
	Oct-Nov	17,169	7,730	630	1,241	1,332	1,905	2,620	9,439	
	Over last 3 months Percent	88 0.5	89 1.2	12 2.0	29 2.4	-17 -1.3	48 2.6	16 0.6	- 1 0.0	
	Over last 12 months Percent	151 0.9	126 1.7	30 5.0	67 5.7	-5 -0.3	25 1.3	9 0.4	25 0.3	
Male	Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSJ	YBSO	YCAT	YCAW	YCAZ	YCBC	MGWB	MGWE	
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	5,659 5,886 5,971 6,065 6,147 6,228 6,362 6,362	2,433 2,583 2,657 2,747 2,782 2,839 2,948 2,948	278 315 290 302 295 312 311 301	483 470 498 491 451 446 481 488	230 257 253 275 313 302 294 294	315 355 396 410 454 488 521 485	1,127 1,187 1,220 1,270 1,270 1,291 1,340 1,320	3,226 3,303 3,315 3,318 3,364 3,389 3,413 2,413	
	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	6,328 6,325 6,367	2,904 2,893 2,930	307 305 315	468 464 472	269 272 276	494 491 484	1,365 1,361 1,383	3,420 3,424 3,432 3,437	
	Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	6,352 6,333 6,337	2,918 2,898 2,894	305 298 305	475 468 471	272 271 270	484 481 479	1,381 1,379 1,370	3,434 3,435 3,443	
	Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	6,381 6,420 6,435	2,929 2,970 2,977	316 325 317	488 509 500	282 287 296	481 487 496	1,362 1,363 1,368	3,451 3,450 3,459	
	Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	6,450 6,433 6,466	2,986 2,974 3,006	315 316 319	505 510 518	302 294 287	495 490 506	1,368 1,364 1,375	3,464 3,459 3,460	
	Oct-Dec	6,455	2,988	323	509	285	505	1,366	3,468	
	Changes Over last 3 months Percent	5 0.1	2 0.1	8 2.6	4 0.8	-18 -5.8	10 1.9	-2 -0.2	3 0.1	
	Over last 12 months Percent	127 2.0	84 2.9	16 5.2	40 8.6	16 5.9	11 23	0 0.0	44 1.3	
remai	e Spring quarters (Mar-May)	MGSK	YBSP	YCAU	YCAX	YCBA	YCBD	MGWC	MGWF	
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	10,952 10,949 10,938 10,958 10,883 10,805 10,839 10,738	4,885 4,897 4,907 4,929 4,863 4,824 4,815 4,733	281 298 278 290 302 278 287 293	795 788 807 780 714 709 710 712	1,349 1,316 1,319 1,302 1,271 1,210 1,182 1,095	1,315 1,347 1,360 1,396 1,382 1,399 1,396 1,383	1,146 1,149 1,143 1,162 1,193 1,228 1,240 1,250	6,067 6,052 6,031 6,029 6,020 5,981 6,024 6,025	
	3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)	10,690 10,702 10,679	4,700 4,719 4,708	293 294 289	706 707 702	1,068 1,060 1,067	1,387 1,414 1,403	1,246 1,244 1,247	5,990 5,983 5,971	
	Jan-Mar2000 Feb-Apr Mar-May (Spr)	10,667 10,678 10,667	4,690 4,696 4,680	288 283 284	702 714 707	1,065 1,068 1,058	1,392 1,383 1,392	1,243 1,248 1,239	5,977 5,982 5,988	
	Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)	10,660 10,638 10,625	4,682 4,663 4,653	282 295 295	722 717 722	1,056 1,046 1,043	1,389 1,381 1,366	1,233 1,223 1,228	5,978 5,975 5,972	
	Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)	10,631 10,653 10,698	4,655 4,675 4,726	303 300 305	708 701 711	1,047 1,050 1,061	1,361 1,385 1,403	1,236 1,239 1,247	5,976 5,978 5,972	
	Oct-Nov	10,713	4,742	307	732	1,048	1,400	1,254	5,971	
	Changes Over last 3 months Percent	83 0.8	87 1.9	4 1.4	25 3.5	1 0.1	39 2.9	19 1.5	-5 -0.1	
	Over last 12 months Percent	23 0.2	43 0.9	14 4.7	27 3.8	-20 -1.9	14 1.0	9 07	-19 -0.3	

Note: Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7.

Denominator=all persons in the relevant age group.

All aged 16 and over

1

YBTC

36.7 37.1 37.2 37.3 37.2 37.0 37.2 36.8

36.6 36.6 36.6

36.6 36.5 36.5

36.6 36.6 36.6

36.6 36.6 36.7

36.7

0.1 0.2

YBTD

25.8 26.8 27.1 27.4 27.6 27.8 28.2 27.9

27.9 27.8 28.0

27.9 27.8 27.8

28.0 28.2 28.3

28.3 28.2 28.3

28.3

0.0

0.4

YBTE

46.8 46.7 46.7 46.7 46.2 45.7 45.7 45.2

44.9 44.9 44.8

44.8 44.8 44.8

44.7 44.6 44.6

44.6 44.6 44.8

44.9

0.3

0.0

16-59/64

YBTL

20.8 21.2 21.4 21.6 21.4 21.4 21.5 21.1

21.0 21.0 21.1

21.0 20.9 20.9

21.0 21.0 21.0

21.0 21.0 21.2

21.2

0.2

0.2

YBTN

13.2 14.0 14.4 14.8 14.9 15.1 15.6 15.4

15.3 15.2 15.4

15.3 15.2 15.2

15.4 15.6 15.6

15.7 15.6 15.7

15.6

0.0

0.3

YBTM

29.1 29.1 29.1 28.6 28.2 28.0 27.5

27.2 27.3 27.2

27.1 27.2 27.1

27.1 26.9 26.9

26.9 27.0 27.3

27.3

0.5

0.1

2

16-17

3

LWEX

40.5 46.2 43.8 44.1 41.9 40.5 41.1 41.1

41.7 41.6 41.9

41.2 40.4 40.9

41.5 43.1 42.5

42.9 42.6 43.1

43.5

0.7

1.9

LWEY

39.3 46.4 43.6 43.8 40.5 41.8 41.8 40.7

41.7 41.3 42.7

41.4 40.5 41.3

42.9 44.1 43.0

42.7 42.7 43.1

43.6

0.9

1.9

LWEZ

41.8 46.1 44.3 43.5 39.1 40.4 41.6

41.7 41.8 41.2

40.9 40.3 40.4

40.1 42.0 42.0

43.0 42.5 43.2

43.4

0.4

1.8

18-24

4

LWFA

21.7 22.1 23.8 24.1 22.9 23.3 24.3 24.4

23.9 23.8 23.8

23.9 24.0 23.9

24.5 24.8 24.7

24.5 24.5 24.8

25.0

0.5

1.2

16.1 16.2 17.8 18.2 17.4 17.6 19.2 19.5

18.7 18.5 18.8

18.9 18.6 18.7

19.4 20.2 19.9

20.0 20.2 20.5

20.1

0.1

1.4

LWFC

27.6 28.3 30.1 30.2 28.8 29.3 29.6 29.6

29.2 29.3 29.1

29.1 29.5 29.2

29.8 29.6 29.8

29.2 28.9 29.2

30.1

0.9

0.9

LWFB

UNITED KINGDOM

3-m Oct Nov Dec

Jar Fel Ma

tivity rates (%)a

th averages c 1999 Jan 2000 Feb 2000 (Win)

ar 2000

ay (Spr)

(Sum)

ov (Nov)

Changes Over last 3 months

Over last 12 months

g quarters May)

nth averages Bec 1999 9-Jan 2000 9-Feb 2000 (Win)

lar 2000 ay (Spr)

ug (Sum)

lov (Aut) Oc Dec

Charges Over last 3 months

Over last 12 months

3-month averages Oct-Dec 1999 Nov 99-Jan 2000 Dec 99-Feb 2000 (Win)

Jan-Mar 2000

Mar-May (Spr)

Apr-Jun May-Jul Jun-Aug (Sum)

Jul-Sep Aug-Oct Sep-Nov (Aut)

Changes Over last 3 months

Over last 12 months

Oct-Dec

Spring quarters (Mar-May)

Aug

Oct-Dec

Spring quarters (Mar-May)



		Per cent,
35-49	50-64 (M) 50-59 (F)	65+ (M) 60+ (F)
6	7	8
LWFG	LWFJ	LWFM
14.2 14.6	31.0 31.6	91.7 92.1
14.9 15.1	31.5 31.9	92.1 92.0
15.2 15.5	31.9 31.5	92.3 91.9
15.7 15.1	31.3 30.7	92.3 91.9
15.0 15.2 15.0	30.6 30.5 30.7	91.7 91.7 91.6
14.9 14.8 14.9	30.6 30.6 30.3	91.7 91.7 91.8
14.8 14.8 14.7	30.1 30.0 30.0	91.8 91.8 91.8
14.7 14.8	30.1	91.9 91.9
15.0	30.2	91.8
0.3	0.1	0.0
-0.1	-0.4	0.1
LWFH	LWFK	LWFN
5.5	26.0	91.1
6.7 6.7	27.2 27.7	92.5 92.3 01.9
7.5	28.2	91.0 92.4 92.4
8.5 7.8	27.6 28.1 27.4	92.4 92.4 92.1
7.8 7.8 7.7	27.6 27.5 27.9	91.9 92.1 92.2
7.7 7.6 7.5	27.9 27.8 27.5	92.1 92.0 92.2
7.6 7.7 7.8	27.4 27.3 27.4	92.4 92.3 92.5
7.8	27.4 27.2	92.6 92.4
7.9 7.9	27.4 27.2	92.3 92.5
0.1	-0.1	-0.1
0.0	-0.4	0.6
LWFI	LWFL	LWFO
22.8	38.2	92.0
23.1 23.1	37.8 36.9	91.9 91.9
23.4 22.9	36.8 37.1	92.1 92.2
23.1 22.9 22.4	36.7 35.7 35.1	91.7 92.2 91.8
22.3 22.7 22.5	34.6 34.5 34.5	91.6 91.5 91.4
22.3 22.1 22.3	34.3 34.4 34.1	91.5 91.5 91.6
22.2 22.0 21.8	33.9 33.6 33.6	91.5 91.5 91.4
21.7	33.8	91.5
22.0	33.8 34.0	91.5
22.2	34.1	91.5
0.5	.0.5	-0.1
-0.1	-0.5	0.1

Source: Labour Force Survey Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

E.1

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors

GREA	T BRITAIN	Wholeeconom	y (Divisions 01-93)			Public sector			
		Actual	Seasonally adjust	sted		Actual	Seasonally adju	sted	
				Per cent change over previous 12 months				Per cent change over previous 12 months	
1995=	100			Monthly rate	Headline rate ^a			Monthly rate	Headline
-		LNMM	LNMQ	LNMU	LNNC	LNNI	LNNJ	LNKW	LNNE
1995 1996 1997))) Annual	100.0 103.6 108.0				100.0 103.0 105.3			
1998 1999 2000) averages))	113.5 119.0 124.4				108.6 113.0 117.3			
1998	Dec	117.5	115.4	4.1	4.6	110.8	110.8	3.4	3.6
1999	Jan	115.7	116.0	4.4	4.4	110.3	111.2	4.0	37
1000	Feb	118.7	116.7	4.8	4.5	111.1	111.5	4.1	3.8
	Mar	122.5	117.2	4.6	4.6	110.6	112.0	4.2	4.1
	Apr	117.4	117.6	4.1	4.5	111.9	112.5	4.8	4.4
	May	117.8	118.3	4.1	4.3	113.3	113.2	4.7	4.6
	Jun	119.0	118.9	5.3	4.5	114.4	113.6	4.8	4.8
	Jul	119.3	119.3	4.6	4.7	113.5	113.6	4.2	4.5
	Aug	117.6	119.8	5.0	4.9	114.0	• 113.8	3.7	. 42
	Sep	117.6	120.2	4.6	4.7	114.0	114.1	3.8	3.9
	Oct	118.1	120.9	5.1	4.9	113.9	114.5	3.9	3.8
	Nov	119.1	121.1	4.9	4.9	114.4	114.8	3.7	- 3.8
	Dec R	124.9	122.2	5.9	5.3	115.1	115.0	3.8	3.8
2000	Jan R	123.2	123.3	6.3	5.7	115.1	116.0	4.4	1.0
	Feb	125.3	123.0	5.4	5.9	116.3	116.4	4.4	42
	Mar	129.3	123.2	5.1	5.6	115.1	116.1	3.7	4.1
	Apr	122.5	122.9	4.5	5.0	116.7	117.3	4.3	4.1
	May	122.4	123.1	4.0	4.5	117.0	116.9	3.3	3.7
	Jun	123.3	123.5	3.8	4.1	118.0	117.6	3.5	3.7
	July	123.6	123.9	3.9	3.9	117.4	117.5	3.5	3.4
	Aug	122.5	124.8	4.2	4.0	118.0	117.7	3.4	- 3.5
	Sep	122.2	125.2	4.2	4.1	117.7	117.8	3.2	3.4
	Oct	122.7	125.8	4.1	4.2	117.6	118.5	3.5	3.4
	Nov R	124.0	126.4	4.4	4.2	118.5	119.2	3.9	3.5
	Dec P	131.1	128.1	4.8	4.4	120.3	120.1	4.4	3.9

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index: all employee jobs: main industrial sectors

GREAT BRITAIN NC1992 1995-100 1995 1996 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1997 199	Production (Div	ISIONS 10-41)			or which: Manufa	cturing (Divisions	15-37)	
510 1952	Actual	Seasonally adjus	ted	time the set of the set	Actual	Seasonally adju	isted	
			Per cent change over previous 12 months				Per cent change over previous 12 months	
- 100			Monthly rate	Headline rate ^a			Monthly rate	Headline rate ^a
1995=100	INMO	LNMS	LNMW	LNNF	LNMN	LNMR	LNMV	LNNG
	100.0				100.0			
995)	104.4				104.4			
1996)	108.5				108.8			
1997) Annual	113.4				113.7			
998)averages	117.8				1183			
(999)	122.9				123.8			
2000)	122.0							
1998 Dec	116.4	114.5	3.1	3.7	116.7	114.7	3.1	3.7
	114.7	115.3	38	35	115.1	115.7	4.0	3.5
1999 Jan	116.3	115.8	3.3	3.4	116.7	116.1	3.4	3.5
FeD	120.4	1163	33	3.5	120.7	116.7	3.4	3.6
Mish	120.1	110.0	010					
Acc	117.3	116.8	3.5	3.4	117.5	117.1	3.6	3.5
ADI Mari	116.4	116.7	3.4	3.4	116.7	117.2	3.5	3.5
Way has	116.6	117.3	3.4	3.4	117.1	117.8	3.6	3.5
JUD								
hol.	118.2	117.9	3.5	3.4	118.7	118.4	3.6	3.5
Arri	116.5	118.5	3.8	3.6	117.0	119.1	4.1	3.8
Con	116.8	118.8	4.0	3.8	117.4	119.4	4.2	4.0
Oci								
00	118.3	119.4	4.2	4.0	119.0	120.1	4.4	4.3
Nov	119.5	119.7	4.3	4.1	120.3	120.4	4.6	4.4
Dec	122.8	120.4	5.2	4.6	123.7	121.2	5.6	4.9
	101.0	101 5	E 2	10	101.8	122.0	55	5.5
2000 Jan	121.2	121.5	5.5	4.9	121.0	121.5	47	53
Feb	121.0	121.0	4.5	3.0	126.1	121.0	45	40
Mar	125.4	121.1	4.1	4.7	120.1	121.0	4.0	Tit
	102.0	101.4	30	12	122.8	122.3	45	45
ALC	121.0	122.1	4.6	42	1227	123.1	5.1	4.7
May	121.9	122.1	4.0	43	122.4	123.0	4.4	4.7
JUST	121.0	122.0	4.5	4.0		120.0		
	123.0	122.6	4.0	4.3	124.0	123.6	4.4	4.6
4157	120.9	123.0	3.8	4.0	121.8	124.0	4.1	4.3
See	121.6	123.9	4.2	4.0	122.6	124.8	4.5	4.3
					102.0	405.0	10	
Oct	122.8	124.2	4.0	4.0	123.9	125.2	42	4.
Nov R	124.7	125.1	4.4	4.2	125.8	126.1	4.7	4.
Durp	128.4	125.8	4.5	4.3	129.6	127.0	4.8	4.6

SIC 19	92	Private sector				of which: Private	sector services ^b		
0.0.10		Actual	Seasonally adjus	ted		Actual	Seasonally adju	sted	
				Per cent change over previous 12 months				Per cent change over previous 12 months	
1995=	100			Monthly rate	Headline rate ^a			Monthly rate	Head the rate
		LNKX	LNKY	LNKZ	LNND	JJGF	JJGH	JJGI	JJGJ
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000)))Annual)averages))	100.0 103.7 108.7 114.7 120.4 126.1				100.0 103.5 108.8 115.2 121.4 127.2			
1998	Dec	119.2	116.5	4.3	4.8	120.2	117.2	4.5	5.1
1999	Jan	117.0	117.1	4.4	4.5	118.0	117.5	4.5	4.8
	Feb	120.6	118.1	5.0	4.6	122.7	119.1	5.6	4.9
	Mar	125.4	118.4	4.7	4.7	127.9	119.3	4.9	5.0
	Apr	118.8	118.9	3.9	4.5	119.3	119.4	3.8	4.8
	May	118.9	119.6	4.1	4.2	120.1	120.9	4.2	4.3
	Jun	120.1	120.3	5.5	4.5	121.6	121.6	6.5	4.8
	Jul	120.7	120.7	4.7	4.7	121.7	121.8	5.3	5.3
	Aug	118.4	121.3	5.3	5.1	119.0	122.2	5.8	5.9
	Sep	118.4	121.6	4.8	4.9	118.6	122.7	5.2	5.4
	Oct	119.2	122.5	5.4	5.2	119.0	123.5	5.8	5.6
	Nov	120.3	122.6	5.2	5.1	120.1	123.9	5.6	5.5
	Dec R	127.3	124.0	6.4	5.7	129.0	125.2	6.8	6.1
2000	Jan R	125.2	125.0	6.7	6.1	126.9	126.1	7.3	6.6
	Feb	127.6	124.7	5.6	6.3	130.3	126.1	5.9	6.7
	Mar	132.9	124.9	5.5	5.9	136.0	126.1	5.7	6.3
	Apr	123.9	124.4	4.6	5.2	124.6	125.2	4.8	5.5
	May	123.7	124.6	4.2	4.8	124.2	125.3	3.6	4.7
	Jun	124.7	125.0	3.9	4.2	125.5	125.7	3.4	4.0
	Jul	125.1	125.5	3.9	4.0	125.7	126.4	3.7	3.6
	Aug	123.6	126.6	4.4	4.1	124.5	127.9	4.7	3.9
	Sep	123.3	127.1	4.5	4.3	123.5	128.2	4.5	4.3
	Oct	124.0	127.7	4.2	4.4	124.0	128.9	4.4	4.5
	Nov R	125.4	128.2	4.5	4.4	125.1	129.5	4.5	4.4
	Dec P	133.8	130.1	4.9	4.5	135.8	131.6	5.1	4.7

SIC 19	92	Services (Divisio	ons 50-93)		
		Actual	Seasonally adjust	sted	
				Per cent change over previous 12 months	
1995=	100			Monthly	Headline rate ^a
-		LNMP	LNMT	LNMX	LNNH
1995 1996 1997)))Accual	100.0 103.3 107.9			
1998 1999 2000)averages))	113.4 119.2 124.5			
1998	Dec	117.7	115.5	4.2	4.7
1999	Jan Feb Mar	115.9 119.5 123.1	115.8 117.0 117.4	4.4 5.2 4.6	4.5 4.6 4.7
	Apr May Jun	117.3 118.2 119.6	117.4 118.8 119.4	4.0 4.3 6.0	4.6 4.3 4.8
	Jul Aug Sep	119.5 117.7 117.4	119.6 120.0 120.5	5.0 5.3 4.9	5.1 5.4 5.1
	Oct Nov Dec	117.7 118.6 125.2	121.1 121.5 122.4	5.3 5.2 6.0	5.2 5.5
2000	Jan Feb Mar	123.7 126.5 130.2	123.4 123.4 123.5	6.5 5.5 5.2	5.9 6.0 5.7
	Apr May Jun	122.4 122.3 123.5	122.9 123.0 123.5	4.7 3.5 3.5	5.1 4.5 3.9

124.0 125.2 125.4

126.2 126.8 **128.5**

123.5 122.8 121.9

122.3 123.4 **131.6**

Jul Aug Sep

Oct Nov R Dec P

3.7 4.3 4.1

4.1 4.3 **4.9**

5.1 4.5 3.9

3.6 3.8 4.0

4.2 4.2 **4.5**

The headline rate is the change in the average seasonally adjusted index values for the last three months compared with the same period a year ago. For further details please see the article in the May 1999 issue of *Labour Market Trends*, p227. а

For further information on the new series, private sector services, please see the article in the May 2000 edition of Labour Market Trends, pp 201-3.

Revised Provisional R

E.1

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer Helpline: 01633819002

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index:^a all employee jobs: by industry (three-month averages,^b unadjusted): excluding bonuses E.2

GREA SIC 19	IT BRITAIN 192	Agricul- ture and forestry ^c	Mining and quarrying	Food products; beverages and tobacco	Textiles	Clothing leather and footwear	Wood, wood products and other manu'ing n.e.c	Pulp, paper products printing and publish- ing	Chemicals and chemical products	Rubber and plastic products	Other non- metallic mineral products	Basic metals	Fabric'd metal products (excl. machin- ery)	Machinery and equip- ment n.e.c.
March	1996=100	(01,02)	(10-14)	(15,16)	(17)	(18,19)	(20,23,36,37)	(21,22)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)
1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	Annual Averages	LOTJ 	LOTK 104.8 108.8 109.8 112.7	LOTL 103.6 108.1 110.0 114.6	LOTM 105.1 107.3 111.2 114.5	LOTN 105.0 109.2 111.8 109.4	LOTO 107.0 111.6 114.7 121.7	LOTP 104.4 108.5 112.8 116.1	LOTQ 105.2 111.5 119.0 124.2	LOTR 105.4 110.5 113.7 117.6	LOTS 105.1 109.4 113.1 119.1	LOTT 107.7 113.0 115.8 124.1	LOTU 104.8 108.3 109.3 111.5	LOTV 105.1 109.4 111.8 117.0
1997	Dec		106.1	105.6	107.0	105.3	110.0	106.4	107.5	107.1	107.2	109.2	106.7	106.8
1998	Jan Feb Mar	 	106.4 106.8 106.8	105.9 105.9 105.9	106.4 105.3 105.0	105.8 106.5 107.7	110.7 110.6 111.2	105.8 105.5 105.6	108.2 109.0 109.1	107.7 108.0 108.6	107.7 108.0 108.0	109.5 110.0 110.3	106.9 107.0 107.1	107.0 107.4 107.6
	Apr May June	 	108.0 108.7 108.9	106.6 107.7 108.4	105.8 106.3 107.5	108.6 109.1 109.4	111.8 112.6 112.1	106.4 107.4 108.0	109.6 110.0 110.9	109.6 110.4 110.5	108.2 108.6 109.1	112.0 113.1 113.5	108.0 108.6 108.8	108.5 109.0 109.5
	July Aug Sep	 	108.7 108.4 108.7	108.8 108.2 108.2	107.7 108.2 107.8	109.8 109.7 109.8	1122 111.4 111.3	108.3 108.7 109.3	111.3 111.8 111.7	110.4 110.5 111.2	109.8 110.1 110.2	114.4 114.6 114.8	108.9 108.7 108.8	110.1 110.5 110.4
	Oct Nov Dec	 	109.3 110.0 110.6	108.0 109.0 109.9	107.9 108.7 108.7	109.4 109.8 109.8	110.9 111.8 111.9	110.1 110.7 111.1	112.1 112.9 114.5	111.5 111.7 111.7	110.0 110.3 110.5	114.1 113.7 113.4	108.2 108.4 108.5	110.1 110.0 110.0
1999	Jana		110.7	110.1	108.6	110.2	111.6	111.4	115.3	111.7	110.4	111.7	108.6	109.9
	Feb ^a Mar Aor	 	109.8 109.1	109.6 109.1	107.5 107.4	110.0 110.5	111.1 111.3	111.1 110.7	115.6 115.5	111.6 111.4	110.1 110.5	110.9 111.4	108.0 107.7	109.7 109.6
	May Jun		109.1 109.4	109.3 109.5	109.2 110.6	110.9 111.0	112.6 113.4	111.2 111.8	117.4 118.5	111.8 112.2	112.2 112.6	114.0 115.2	108.7 109.5	110.1 110.7 111.3
	Aug Sep	 	109.4 109.7 109.8	109.8 110.0 110.3	111.6 112.3 112.3	111.4 111.1 111.5	114.3 115.0 116.0	112.1 112.7 113.4	118.7 119.1 119.8	112.5 113.3 114.2	113.0 113.6 114.1	117.0 117.2 117.4	110.0 109.8 110.0	111.7 112.0 112.0
	Oct Nov Dec	 	110.3 110.9 111.0	110.6 110.8 111.2	113.0 113.7 114.4	112.1 113.6 114.1	116.8 117.7 118.3	114.2 114.6 115.2	120.2 121.1 122.2	115.6 116.8 117.1	114.4 114.6 115.2	117.2 118.4 119.1	110.0 110.7 110.1	112.4 113.4 114.3
2000	Jan Feb Mar	 	111.3 111.4 112.1	111.8 112.4 113.1	113.4 112.4 111.8	112.0 110.9 108.6	118.1 118.3 118.6	114.8 114.5 114.1	122.9 123.0 122.9	116.9 115.5 115.0	116.3 117.8 118.5	120.5 120.5 120.6	110.0 110.0 110.6	114.4 114.6 115.1
	Apr May Jun	 	112.1 112.0 111.9	114.6 115.8 116.1	112.0 112.6 113.5	108.7 107.2 107.6	119.3 119.2 119.6	114.4 115.0 115.2	123.3 123.6 123.7	114.7 115.7 117.0	119.3 120.2 120.6	120.6 121.4 122.8	110.4 110.8 111.0	116.0 116.3 117.1
	Jul Aug Sep	 	112.3 112.5 112.7	114.8 113.9 113.7	114.7 115.2 115.6	108.0 108.2 109.0	120.3 121.4 122.3	115.6 115.7 116.9	123.8 124.0 124.2	118.3 118.6 118.9	120.1 119.0 118.5	125.8 126.7 127.1	111.9 111.4 111.2	117.8 118.0 117.5
	Oct Nov R Dec P	 	113.0 114.0 114.1	113.9 114.7 115.6	116.2 117.4 117.3	109.7 111.3 112.2	123.4 124.7 126.1	117.7 118.5 118.2	124.3 124.8 126.0	118.7 119.4 119.6	118.3 118.3 118.9	125.4 126.2 126.0	111.6 112.7 113.1	117.4 117.9 118.4
Perce	nt change on th	e year LNLM	LNLN	LNLO	LNLP	LNLQ	LNLR	LNLS	LNLT	LNLU	LNLV	LNLW	LNLX	UNLY 20
1000	lana		4.2	4.1	1.0	4.3	1.7	4.4	0.0	4.3	3.0	3.8	1.0	27
	Feb ^a Mar		2.8 2.1	3.5 3.0	2.0 2.3	3.3 2.6	0.5	5.3 4.8	6.1 5.9	3.4 2.5	2.0 2.4	0.9 1.0	1.0 0.5	21 1.9
	Apr May Jun	 	0.7 0.4 0.5	22 1.4 1.1	1.9 2.7 2.9	1.6 1.6 1.5	0.0 0.0 1.1	4.0 3.6 3.5	6.3 6.7 6.9	1.6 1.2 1.6	3.0 3.3 3.2	-0.1 0.8 1.5	0.1 0.1 0.6	1.5 1.6 1.6
	Jul Aug Sep	3.3 6.1	0.7 1.2 1.0	1.0 1.7 1.9	3.6 3.8 4.2	1.5 1.3 1.6	1.8 3.2 4.2	3.5 3.7 3.7	6.6 6.6 7.3	1.9 2.6 2.7	2.9 3.2 3.6	23 23 23	1.0 0.9 1.1	1.4 1.4 1.4
	Oct Nov Dec	9.6 9.3 6.8	1.0 0.9 0.3	2.3 1.6 1.2	4.7 4.6 5.2	2.5 3.5 3.9	5.3 5.3 5.7	3.7 3.5 3.7	7.3 7.3 6.7	3.7 4.5 4.8	4.0 3.9 4.3	2.7 4.2 5.0	1.7 22 1.5	21 31 39
2000	Jan Feb Mar	4.6 3.5 5.2	0.5 1.4 2.7	1.5 2.5 3.7	4.4 4.6 4.0	1.6 0.8 -1.8	5.8 6.5 6.6	3.0 3.0 3.1	6.7 6.4 6.4	4.6 3.4 3.3	5.4 7.0 7.2	7.9 8.6 8.2	1.3 1.8 2.7	4.1 4.4 5.0
• • •	Apr May	6.0 8.2 9.7	3.1 2.6 2.3	5.3 6.0 6.0	3.8 3.1 26	-1.6 -3.3 -3.0	6.7 5.9 55	3.4 3.4 3.0	5.8 5.3 44	3.0 3.5 4.3	7.0 7.1 7.1	7.7 6.5 6.6	2.1 1.9 1.4	5.3 5.0 52
	Jul Aug Sep	7.6 3.5 2.7	2.6 2.6 2.7	4.5 3.5 3.1	2.8 2.6 2.9	-3.1 -2.6 -2.2	5.2 5.6 5.4	3.1 2.6 3.0	4.3 4.1 3.7	5.1 4.6 4.1	6.3 4.8 3.8	7.5 8.1 8.2	1.7 1.4 1.2	5.4 - 5.4 4.9
	Oct Nov R Dec P	2.7 5.2 4.8	2.4 2.7 2.8	3.0 3.5 3.9	2.8 3.2 2.5	-2.1 -2.1 -1.7	5.6 5.9 6.6	3.1 3.4 2.6	3.4 3.1 3.1	2.7 22 21	3.4 3.2 3.2	7.0 6.5 5.8	1.4 1.8 2.7	4.4 3.9 3.6

Machinery and equip- ment n.e.c.	Electr- ical and optical equip- ment	Trans- port equipment	Elec- tricity, gas and water supply	Constr- uction	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade and repairs	Hotels and rest- aurants	Trans- port, storage and communi- cation ^e	Finan- cial inter- media- tion	Real estate renting and business activities	Public adminis- tration services	Education health and social work ^d	Other services ¹	GREA	SIC 1992
(29)	(20-33)	(34,35)	(40,41)	(45)	(51)	(50,52)	(55)	(60-64)	(65-67)	(70-74)	(75)	(80-85)	(90-93)	Marc	ch 1996=100
LOTV 105.1 109.4 111.8 117.0	LOTW 105.7 110.1 116.5 124.2	LOTX 101.6 106.3 110.7 116.4	LOTY 101.0 103.9 102.1 100.2	LOTZ 103.4 110.4 115.0 121.7	LOUA 104.9 110.8 113.8 118.3	LOUB 97.9 101.8 103.0 105.9	LOUC 106.3 110.8 117.4 124.4	LOUD 103.9 107.9 109.5 113.3	LOUE 106.7 113.3 118.0 124.4	LOUF 104.1 110.3 115.2 121.4	LOUG 101.0 103.5 106.0 109.8	LOUH 104.6 107.6 112.9 117.6	LOUI 106.2 114.8 121.9 130.4	1997) 1998) 1999) 2000)	Annual Averages
106.8	107.1	104.0	102.5	106.0	106.9	98.2	108.8	106.3	108.7	105.8	102.9	104.8	110.2	1997	Dec
107.0	107.1	104.5	102.5	106.4	107.4	98.5	109.9	107.0	109.3	107.0	102.6	104.8	110.7	1998	Jan
107.4	107.5	104.8	102.2	106.8	107.9	99.0	110.4	107.3	110.0	108.2	102.5	104.9	110.9		Feb
107.6	107.7	105.0	102.3	107.1	107.8	99.2	109.5	107.3	110.7	108.8	102.8	104.5	111.6		Mar
108.5	108.6	105.7	103.2	107.7	108.8	99.8	109.3	108.6	111.3	109.2	102.9	104.9	112.9		Apr
109.0	109.0	106.0	103.9	108.3	109.9	101.1	109.9	109.1	112.3	109.7	102.9	105.6	113.7		May
109.5	109.4	106.5	104.1	109.0	111.0	102.1	110.4	107.5	113.2	110.1	102.9	106.7	113.7		Jun
110.1	110.0	107.0	104.3	110.1	111.6	102.9	110.9	106.1	113.8	110.4	103.4	107.7	114.1		Jul
110.5	110.4	107.0	104.3	111.0	111.9	103.0	110.8	105.9	113.9	110.1	103.8	108.9	115.6		Aug
110.4	110.7	106.5	104.6	111.9	112.0	103.3	110.8	108.0	114.1	110.4	103.7	109.8	116.7		Sep
110.1	111.0	106.2	104.5	112.4	112.1	102.8	110.7	108.3	114.4	110.5	104.1	109.9	117.0		Oct
110.0	111.6	106.4	104.5	113.3	112.2	102.5	111.0	109.3	114.9	111.3	104.3	109.5	117.0		Nov
110.0	112.5	107.0	104.5	113.5	112.5	102.6	112.7	108.9	115.4	112.0	104.7	109.5	117.3		Dec
109.9	112.9	107.3	103.7	113.6	112.5	103.4	113.7	109.3	115.8	113.1	104.8	109.8	117.2	1999	Jan ^a
109.7	113.2	107.5	102.5	113.0	112.4	103.1	113.8	109.5	115.7	113.7	104.8	110.2	117.1		Feb ^a
109.6	113.5	107.7	101.4	113.0	112.4	102.1	112.9	109.8	115.9	114.2	105.0	109.9	117.3		Mar
110.1	114.0	108.9	102.2	113.0	113.1	101.6	113.4	109.8	116.5	114.6	105.0	110.4	117.7		Apr
110.7	114.6	109.7	103.8	113.3	113.6	102.1	115.2	108.6	117.6	115.2	105.1	111.2	118.3		May
111.3	115.1	110.3	104.9	113.4	113.8	103.2	117.1	107.8	118.2	115.8	105.6	112.7	119.5		Jun
111.7	116.0	110.5	103.7	113.9	113.8	103.2	118.0	108.1	118.6	116.0	105.9	113.4	121.2		Jul
112.0	116.9	111.1	102.2	114.3	114.0	103.7	119.0	108.6	118.6	115.4	106.1	114.4	122.6		Aug
112.0	118.0	111.5	101.0	115.5	114.3	104.0	118.7	109.9	118.6	115.0	105.9	114.7	123.8		Sep
112.4	118.7	112.1	100.8	116.5	114.4	103.9	118.7	109.8	118.2	114.6	106.4	114.8	124.5		Oct
113.4	119.3	112.8	100.9	117.8	114.3	103.3	118.2	110.0	118.5	115.1	107.2	114.5	125.8		Nov
114.3	119.4	113.3	101.2	118.0	114.6	102.8	120.8	110.5	119.3	115.6	107.6	114.3	126.9		Dec
114.4	119.8	113.7	101.8	118.2	115.3	104.0	121.8	111.7	121.3	117.2	108.0	114.6	128.7	2000	Jan
114.6	120.3	113.4	101.3	118.5	116.4	104.7	122.8	112.1	122.0	118.5	109.0	114.8	130.3		Feb
115.1	121.3	114.3	100.3	119.6	117.1	105.2	121.2	111.9	122.6	119.5	109.3	114.8	130.1		Mar
116.0	122.0	115.0	99.4	120.0	117.6	104.7	122.8	111.0	122.1	119.5	109.3	115.4	129.5		Apr
116.3	122.7	115.7	99.5	120.3	118.0	105.6	123.2	111.6	122.9	120.0	108.3	116.1	128.7		May
117.1	123.5	115.9	100.2	120.7	118.4	106.3	124.3	112.5	123.4	120.4	108.6	117.3	129.8		Jun
117.8	124.2	116.0	100.1	121.7	118.2	106.8	124.0	113.0	124.1	121.2	108.7	117.8	130.5		Jul
118.0	124.9	115.9	100.1	121.9	117.9	106.5	125.5	113.5	124.3	121.3	109.0	118.7	131.4		Aug
117.5	125.5	115.9	99.8	121.8	118.1	106.8	125.8	113.6	124.6	121.6	109.3	119.1	131.0		Sep
117.4	125.8	116.5	99.7	122.0	118.6	106.5	126.0	114.3	125.1	121.9	109.8	119.2	130.7		Oct
117.9	126.2	118.2	99.9	123.5	119.1	106.0	125.1	114.7	126.0	122.7	111.1	118.9	129.9		Nov R
118.4	126.7	1 19.5	100.8	124.6	119.5	105.2	126.3	115.2	127.1	124.0	111.9	119.1	130.9		Dec P
UNLY	LNLZ	LNMA	LNMB	LNMC	LNMD	LNME	LNMF	LNMG	LNMH	LNMI	LNMJ	LNMK	Per LNML	cent change	e on the year
3.0	5.1	2.9	2.0	7.1	5.2	4.5	3.6	2.4	6.2	5.8	1.7	4.5	6.5	1998	Dec
27	5.4	2.6	1.1	6.7	4.7	5.0	3.5	2.1	5.9	5.7	2.1	4.8	5.9	1999	Jana
1.9	5.4	2.5 2.6	-0.8	5.8 5.5	4.2 4.2	4.2 3.0	3.1 3.1	. 2.4	5.2 4.7	5.1 4.9	2.3 2.1	5.0	5.6 5.1		Mar
1.5	5.0	3.0	-1.0	4.9	4.0	1.8	3.8	1.1	4.7	5.0	2.0	5.2	4.3		Apr
1.6	5.2	3.5	0.0	4.7	3.4	1.0	4.9	-0.5	4.7	5.0	2.2	5.3	4.0		May
1.6	5.2	3.5	0.7	4.1	2.6	1.1	6.0	0.3	4.5	5.2	2.5	5.6	5.2		Jun
1.4	5.5	3.3	-0.6	3.5	2.0	0.4	6.4	1.9	4.2	5.1	2.4	5.2	6.2		Jul
1.4	5.8	3.8	-2.0	3.0	1.9	0.6	7.4	2.6	4.2	4.8	2.2	5.0	6.1		Aug
1.4	6.6	4.7	-3.4	3.1	2.0	0.8	7.2	1.7	4.0	4.1	2.1	4.4	6.1		Sep
2.1	7.0	5.6	-3.5	3.6	2.0	1.1	7.2	1.4	3.4	3.7	2.2	4.5	6.4		Oct
3.1	6.9	6.0	-3.4	4.0	1.8	0.8	6.5	0.7	3.2	3.3	2.7	4.6	7.5		Nov
3.9	6.1	5.9	-3.1	4.0	1.9	0.3	7.2	1.5	3.4	3.2	2.8	4.3	8.2		Dec
4.1	6.1	6.0	-1.8	4.1	2.5	0.6	7.1	2.3	4.8	3.6	3.1	4.3	9.8	2000	Jan
4.4	6.3	5.6	-1.1	4.9	3.6	1.5	7.9	2.4	5.4	4.2	4.0	4.2	11.3		Feb
5.0	6.9	6.1	-1.1	5.8	4.1	3.0	7.4	1.8	5.7	4.6	4.1	4.5	10.9		Mar
5.3	7.0	5.6	-2.7	6.2	4.0	3.0	8.2	1.2	4.8	4.3	4.1	4.5	10.1		Apr
5.0	7.0	5.5	-4.1	6.2	3.9	3.4	6.9	2.7	4.5	4.1	3.0	4.5	8.8		May
5.2	7.2	5.1	-4.5	6.5	4.0	3.1	6.2	4.3	4.4	4.0	2.9	4.1	8.6		Jun
5.4	7.1	5.0	-3.5	6.9	3.9	3.4	5.1	4.6	4.7	4.5	2.6	3.9	7.6		Jul
· 5.4	6.9	4.3	-2.0	6.6	3.4	2.7	5.5	4.5	4.8	5.1	2.8	3.8	7.2		Aug
4.9	6.3	3.9	-1.2	5.5	3.4	2.7	6.0	3.4	5.1	5.8	3.1	3.9	5.8		Sep
4.4	6.0	3.9	-1.1	4.7	3.7	2.5	6.2	4.0	5.8	6.4	3.2	3.8	5.0		Oct
3.9	5.8	4.7	-1.0	4.8	4.3	2.6	5.8	4.2	6.3	6.6	3.7	3.9	3.2		Nov R
3.6	6.1	5.4	-0.4	5.5	4.2	2.4	4.6	4.3	6.5	7.2	4.0	4.2	3.1		Dec P

As a result of a change in the survey questionnaire the series excluding bonuses are subject to a discontinuity between January and February 1999. See article on pp267-8 of the May 1999 issue of Labour Market Trends for further details. The average of the latest three months. As a result of a discontinuity in the reporting of data for the agricultural sector, this series is not available before August 1999. Therefore there is no index for this series based on March 1996 as with the other series. The index for the sector education, health and social work is based on a sample which excludes representatives of the private health and social work sector until June 1998. Monthly movements in the index for this sector therefore exclude private health and social work up to May 1998. Excluding private domestic and personal services.

The data contained in this table are not comparable with those previously published in Table E.3. Excluding bonuses and averaging the data over a three-month period render the data fundamentally different to the previous indices which included bonuses and related to single months only. Note:

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Average Earnings Index:^a all employee jobs: by industry E.2 (three-month averages,^b unadjusted): excluding bouttory

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer Helpline: 01633 819002

E.4

EARNINGS Average Earnings Index:^a main industrial sectors: effect of bonus payments Great Britain, not seasonally adjur

GREA SIC 199	F BRITAIN 92	Whole economy	(Division 01-93)			Public sector			
		Index	Cha	nge on year (%)		- Index	C	hange on year (%)	
1995=1	00	including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a	including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effecta
1998	Dec	LNMM 117.5	LOUJ 4.3	LOJH 4.2	LOUP 0.1	LNNI 110.8	LOUO 3.3	LOJM 3.2	LOUR 0.1
1999	Jana	115.7	4.5	4.4	0.1	110.3	3.7	3.7	0.0
	Feb ^a Mar	118.7 122.5	5.1 5.0	3.8 3.5	1.3 1.5	111.1 110.6	4.3 3.9	3.8 3.4	0.5 0.5
	Apr May Jun	117.4 117.8 119.0	3.8 4.1 5.3	3.4 3.2 4.1	0.4 0.9 1.2	111.9 113.3 114.4	4.7 4.6 5.2	4.1 3.9 4.6	0.6 0.7 0.5
	Jul Aug Sep	119.3 117.6 117.6	4.3 4.8 4.4	3.3 3.5 3.5	1.0 1.3 0.9	113.5 114.0 114.0	3.9 3.3 3.6	3.3 2.9 3.2	0.6 0.4 0.4
	Oct Nov Dec	118.1 119.1 124.9	5.1 4.9 6.3	3.6 3.4 3.6	1.5 1.5 2.7	113.9 114.4 115.1	3.9 4.2 3.9	3.5 3.8 3.5	0.4 0.4 0.4
2000	Jan	123.2	6.5	4.6	1.9	115.1	4.3	3.9	0.4
	Feb Mar	125.3 129.3	5.6 5.6	4.9 4.5	0.7 1.1	116.3 115.1	4.7 4.1	4.6 4.1	0.1 0.0
	Apr May Jun	122.5 122.4 123.3	4.3 3.9 3.7	4.2 4.6 4.4	0.1 -0.7 -0.7	116.7 117.0 118.0	4.3 3.3 3.1	4.3 3.5 3.2	
	Jul Aug Sep	123.6 122.5 122.2	3.6 4.2 4.0	4.2 4.3 4.2	-0.6 -0.1 -0.2	117.4 118.0 117.7	3.5 3.5 3.3	3.7 3.6 3.4	
	Oct Nov R Dec P	122.7 124.0 131.1	3.9 4.1 5.0	4.4 4.6 4.7	-0.5 -0.5 0.3	117.6 118.5 120.3	3.3 3.6 4.6	3.4 3.8 4.0	-0.1 -0.2 8.6

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Average	Earnings	Index: ^a m	nain indu	strial se	ctors: effe
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REAT BRITAIN C1992	Production (Divi	sions 10-41)			of which: Manufa	of which: Manufacturing (Divisions 15-37)				
6155		Inday	Cha	nge on year (%)		Index	С	hange on year (%)	Datis delt	
05-10	0	including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a	including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a	
8	Dec	LNMO 116.4	LOUL 3.3	LOJJ 3.4	LOUS -0.1	LNMN 116.7	LOUK 3.3	LOJI 3.4	LOUT -0.1	
2	Jana	114.7	4.0	3.5	0.5	115.1	4.1	3.6	0.5	
5	Feb ^a Mar	116.3 120.4	3.4 3.4	2.5 2.4	0.9 1.0	116.7 120.7	3.5 3.5	2.7 2.6	0.8 0.9	
	Apr May Jun	117.3 116.4 116.6	3.5 3.4 3.3	2.5 2.7 2.9	1.0 0.7 0.4	117.5 116.7 117.1	3.6 3.5 3.4	2.6 2.8 3.0	1.0 0.7 0.4	
	Jui Aug Sep	118.2 116.5 116.8	3.4 3.8 4.2	2.6 3.5 3.9	0.8 0.3 0.3	118.7 117.0 117.4	3.6 4.1 4.4	2.9 3.8 4.3	0.7 0.3 0.1	
	Oci Nov Dec	118.3 119.5 122.8	4.3 4.5 5.5	4.0 . 4.1 3.8	0.3 0.4 1.7	119.0 120.3 123.7	4.6 4.8 6.0	4.4 4.5 4.2	0.2 0.3 1.8	
)	Jan	121.2	5.6	4.3	1.3	121.8	. 5.8	4.5	1.3	
	Feb Mar	121.6 125.4	4.6 4.2	4.9 4.8	-0.3 -0.6	122.1 126.1	4.6 4.5	5.1 5.1	-0.5 -0.6	
	Apr May Jup	122.0 121.9 121.8	4.0 4.8 4.4	4.2 4.2 4.3	-0.2 0.6 0.1	122.8 122.7 122.4	4.5 5.2 4.5	4.6 4.7 4.7	-0.1 0.5 -0.2	
	Jul Aug Sep	123.0 120.9 121.6	4.0 3.8 4.1	4.1 3.5 3.6	-0.1 0.3 0.5	124.0 121.8 122.6	4.4 4.1 4.4	4.4 3.7 3.8	0.0 0.4 0.6	
	Oci Nov R Dec P	122.8 124.7 128.4	3.9 4.4 4.6	3.5 3.8 4.0	0.4 0.6 0.6	123.9 125.8 129.6	4.2 4.6 4.8	3.7 4.0 4.2	0.5 0.6 0.6	

		I IIvate sector	- Internet - Internet		and in case		lector services~	In a manual	
		haday	Cha	nge on year (%)			с	hange on year (%)	
		including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a	including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effects
		LNKX	LOUN	LOJL	LOUQ	JJGF	JJGG	JJGK	JJGN
998	Dec	119.2	4.5	4.5	0.0	120.2	4.8		
999	Jana	117.0	4.7	4.6	0.1	118.0	4.9		
	Feba	120.6	5.3	3.7	1.6	122.7	6.0		
	Mar	125.4	5.3	3.5	1.8	127.9	5.7		
	Apr	118.8	3.6	3.2	0.4	119.3	3.3		
	May	118.9	4.0	3.1	0.9	120.1	4.2		
	Jun	120.1	5.4	3.9	1.5	121.6	6.4		
	Ind	100.7	4.4	22	11	1017	40		
	Jui	120.7	4.4	0.0	1.1	121.7	4.9		
	Sep	118.4	4.6	3.6	1.0	118.6	4.8		
	Oct	119.2	5.4	3.6	1.8	119.0	5.7		
	Nov	120.3	5.1	3.3	1.8	120.1	5.3		
	Dec	127.3	6.8	3.6	3.2	129.0	7.2		
00	Jan	125.2	7.0	4.8	2.2	126.9	7.6		
	Feb	127.6	58	49	0.9	130.3	6.2	5.0	
	Mar	132.9	6.0	4.6	1.4	136.0	6.4	4.6	1.8
	Apr	123.9	4.3	4.2	0.1	124.6	4.4	4.1	0.3
	May	123.7	4.0	4.9	-0.9	124.2	3.4	5.1	-1.7
	Jun	124.7	3.8	4.7	-0.9	125.5	3.2	4.8	-1.6
	Jul	125.1	3.6	4.3	-0.7	125.7	3.3	4.2	-0.9
	Aug	123.6	4.3	4.4	-0.1	124.5	4.6	4.9	-0.3
	Sep	123.3	4.2	4.4	-0.2	123.5	4.1	4.6	-0.5
	Oct	124.0	4.0	4.6	-0.6	124.0	4.2	5.2	-1.0
	Nov R	125.4	4.2	4.8	-0.6	125.1	4.2	5.2	-1.0
	Dec P	133.8	5.1	4.9	0.2	135.8	5.3	5.2	0.1

Services (Divisions 50-93)

		Cha	ange on year (%)	- Truins
	including bonus	Including bonus	Excluding bonus ^a	Bonus effect ^a
	LNMP	LOUM	LOJK	LOUU
98 Dec	117.7	4.3	4.3	0.0
19 Jana	115.9	4.6	4.5	0.1
Febr	119.5	5.5	4.0	1.5
Mar	123.1	5.2	3.6	1.6
Apr	117.3	3.6	3.5	0.1
May	'118.2	4.3	3.4	0.9
Jun	119.6	6.1	4.5	1.6
Jul	119.5	4.7	3.6	1.1
Aug	117.7	5.2	3.5	1.7
Sep	117.4	4.5	3.4	1.1
Oct	117.7	5.3	3.3	2.0
Nov	118.6	5.1	3.1	2.0
Dec	125.2	6.4	3.5	2.9
) Jan	123.7	6.7	4.7	2.0
Feb	126.5	5.8	4.8	1.0
Mar	130.2	5.7	4.3	1.4
Apr	122.4	4.4	4.0	0.4
May	122.3	3.4	4.5	-1.1
Jun	123.5	3.2	4.2	-1.0
Jul	123.5	3.3	4.1	-0.8
Aug	122.8	4.3	4.5	-0.2
Sep	121.9	3.9	4.3	-0.4
Oct	122.3	3.9	4.7	-0.8
Nov R	123.4	4.0	4.8	-0.8
Dec P	131.6	52	48	0.4

As a result of a change in the survey questionnaire the series excluding bonuses, and thus the bonus effects series, are subject to a discontinuity between January and February 1999. See pp267-8, Labour Market Trends, May 1999 for further details. a

For further information on the new series, private sector services, please see the article on pp201-203, Labour Market Trends, May 2000.

R Revised Provisional



EARNINGS ect of bonus payments

Great Britain, not seasonally adjusted

Source: Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS Customer Helpline: 01633819002

These tables present the results of projecting the April 2000 New Earnings Survey (NES) to October 2000, and compare the actual NES figures to the projected April figures published in August.

Estimated average earnings in October 2000

It is estimated that the average gross weekly earnings of full-time adult employees in October 2000 were £411.3. The tables show the detailed figures for nine occupation groups (and manual/non-manual), selected industry groups, and Government Office Regions.

For categories not shown in the tables, users can construct their own October 2000 projections by applying the appropriate multiplier from *Box 1* to the NES estimates for April 2000.

The multipliers are produced by scaling the equivalent 3 x 3 table of annual increases in weekly earnings obtained from the 1999 and 2000 New Earnings Surveys so that the overall increase (which was 2.3 per cent) equals the 0.2 per cent increase in the Average Earnings Index (AEI) between April 2000 and October 2000. The AEI used is an unpublished period that every server of perseries that excludes arrears of pay.

Oc	cupation		Alle	employees on ad	ultrates
		Major group	Male	Female	A
Ма	nagers and administrators	1	669.5	469.7	200
Pro	fessional occupations	2	601.6	497.3	580
Ass	sociate professional and				000.
te	chnical occupations	3	520.3	407.0	4501
Cle	rical and secretarial occupations	4	302.5	272.4	2821
Cra	ft and related occupations	5	378.0	247.1	360
Per	sonal and protective service				0003
00	cupations	6	363.7	240.6	3061
Sal	esoccupations	7	356.2	246.4	306
Pla	nt and machine operatives	8	345.9	243.3	300
Oth	eroccupations	9	298.9	208.1	281.
Allr	non-manual occupations		534.4	358.2	4531
Allr	manual occupations		344.7	228.4	304
All	occupations	1-9	454.0	338.3	311

Table A: Average gross weekly earnings for full-time employees on adult rates; Great Britain; October 2000

	Men	Women	All
Manual Non-manual	1.0022 1.0009	1.0023 1.0020	1.0023 1.0012
All	1.0015	1.0022	1.0017

able C: Average gross weekly earnings for full-time employees on adult rates, October 2000

on	Male			Female			Male and f	emale	NUT OF THE
	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All
East	346.9	457.7	399.5	215.9	325.5	306.7	326.6	392.7	366.4
West	338.6	504.7	429.3	223.3	330.1	313.5	319.3	421.4	386.3
au/ci09	347.4	500.7	433.1	221.3	333.3	320.6	328.8	414.5	388.1
service North West	337.0	505.5	428.6	223.6	329.3	311.9	317.6	422.9	385.9
him and the Humber	341.6	475.9	410.5	213.5	329.2	309.5	320.7	406.3	374.3
Edlands	328.4	481.3	407.6	216.6	326.7	301.8	306.8	414.7	372.0
Midlands	336.5	505.2	426.0	229.4	330.0	311.9	318.5	426.3	386.5
Mora	329.2	488.4	418.8	226.5	326.6	310.5	311.4	414.6	379.7
AARON	352.1	533.3	456.2	229.2	352.2	334.5	333.1	452.3	413.4
	387.4	670.4	593.9	261.6	453.8	435.3	363.3	572.8	530.7
n East	356.3	554.2	482.8	247.8	371.3	353.9	336.0	473.3	434.9
	346.2	541.2	459.9	230.6	362.3	342.2	326.1	459.8	417.0
no	336.2	463.2	401.1	214.7	333.2	314.4	316.6	398.8	368.7
s ind	336.1	496.8	423.6	217.8	336.0	316.8	313.1	414.7	380.4
Britain	344.7	534.4	454.0	228.4	358.2	338.3	324.3	453.0	411.3

cy of quarterly projections for July 1999 to April 2000 Accus

The Actil 2000 results provide a means to check the accuracy of the quarterly projections of the 1999 NES (see *Table D*). The growth rate in the NES was 2 percentage points lower than that of the AEI. The NES also showed that the growth rate in women's the qu

he projected April 1999 average earnings published in the ber 2000 Labour Market Trends, similar percentage ces can be calculated from the categories of Tables A,B Projected results were similar to the actual NES 2000 epte and

Table B: Average gross weekly earnings for full-time employees on adult rates; Great Britain; October 2000

Industry	SIC	Male			Female			Male and f	emale	
	code	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All	Manual	Non- manual	All
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	А	271.2	390.5	295.6	225.6	260.2	243.4	266.2	346.7	236.8
Mining and quarrying	С	394.5		546.4		•		393.1	631.4	5221
Manufacturing	D	364.8	551.1	436.7	240.6	353.1	304.2	344.2	493.7	8.7.7
Manufacture of food products	DA	338.2	579.0	411.1	253.4	365.8	300.4	318.5	508.0	321.7
Manufacture of textile and textile products	DB	295.5	481.3	364.2	204.5	299.3	231.5	250.4	408.4	3.2.6
Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper										
products; publishing and printing	DE	399.6	563.2	482.2	259.9	365.2	340.6	375.5	483.9	458.6
Manufacture of electircal and optical equipment	DL	343.6	547.2	445.0	239.1	356.0	293.3	313.6	497.5	433.4
Manufacture of transport equipment	DM	417.5	590.3	476.3	277.6	386.0	348.3	- 409.2	552.6	49:28
Electricity, gas and water supply	E	454.3	612.3	543.2		388.0	388.3	453.8	539.1	589.7
Construction	F	369.9	540.3	423.7		320.9	319.1	369.4	488.1	414.1
Wholesale and retail trade	G	308.8	449.3	402.1	213.9	286.4	279.1	295.9	381.9	355.0
Hotels and restaurants	н	240.8	412.9	302.3	185.1	298.0	234.3	217.5	355.5	271.6
Transport, storage and communication	1	367.8	549.1	436.1	321.0	360.2	352.6	364.1	479.0	418.0
Financial intermediation	J	386.8	665.9	654.9	•	381.4	380.1	360.4	523.8	5200
Real estate, renting and business activities	К	323.5	593.0	523.8	235.1	375.8	364.1	309.4	502.1	464.9
Public administration and defence	L	311.7	469.1	448.5	239.8	344.0	340.9	301.9	413.8	403.9
Education	M	290.2	498.2	452.0	227.4	398.7	386.0	271.0	437.1	414.3
Health and social work	Ν	284.2	549.9	473.3	204.7	361.2	335.4	237.7	409.4	375.0
Other community, social and personal										
service activities	0	301.9	515.0	437.5	205.1	358.6	327.4	274.7	441.9	382.2
All industries and services	A-Q	344.7	534.4	454.0	228.4	358.2	338.3	324.3	453.0	411.3

Notavailable

a Statistical updates in this series will appear quarterly in the December, March, June and September issues of Labour Market Trends.

ojected April 2000 results compared with actual results able D

	Male			Female			All		the second the second
	Projected	Actual	Percentage	Projected	Actual	Percentage	Projected	Actual	Percentage
ualworkers	343.4	343.9	-0.1	236.3	227.9	3.7	324.8	323.6	0.4
manualworkers	547.0	533.9	2.5	367.3	357.5	2.7	463.5	452.4	2.5
	459.4	453.3	1.3	346.9	337.6	2.8	417.9	410.6	1.8

nings Survey is conducted in April each year and is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees in employment in Great Britain. For full details, see New Earnings Survey 2000 Part A (available from no. 140, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, Gwent, NP108XG, tel 01633812078 or on the National Statistics webiste at www.statistics.gov.uk).

The data for manual and non-manual employees has been revised following the discovery of an error in the classification of occupations to these categories. See the News release issued on 14 December 2000 for further details.

For revised figures for the July projections please contact the New Earnings Survey Customer Helpline.

Quarterly projections of the New Earnings Survey^a October 2000

weekly earnings was 0.9 percentage points higher than men's.

Source: New Earnings Survey and Average Earnings Index New Earnings Survey Customer Helpline: 01633 819 024

E.12 **NEW EARNINGS SURVEY^a**

Average earnings and hours of full-time manual employees by industry gro

NEW EAF warage earnings and hours of full-time manual employees

Real estate, renting & busi-ness activities

225.6 241.6 257.5 258.6 260.1 270.7 277.5 292.4 302.7 312.3 322.8

47.3 47.3 46.3 46.4 46.9 46.8 46.4 46.7 46.4 45.5 44.8

 $\begin{array}{r} 4.88\\ 5.17\\ 5.61\\ 5.64\\ 5.64\\ 5.79\\ 6.27\\ 6.53\\ 6.86\\ 7.20\end{array}$

154.4 168.0 169.6 175.4 178.6 185.5 199.8 205.3 211.9 221.5 234.6

39.6 39.7 40.6 40.4 40.7 40.6 41.5 41.8 41.4 40.4 40.4

3.95 4.33 4.35 4.42 4.60 4.60 4.60 4.82 4.92 5.08 5.48 5.48 5.82

217.2 232.5 247.7 249.1 249.5 258.5 266.2 278.2 289.1 298.2 308.7

46.4 46.4 45.7 45.7 45.9 45.9 45.9 45.6 44.7 44.1

4.79 5.09 5.49 5.52 5.53 5.64 5.83 6.07 6.33 6.67 7.00

Wholesale Hotels & retail and trade; restaur-repair of ants motor vehicles

200.2 217.3 233.1 241.7 249.1 255.9 264.1 275.1 292.2 299.4 308.1

44.1 43.9 43.7 43.9 44.1 44.4 44.4 44.0 44.3 43.9 43.8

4.55 4.97 5.36 5.52 5.65 5.76 5.91 6.26 6.59 6.84 7.03

132.8 148.3 156.8 169.0 170.6 169.8 185.4 194.1 203.6 215.3 213.4

39.5 40.0 39.7 40.3 40.1 39.5 40.0 40.3 39.9 39.2

3.37 3.71 3.97 4.20 4.27 4.30 4.63 4.81 5.06 5.44 5.45

192.4 207.9 223.4 232.2 238.1 244.5 253.5 264.3 280.3 280.3 287.7 295.2

43.5 43.3 43.2 43.4 43.6 43.7 43.8 43.5 43.8 43.5 43.8 43.4 43.2

4.43 4.81 5.19 5.36 5.47 5.58 5.75 6.08 6.40 6.66 6.84

165.2 174.4 189.2 190.7 188.2 199.2 203.3 213.9 227.0 230.5 240.3

42.6 41.9 42.0 41.9 42.2 42.1 41.9 42.5 42.1 41.8

3.85 4.13 4.52 4.56 4.67 4.71 4.83 5.10 5.34 5.48 5.74

126.1 135.0 138.1 139.5 145.6 148.8 156.7 160.5 170.8 180.5 184.7

39.0 39.1 38.8 39.1 39.4 39.4 39.4 39.4 39.4 39.2 39.4 39.3 39.2

3.26 3.50 3.61 3.66 3.79 3.79 3.98 4.07 4.30 4.55 4.72

145.5 155.5 165.5 167.5 169.9 177.1 182.4 190.6 203.6 210.3 217.1

40.7 40.5 40.6 40.5 40.7 41.0 40.9 40.7 41.2 41.0 40.7

3.55 3.83 4.11 4.16 4.30 4.32 4.46 4.67 4.93 5.12 5.33

ricity, Construct

246.1 257.1 274.7 275.0 279.4 295.1 308.2 324.8 342.3 351.3 369.1

 $\begin{array}{r} 46.0\\ 45.4\\ 45.0\\ 44.7\\ 45.3\\ 46.1\\ 45.8\\ 46.9\\ 46.9\\ 46.4\\ 46.6\end{array}$

5.31 5.63 6.08 6.15 6.16 6.39 6.71 6.92 7.29 7.56 7.92

148.6 179.2 174.0 187.6

42.0 40.2 40.7 40.0 40.5 41.5 41.7 43.8

39.5

5.57

245.3 256.6 273.7 273.9 278.4 293.9 307.0 323.4 340.9 350.9 368.6

46.0 45.3 44.9 44.6 45.2 46.0 45.8 46.9 46.4 46.9 46.4 46.6

5.30 5.63 6.06 6.13 6.15 6.38 6.70 6.90 7.27 7.56 7.92

Transport storage & comm-unication

248.6 267.0 282.6 292.7 299.6 305.3 314.9 328.4 344.0 359.6 367.0

47.6 46.6 47.1 46.8 47.3 47.8 47.6 48.5 48.0 47.5 47.4

 $\begin{array}{c} 5.22 \\ 5.72 \\ 6.01 \\ 6.28 \\ 6.35 \\ 6.38 \\ 6.60 \\ 6.77 \\ 7.17 \\ 7.56 \\ 7.75 \end{array}$

198.1 223.8 246.3 274.6 278.0 284.8 286.7 278.3 292.7 311.5 320.3

41.4 42.5 42.0 42.3 42.0 42.4 42.2 42.0 41.5 41.7

4.61 5.23 5.48 5.81 5.92 6.25 6.29 6.52 6.98 7.52 7.69

244.7 263.8 280.0 291.3 297.9 303.8 312.5 324.6 340.0 355.7 363.3

47.2 46.3 46.8 46.5 47.0 47.4 47.3 48.1 47.6 47.0 46.9

 $\begin{array}{c} 5.19\\ 5.69\\ 5.98\\ 6.25\\ 6.33\\ 6.37\\ 6.58\\ 6.76\\ 7.16\\ 7.56\\ 7.74\end{array}$

internation

288.4 316.6 322.7 321.4 321.5 347.2 373.8 381.6 394.8 377.9 386.0

40.7 41.1 42.6 41.8 42.9 42.2 42.5 42.1 42.5 39.9 39.8

7.21 7.77 7.51 7.71 7.55 8.25 8.76 9.07 9.28 9.46 9.72

201.7 217.8 215.7 197.1

37.0 37.0 38.0 39.2 38.2 37.8 37.9 37.5

38.1

276.0 303.0 305.2 301.5 307.1 323.8 349.7 355.6 367.3 353.6 353.6 359.6

40.2 40.6 41.9 41.4 42.4 41.4 41.7 41.3 41.6 39.7 39.5

6.98 7.55 7.33 7.34 7.32 7.83 8.34 8.61 8.84 8.92 9.11

GREAT BRITAIN SIC	All indust- ries	All index of product- ion indust- ries	All manu- facturing	All services	Agri- culture, hunting, forestry & fishing	Mining & quarry- ing	Manu- facture of food products; beverages & tobacco	Manu- facture of textiles & textile products; leather	Manu- facture of pulp, paper & products; publishing & printing	Manu- facture of chem- icals, ch. products & man- made fibr	Manu- facture of rubber & plastic products	Manu- facture of other non-metal- lic mineral products	Manu- facture of basic metals & fabric- ated meta products	Manu- facture of machin- ery & equipment	Mar fact of e trica opti	nu- ure elec- al & ical ipmen	Manu- facture of trans- port equipmen	Other manu- facturing t	Electricit gas & water supply
1992 MALE	A-Q	C-E	<u>D</u>	G-Q	A&B	С	DA	DBDC	DE	DG	DH	DI	DJ	DK	DL	_	DM	DD,DF,DN	E
Weekly ea 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	rnings (£s) 237.2 253.1 268.4 274.4 279.9 291.0 301.3 314.3 328.5 335.0 343.9	254.4 287.6 293.9 301.9 315.8 327.4 340.9 355.9 358.3 367.4	250.5 263.2 280.8 288.8 297.9 312.4 323.6 337.5 352.6 354.6 364.0	217.3 236.8 250.6 262.3 269.3 277.3 289.3 302.6 313.0 322.1	179.0 192.5 203.0 213.7 217.7 235.7 241.9 252.1 260.9 272.8 271.5	311.1 357.4 375.5 355.4 334.8 367.8 400.5 408.3 396.0 393.6	247.4 269.3 280.3 288.2 294.0 304.7 315.3 319.2 330.7 338.4 337.5	205.3 213.9 233.1 245.1 248.4 258.7 270.6 276.9 275.5 276.3 297.2	276.8 293.6 308.4 318.9 335.6 348.8 361.8 361.8 377.9 394.3 397.2 398.7	272.8 287.7 310.6 322.8 332.3 344.1 346.8 381.8 392.8 397.4 392.3	240.3 247.8 264.0 275.3 285.7 295.6 298.9 318.9 324.0 329.2 338.6	243.7 258.4 265.7 272.3 286.3 300.4 309.8 325.2 340.7 343.7 347.9	249.8 258.0 276.2 283.1 295.7 315.8 326.4 342.5 358.7 356.4 369.0	247.2 252.6 275.7 285.1 296.0 319.4 326.1 344.4 356.5 358.3 380.3	24 22 22 22 22 23 33 33 33 33 34	41.4 57.6 72.9 33.1 30.7 30.7 30.7 20.7 20.7 20.7 29.3 42.8	270.9 283.8 308.5 314.8 330.6 349.6 349.6 378.7 406.0 401.8 416.6	234.6 245.6 264.2 265.2 274.7 286.1 290.5 304.2 308.2 320.9	277.0 298.4 334.7 352.5 369.0 373.9 399.7 401.2 418.6 440.5 453.3
Hours wor 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	rked 45.3 44.4 44.5 44.3 44.7 45.2 44.8 45.1 45.0 44.4 44.3	45.1 43.7 44.0 43.7 44.0 44.8 44.2 44.6 44.4 43.6 43.6	45.2 43.6 43.9 43.7 44.1 44.8 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.3 43.5 43.6	45.2 44.9 44.8 44.7 45.1 45.3 45.1 45.2 45.2 45.2 44.7 44.4	47.4 47.8 46.9 46.8 46.9 47.9 47.5 47.8 46.9 47.4 45.8	46.9 48.0 48.7 48.3 49.4 51.9 50.8 52.0 50.1 51.7 48.7	46.5 46.2 45.9 45.5 45.6 46.2 45.0 45.6 45.4 45.0 44.7	44.1 432 43.8 44.3 44.3 44.3 43.9 44.1 44.3 43.5 42.6 43.0	43.6 42.7 42.7 43.0 43.1 43.6 43.7 43.9 43.7 43.5 43.2	43.5 42.9 42.8 43.0 43.1 43.2 42.6 42.6 42.3 41.8 41.2	44.9 43.8 43.8 44.3 44.8 45.7 44.5 45.1 45.2 44.0 43.7	46.1 45.3 44.9 44.6 45.0 45.3 44.6 44.8 44.6 44.3 44.1	45.9 43.9 44.7 44.4 45.9 45.4 45.5 45.5 44.4 44.8	45.5 43.1 43.6 43.8 45.4 44.2 44.9 44.9 44.0 43.1 43.6		14.7 132 13.0 12.8 13.4 13.5 13.5 13.5 14.5 14.7 14.7 14.7	45.1 425 43.0 422 42.9 44.0 43.0 43.4 44.3 42.8 43.0	45.3 43.6 44.1 43.4 44.5 44.6 44.4 44.7 44.5 44.2 44.2	42.3 42.1 42.0 42.0 41.9 42.5 42.6 42.1 42.5 42.8 41.5
Hourly ear 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	rnings (£s) 5.25 5.70 6.05 6.21 6.30 6.44 6.30 6.97 7.30 7.54 7.78	5.62 6.14 6.53 6.71 6.85 7.05 7.37 7.64 8.02 8.23 8.43	5.53 6.02 6.39 6.60 6.75 6.97 7.29 7.58 7.58 7.96 8.15 8.35	4.83 5.29 5.62 5.80 5.87 5.94 6.13 6.40 6.70 7.01 7.27	3.76 4.02 4.37 4.56 4.70 4.92 5.08 5.27 5.56 5.76 5.93	6.45 7.26 7.68 7.21 6.62 6.75 7.15 7.70 8.14 7.66 8.08	5.30 5.84 6.08 6.37 6.42 6.58 7.00 7.00 7.28 7.52 7.56	4.65 4.96 5.33 5.53 5.60 6.15 6.25 6.34 6.49 6.91	6.31 6.81 7.24 7.39 7.82 8.01 8.30 8.59 9.02 9.12 9.24	6.23 6.69 7.23 7.43 7.69 7.97 8.09 8.96 9.29 9.51 9.52	5.34 5.64 6.03 6.19 6.36 6.47 6.70 7.04 7.13 7.46 7.77	5.26 5.67 5.88 6.00 6.22 6.62 7.27 7.64 7.76 7.88	5.43 5.87 6.17 6.37 6.61 6.88 7.18 7.50 7.88 8.03 8.25	5.43 5.87 6.54 6.54 6.54 7.04 7.04 7.05 7.67 8.11 8.31 8.31 8.31		5.40 5.96 5.36 5.58 5.56 5.70 7.04 7.22 7.68 7.89 3.14	5.99 6.68 7.18 7.47 7.71 7.95 8.28 8.73 9.17 9.39 9.68	5.19 5.65 5.97 6.07 5.94 6.16 6.44 6.50 6.83 6.97 7.25	6.55 7.10 7.98 8.42 8.90 8.81 9.38 9.45 9.85 10.30 10.93
FEMALE Weekly ea 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	rrings (£s) 148.1 1592 170.1 177.1 188.3 195.2 201.1 210.8 221.9 227.9	153.0 162.4 174.8 182.2 187.0 199.0 205.0 214.2 224.2 232.0 240.3	152.9 162.2 174.6 181.8 186.7 198.8 205.0 214.1 224.2 231.7 240.0	143.7 156.3 166.4 173.2 177.8 177.8 187.9 191.7 201.6 215.7 220.7	134.0 142.1 150.4 156.2 171.9 179.4 177.9 186.9 187.8 200.1 226.1	190.0 200.4 	164.8 176.8 191.3 199.5 200.6 214.3 218.5 229.4 239.9 243.4 252.8	131.3 137.2 147.4 152.8 156.5 169.5 174.7 180.3 188.2 194.8 203.9	175.1 185.0 196.7 210.4 214.5 234.2 228.2 238.2 250.1 262.8 259.3	171.9 181.9 194.0 203.4 213.2 220.0 234.2 263.2 263.2 265.2 272.8 277.6	149.3 156.1 168.9 176.0 183.1 178.1 190.0 206.0 219.6 224.2 232.6	152.6 168.2 176.5 183.2 188.9 209.9 214.2 228.4 213.9 225.0 247.5	147.7 1532 1692 176.8 178.3 199.7 195.7 206.2 216.3 205.3 205.3 223.4	163.9 166.5 182.4 1910 202.9 217.1 216.0 225.9 237.7 236.1 254.1	15 16 18 19 20 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	57.0 67.8 81.6 91.1 97.4 07.5 07.9 24.9 31.6 38.5	184.7 190.6 207.7 223.0 235.8 251.4 257.5 276.8 284.1 283.8 277.0	151.8 165.0 174.1 182.4 183.5 195.2 209.2 207.7 218.6 224.8 235.6	190.1 187.2 201.3 214.0
Hours wor 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	ked 39.8 39.8 39.8 40.1 40.3 40.2 40.2 40.2 39.9 39.8	40.5 40.0 40.2 40.3 40.6 40.9 40.7 40.8 40.7 40.4 40.4	40.5 40.0 40.2 40.3 40.6 40.9 40.7 40.8 40.7 40.4 40.4	39.0 39.4 39.5 39.3 39.6 39.7 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.4	41.1 42.3 40.7 41.9 422 420 41.3 40.9 42.3 41.9 42.9	38.5 402 37.5	41.6 41.5 41.6 41.5 41.7 42.0 41.8 41.8 41.8 41.5 41.5 41.3	39.5 39.1 39.2 39.3 39.5 39.6 39.5 39.6 39.6 39.4 39.3 39.4	40.3 39.8 39.7 40.6 40.3 41.5 40.5 40.8 40.8 40.4 40.2	40.7 40.0 39.9 40.1 40.5 40.7 41.6 40.5 40.7 39.9	41.5 40.8 41.3 41.0 41.6 40.8 42.2 42.0 42.4 41.6 41.9	40.5 40.8 40.6 40.4 40.3 40.7 41.0 40.1 40.0 40.2 40.8	41.1 40.1 40.5 40.8 41.1 41.8 40.9 41.4 41.0 40.6 41.6	41.2 39.2 40.2 41.0 41.0 41.0 41.0 40.8 41.0 39.9 39.9 39.9		40.7 40.2 40.4 40.7 40.9 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.2	41.4 39.4 40.6 40.1 41.8 42.0 41.4 42.1 41.4 40.1 40.1	40.6 40.0 40.3 40.3 41.1 41.0 41.0 40.9 40.8 40.5 40.6	39.3 37.2 38.0 37.0 38.7 38.4
Hourly ear 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1998 1999 2000	nings (£s) 3.73 4.01 4.28 4.43 4.53 4.64 4.81 4.99 5.23 5.56 5.74	3.78 4.06 4.35 4.53 4.61 4.87 5.04 5.26 5.52 5.75 5.94	3.77 4.06 4.34 4.52 4.60 4.87 5.04 5.26 5.52 5.74 5.94	3.68 3.97 4.23 4.34 4.46 4.45 4.63 4.79 5.04 5.45 5.62	3.32 3.39 3.74 3.76 4.15 4.27 4.33 4.50 4.44 4.76 5.39		3.97 4.27 4.60 4.81 5.11 5.24 5.49 5.49 5.78 5.87 6.12	3.33 3.51 3.95 3.91 3.97 4.27 4.42 4.56 4.56 4.58 4.96 5.18	4.35 4.65 4.94 5.19 5.30 5.65 5.62 5.86 6.15 6.50 6.45	4.22 4.56 4.86 5.08 5.29 5.40 5.62 6.32 6.32 6.32 6.32 6.37 6.71 6.97	3.60 3.84 4.10 4.30 4.41 4.39 4.53 5.18 5.18 5.18 5.14 5.54	3.79 4.13 4.32 4.54 4.69 5.16 5.24 5.70 5.35 5.60 6.06	3.59 3.79 4.38 4.33 4.33 4.33 4.76 4.39 4.96 5.26 5.26 5.27	3.99 4.25 4.75 4.95 5.28 5.28 5.51 5.82 5.82 5.82 5.82	I	3.86 4.17 4.50 4.58 4.71 4.83 5.13 5.13 5.52 5.76 5.95	4.46 4.84 5.13 5.57 5.60 5.99 6.18 6.58 6.87 7.07 6.92	3.72 4.14 4.34 4.53 4.46 4.78 5.12 5.10 5.35 5.55 5.80	4.84 5.04 5.30
ALL Weekly ea 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	rnings (£s) 221.2 236.2 250.8 256.6 261.7 271.5 281.1 292.9 307.3 315.0 323.6	236.1 249.7 266.8 273.5 280.1 293.6 304.9 318.4 333.6 337.7 347.2	231.4 243.0 259.6 267.9 275.7 289.8 300.8 314.6 329.9 333.7 343.5	201.4 219.7 233.3 239.8 244.4 244.7 257.2 267.4 280.7 280.7 280.2 300.2	175.1 187.6 198.1 208.3 213.3 230.1 235.5 245.5 245.5 252.4 264.5 266.5	309.3 354.8 372.8 355.2 333.7 356.3 366.5 388.9 403.8 392.5 392.3	226.9 244.2 257.2 265.3 269.8 281.5 291.3 296.8 307.4 315.4 315.4 317.8	165.0 171.4 185.9 195.4 199.1 211.1 220.8 227.6 231.5 235.5 252.6	258.6 272.0 287.1 299.6 314.4 329.1 338.7 354.6 372.4 375.6 374.7	253.3 265.4 288.8 299.4 307.7 314.3 320.8 355.3 367.8 370.8 370.8	225.3 232.0 247.1 265.6 274.4 280.0 300.3 307.6 313.5 323.1	231.5 247.1 253.9 259.4 271.9 287.0 295.5 311.2 323.0 330.0 330.0 335.8	241.6 249.1 267.6 274.8 286.9 306.8 317.7 333.4 349.6 347.4 359.9	240.2 244.2 266.8 276.6 287.3 310.3 316.6 334.0 347.1 350.2 371.9		215.8 231.9 245.1 255.0 254.3 262.5 274.5 282.3 297.3 301.2 312.9	265.4 278.4 302.1 309.3 324.6 343.4 356.4 372.5 399.2 394.5 408.3	223.2 235.1 251.4 251.8 252.1 263.2 275.4 280.7 293.7 298.1 310.9	275.7 296.5 332.4 350.2 367.2 372.5 399.6 416.2 439.5 452.8
Hours wor 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	ked 44.3 43.6 43.7 43.5 43.8 44.3 44.0 44.2 44.1 43.6 43.5	44.2 43.0 43.3 43.1 43.4 44.1 43.6 43.9 43.7 43.0 43.1	44.3 42.9 43.2 43.4 43.4 44.0 43.5 43.8 43.7 43.0 43.1	43.9 43.8 43.6 44.0 44.1 44.0 44.0 44.0 44.0 43.6 43.3	46.9 47.3 46.3 46.4 47.3 46.9 47.1 46.9 47.1 46.4 46.8 45.4	46.8 47.8 48.5 48.2 49.1 51.9 50.8 51.9 49.9 51.6 48.7	45.3 44.9 44.7 44.4 44.5 45.1 44.2 44.7 44.4 44.2 43.9	41.5 41.0 41.3 41.6 41.7 41.6 41.7 41.9 41.4 40.9 41.3	43.0 42.1 42.6 42.6 43.2 43.1 43.4 43.3 43.0 42.6	429 423 424 425 426 424 424 419 41.6 41.0	44.4 43.2 43.3 43.7 44.2 44.8 44.1 44.6 44.8 43.6 43.4	45.3 44.7 44.3 44.0 44.3 44.6 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.1 44.0 43.8 43.7	45.5 43.6 44.4 44.1 44.5 45.6 45.1 45.3 45.2 44.2 44.6	45.1 42.7 43.3 43.6 45.0 44.0 44.6 43.7 42.9 43.4		43.5 42.4 42.2 42.1 42.2 42.7 42.5 42.6 42.1 41.3 41.5	44.9 42.3 42.8 42.1 42.8 43.9 42.9 43.3 44.1 42.6 42.8	44.6 43.1 43.5 42.9 44.0 44.1 44.0 44.2 44.1 43.8 43.8	42.3 42.0 41.9 41.9 41.8 42.4 42.6 42.0 42.4 42.7 41.4
Hourly ear 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	nings (£s) 5.00 5.43 5.76 5.92 6.01 6.13 6.37 6.63 6.96 7.23 7.45	5.31 5.78 6.15 6.33 6.44 6.67 7.25 7.63 7.85 8.06	5.21 5.65 6.00 6.21 6.34 6.58 7.18 7.56 7.77 7.98	4.62 5.05 5.37 5.53 5.62 5.65 5.83 6.07 6.37 6.70 6.95	3.73 3.97 4.32 4.49 4.65 4.86 5.01 5.20 5.44 5.66 5.88	6.42 7.23 7.64 7.23 6.63 6.74 7.15 7.69 8.07 7.61 8.06	4.99 5.43 5.70 5.98 6.02 6.23 6.58 6.65 6.92 7.14 7.24	3.97 4.20 4.51 4.71 5.07 5.30 5.43 5.59 5.75 6.12	5.98 6.39 6.82 7.00 7.40 7.86 8.17 8.61 8.73 8.79	5.85 626 6.80 7.20 7.38 7.53 8.38 8.77 8.92 9.04	5.06 5.34 5.70 5.88 5.99 6.13 6.34 6.72 6.84 7.17 7.45	5.08 5.49 5.68 5.79 6.01 6.42 6.69 7.06 7.35 7.53 7.53	525 5.77 6.02 6.42 6.42 7.04 7.32 7.72 7.33 7.73 7.80	5.32 5.72 6.16 6.39 6.58 6.89 7.18 7.50 7.50 8.16 8.58		4.96 5.47 5.81 6.02 6.03 6.16 6.45 6.62 7.07 7.30 7.53	5.90 6.58 7.06 7.36 7.58 8.15 8.61 9.05 9.26 9.53	5.01 5.46 5.76 5.86 5.72 5.98 6.27 6.35 6.67 6.81 7.10	6.52 7.07 7.94 8.38 8.87 9.36 9.36 9.42 9.81 10.29 10.93

The New Earnings Survey is conducted in April each year and is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees in employment in Great Britain. For full details, see New Earnings Sur from NS direct, Rm D. 140, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, Gwent, NP10 8XG, tel 01633 812 078 or on the National Statistics webiste at www.statistics.gov.uk)

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	RNIN by i	IGS S ndust	SURV	EY	a)	Ε.	12
Padoss	ublic dmin & efence; ompul- ory social ecurity	Education	Health & social work	Oth con ity, & p ser act	ner nmun- social bersonal vice ivities	-taiter and	GREAT
F		<u>M</u>	<u>N</u>	_ 0			1992
	200.6 219.6 234.0 259.6 257.6 257.6 264 257.6 289.0 307.5 311.0	183.4 199.4 218.4 227.9 232.2 243.5 268.7 277.9 285.2 289.6	186. 203. 217. 225. 228. 230. 242. 250. 264. 267. 283.	9 9 9 4 3 1 6 2 7 4 7 6	Wee 206.6 230.0 239.5 246.1 250.2 259.4 264.4 289.0 300.8 301.2	kly earnii	MALE ngs (£s) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	432 422 421 41.7 420 41.4 424 423 41.9 422 41.3	43.0 43.1 42.6 42.5 41.9 41.7 41.5 41.7 40.8 40.2	42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 41 41 41	2 6 4 2 0 0 .0 .7 .4 .1 .8 .8	43.4 43.9 432 432 44.2 44.2 44.0 44.3 44.8 44.8 44.8 43.4	Hours	vorked 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	4.61 5.20 5.58 6.15 6.23 6.50 6.66 6.90 7.30 7.56	4.28 4.57 5.04 5.35 5.47 5.47 5.85 5.85 6.66 7.00 7.22	4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	.43 .81 .15 .38 .45 .50 .81 .92 .26 .41 .91	Hot 4.77 5.25 5.61 5.73 5.74 5.89 6.03 6.33 6.47 6.72 6.95	ırly earnii	ngs (£s) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	159.4	145.9	139	9.4	We 132.5	F eklyearni	EMALE ings(£s) 1990
	170.5 192.3 195.9 195.7 204.4 214.6 218.5 232.2 232.3 239.2	139.0 153.5 157.3 158.0 167.7 167.3 197.1 203.7 223.0 226.9	151 164 168 173 172 177 177 177 187 199 204	1.6 1.3 3.1 3.4 2.7 7.1 3.5 7.2 9.5 1.2	139.5 141.7 153.8 159.5 161.2 166.6 176.0 178.1 197.4 204.6		1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	38.6 38.8 40.3 39.1 38.9 39.5 39.6 39.4 39.6 38.6 38.4	36.5 38.1 37.9 37.5 38.8 38.6 38.8 38.0 38.3 38.0 37.9	34 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	3.7 3.9 3.8 3.5 9.0 9.5 9.2 9.1 9.3 9.1 9.2	39.2 39.8 38.9 39.5 39.6 39.6 40.0 39.7 39.6 39.8 39.3	Hours	worked 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	4.09 4.41 4.78 5.02 5.04 5.18 5.43 5.57 5.89 6.09 6.38	4.0 3.6 3.9 4.1 4.2 4.3 5.0 5.3 5.8 6.0	0 22 33 88 4 11 5 55 4 60 9 60 9 60 9 60 9 60 9 60 9 60 9 60 9	3.64 3.95 4.32 4.41 4.52 4.39 4.52 4.56 4.75 5.10 5.24	Ho 3.40 3.53 3.69 4.04 4.07 4.17 4.45 4.50 4.94 5.25	urly earn	ings (£s) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	192.4 210.3 226.6 246.5 249.7 247.4 264.7 271.4 280.7 296.9 301.3	165.6 180.1 197.2 205.4 208.4 210.8 220.0 224.3 254.8 266.0 270.3	i 15 17 18 19 19 20 20 20 21 22 23 23	9.9 3.4 6.6 1.9 5.9 4.3 1.5 8.1 8.1 8.9 7.8 7.2	We 189.6 209.4 216.8 223.7 227.6 237.0 241.8 249.1 258.3 273.8 273.8 273.8	eekiy earr	ALL 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	42.3 41.6 41.8 41.3 41.5 41.0 41.9 41.8 41.6 41.7 40.9	40.0 41.5 41.2 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.0 40.0 40.0 39.5	0 4 5 4 6 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4	0.3 0.5 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.2 0.3	425 43.0 422 42.4 43.1 43.2 43.0 42.9 43.3 43.5 42.2	Hours	sworked 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
99923437370	4.52 5.00 5.44 5.93 6.02 6.02 6.02 6.55 6.77 7.11 7.4	2 4: 4 4: 3 5: 4 5: 5 5: 6 6: 6 6: 6 6: 1 6:	17 29 73 72 11 15 39 22 27 86 86	4.01 4.34 4.71 4.85 4.94 4.82 5.03 5.14 5.40 5.66 5.95	Ho 4.49 5.21 5.33 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 6.25 6.5	ourly earr	ings (£s) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
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E.	13	NE	W EA	RNING	as su gs and	RVEY hour	a s of fu	II-time	non-r	nanua	l emp	loyees	by in	dustry	Group
GREAT BRITAIN	All indust- ries	All index of product- ion indust- ries	All manu- facturing	All services	Agri- culture, hunting, forestry & fishing	Mining & quarry- ing	Manu- facture of food products; beverages & tobacco	Manu- facture of textiles & textile products; leather	Manu- facture of pulp, paper & products; publishing	Manu- facture of chem- icals, ch. products & man-	Manu- facture of rubber & plastic products	Manu- facture of other non-metal- lic mineral products	Manu- facture of basic metals & fabric- ated meta	Manu- facture of machin- ery & equipment	g. oup
1992 MALE		С-Е		G-Q	A&B	<u>c</u>	DA	DBDC	& printing DE	DG	DH	DI	products DJ	DK	
Weekly ear 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	rnings(£s) 355.1 375.7 400.8 418.9 430.1 445.4 445.4 464.0 483.5 506.1 525.5 533.9	369.7 388.3 412.8 431.7 443.6 461.2 487.3 497.0 532.2 547.6 557.8	366.1 382.4 404.5 424.9 436.2 453.5 479.6 489.2 525.9 541.6 550.6	350.4 371.7 398.0 416.4 427.7 442.4 458.9 482.7 500.6 518.5 528.0	289.9 302.9 298.5 306.5 323.9 347.9 363.8 387.8 387.8 388.2 404.1 392.1	474.1 512.9 562.1 565.1 606.7 591.3 621.0 684.4 646.2	369.6 380.9 424.5 450.6 456.5 474.4 536.8 522.1 575.9 603.2 578.5	335.1 322.0 353.3 364.5 375.6 379.5 397.6 417.4 420.2 429.7 479.5	392.9 404.0 426.6 450.3 462.3 474.7 515.0 506.6 550.0 546.7 564.5	390.6 416.2 455.5 475.2 497.8 525.5 537.2 564.3 601.4 635.1 631.8	346.5 353.2 363.7 383.6 400.4 411.6 439.3 449.5 470.8 513.9 512.2	324.9 355.2 362.9 373.6 365.4 402.6 417.0 440.5 473.0	339.9 366.9 364.1 378.9 396.2 427.3 446.5 443.5 443.5 497.0 491.4 510.7	343.8 355.1 375.0 391.0 410.2 438.5 456.5 483.8 508.4 505.4 505.4 518.2	
Hours worl 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	ked 38.7 38.7 38.6 38.8 39.1 39.1 39.1 39.1 39.1 39.1 39.0 38.8 29.0 38.8	39.5 39.4 39.3 39.6 39.9 39.8 39.7 39.8 39.5 39.5	39.6 39.4 39.5 39.4 39.7 40.0 39.9 39.8 39.8 39.6 39.5	38.3 38.3 38.3 38.5 38.7 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.8	40.5 42.0 41.8 40.5 41.4 43.1 42.6 43.0 42.8 42.2	39.6 40.3 41.5 40.2 39.2 40.3 40.3 40.3 41.3 39.9 40.5	38.7 39.7 39.5 39.6 39.9 39.8 39.6 39.5 39.7 39.6	39.1 39.8 40.1 40.0 40.6 40.3 40.5 39.9 39.8 39.8	38.1 38.3 38.5 38.2 38.6 38.8 38.6 38.9 39.1 38.9 39.1 38.9 38.7	38.5 38.8 38.8 38.7 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.6 38.1 38.2 38.3	39.7 39.7 40.1 40.2 40.9 40.6 40.9 40.9 40.3 40.0	39.1 39.6 39.1 39.4 40.0 40.4 39.8 39.8 39.6 39.7	40.1 39.8 39.7 39.9 39.8 40.6 40.6 40.3 40.3 39.9 40.5	39.8 39.4 39.6 40.1 40.3 40.1 40.2 40.1 39.9 39.7	
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	9.02 9.55 10.21 10.68 10.94 11.37 11.83 12.33 12.30 13.49 13.74	9.20 9.69 10.28 10.78 11.02 11.52 12.16 12.50 13.33 13.85 14.12	9.09 9.52 10.06 10.59 10.82 11.30 11.95 12.28 13.17 13.68 13.92	8.99 9.53 10.24 10.71 10.97 11.40 11.80 12.40 12.86 13.40 13.69	6.67 7.45 7.89 8.14 8.96 9.11	11.78 12.83 13.42 13.61 14.97 15.47 16.52 16.27	9.37 9.40 10.81 11.22 11.52 13.59 13.22 15.18 14.64	8.29 8.04 8.41 8.72 9.20 9.76 9.98 10.75 10.73 11.95	9.81 10.04 10.41 11.21 11.68 12.05 13.07 13.03 14.05 14.07 14.59	$\begin{array}{c} 10.11\\ 10.67\\ 11.64\\ 12.16\\ 12.52\\ 13.58\\ 13.76\\ 14.56\\ 15.55\\ 16.62\\ 16.50\\ \end{array}$	8.33 8.66 9.24 9.78 10.03 10.60 11.09 11.48 12.72 12.84	8.35 8.74 9.05 9.10 8.81 9.99 10.51 11.11 11.98 12.56	8.22 8.77 8.89 9.03 9.44 10.52 10.96 10.95 12.28 12.21 12.48	8.40 8.84 9.19 9.77 10.13 10.85 11.34 11.98 12.66 12.63 13.04	
PEWALE Weeklyear 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	nings (£s) 215.8 236.8 256.5 269.2 278.9 289.0 302.4 317.8 330.1 330.1 346.9 357.5	206.2 226.9 243.1 258.5 268.4 281.9 295.0 305.4 325.0 344.1 355.3	204.0 223.3 238.6 254.0 276.7 289.4 300.0 317.2 341.5 352.4	218.0 239.2 259.2 271.8 281.3 290.6 304.0 321.5 332.2 347.6 358.2	176.4 195.7 222.3 216.7 230.6 253.3 253.2 253.2 268.2 268.2 264.5	257.2 282.1 298.0 290.1 	197.5 215.7 228.6 258.6 261.0 276.6 297.8 303.5 322.1 342.6 365.1	174.0 192.3 210.9 218.0 221.0 233.9 243.3 261.4 273.0 283.8 296.6	230.7 248.7 261.8 282.1 300.9 310.3 324.1 344.7 356.8 374.0 364.5	227.7 254.0 279.0 299.5 309.1 318.1 333.0 326.1 344.2 407.0 439.7	173.7 201.5 218.8 224.2 241.6 258.3 262.6 273.6 282.9 282.2	184.0 198.2 208.8 208.5 216.5 227.8 228.4 235.4 255.0 280.2 283.7	180.9 187.7 201.5 211.5 217.5 230.9 243.6 260.8 269.5 276.4 301.0	182.5 201.3 213.9 221.5 225.2 253.4 264.2 275.6 298.4 314.4 329.5	
Hours work 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	ced 36.9 36.8 36.8 36.9 37.1 37.0 37.1 37.1 37.1 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 36.9	37.6 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.8 37.8 37.9 37.8 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9	37.6 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.8 37.9 37.8 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9	36.8 36.7 36.6 36.8 37.0 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9 36.9	38.1 38.7 37.6 37.5 37.9 38.5 37.9 37.9 37.9 39.0 39.0 39.4 38.7	37.2 37.3 37.3 36.9 37.6 37.1 37.9 38.2	37.3 37.6 37.7 37.5 37.6 37.5 38.2 37.9 38.1 38.2 37.7	37.8 38.1 38.2 38.1 38.6 38.0 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 37.8	36.6 36.7 36.8 36.9 36.8 36.9 36.9 36.9 37.0 37.2 36.9	37.5 37.6 37.5 37.4 37.6 37.6 37.6 37.5 37.6 37.6 37.5 37.6 37.5	37.7 37.9 37.8 38.0 38.1 38.7 38.8 38.2 38.4 38.4 38.4 38.3	37.6 38.0 37.7 38.0 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.4 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.3	37.5 37.4 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.8 37.4 37.4 37.7 37.5 37.8	37.7 37.5 37.6 37.9 38.5 38.6 38.4 38.4 38.4 38.5 38.2 38.2 38.2	
Hourly earr 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	hings (£s) 5.76 6.38 6.90 7.23 7.45 7.79 8.16 8.56 8.90 9.37 9.67	5.41 6.00 6.42 6.83 7.09 7.46 7.79 8.08 8.49 9.09 9.42	5.34 5.90 6.29 6.71 6.96 7.32 7.64 7.94 8.38 9.02 9.34	5.84 6.47 6.99 7.32 7.53 7.86 8.22 8.69 8.99 9.42 9.72	4.59 5.09 5.72 5.85 6.15 6.42 6.78 6.77	6.90 7.72 8.03 	5.27 5.73 6.06 6.81 6.95 7.41 7.81 8.02 8.45 8.98 96.70	4.55 5.01 5.52 5.64 5.66 6.17 6.39 6.84 7.17 7.45 7.83	6.17 6.69 7.00 7.64 8.09 8.46 8.81 9.36 9.61 10.04 9.87	5.99 6.82 7.41 7.94 8.25 8.40 8.79 8.68 9.15 10.83 11.73	4.60 5.23 5.68 5.76 6.11 6.67 6.78 7.24 7.50 7.44	4.55 5.01 5.27 5.65 6.01 5.97 6.25 6.62 7.30 7.36	4.67 4.98 5.38 5.54 5.77 6.12 6.46 6.94 7.15 7.38 7.99	4.75 5.30 5.58 5.80 6.57 6.85 7.19 7.75 8.25 8.62	
ALL Weekly earn 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	nings (£s) 291.4 312.5 334.8 350.0 360.5 373.3 389.3 406.8 425.2 443.3 452.4	320.1 341.0 363.3 380.2 390.9 408.9 408.9 408.8 438.4 468.2 468.2 468.2 468.7	317.0 336.3 356.9 375.2 385.5 402.8 424.4 432.1 463.2 482.7 493.1	282.9 304.2 327.7 343.1 354.0 366.0 380.8 402.4 416.9 433.4 443.6	261.1 277.8 275.0 279.0 294.3 324.6 332.9 350.5 348.2 362.5 350.6	424.9 458.5 500.6 496.7 533.5 526.6 548.4 607.9 574.8 630.6	306.9 324.6 355.5 382.5 411.0 464.8 442.4 478.1 509.3 507.4	266.0 272.8 295.9 303.4 313.8 322.1 332.2 356.9 361.4 370.0 405.9	325.3 341.6 363.6 382.8 397.9 408.4 435.0 438.4 469.5 475.2 483.3	338.5 365.3 403.6 422.8 439.4 462.3 474.8 477.5 507.7 562.0 570.5	293.7 311.2 322.0 333.7 349.8 368.2 388.7 388.7 384.9 410.2 445.4 444.9	272.2 305.7 319.5 326.5 321.1 351.5 358.4 373.9 398.3 422.2	298.0 316.2 323.6 338.0 353.9 380.4 397.9 399.3 443.2 441.1 463.0	304.9 319.2 339.1 354.1 367.7 397.7 414.0 437.8 463.3 466.0 480.2	
Hours work 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	red 37.9 37.8 37.8 37.8 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.0	38.9 38.9 38.8 39.0 39.3 39.3 39.3 39.1 39.2 39.0 39.0	39.0 38.9 38.9 39.1 39.3 39.3 39.2 39.2 39.1 39.0	37.5 37.4 37.4 37.5 37.7 37.8 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.7	39.8 41.0 40.3 394 40.0 41.8 41.2 41.5 41.6 41.1 41.0	39.0 39.5 40.4 39.4 38.6 39.6 39.5 39.6 40.5 39.5 40.0	38.1 38.9 38.8 38.8 39.1 39.0 39.2 38.9 39.1 39.1 39.1 39.0	38.5 39.1 39.3 39.2 41.0 39.6 39.4 39.5 39.2 39.1 39.0	37.4 37.6 37.8 37.7 38.0 38.0 37.9 38.1 38.2 38.2 38.2 38.2 38.0	38.2 38.4 38.4 38.3 38.4 38.4 38.4 38.2 37.9 38.0 38.0 38.0	39.1 39.2 39.4 39.5 39.5 40.2 40.1 40.0 40.2 39.8 39.5	38.5 39.1 38.7 39.0 39.3 39.7 39.1 39.0 39.2 39.3	39.4 39.2 39.1 39.3 39.3 39.9 39.9 39.6 39.7 39.4 39.9	39.2 39.0 39.3 39.1 39.6 39.9 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.8 39.6 39.4	
Hourly earn 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	ings (£s) 7.52 8.10 8.68 9.09 9.34 9.76 10.17 10.63 11.11 11.64 11.92	8.04 8.60 9.14 9.86 10.38 10.92 11.19 11.91 12.47 12.79	7.94 8.47 9.46 9.71 10.20 10.74 11.01 11.78 12.35 12.63	7.36 7.96 8.58 9.24 9.65 10.03 10.59 10.98 11.46 11.76	6.13 6.44 6.35 6.88 7.26 7.74 8.16 8.30 8.23 8.87 8.36	10.57 11.57 12.11 12.15 13.30 13.23 13.84 14.94 14.58	7.77 8.10 9.04 9.62 9.93 10.52 11.86 11.35 12.23 13.00 13.03	6.59 6.73 7.20 7.42 7.28 8.05 8.38 8.79 9.10 9.42 10.34	8.23 8.66 9.07 9.75 10.64 11.33 11.53 12.26 12.45 12.73	8.80 9.45 10.37 10.90 12.03 12.26 12.45 13.23 14.79 15.01	7.15 7.68 7.88 8.16 9.10 9.54 9.72 10.25 11.25 11.33	6.88 7.55 7.96 8.07 7.87 8.90 9.12 9.58 10.18	7.26 7.87 8.01 8.17 9.52 9.93 10.03 11.12 11.13 11.51	7.53 8.02 8.40 9.19 9.93 10.37 10.94 11.64 11.75 12.17	

The New Earnings Survey is conducted in April each year and is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees in employment in Great Britain. For full details, see New Earnings Survey 2000 Part A (available from NS direct, Rm D. 140, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, Gwent, NP10 8XG, tel 01633 812 078 or on the National Statistics webiste at www.statistics.gov.uk).

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Av	era	ge ear	nings	and	hours	of full	time	non-m	anual	NEV	W EAF	RNING by ind	IS SU	RVEY ^a group	E.13
Ma fac of tric op eq	elec- cal & tical uip- ent	Manu- facture of trans- port equipment	Other manu- facturing DD,DF,DN	Electricit gas & water supply E	ty, Construct ion	 Wholesald & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles G 	Hotels and restaur- ants	Iransport storage & comm- unication	J	Heal estate, renting & busi- ness activities	Public admin & defence; compul- sory socia security	Education	Health & social work	Other commun- ity, social & personal service activities O	GHEAT BRITAIN SIC 1992
	374.2 397.7 418.7 438.3 445.3 446.4 466.0 176.1 115.7 32.4 446.7	368.9 380.9 4400.3 428.3 436.3 492.9 526.7 558.3 575.7 558.3 575.7 589.8	381.4 407.8 427.4 448.4 449.3 462.5 478.4 438.7 463.7 463.7 472.9 511.5	361.3 402.6 441.5 464.9 490.8 522.0 538.5 571.9 567.1 603.5 611.8	347.4 368.2 389.9 401.7 409.8 424.3 445.8 460.0 474.1 508.5 539.8	301.2 302.7 324.8 342.0 356.7 368.4 383.2 404.1 424.8 444.7 448.9	272.5 274.6 302.0 308.8 307.1 328.8 369.4 335.5 404.5 404.5 412.5	355.3 377.4 408.1 427.8 448.0 451.9 461.1 483.7 501.9 530.0 548.6	431.2 454.4 485.5 506.6 535.3 562.7 592.5 644.2 664.9 686.1 665.3	398.5 423.6 449.3 464.1 478.4 501.4 515.4 515.4 540.9 570.6 577.7 592.5	315.1 345.9 370.8 394.9 395.6 404.3 420.3 441.9 444.8 460.8 468.7	333.3 376.6 418.5 432.5 438.3 444.4 457.3 458.4 465.8 485.3 497.8	332.3 365.5 397.4 412.2 420.2 424.5 453.5 480.8 509.6 535.4 535.4 549.4	338.0 377.8 369.5 379.9 389.9 397.2 410.0 440.5 474.1 497.2 514.5	MALE Weekly earnings (£s) 1991 1992 1993 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 2000
	39.4 39.3 39.3 39.4 39.4 39.6 39.6 39.6 39.6 39.3 39.1	41.6 40.1 39.8 39.9 40.7 41.0 40.3 40.9 40.4 40.0	40.2 39.9 39.7 39.6 39.8 40.5 40.4 40.4 40.4 40.4 40.3 40.4	38.7 38.7 38.5 38.4 38.7 38.8 39.2 38.8 38.9 38.6 38.6	40.3 40.0 40.4 40.1 40.3 40.9 40.7 41.3 41.6 41.4 41.6	40.0 40.5 40.1 40.4 40.6 40.6 40.8 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.6 40.3	42.3 42.4 42.5 41.6 41.3 42.7 41.5 40.5 41.3 40.9 41.1	40.2 40.5 40.3 41.1 41.4 41.8 42.3 41.4 41.2 40.9	36.4 36.3 36.2 36.3 36.5 36.6 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.4 36.2	38.6 38.4 38.3 38.5 39.0 38.9 39.0 39.0 39.0 38.8	38.9 38.6 38.7 38.3 38.1 38.3 38.5 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.3	32.4 32.0 31.9 32.7 33.4 33.6 33.8 35.0 35.0 35.0 35.1 35.1	38.4 38.5 38.6 38.5 38.9 39.1 38.9 39.1 38.9 39.1 38.9 39.1 38.8 38.6	39.2 39.3 39.3 39.1 39.6 40.0 39.9 39.6 40.0 39.8 39.4	Hours worked 1990 1980 1995 1995 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 199
	9.44 0.03 0.54 1.09 1.26 1.18 1.74 2.04 3.03 3.57 3.95	8.79 9.43 9.93 10.70 10.94 11.22 11.98 13.06 13.58 14.27 14.74	9.45 9.95 10.81 11.30 11.15 11.46 11.82 10.83 11.47 11.75 12.68	929 10.34 11.39 12.05 12.51 13.47 13.76 14.76 14.54 15.61 15.85	8.55 9.12 9.61 9.82 10.05 10.27 10.84 11.13 11.40 12.28 12.96	7.22 7.13 7.86 8.22 8.55 9.07 9.37 9.91 10.44 11.03 11.12	6.58 6.70 7.07 7.40 7.52 7.70 8.70 9.09 9.59 9.59 9.59	8.53 9.03 9.86 10.29 10.61 10.66 10.76 11.12 11.65 12.50 13.06	11.84 12.56 13.29 14.60 15.51 16.34 18.34 18.34 18.95 18.40	10.08 10.92 11.51 11.96 12.35 12.81 13.78 14.58 14.79 15.26	8.08 8.94 9.58 10.29 10.36 10.54 11.01 11.58 11.61 12.03 12.28	9.86 11.31 12.70 12.73 12.59 13.10 13.36 13.01 13.26 13.81 14.19	8.56 9.37 10.17 10.54 10.78 10.86 11.52 12.31 12.99 13.76 14.26	8.58 8.96 9.50 9.69 9.93 10.13 10.44 11.26 11.92 12.83 13.45	199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199
22 22 22 22 22 23 33 33 33 33	12.6 36.4 48.4 65.1 76.7 79.8 85.9 16.3 55.3	200.3 224.1 239.3 248.4 265.0 259.9 293.5 302.4 346.3 361.3 385.2	207.8 221.5 245.0 244.3 244.8 281.2 296.5 262.8 292.3 311.8 321.6	213.0 243.7 266.0 288.8 298.2 321.8 344.7 357.2 361.4 366.4 387.2	181.5 196.3 209.5 217.4 228.5 236.9 253.1 273.2 281.1 306.5 320.3	164.5 182.7 197.9 211.1 221.5 227.3 241.2 255.8 266.1 276.5 285.8	177.3 184.6 205.3 216.3 228.0 235.6 241.4 269.3 272.8 278.6 297.4	211.4 231.6 249.9 263.5 282.8 288.9 302.9 313.5 327.0 352.0 359.5	229.1 243.6 257.8 274.6 284.2 303.0 320.9 351.1 361.9 378.0 380.6	229.1 248.6 264.8 276.6 284.5 293.6 308.4 326.4 350.7 369.0 375.1	204.3 226.3 251.5 265.0 275.2 281.7 295.8 324.8 324.8 324.8 321.9 332.7 343.3	270.8 300.0 329.8 338.9 347.9 351.8 361.1 362.4 371.5 386.3 397.9	224.2 248.1 269.0 277.8 287.2 294.4 307.6 319.0 327.1 344.1 360.5	222.8 231.5 252.2 268.2 276.7 304.5 315.1 336.2 359.7 357.9	Weekly earnings (£s 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 19
	38.2 38.1 38.2 38.2 38.4 38.4 38.4 38.2 38.2 38.2 38.2 38.1	38.5 38.3 38.5 38.2 38.0 38.6 38.7 38.7 38.7 38.8 38.4 38.4 38.2	38.0 37.7 37.8 37.7 38.1 38.2 38.0 38.6 37.9 38.3 38.3 38.3	37.9 37.9 37.8 37.8 37.7 38.3 38.1 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.8 37.4	37.3 37.5 37.4 37.7 38.0 38.3 37.6 37.4 37.8 37.7	38.3 38.5 38.3 38.4 38.5 38.5 38.5 38.7 38.6 38.5 38.3	39.6 39.2 39.4 39.2 39.5 40.1 39.9 39.0 39.0 39.1 39.4 39.5	38.0 38.2 38.3 39.2 39.3 39.7 40.3 39.1 39.4 39.1	36.3 36.2 36.1 36.2 36.3 36.3 36.3 36.5 36.4 36.4 36.4 36.4	37.0 36.9 37.2 37.3 37.4 37.4 37.5 37.4 37.6 37.5 37.5	37.3 37.2 37.4 37.3 37.2 37.1 37.2 36.8 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0	31.3 31.2 31.9 32.6 32.5 32.7 33.7 33.9 33.8 33.9	37.6 37.5 37.4 37.4 37.6 37.7 37.5 37.4 37.7 37.5	37.4 37.6 37.3 37.4 37.3 37.9 37.8 37.6 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.5	Hours worke 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 19
	5.55 6.18 6.54 6.93 7.22 7.29 7.46 7.95 8.28 9.28 9.30	5.16 5.84 6.21 6.53 6.76 7.59 7.82 8.92 9.40 10.10	5.31 5.81 6.36 6.43 6.43 7.37 7.83 6.80 7.69 8.14 8.39	5.62 6.44 7.01 7.63 7.97 8.49 9.07 9.42 9.54 9.68 10.35	4.80 5.20 5.57 5.81 6.08 6.25 6.60 7.24 7.48 8.11 8.51	4.25 4.70 5.12 5.47 5.72 5.88 6.26 6.60 6.90 7.24 7.46	4.37 4.89 5.24 5.54 5.86 6.03 6.80 6.90 7.08 7.51	5.55 6.08 6.48 6.79 7.12 7.29 7.63 7.74 8.37 8.86 9.19	6.25 6.72 7.10 7.57 7.84 8.35 8.84 9.61 9.94 10.40 10.53	6.15 6.72 7.15 7.46 7.69 7.85 8.25 8.25 8.72 9.32 9.82 9.99	5.49 6.08 6.73 7.10 7.41 7.57 7.96 8.81 8.66 8.96 9.24	8.46 9.43 10.36 10.41 10.35 10.82 11.03 10.74 10.96 11.41 11.72	5.96 6.62 7.18 7.40 7.67 7.82 8.18 8.51 8.51 8.51 8.51 8.51 9.65	5 5.99 6.24 6.83 7.19 7.52 7.88 8 8.09 8.43 8.94 9.55 9.56	Houriy earnings (£5 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 19
	333.2 355.7 373.7 394.0 401.0 403.9 419.4 433.2 467.8 487.1 496.9	332.2 351.3 369.6 395.0 405.3 426.3 426.3 460.0 491.4 525.0 525.0 529.0 551.9	331.3 356.5 375.4 387.7 386.2 409.8 421.2 384.0 405.3 416.5 452.0	311.3 347.1 377.4 396.8 415.9 450.2 471.1 491.6 490.0 518.2 538.5	309.8 329.7 348.8 356.8 366.8 382.2 402.8 412.4 425.8 461.7 487.5	236.6 250.0 269.7 286.2 298.4 307.7 322.1 342.5 359.4 374.2 381.5	225.2 229.3 252.8 260.5 266.2 283.9 298.9 319.4 333.7 340.3 355.1	300.1 324.4 352.1 370.2 389.7 395.1 404.4 423.3 437.6 465.1 478.4	329.2 347.0 391.5 409.9 431.8 455.2 496.8 512.6 531.7 523.1	323.7 345.0 367.2 381.0 392.1 412.2 425.4 448.4 477.1 489.1 501.5	267.7 293.5 317.0 335.3 341.3 347.2 363.5 391.0 390.0 405.1 413.3	298.5 332.2 365.6 375.4 383.5 387.9 397.9 399.9 407.9 424.6 436.6	250.2 275.8 300.7 311.2 320.7 343.6 359.0 372.6 392.0 408.9	281.7 306.9 315.3 327.8 336.5 350.9 361.5 385.9 410.8 432.6 441.4	Weekly earnings (E2 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 19
	9.1 39.0 38.9 39.0 39.1 39.4 39.3 39.3 39.3 39.2 39.0 38.9	41.0 39.7 39.8 39.5 39.5 40.4 40.4 40.6 40.1 40.6 40.0 39.7	39.6 39.3 39.0 39.3 39.8 39.6 39.8 39.6 39.8 39.6 39.8	38.5 38.4 38.3 38.2 38.3 38.7 38.8 38.5 38.5 38.5 38.3 38.2	39.5 39.4 39.6 39.4 39.7 40.2 40.4 40.6 40.6 40.6	39,1 39,6 39,3 39,5 39,7 39,7 39,7 39,8 39,9 39,8 39,9 39,8 39,7 39,5	40.7 40.5 40.7 40.2 40.3 41.4 40.6 39.7 40.2 40.2 40.2	39.3 39.6 39.5 39.6 40.4 40.7 41.0 41.6 40.5 40.5 40.3	36.4 36.2 36.1 36.2 36.3 36.4 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.4 36.4 36.4 36.2	37.9 37.7 37.8 37.9 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.3 38.4 38.3 38.3	38.2 38.0 38.1 37.8 37.7 37.8 37.9 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.6	31.8 31.5 32.2 32.9 32.9 33.1 34.2 34.3 34.3 34.4	37.8 37.7 37.7 37.7 37.9 38.0 37.9 38.0 37.9 37.8 38.0 37.8	38.2 38.4 38.3 38.2 38.4 39.0 38.9 38.7 38.9 38.8 38.8 38.5	Hours worke 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195
	8.45 9.03 9.47 10.04 10.23 10.22 10.65 11.04 11.92 12.50 12.76	8.03 8.77 9.23 9.95 10.23 10.50 11.28 12.26 12.87 13.47 13.92	8.19 8.81 9.50 9.83 9.71 10.29 10.60 9.61 10.23 10.52 11.37	8.07 8.99 9.79 10.36 10.80 11.73 12.16 12.79 12.70 13.50 14.10	7.70 8.23 8.65 8.81 9.11 9.41 9.93 10.20 10.49 11.37 11.97	5.75 6.03 6.63 7.02 7.31 7.73 8.07 8.57 9.02 9.50 9.50 9.50	5.35 5.70 6.05 6.37 6.54 6.82 7.33 7.97 8.27 8.27 8.49 8.49 8.74	7.39 7.95 8.66 9.06 9.37 9.51 9.66 9.94 10.47 11.20 11.65	8.87 9.43 10.02 10.64 11.14 11.85 12.48 13.60 14.06 14.62 14.45	8.33 9.04 9.54 9.96 10.28 10.73 11.10 11.63 12.38 12.72 13.10	7.00 7.72 8.32 8.85 9.05 9.18 9.65 10.42 10.33 10.73 10.73	9.06 10.18 11.25 11.27 11.21 11.72 11.93 11.64 11.86 12.36 12.69	6.55 7.26 8.19 8.44 8.55 9.02 9.44 9.03 10.33	7 7.25 3 7.60 2 8.18 9 8.43 6 8.71 9 9.06 2 9.33 7 10.02 3 10.53 1 11.25 6 11.60	Hourly earnings (£3 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19

Source: New Earnings Survey and Average Earnings Index Customer Helpline: 01633 819 024

E 4 **NEW EARNINGS SURVEY**^a Average earnings and hours of all full-time employees by industry group GREAT All index of product-ion indust-ries C-E Manu- Mar facture fact of chem- of r icals, ch. & p products pro & man-made fibres DG DH All indust-ries All manu-facturing Agri-culture, hunting, forestry & fishing Manu-facture of food products; beverages & tobacco Manu-facture of pulp, paper & products; publishing & printing DE Manu-facture of basic metals & fabric-ated metal products DJ Manu-facture of textiles & textile products; leather Manu-facture of rubber & plastic products All services Mining & quarry-ing Manu-facture of other non-metal-lic mineral products Manu-facture of machin-ery & equipment SIC 1992 MALE Weekly 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 DA DI DB DC A-Q A&B с DK D G-Q rnings (£s) 295.8 340.3 353.9 363.0 376.3 391.3 408.7 427.1 442.4 453.3 294.9 316.7 337.0 348.3 357.1 370.7 386.4 398.8 422.7 430.8 442.7 195.2 214.2 223.7 233.9 240.5 258.4 266.5 281.7 289.2 300.2 297.0 290.5 310.4 329.0 341.8 350.8 364.7 380.0 392.7 416.8 424.6 436.0 301.3 325.7 347.6 363.2 372.3 384.8 399.3 419.4 436.0 452.2 463.2 365.0 410.5 443.1 439.1 459.4 461.8 496.4 495.1 530.5 511.5 545.6 283.4 308.3 328.8 341.6 346.3 358.6 385.6 378.7 402.7 415.8 410.5 239.3 252.8 271.1 282.9 288.2 296.0 308.4 320.9 322.8 329.8 329.8 361.4 324.2 344.2 363.5 380.5 396.0 407.0 431.7 436.7 466.5 467.9 481.5 327.0 354.1 385.7 405.1 419.9 440.1 445.6 482.8 508.8 532.7 532.2 268.6 283.3 296.1 308.6 320.5 332.8 342.4 355.2 368.3 386.5 393.9 261.8 284.8 292.9 300.0 308.0 326.8 337.8 355.1 374.7 400.5 388.2 272.7 287.2 300.9 310.1 323.0 346.3 358.8 369.8 397.8 395.4 411.5 281.3 294.2 315.5 328.7 342.3 364.4 374.3 397.9 416.2 417.7 437.9 orked 42.2 41.5 41.4 41.3 41.5 41.9 41.7 41.8 41.7 41.8 41.7 41.4 41.2 Hours 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 43.2 42.0 42.3 42.0 42.4 43.0 42.6 42.8 42.6 42.0 42.0 43.3 42.0 42.3 42.1 42.4 43.0 42.7 42.8 42.6 42.0 42.0 41.0 40.7 40.6 40.6 40.8 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.0 40.9 40.6 40.4 46.7 47.0 46.0 45.7 45.9 47.0 46.6 46.8 46.0 46.3 45.1 44.6 45.5 46.2 45.1 44.8 46.6 46.1 46.9 46.2 46.3 44.8 44.5 44.1 43.9 43.7 43.9 44.2 43.3 43.8 43.8 43.8 43.5 43.1 42.9 42.2 42.8 43.0 43.9 42.9 43.0 43.2 42.3 41.6 41.9 $\begin{array}{c} 41.5\\ 40.8\\ 40.9\\ 40.9\\ 41.1\\ 41.4\\ 41.6\\ 41.6\\ 41.3\\ 40.9\end{array}$ 41.2 40.8 40.7 40.8 40.9 40.6 40.4 40.0 39.8 39.5 43.7 42.5 42.7 43.1 43.5 44.1 43.3 44.0 43.9 42.9 42.9 42.5 44.7 43.8 43.4 43.2 43.7 44.1 43.4 43.5 43.3 43.2 42.9 44.6 42.8 43.5 43.2 43.5 44.5 44.1 44.2 44.0 43.1 43.5 43.6 41.7 42.2 42.0 42.4 43.5 42.8 43.1 42.5 41.8 42.0 Hourly ea 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 ings (£s) 6.88 7.55 8.07 8.44 8.63 8.95 9.34 9.74 10.20 10.68 11.00 7.20 7.86 8.41 8.82 9.02 9.36 9.72 10.19 10.61 11.11 11.45 6.71 7.41 7.85 8.16 8.33 8.61 9.01 9.31 9.89 10.25 10.54 6.59 7.27 7.66 8.00 8.16 9.16 9.75 10.10 10.37 6.00 4.04 7.96 6.23 5.41 7.51 7.86 5.80 6.62 6.75 6.87 7.41 7.75 8.16 8.65 9.28 9.04 6.01 ... 6.81 7.01 7.27 7.78 8.11 8.34 9.01 9.15 9.42 6.34 9.46 9.51 9.88 9.88 10.56 11.43 11.06 12.17 8.54 8.99 9.50 9.75 10.31 10.49 11.21 11.33 11.77 $\begin{array}{c} 4.74\\ 4.99\\ 5.19\\ 5.48\\ 5.67\\ 5.95\\ 6.23\\ 6.48\\ 6.53\end{array}$ 7.41 7.72 7.81 8.09 8.89 8.63 9.20 9.56 9.52 9.39 9.87 10.10 10.78 10.88 11.91 12.61 13.40 13.48 6.81 7.04 7.30 7.52 7.81 8.07 8.35 8.99 9.27 7.35 7.75 7.99 8.37 8.72 9.19 9.79 9.97 10.43 6.15 6.39 6.37 6.85 7.15 7.32 7.55 7.90 8.58 FEMALE Weekly ea 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 201.7 222.4 241.0 261.7 270.7 283.0 297.2 309.6 326.5 337.6 177.7 193.9 207.1 219.3 226.1 236.8 246.7 258.8 274.5 292.1 303.5 180.5 197.8 211.8 224.3 231.0 241.7 251.8 264.0 279.3 296.5 307.9 208.1 229.4 248.4 260.3 269.1 277.2 289.8 305.4 316.6 332.2 342.7 150.1 164.3 189.7 189.0 204.1 216.8 212.5 219.2 217.2 232.5 245.7 249.6 273.8 289.9 292.7 178.5 193.4 207.7 225.3 226.0 238.5 248.5 260.3 275.2 285.2 285.2 299.7 139.1 149.6 160.3 167.2 169.9 182.5 190.1 197.9 208.6 218.9 230.4 213.6 229.3 242.1 263.0 278.5 290.2 299.5 318.6 332.8 348.2 339.9 206.8 228.6 250.2 268.0 276.4 279.8 294.7 308.0 323.8 366.2 396.2 167.0 173.5 188.5 197.6 201.3 217.9 225.3 240.2 250.4 252.4 252.4 274.3 176.1 189.4 202.7 211.2 217.7 240.2 246.7 258.1 278.5 291.8 308.2 160.2 178.1 192.3 199.7 209.8 214.8 223.5 231.7 246.9 254.8 258.9 169.0 184.6 192.6 195.1 202.1 218.0 221.0 231.9 235.5 257.0 269.1 330.8 Lours worked 1990 37.5 1991 37.4 1992 37.3 19933 37.4 1994 37.6 1995 37.6 1996 37.6 1998 37.6 19998 37.5 2000 37.4 39.1 38.7 38.9 39.1 39.3 39.3 39.3 39.2 39.1 39.0 38.9 39.1 38.8 38.9 39.0 39.2 39.4 39.3 39.2 39.2 39.0 38.9 37.1 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.2 37.2 37.3 37.3 37.3 37.3 37.3 37.2 37.1 40.1 40.9 39.1 39.5 39.8 40.4 39.8 39.5 40.7 40.7 40.7 39.1 38.6 38.7 39.0 39.2 39.4 39.0 38.9 38.9 38.9 38.6 39.1 37.4 37.3 37.5 37.3 37.0 38.1 37.1 38.1 39.9 39.9 39.9 39.8 40.1 40.2 40.4 40.2 40.0 40.1 39.8 39.2 38.9 39.0 39.3 39.3 39.3 39.2 39.2 39.1 39.0 39.0 39.0 37.7 37.6 37.7 37.9 37.7 38.1 37.8 37.9 37.9 38.0 37.9 38.0 37.7 38.8 38.4 38.4 38.5 38.8 39.2 38.7 38.3 38.5 38.5 38.1 39.9 39.4 39.7 39.6 40.0 39.9 40.6 40.1 40.4 40.0 40.1 39.0 39.3 39.2 39.3 39.1 39.4 39.5 38.8 39.1 39.1 39.5 38.9 38.2 38.5 39.0 39.5 39.4 39.3 39.3 38.7 38.8 38.2 Hourly 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 ngs (£s) 5.31 5.91 6.40 6.71 6.90 7.18 7.51 7.58 8.23 8.23 8.71 9.02 4.58 5.08 5.42 5.75 5.88 6.15 6.42 6.74 7.14 7.62 7.93 4.49 5.28 5.60 5.74 6.01 6.27 6.60 7.01 7.49 7.80 5.55 6.16 6.67 6.97 7.16 7.42 7.76 8.17 8.49 8.93 9.23 4.18 ... 5.02 5.11 5.53 5.79 6.15 6.44 6.55 7.03 3.54 5.28 6.51 6.95 7.17 7.17 7.48 7.95 8.45 9.51 10.39 4.01 ... 4.79 4.98 5.15 5.41 5.51 5.81 6.15 6.43 6.48 4.16 ... 5.00 5.13 5.52 5.57 5.96 6.00 6.56 6.82 4.46 5.19 5.42 5.54 6.07 6.26 6.58 7.08 7.55 7.95 3.73 4.77 4.81 5.21 5.27 5.40 5.50 5.33 5.67 6.06 6.66 4.46 5.19 5.60 5.62 5.93 6.16 6.49 6.88 7.12 7.52 5.55 6.32 6.91 7.30 7.64 7.92 8.43 8.78 9.16 9.02 7.74 4.09 4.27 4.31 4.64 4.85 5.04 5.34 5.62 5.91 ALL Weekly 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 nings (£s) 263.2 284.7 304.8 317.3 326.1 337.6 351.5 367.6 384.5 400.1 410.6 268.8 289.2 308.1 319.5 327.3 340.9 355.7 367.8 390.2 401.2 413.4 263.8 282.7 300.3 313.0 321.1 334.7 349.2 361.7 384.5 395.3 407.0 190.0 207.9 218.6 227.2 234.9 252.6 258.8 272.5 277.5 289.2 288.5 187.3 199.4 214.3 224.3 229.0 239.5 249.9 262.2 268.6 277.4 302.0 291.4 309.0 327.9 345.2 360.8 372.2 391.1 400.6 426.5 431.6 437.9 265.9 277.6 298.4 311.3 323.1 346.5 356.3 377.8 397.2 401.5 421.4 261.1 283.6 304.7 318.3 327.6 338.0 351.4 370.1 384.6 400.4 411.0 253.3 274.1 293.2 307.6 311.3 325.2 349.1 344.6 364.5 379.1 381.0 296.1 320.5 352.3 370.2 381.9 395.9 404.6 428.9 453.8 486.4 495.2 246.1 261.1 273.6 284.4 294.2 307.3 317.2 327.9 343.0 360.0 367.0 243.0 266.1 274.9 280.3 287.3 306.1 314.6 330.5 346.5 373.6 364.5 258.4 271.6 285.8 295.3 307.7 329.8 342.7 354.0 380.0 378.6 395.2 354.1 396.3 426.7 421.2 438.7 443.9 474.9 474.9 474.1 506.5 489.1 521.2 orked 40.5 40.0 39.9 40.1 40.3 40.2 40.3 40.2 40.3 39.8 Hours 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 43.8 42.2 42.8 42.6 43.0 43.8 43.5 43.5 43.4 42.6 43.0 42.9 41.1 41.6 41.5 41.9 42.9 42.3 42.6 42.0 41.4 41.6 42.2 41.3 41.5 41.3 41.6 42.1 41.9 41.9 41.8 41.3 41.3 42.3 41.3 41.5 41.3 41.6 42.2 41.9 42.0 41.8 41.4 41.3 39.3 39.0 39.0 39.2 39.3 39.3 39.3 39.4 39.3 39.2 39.2 39.0 45.9 46.2 44.9 44.7 45.0 46.1 45.6 45.7 45.2 45.2 45.4 44.3 43.8 44.5 45.1 44.0 43.6 45.4 44.9 45.7 45.2 45.2 45.2 44.0 43.1 42.8 42.7 42.5 42.7 43.1 42.5 42.8 42.6 42.5 42.3 40.9 40.5 40.8 41.0 41.5 41.1 41.3 40.8 40.4 40.6 40.4 39.8 39.9 39.9 40.0 40.4 40.3 40.5 40.5 40.3 39.9 40.6 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.3 40.2 38.9 39.5 39.4 39.1 42.9 41.8 42.0 42.3 42.6 43.2 42.8 43.1 43.2 42.3 42.3 42.0 43.5 43.0 42.7 42.5 42.7 43.2 42.6 42.6 42.6 42.5 42.4 42.3 ings (£s) 6.37 7.00 7.50 7.84 8.03 8.35 8.35 8.71 9.10 9.53 10.01 10.32 Hourly 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 6.09 6.25 6.90 7.31 7.63 7.78 8.08 8.46 8.75 9.31 9.70 10.01 6.12 6.75 7.12 7.46 7.61 7.92 8.29 8.60 9.17 9.55 9.84 6.52 7.15 7.68 8.04 8.25 8.56 8.90 9.36 9.74 10.21 10.54 4.01 7.84 5.74 6.95 7.22 5.60 5.50 6.30 6.43 6.54 7.08 7.35 7.76 8.15 8.82 8.63 5.78 6.57 6.77 7.03 7.52 7.86 8.10 8.74 8.87 9.16 4.46 7.05 7.43 7.64 8.06 8.40 8.84 9.44 9.68 10.13 7.91 8.38 8.87 9.16 9.63 9.90 10.53 10.71 10.97 8.68 9.14 9.34 9.83 9.97 10.73 11.40 12.34 12.66 6.39 6.60 6.80 7.09 7.35 7.61 7.92 8.51 8.74 4.74 4.97 5.19 5.46 5.64 5.89 6.10 6.36 6.45 9.29 9.32 9.70 9.74 10.52 10.37 11.16 10.82 11.86 6.77 7.11 7.19 7.52 8.19 8.05 8.55 8.91 9.02 5.13 5.36 5.38 5.80 6.07 6.28 6.54 6.86 7.42

nducted in April each year and is based on a 1 per cent sample of employees in employment in Great Britain. For full details, see New Earnings Survey 2000 Part A (available emment Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, Gwent, NP10 8XG, tel 01633 812 078 or on the National Statistics webiste at www.statistics.gov.uk). The New Ear ings Survey is c

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		Avera	age ea	rning	s and I	nours	of all	full-tin	ne em	NEW E	ARNI es by i	NGS S indust	SURVE ry gro	EY ^a up	E.14
	Manu- facture of elec- trical & optical	Manu- facture of transport equipmen nt	Other manu- facturing t	Electricit gas & water supply	y, Construct- ion	Wholesale & retail trade; repair of motor vehicles	e Hotels and restaur- ants	Transport, storage & comm- unication	Financial intermedi- ation	Real estate, renting & busi- ness activities	Public admin & defence; compul- sory soci security	Education al	Health & social work	Other commun- ity, social & personal service activities	GREAT BRITAIN SIC
	DL	DM	DD,DF,DN	<u>E</u>	. <u>F</u>	<u>G</u>	H	. 1	<u>J</u>	ĸ	<u> </u>	<u>M</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>0</u>	1992 MALE
	313.5 337.4 354.5 369.1 369.0 385.7 393.9 421.6 428.5 444.3	301.3 318.9 342.3 354.9 368.0 387.2 405.2 426.5 426.5 426.5 426.5 426.5 426.5	277.9 305.6 320.6 325.5 326.8 335.3 346.4 335.6 350.3 354.6 378.3	313.7 345.0 384.9 405.3 427.5 444.6 467.1 485.1 495.8 526.6 542.4	277.8 294.9 314.9 320.7 327.0 341.3 358.3 373.2 383.1 400.6 423.1	254.2 271.4 290.4 304.6 316.8 327.4 340.5 358.1 378.9 395.1 401.5	199.8 212.5 231.0 233.2 230.3 245.0 257.1 272.0 287.6 297.1 301.8	282.3 303.3 324.9 340.4 352.3 356.9 367.9 386.2 399.9 423.3 435.4	424.6 448.3 478.5 498.8 525.5 554.5 584.4 634.8 655.9 678.1 653.9	357.2 376.4 395.6 405.8 414.0 434.6 447.1 469.8 493.7 504.3 523.0	299.8 328.3 349.5 375.5 375.4 383.7 399.2 416.5 422.9 438.5 447.8	313.2 354.0 390.8 403.2 409.2 415.3 428.1 416.8 424.4 440.8 451.3	283.2 313.2 341.1 354.0 360.1 364.4 387.7 409.4 430.2 448.7 472.6	264.0 304.5 309.4 319.9 328.1 336.5 347.7 389.3 406.1 422.2 436.8	Weekiy earnings (£s) 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	41.9 41.0 40.9 41.0 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.1 40.5 40.6	44.1 41.6 41.9 41.4 42.9 42.3 42.4 42.0 42.0 42.0	44.0 42.3 42.7 43.0 43.3 43.2 43.4 43.3 43.1 43.1	40.8 40.6 40.3 40.3 40.8 41.0 40.4 40.6 40.6 39.9	44.4 43.7 43.5 43.2 43.6 44.3 44.0 44.9 45.3 44.8 45.0	42.0 41.8 41.6 41.9 42.0 42.1 41.9 42.0 41.7 41.5	425 42.1 41.9 41.7 42.4 41.9 41.4 42.1 41.4 42.1 41.7 41.5	45.3 44.7 44.9 44.6 45.2 45.6 45.5 46.2 45.7 45.2 45.2 45.2	36.6 36.5 36.5 36.7 36.7 36.8 36.7 36.8 36.7 36.5 36.5	40.7 40.6 40.6 41.0 41.3 41.1 41.2 41.1 40.8 40.4	39.5 39.1 39.2 38.8 38.7 38.8 39.1 38.9 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.6	34.3 33.8 33.9 34.5 35.1 34.8 35.0 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.4 36.3	39.8 39.9 39.8 39.7 39.6 39.8 39.9 40.0 40.1 39.8 39.6	41.7 41.7 41.3 41.2 41.9 42.0 41.8 41.2 41.9 41.9 41.8 40.9	Hours worked 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	7.43 8.56 8.96 8.97 8.85 9.48 10.25 10.58 10.92	6.80 8.13 8.55 8.78 9.00 9.48 10.06 10.52 10.98 11.33	6.20 7.41 7.61 7.47 7.73 7.99 7.71 8.07 8.22 8.77	7.68 9.50 10.04 10.57 10.92 11.41 12.09 12.18 12.97 13.61	6.13 7.09 7.26 7.35 7.65 8.07 8.28 8.44 8.92 9.39	5.83 6.81 7.11 7.37 7.79 8.06 8.52 9.02 9.52 9.67	4.51 5.27 5.55 5.55 5.72 6.06 6.52 6.83 7.14 7.21	6.12 7.15 7.51 7.66 7.72 7.97 8.23 8.58 9.23 9.56	11.57 12.97 13.66 14.21 15.18 16.01 17.38 17.98 18.68 18.01	8.61 9.58 9.89 10.08 10.50 10.86 11.34 11.97 12.33 12.96	7.57 8.91 9.67 9.69 10.29 10.72 10.88 11.28 11.60	8.58 10.97 11.09 10.98 11.77 12.05 11.33 11.57 12.09 12.44	7.02 8.44 8.81 9.11 9.64 10.19 11.26 11.29	6.19 7.40 7.61 7.72 8.03 8.31 9.46 9.63 10.16 10.79	Hourly earnings (£s) 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1996 1997 1997 1998 1999
	183.8 204.7 215.7 226.3 233.8 234.0 240.7 249.7 264.3 286.4 292.7	194.9 213.4 228.8 239.8 254.6 256.6 278.9 291.6 321.7 331.6 347.5	180.7 198.8 213.8 217.9 216.6 241.3 258.5 240.4 262.8 277.6 286.9	212.1 241.5 263.8 286.6 296.9 320.2 343.2 355.3 358.9 366.1 387.5	179.5 195.6 207.4 215.4 227.1 234.2 250.0 270.6 277.3 304.9 318.4	161.0 179.1 193.6 206.6 215.8 221.4 235.4 249.2 259.5 270.2 278.5	142.2 155.0 165.9 172.2 181.6 183.1 190.7 207.6 216.0 228.3 233.8	208.4 229.8 249.1 265.9 281.8 288.1 299.2 306.9 319.9 343.7 351.8	228.9 243.4 257.5 274.0 283.6 302.3 320.2 350.2 361.0 377.2 379.3	225.3 244.0 259.3 270.5 276.8 284.6 299.5 315.1 338.6 338.6 356.2 363.3	202.1 223.8 248.8 262.5 272.3 278.4 292.4 320.2 318.9 329.2 340.2	258.3 292.3 320.9 330.3 338.8 343.3 353.0 348.3 359.0 374.1 385.2	209.4 231.6 251.1 258.7 266.7 270.1 281.7 294.3 301.1 317.5 334.7	196.9 209.8 226.5 241.9 250.0 268.8 275.7 286.4 303.4 327.7 326.7	FEMALE Weekly earnings (Es) 1990 1991 1993 1994 1996 1996 1997 1998 1999 22000
	39.5 39.1 39.2 39.3 39.4 39.6 39.6 39.6 39.6 39.6 39.6 39.3 39.2	39.5 38.6 39.2 38.8 39.4 39.9 39.8 40.1 39.8 39.1 38.9	39.3 38.6 38.9 39.5 39.5 39.3 39.5 39.1 39.1 39.2 39.2	38.0 37.9 37.8 37.8 38.3 38.3 38.1 37.9 37.9 37.9 37.8 37.4	37.6 37.7 37.6 38.0 38.2 38.6 38.0 37.7 37.9 37.7	38.4 38.6 38.4 38.6 38.8 38.6 38.7 38.8 38.8 38.8 38.6 38.4	39.2 39.1 39.2 38.9 39.3 39.6 39.1 39.3 39.4 39.3	38.7 38.9 39.0 38.9 39.8 39.8 40.2 40.7 39.7 39.8 39.6	36.3 36.1 36.2 36.2 36.3 36.5 36.4 36.4 36.4	37.1 37.2 37.4 37.5 37.7 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.8 37.9 37.8 37.9 37.8	37.3 37.3 37.5 37.3 37.2 37.2 37.2 37.3 36.9 37.1 37.0 37.0 37.0	31.9 31.6 31.6 32.3 32.9 32.8 32.9 34.1 34.2 34.1 34.2	37.8 37.7 37.7 38.0 38.0 38.0 37.8 37.8 38.0 37.8 37.8	37.9 38.1 37.7 37.9 37.8 38.2 38.2 38.0 38.1 38.2 38.1 38.2 37.8	Hours worked 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1996 2000
-	4.64 5.51 5.74 5.91 5.88 6.08 6.31 6.67 7.29 7.46	4.90 5.84 6.20 6.43 6.44 7.00 7.27 8.08 8.49 8.95	4.50 5.42 5.56 5.47 6.13 6.60 6.09 6.71 7.09 7.31	5.59 6.96 7.58 7.93 8.46 9.03 9.36 9.48 9.68 10.36	4.72 5.48 5.73 6.00 6.14 6.49 7.10 7.32 8.04 8.44	4.15 5.00 5.32 5.55 5.71 6.09 6.40 6.70 7.05 7.25	3.57 4.25 4.40 4.66 4.78 5.22 5.44 5.78 5.93	5.36 6.28 6.60 6.89 7.09 7.36 7.36 7.51 8.08 8.58 8.89	6.25 7.09 7.55 7.82 8.33 8.82 9.59 9.91 10.37 10.49	6.04 7.26 7.47 7.57 7.95 8.33 8.91 9.42 9.62	5.42 7.02 7.31 7.47 7.85 8.66 8.56 8.85 8.85 9.15	7.86 9.90 10.02 9.93 10.44 10.68 10.18 10.48 10.95 11.24	5.56 6.71 6.91 7.12 7.11 7.43 7.79 7.97 8.36 8.87	5.23 6.08 6.44 6.72 7.03 7.22 7.57 7.97 8.59 8.65	Hourly earnings (Ee) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	277.6 301.4 315.3 330.5 331.6 331.3 343.5 354.1 379.5 389.9 402.8	288.8 307.3 329.2 342.5 355.6 373.8 302.8 413.8 443.5 443.5 447.6 462.0	259.6 285.2 299.5 304.1 302.9 316.7 328.6 317.7 332.9 339.2 361.2	294.7 324.3 358.4 377.6 396.4 418.0 441.3 455.2 462.8 489.4 508.8	269.1 285.7 304.3 309.1 316.1 330.6 347.4 361.2 372.5 392.1 413.4	221.5 238.5 256.7 271.0 281.5 290.5 303.7 321.2 338.5 351.8 359.4	170.9 184.4 199.7 203.9 207.7 216.9 225.9 242.2 255.3 266.2 271.2	267.4 289.0 310.4 325.7 338.2 343.7 353.6 370.2 383.4 406.3 417.3	327.8 345.9 369.3 389.1 407.2 429.3 452.8 493.7 509.6 528.8 519.1	306.0 324.7 343.8 354.7 362.0 379.4 392.0 412.0 412.0 436.9 449.6 464.2	260.2 285.1 307.1 326.8 332.0 337.5 353.5 377.6 379.5 394.2 403.3	283.2 319.6 360.8 360.6 368.3 373.1 383.6 377.7 387.0 402.8 413.6	230.2 254.0 276.6 285.8 296.2 310.9 326.7 338.0 355.2 374.4	239.2 268.2 278.3 289.8 297.6 310.7 320.3 348.4 364.6 383.8 391.5	Weekly earnings (Es) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	412 405 404 406 41.1 41.0 41.1 40.7 40.2 40.2	43.5 41.3 41.6 41.1 41.6 42.6 42.0 42.2 42.9 41.7 41.7	43.1 41.6 41.9 41.5 42.3 42.5 42.4 42.6 42.5 42.3 42.4	40.2 40.0 39.8 39.7 39.7 40.2 40.4 39.8 40.0 39.9 39.3	43.8 43.2 42.9 42.6 43.0 43.7 43.5 44.1 44.6 44.2 44.3	$\begin{array}{c} 40.7\\ 40.6\\ 40.4\\ 40.6\\ 40.8\\ 40.9\\ 40.9\\ 40.9\\ 40.9\\ 40.9\\ 40.6\\ 40.4\end{array}$	40.7 40.5 40.6 40.4 40.5 41.1 40.8 40.3 40.8 40.6 40.5	44.0 43.5 43.8 43.5 44.2 44.5 44.5 44.5 45.1 44.5 44.0 43.8	36.5 36.3 36.3 36.4 36.5 36.6 36.6 36.6 36.5 36.4 36.3	39.3 39.3 39.4 39.7 39.9 39.9 39.9 39.9 39.9 39.9 39.7 39.4	38.6 38.4 38.5 38.1 38.1 38.3 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 37.9	33.0 32.5 32.5 33.2 33.8 33.6 33.8 35.1 35.2 35.1 35.1 35.1	38.3 38.3 38.2 38.2 38.2 38.5 38.5 38.4 38.4 38.4 38.5 38.3	40.3 40.3 39.9 39.8 40.2 40.5 40.4 39.9 40.3 40.3 39.6	Hours worked 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000
	6.68 7.70 8.10 8.14 8.05 8.36 8.36 9.32 9.70 10.00	6.60 7.88 8.31 8.54 8.76 9.25 9.81 10.31 10.74 11.09	5.91 7.04 7.23 7.06 7.44 7.73 7.43 7.82 8.01 8.52	7.31 8.97 9.49 9.98 10.43 10.95 11.47 11.57 12.25 12.94	6.02 6.95 7.11 7.22 7.52 7.93 8.16 8.35 8.86 9.32	5.25 6.19 6.51 6.74 7.40 7.40 7.84 8.28 8.71 8.88	4.02 4.77 4.91 5.13 5.23 5.47 5.93 6.23 6.55 6.65	5.99 6.54 7.00 7.35 7.62 7.86 8.10 8.49 9.11 9.42	8.81 9.93 10.54 11.02 11.74 12.37 13.47 13.94 14.52 14.31	7.64 8.62 8.93 9.13 9.48 9.83 10.27 10.90 11.31 11.78	6.73 7.42 7.98 8.55 8.71 8.85 9.28 9.93 9.93 9.95 10.33 10.62	8.19 10.36 10.47 10.38 11.01 11.25 10.69 10.97 11.45 11.77	5.98 7.22 7.47 7.67 7.68 8.06 8.49 8.78 9.22 9.80	5.85 6.91 7.16 7.34 7.66 7.91 8.73 8.98 9.53 9.53 9.92	Hourly earnings (Es) 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000

Source: New Earnings Survey and Average Earnings Index Customer Helpline: 01633819024

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UNIT WAGE COSTS^a All employee jobs: index for manufacturing and whole economy E.21

EARNINGS Selected countries: index of wages per head: manufacturing (manual workers)

Germany (FR) (j)

100.0 103.5 105.1 107.0 109.8

107.2 108.0

108.2 109.8 110.1 111.2

111.2 112.4

108.2 109.8 110.1 111.2

111.2 112.4

4223

2 2

32

9 8 4

5 0

4455

0 -3 5

4

Greece

100.0 108.6 117.1 121.3

124.4 115.5

(c)

lrish Republic (c)

100.0 103.7 107.4 112.8 119.0

112.8 115.0

116.1 118.2 119.2 122.6

121.1

It

(i

UNITED KINGDOM Manufacturing Whole economy Great Belgium C	anada Denmark	k France
Per cent Per cent Differing Change from Ch	:) (c)	(d,h)
LNNQ LOUW LNNK LOJE 1905 100.0 113.7 106.0 198.5 118.3 108.0 118.3 108.0 118.3 108.0 128.7 <th>100.0 100.0 103.2 103.8 104.1 107.7 106.3 112.5 106.4 117.2 </th> <th>100.0 102.6 105.4 107.6 110.3</th>	100.0 100.0 103.2 103.8 104.1 107.7 106.3 112.5 106.4 117.2 	100.0 102.6 105.4 107.6 110.3
1999 114.9 0.3 111.5 3.4 198 0.3 114.4 106.0 2000 115.2 0.2 198 0.3 114.4 106.0 1997 02 1097 03 11 104.9 30 100 100	105.4 113.3 106.2 114.2 106.6 116.0	108.0 108.2
1997 Cd3 109.5 5.1 109.5 5.0 Q4 111.7 4.5 105.7 2.9 1998 Q1 113.3 6.2 106.8 2.9	106.1 116.6 106.0 117.4 107.1 118.7	109.5 110.9 111.9
Q2 114.1 4.8 106.8 2.3 Q3 115.2 5.2 107.9 2.9 200 01 121.8 110.0 Q4 115.6 3.5 109.4 3.5 3.5 109.4 3.5 110.0	110.0 120.1 110.3 120.5 109.9	114.5 115.4
1999 Q1 115.7 2.1 110.6 3.6 Q2 115.3 1.0 111.6 4.5 Q3 114.0 -1.0 111.4 3.2 Q4 1.20.1		
2000 Q1 116.0 0.2 114.0 3.1 1999 Jan 115.7 Q2 115.5 0.2 112.6 0.9 116.1	107.6 107.5 106.6	··· ···
Q3 114.8 0.7 113.0 1.4 Mar 116.7 107.0 Q4 114.5 -0.2 Apr 117.1 1998 Feb 113.4 6.7 Jun 117.8 108.0	105.6 105.0 105.8 116.6 107.5	··· ··· ··
Mar 113.8 5.5 Jul 118.4 Apr 114.0 5.6 Aug 119.1 May 114.3 4.7 Sep 119.4 109.0 Oct 120.1	107.7 106.2 117.4 104.1 106.2	
Jun 114.1 4.1 Nov 120.5 Jul 114.7 5.7 Dec 121.3 109.0 Aug 115.3 4.9 Dec 121.3 109.0 Sep 115.6 4.9	106.3 118.7 108.7	
Oct 115.8 4.5 Adv Teb 121.5 Nov 115.8 3.0 Mar 121.9 110.0 Dec 115.2 2.9 Apr 122.3	110.4 120.1 109.9 110.0	
1999 Jan 115.6 2.6 Jun 123.0 110.0 Feb 116.1 2.3 Jul 123.6 Mar 115.4 1.4 Aug 124.0 Mar 115.7 1.4 Aug 124.0	10.8 120.5 110.1 109.9 110.1	
Apr 115.5 1.3 Sep 124.8 112.0 May 114.8 0.4 Oct 125.2 Jun 115.6 1.3 Nov 126.1 Jul 114.2 -0.4 Dec 127.0		
Aug 114.1 -1.1 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
Dec 115.3 0.1 106 4 2 2000 Jan 116.6 0.9 1987 4 2 1100 0.1 1988 4 2	3 4 1 4 2 4	3 3 2
Nar 115.4 0.0 100 4 2 Apr 115.8 0.3 200 5 May 115.7 0.7 Quarterlya rages	0 4	3
June 115.0 -0.5 July 115.1 0.8 198 03 5 2 Aug 114.3 0.2 04 4 2 Seo 114.9 1.0 04 4 2	3 4 1 5	2 2
Oct 114.6 -0.2 199 Q1 4 2 Nov 114.5 0.3 02 4 2 Dec P 114.5 -0.6 03 4 3 03 4 3 03 4 3 04 5 3 <td>0 5 -1 4 1 4</td> <td>2 2 3</td>	0 5 -1 4 1 4	2 2 3
Three months ending 1998 Jun 114.1 4.8 200 Q1 5 3 Jul 114.4 4.8 200 Q1 5 3 Aug 114.7 4.9 202 5 2	3 4 4 3	3 5 5
Sep 1152 52 Q4 3 Oct 115.6 4.8 Q4 5 Nov 115.7 4.1 Wonthly Wonthly	4 •• ••	
1999 Jan 115.5 2.8 Feb 115.6 2.6 Mar 115.7 2.1	1 1	
Mar 115.7 2.1 Heb 3 Apr 115.7 1.7 Mar 3 May 115.2 1.1 Apr 4 Jun 115.3 1.0 May 3	1 -1 -2 -1	
Jul 114.9 0.4 Jul 4 2 Aug 114.6 -0.1 Jul 4 Sep 114.0 -1.0 Aug 4 Oct 114.2 -1.1 Sep 4	0 2 1	
Nov 114.3 -1.3 Oct 4 Dec 114.8 -0.7 Dec 6 3	1 1 1	··· ··· ··
2000 Jan 115.3 -0.2 200 Jan 6 Feb 115.9 0.3 Feb 5 Mar 116.0 0.2 Mar 4 3 Apr 115.7 0.0 Apr 4 3	2 4 4	
May 115.6 0.3 May 4 June 115.5 0.2 Jun 4 2 July 115.2 0.3 Jun 4 2 Jun 114.8 0.1 Jun 4	5 5 2 2	
Sep 114.8 0.7 Sep 5 Oct 114.6 0.3 Sep 5 Nov 114.7 0.3 Sep 5 Nov 114.7 0.3 Nov 5	4 5 	
A Wages and salaries per unit of output.		
P Provisional Vages and salaries on a weekly basis (all employer Sagonal) adjusted.	es).	e f g
Note: Manufacturing is based on the seasonally adjusted monthly index of average earnings, manufacturing workforce jobs and the manufacturing index of production. Whole economy is based on the seasonally adjusted monthly index of average earnings.		- In

Monthly earnings. All industries. Including mining. All activities excluding agriculture and non-market services. g

S76 Labour Market trend

E.31

		The article	Land Internet		Sale Sale
aly k)	Japan (b,e)	Nether- lands (i)	Spain (b,c,l)	Sweden (c,g)	United States (c)
100.0 103.1 106.8 109.8 112.3	100.0 102.5 105.4 104.3 103.2 	100.0 101.9 104.8 108.2 111.5 	100.0 105.3 109.6 112.6 115.5	100.0 106.6 111.4 115.3 117.4	100.0 103.0 106.0 109.0 112.0
110.3 111.0	104.0 104.3	109.1 109.2	112.8 113.7	114.9 116.1	112.0 113.0
111.5 111.9 112.8 113.0	105.0 103.6 103.7 104.0	109.8 110.7 112.7 112.7	114.4 115.2 115.7 116.6	116.5 118.1 116.4 118.7	114.0 115.0 116.0 117.0
 	107.1 106.0 105.4	113.5 114.6 116.0	117.5 117.3 	120.3 122.4 120.6	118.0 120.0 121.0
111.0	100.7	109.0		116.8	111.0
111.5 111.5 111.5 111.9 111.9 111.8 112.8 112.8 112.8 112.8 113.0 113.0 113.0	106.1 105.6 105.5 105.4 104.8 100.5 100.7 104.1 106.2 106.2 106.3 99.4	109.6 109.6 109.9 110.7 110.7 110.8 112.7 112.7 112.7 112.7 112.7 112.7 112.8	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	117.1 116.3 115.9 117.9 119.4 117.0 116.8 115.6 116.7 118.0 118.6 119.7	110.0 110.0 111.0 112.0 112.0 112.0 112.0 113.0 114.0 113.0 117.0 118.0
··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	106.8 107.1 107.3 107.7 107.0 103.3 102.0 106.2 107.8 107.9	113.3 113.5 113.8 114.6 114.7 115.7 115.8 116.6 	··· ··· ··· ··· ···	120.9 120.2 119.9 122.7 121.7 122.7 121.4 119.4 121.4	118.0 118.0 119.0 120.0 120.0 120.0 120.0 121.0 121.0 122.0
					i um
3 4 3 2	3 3 -1 -1	2 3 3 3	5 4 3 3	7 5 4 2 	3 3 3 3
3 3	-2 -1	4 3	3 2	4 3	3
3 2 2 2	0 -1 0 0	3 3 3 3	2 3 3 3	3 1 1 2	2 3 4 4
 	2 2 2 	3 4 3 	3 2 	3 4 4 ···	4 4 4
3	-4	3		2	2
3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-2 0 1 0 -4 -3 1 1 -1 -1	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	3 3 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 4 6
··· ··· ··· ··· ···	1 2 2 3 1 2 2 2 	3 4 4 4 3 3 	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	3 3 4 2 5 4 3 4 	7 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 6 8 8

Source: OECD - Main Economic Indicators. Employment, Earnings and Productivity Division, ONS i Hourty rates Customer Helpline: 01633 819002 i Hourly rates
 Customer
 Average gross hourly earnings paid to
 manual workers.
 Industry.
 Industry.

F.11 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES New Deal 18-24 summary figures

	Number on New Deal at quarter/ <i>month</i> end ^a			Number of starts ^b in quarter/month			Number of leavers ^c in quarter/month		
Quarter/month	Male	Female	Alld	Male	Female	Alld	Male	Female	Alld
UNITED KINGDOM®									
Oct-Dec 1998	105.3	35.2	140.6	35.9	13.4	49.3	23.7	9.8	33.6
Jan-Mar 1999	114.6	39.9	154.7	38.3	15.7	54.1	29.0	11.0	40.1
Apr-Jun 1999	115.1	40.3	155.6	34.9	13.5	48.4	34.4	13.0	47.4
Jul-Sep 1999	108.3	38.9	147.3	36.7	15.0	51.8	43.6	16.4	60.0
Oct-Dec 1999	103.5	36.6	140.1	29.3	12.2	13.1	38.4	16.1	53.9
REAT BRITAIN									
Oct-Dec 1998	101.4	33.8	135.4	34.1	12.6	46.8	22.7	9.5	32.3
lan-Mar 1999	110.3	38.2	148.6	36.8	15.1	52.0	28.0	10.6	38.7
Apr-Jun 1999	110.7	38.6	149.5	33.6	13.0	46.6	33.2	12.6	45.8
lul-Sep 1999	103.8	37.2	141.1	35.6	14.6	50.3	42.6	16.0	58.6
Oct-Dec 1999	99.2	34.9	134.2	29.0	12.1	12.7	37.9	15.9	53.3
Jan-Mar 2000	96.5	34.7	131.3	37.3	16.1	53.5	37.9	15.1	53.0
Apr-Jun 2000	89.5	32.3	121.9	32.0	12.4	44.5	39.0	14.9	53.9
Jul 2000	84.7	31.3	116.1	10.5	4.5	15.0	15.3	5.5	20.8
Aug 2000	84.0	31.1	115.3	9.4	4.0	13.5	14.9	5.4	20.4
Sep 2000	76.9	28.3	105.5	10.0	4.2	14.3	20.7	7.9	28.7
Oct2000	73.3	26.7	100.2	7.7	3.2	10.9	15.7	5.9	21.6
Nov 2000	72.5	25.8	98.4	8.0	3.1	11.1	14.1	5.3	19.4

Figures refer to the last Friday of each quarter/month. Those identified by ES as having joined New Deal, including those who have received an initial invitation, but not yet attended their first interview. Those who have left during Gateway either to go into an unsubsidised job or for some other reason, plus those who have left an option without returning to ES. Totals include those whose sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals. Data for Northern Ireland, and hence UK, for January to November 2000 are not available.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES New Deal 18-24: numbers leaving Gateway by immediate destination^a

-	Total	Unsubsidised employment ^b	Options					Other		
Quarter/month of leaving			Total	Employer	Education and training	Voluntary sector	Environment Task Force	Transfer to other benefits	Otherc	Not known ^d
GREAT BRITAIN ^e										
All										
0ct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Jul-Sen 1999 Jul-Sen 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Jul-Sen 2000 Oct2000 Nov 2000	52.2 54.1 50.5 58.5 47.4 57.8 48.6 54.1 17.6 15.4	11.89 11.70 13.70 15.19 12.60 15.53 13.62 14.95 <i>6.01</i> <i>4.94</i>	24.55 25.20 19.96 23.63 17.90 19.62 17.42 18.70 4.56 4.15	4.44 4.12 3.90 3.33 2.70 2.79 3.56 2.96 0.72 0.63	11.01 10.68 6.88 11.26 7.20 7.28 5.58 8.06 1.78 1.46	4.69 5.29 4.64 4.61 4.10 4.92 4.33 4.06 1.06 1.06	4.41 5.12 4.54 4.43 4.00 4.63 3.94 3.62 1.00 1.00	4.18 4.64 3.98 4.20 3.70 4.62 3.83 4.45 1.43 1.46	3.85 3.89 3.77 5.60 4.50 5.41 4.50 5.99 1.89 1.52	7.74 8.63 9.04 9.89 8.80 12.64 9.22 10.01 3.68 3.36
Male										
Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Apr-Jun 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Oct-Dec 1939 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Jul-Sep 2010 Oct2000 Nov2000	37.8 39.5 36.6 41.9 33.8 41.9 34.8 38.3 12.7 11.3	8.63 8.67 10.17 11.27 9.20 11.45 9.93 10.89 4.45 3.62	18.32 18.91 14.84 17.11 13.20 14.56 12.89 13.48 <i>3.37</i> <i>3.12</i>	3.25 3.04 2.87 2.48 1.90 2.07 2.60 2.17 0.52 0.47	8.11 7.85 4.98 7.82 5.20 5.23 4.12 5.63 1.29 1.06	2.82 3.21 2.73 2.67 2.40 2.90 2.53 2.36 0.64 0.63	4.15 4.81 4.26 4.14 3.70 4.36 3.65 3.33 0.93 0.96	2.31 2.57 2.14 2.23 1.80 2.46 1.95 2.30 0.77 0.83	2.68 2.79 2.67 3.90 3.20 3.88 3.13 4.16 1.34 1.14	5.82 6.57 6.82 7.44 6.40 9.55 6.92 7.47 2.81 2.55
Female										
Oct-Dec 12:28 Jan-Mar 15:49 Jul-Sep 15:49 Jul-Sep 15:49 Jan-Mar 20:30 Jan-Mar 20:30 Jan-Mar 20:30 Jul-Sep 20:00 Oct 20:00 Nov 20:00	14.5 14.5 13.8 16.6 13.6 15.9 13.7 15.8 <i>4.8</i> <i>4.1</i>	3.26 3.02 3.54 3.93 3.40 4.09 3.69 4.06 1.56 1.31	6.24 6.29 5.12 6.52 4.70 5.05 4.52 5.21 1.19 1.02	1.20 1.08 1.03 0.85 0.70 0.72 0.97 0.78 0.20 0.16	2.90 2.83 1.90 3.44 2.00 2.04 1.46 2.44 0.50 0.39	1.88 2.08 1.91 1.94 1.70 2.01 1.80 1.70 0.42 0.42	0.26 0.30 0.29 0.30 0.27 0.29 0.29 0.29 0.07 0.05	1.87 2.07 1.85 1.97 1.90 2.16 1.88 2.15 <i>0.65</i> <i>0.63</i>	1.17 1.10 1.10 1.30 1.53 1.37 1.82 0.55 0.38	1.93 2.07 2.22 2.46 2.30 3.09 2.28 2.53 0.85 0.80

Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

rmation, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES Numbers participating in New Deal 18-24: end-November 2000^f F.12

otal	Gatewaya	Options					Follow-Through
		Total	Employer	Education and training	Voluntary - sector	Environment Task Force	
		* *					
98.4	47.1	32.59	5.16	14.19	6.90	6.34	18.81
72.5	34.3	23.68	3.78	10.00	4.05	5.84	14.46
25.8	12.5	8.90	1.38	4.18	2.84	0.50	4.35
12.9	5.4	4.73	0.68	2.18	1.07	0.80	2.79
14.4	7.6	4.31	0.42	2.36	1.13	0.40	2.45
78.7	36.3	26.88	4.59	11.11	5.44	5.74	15.57
4.8	2.6	1.38	0.15	0.70	0.33	0.20	0.79
	98.4 72.5 25.8 12.9 14.4 78.7 4.8	Gatewaye 98.4 47.1 72.5 34.3 25.8 12.5 12.9 5.4 14.4 7.6 78.7 36.3 4.8 2.6	Gateway ^a Options Total 98.4 47.1 32.59 72.5 34.3 23.68 25.8 12.5 8.90 12.9 5.4 4.73 14.4 7.6 4.31 78.7 36.3 26.88 4.8 2.6 1.38	Gatewaya Options Total Employer 98.4 47.1 32.59 5.16 72.5 34.3 23.68 3.78 25.8 12.5 8.90 1.38 12.9 5.4 4.73 0.68 14.4 7.6 4.31 0.42 78.7 36.3 26.88 4.59 4.8 2.6 1.38 0.15	Gateway ^a Options Total Employer Education and training 98.4 47.1 32.59 5.16 14.19 72.5 34.3 23.68 3.78 10.00 25.8 12.5 8.90 1.38 4.18 12.9 5.4 4.73 0.68 2.18 14.4 7.6 4.31 0.42 2.36 78.7 36.3 26.88 4.59 11.11 4.8 2.6 1.38 0.15 0.70	Gateway ^a Options Total Employer Education and training Voluntary sector 98.4 47.1 32.59 5.16 14.19 6.90 72.5 34.3 23.68 3.78 10.00 4.05 25.8 12.5 8.90 1.38 4.18 2.84 12.9 5.4 4.73 0.68 2.18 1.07 14.4 7.6 4.31 0.42 2.36 1.13 78.7 36.3 26.88 4.59 11.11 5.44 4.8 2.6 1.38 0.15 0.70 0.33	Gateway ^a Options Total Employer Education and training Voluntary sector Environment Task Force 98.4 47.1 32.59 5.16 14.19 6.90 6.34 72.5 34.3 23.68 3.78 10.00 4.05 5.84 25.8 12.5 8.90 1.38 4.18 2.84 0.50 12.9 5.4 4.73 0.68 2.18 1.07 0.80 14.4 7.6 4.31 0.42 2.36 1.13 0.40 78.7 36.3 26.88 4.59 11.11 5.44 5.74 4.8 2.6 1.38 0.15 0.70 0.33 0.20

Including those awaiting their first Gateway interview. Individuals join the Follow-Through stage only after completing their New Deal option. Totals include those for whom sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals. Those recorded by ES as having a physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. Excluding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'. Data for Northern Ireland, and hence UK, for November 2000 are not available.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES Immediate destinations on leaving New Deal 18-24, by stage of New Deal

Interference of plane Total Unsubsidised employment Other hendits Other known destination Not known Allers Colle lawers	GREAT BRITAIN					mousuit
Here bit savers	Quarter/month of leaving New Deal	Total	Unsubsidised employment	Other benefits	Other known destination	Not known
0ch0e tisis 32:27 13.82 4.82 4.66 8.98 Market 153 33:72 15:21 5.76 6.17 11:86 Market 153 5.32 8.01 13:34 13:34 Market 153 5.32 8.01 15:50 20:04 8:50 15:60 Market 153 7:78 2.02 3:83 0.78 17:02 6:37 Market 153 7:78 2.04 3:83 0.78 18:86 Market 153 4:79 1.66 0.34 0.78 18:87 Market 153 4:79 1.66 0.34 0.79 18:7 Market 153 5:20 1.60 0.50 0.63 2:30 Market 153 <t< td=""><td>AllNewDealleavers</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	AllNewDealleavers					
lam Mar 1990 An Mar 1990 An Mar 1990 An Mar 1990 An Mar 2000 An	Oct-Dec 1998	32.27	13.82	4.82	4 66	8 98
Arc.Jun 1999 45.80 19.13 5.32 8.01 13.44 Marc.Jun 1999 45.80 19.13 5.32 8.01 13.42 Marc.Jun 1999 53.30 20.10 5.20 12.90 15.10 Marc.Jun 1993 64.22 23.38 5.40 10.50 16.14 Marc.Jun 1993 64.22 23.38 5.40 10.50 16.00 Marc.Jun 1993 67.93 20.03 5.40 10.50 16.00 Marc.Jun 1993 7.73 2.00 12.12 16.00 6.99 Marc.Jun 1995 4.13 1.36 0.38 0.78 182 Marc.Jun 1999 4.17 1.97 0.444 0.79 189 Marc.Jun 1999 6.03 1.97 0.444 0.79 2.49 Marc.Jun 1999 6.23 1.97 0.	Jan-Mar 1999	38.72	15.21	5.76	617	11.58
Mid-Ben 1991 58.64 22.48 5.90 13.12 16.14 Mark 1991 53.30 20.10 5.20 12.90 15.10 Mark 2013 64.22 23.36 6.61 14.20 20.04 Mark 2013 57.98 22.35 6.09 12.52 17.02 Mark 2013 57.98 22.235 6.09 12.52 17.02 Mark 2013 57.98 22.235 6.09 12.52 17.02 Mark 2013 19.37 7.74 2.04 3.33 5.79 Mark 2013 4.79 1.66 0.46 0.79 1.82 Mark 2016 6.23 2.21 0.47 1.03 2.24 Mark 2000 5.78 1.96 0.47 0.98 2.34 Mark 2000 5.78 1.96 0.47 0.98 2.34<	Apr-Jun 1999	45.80	19.13	5 32	8.01	13.34
Octobe 1990 633.00 20.10 6.200 12.60 16.10 Mar 2010 64.42 23.36 6.61 14.20 20.04 Mar 2010 51.59 20.03 5.46 10.50 15.60 Mar 2010 51.59 20.03 5.46 10.50 15.60 Mar 2010 21.67 7.74 2.04 3.83 5.77 Thest entring before having a first interview	Jul-Sep 1999	58.64	23.48	5 90	13.12	16.14
lam Mar 200 6422 2336 661 1420 2000 Ad Seg 200 57.98 22.35 60.9 12.52 17.02 0.200 17.9.37 7.74 2.04 3.83 5.77 Max Una 200 17.9.3 1.86 5.0.9 14.97 Max Una 200 17.9 1.86 5.0.9 14.97 Max Una 200 17.9 1.96 5.0.9 0.044 5.72 1.97 Max Una 200 17.9 1.97 Max Una 200 17.97 Max Una 200 17.97 M	Oct-Dec 1999	53.30	20.10	5.20	12.90	15.10
Rev.Jur.2001 51.59 20.03 5.46 11.50 20.04 Mes.2000 57.98 22.35 6.09 12.52 17.02 Mes.2000 13.37 7.74 2.00 4.12 6.39 Mes.2000 13.37 7.74 2.04 3.83 5.77 Total Control 13 1.36 0.34 0.792 1.89 Mes.2000 6.23 2.21 0.44 0.792 1.89 Marker 1989 4.13 1.60 0.50 0.80 2.230 Marker 1989 6.23 2.21 0.47 0.88 2.24 Marker 1989 1.55 0.47 0.88 2.24 Marker 2000 7.09 2.25 0.59 1.04 3.21 Marker 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.88 2.47 Marker 2000 1.57 0.55 0.14 0.29 0.75 Marker 2000 1.57 0.56 0.14 0.29 0.75	Jan-Mar 2000	64.22	23.36	6.61	14.00	15.10
Lifese bond Decador D - 26 (B - 200) D - 26 (B - 200) <thd -="" 26<br="">(B - 200</thd>	Apr-Jun 2000	E1 E0	20.00	0.01	14.20	20.04
Data Data <thdata< th=""> Data Data <thd< td=""><td>Jul-Sen 2000</td><td>51.59</td><td>20.03</td><td>5.40</td><td>10.50</td><td>15.60</td></thd<></thdata<>	Jul-Sen 2000	51.59	20.03	5.40	10.50	15.60
No.2000 21.03 9.12 2.04 3.62 5.77 These leaving before having a first interview	Oct2000	37.90	22.30	6.09	12.52	17.02
Deside 19.37 17.4 2.04 38.37 77 Desides/ing before having a first interview 4.13 1.36 0.38 0.78 1.62 Define 1916 4.13 1.36 0.38 0.78 1.62 Mart 1919 5.09 1.97 0.44 0.72 1.97 Define 1916 6.23 2.21 0.47 1.03 2.32 Define 1916 5.20 1.60 0.50 0.80 2.30 Markar 2000 5.79 1.96 0.47 0.88 2.47 Markar 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.98 2.34 Markar 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Nar 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Markar 1999 2.430 10.05 3.80 3.09 6.14 Markar 1999 2.430 10.06 3.80 4.77 7.79 Markar 1999 2.430 10.89 3.80 4.77	Nov 2000	21.63	9.12	2.00	4.12	6.39
These leaving before having a first interview 0.38 0.78 1.62 Lam Mar 1995 4.79 1.66 0.46 0.79 1.89 Lam Mar 1995 6.23 2.21 0.47 10.3 2.52 Dable 1996 6.23 2.21 0.47 10.3 2.52 Dable 1996 5.20 1.60 0.50 0.80 2.23 Jam Mar 2000 7.09 2.25 0.59 1.04 3.21 Mar Seg 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.98 2.34 Mar 22000 1.53 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Mar 2000 1.57 0.47 0.98 2.34 Mar 2000 2.420 10.056 3.80 3.09 6.14 Mar 2000 2.420 10.056 3.80 </td <td></td> <td>19.37</td> <td>1.14</td> <td>2.04</td> <td>3.83</td> <td>5.77</td>		19.37	1.14	2.04	3.83	5.77
UCLUSE 1983 4,13 1,36 0,38 0,78 1,62 Ar-Lin 1985 4,79 1,66 0,46 0,79 1,88 Ar-Lin 1985 5,09 1,97 0,44 0,72 1,97 Ar-Lin 1985 6,23 2,21 0,47 1,03 2,52 Oct-De 1989 6,23 2,21 0,47 0,88 2,30 Ar-Lin 2000 7,09 2,25 0,59 1,04 3,21 Ar-Lin 2000 5,58 1,79 0,47 0,88 2,34 Mix2000 1,65 0,47 0,88 2,34 Mix2000 1,65 0,74 0,29 0,75 Mix2000 1,65 0,50 0,13 0,25 0,70 Tose 1,57 0,50 0,13 0,25 0,70 Lin Mix 1989 23,60 10,56 3,80 3,09 6,14 Mix2000 2,53 1,17 3,56 3,09 7,10 Mix200 2,430 <td>Those leaving before having a first interview</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Those leaving before having a first interview					
add Mar 1995 4.79 1.66 0.46 0.79 1.88 Add Sep 1995 6.23 2.21 0.47 1.03 2.52 Add Sep 1995 6.23 2.21 0.47 1.03 2.52 Add Sep 1995 6.23 2.21 0.47 1.08 2.30 Add Sep 1995 5.20 1.60 0.55 0.59 1.04 3.21 Add Sep 1996 5.23 0.255 0.59 1.04 3.21 Add Sep 1996 5.26 0.14 0.29 0.75 Nor 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.98 2.34 Nor 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Nor 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Nor 2000 1.83 0.65 3.80 3.09 6.14 Markin 1996 23.60 10.56 3.80 3.07 7.19 Adv In 1996 24.50 10.07 3.56 3.07 7.19 Adv In 1996 24.50 11.07 3.58 3.01 7.79 <td>UCI-Dec 1998</td> <td>4.13</td> <td>1.36</td> <td>0.38</td> <td>0.78</td> <td>1.62</td>	UCI-Dec 1998	4.13	1.36	0.38	0.78	1.62
AFLAIN 1989 5.09 197 0.44 0.72 197 OctDe: 1990 6.23 2.21 0.47 1.03 2.52 OctDe: 1990 5.20 1.60 0.50 0.80 2.30 Arv.Lin 2000 5.79 1.96 0.47 0.88 2.34 OctDe: 1990 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.88 2.34 OctDo: 15.79 1.66 0.47 0.88 2.34 OctDo: 15.75 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.75 Mor2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Mor2000 1.83 0.65 0.13 0.25 0.70 Mor2000 1.83 0.65 3.80 3.09 6.14 Mor2000 1.157 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.70 Mor2000 1.157 0.50 1.388 3.80 3.09 7.10 Mor2000 24.30 11.00 3.20 3.80 3.67 7.49	Jan-Mar 1999	4.79	1.66	0.46	0.79	1.88
All-Sep 1999 6 23 2 21 0.47 1.03 223 All-Mar 1999 5 20 1.60 0.50 0.80 230 All-Mar 2000 7.09 2.25 0.59 1.04 321 All-Sep 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.88 2.247 All-Sep 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.98 2.34 All-Sep 2000 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.29 0.70 Nor200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.29 0.70 Nor200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.29 0.70 Marken 1999 24.20 10.06 3.80 3.09 6.14 All-Mar 1999 24.20 10.09 4.19 3.13 6.79 All-Sep 1999 24.20 10.09 3.80 3.09 6.14 All-Mar 1999 24.20 13.68 3.80 3.09 7.10 All-Sep 1999 24.20 13.16 3.39 5.01 7.	Apr-Jun 1999	5.09	1.97	0.44	0.72	1 97
Oct-Dec 1990 5 20 1 60 0 50 0 200 2 200 Apr-Jan 2000 7 09 2 25 0 59 1 04 321 Apr-Jan 2000 5 579 1 96 0 477 0 88 2 47 Mar 2000 5 58 1 79 0 477 0 98 2 47 Mar 2000 5 58 1 79 0 47 0 98 2 47 Mar 2000 5 58 0 150 0 14 0 29 0 75 Nor 2000 1 .57 0 .60 0 .61 0 .20 0 .75 Nor 2000 1 .57 0 .65 3.80 3.09 6.14 Ar-In 1999 24.20 10 .09 4.19 3.13 6.79 Ar-Mar 1999 24.20 10 .09 4.19 3.13 6.70 Ar-Mar 1999 24.20 10 .09 4.19 3.13 6.70 Ar-Mar 2000 25.39 11 .60 3.80 4.77 7.79 Ar-Mar 2000 25.39 11 .66 3.36 3.62	Jul-Sep 1999	6.23	2.21	0.47	1.03	2.52
Jam Mar 2000 7.06 2.25 0.50 1.04 5.01 Mil-Sep 2000 5.78 1.79 0.47 0.88 2.34 Mil-Sep 2000 5.58 1.79 0.47 0.88 2.34 Mil-Sep 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Nur2200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.70 Tose leaving during the Gateway, having had at least one interview 0.56 0.14 0.29 0.75 Grobe (198) 23.60 10.09 4.19 313 6.79 An-Mar 1999 24.20 10.07 3.56 3.09 7.10 Grobe (198) 23.00 13.66 3.80 4.77 7.19 Grobe (199) 29.82 13.16 3.36 3.62 6.74 Mil-Sep 199.0 29.82 13.16 3.38 3.62 6.75 Grobe (199) 29.82 13.16 3.38 3.62 6.72 Grobe (199) 29.82 13.16 3.36 </td <td>Oct-Dec 1999</td> <td>5.20</td> <td>1.60</td> <td>0.50</td> <td>0.80</td> <td>2.30</td>	Oct-Dec 1999	5.20	1.60	0.50	0.80	2.30
Apr.Jun 2000 1.279 2.426 0.39 1.047 3.21 MisSep 2000 5.58 1.99 0.477 0.98 2.34 Ort 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Nw 2000 1.83 0.65 0.14 0.29 0.75 Tobe leaving during the Gateway, having had at least one interview	Jan-Mar 2000	7.09	2.25	0.50	1.04	2.00
Jul-Sep 2000 3.7.9 1.90 0.47 0.80 2.47 062000 1.5.58 1.79 0.47 0.98 2.34 Nw 2000 1.5.57 0.50 0.14 0.29 0.75 Debe leaving during the Gateway, having had at least one interview	Apr-Jun 2000	F 70	1.00	0.35	1.04	0.21
Oct2000 Nev2000 3.383 1.79 0.47 0.962 0.23 Nev2000 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.75 Nev2000 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.75 Oct200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.75 Oct200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.75 Oct200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.77 Oct200 1.57 0.50 0.13 0.25 0.77 Oct200 24.20 10.09 4.19 3.13 6.79 Viesp 1999 25.52 11.77 3.56 3.09 7.10 Oct200 24.30 11.00 3.20 3.60 6.55 Ar_uar 2000 25.59 11.66 3.38 3.62 6.75 Viet200 1.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.93 Viet200 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Vi	Jul-Sep 2000	5.79	1.90	0.47	0.88	2.47
Nev2000 1.57 0.650 0.14 0.29 0.70 Tose leaving during the Gateway, having had at least one interview	Oct2000	5.50	1.79	0.47	0.98	2.34
Instruction Instruction <thinstruction< th=""> <thinstruction< th=""></thinstruction<></thinstruction<>	Nov 2000	1.03	0.65	0.14	0.29	0.75
Indeeleaving during the Gateway, having had at least one interview 0.56 3.80 3.09 6.14 Jan-Mar 1999 24.20 10.09 4.19 3.13 6.79 Jan-Mar 1999 24.20 10.09 4.19 3.13 6.79 Jul-Sep 1999 25.52 11.77 3.56 3.09 7.10 Jul-Sep 1999 20.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Jun-Mar 2000 24.30 11.00 3.20 3.60 6.50 Jan-Mar 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.76 Var-Su 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.76 Var-Su 2000 29.82 13.16 3.88 5.01 7.68 Var-Su 2000 11.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.93 Var-Su 2000 11.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.93 Var-Su 2000 11.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.93 Var-Su 2000 6.75 0.42	-	1.57	0.50	0.13	0.25	0.70
0c1-bec 1996 23.60 10.56 380 3.09 6.14 4m-Mar 1999 24.20 10.09 4.19 3.13 6.79 Arr-Jun 1999 25.52 11.77 3.56 3.09 7.10 Abs-P 1999 30.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Oct-Dec 1999 30.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Oct-Dec 1999 30.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Mar-Mar 2000 24.30 11.00 3.20 3.60 6.50 Ar-Jun 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.75 Odd Sep 2000 29.82 13.16 3.98 5.01 7.68 Ve2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Octaber 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.93 Ve2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Octaber 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Ar-Jun 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35	Inose leaving during the Gateway, having ha	d at least one interv	view			
Jamba 1999 24.20 10.00 4.19 3.13 6.79 Jul-Sep 1999 25.52 11.77 3.56 3.09 7.10 Jul-Sep 1999 25.52 11.77 3.56 3.09 7.10 Jul-Sep 1999 20.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Jan-Mar 2000 24.30 11.00 3.20 360 6.50 Jan-Mar 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.75 Mar 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.76 Mar 2000 29.82 13.16 3.98 5.01 7.68 Mar 2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.86 Mar 2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 2.27 3.36 2.97 Ar-Mar 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 2.46 Mar 1999 4.36 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 2.92 Ar-Mar 1999 4.36 0.57 </td <td>UCI-Dec 1998</td> <td>23.60</td> <td>10.56</td> <td>3.80</td> <td>3.09</td> <td>614</td>	UCI-Dec 1998	23.60	10.56	3.80	3.09	614
AFJun 1999 25.52 11.77 3.66 3.00 7.10 AFJun 1999 25.52 11.77 3.66 3.00 7.10 AFJun 1999 30.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Oct-Dec 1999 30.05 13.68 3.80 4.77 7.79 Ar-Jun 2000 24.30 11.00 3.20 3.60 6.50 Ar-Jun 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.82 6.75 Mar-Sep 2000 29.82 13.16 3.98 5.01 7.60 Ver2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Octaber 1918 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Ver2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Ar-Jun 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.01 0.89 Ar-Jun 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 0.42 0.31 0.89 Ar-Jun 1999 6.35 2.46 0.58 0.73 3.87 0.20 0.76 0.78	Jan-Mar 1999	24.20	10.09	4 19	3 13	6.79
Jul Sep 1999 Jul Sep 2000 J	Apr-Jun 1999	25.52	11 77	2.56	2.00	7.10
Oct-Dec 1999 24.30 10.00 3.00 4.77 1.79 Am-Mar 2000 31.11 13.28 4.05 4.37 9.42 Ap-Jun 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.75 Qc200 29.82 13.16 3.98 5.01 7.68 Nev2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Cet200 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Mev2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Acting faving started an option* 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.99 Acting 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.99 2.99 Acting 1999 8.50 2.90 0.58 0.73 3.87 2.40 Acting 1999 8.50 2.90 0.58 0.73 3.87 3.40 Acting 1999 8.50 2.90 0.56 0.76 0.78 4.80 Acting 2000 <td< td=""><td>Jul-Sep 1999</td><td>30.05</td><td>12.69</td><td>2.00</td><td>3.09</td><td>7.10</td></td<>	Jul-Sep 1999	30.05	12.69	2.00	3.09	7.10
Jan-Mar 2000 24-30 1100 3-20 3-80 6-30 Mar-Jun 2000 31.11 13.28 4.05 4.37 9.42 M-Sep 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.75 Ot 2000 11.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.93 Nor 2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Mar-Mar 1999 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Art-Mar 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 Art-Mar 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Art-Mar 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.70 4.40 ViSep 1998 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.70 4.40 ViSep 1999 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 ViSep 1999 8.50 2.90 0.58 0.73 3.87 Art-Mar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 <td>Oct-Dec 1999</td> <td>24.20</td> <td>11.00</td> <td>3.00</td> <td>4.77</td> <td>7.79</td>	Oct-Dec 1999	24.20	11.00	3.00	4.77	7.79
Apr.Jun 2000 31.11 13.28 4.05 4.37 9.42 Versep 2000 25.39 11.66 3.36 3.62 6.75 Versep 2000 29.82 13.16 3.98 5.01 7.68 Versep 2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Tose leaving having started an option*	Jan-Mar 2000	24.30	10.00	3.20	3.60	6.50
Jul-Sep 2200 25.39 11.00 3.36 3.62 6.75 06200 29.82 13.16 3.98 5.01 7.68 Nov2000 11.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.93 Nov2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Tose leaving having started an option ^a 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 AmMar 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 Apr-Mar 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Apr-Mar 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 Apr-Mar 1999 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 Apr-Mar 2000 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 Apr-Mar 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Apr-Mar 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Apr-Mar 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.52 4.71<	Apr-Jun 2000	31.11	13.28	4.05	4.37	9.42
Oct2000 Nev2000 29.82 9.70 13.16 13.16 3.98 3.98 5.01 1.29 7.60 2.93 Nev2000 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Tose leaving having started an option* Cerban 1998 2.89 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 Arr-In 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 Arr-In 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Arr-In 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 Arr-Lar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.40 Arr-Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Arr-Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.60 0.52 4.71 Arr-Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.60 0.52 4.71 Arr-Jun 2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Jul-Sep 2000	25.39	11.00	3.36	3.62	6.75
Nov2000 11.17 5.36 1.29 1.60 2.83 Proce 9.70 4.44 1.33 1.27 2.66 Those leaving having started an option ^a 2.89 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 Am-Mar 1996 2.89 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 Apr-Mar 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Out-Deci 1996 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 Out-Deci 1996 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 Am-Mar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Apr-Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Adv2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Av2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Oct2000	29.82	13.16	3.98	5.01	7.68
Dose learning having started an option* 2.89 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 Qubber 1998 2.89 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 Arr-Jun 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Qubber 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 Qubber 1999 8.50 2.90 0.56 0.70 4.40 Arr-Jun 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Arr-Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Arr-Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.52 4.71 Arr-Jun 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Arr-Jun 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60	Nov2000	11.17	5.36	1.29	1.60	2.93
Inseleaving having started an option ^a 2.89 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 VarMar 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 VarMar 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 VarMar 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 VarMar 1999 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 VarMar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 VarMar 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 VarSep 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Var2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.16 1.77 Var2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	-	9.70	4.44	1.33	1.27	2.66
Artue 1998 2.89 1.29 0.42 0.31 0.89 Artuin 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 Artuin 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 Artuin 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 Oct Dec 1999 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 Artuin 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Marga 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Marga 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Marga 2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	nose leaving having started an optiona					
n=mail 1999 4.86 1.91 0.53 0.35 2.07 MLSep 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 MLSep 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 MLMar 1999 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 MLSep 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 MS-Sep 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Qc2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Mv2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 Mv2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Jan Ma 1998	2.89	1.29	0.42	0.31	0.89
Arvin 1999 6.35 2.46 0.57 0.40 2.92 USep 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 QarMar 1999 8.50 2.90 0.50 0.70 4.40 Aar-Mar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 ViSep 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 ViSep 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Visep 2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 Visep 2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Animar 1999	4.86	1 91	0.53	0.35	2.07
bit bit 1999 0.00 2.70 0.71 0.40 2.32 bit bit 1999 8.01 2.83 0.58 0.73 3.87 Jan Mar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Mar Ju 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Mar Ju 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Val Sep 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Nar 2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	CHI-JUN 1999	6.35	2.46	0.57	0.00	2.07
wi-bec 1999 0.51 2.53 0.50 0.73 3.01 Jan Mar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.40 Arr_Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Visep 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Visep 2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 Visep 2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	ou-sep 1999	8.01	2.83	0.57	0.40	2.52
Var.Mar 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Mar.Jun 2000 9.37 3.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 Mar.Jun 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Mar.Sep 2000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Var.2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 Var.2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	VCI-Dec 1999	8.50	2.00	0.50	0.75	0.07
MP-Jun 2000 5.57 5.02 0.76 0.78 4.80 VMS-bp 2000 7.83 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 Q42000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Var2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 Var2000 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	van-Mar 2000	0.30	2.90	0.50	0.70	4.40
ML-Sep 2000 7.63 2.61 0.61 0.32 4.29 0c12000 8.66 2.83 0.60 0.52 4.71 Nov2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Apr-Jun 2000	9.3/	3.02	0.76	0.78	4.80
UCI2000 0.00 0.52 4.71 Nov2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Sep 2000	7.83	2.01	0.61	0.32	4.29
Mor2000 3.23 1.11 0.19 0.16 1.77 2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Uct2000	8.66	2.83	0.60	0.52	4.71
2.90 1.02 0.19 0.14 1.55	Nov 2000	3.23	1.11	0.19	0.16	1.77
		2.90	1.02	0.19	0.14	1.55

Virtually all of these are individuals who have left their option and have not returned to claim JSA. Some of these may start a new JSA claim within 13 weeks of leaving the option, in which case they will re-enter the New Deal Follow-Through. The numbers leaving from Follow-Through are too small to be worth separately identifying.

S78 Labour Market trends March 2001 erinformation, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.



Enquiries: 01142596365

Enquires: 01142596365 who are recorded by ES as having been placed into unsubsidised employment, plus those who are recorded as having terminated their Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claim in order to go into a bis will undercount the total number going into a job: some who go into a job will not, for whatever reason, recorded as having terminated their Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claim in order to go into a win. Evidence suggests that a significant proportion of those recorded as destination not known who are later contacted in follow-up surveys, find work. then Ireland, figures include those for whom destinations are not known and those for whom the reason for leaving bas not been classified e.g. those who transfer to other benefits. there is no leaving code recorded on JUVOS, or where the leaving code is recorded as 'not known', or simply 'ceased claiming' or 'failed to attend'. Northern Ireland, and hence UK, for November 2000 are not available.

F.14

process reached

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service Enquiries: 01142596365

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES F.15 Number of 18 to 24-year-olds into employment from New Deala

GREAT BRITAIN	Number into sus	stained employment ^b		Number into oth	Number into other employment ^d			
Quarter/month	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^c	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidisede		
All' Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Apr-Jun 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Oct-Dec 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Jul-Sep 2000 Oct 2000 Nov 2000	16,56 17,86 21,71 24,85 26,69 26,42 21,76 26,64 26,64 9,11 7,69	13.64 14.97 18.92 20.09 25.36 18.90 26.09 26.36 18.90 26.41 7.06	2.92 2.89 2.78 2.76 2.60 3.06 2.86 2.57 0.70 0.63	7.41 5.73 9.08 10.66 5.34 6.93 5.44 1.58 1.54	7.13 5.44 7.02 8.78 10.33 5.11 6.30 5.11 1.51 1.47	0.29 0.28 0.31 0.33 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23		
Male Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Jul-Sep 2000 Oct-De2000 Nov2000	12.01 13.26 16.09 18.48 16.51 19.69 15.93 16.77 <i>6.68</i> <i>5.57</i>	990 11.11 1403 1640 14.64 17.41 13.85 15.01 6.18 5.11	2.11 2.15 2.06 2.09 1.87 2.28 2.08 1.76 0.50 0.46	5.75 4.50 5.68 7.21 8.09 3.95 4.76 5.29 1.19 1.17	5.53 4.30 5.46 6.98 6.15 0.18 4.87 4.89 1.15 1.11	0.21 0.20 0.21 0.23 0.19 0.19 0.00 0.46 0.46 0.40 0.40 0.06		
Female Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Jan-Mar 1999 Juli-Sep 1999 Juli-Sep 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Juli-Sep 2000 Oct-Dec 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Nov 2000	4.55 4.60 5.62 6.18 6.73 5.83 6.37 2.43 2.11	3.74 3.85 4.90 5.69 5.95 5.05 5.05 5.71 2.23 1.95	0.81 0.74 0.72 0.68 0.73 0.78 0.78 0.78 0.66 0.220 0.17	1.67 1.22 1.63 1.87 2.51 1.60 1.51 0.39 0.37	1.59 1.56 1.56 2.42 1.43 1.43 1.43 1.43 0.36 0.36	0.08 0.09 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.05 0.05 0.17 0.14 0.02 0.02		
People from ethnic min Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Apr-Jun 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Oct-Dec 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Apr-Jun 2000 Jul-Sep 2000 Oct 2000 Nov 2000	nority groups 221 231 266 282 279 234 274 1.11 0.97	1.93 1.70 2.06 2.42 2.59 2.28 2.11 2.54 2.54 1.05 0.92	0.28 0.27 0.25 0.24 0.23 0.21 0.21 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.20 0.20 0.06 0.05	0.93 0.69 0.74 0.98 1.21 0.57 0.74 0.77 0.77 0.78 0.78 0.221	091 066 072 055 002 001 070 073 0.17 0.20	0.03 0.02 0.02 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.04		

Enquiries: 0114

Thos aands

Thousands

Enquiries: 0114 The table counts the number of individuals into employment from New Deal. On this basis, a New Deal participant is only ever counted once as starting employment. If a per-has a sustained spell of unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment for less weeks, but who have not yet returned to JSA. Excluding those who have been, or are in, sustained employment, this comprises those employed for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Totals include those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Excluding

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

16 GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES New Deal 25+ summary figures

GREAT BRITAIN	Number on New Deal at quarter/ <i>month</i> end ^a			Number of starts ^b in quarter/month			Number of leavers ^c in quarter/month		
Quarter/month	Male	Female	Alld	Male	Female	Alld	Male	Female	Alld
Oct-Dec 1998	52.5	9.5	62.1	32.8	6.1	38.9	7.4	1.6	9.1
Jan-Mar 1999	64.2	11.4	75.6	30.7	5.7	36.4	19.0	3.8	22.8
Apr-Jun 1999	67.3	12.1	79.4	28.9	5.5	34.4	25.8	4.7	30.6
Jul-Sep 1999	68.0	12.4	80.4	27.2	5.3	32.5	26.5	5.0	31.5
Oct-Dec 1999	72.5	13.0	86.0	31.8	5.8	38.3	27.4	5.3	32.9
Jan-Mar 2000	70.4	12.8	84.0	28.4	5.5	34.4	30.7	5.7	36.6
Apr-Jun 2000	63.3	11.8	75.9	25.3	5.0	30.6	32.5	6.0	38.8
Jul-Sep 2000	56.4	10.6	67.6	7.8	1.5	9.4	8.7	1.7	10.5
Oct 2000	54.5	10.0	65.1	9.1	1.7	10.8	7.6	1.5	9.2
Nov 2000	55.7	10.1	66.3	8.6	1.6	10.3	8.1	1.6	9.8

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service Enguiries: 0114 259 636

Figures refer to the last Friday of each quarter. Enquiries: 0114 21 Those identified by ES as having joined New Deal, including those who have received an initial invitation, but not yet attended their first interview. Those who have completed the Advisory Interview Process and not taken up an opportunity, plus those who have started unsubsidised employment or left JSA for reasons other than starting Employers Ubsidy or other provision. Subsequent data may be revised upwards as leavers from WBTA/TIW and current ES provision are monitored. Totals include those whose sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals.

mation, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING MEASURES **F.1** Numbers participating in New Deal 25+: end-November 2000

GREAT BRITAIN 1	Fotal	Advisory Interview Process ^a	Employer subsidy	Education and training opportunities	Work-Based Learning for Adults ^b	Follow-Through ^c	
Alld	66.3	54.4	2.33	1.67	4.22	3.71	
Male Female	55.7 10.1	45.7 8.2	1.99 0.33	1.41 0.24	3.46 0.73	3.13 0.55	
People from ethnic minority group	os ^e 6.6	5.4	0.11	0.22	0.48	0.40	
People with disabilities ^f	14.6	11.9	0.55	0.39	0.94	0.76	

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Serve Enquiries: 0114 259 63

Including those awaiting their first advisory interview. While on the advisory process, clients may participate in provision such as Programme Centres, Jobclub, Jobplan or Worktrials. In Scotland, Training for Work is the equivalent programme. Individuals join the follow-through stage on returning from the employer subsidy, unsubsidised employment, or WBTA/TfW within three months of completing training/leaving JSA; plus those completing education and training opportunities. Totals include those whose sex is not recorded. For this reason, and also because of rounding, components will not necessarily sum to totals. Excluding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'. Those recorded by ES as having a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial long-term effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

For further information, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

ADITAIN	All	Left New Deal	and Verderics	NI WAR		Wernight	Still on New	Deal	
GREAT BRITAIN		Left JSA				On JSA ^e	Left JSA		On JSA
Quarter/month of leaving	9	Unsubsidised employment ^b	Transfer to other benefits	Other ^c	Not known ^d		Employer subsidy	Work-Based Learning for Adults/TfW	Education and training opportunities
All Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Arx-Jun 1999 Jul-Sep 1999 Oct-Dec 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Jan-Jun 2000 Jul-Sep 2000 Oct 2000 Oct 2000 Nov2000	12.7 26.3 32.2 33.8 39.6 38.2 29.3 89 9.2	2.07 3.54 4.03 4.35 4.00 4.88 4.36 4.19 1.66 1.58	1.57 3.27 3.26 3.31 3.21 4.14 3.39 3.26 1.02 1.19	0.55 1.21 1.32 1.41 1.27 1.49 1.57 1.42 0.47 0.50	2.55 2.39 2.77 2.92 3.01 3.16 2.58 2.15 0.71 0.77	2.01 10.65 16.06 15.36 17.44 20.72 21.53 13.41 <i>3.80</i> <i>4.10</i>	1.36 1.62 1.76 1.58 1.51 1.65 1.35 0.37 0.34	1.82 2.70 2.39 2.65 2.54 3.04 2.66 2.59 0.72 0.67	0.74 0.89 0.63 1.48 0.80 0.68 0.45 0.89 0.13 0.09
Males Oct-Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Apr-Jun 1999 Oct-Dec 1999 Oct-Dec 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Jan-Mar 2000 Jul-Sep 2000 Oct 2000 Nov2000 Nov2000	10.4 22.0 27.2 28.2 33.3 32.0 24.3 7.3 7.7	1.71 2.95 3.38 3.65 3.26 4.04 3.64 3.42 1.38 1.29	1.24 2.63 2.66 2.71 2.58 3.38 2.73 2.64 0.82 0.96	0.43 0.97 1.05 1.14 0.98 1.21 1.24 1.13 0.38 0.41	2.05 1.94 2.27 2.38 2.42 2.63 2.10 1.75 0.57 0.63	1.69 9.03 13.76 13.11 14.86 17.58 18.25 11.29 3.18 3.47	1.17 1.39 1.51 1.47 1.28 1.42 1.16 0.31 0.29	1.51 2.27 1.99 2.18 2.12 2.58 2.22 2.12 0.61 0.56	0.63 0.77 0.56 1.27 0.67 0.59 0.40 0.75 0.10 0.08
Females 0c:Dec 1998 Jan-Mar 1999 Ars-Jun 1999 Oc:Dec 1998 Oc:Dec 1999 Oc:Dec 1990 Oc:Dec 1	22 43 50 53 54 60 59 47 1.5 1.5	0.36 0.58 0.69 0.70 0.76 0.66 0.71 0.27 0.27	0.33 0.64 0.60 0.62 0.73 0.63 0.60 0.19 0.23	0.12 0.24 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.27 0.31 0.27 0.09 0.09	0.49 0.45 0.54 0.56 0.49 0.44 0.36 0.13 0.13	0.31 1.57 2.26 2.56 3.06 3.15 2.01 0.59 0.61	0.19 0.23 0.25 0.22 0.20 0.21 0.18 0.06 0.05	0.31 0.42 0.40 0.47 0.40 0.43 0.42 0.44 0.44 0.11 0.11	0.11 0.17 0.21 0.11 0.09 0.05 0.13 0.02 0.01

as 'not known'.

rexample, gone abroad.

for example, gone abroad. ere is no leaving code recorded on JUVOS, or where the leaving code is recorded as 'not known', or simply 'ceased claiming' or 'failed to attend'. As more data are numbers in this category may be revised downwards. of the advisory process, clients may return to normal jobseeker activity including regular fortnightly reviews. Atthe

mation, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT AND TRA Number of people into employment fi

GREAT BRITAIN	Number into s	ustained employment ^b		Number into othe	Number into other employment ^d			
Quarter/month	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^c	Total	Unsubsidised	Subsidised ^e		
Alf Or-Dec 1996 Jan-Mar 1999 Jan-Mar 1999 John Dec 1999 Jan-Mar 2000 Arr-Jun 2000 Jan-Mar 2000 Or 2000 De 2000	3.22 5.01 5.79 6.27 5.95 6.94 6.83 6.91 2.23 2.10	2.15 3.80 4.49 4.95 4.67 5.62 5.42 5.68 1.86 1.76	1.07 1.21 1.29 1.32 1.28 1.31 1.40 1.23 0.37 0.33	0.77 0.89 0.99 1.23 1.40 0.72 0.59 0.86 0.30 0.34	0.69 0.80 0.89 1.11 1.30 0.66 0.55 0.79 0.28 0.31	0.08 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.11 0.06 0.04 0.04 0.07 0.02 0.02 0.02		
Mate Dot-Dec 1996 Jan-Mar 1999 Mar-Mar 1999 Mar-Sap 1999 Jak-Mar 2000 Aar-Jan 2000 Mar-Sap 2000 Ch 200	2.70 4.21 4.89 5.29 4.88 5.79 5.75 5.75 5.75 1.86 1.73	1.78 3.17 3.77 4.16 3.83 4.68 4.53 4.70 1.55 1.45	0.92 1.03 1.12 1.13 1.05 1.12 1.22 1.05 0.31 0.29	0.66 0.78 0.87 1.07 1.20 0.63 0.51 0.74 0.25 0.29	0.60 0.69 0.79 1.11 0.58 0.48 0.68 0.23 0.23 0.27	0.07 0.09 0.10 0.09 0.05 0.05 0.03 0.06 0.02 0.02 0.02		
енае Got-Bec 1998 da-Mar 1999 M-Sep 1999 M-Sep 1999 Ma-Mar 2000 Aor-Jun 2000 Mor Jun 2000 Mar 2000 Mar 2000	0.52 0.80 0.90 0.97 0.96 1.04 0.99 1.08 0.35 0.34	0.37 0.63 0.73 0.78 0.79 0.86 0.82 0.92 0.30	0.14 0.18 0.17 0.19 0.17 0.18 0.18 0.16 0.06 0.05	0.10 0.11 0.12 0.15 0.08 0.08 0.08 0.12 0.05 0.05	0.09 0.11 0.10 0.14 0.17 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.11 0.05 0.04	0.01 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01		
reple from ethnic minor de-bec 1999 de-Mar 1999 Ver-ber 1999 Ver-ber 1999 De-bec 1990 De-bec 1990 De-b	rity groups ⁹ 0.30 0.44 0.50 0.60 0.64 0.63 0.57 0.61 0.20 0.19	0.25 0.37 0.54 0.56 0.56 0.52 0.52 0.55 0.19 0.18	0.05 0.07 0.06 0.08 0.07 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.02	0.07 0.07 0.08 0.11 0.12 0.06 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.08 0.03	0.07 0.06 0.07 0.10 0.11 0.05 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.08 0.03 0.02	0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.00		

Table counts the number of individuals into employment from 25+ New Deal. On this basis, a New Deal participant is only ever counted once as starting employment. If a participant has a bird of unsubsidised employment after having had a sustained spell of subsidised employment, then the unsubsidised employment always takes priority. end yet returned to JSA. Widing those who have been, or are, in sustained unsubsidised employment. Widing those who have been in sustained employment, the set has a bird of less than 13 weeks. Widing those who have been in unsubsidised employment, the set has a bird of less than 13 weeks. Widing those who have been in sustained employment, the set has a bird of less than 13 weeks. Widing those who have been in unsubsidised employment for less than 13 weeks. Widing those who have been in unsubsidised employment to rest than 13 weeks. Widing those who have been in unsubsidised employment to rest than 13 weeks.

ding those who, when asked their ethnic origin, were recorded as 'prefer not to say'.

tion, please see article on pp197-206, Labour Market Trends, April 1999.



Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

nose leaving before receipt of a first interview. The are recorded by ES as having been placed into unsubsidised employment, plus those who are recorded as having terminated their JSA claim in order to go into a job. Indercount the total number going into a job: some who go into a job will not, for whatever reason, record this as the reason for termination of their JSA claim. These will

INING MEASURES rom New Deal 25+ ^a	F.1	9
	Thou	cande

Source: Research and Development Division, Employment Service Enquiries: 0114 259 6365

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS G.1 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS UK vacancies at Jobcentres:^a seasonally adjusted

UNITED	KINGDOM	UNFILLED VAC	ANCIES	INFL	_OW	OUT	FLOW		of which PLACINGS	
		Level	Change since previous month	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over 3 months ended	Level	Average change over months ender
1997 1998 1999 2000		DPCB 283.3 295.8 314.2 359.1			DRYW 226.5 218.3 230.4 223.1		DRZL 225.3 217.2 227.2 221.1		DTQR 140.0 115.5 121.4 111.6	
1999	Jan	305.8	3.0	1.5	235.3	1.4	235.6	2.3	120.6	-0.5
	Feb	301.4	-4.4	-0.6	227.4	1.6	231.2	3.6	122.0	1.3
	Mar	298.0	-3.4	-1.6	225.0	1.1	225.2	-1.6	119.1	-0.4
	Apr	298.4	0.4	-1.3	220.6	-4.9	218.1	-5.8	118.9	-0.6
	May	304.8	6.4	2.3	229.9	0.8	223.4	-2.6	121.8	-0.1
	Jun	305.0	0.2	2.3	225.5	0.2	223.6	-0.5	119.2	0.0
	Jul	308.6	3.6	3.3	228.0	2.5	223.9	1.9	120.0	0.4
	Aug	315.2	6.6	3.4	231.7	0.6	225.3	0.6	121.0	-0.3
	Sep	314.3	-0.9	3.1	232.3	2.3	230.4	2.3	123.7	1.5
	Oct	333.2	18.9	8.5	236.8	2.9	220.9	-1.0	121.8	0.6
	Nov	338.3	5.1	8.0	235.1	1.1	233.0	2.6	123.8	0.9
	Dec	347.6	9.3	11.1	237.0	1.6	235.6	1.7	124.9	0.4
000	Jan	343.1	-4.5	0.2	225.9	-3.6	240.1	6.4	123.1	0.4
	Feb	343.4	0.3	-1.4	231.2	-1.3	232.7	-0.1	117.9	-2.0
	Mar	346.9	3.5	-0.2	233.5	-1.2	229.9	-1.9	118.3	-2.2
	Apr	355.9	9.0	3.1	235.3	3.1	224.0	-5.4	116.1	-2.3
	May	354.0	-1.9	2.4	198.9	-10.8	205.5	-9.1	102.0	-5.3
	Jun	357.4	3.4	3.5	222.2	-3.8	217.4	-4.2	108.3	-3.3
	Jul	362.1	4.7	0.9	218.9	-5.5	212.5	-3.8	105.5	-3.5
	Aug	362.2	0.1	1.6	218.3	6.5	219.0	4.5	109.4	2.5
	Sep	365.5	3.3	2.7	227.2	1.7	222.8	1.8	111.8	1.2
	Oct	366.3	0.8	0.3	222.1	1.1	216.1	1.2	109.7	1.4
	Nov	373.8	7.5	2.8	220.0	0.6	210.8	-2.7	107.5	0.6
	Dec R	378.8	5.0	4.4	223.6	-1.2	222.2	-0.2	109.5	-0.8
001	Jan P	395.2	16.4	9.6	222.5	0.1	212.4	-1.2	110.7	0.3

Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0207533

Thousands

Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland). Gure the current basis are available back to 1980. For further details, see p143, Employment Gazette, October 1985.

The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted vacancy figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month. Revised

Note: Vacancies notified to and placings made by Jobcentres do not represent the total number of vacancies/engagements in the economy. Latest estimates suggest that about a third of all vacancies na notified to Jobcentres; and about a quarter of all engagements are made through Jobcentres. Inflow, outflow and placings figures are collected for four or five-week periods between count dates; in this table are converted to a standard 41/₃ week month.

The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999 and the figures between March and April 1999 and between September and October 1999 for Great Britain have been affect by corrections by the Employment Service to the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies. There has also been a minor change in the definition of notified vacancies between April and May 2000. Seconds by correction Table G.3.

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS G Government Office Regions: vacancies remaining unfilled at Jobcentres:^a seasonally adjusted

		North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
-		DPCL	IBWE	BCQG	BCQF	BCQE	DPCO	BCQB	DPCP	BCQD	VAST	BCQJ	BCQK	BCQL	BCQM	DPCB
1999	Jan	11.1	39.9	24.7	20.0	38.0	24.5	28.6	35.9	26.2	248.9	16.9	30.8	296.6	9.2	305.8
	Feb	11.5	38.6	24.1	20.0	38.1	23.9	28.1	34.3	26.1	244.7	16.9	30.9	292.5	8.9	301.4
	Mar	11.3	37.7	24.2	20.0	37.3	23.6	27.3	34.2	26.2	241.8	16.8	30.5	289.1		290.0
	Apr	12.1	36.1	21.6	19.3	36.1	24.2	31.6	35.5	25.6	242.1	16.3	31.1	289.5		298.4
	May	14.6	35.8	22.4	21.2	35.6	24.0	31.8	36.4	26.0	247.8	16.3	31.8	295.9		304.8
	Jun	15.1	35.6	22.6	21.3	34.7	23.6	32.0	36.7	26.3	247.9	16.2	32.0	296.1		305.0
	Jul	16.2	35.2	23.1	21.4	33.9	23.5	32.3	37.4	27.6	250.6	16.5	32.6	299.7		308.6
	Aug	18.4	35.5	23.7	21.9	33.8	24.1	32.7	38.3	28.6	257.0	16.6	32.7	306.3		315.2
	Sep	18.7	35.7	23.8	21.4	33.6	23.3	31.9	38.3	28.9	255.6	16.3	33.5	305.4		314.3
	Oct	20.2	36.9	25.2	22.3	36.5	24.3	34.6	40.7	30.3	271.0	17.9	35.4	324.3		333.2
	Nov	21.0	38.2	26.3	22.6	35.2	24.2	35.2	40.9	30.7	274.3	18.7	36.4	329.4		338.3
	Dec	21.8	40.2	27.2	23.0	36.0	24.2	37.3	41.3	31.0	282.0	19.3	37.4	338.7	••	347.0
2000	Jan	21.8	39.1	27.7	22.6	34.4	24.4	35.4	40.9	31.0	277.3	19.3	37.6	334.2		343.1
	Feb	21.5	39.7	28.0	22.3	33.3	24.4	36.0	41.0	31.2	277.4	19.2	37.9	334.5		343.4
	Mar	20.6	40.0	29.4	22.3	35.4	24.1	36.2	40.4	32.4	280.8	19.2	37.9	338.0		340.9
	Apr	19.8	41.3	31.7	22.4	35.9	25.4	36.3	41.6	34.9	289.3	19.8	38.0	347.0		355.9
	May	19.0	41.4	31.6	22.9	36.1	25.6	35.9	42.3	33.9	288.5	18.9	37.6	345.1		354.0
	Jun	18.2	40.9	32.6	23.2	36.2	25.5	36.8	43.9	34.4	291.7	19.0	37.8	348.5		307.4
	Jul	18.3	41.2	32.9	23.1	36.3	25.6	37.9	45.1	35.0	295.4	19.1	38.7	353.2		362.1
	Aug	18.6	40.9	33.4	23.0	36.9	24.9	37.1	44.7	35.4	294.8	19.4	39.1	353.3		362.2
	Sep	19.2	42.1	34.7	22.5	36.3	24.2	35.6	45.4	35.7	295.7	19.1	41.8	356.6		365.5
	Oct	19.8	42.6	35.7	20.7	36.2	23.3	36.2	45.2	36.2	295.9	18.4	43.1	357.4		366.3
	Nov	20.6	43.0	37.2	21.7	36.2	23.5	37.1	45.7	36.9	301.8	18.6	44.5	364.9		373.8
	Dec R	21.2	42.0	37.7	22.4	37.6	23.8	37.5	45.9	37.2	305.3	19.0	45.6	369.9		3/0.0
2001	Jan P	22.5	44.2	39.5	23.3	39.5	24.5	38.9	47.0	39.5	318.8	19.7	47.8	386.3		395.2

Source: Employment Service administrative syst Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 60

Excluding vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland). Figures the current basis are available back to 1980. For further details, see p143, Employment Gazette, October 1985.

 $\label{eq:constraint} The latest national and regional seasonally adjusted vacancy figures are provisional and subject to revision, mainly in the following month.$ Revised

Note: The vacancy data for Northern Ireland have been suspended since March 1999 and the figures between March and April 1999 and between September and October 1999 for Great Britain have been affect by corrections by the Employment Service to the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies. There has also been a minor change in the definition of notified vacancies between April and May 2000. See notes Table G.3.

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS Government Office Regions: vacancies remaining unfilled at Jobcentres^a and careers offices: not seasonally adjusted

DPC0 BBWF BCR0 BCR4 CPC BCR6 DPC0 BCR6 DPC0 BCR0 VAS0 BCR1		North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain	Northern Ireland	United Kingdom
Market 101 34.4 210 221 226 35.1 34.4 22.4 227.5 18.1 31.5 277.0 68.8 2 Market 110 41.1 226 205 305 24.1 228 338 256 244.8 346 256 244.8 17.3 30.5 266 Mark 77.8 359 252 200 30.7 21.4 33.6 37.4 34.4 22.6 33.1 34.4 24.0 22.1 33.6 37.4 34.4 24.0 25.6 24.4 31.7 34.5 22.6 33.1 24.2 23.6 37.7 37.6 35.8 35.0 22.1 33.6 37.7 37.6 35.8 25.5 35.0 22.1 33.6	is at lobcentresb	DPCQ	IBWF	BCRG	BCRF	BCRE	DPCT	BCRB	DPCU	BCRD	VASU	BCRJ	BCRK	BCRL	BCRM	всом
Main 184 351 242 210 312 215 325 353 256 2448 173 345 2966 Main 178 359 252 200 307 214 336 374 244 336 374 244 336 374 244 363 374 244 363 374 244 363 374 244 363 374 244 363 376 362 370 3355 400 3351 222 221 363 451 376 326 3351 400 3351 413 407 359 2866 195 366 3368 3351 414 375 240 395 264 362 4485 380 318 204 453 361 445 364 341 414 464 364 414 414 424 364 <	Vacancies at 0000 1987 1988 1989	10.1 11.0 16.4 19.7	34.4 41.1 37.1 41.2	21.0 22.6 24.1 32.8	20.4 20.5 21.3 22.3	23.1 30.5 35.7 35.9	23.6 24.1 24.0 24.4	35.1 28.2 32.1 36.4	34.4 34.8 37.7 43.6	25.4 26.1 27.8 34.6	227.5 238.9 256.1 290.9	18.1 17.9 17.1 19.0	31.5 31.0 33.0 40.1	277.0 287.7 306.2 349.9	6.8 8.9 	283.9 296.6
Mark 17.7 38.5 30.5 20.9 33.9 24.0 34.3 40.7 35.7 276.0 19.5 37.0 33.6 33.5.1 Mark 18.5 40.4 33.5 22.2 33.7 24.7 34.2 44.0 35.9 220.6 19.5 37.6 33.6 33.5.1 Mark 19.2 40.7 33.5 22.2 34.8 25.7 37.5 46.2 36.8 295.9 19.3 37.6 35.2.8 Mark 19.2 40.7 34.0 21.5 55.8 24.7 36.1 44.7 35.9 22.6 33.0 11.4	2000 D00 Jan Feb Mar	18.4 17.8 17.5	35.1 35.9 36.5	24.2 25.2 27.0	21.0 20.0 19.7	31.2 30.7 32.2	21.5 21.4 22.1	32.5 33.6 33.6	35.3 36.2 37.4	25.6 27.4 30.4	244.8 248.3 256.4	17.3 17.6 18.2	34.5 35.2 36.3	296.6 301.0 311.0	 	·:
Jul 18.7 40.4 33.5 22.2 34.8 25.7 37.5 46.2 36.8 295.9 19.3 37.6 352.8 Agg 21.9 44.6 37.5 24.0 38.1 36.1 44.7 38.9 322.5 19.2 38.5 350.2 Or 23.9 50.6 40.8 25.4 43.4 27.5 41.3 51.6 39.6 341.1 20.4 49.0 413.4 Or 23.4 49.1 40.6 25.9 42.4 26.5 43.6 50.7 38.5 330.0 19.6 49.5 49.6 49.6 Move 20.3 40.0 35.3 22.0 36.1 21.6 36.6 41.0 33.1 286.1 18.1 45.3 349.4 Marcles at crear offices ^b DPCV IBWJ BCSG BCSF BCSE DPCY BCSB DPCZ BCSD VASY BCSJ BCSK BCSL BCSL DS 12 <td>Apr May Jun</td> <td>17.7 18.0 18.5</td> <td>38.5 39.2 40.3</td> <td>30.5 31.3 32.9</td> <td>20.9 21.2 22.6</td> <td>33.9 33.7 35.1</td> <td>24.0 24.7 25.2</td> <td>34.3 34.2 36.3</td> <td>40.7 42.0 45.1</td> <td>35.7 35.9 37.6</td> <td>276.0 280.4 293.6</td> <td>19.5 19.0 19.5</td> <td>37.0 35.8 36.7</td> <td>332.5 335.1 349.8</td> <td> </td> <td> </td>	Apr May Jun	17.7 18.0 18.5	38.5 39.2 40.3	30.5 31.3 32.9	20.9 21.2 22.6	33.9 33.7 35.1	24.0 24.7 25.2	34.3 34.2 36.3	40.7 42.0 45.1	35.7 35.9 37.6	276.0 280.4 293.6	19.5 19.0 19.5	37.0 35.8 36.7	332.5 335.1 349.8	 	
Oct Nov Dec 239 234 506 491 408 406 254 259 434 429 275 420 413 50.7 516 305 396 339.0 394.1 196 490 495 413.4 408.1 m1 Jan 20.3 40.0 35.3 22.0 36.1 21.6 36.6 41.0 33.1 286.1 18.1 45.3 349.4 mt and 20.3 40.0 35.3 22.0 36.1 21.6 36.6 41.0 33.1 286.1 18.1 45.3 349.4 mt an 0.2 1.9 1.7 0.6 1.0 1.7 3.7 2.5 1.3 14.7 0.3 0.9 15.8 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.4 17.9 0.4 1.2 19.5 1.2 1.3 14.7 0.3 0.9 15.8 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.4 17.9 0.4 1.2 19.5 1.2 1.5 1.5 2.6 1.3 14.4 0.6 1.4 <td>Jul Aug Sep</td> <td>18.7 19.2 21.9</td> <td>40.4 40.7 46.4</td> <td>33.5 34.0 37.5</td> <td>22.2 21.5 24.0</td> <td>34.8 35.8 39.5</td> <td>25.7 24.7 26.4</td> <td>37.5 36.1 36.2</td> <td>46.2 44.7 48.5</td> <td>36.8 35.9 38.0</td> <td>295.9 292.5 318.4</td> <td>19.3 19.2 20.4</td> <td>37.6 38.5 45.4</td> <td>352.8 350.2 384.1</td> <td> </td> <td> </td>	Jul Aug Sep	18.7 19.2 21.9	40.4 40.7 46.4	33.5 34.0 37.5	22.2 21.5 24.0	34.8 35.8 39.5	25.7 24.7 26.4	37.5 36.1 36.2	46.2 44.7 48.5	36.8 35.9 38.0	295.9 292.5 318.4	19.3 19.2 20.4	37.6 38.5 45.4	352.8 350.2 384.1	 	
yrt Jan 203 400 35.3 22.0 36.1 21.6 36.6 41.0 33.1 286.1 18.1 45.3 349.4 trancies at caser offices ^b DPCV IBWJ BCSG BCSF BCSE DPCY BCSB DPCZ BCSD VASY BCSJ BCSK BCSL BCSM BCSM BCSL BCSM BCS BCSK BCSL BCSM BCS BCSL BCSM BCSL <	Oct Nov Dec	23.9 23.4 20.8	50.6 49.1 41.3	40.8 40.6 36.4	25.4 25.9 23.4	43.4 42.4 37.9	27.5 26.5 23.5	41.3 42.0 38.5	51.6 50.7 45.4	39.6 38.5 34.0	344.1 339.0 301.2	20.4 19.6 18.0	49.0 49.5 45.4	413.4 408.1 364.5	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Intraccies at cover offices ^b DPCV IBWJ BCSG BCSF BCSE DPCY BCSB DPCZ BCSD VASY BCSJ BCSL	2001 Jan	20.3	40.0	35.3	22.0	36.1	21.6	36.6	41.0	33.1	286.1	18.1	45.3	349.4		
WT 0.2 1.9 1.7 0.6 1.0 1.7 3.7 2.5 1.3 14.7 0.3 0.9 15.8 0.9 WB 0.3 2.3 1.4 0.8 1.5 2.1 5.2 3.0 1.4 17.9 0.4 1.2 19.5 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.6 1.2 1.6 1.2 1.6 1.2 1.6 1.2 1.6 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 2.6 2.6 1.0 1.5 0.4 1.2 1.6.6 1.2 1.6.6 1.1 1.3 1.7 0.4 1.1 1.9 1.3 1.6 0.4 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	Vacancies at career officesb	DPCV	IBWJ	BCSG	BCSF	BCSE	DPCY	BCSB	DPCZ	BCSD	VASY	BCSJ	BCSK	BCSL	BCSM	BCSN
Im 0.2 1.5 2.8 0.6 2.3 1.4 2.6 2.6 1.0 15.0 0.4 1.2 16.6 Mar 0.2 1.6 2.8 0.7 1.5 1.5 2.8 2.7 1.1 14.9 0.5 1.2 16.6 Apr 0.4 1.9 2.9 1.0 2.0 1.9 3.3 2.8 1.4 17.6 0.4 1.2 16.6 Apr 0.4 2.9 1.0 2.0 1.9 3.2 3.0 1.3 16.6 0.5 1.1 19.1 Mar 0.4 2.1 2.0 0.8 1.8 2.0 1.9 3.1 16.6 0.5 1.1 18.1 Jul 0.4 2.1 2.2 1.0 2.0 2.4 3.6 3.4 1.5 18.8 0.6 1.7 21.2 Jul 0.5 2.5 2.3 1.1 2.0 2.3 5.4 3.7 1.6 21.5 0.7	997 998 999 000	0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3	1.9 2.3 2.1 2.0	1.7 1.4 2.1 2.4	0.6 0.8 0.9 0.9	1.0 1.5 2.0 1.9	1.7 2.1 1.9 2.0	3.7 5.2 3.8 4.2	2.5 3.0 3.1 3.3	1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4	14.7 17.9 17.5 18.4	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6	0.9 1.2 1.5 1.4	15.8 19.5 19.5 20.4	0.9 1.2 	16.8 20.7
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2000 Jan Feb Mar	0.2 0.2 0.4	1.5 1.6 1.9	2.8 2.8 2.9	0.6 0.7 1.0	2.3 1.5 2.0	1.4 1.5 1.9	2.6 2.8 3.3	2.6 2.7 2.8	1.0 1.1 1.4	15.0 14.9 17.6	0.4 0.5 0.4	1.2 1.2 1.1	16.6 16.5 19.1	 	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Apr May Jun	0.3 0.4 0.4	1.9 2.1 2.4	1.7 2.3 2.2	1.0 0.8 1.0	2.3 1.8 2.0	1.9 2.0 2.4	3.2 1.9 3.6	3.0 3.1 3.4	1.3 1.4 1.5	16.6 15.7 18.8	0.5 0.5 0.6	1.1 1.4 1.7	18.1 17.6 21.2	 	
Oct 0.3 1.8 2.3 0.9 2.2 2.2 5.6 3.8 1.5 20.7 0.7 1.5 22.9 Nov 0.3 1.5 2.2 0.8 1.7 2.1 5.6 3.9 1.4 19.5 0.6 1.3 21.4	Jul Aug Sep	0.5 0.4 0.4	2.5 2.5 2.3	2.3 2.5 2.4	1.1 1.1 1.1	2.0 1.9 1.9	2.3 2.3 2.2	5.4 5.4 5.0	3.7 3.7 3.8	1.6 1.6 1.7	21.5 21.5 20.7	0.7 0.8 0.9	1.8 1.6 1.5	24.0 23.9 23.0	 	
Dec 0.2 1.3 1.9 0.7 1.6 1.9 6.0 3.5 1.1 18.3 0.6 1.2 20.1	Oct Nov Dec	0.3 0.3 0.2	1.8 1.5 1.3	2.3 2.2 1.9	0.9 0.8 0.7	2.2 1.7 1.6	2.2 2.1 1.9	5.6 5.6 6.0	3.8 3.9 3.5	1.5 1.4 1.1	20.7 19.5 18.3	0.7 0.6 0.6	1.5 1.3 1.2	22.9 21.4 20.1	 	

vacancies on government programmes (except vacancies on Enterprise Ulster and Action for Community Employment (ACE) which are included in the figures for Northern Ireland). Figures on basis are available back to 1980. For further details, see p143, *Employment Gazette*, October 1985. hird of all vacancies nationally are notified to Jobcentres. These could include some that are suitable for young people and similarly vacancies notified to careers offices could include some for iggures represent only the number of vacancies notified by employers and remaining unfilled on the day of the count. Because of possible duplication and also due to a difference between the timing ounts, the two series should not be added together.

alion of the vacancy figures for Northem Ireland has been suspended since March 1999 as a result of a discontinuity identified during the introduction of a new computer system for processing vacancies ces of the Department of Higher and Further Education, Training and Employment. In the course of correcting for this difficulty, further problems of a procedural nature have also come to light as factors. These further issues have delayed the re-instatement of published vacancy figures for Northem Ireland. The series will be reinstated as soon as possible. For the purposes of the seasonally inded Kingdom figures it has been assumed provisionally that the Northern Ireland digures have remained constant since February 1999 as follows: 8,900 for the stock of unfilled Avacancies, 3,400 of vacancies notified, 3,400 for outflows, and 2,200 for placings. These are not estimates for Northern Ireland but assumptions for the purpose of continuity of the United Kingdom series.

y stock figures for Great Britain have been affected by corrections to the data by the Employment Service to make up for the gradual build-up of inaccuracies. The figures were corrected on 8 October a true reflection of the number of open vacancies held by the Employment Service. This had an upward effect of some 10,300 on the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies for Great Britain between and October 1999 and there was a corresponding downward adjustment to the outflow for October, but not to the placings. There was a similar upward correction to the vacancy stocks (and a effect on the outflow) of 9,100 between March and April 1999.

minor discontinuity due to a change in the treatment of vacancies by the Employment Service between April and May 2000. As from 7 April both vacancies notified and placings are only counted elics if the vacancy concerned is for 8 hours or more in a 7-day period. Previously vacancies of between 3 and 8 hours were included. The change is estimated to have reduced the recorded inflow vacancies by some 4,000 to 5,000 per month since April.



Source: Employment Service administrative system Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 020 7533 6094

G.11 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS Labour disputes^a Stoppages of work: summary

UNITE	D KINGDOM	Number of stoppages	weath 1 apriliant faile	Number of workers (thou	isands)	Working days lost in a period (thousands)	Il stoppages in progess in
		Beginning in period	In progress in period	Beginning involvement in period in any dispute	All involvement in period	All industries and services	All manufacturing industries
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998		203 232 230 206 159 200	205 235 244 216 166 205	107 170 363 129 91 140	107 174 364 130 93 141	278 415 1303 235 282 242	58 65 97 86 34 57
1997	Dec	14	17	12.2	12.5	11.8	1.4
1998	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec	13 19 19 14 15 24 10 6 8 10 13 8	20 25 26 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 24 23 16 16 13 18 13 13	42 5.7 144 39 29 312 54 2.7 1.9 11.4 42 2.6	64 88 156 7.1 38 326 203 105 3.7 11.8 5.1 3.5	15.9 19.1 32.6 13.7 7.2 69.5 58.9 24.4 5.9 7.1 17.6 10.6	89 63 12 29 10 24 73 16 12 02 02 15 0.1
1999	Jan Feb Mar Apr Jun Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec	9 19 12 20 16 16 12 13 13 15 35 15	14 22 23 1 21 21 21 14 18 23 41 22	42 144 94 26 325 85 61 31 135 125 21.7 11.4	52 14.8 102 2.7 92 6.7 3.1 14.3 15.0 23.0 12.5	8.5 27.0 34.8 4.3 50.2 16.0 7.6 10.4 22.2 18.8 21.6 20.4	03 10.1 202 1.9 11.1 1.8 1.0 1.1 4.5 2.6 0.5
2000	Jan Feb Mar Apr Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov	15 10 20 R 13 R 19 R 7 24 R 16 12 R 22 26 R	20 13 20 R 20 R 24 R 10 28 R 26 19 R 28 29 R	5.0 6.4 R 4.0 R 2.1 16.4 100.3 3.2 R 4.8 7.0 R	64 7.1 6.9R 5.2R 9.2R 29 17.9R 110.0 88.9R 7.7 87.6R	10.8 6.4 17.7 R 10.6 R 13.6 R 6.6 362 113.5 93.1 R 14.0 113.7 R	04 05 1.9R 1.1R 3.2R 04 10.7R 12.7 4.2R 15 4.7R

Working days lost in all stoppages in progress in period by industry

UNITI	ED DOM	Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	Mining, quarrying, electricity, gas and water	Manufactur- ing	Construction	Wholesale & retail trade; repairs; hotels and restaurants	Transport, storage and commun- ication	Finance, real estate, renting and business activities	Public administrat- ion and defence	Education	Health and social work	Other companity, social and personal service activities
SIC 19	992	A,B	C,E	D	F	G,H	T	J,K	L	М	N	0,P,Q
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999			1 1 2 2 -	58 65 97 86 34 57	5 10 8 17 13 49	1 6 5 1 7 10	110 120 884 36 139 50	7 10 11 23 9 2	11 95 158 29 28 35	70 67 129 28 6 25	5 16 8 7 16 5	11 23 3 5 30 7
1997	Dec			1.4	2.7		3.2	4.1	0.2	0.1	-	
1998	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec			89 63 12 29 1.0 24 7.3 1.6 1.2 0.2 1.5 0.1	1.5 9.4 1.0 0.3 0.1 - - - 0.1 0.4 0.3	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.6 1.4 26.9 2.7 0.4 48.8 42.6 6.4 0.3 0.6 4.5 3.1	25 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 550 -	0.1 2.9 0.9 5.2 7.8 7.4 3.6	1.2 0.9 0.5 0.2 0.8 1.5 0.4 - 0.1 0.1 0.2 -	02 29 29 10 02 82 06 03 0.1	02 12 19 18 1.1 0.7 06 0.8 0.1 5.3 3.7 2.8
1999	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec			0.3 10.1 202 22 1.9 11.1 1.8 1.0 1.1 4.5 2.6 0.5	0.1 0.6 0.2 25.4 - 3.2 0.5 16.1 0.4 1.1 1.8	1.8 1.1 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 1.1 2.4	22 102 0.7 0.8 0.6 1.8 0.5 22 32 9.6 150 32	1.3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.7 0.3 85 0.2 1.2 1.3 5.4 0.9 3.3 1.1 11.5	0.5 - - 20.8 1.0 0.5 - - 0.1 0.6 0.9	1.8 2.5 0.1 - - 0.4 - -	3.0 1.6 2.4 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
2000	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec		1.0 0.2 - - - 2.1	0.4 0.5 1.9 R 1.1 R 3.2 R 0.4 10.7 R 12.7 4.2 R 1.5 4.7 R 7.9	0.1 25 3.7 4.2 1.0 0.2 0.1 12.3 9.7 - 11.6 3.6	0.8 0.6 0.7 0.5 - 10.4 10.4 10.4 - 12.5 3.5	27 0.6 5.0 4.7 R 8.2 5.4 24.2 18.2 5.8 5.8 5.5 R 10.9		22 - - 02 14.4 12.9 - 152 82	0.4 0.8 6.3 - 0.6 - 11.4 11.7 0.1 13.4 3.9	32 1.4 - 0.5 0.1 - 25.1 29.5 6.5 37.0 18.9	02 0.1 0.4 0.6 9.1 9.0R 02 11.7 3.0

a See 'Definitions' on pS3 for notes of coverage. The figures for 2000 are provisional.

R Revised.

MUCDOM	12 months	to Decembe	er1999	12 months	to Decemb	er 2000	Stoppages: December 2000			
INITED KINGDOM	Stop-	Workers	Working	Stop-	Workers	Working	United Kingdom	Number of stoppages	Workers	days lost
C1992	pages	involved	uaysiosi	payes	involveu	uaysiost	Stoppages in progress	24	18,700	59,900
forestry and fishing ning and quarrying nufacturing ct:	:	:	:	2	900	2,300	of which, stoppages: Beginning in month Continuing from earlier months	18 6	14,800ª 3,800 ^b	16,200 43,600
food, beverages and tohacco;	3	100	100	1	*	**				State State
textiles and textile	-		-	3	300	500	a All directly involved. b Includes 500 involved for the first time in	the month.		
leather and leather	-			-	-	-				
wood and wood products;	- er	-	-	1	•	1,800				
producis; printin and publishin	ig g; 2 um	300	300	2	300	500				
products, nucle fuels, chemicals, chemic	ar - al an-	-	-	1	1,500	800	The monthly figures are pr For notes on coverage, se	ovisional ar ee Definitio	nd subject	to revisio ge S3. Th
made fibres;	-	:	:	-	:	100	figures for 2000 are provis	sional.		
othernon-metallic mineral produc	s; 2	200	300	2	1,200	1,700				
fabricated meta	1	100	1,000	3	600	2,400				
machinery and equipmentn.e.o	; 1	200	400	5	900	1,500				
electrical and optical equipme	nt; 1	100	100	2	1,200	2,700				
transport quipmen manufact ang n.e.o	t; 25	29,300 400	54,600 600	14	20,300	30,900				
ectricity, ges and water subbly	-	-		1	500	1,000				
nstruction holesale and retail	20	17,900	49,300	15	15,400	49,000				
trade; repairs tels and remaurants	4	1,400	9,800	1 2	11,700	39,400	Stoppages in progress: cau	se		
ansport, storage and	91	42 100	50 100	115	38.900	96,900	United Kingdom	12 months to De	cember 2000	
ancial into mediatio	n -	-	-	-	-	-		Stoppages	Workers	Working
business activities	4	1,100	2,300	1	•	100			involved	uays lost
defence	17	17,400	35,500	6	32,200	53,000	Pay: wage-rates and earnings levels	68 12	6,000	7,800
ucation	21	28,300	25,400	17	15,900	48,800	Duration and pattern of hours worked	10	6,000	6,300
alth and social work hercommunity, socia	al and 4	400	4,800	8	26,500	122,200	Redundancy questions Trade union matters	15 4	26,400 300	57,800 400
personal cervice activides	8	1,800	7,300	11	11,800	34,300	Working conditions and supervision Manning and work allocation Dismissal and other disciplinary measures	13 51 34	5,100 13,800 9,900	23,000 18,300
lindustries	205	140 900	241 800	2078	180 300	496 100	All causes	207	180,300	496,100

atries but only once in the 50 workers involved. 50 working days lost. Lessth

Lessth

Prominent stoppages in the 6-month period 1 July 2000 to 31 December 2000

Began				working	Cause or object	
Dogun	Ended	Directly	Indirectly	days lost in period	and the second second second second second	
quipment						
07.07.00	28.08.00	5,000	-	16,600	Over straight pay increase.	
12.12.00	continuing	7,300	-	6900	Over the handling of a particular threat of redundancy.	
munication						
10.07.00	18.07.00	2,000	1910101-3	7,400	Over disciplinary measures short of dismissal.	
10.05.00	21.08.00	800		6,000	Over pay increases to give parity with other workers. (total days lost 11,300)	
10.06.00	30.07.00	600	e sideres	3,300	Over pay increases to give parity with other workers. (total days lost 5,500)	
07.07.00	02.10.00	1,800	50	19,800	Over pay increases to give parity with other workers.	
efence;compulsory social	security					
29.08.00	continuing	. 83,000		263,000	Over straight pay increase.	
01.08.00	continuing	600	-	39,800	Market testing, privatisation, cuts in	
	auipment 07.07.00 12.12.00 munication 10.07.00 10.05.00 07.07.00 efence;compulsory social 29.08.00 01.08.00	auipment 28.08.00 12.12.00 continuing munication 10.07.00 10.05.00 21.08.00 10.06.00 30.07.00 07.07.00 02.10.00 efence;compulsory social security 29.08.00 01.08.00 continuing	auipment 5,000 07.07.00 28.08.00 5,000 12.12.00 continuing 7,300 imunication 10.07.00 18.07.00 2,000 10.05.00 21.08.00 800 10.06.00 30.07.00 600 07.07.00 02.10.00 1,800 efence;compulsory social security 29.08.00 continuing 83,000 01.08.00 continuing 600 600	auipment 5,000 - 07,07,00 28,08,00 5,000 - 12,12,00 continuing 7,300 - munication 2,000 - - 10,07,00 18,07,00 2,000 - 10,05,00 21,08,00 800 - 10,06,00 30,07,00 600 - 07,07,00 02,10,00 1,800 50 efence;compulsory social security 29,08,00 continuing 83,000 - 01,08,00 continuing 600 - -	aujoment - 16,600 12,12.00 continuing 7,300 - 6800 munication - - 6900 - 10,07,00 18,07,00 2,000 - 7,400 - 6,000 - - 6,000 - - 6,000 - - 6,000 - - - 6,000 -	

shown are the highest number of workers involved during the six-month period.

OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS Labour disputes G.12

G.21 ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY Educational status, economic activity and inactivity of young people October to December 2000 Thousands and per cent, n

ECONOMIC INDICATORS H.1 Background economic indicators: seasonally adjusted

UNITED KINGDOM	Econom	ically active		Total in employment ILO unemployed Economically			ally inactive	e					
KINGDO		Total Not	t in FTE ^b	In FTE ^b	Total N	lot in FTE ^b	In FTE ^b	Total No	t in FTEb	In FTE ^b	Total No	t in FTE ^b	In FTEb
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
EVELS													
AII	16-17	842	319	523	686	248	438	156	71	85	607	57	550
	18-24	3,694	3,155	539	3,315	2,848	466	379	307	73	1,269	500	769
	All under 25	4,536	3,474	1,062	4,000	3,096	904	535	378	157	1,876	557	1,319
Male	16-17	432	196	236	342	152	189	90	43	47	309	30	279
	18-24	2,002	1,761	241	1,779	1,572	206	223	188	35	529	117	412
	All under 25	2,434	1,956	477	2,120	1,725	396	313	232	82	838	147	691
⁻ emale	16-17	409	123	286	344	95	248	66	28	38	297	26	271
	18-24	1,692	1,394	298	1,536	1,276	260	156	118	38	740	384	367
	All under 25	2,102	1,518	584	1,880	1,371	509	222	146	76	1,037	410	627
RATES (%) ^c												
All	16-17	58.1	84.9	48.7	47.3	65.9	40.8	18.6	22.4	16.2	41.9	15.1	51.3
	18-24	74.4	86.3	41.2	66.8	77.9	35.7	10.3	9.7	13.5	25.6	13.7	58.8
	All under 25	70.7	86.2	44.6	62.4	76.8	38.0	11.8	10.9	14.8	29.3	13.8	55.4
Male	16-17	58.3	86.6	45.8	46.1	67.4	36.7	20.9	22.2	19.8	41.7	13.4	54.2
	18-24	79.1	93.8	36.9	70.3	83.8	31.6	11.1	10.7	14.5	20.9	6.2	63.1
	All under 25	74.4	93.0	40.9	64.8	82.0	33.8	12.9	11.8	17.1	25.6	7.0	59.1
emale	16-17	57.9	82.4	51.4	48.6	63.7	44.6	16.1	22.7	13.2	42.1	17.6	48.6
	18-24	69.6	78.4	45.5	63.2	71.8	39.8	9.2	8.5	12.6	30.4	21.6	54.5
	All under 25	67.0	78.7	48.2	59.9	71.1	42.0	10.6	9.6	12.9	33.0	21.3	51.8
HANGE	S ON YEAR												
EVELS													
All	16-17	-25	-37	12	-17	-31	15	-9	-5	-3	33	-8	41
	18-24	-28	-36	7	-23	-24	1	-6	-12	6	68	11	57
	All under 25	-54	-72	19	-40	-55	16	-14	-17	3	101	3	97
Nale	16-17	-12	-15	3	-8	-12	4	-4	-3	-1	15	3	12
	18-24	-18	-12	-6	-13	1	-14	-5	-12	7	39	1	38
	Allunder25	-30	-27	-3	-21	-11	-10	-9	-15	7	54	5	50
emale	16-17 18-24 All under 25	-14 -10 -24	-22 -24 -46	8 14 22	-9 -10 -19	-19 -25 -44	11 15 25	-5 -1 -6	-3 -2	-2 -1 -3	17 29 46	-11 10 -1	29 19 48
ATES(%	6)c												
ull .	16-17	-2.1	0.3	-1.4	-1.4	-0.4	-0.6	-0.4	0.8	-1.0	2.1	-0.3	1.4
	18-24	-1.2	-0.4	-1.5	-1.0	-0.1	-1.8	-0.1	-0.3	1.0	1.2	0.4	1.5
	All under 25	-1.4	-0.3	-1.5	-1.1	0.0	-1.3	-0.2	-0.3	0.0	1.4	0.3	1.5
lale	16-17	-1.9	-2.1	-0.7	-1.3	-1.8	-0.3	-0.3	0.2	-0.6	1.9	2.1	0.7
	18-24	-1.4	-0.1	-2.9	-1.1	0.5	-3.8	-0.1	-0.6	3.4	1.4	0.1	2.9
	All under 25	-1.5	-0.3	-2.0	-1.1	0.3	-2.3	-0.2	-0.6	1.5	1.5	0.3	2.0
emale	16-17	-2.2	3.0	-2.1	-1.5	1.1	-1.1	-0.7	1.6	-1.2	22	-3.0	21
	18-24	-1.0	-0.7	-0.2	-0.9	-0.8	0.3	0.0	0.2	-1.0	1.0	0.7	02
	All under 25	-1.3	-0.4	-1.0	-1.0	-0.5	-0.3	-0.1	0.1	-1.1	1.3	0.4	10

This table is not seasonally adjusted because of the discontinuity between winter 1996/7 and spring 1997. Full-time education. Denominator= All persons in the relevant age group for economically active, total in employment and economically inactive; economically active for ILO unemployment.

Note: Relationship between columns; 1=2+3; 1=4+7; 4=5+6; 7=8+9; 10=11+12.

22 OTHER LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS Jobseekers with disabilities: placements into employment 5

Placed into employment by Jobcentre advisory service

6 January - 2 February 2001

Great Britain

7,904ª

Source: Labour Labour Market Statistics Helpline: 0

a This figure includes job entries achieved by Employment Service call centres. The data in this table fall outside the scope of National Statistics.

Output													THE PARTY OF
GDP 1995 prices	5	GDP market price	es	Index of ou	tput UK	Manufactu	ring	Service		Constructio		Index of production OECD	I
				industries b		industries		industries		output		Countries	
1995=100		£ billion	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100 C	change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100 0	Change on year (%)
YBEZ 932 97.3 100.0 102.6 106.2 109.0 111.5 114.9		ABMI 665.4 694.6 714.0 732.2 757.9 777.9 777.9 795.7	2.5 4.4 2.8 2.6 3.5 2.6 2.3 	CKYW 93.3 98.3 100.0 101.1 102.1 102.9 103.4 105.0	22 5.4 1.7 1.1 1.0 0.8 0.5 1.5	CKYY 94.1 98.5 100.0 100.4 101.7 102.2 102.2 103.8	1.4 4.7 1.5 0.4 1.3 0.5 0.0 1.6	GDQS 92.5 96.8 100.0 103.3 107.8 112.3 115.6 119.5	3.1 4.6 3.3 3.3 4.4 4.2 2.9 3.4	GDQB 97.1 100.8 100.0 101.5 104.7 106.1 106.9	-1.2 3.8 -0.8 1.5 3.2 1.3 0.8 	100.0 103.0 108.4 110.6 114.3	 3.0 5.2 2.0 3.3
113.0		201.7	3.2	104.5	1.9	103.3	1.9	117.3	3.4	108.4	3.1	117.0	5.5
113.5 114.6 115.4 115.7		202.5 204.6 206.0	3.2 3.5 3.0 	103.8 R 105.2 R 105.7 R 105.1	1.8 R 2.4 R 1.1 R 0.6	103.0 R 103.4 R 104.1 R 104.7	1.9 R 2.1 R 1.1 R 1.4	117.7 119.1 120.2 121.0	3.1 3.7 3.4 3.2	111.3 108.8 107.3	5.5 2.5 -0.5	118.3 120.6 R 122.2	5.8 6.7 R 6.2
Income				Prices	DDIV		Due due au Du	ing Indexe cil				Inventories	- -
Real house disposable	ehold eincome	Gross tradi	ng ompanies ^d	RPI	RPIX		Producer Pr	ice index ^{a,e,j,i}				year 1995 prices ^g	"
£DIMON						and the second	Materials an	d fuels	Input prices	Output prices	Home sales		
1995=100	Change o year (%)	on £ billion	Change on year (%)	Change or year (%)	h Change or year (%)	1	1995=100	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	£ billion	
OSXS 962 97.4 100.0 102.2 106.1 106.3 109.9	3.0 1.2 2.7 2.2 3.8 0.2 3.4 	CAED 102.1 117.4 126.3 134.8 146.6 151.6 150.7 	9.0 15.0 7.6 6.7 8.8 3.4 0.6 	CZBH 1.6 2.4 3.5 2.4 3.1 3.4 1.5 3.0	CDKQ 3.0 2.3 2.9 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.3 2.1		PLKW 90.2 91.9 100.0 98.8 90.6 82.4 R 83.7 93.3	4.5 1.9 8.8 -1.2 -8.3 -9.1 R 1.6 R 1.6 R 11.5	3.6 2.6 9.5 -4.3 -6.4 -4.2 R -3.1 R 32	2.6 2.3 4.1 2.0 0.2 -0.1 -0.4 0.9	4.0 2.5 4.1 2.6 1.0 0.6 1.2 2.6	CAFU 0.4 4.8 4.5 1.8 3.8 4.2 -1.4 	
111.8	4.3	39.6	5.8	1.5	2.2		88.0	9.7	0.0	0.3	2.1	0.2	
113.0 111.7 112.2	5.2 0.7 2.4	39.2 39.1 40.6	7.2 5.7 8.0	2.3 3.1 3.2 3.1	2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1		90.6 91.2 94.8 96.7	12.8 11.4 12.1 9.9	1.6 3.2 4.3 3.8	0.5 0.9 1.2 0.8	2.4 2.6 2.6	0.4 0.8 1.1	
Expenditu	ure		in the start			Fixed inve	stments				Cool Data Series		
Househol consump expenditu 1995 price	ld final tion ire es	Retail sale	s volume	Retail sales	value ^a	All industries	je	Manufactur industries ^f	ing	Service in	dustries	General g final cons	overnmen sumption
£billion	Change on	1995=100	Change of	n 1995=100	Change or	1995 price	Change or	n £ billion	Change o	on £ billion	Change c	on £ billion	Change of
ABJR 420.1 431.5 438.5 454.7 472.7 491.4 513.4	year (%) 2.5 2.7 1.6 3.7 4.0 4.0 4.5	EAPS 95.3 98.8 100.0 103.1 108.6 111.7 115.6 120.8	year (%) 3.1 3.7 1.2 3.1 5.3 2.9 3.5 45	EAFY 92.0 96.3 100.0 105.4 112.0 116.4 120.3	5.4 4.7 3.8 5.4 6.3 3.9 3.4	NPEL 68.4 70.9 76.4 83.2 93.0 105.9 113.8	-3.1 3.6 7.7 8.8 11.8 13.8 7.5	APIN 15.0 17.6 17.8 19.8 20.7 17.7	year (%) 17.3 1.1 11.3 4.4 -14.7	APIT 55.9 58.8 65.4 73.2 85.2 96.1	year (%) 5.2 11.2 11.9 16.4 12.9	NMRY 137.0 138.9 141.1 143.5 141.5 143.1 148.8	-0.4 1.4 1.6 1.7 -1.4 1.1 4.0
130.4	5.0	117.5 R	4.8 R	139.1	3.8	28.8	5.2	4.5	-11.8	24.3	9.1	37.6	4.1
131.4 132.7 134.1	3.8 3.8 4.2 	119.1 119.6 121.1 122.7	5.0 4.4 4.3 4.4	114.3 118.9 120.1 145.4	3.1 3.4 3.4 4.5	28.7 28.9 28.8	22 1.1 1.8 	4.7 4.5 4.5	2.4 3.3 5.2	24.1 24.4 24.3	2.1 0.8 1.2 	37.3 38.5 38.8	1.1 4.3 3.9
Financiali	ndicators						Trade in goo	ods	-			Balance of	payments
Effective e rate ^{a,i}	xchange	Base lending rate ^{a,h}	FTSE All-share		Money sup growth M0	M4	Export volu	ime	Import vo	olume		Trade in goods balance	Current balance
1990=100	Change on year (%)	(%)		Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	Change on year (%)	1995=100	Change on year (%)	1995=100) Change of year (%)	n	£billion	£billion
AJHX 88.9 89.2 84.8 86.3 100.6 103.9 103.8 107.5	-8.3 0.3 -4.9 1.8 16.6 3.3 -0.1 3.6	AMIH 6.01 5.46 6.70 5.96 6.56 7.24 5.34 5.34 5.97	HSEL 1,682 1,521 1,802 F 2,013 F 2,411 2,673 F 3,242 2,983 F	23.3 -9.6 18.5 11.7 19.7 10.9 21.2 8 -8.0	EUAC 4.9 6.4 5.9 6.7 6.2 6.1 7.4 8.0	EUAD 3.5 5.1 7.3 9.9 11.2 9.8 5.4 6.6	BQKU 82.8 91.3 100.0 107.7 116.5 117.9 122.0	3.6 10.3 9.5 7.7 8.2 1.2 3.5 	BQKV 90.6 94.6 100.0 109.1 119.0 129.1 138.7	3.8 4.4 5.7 9.1 9.1 8.5 7.4		BOKI -13.3 -11.1 -11.7 -13.1 -11.9 -20.5 -26.2 	HBOP -10.6 -1.5 -3.7 -0.6 6.6 -0.0 -9.9
105.9	5.3	5.40	3,242	21.2	9.6	3.7	126.4	8.1	144.6	9.7		-6.8	-0.6
			0.110	75	0.0	44 1	100 F D	122 D	1464 B	95 B		00	-33
	GUUPUI GDP 1995 prices 302 302 100.0 1995=100 YBEZ 302 100.0 105.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 111.5 114.9 113.0 113.5 114.6 115.4 100.0 0SXS 962 97.4 100.0 0SXS 962 97.4 100.0 0SXS 962 97.4 100.0 117.5 118.0 117.5 117.5 118.0 117.5	Output GDP 1995 prices 1995 prices 1995 prices 1995 prices 932 932 932 9100 1026 1062 1062 1026 1062 1026 1062 1026 1062 1052 1146 1154 1154 1157 Income Real household disposable income £ billion 20 962 30 974 12 1000 27 1002 22 1061 38 1053 02 1099 34 111.8 4.3 1130 52 111.7 0.7 112.2 24 Expenditure Household final consumption expenditure Household final consumption expenditure 1995 prices Ebillion Change on year (%) ABJR	Output GDP GDP market price 1995 prices GDP market price 1995 prices GDP market price 1995 prices ABMI 932 665.4 932 665.4 932 665.4 932 665.4 932 665.4 932 77.9 100.0 777.9 111.5 795.7 113.0 201.7 113.5 202.5 114.6 204.6 115.7 Income Grosstradi Real household 102.1 97.4 12 97.4 12 117.4 100.2 97.4 12 97.4 12 99.9 3.4 166.1 3.8 166.3 0.2 99.9 3.4 166.3 0.2 111.8 4.3 99.6 3.92.2	Cutput GDP 1995 prices GDP marketprices 1995-100 £ billion Change on year (%) YBEZ 6654 25 973 694.6 44 1000 714.0 28 1026 757.9 35 1030 7714.0 28 1026 757.9 35 1030 201.7 32 113.0 201.7 32 113.5 202.6 35 115.4 206.0 30 115.7 113.0 201.7 32 114.6 202.6 35 115.7 100.0 2.7 126.3 962 3.0 102.1 9.0 97.4 12 117.4 15.0 100.0 2.7 126.3 7.6 102.2 2.34.8 6.7 102.2 134.8 6.7 102.2 14.34 5.	Output CDP 1995 prices CDP marketprices Index of ou Production year (%) 1995=100 E billion Change on year (%) 1995=100 YBEZ ABMI 932 665.4 2.5 93.3 100.0 774.0 2.6 100.1 1022 772.2 2.6 100.1 1023 772.7 2.3 100.1 1115 772.7 2.3 100.1 113.0 201.7 3.2 104.5 113.5 202.5 3.2 103.8 R 114.6 204.6 3.5 106.1 113.0 201.7 3.2 104.5 113.0 201.7 3.2 104.5 113.0 201.7 3.2 104.5 113.0 201.7 3.2 104.5 100.1 Change on year (%) Prices RPI Trices RPI 113.0 5.2 3.2 103.6 05.8 CAED year (%) Change on year (%)	Output GDP marketprices Index of output UK Production industries ^b 1995=100 E billion Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) YBEZ ABMI 1000 714.0 28 100.0 17.1 1025 723.3 684.6 4.4 98.3 54.4 1025 772.2 2.6 100.1 17.1 102.5 17.2 1026 722.5 2.5 100.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1025 777.7 2.3 103.4 0.5 1.9 114.9 105.0 1.5 1.9 114.5 204.6 3.5 105.7 1.9 1.1 115.7 1.0 1.0 1.7 1.9 115.7 105.1 0.6 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 <t< td=""><td>Upput (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p)</td><td>Upplui (D)P (395 prices GDP marketpices Index of output UK (N) Manufacturing (N) 1995=100 £ billion (N) Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 £ billion (N) Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1000 200 7722.2 2.6 100.1 1.1 100.4 0.4 1130 201.7 3.2 104.5 1.9 103.8 1.6 1130 201.7 3.2 104.5 1.9 103.8 1.9 R 1130 201.7 3.2 104.5 1.9 103.3 1.9 R 1137 20.0 1.0 Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Producer Prices Producer Prices 1995=100 Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Producer Prices Producer Prices 1995=100 Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Prices Prices</td><td>United GDP T995 prices GDP market prices Index of output UK Productions Marufacturing Maturities Service Industries 1995 prices E billion Change on year (%) 1995 prices Benvice Industries Service Industries Service Industries 1995 prices E billion Change on year (%) 1995 prices Crypt Sign (%) Crypt (%)</td><td>Ungger GDP Figs prices GDP marks prices Index of output UK Production year (%) Manufacturing Maturities Service Industries 1995-100 E.billion (%) 975.0 E.billion (%) 975.0 Change on (%) 975.0 1995-100 (%) 975.0 1995-100 (%) 977.0 1995-100 (%) 977.0</td><td>Unique (309) (309) (309) (300)</td><td>Uppin GCP (195 prices) GCP (195 prices) Index of output UK Production (196 prices) Manufacturing Manufacturing (196 prices) Service (196 prices) Construction (196 prices) 196 prices Ebilion (196 prices) Ebilion (196 prices) Ebilion (196 prices) Ebilion (196 prices) 196 prices) 196 prices 196 prices</td><td>Unitation (BBP process) GBP productions (BBP productions) Index of output UK Productions) Index output UK Productions) Index of output UK Prod</td></t<>	Upput (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p) (p)	Upplui (D)P (395 prices GDP marketpices Index of output UK (N) Manufacturing (N) 1995=100 £ billion (N) Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 £ billion (N) Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1995=100 Change on year (%) 1000 200 7722.2 2.6 100.1 1.1 100.4 0.4 1130 201.7 3.2 104.5 1.9 103.8 1.6 1130 201.7 3.2 104.5 1.9 103.8 1.9 R 1130 201.7 3.2 104.5 1.9 103.3 1.9 R 1137 20.0 1.0 Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Producer Prices Producer Prices 1995=100 Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Producer Prices Producer Prices 1995=100 Change on year (%) Change on year (%) Prices Prices	United GDP T995 prices GDP market prices Index of output UK Productions Marufacturing Maturities Service Industries 1995 prices E billion Change on year (%) 1995 prices Benvice Industries Service Industries Service Industries 1995 prices E billion Change on year (%) 1995 prices Crypt Sign (%) Crypt (%)	Ungger GDP Figs prices GDP marks prices Index of output UK Production year (%) Manufacturing Maturities Service Industries 1995-100 E.billion (%) 975.0 E.billion (%) 975.0 Change on (%) 975.0 1995-100 (%) 975.0 1995-100 (%) 977.0 1995-100 (%) 977.0	Unique (309) (309) (309) (300)	Uppin GCP (195 prices) GCP (195 prices) Index of output UK Production (196 prices) Manufacturing Manufacturing (196 prices) Service (196 prices) Construction (196 prices) 196 prices Ebilion (196 prices) Ebilion (196 prices) Ebilion (196 prices) Ebilion (196 prices) 196 prices) 196 prices 196 prices	Unitation (BBP process) GBP productions (BBP productions) Index of output UK Productions) Index output UK Productions) Index of output UK Prod

lanufacturing industries: SIC divisions 2 to 4. dustrial and commercial companies (excluding North Sea oil companies) including wrotnoy holding gains. Val business investment excluding NHS trusts, land and existing buildings and private sector welline.

Adventures Wellings. Excludes private sector dwellings. Value of physical increase in stocks and work in progress. Base lending rate of the London clearing banks on the last Friday of the period shown. Hore changes are calculated may have been rounded. Fr ^c Data values from which percentage changes are calculated may have been rounded. For most indicators two series are given, representing the series itself in the units stated and the percentage change in the series on the same period a year earlier.

R Revised

Figures are for the private sector only. They are exclusive of expenditure on dwellings.
 Changes in input and output prices are based on the underlying series (excluding food, beverages, tobacco and petroleum) - CSDB series PLLA and PLLV respectively. Home sales are based on series PLLU.

RETAIL PRICES Summary of recent movements

UNITE	ED KINGDOM	All items (RPI)		All items exclu	ding	and the second			
				Mortgage inter payments (RPI	rest X)	Mortgage inter and indirect tax	est payments (es (RPIY)	Housing	
		Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months	Index Jan 13, 1987=100	Percentage change over 12 months
		CHAW	CZBH	СНМК	CDKQ	CBZW	CBZX	CHAZ	C791
2000	Jan Feb Mar	166.6 167.5 168.4	2.0 2.3 2.6	165.2 165.8 166.4	2.1 2.2 2.0	157.9 158.6 159.2	1.8 1.8 2.1	159.1 159.7 160.5	15 15 13
	Apr May Jun	170.1 170.7 171.1	3.0 3.1 3.3	167.5 168.0 168.4	1.9 2.0 2.2	159.4 160.0 160.4	1.6 1.7 2.0	161.3 161.7 162.0	1.4 1.4 1.8
	Jul Aug Sep	170.5 170.5 171.7	3.3 3.0 3.3	167.7 167.6 168.9	22 1.9 22	159.7 159.6 160.9	1.9 1.5 2.0	161.2 160.9 162.2	1.6 1.3 1.6
	Oct Nov Dec	171.6 172.1 172.2	3.1 3.2 2.9	168.7 169.2 169.3	2.0 2.2 2.0	160.7 161.2 161.3	1.6 1.8 1.7	162.0 162.5 162.5	1.5 1.8 1.5
2001	Jan	171.1	2.7	168.1	1.8	160.2	1.5	161.1	13

RETAIL PRICES H.12

Detailed figures for various groups, sub-groups and sections for 16 January 2001

UNITED KINGDOM		Index	Percentag	e change over			Index	Percentag	ge change over
		=100	1 month	12 months			=100	1 month	12 sonths
ALLITEMS	CHAW	171.1	-0.6	2.7	Tobacco	CHBE	277.3	0.0	9.1
Food and catering	CHRS	158.8	03	21	Tobacco	DOBN	203.3		9
Alcohol and tobacco	CHBT	213.3	0.5	40	TODACCO	DOBO	221.5		
Housing and household expenditure	CHBU	1785	-0.7	4.0	Housing	CUPE	200.0	0.0	
Personal expenditure	CHBV	132.9	-35	-11	Port	DODD	220.8	0.3	8.3
Travelandleisure	CHBW	170.3	-0.3	1.6	Mortgage interest payments	DOBP	241.0 248.7		3 24
Consumerdurables	CHBY	102.8	-5.3	-3.3	Depreciation (Jan 1995=100) Community charge and rates/council tax	CHOO DOBR	152.3 189.4		10 6
Seasonalfood	CHBP	1297	-17	60	Waterand other payments	DOBS	25/.8		-9
Foodexcluding seasonal	CHBB	1477	0.6	0.7	Repairs and maintenance charges	DOBI	227.1		1
All items excluding seasonal food	CHAX	1721	-0.6	26	Do-It-yourseirmateriais	DOBO	155.5		1
All items excluding food	CHAY	175.8	-0.7	2.8	Dweiling insurance and ground rent	DOBA	206.3		2
					Fuel and light	CHBG	123.1	-0.6	18
Otherindices					Coal and solid fuels	DOBW	1396	0.0	3
All items excluding:					Flectricity	DOBX	1277		.3
Mortgage interest payments (RPIX)	CHMK	168.1	-0.7	1.8	Gas	DOBY	1145		3
Housing Mortgage interest payments and	CHAZ	161.1	-0.9	1.3	Oil and other fuels	DOBZ	159.5		11
indirect taxes (BPIV)a	CR7W	160.2	.07	15					1.
Mortgage interest payments and	ODEN	1002	-0.7	1.0	Household goods	CHBH	138.0	-3.9	5.1
counciltax	DOAD	167.2	.07	16	Fumiture	DOCA	142.5		2
Mortgage interest payments and	DUAD	10/2	-0.7	1.0	Furnishings	DOCB	143.3		1
depreciation	CHON	166.5	.07	15	Electrical appliances	DOCC	87.1		-6
depredition	onon	100.5	-0.7	1.0	Otherhousehold equipment	DOCD	138.1		-1
Food	CHBA	1/15 1	0.2	15	Household consumables	DOCE	163.1		1
Bread	DOAA	137.8	0.0	1	Petcare	DOCF	152.4		
Cereals	DOAR	1379		-1					
Biscuits and cakes	DOAC	158.8		0	Household services	CHBI	157.1	-0.4	0.4
Beef	DOAD	1320		-2	Postage	DOCG	157.6		
Lamb	DOAF	151.4		3	Telephone, telemessages etc	DOCH	89.6		
of which, home-killed lamb	DOAF	157.4		3	Domestic services	DOCI	218.6		6
Pork	DOAG	138.2		4	Fees and subscriptions	DOCJ	200.3		5
Bacon	DOAH	162.3		3			18 33		
Poultry	DOAI	107.7		-1	Clothing and footwear	CHBJ	105.1	-6.3	
Othermeat	DOAJ	134.3		1	Men'souterwear	DOCK	105.3		
Fish	DOAK	149.8		1	vvomen souterwear	DOCL	824		-0
of which, fresh fish	DOAL	160.0		3	Children souterwear	DOCM	106.3		-0
Butter	DOAM	166.3		0	Footwoor	DOCN	100.8		
Ollandfats	DOAN	135.4		0	rootwear	DOCO	1112		
Cheese	DOAO	1582		1	Personal goods and sonvices	CHRO	1070	0.2	22
Eggs Mills freeh	DOAP	1532		1	Personal articles	DOCP	124.0	0.0	1
Milk producto	DOAQ	153.1		2	Chemiste goode	DOCO	100.0		
Too	DOAR	139.3		-1	Personalsenvices	DOCR	275.0		6
Coffee and other hot drinks	DOAS	104.0		-0	1 01001010010000	DOON	210.0		
Softdrinks	DOAL	1970		-2	Motoring expenditure	CHBK	1797	-0.7	1.0
Sugarandpreserves	DOAV	131 /		1	Purchase of motor vehicles	DOCS	1235		-4
Sweets and chocolates	DOAW	1596		2	Maintenance of motor vehicles	DOCT	2160		4
Potatoes	DOAX	155.2		11	Petrolandoil	DOCU	225.3		3
of which, unprocessed potatoes	DOAY	144.7		33	Vehicles tax and insurance	DOCV	264.4		7
Vegetables	DOAZ	118.5		0					
of which, other fresh vegetables	DOBA	107.4		1	Fares and other travel costs	CHBR	188.0	0.9	3.6
Fruit	DOBB	135.7		4	Rail fares	DOCW	212.0		3
of which, other fresh fruit	DOBC	131.5		5	Busandcoachfares	DOCX	209.4		5
Otherfoods	DOBD	152.0		2	Othertravelcosts	DOCY	162.6		3
Catering	CHBC	2071	0.2	25	Leisuregoods	CHDI	1007	.00	-3.3
Restaurantmeals	DOBE	207.1	0.2	3.5	Audio visual aquinmont	DOCZ	07.1	-0.5	-15
Canteen meals	DOBE	2387		5	Tanes and discs	DODA	1036		-6
Take-aways and snacks	DOBG	201.2		3	Toys photographic and sports goods	DODR	109.9		-1
				and a state	Books and newspapers	DODC	202.9		2
Alcoholicdrink	CHBD	189.0	0.7	1.7	Gardeningproducts	DODD	150.6		3
Beer	DOBH	203.8		2					
onsales	DOBI	212.1		3	Leisureservices	CHBM	213.5	0.4	5.4
offsales	DOBJ	161.8		1	Television licences and rentals	DODE	127.8		-4
Wines and spirits	DOBK	168.8		1	Entertainment and other recreation	DODF	264.6		5
onsales	DOBL	200.0		3	Foreign holidays (Jan 1993=100)	CHMQ	143.2		8
Unsales	DORW	151.6		-1	UKholidays (Jan 1994=100)	CHMS	127.0		

a The taxes excluded are Council Tax, VAT, duties, car purchase tax and vehicle excise duty, insurance tax and airport tax.

Note: Indices are given to one decimal place to provide as much information as is available although accuracy is reduced at lower levels of aggregation. For this reason, annual percentage changes for individual sections are given rounded to the nearest whole number

See general notes under Table H.13.

Shown below are key items selected from the General index of Retail Prices. The average prices for these goods have been derived from prices collected in more an 146 areas in the United Kingdom.

It is only possible to calculate a meaningful average price for fairly standard items; that is, those which do not vary between retail outlets. The averages given are subject to uncertainty, an indica-tion of which is given in the price ranges in the final column below. These show the range within which at least four-fifths of the recorded prices fell.

Average prices on 16	Janua	ry 2001			fifths of the recorded	prices	fell.		
Nem		Number of quotations	Average price (pence)	Price range within which 80 per cent of quotations fell (pence)	Item		Number of quotations	Average price (pence)	Price range within which 80 per cent of quotations fell (pence)
Beef: home-killed, per kg Bestbeefmince	CZPI CZPH	632 497	416 640	218-598 549-772	Cheese, per kg Cheddar type	CZNW	159	515	299-682
Rump steek ^a Stewing steak	CZPF CZPE	567 496	820 463	599-969 295-778	Eggs Size 2 (65-70g), per dozen Size 4 (55-60g), per dozen	CZNV CZNU	143 141	168 141	119-258 108-209
Lamb:home-killed, per kg Loin (with bone) Shoulder (with bone)	CZPD CZPC	511 346	854 329	593-1169 252-440	Milk Pasteurised, perpint ^b	CZNT	210	35	26-34
Lamb: imported (frozen), per kg Loin (withbone)	CZPA CZOZ	106 110	537 422	335-658 348-473	Tea Loose, per 125g Tea bags, per 250g	CZNR CZNQ	194 220	82 142	62-99 97-179
Pork: home killed, per kg Loin (widt bone)	CZOX	563 245	459	368-551	Coffee Pure, instant, per 100g Ground (filter line), 227g	CZNP	228 194	186 176	158-225
Shoulder (without borie) Bacon, per Ag	CZOB	477	435	304-827	Sugar Granulated, per kg	CZNN	173	54	45-75
Gammon ^a Back ^a	CZOU DOIF	557 656	561 623	439-729 439-1067	Fresh vegetables Potatoes, old loose, per kg ^c	CZNM	440	82	40-99
Ham Ham (not shoulder),113g	CZOR	697	88	55-129	Potatoes, new loose, per kg ^c Tomatoes, per kg ^c Cabbage, hearted, per kg ^c	CZNK CZNJ CZNH	457 559 455	75 149 56	41-135 99-174 36-69
Sausages, our Kgo Pork	CZOQ	617	313	198-395	Brussel sprouts, per kg° Carrots, per kg° Onions, per kg°	CZNF CZNE CZND	420 565 565	87 53 54	68-118 48-64 39-66
Correct beef, 340g Chicken: repsting, oven ready, pe	CZOO erkg	203	99	87-119	Mushrooms, per kg ^c Cucumber, each Lettuce - iceberg, each	CZNC CZNB CZNA	558 528 551	263 64 62	232-340 55-78 49-69
Frozen Fresh or chilled	CZON CZOM	159 569	164 230	126-194 175-285	Leeks, per kg ^c Broccoli, per kg	DOHJ SDHY	490 428	139 121	108-180 94-197
Freshand minoked fish, per kg Cod fillets Rainbow frout	CZOL CZOK	357 298	839 469	659-1097 350-593	Fresh truit Apples, cooking, per kg° Apples, dessert, per kg° Pears, dessert, per kg° Oranges, each	CZMZ CZMY CZMX CZMW	526 573 545 575	119 105 109 24	88-139 83-130 79-134 19-30
White loaf, sliced, 800g White loaf, unwrapped, 800g Brown loaf, sliced, 400g Brown loaf, sliced, 400g	CZOH CZOG CZOE CZOD	209 165 178 134	52 71 52 75	29-85 59-92 35-69 59-99	Bananas, perkg ^c Grapes, perkg ^c Avocado pear, each Grapefruit, each	CZMV CZMU DOHT DOHN	581 531 340 535	100 299 71 31	85-109 218-438 50-99 25-39
Flour Selfraising, per 1.5kg	CZOC	208	60	38-85	Items other than food Draught bitter, per pint Draught lager, per pint	CZMT CZMS	541 538	179 202	150-210 180-230
Butter Home produced, per 250g Imported, per 250g	CZOB DOHX	224 215	81 88	69-95 79-99	Whisky, per nip Cigarettes, 20 king size filter Coal, per 50kg Smokeless fuel, per 50ka	CZMR CZMP CZMO CZMN	543 681 123 123	144 401 775 1008	120-175 348-438 640-1025 850-1375
Margarine/Low fat spread per 500g	DOIB	209	78	39-109	Lead replacement petrol, per litre ^d Low sulphur diesel, per litre ^d Unleaded petrol ord., per litre	CZMM CZML CZMK	510 529 532	82 82 77	80-85 80-84 75-79

dish equivalent. a price estimates include prices of delivered milk and shop-bought milk. However, 80 per cent price range includes only shop-bought milk. "eoruary 1999, prices for these items are quoted as per kg. In order to calculate the price per b (the previously published measure), divide the given price per kg by 2.203. In the case of soms, in order to calculate the price per 4oz (the previously published measure), divide the given price by 8.812. "eoruary 2000, 4-star petrol and derv were replaced with lead replacement petrol and ultra low sulphur diesel respectively.

General notes -retail prices

Definitions

e responsibility for the Retail Prices Index was transferred in ly 1989 from the Employment Department to the Office for ational Statistics (formerly Central Statistical Office). The RPI is Now published in full in the ONS Business Monitor MM23.

Structure

hth effect from February 1987 the structure of the published omponents was recast. In some cases, therefore, no direct parison of the new component with the old is possible. The ionship between the old and the new index structure is shown Employment Gazette, p379, September 1986.

Consumer durables: Furniture, furnishings, electrical appliances and other household equipment, men's, women's and children's outerwear and footwear, audio-visual equipment, records and tapes, toys, photographic and sports goods.

RETAIL PRICES Average retail prices of selected items

H.13

Seasonal food: items of food the prices of which show significant seasonal variations. These are fresh fruit and vegetables, fresh fish, eggs and home-killed lamb.

H.14 RETAIL PRICES General index of retail prices

UNITED KINGDOM January 13 1987 = 100		ALL	Allitems	Allitems	All items All items All items except except except food ^a and all items all items all items except except except except interest interest and all items and	Allitems	All items National- except ised mortgage industries ^b	Consumer durables	Food			Catering	Alcoholic drink
		TIEMS	food	seasonal food ^a		mortgage			All	Seasonal ^a	Non- seasonal ^a		
Weig	hts	CZGU	CZGV	CZGW	CZGX	CZGY		CBWA	CZGZ	CZHA	CZHB	CZHC	CZHD
1987		1.000	833	974	843	956	57	139	167	26	141	46	70
1988		1,000	837	975	840	958	54	141	163	25	138	50	/0
1000		1,000	846	977	825	940	46	135	154	23	131	10	/8
1909		1,000	940	076	915	005	40	132	158	24	134	40	83
1990		1,000	042	970	015	925		100	151	24	107	47	77
1991		1,000	849	976	000	924		120	151	24	127	4/	77
1992		1,000	848	9/8	828	936	-	127	152	22	130	47	80
1993		1,000	856	979	836	952	-	127	144	21	123	45	78
1994		1,000	858	980	842	956	-	127	142	20	122	45	76
1995		1,000	861	978	813	958	-	123	139	22	117	45	77
1996		1,000	857	978	810	958	-	116	143	22	121	48	70
1997		1 000	864	981	814	961	-	122	136	19	117	49	10
1008		1,000	870	982	803	955		121	130	18	112	48	00
1000		1,000	872	090	807	958		127	128	20	108	51	/1
1999		1,000	072	000	007 00E	060		126	119	19	100	50	69
2000		1,000	002	902	000	900		01101	CUDA	CUPD	CUDD	32	65
Annu	alaverages	CHAW	CHAY	CHAX	CHAZ	CHMK	100.0	CHBY	CHBA	CHBP	CHBB	CHBC	CHBD
1987		101.9	102.0	101.9	101.6	101.9	100.9	101.2	101.1	101.6	101.0	102.8	101.7
1988		106.9	107.3	107.0	105.8	106.6	106.7	103.7	104.6	102.4	105.0	109.6	106.9
1989		115.2	116.1	115.5	111.5	112.9	-	107.2	110.5	105.0	111.6	116.5	112.9
1990		126.1	127.4	126.4	119.2	122.1	-	111.3	119.4	116.4	119.9	126.4	123.8
1991		133.5	135.1	133.8	128.3	130.3	-	114.8	125.6	121.6	126.3	139.1	190.0
1992		138.5	140.5	139 1	134.3	136.4		115.5	128.3	1147	130.6	147.0	140.4
1002		140.7	140.0	141 4	129.4	140.5	100	115.0	120.6	111.4	124.0	155.0	148.1
1990		140.7	142.0	141.4	141.0	140.5	1.	115.5	101.0	1177	104.0	100.0	154.7
1994		144.1	146.5	144.8	141.6	143.8		115.5	131.9	117.7	134.3	162.1	158.5
1995		149.1	151.4	149.6	145.4	147.9	-	116.2	137.0	127.2	138.5	169.0	164.5
1996		152.7	154.9	153.4	149.3	152.3	-	117.1	141.4	125.4	144.2	175.7	169.2
1997		157.5	160.5	158.5	152.9	156.5		117.3	141.5	118.5	145.7	182.3	173.0
1998		162.9	166.5	163.8	156.2	160.6		115.9	143.4	125.0	146.6	189.3	170.0
1000		165.4	160.0	166.5	159.0	164.3		112.3	1/3.8	124.3	147.4	106.6	179.8
2000		170.3	175.1	171.4	161.3	167.7	-	108.0	143.4	124.0	146.9	203.6	184.5
1007	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1987	Jan 13	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1988	Jan 12	103.3	103.4	103.3	103.2	103.7	102.8	101.2	102.9	103.7	102.7	106.4	103.7
1989	Jan 17	111.0	111.7	111.2	108.5	109.4	110.9	104.5	107.4	103.2	108.2	113.1	109.9
1990	Jan 16	119.5	120.2	119.6	114.6	116.1	-	108.0	116.0	116.3	116.0	121.2	116.3
1991	Jan 15	130.2	131.6	130.4	122.7	126.0		110.7	122.9	121.2	123.1	132.2	129.7
1000	lan 14	125.6	1971	125.0	121.6	123.1		113.2	128.4	125.2	120.0	144.2	140.0
1992	Jan 10	100.0	107.1	100.9	101.0	100.1		110.2	120.4	110.0	123.0	144.0	143.9
1993	Jan 12	137.9	139.7	138.6	135.0	137.4	-	112.8	128.8	112.2	131.7	151.7	151.0
1994	Jan 18	141.3	143.5	142.1	139.3	141.3	-	113.0	130.0	110.3	133.5	159.1	156.9
1995	Jan 17	146.0	148.3	146.5	142.9	145.2	-	113.2	134.1	126.3	135.3	165.7	161.3
1996	Jan 16	150.2	152.3	150.7	146.8	149.3	-	113.8	139.6	128.5	141.4	172.5	166.0
1997	Jan 14	154.4	157.0	155.3	150.7	153.9	-	114.2	141.0	120.3	144.7	179.2	171.1
1998	Jan 13	159.5	162.8	160.4	153.7	157.7	-	113.2	141.8	121.2	145.5	185.8	176.5
1000	lan 10	163.4	166.7	164.2	156.9	161.9		110.6	1/5 9	122.1	147.0	102.2	102.0
1999	Janis	100.4	100.7	104.2	150.0	101.0		110.0	140.0	100.1	147.9	193.2	102.9
	Feb 16	163.7	167.0	164.5	157.4	162.3	-	112.3	146.0	133.4	148.1	193.8	183.4
	Mar 16	164.1	167.7	165.0	158.4	163.2	-	114.2	145.1	129.6	147.9	194.2	183.3
	Apr20	165.2	169.1	166.3	159.0	164.3		113.1	144.2	125.1	147.7	195.5	183.7
	May 18	165.6	169.5	166.5	159.4	164.7	-	114.0	144.9	130.0	147.5	196.2	184.6
	Jun 15	165.6	169.6	166.6	159.2	164.7		113.1	144.2	124.5	147.8	196.5	185.4
	531110	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.2	104.7		110.1	ITTLE	124.0	147.0	100.0	100.4
	Jul 20	165.1	169.1	166.3	158.6	164.1	-	109.6	143.3	117.6	148.1	197.2	185.1
	Aug 17	165.5	169.7	166.8	158.9	164.5	-	110.5	142.6	116.2	147.6	197.8	185.3
	Sep14	166.2	170.6	167.4	159.6	165.2		112.7	142.4	117.1	147.2	198.1	185.3
	Oct19	166.5	171.0	167.7	150.6	165.4	-	111.6	1/12 1	110.8	1/63	108.7	185.5
	Nov16	100.5	171.0	107.7	150.0	100.4		110.0	140.7	100.0	140.5	100.0	105.0
	NOVID	166.7	1/1.1	167.8	159.7	165.6	-	112.3	142.7	122.2	146.5	198.9	0.681
	Dec 14	167.3	171.8	168.4	160.1	165.9		113.2	142.9	122.4	146.7	199.3	184.5
2000	Jan 18	166.6	171.0	167.8	159.1	165.2	-	106.3	142.9	122.4	146.7	200.1	185.8
	Feb15	167.5	172.0	168.7	1597	165.8	-	108.4	142.9	121.2	146.9	200.9	185.9
	Mar 14	169.4	172.0	160.7	160.5	166.4		100.6	142.0	1176	146.6	201.2	196.2
	war 14	100.4	173.2	109.7	100.5	100.4		109.0	142.0	117.0	140.0	201.3	100.2
	Apr11	170.1	175.3	171.5	161.3	167.5	-	110.0	141.8	117.5	146.4	201.9	186.7
	May 16	170.7	175.7	171.0	161.7	169.0		110.1	142.1	101.0	147.0	203.1	187.6
	Jun 13	171.1	176.1	172.3	162.0	168.4		109.3	143.1	121.8	147.0	203.4	187.9
												-	
	Jul 18	170.5	175.2	171.5	161.2	167.7	-	104.5	144.6	130.1	147.1	204.1	187.7
	Aug 15	170.5	175.4	171.7	160.9	167.6	-	105.6	143.4	123.3	147.0	204.6	187.9
	Sep 12	171.7	176.8	172.9	162.2	168.9	-	108.0	143.6	124.4	147.0	205.3	188.3
	Oct 17	174.0	170.0	170.0	100.0	400.7		107.4			4.70	005 7	198.5
	Uct1/	171.6	176.6	172.8	162.0	168.7	-	107.4	143.8	124.4	147.3	205.7	0.661
	Nov14	172.1	177.1	173.2	162.5	169.2	-	108.2	144.5	129.5	147.0	206.1	188.4
	Dec 12	172.2	177.1	173.2	162.5	169.3	-	108.6	144.7	131.9	146.8	206.6	187.7
2001	Jan 16	171.1	175.8	172.1	161.1	168.1		102.8	145.1	1297	1477	207.1	189.0
			110.0	116-1	101.1	100.1		102.0	1-10.1	123.1	141.1	201.1	

For the February, March and April 1988 indices the weights used for seasonal and non-seasonal food were 24 and 139 respectively. Thereafter the weight for home-killed lamb (a seasonal item) was increased by 1 and that for imported lamb (a non-seasonal item) correspondingly reduced by 1, in the light of new information about the relative shares of household expenditure. The nationalised industries index is no longer published from December 1989.

Note: See general notes under Table H.13.

Motoring expendi-ture

CZHL

127

136 139 146

103.4

108.1 114.0 120.9

129.9 138.7 144.7 149.7 152.4 157.0 165.3 170.5 174.6 **181.3**

100.0

105.1 110.6 115.0 122.8 134.0 137.9 147.5 150.9 154.0 162.9 168.6

169.6 169.4 172.4

175.8 175.6 175

176.0

176.7 176.2

176.8 175.8 176.3

177.9 177.9 180.6

182.3

182.4 184.4

184.1 181.2

182.1

180.4

181.6

180.9

179.7

СНВК

Personal goods and services

CZHK

38

37 37

39

38

40

40 40 43

101.9 106.8 114.1 122.7 133.4 142.2 147.9 153.3 158.2 164.1 170.0 178.0 183.6 **185.5**

100.0 104.3 110.4 118.6 127.2 138.4 144.7 149.5 154.9 159.9 166.7 172.2

181.2 182.2 181.7

183.0

183.1 183.7

183.9

184.6 185.0

184.8 185.0 184.8

183.8

184.0 184.7

184.5 185.4 184.8

185.1 185.9 186.2

186.8

187.4 187.4

187.9

CHBQ

Clothing and footwear

CZHJ

74

72 73

56 55

55 58

101.1

104.4 109.9 115.0 118.5 118.8 119.8 120.4 120.6 119.7 120.6 119.9 116.7 **112.3**

100.0

101.1 105.9 110.8 114.2 115.7 114.9 116.2 117.1 116.3 116.3 115.3

113.1 115.7 117.8

117.9 118.5 118.4

112.7

114.4 118.8

117.8 118.1 117.1

109.1

112.8 114.5

115.6

115.5 114.8

106.7 · 108.5

112.5

112.4

113.1

112.2

105.1

CHBJ

Household services

CZHI

44

41

40

47

47

48

52

54 57 56

CHBI

101.9 106.8 112.5 119.6 129.5 137.0 141.9 142.0 141.0 141.7 144.3 148.1 152.4 **157.1**

100.0 105.0 110.3 116.3 125.5 135.3 139.8 142.4 141.9 141.6 142.7 146.5

150.6 150.8 151.1

151.5

151.4 151.5

1517

152.1 153.5

154.8 154.9 155.4

156.5

156.5 156.7

156.4

156.1 156.4

157.2 156.4 158.3

158.3

158.5

157.8

157.1

Fuel and light

CZHG

61

55 54

50

46 47

46

45

43

41

36 34 32

99.1 101.6 107.3 115.9 125.1 127.8 126.2 131.7 134.5 134.8 130.6 125.0 124.4 **123.9**

100.0 98.3 104.2 110.6 121.6 127.7 127.1 125.4 134.1 134.9 133.2 125.5

124.3 124.2 124.5

124.2 124.0 123.9

124.2

124.2 124.2 124.5

124.6 124.9 125.5

125.4 125.4 125.5

123.8

122.9 122.4

122.5 122.5 124.1

124.6

124.2 123.9

123.1

CHBG

Housing

CZHF

190 186 197

193 **195**

CHBF

103.3 112.5

135.3 163.7 160.8 159.6 151.0 156.0

156.0 166.4 168.6 179.6 195.4 196.9 **214.4**

100.0 103.9 124.6 145.8 170.6 156.0

150.0 151.6 150.2 160.6 166.4 172.1 187.3

195.1 194.2 191.6

195.6

195.7 196.3

196.6

197.4 198.2

199.8 200.6

202.3

203.8

205.5 207.4

213.9

214.9 216.1

216.9 217.7 218.6

219.1

219.4

220.1

220.8

Tobacco

CZHE

30

CHBE

100.1 103.4 106.4 113.6 129.9 144.2 156.4 168.2 179.5 191.5 205.6 223.3 248.9 270.4

100.0 101.4 105.6 108.3 118.2 137.4 150.0 166.5 175.6 188.1 200.1 218.9

236.4 236.5 245.0

248.5 248.5 249.1

253.3 253.9 254.0

253.9 254.0 254.0

254.2 256.7 256.9

272.9 273.1 273.6

273.7 275.3 277.1

277.3 277.3 277.3

277.3

Household goods

CZHH

73

74

71

71

70 77

79

76 77

72

72 72

74 72

102.1 105.9 110.1 115.4 122.5 126.5 128.0 128.4 133.1 137.5 139.1 140.8 141.5 **140.2**

100.0

103.3 107.5 112.0 116.7 123.9 125.8 126.1 128.3 133.3 135.6 136.9

138.8 140.6 143.3

141.4

142.9 141.8

139.5

140.6 141.6

140.5 142.0

144.8

137.8

138.9 140.5

140.6

140.9 140.5

138.3

139.0 141.1

139.8

141.3

143.6

138.0

CHBH

RETAIL PRICES H.14 General index of retail prices

Faresand other travel	Leisure goods	Leisure services		
CZHM	CZHN	CZHQ	Weight	ts
22	47	30	1987	
23	50	29	1988	
23	47	29	1989	
21	48	30	1990	
20	48	30	1991	
20	47	32	1992	
21	46	62	1993	
20	48	/1	1994	
19	40	65	1995	
20	40	59	1997	
20	46	61	1998	
21	47	61	1999	
21	46	66	2000	
CHBR	CHBL	СНВМ	Annua	alaverages
101.5	101.6	101.6	1987	
107.5	104.1	108.1	1988	
115.2	107.4	115.1	1989	
123.4	112.4	124.5	1990	
135.5	120.8	150.0	1991	
151.4	122.5	156.7	1993	
155.4	121.8	162.5	1994	
159.3	121.7	167.7	1995	
164.1	123.6	173.8	1996	
169.6	123.9	182.3	1997	
1/3.3	121.1	190.3	1998	
184.6	112.1	207 9	2000	
100.0	100.0	100.0	1987	Jan 13
105.1	102.8	103.6	1988	Jan 12
112.9	105.1	112.1	1989	Jan 16
130.8	114.9	130.7	1991	Jan 15
140.9	119.3	145.5	1992	Jan 14
148.6	121.3	153.6	1993	Jan 12
154.0	122.3	160.1	1994	Jan 18
157.5	121.2	165.0	1995	Jan 17
161.1	122.4	171.0	1996	Jan 16
171.8	122.7	186.8	1998	Jan 13
		100.0	1000	1 10
1/5./	119.1	193.6	1999	Jan 19 Ech 16
176.1	118.2	193.0		Mar16
	TIOL	10 111		indian re
177.2	117.7	196.0		Apr20
178.4	117.5	196.8		May 18
175.4	110.0	157.7		Junio
179.8	115.5	198.3		Jul 20
180.1	114.8	199.0		Aug17
180.2	114.3	200.6		Sep14
190.5	114.0	202.0		Oct19
180.6	113.7	202.0		Nov 16
180.5	113.7	202.3		Dec 14
181.5	113.5	202.6	2000	Jan 18
181.8	113.5	203.3		Feb15
181.9	112.9	204.1		Mar 14
183.7	112.9	205.1		Apr 11
184.4	113.0	206.1		May 16
185.1	112.2	207.3		Jun 13
105.0		000.4		1.140
185.3	111.2	208.1		Jul 18
186.5	111.6	209.0		Aug 15 Sen 12
100.0	111.5	211./		00p 12
186.1	111.0	212.8		Oct17
186.3	111.1	212.4		Nov14
186.3	110.7	212.6		Dec 12
188.0	109.7	213.5	2001	Jan 16

March 2001

H.15 RETAIL PRICES General index of retail prices: percentage changes on a year earlier

		All items	Food	Catering	Alcoholic drink	Tobacco	Housing	Fuel and light	House- hold goods	House- hold services	Clothing and footwear	Personal goods and services	Motoring expendi- ture	Fares and other travel costs	Leisure goods	Leisure services
		CZBH	CCYY	CZCB	CZCF	CZCM	CZCP	CZCX	CZDC	CZDJ	CZDO	CZDU	CZDY	CZED	CZEH	CZEN
1988	Jan 12	3.3	2.9	6.4	3.7	1.4	3.9	-1.7	3.3	5.0	1.1	4.3	5.1	5.1	2.8	36
1989	Jan 17	7.5	4.4	6.3	6.0	4.1	19.9	6.0	4.1	5.0	4.7	5.8	5.2	7.4	22	82
1990	Jan 16	7.7	8.0	7.2	5.8	2.6	17.0	6.1	4.2	5.4	4.6	7.4	4.0	4.1	4.8	67
1991	Jan 15	9.0	5.9	9.1	11.5	9.1	17.0	9.9	4.2	7.9	3.1	7.3	6.8	11.3	4.4	0.7
1992	Jan 14	4.1	4.5	9.2	10.9	16.2	-8.6	5.0	6.2	7.8	1.3	8.8	9.1	7.7	3.8	11.0
1993	Jan 12	1.7	0.3	5.1	4.9	9.2	-2.8	-0.5	1.5	3.3	-0.7	4.6	2.9	5.5	1.7	50
1994	Jan 18	2.5	0.9	4.9	3.9	11.0	-0.9	-1.3	0.2	1.9	1.1	3.3	7.0	3.6	0.8	0.0
1995	Jan 17	3.3	3.2	4.1	2.8	5.5	6.9	6.9	1.7	-0.4	0.8	3.6	2.3	2.3	-0.9	42
1996	Jan 16	2.9	4.1	4.1	2.9	7.1	3.6	0.6	3.9	-0.2	-0.1	3.2	2.1	2.3	10	3.1
1997	Jan 14	28	1.0	3.9	3.1	6.4	3.4	-1.3	1.7	0.8	0.0	4.3	5.8	3.4	11	3.5
1998	Jan 13	3.3	0.6	3.7	3.2	9.4	8.8	-5.8	1.0	2.7	-0.9	3.3	3.5	3.1	-0.8	4.0 5.1
1999	Jan 19	2.4	2.8	4.0	3.6	8.0	4.2	-1.0	1.4	2.8	-1.9	5.2	0.6	2.3	-2.9	20
	Feb16	2.1	2.9	4.0	3.1	7.9	3.4	-1.4	1.1	2.8	-1.9	3.9	0.2	2.4	-3.6	0.0
	Mar 16	· 2.1	2.5	4.0	2.6	11.8	1.9	-1.3	1.1	2.9	-2.2	3.4	2.2	2.4	-3.5	3.6
	Apr20	1.6	1.5	4.2	2.8	11.6	0.4	-1.6	0.9	2.7	-2.6	3.6	2.1	2.8	-3.5	30
	May 18	1.3	0.6	4.1	2.6	11.2	-0.1	-1.1	0.8	2.6	-3.2	3.3	1.9	2.9	-3.5	20
	Jun 15	1.3	0.5	4.0	3.1	11.4	0.1	-0.6	0.6	2.6	-3	3.1	1.7	3.2	-3.6	3.9
	Jul 20	1.3	0.1	4.0	2.4	13.1	-0.8	0.0	0.0	2.8	-1.7	3.1	2.5	3.3	-4.3	40
	Aug 17	1.1	-1.4	3.8	2.4	13.2	-0.9	0.0	0.3	3.3	-2.4	2.9	2.9	3.3	-4.6	41
	Sep14	1.1	-1.2	3.7	2.3	13.3	-0.9	0.2	0.2	3.1	-3.0	2.9	2.7	3.4	-4.7	42
	Oct 19	1.2	-1.6	3.7	2.1	13.1	-0.4	0.1	0.0	2.9	-3.0	2.4	3.6	3.9	-4.8	46
	Nov16	1.4	-1.0	3.4	2.2	13.1	0.4	0.4	-0.1	3.0	-3.3	2.3	3.7	3.8	-5.0	48
	Dec 14	1.8	-1.6	3.4	1.9	9.9	. 2.4	1.0	-0.6	3.3	-3.5	1.9	4.9	3.6	-5.0	4.6
2000	Jan 18	2.0	-2.0	3.6	1.6	7.5	4.5	0.9	-0.7	3.9	-3.5	1.4	4.9	3.3	-4.7	4.6
	Feb15	2.3	-2.1	3.7	1.4	8.5	5.8	1.0	-1.2	3.8	-2.5	1.0	5.0	3.2	-4.3	49
	Mar 14	2.6	-2.1	3.7	1.6	4.9	8.2	0.8	-2.0	3.7	-2.8	1.7	4.8	3.3	-4.5	5.2
	Apr11	3.0	-1.7	3.3	1.6	9.8	9.4	-0.3	-0.6	3.2	-2.0	0.8	3.7	3.7	-4.1	46
	May 16	3.1	-1.2	3.5	1.6	9.9	9.8	-0.9	-1.4	3.1	-2.5	1.3	3.9	3.4	-3.8	4.7
	Jun 13	3.3	-0.6	3.5	1.3	9.8	10.1	-1.2	-0.9	3.2	-3.0	0.6	5.4	3.2	-3.9	4.9
	Jul 18	3.3	0.9	3.5	1.4	8.1	10.3	-1.4	-0.9	3.6	-5.3	0.7	4.6	3.1	-3.7	4.9
	Aug15	3.0	0.6	3.4	1.4	8.4	10.3	-1.4	-1.1	2.8	-5.2	0.7	2.5	3.6	-2.8	5.0
	Sep12	3.3	0.8	3.6	1.6	9.1	10.3	-0.3	-0.4	3.1	-5.3	0.6	3.3	3.4	-2.6	5.5
	Oct 17	3.1	1.2	3.5	1.6	9.2	9.7	0.0	-0.5	2.3	-4.6	1.1	2.0	3.1	-2.6	5.3
	Nov14	3.2	1.3	3.6	1.8	9.2	9.4	-0.6	-0.5	2.3	-4.2	1.3	3.3	3.2	-2.3	4.9
	Dec 12	2.9	1.3	3.7	1.7	9.2	8.8	-1.3	-0.8	1.5	-4.2	1.4	2.6	3.2	-2.6	5.1
2001	lon 16	07	15	25	17	0.1	0.2	10	01	0.4	27	22	10	26	22	

Note: See general notes under Table H.13.

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H.21 RETAIL PRICES EU countries - Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs)^a

RETAIL PRICES EU countries - Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs)^a

Sweden

Luxembourg Netherlands Portugal Spain

Italyc

irish Republic^b

Greece

199	6=100	European Union (15) ^c	United Kingdom	Austria	Belgium	Denmark	Finland	France	Germany	
Anni	alaverages	CLNJ	CHVJ	CLMV	CLMW	CLMX	CLMY	CLMZ	CLNA	
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	anaverages	100.0 101.7 103.0 104.3 106.4 P	100.0 101.8 103.4 104.8 105.6	100.0 101.2 102.0 102.5 104.5	100.0 101.5 102.4 103.6 106.6	100.0 101.9 103.3 105.4 108.3	100.0 101.2 102.6 103.9 107.0	100.0 101.3 102.0 102.5 104.4 P	100.0 101.5 102.1 102.8 104.9	
Mont	thly									
1999	Jan Feb Mar	103.2 103.4 103.8	103.7 103.9 104.4	102.1 102.3 102.4	102.8 103.0 103.1	103.6 104.1 104.7	102.4 102.8 103.0	101.6 102.0 102.3	101.9 102.1 102.3	
	Apr May Jun	104.2 104.3 104.3	104.9 105.2 105.1	102.4 102.5 102.1	103.5 103.7 103.5	105.0 105.4 105.7	103.9 104.2 104.2	102.6 102.6 102.6	102.7 102.7 102.8	
	Jul Aug Sep	104.3 104.4 104.6	104.4 104.8 105.2	102.2 102.4 102.3	103.7 103.5 103.8	105.4 105.7 106.1	103.9 104.0 104.5	102.3 102.5 102.7	103.3 103.3 103.0	
	Oct Nov Dec	104.6 104.8 105.1	105.1 105.3 105.5	102.7 103.0 103.9	103.9 104.1 104.5	106.2 106.4 106.6	104.6 104.6 104.6	102.8 102.9 103.4	102.9 103.0 103.4	
2000	Jan Feb Mar	105.0 105.4 105.8	104.5 104.9 105.1	103.5 104.3 104.4	104.7 105.2 105.7	106.5 107.0 107.8	104.8 105.6 106.3	103.3 103.5 104.0	103.8 104.2 104.4	
	Apr May Jun	106.0 106.1 106.5	105.5 105.7 105.9	104.2 104.1 104.5	105.9 106.2 106.6	108.0 108.4 108.8	106.5 107.0 107.4	104.0 104.2 104.5	104.3 104.2 104.9	
	Jul Aug Sep	106.5 106.5 107.1	105.4 105.4 106.2	104.2 104.3 104.6	106.9 107.0 107.9	108.3 108.0 109.0	106.9 107.0 108.1	104.3 104.5 105.1	105.4 105.2 105.7	
	Oct Nov Dec	107.2 107.5 107.5 P	106.1 106.4 106.4	105.0 105.4 105.8	107.7 107.9 107.6	109.2 109.3 109.1	108.2 108.1 107.9	105.0 105.2 105.2 P	105.4 105.7 105.8	
Perce	entage change on a	a year earlier								
		CLNX	CJYR	CLNL	CLNM	CLNN	CLNO	CLNP	CLNQ	
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	ai averages	24 1.7 1.3 12 2.1P	2.5 1.8 1.6 1.3 0.8	1.8 1.2 0.8 0.5 2.0	1.8 1.5 0.9 1.1 2.9	2.1 1.9 1.3 2.1 2.7	1.2 1.4 1.3 1.6 3.0	2.1 1.3 0.7 0.6 1.8P	12 1.5 0.6 0.6 2.1	
Mont	hly									
1999	Jan Feb Mar	1.0 1.0 1.1	1.6 1.5 1.7	0.3 0.2 0.2	1.0 1.0 1.3	1.2 1.3 1.7	0.5 0.9 0.9	0.3 0.3 0.4	0.2 0.1 0.5	
	Apr May Jun	1.2 1.1 1.0	1.5 1.3 1.4	0.1 0.4 0.2	1.1 0.8 . 0.7	1.7 1.6 1.9	1.3 1.4 1.2	0.5 0.4 0.3	0.8 0.4 0.4	
	Jul Aug Sep	1.1 1.2 1.3	1.3 1.3 1.2	0.3 0.5 0.6	0.7 0.9 1.3	2.0 2.4 2.4	1.4 1.3 1.4	0.4 0.5 0.6	0.6 0.7 0.8	
	Oct Nov Dec	1.3 1.4 1.7	12 1.3 1.2	0.8 1.0 1.7	1.4 1.6 2.1	2.6 2.7 3.1	1.6 1.9 2.2	0.8 1.0 1.4	0.9 1.0 1.4	
2000	Jan Feb Mar	1.8 1.9 1.9	0.8 1.0 0.7	1.4 2.0 2.0	1.8 2.1 2.5	2.8 2.8 3.0	2.3 2.7 3.2	1.7 1.5 1.7	1.9 2.1 2.1	
	Apr May Jun	1.7 1.7 2.1	0.6 0.5 0.8	1.8 1.6 2.4	2.3 2.4 3.0	2.9 2.8 2.9	2.5 2.7 3.1	1.4 1.6 1.9	1.6 1.5 2.0	
	Jul Aug Sep	2.2 2.0 2.5	1.0 0.6 1.0	2.0 1.9 2.2	3.1 3.4 3.9	2.8 2.2 2.7	2.9 2.9 3.4	2.0 2.0 2.3	2.0 1.8 2.6	
	Oct Nov Dec	2.4 2.6 2.3 P	1.0 1.0 0.9	2.1 2.3 1.8	3.7 3.7 3.0	2.8 2.7 2.3	3.4 3.3 2.9	21 22 1.7P	2.4 2.6 2.3	

Harmonised Indices of Consumer Prices (HICPs) are being calculated in each member state of the European Union for the purpose of international comparisons. This is in the context of one of the convergence criteria for monetary union as required by the Maastricht Treaty. The rules underlying the construction of the HICPs for EU member states were published in a Commission Regulary 9 September 1996. The HICPs replace the Interim Indices of Consumer Prices which were published by Eurostat in a monthly news release. Figures for 1196 are only available on a quarterly basis. Percentage change figures for 1996 are estimated.

RPE Revised Provisional Estimate

CLNB	CLNC	CLND	CLNE	CLNF	CLNG	CLNH	CLNI
100.0 105.4 110.2 112.6 115.8	100.0 101.2 103.4 106.0 111.5	100.0 101.9 103.9 105.7 108.4	100.0 101.4 102.4 103.4 107.3	100.0 101.9 103.7 105.8 108.2 P	100.0 101.9 104.2 106.4 109.4	100.0 101.9 103.7 106.0 109.7	100.0 101.9 102.9 103.4 104.8
110.6 109.8 112.5	103.6 104.3 104.6	104.6 104.8 105.0	100.8 102.7 102.8	104.1 104.8 105.9	105.3 105.3 105.7	104.7 104.8 105.2	102.5 102.6 103.2
113.9 113.6 113.4	105.2 105.9 106.2	105.2 105.9 105.5	103.3 103.6 103.5	106.2 106.2 105.7	106.4 106.5 106.7	105.6 105.6 105.6	103.4 103.7 103.6
111.0 110.9 113.1	105.7 106.4 106.9	105.8 105.8 106.1	102.2 103.9 104.1	105.1 105.8 106.3	106.7 106.5 106.4	106.1 106.6 106.8	103.1 103.1 104.0
113.5 113.7 114.7	107.0 107.2 108.5	106.3 106.5 106.7	104.4 104.5 104.9	106.4 106.6 106.1	106.6 107.3 107.5	106.7 106.9 107.3	104.2 103.8 104.1
1132 112.7 115.6	108.2 109.1 109.8	106.9 107.3 107.7	104.3 105.4 105.9	105.8 106.4 107.6	107.3 107.0 107.2	107.7 107.9 108.4	103.5 104.0 104.6
116.3 116.6 115.9	110.5 111.3 111.9	107.7 108.1 108.4	106.6 106.6 108.1	108.0 108.3 R 108.3	108.4 109.1 109.7	108.8 109.0 109.3	104.4 105.0 105.0
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1996=100

Annual averages 1996 1997 1998 1999 **2000**

H.21

Monthly

Jan Feb Mar 1999 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar 2000 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep

Percentage change on a year earlier

Oct Nov Dec

Anı	nual ave	erages
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000		
	M	onthi
1999	Jan Feb Mar	
	Apr May Jun	
	Jul Aug Sep	
	Oct Nov Dec	
2000	Jan Feb Mar	
	Apr May Jun	
	Jul Aug Sep	
	Oct Nov	

Source:ONS/Eurostat

Statistical enquiry points

FOR STATISTICAL INFORMATION ON

Earnings and productivityAverage Earnings Index (monthly)01633 819002Basic wage rates and hours for manual workers with a collective agreement01633 819002New Earnings Survey (annual): levels of earnings and hours worked for groups of workers (males and females, indus- tries, occupations, regions, agreements, pension categories, age, part-time and full-time); distribution of earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region; earnings of low-paid workersLabour Force Survey (quarterly): weekly and hourly earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region; earnings of low-paid workersLabour Force Survey (quarterly): weekly and hourly earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region; earnings of low-paid workersLabour Force Survey (quarterly): weekly and hourly earnings; distribution; men and women, occupation, region; earnings of low-paid workersMunt wage costs and productivity01633 819002Morter attribution; men and women, occupations; and labour annual earnal and sub-regions.cov.ukMortforce jobs series - short-term estimates 01928 792690Hours worked and general enquires01633 812079 01928 792690Hours worked and general enquires01633 812079 01928 792690Abour Force Survey; full- and part-time; self-employment; temporary work; second jobs; occupations; men and women ethnicity; region; people with disabilities; hours worked (usual and actual for groups of workers)Quo 7533 6094Quo Force Survey and eating (DEE)0114 259 3787 0114 259 3787Qualifications (DEE) anations (DIEE)0114 259 335866 020 7533 5866 020 7533 5866 020 7533 5866 020 7533 5866 020 75		
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	Trade unions (DTI)	020 7215 5780

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acancies Notified to Jobcentres and their stocks of unfill	ed vacancies 020 7533 6094
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RPI data can be found in ONS Business Monitor MM 23

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Employment statistics (workforce jobs) from employer surveys, from June 1959, are available on disk from 01633 812079 as the Historical Supplement.

LFS data from 1984 (some from 1979) are in the LFS Historical Supplement and the LFS Seasonally Adjusted Historical Supplement. Available from National Sta Direct Sales, Room D.140, Government Build Cardiff Road, Newport NP10 8XG, tel. 01633 81 Data are also available through the website (http://www tics.gov.uk/nsbase/downloads/theme_labour/HS20

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