THOUGHANDE STATION THE WOMAN'S READNOUGH

Published by the WORKERS' SUFFRAGE FEDERATION

Vol. III.-No. 6

Justice can make but one reply to the Irish rebellion and that is to demand that Ireland shall be allowed to govern herself. Differences of opinion in England, Scotland, or Wales as to what measure of self-government Ireland is to have ought not to affect the matter —by the "freedom of small nations" which the British Government has so bonbastically sworn to defend, this is essentially a question for Ire-land herself to decide. Let a popular vote be taken in Ireland as to whether she shall be an indepen-dent self-governing republic, or an autonomous part of the British Empire, like Australia and New Zealand. That is the only method by which the Irish difficulty can be solved and Ireland learn the Irish difficulty can be solved and Ireland learn

content. The "firm and vigorous administration" which *The Times* demands for Ireland, which we suspect is but another term for coercion, and such sug-gestions as that of the professing-Liberal, Pro-fessor Longford, that conscription shall be applied to Ireland, and that the Irish Rebels shall

Tessor Longtord, that conscription shall be applied to Ireland, and that the Jrish Rebels shall be set free on condition that they join the Army, will only lead to graver trouble in the near future. Ireland has been held in subjection by force too long not to retaliate with what force she can when provoked beyond a certain point. Official reports in the very nature of things are, of course, one-sided, and these are all that may readily be obtained from Ireland as yet. There-fore, it is not possible to say at the moment of writing whether the time of the Irish rebellion was chosen by its leaders, or whether the out-break was finally provoked by outside agencies, but there are various indications that the latter-view may be correct. The reasons for the discontent which has caused the rebellion are clearly apparent. In the first place the Home Rule Act fails to satisfy con-siderable sections of Irish men and women, who regard it as a mere extension of local govern-ment.

ment. In the second place, the Home Rule Act itself is not secure. Should a Unionist Government succeed the present administration at West-minster (and what at the moment seems more probable?) the Home Rule Act could easily be reprobable?) the Home Rule Act could easily be re-pealed before it had ever been put into force. On the eve of the European War Sir Edward Carson and the Ulster Unionists were threatening and openly preparing revolution to prevent the appli-cation of the Home Rule Bill. The Times, which supported Carson and his Ulster rebels, now de-larger thet clares that :

"The country will not be satisfied with the Irish situa-tion until the men who sat and looked on while armed potential rebels were openly trained in Dublin are removed from office."

But The Times is not referring to Sir Edward from offic."
But The Times is not referring to Sir Edward Carson, and Sir Edward Carson himself, though he talks very glibly of preserving Law and Order just now, makes it quite clear that he intends to revive his pre-War threats of armed rebellion when there again appears a prospect of enforcing Home Rule, which, in a letter to the Press of April 2gth, he describes as "a gross wrong." As a matter of fact, so far from being prepared to forego armed resistance to Home Rule, the Carsonites are keeping they ammunition ready, and when asked by the Fritish Government to hand over their arms for us in the present War, they refused to do so on the ground that they would need them later on. Everyone knows that it was the Carsonites who first armed to resist Home Rule. It was afterwards that the Redmondite Home Rule: set up an army, and the Sinn Fein organisation arrided to fight for the Irish Republic; whilst the working class industrial movement, under Larkin and Connolly, also set up its Citizen Army later than the Carsonites, and did so in the first place to protect peaceful meetings of the workers from ill-treatment by the police.

The Sinn Feiners and the Larkinites have The Sinn Feiners and the Larkinites have gradually drawn together, though during the great strike in Dublin the Sinn Feiners accused the Larkinites of appealing to the Irish people "to forswear the name of Irishmen for Citizens of the World," and Larkin and his comrades declared that it mattered little to the workers whether they were enslaved by British or Irish to emitting. capitalists

SATURDAY, MAY 6th, 1916



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Can the story of scenes like that bring pride to British hearts? Parnell, without allying himself with armed

Price One Halfpenny

THE IRISH REBELLION: OUR VIEW

<text><text><image><text><text><text> result of the War. Yet the Government inspector in this year's report states that an entire family in the best districts can earn but $\pounds z_0$ in a season, though years ago they could make $\pounds 4_{0.0}$. Knowing these things, we understand why rebellion breaks out in Ireland, and our hearts is in a season.

join in common sorrow with those who are weep-ing there to-day for the Rebels who have been shot. E. SYLVIA PANKHURST.

ONE OF THE REBELS

<section-header><section-header><text><text><text>

Countess Markievicz has been an ardent (continued on page 471, column 3)

470

THE WOMAN'S DREADNOUGHT

No Oriental political or social problem is so "No Oriental political or social problem is so important as the subject of woman's emancipa-tion. If we could end the ignorance of our women and give them a chance to assert thimselves, all the other troublesome questions would come to their healthy influence, and new generations would be raised in the light of intelligent motherhood. "We can never be wholly happy in the East unfil we free women from the semi-slavery to which they are subjected under Mohammedan laws."—Hussin Kamel, Sultan of Egypt, in the "Temps."

THE WOMAN'S

DREADNOUGHT T : SYLVIA PANKHURST. Published by the Workers' Suffrage Federa

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Vol. III. No. 6 Sat., May 6th, 1916

Bravely and willingly we bear our share of the World's burdens. Why, then, deny us the right to Vote, which would dignify our labour and increase our Power of Service?

COMPULSION

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for the compulsionists. Colonel Claude Lowther

for the computisonists. Colonel Claude Lowther has made the following demand in the form of a question to the Prime Minister: Seeing that our present national policy does not produce the maximum of efficiency, whether he will introduce a measure to compulsorily enrol every woman and man between the ages of 16 and 60 with a view of applying their services in the most profitable manner for the benefit of the State.

This is no new demand; the compulsionists have urged it steadily since the commencement of the war—they made no secret of their desire for it in times of peace. Twice during the past week in the House of Commons the compulsionists have again raised their demand for a service franchise. This is another move in the campaign to reduce the British workers to the servile state, and to push further off the day when the co-operative commonwealth shall be established in our midst. To rivet the chains of militarism securely on the people, the compulsionists know that women must be securely barred from enfranchisement, and the men's franchise must be attacked. They know that the feeble voices of the so-called Labour leaders, who now join with the Government, will one day cease to affect the opinions of the masses, and they wish the chains of compulsion to be ready Gore the masses wake. To-day certain mis-named Labour Leaders call to the workers "once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide. Never in the his-This is no new demand; the compulsionis

tory of the human race has the time been so critical as now. Never have the ideals for which British democracy stands been so grievously en-

British denoted and an arrow of the set of t

A MEMORIAL FOR PEACE That the undersigned urge H.M. Government to a the earliest opportunity of promoting negotiat with the object of securing a just and lasting peace.

In the object of securing a just and lasting peace. The above memorial is being promoted by the Peac goliations Committee, which is composed of represents so of the Worker's Suffrage Federation, the Indepen At Labour Party, the No-Conscription Fellowship, the men's Labour League, the Women's Internationa ague, the Union of Democratic Control, the League o ce and Freedom, the Peace Committee of the Society o ends, the Free Church League for Women's Suffrage I the Peace Society.

Copies of this memorial may be obtained from 400 Old Ford Road, E. Letters relating to it should be endorsed PEACE MEMORIAL.

A GRAVE INJUSTICE

to time we have exposed the fact that t cation allowances made by the Boards British wives of aliens are being reduced a By order of the Local Government Board, being told by the Guardians that they m order of the Local Government Board told by the Guardians that they ving, and, to our own knowledge, a r Law Boards have told the wome their maiden names because of the v for work in their maiden names because of the price against employing those whose names are German critheless, at Bow. Street Police Court the other da Graham Campbell sentenced Mary Vessy Stieler to months' imprisonment for using her maiden name i vering a War Office advertisement for a woman wh d speak several languages. Mrs. Stieler had discover no one would give her work if she used her husband, e. She belongs to a respectable English family, an mother is actually a War Office patient." So are we are the sentence." So are we are the sentence."

MAIMED SOLDIERS

rederick Milner has again drawn attention to the neglect of wounded soldiers, and has shown that at the beginning of the war men who had loo as at the beginning of the war men who had lost limbs were usually granted full pesions for a year, now receive full pesion for two months only, after they get only tos. 6d. a week for themselves, in-rs, points out, it is quite impossible for anyone to recomfortable use of an artificial limb even in six s' time, owing to the great shock to the system by amputation, and the long after-suffering caused e wound. When such questions are raised in Par-at the Government is always profuse in its expres-iof sympathy, but these expressions are not trans-into action.

OLIVER TWIST UP-TO-DATE

Cohen, of the Brentford Board of Guardians revealing some of the secrets of the child ed homes, and from what he says the little pa-entford are as poorly fed as Dickens' Oliver T rd are as poorly fed as Dickens' Oliver Twist of declares that the cheese allowance for each larger than a penny, and that a 6lb, joint has persons for four days—i.e., twelve-fiths of ar neat per person per day—if the joint contains no Cohen adde that the Breenford Guardians are to be remarkable feat of feeding each child for in war time and that they are making £1,000 dians should be spending no more than 2s. oid, a wee on the food for each child. But British women who has happened to marry aliens are expected to feed, clothe, an happened to marry aliens are expected to feed, clothe, a lodge their children for 1s. 9d. a head per week, a sailors' wives are expected to do it for 2s.

THE CHILD AND THE TEACHER

THE GRILLD AND THE TEACHER At the Conference of the National Union of Teachers at Buston it was resolved that "Education must be advanced far beyond the pre-war standard." A protest was made against the lowering of the school age and the employment of children under fourteen. Mr. Dakers, of Newcastle, stated that farmers had been offered the help of Belgians and returned soldiers, but rather than pay the necessary wages had declared that they would let their crops rot on the ground. The farmers preferred to employ cheap child labour; in some districts boys were paid 7s. a week; in some od. a week, rising by annual increments to 1s. 6d. a week; and in some districts only a suit of clothes a year!

LEE'S HALL, BARKING ROAD, E.

Sunday, May 14th, 7.30 p.m. A Lecture on THE STRUGGLE FOR CONSTITUTIONALISM IN RUSSIA With Unique Limelight & Native Musical Illustrations will be delivered by Jaakoff PRELOOKER

JARKOTT PKELOVOKER Quaint Slavonic, Hebrew, Tartar, etc. Musical and Vocal Melodies and Dances will be rendered from 7.30 to 8 by means of a powerful Gramophone. ADMISSION TWOPENCE. Tickets can be obtained at 20 Railway St. Poplar, 55 He Road, Caming Town, 400 Old Ford Road, Bow, Inter national Sutfrate Shop. 5 Duke Street, W.C. and at the door. Book early to avoid disappointment. * * * * *

General Meeting of W.S.F., 400 Old Ford Road, 8 p.m., Monday, May 15th.

SUNDAY MEETING. Bow Women's Hall, 400 Old Ford Road. MAY 7th, 7.30 p.m.

Miss Vengerova . "The Russian Woman"

Chair: Mrs. BOUVIER. Violin Solo - - Miss Kitty Mason. ADMISSION 2d

WOMEN WORKERS Miss Mary MacArthur states that in a hand-grenade mb factory a woman's actual working hours are stated have been ninety-three hours a week, and her pay 24d. hour:--

At Wood Green, a thousand girls went on strike because a rumour that their scale of pay was to be revised, and war bonus of 2s. taken away.

On April 25th, Messrs. Armstrong Whitworth and Co. summoned Martha Wilkinson, of Fairburn, for leaving vork at the Yorik Munitions Works without notice. De-endant had suffered from an injury to here eye caused by i piece of steel. Later she sent a doctor's certificate howing that she was suffering from inflamed knees. The Velfare Supervisor recommended her to see the works loctor, who declared her fit for work. Defendant, however, did not return to work. The firm rosecuted.

Detendant, but one learned that she was obliged During the enquiry one learned that she was obliged o stand 10g hours daily. The Court deciled that "girls employed in munitions actories must continue their work as long as they are it to do so." In the case in question it was arranged hat as the doctos differed in opinion the girl—who is aged 24—should return to work for a month to test if he were really unit. ged 24—should return to work for a month to test if he were really unit. A decision which may, of course, ruin the girl's health

Marian Sweeney applied for a leaving certificate because she was getting wages lower than the Sweated Trades Board's rate, her average earnings being 105, 114. If the were at Armsrong's works she could earn 26, a veek. A member of the firm stated that her average was 28, 3d, a week. s. 3d. a week. The Court granted a leaving certificate.

At the annual delegate meeting of the Amalgamated Union of Co-operate we Employees in Queen's Hall, Edin-burgh, the following resolutions were carried — That me states of wages shall be puid to experienced work, that all women substituted for men shall be re-quired to join Trady Unions; also that men and women under *xi* shall get the same pay.

As a result of negotiations on the part of the National Amalgamated Union of Shop Assistants, Warehousemen and Clerks, women who took the place of buttermen now receive the s.s. war homus which the men got; previously they only got as. 6d. * * * The Woolwich "Pomeer" reports that the Ministry of Munitions is at lass attending to the condition of the Arsenal workers. For, during the 20 months' strain of work, much sickness has occurred. A vote of the men is in favour of a day's rest in seven-a minority against it argue that "the extra day's work and pay make it possible for them to meet the present abnormal price of necessities." cessities." Why not demand higher pay?

"GENERALS' WIVES AND DUKES' DAUGHTERS." A writer in "The Times" waxes enthusiastic over the fact that working women and girls employed in munition factories for twelve hours a day on six days a week are relieved on Sundays by leisured women, some of whom are said to be "generals' wives and dukes' daughters." who work, not twelve hours, but from .go a.m. to 7 p.m., with an hour's break for dinner and half an hour's treak for "The Times" correspondent says that they can get Sunday volunteers is gs. a day and a bonus for shells exceeding a basis number, and that they can get dinner at the canteet for gd. "Ministers' wives, with remembrance of past Cabinet banquets in their minds," he says, "sit down at tables covered with Americae doth before a plentiful, if not too-well-cooked 'joint and vogetables' and a mug of water." But what about the workwoman who cannot afford a ninepenny meal, and has to manage on tea and bread, not once a week, but every day? GENERALS' WIVES AND DUKES' DAUGHTERS."

THE CALL TO MARRIED WOMEN return of married women weavers to the mills to run looms which are idle owing to indiscriminate recruit-

Women carriage cleaners employed by the Great Western Railway Company struck work because they found a wage of £ to s, 3d, for a 54 hours week "totally inadequate," and the company refused to grant them a war bonus like the men.

PARLIAMEN AS WE SEE IT.

April 25th .- Commander Bellairs e taken to disfranchise men wh ry duties "on the ground that th

military survey objectors''? The Prime Minister: No, sir. [In Australia men are disfranch British men should beware!] Order pr

Sir William Byles inquired the rease ibiting women from landing at Ader Mr. Chamberlain replied that Ader tress, an e are at war. Are civilian men also prohibited?

Mr. Tennant stated, in reply to Mr. hero, that the age of a man who enlisted under the ntary system is determined by the age given by hit the time of his attestation. The age of a man eed under the Group system or deemed to be attested r the Military Service Act. is determined by the Nail Registration Act. Boys who enlisted as ninete provided the authorities say they are physically inc liable to be sent abroad. No change is contemplate these arrange-ments.

April 26th.—Mr. King asked for objectors sentenced by courts-martial Mr. Tennant stated that two cas court-martial and the sentence par penal servitude. He considered it u their names. been tried b

With reference to the hardship of source from an income of \pounds_{205} stated that the Board of Inland Rev in its power to "obvious the source of the source ng £37 at the Mr. McKenna stated that the board of inflance Reve in its power to "obviate inconvenie may come within the scope of the re But ± 205 is starvation in these tir more value than iss. Chancellors on ont put themselves in the position o hand to mouth. elief meshere £1 is littl of Exchequer can of te who live from

April 27th.—Mr. Ginnell called attent to the Govern-ment proclamation to place Dublin Cit a state of sige, or imprison the Archibishop of Dublin Lord Mayor in the Mansion House, and to arrest certpodies favourable to the cause of the insurgents. Mr. T. W. Russell denied that theid document was sized. Subsequent events, howeve prove that Mr. Ginnell was not mistaken.

Mr. Butcher pleaded for the non-action of old-age pensions on account of military separal allowances. Mr. McKenna said the Pensions Commit had the manage-ment of this matter. Colonel Claude Lowther said that country might be involved in a general election at anyoment, and that a franchise Bill to extend the franchise every man at pre-sent serving his country in a naval, stary, or industrial capacity would be necessary. Mr. Asquith promised to take all "want circumstances into account;" if such an emergencyured. We earnestly hope that "relevant amstances" include women !

omen ! May and.—Mr. King complained the censorship of LP.'s letters. Mr. Tennant said the were exempt, bu tr. King stated that two of his haden opened the pro-ous day. ous day. Why are regulations never kept whithey are good ones?

SCOTTISH NITES

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THE WOMAN'S DREADNOUGHT

he same methods with the members of the Clyde the same methods with the members of the Clyde Workers' Committee who interviewed him in the Central Station Hotel. They submitted for his consideration a scheme for diluting labour which he made no attempt to understand, probably be-cause he couldn't understand. Instead of discuss-ing the scheme he attempted to sidetrack the workers by referring to his friendship with Keir Hardie, and his regret at the death of our veteran comrade. "Had Keir Hardie lived," he said in effect, "he and I would have been found fighting side by side on behalf of the workers after the war"! Then he went on to refer to the fine class of workmen on the Clyde who would be his hench-men after the war; but never once did he make

war" 1 Then he went on to refer to the fine class of workmen on the Clyde who would be *lik* hench-men after the war; but never once did he make an effort to study and understand the workers' views on dilution of labour or anything else. That is the kind of man we have to deal with, and that is the man we must remove from power if the workers are to have their place in the scheme of life in this country. Compulsion, ignorance, and misrepresentation are his stock-in-trade. The Munitions of War Act, some parts of the Defence of the Realm Act, and the Military Service Act are products of his fevered brain. The suppression of *Forward*, *The Vanguard* and *The Worker*; the imprisonment of the Fairfield shipwrights, and the deportation of Trade Union stewards; the savage sentences on McLean, Muir, Gallacher and Bell are the result of his influence; while the terrorism and espionage which now prevails in the Clyde area may also be attributed to him. All of the above have created disorder and distrust among the workers, who are being made to feel they are like so many sheep to be driven hither and thither as Lloyd George desires. Apparently, if they are not careful, he will drive them headlong to destruction over the cliff of compulsion. At the very outset of the War the Clyde

desires. Apparently, if they are not careful, he will drive them headlong to destruction over the cliff of compulsion. At the very outset of the War the Clyde workers requested that the production of muni-tions should be nationalised, so that all their labour might be applied for the benefit of the State. They are still anxious that the production of muni-tions should be nationalised, for they believe that it is wrong for anyone to make money from the production of instruments to destroy human life. Such money they regard as blood money. Lloyd George ignored their desires in that respect and thereby lost their goodwill—a goodwill which is essential to the smooth running of the wheels of industry. If Lloyd George had nationalised the production of munitions there would have been titte or no trouble in the Clyde area, as most of the disputes which have arisen were due to the workers' resentment of profiteering. The workers will never be properly respected while Lloyd George retains the power to dis-respect them. Therefore, he has got to go. We have had more than enough of his playing at Napoleon, and his deportation to St. Helena is long overdue. If he is allowed to go on playing with our lives he will bring ruin upon us all, and to his mind "the experiment" may have been worth while. Cabinet Ministers should be the servants of the citizens who pay their salaries, and we should be able to dismiss them

(A)

"That seeing that all classes of Society, both single men and women and married men and women, have been called upon to serve in the National Interests, this Branch Bill as carly as possible to confer the right of Suffrage on all adult persons, so that all may have an equal voice in the Government of the anti-out of Suffrage The Voices for Women measure known as the Susan B. Anthony Amendment to the United States Constitution has been shelved again by the Judiciary Committee of Congress. It is said that the Bill is held up for the session, but that has been said before! The Suffragists refuse to accept the decision as imal.

* * * East Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A., is managed by Charter Commissioners, who have unanimously voted to include nuncicipal suffrage for women as a separate proposal in he new City Charter which is to be ratified at a special election in June. * * * the new City Charler which is to be failude at a spectra dection in June. * * * The American Indians of the Night Hawk tribes are ressing for independence and self-government, in order fait they may be protected from political exploitation. A Bill has been introduced in the Senate. Mrs. O. J. Kellog, a university graduate and a pure-blooded Indian woman of the Oneidas, is taking a prominent part in the agitation. Lacks Essen of Nam Homeshire. U.S. A a Public Service.

VOTES FOR WOMEN

Doncaster and District I.L.P. has sent the following solution to the local Members of Parliament and the ime Minister ing that all classes of Society, both single me

the Oneidas, is taking a prominent part in the agitation. In the State of New Hampshire, U.S.A., a Public Service Commission has been holding an inquiry into corrupt practices in elections. It has been discovered that there was an alliance between the Boston and Maine Rallroad and the New Hampshire liquor interests to defeat Votes for Women, and the initiative and referendum. The Commis-sion finds that these activities were illegal and a fraud on the stockholders, who did not put their money in the com-pany for the purpose of opposing democratic measures for securing the election of certain persons to the Legislators, for entertaining and buying drinks for legislators, and so on. The report further points our that the business of rail-road corporations is to serve the public, not to govern it. The forces which are using underthand means to hinder the march of progress are being unmasked in America. Is the same sort of thing going on here? The Woman's lownal reports that in the course of the

The Woman's Journal reports that in the course of the general inquiry that is going on it has been discovered that the United States Brewers' Association hired a certain Perey Andrea at a salary of 40,000 dollars (eight thousand pounds) a year to "interest organised labour" in the edition composing of the brewers. ounds) a year to the brewers.

The Hungarian Members of Parliament recently received elegrams from their constituents pressing for votes for women.

ONE OF THE REBELS

suffragist for years, and when quite a young girl the news of Suffrage meetings penetrated to her home in Sligo. She and her sister got the idea that they should also hold a meeting, although they had no idea of how to do it. The country they had no idea of how to do it. The country people were quite in sympathy with the young suffrage agitators, and understood the suffrage question in the light that "The Miss Gore-Booths want to be in Parliament. And, shure, why shouldn't they?" The Sinn Fein Rebellion sees her championing

have had more than enough of his playing at Napoleon, and his deportation to St. Helena is long overdue. If he is allowed to go on playing with our lives he will bring ruin upon us all, and to his mind "the experiment" may have been worth while. Cabines Ministers should be the servants of the citizens who pay their salaries, and we should be able to dismiss them when they abuse their trust. Lloyd George has abused our trust, and from every Labour organisa-tion in the country there ought to be a demand sent to the Premier demanding that the Minister of Munitions be asked to resign. The workers made Lloyd George a burlesque Napoleon, and they can unmake him. Let him be unmade and let there be put in his place a statesman who will to ooperate with and not coeree Labour. There is a post awaiting Lloyd George : the position of manager of the cinema show which the Ministry of Munitions has opened on the is destroying our liberty every day. P. J. DOLLN. **CROYDON WOMEN! DON'T BLACKLEG!** To induce women to blackleg in the tran strike. The Croydon Corporation is paying them 30s. week of to-hour days, as compared with the may 33s. a week and 17-hour days. The strikers are asking for 6s. a to-hour day and time and a quar-ter overtime for men and women. The women are getting 26s. a week strike pay, and is. a week

and unarmed civilians. Punishment is quite unjustifiable here. It is justice which must be meted out.

MAY O'CALLAGHAN.

WORK WANTED.—The British wife of a German, who has one delicate child, wants work : she has been a domestic servant.—Apply Box to, 400 Olf Ford Road, E. A Widow, who is a Sewing Machinist, wants work.— Box one of the state of Sox 20. Widow, with one child, wants domestic or factory work.

The "Herald" League—A GRAND RE-UNION At the Holborn Hall, Grays Inn Road, W.C. SATURDAY, MAY 13th, 1916. Danina Sinding, and Speaking from 7 p.m. to Midaght. Mr. PERCY HAAT & THE AND will be in a tendance Speaker: George Lanbury, Evelyn Sharr, H. Dubert, Frinces Meynell, Geo. Hicks, John Scurr, Robert Williams. Artiste: Edith Kirkwood. See South L. Dennis and Mariorie Tickets 1- from George Belt, 21 Tudor Street, E.C

THE WOMAN'S DREADNOUGHT

THI WORKERS' SUFFRAGE FEDERATION

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EAST LONDON MEETINGS.

FRIDAY, MAY 5th. Poplar, Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Mrs. Walshe. Beckton Road, 7 p.m., Mr. Lane, Mrs. Bouvier. Bow, Women's Hall, 8 p.m., Debate, opener, Swift, "How to hasten a majority for the Vote

Swift, "How to hasten a majority for the Vote and Socialism."
SATURDAY, MAY 6th.
Grundy Street, 11 a.m., Mrs. Bouvier.
Well Street and Morning Lane, 11 a.m., Miss Lynch, Miss Stephen.
Morpeth Street, 13 p.m., Mr. Jarman, Miss Lynch.
SUNDAY, MAY 7th.
Osborne Street, 11.30 a.m., Miss Somers, Miss Lynch.
Mare Street and Morning Lane, 10.30 a.m., Mr. Jarman, Miss Stephen.
Hyde Park, 3 p.m., Mrs. Leigh Rothwell, Mrs. Walker.
Bow, Women's Hall, 7.30 p.m., Miss Vengerova. Chair : Mrs. Bouvier.
MONDAY, MAY 8th.

Hyde Park, 3 p.m., Mrs. Leign Rollwein, Mrs. Wahxi, Bow, Wonnen's Hall, 7:30 p.m., Miss Stephen, Miss Beamish. Lesbia Road, 7 p.m., Mrs. Bouvier, Miss Stephen.
Bow, Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Miss Stephen, Miss Stephen.
Bow, Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Miss Lynch.
Gata, T. P., Mark, Mark Bouvier, Mrs. Walker.
TUESDAY, MAY 9th.
Grundy Street, 7 p.m., Miss Stephen.
THESDAY, MAY 10th.
Chrisp Street, 7 p.m., Miss Stephen.
THURSDAY, MAY 10th.
TFieret, 630 p.m., Miss Stephen.
THURSDAY, MAY 10th.
Giaskin Road, 3:30 p.m., Mrs. Gow, Miss Beamish.
40 Glaskin Road, 3:30 p.m., Mr. Jarman, Miss Stephen.
FRIDAY, MAY 11th.
Poplar, Women's Hall, 3 p.m., Mrs. Bouvier.
Beckton Road, 7:30 p.m., Mrs. Bouvier.
Bow, Women's Hall, 8 p.m., Debate.
SATURDAY, MAY 13th.
Well Street and Morning Lane, 11 a.m., Mrs. Bouvier, Miss Stephen.
Worgeth Street, 3 p.m., Mr. Lanee, Miss Lynch.
Grundy Street, 3 p.m., Mr. Lane, Miss Lynch.
Grundy Street, 3 p.m., Mr. Lane, Miss Stephen.
SUNDAY, MAY 14th.
Victoria Park, 3 p.m., Mr. W. W. Lewis, Miss Stephen.
Le's Hall, Barking Road, 7:30 p.m., Lecture on Russia.
Mr. J. Prelooker.
The annual At Home will be held at 400, Old Ford
Boad Bew C. May 10th.

The annual At Home will be held at 400, Old Ford Road, Bow, E., on May 19th. Further particulars in our

BOWN E., on May 19th. Further particulars in ord next issue. BOW. Secretary: Miss Lynch. At the meeting at Osborne Street, Sunday morning, Mr. Jarman spoke to a large and attentive crowd. Over 100 papers were sold, and there was a good collection. The meeting in Victoria Park in the afternoon was also very satisfactory. Miss Stephen and Mrs. Walker were the yeakers. A large number of papers were sold, and the collection amounted to 93. The profits from the DREADSCOLART Social amounted to raimment will be even better than last time, and tickets price 4. each can be had by members on sale or return. Collections at open-air meetings, 132. Detabasoccurrs sold since April 22nd-1,351. Mrs. Payne, 100; Mrs. Greer, 65, Miss Mary Carr, 44; general sales, <u>SOUTH-WEST HAM.</u>

rayne, 100; Mrs. Greer, 65, Miss Mary Carr, 44; general sales, 62. SOUTH-WEST HAM. Centre for Tidal Basin. 55 Fife Road. Hon. Sec: Mrs. Daisy Parsons, 94 Ravenscroft Road. Secretary: Miss Beamish. Now, members, it is time to increase our membership and get still more energetic members into our ranks, and we wish to welcome old members back again. It is especially essential to get votes for women now that so many are out in the labour market. A splendid lantern lecture, with music, on Russia, by Jaakoff Prelooker, will be held in Lee's Hall, May 14th, 7,30 p.m. Who will have the next Tea Party? DERADOUTHER Sold week ending April 22nd-203. Mrs. Millo, 50; Miss Beamish, 82; Mrs. Vine, 24; Mrs. Smith, 6; Mrs. Mears, 10; Mrs. Quency, 6; Mrs. Pullen, 7; Mrs. Bachmeyer, 18. BROMLEY.

achmeyer, 18. 53 St. Leonard Street. The Bromley Branch has now been reorganised. The nember's meetings are now held every Monday evening at o'clock. The Secretaries are Mrs. E. Lansbury and Mrs. Jord 7 o'clock. The Secretary Wood. Mrs. Cressall was our speaker last Monday. DREADNOUCHT sales, 87.

DREADNOUGHT sales, 87. BIRMINGHAM. Hon. Secretary : Miss A. F. BODEX, S Richmond Road, Bearwood. Will all Birmingham sympathisers please write to the Secretary for membership form and particulars of the branch.

Secretary for membership form and particulars of the branch. A members' meeting will be held on Thursday next. May ath, at 8 print, in Stirchley Institute. Will all members make efforts to sell the Dazanovorunt and obtain new wembers. At the last meeting it was decided to send two delegates, Mrs. Brookes and Priory Rooms. Birmingham, on April 20th. At the Conference and at the LLP, con-cert in the evening our methers sold 825 Destaboutcourts. The Chairman of the prominent positions, where they remained for isokes methics and prior Rooms. Birmingham, any people snoke enthesistically of the W.S.F. and the Draway toople snoke enthesistically of the W.S.F. and the Draway out, Surend donations were given towards our local branch. Surend donations were given towards our local branch. Surend donations were given towards our local branch contents, shorth. Any who find a diffi-ult in obtaining the Destaboutcut should with to the Secretary or obtain them from Mrs. Ward, Newsagent, 28 Deurnville Lanue, Stirchley.

MODEL LAUNDRY.—Family work a speciality. Dainty fabrics of every description treated with special care. Flannels and silks washed in distilled water. No chemicals used. Best labour only employed. Prompt collection: prompt delivery.—Bullens, Cressy House Laundry, Reynolds Road, Acton Green, W.

NEWCASTLE. All communications to Mrs. Boyce, Athena Cottage, Delavel Garden, Benwell. Mrs. Boyce has held splendid open-air meetings for the W.S.F. daily in the Bigg Market and by the Quay Side. Nother organisation is holding open-air meetings. Mrs. Hutty, Miss Faulkner, and others have helped greatly in paper celling, etc. The DrkADSOCCIT was on sale at the 1.2. Conference, and over ago copies were sold to the 2.70 delgates and their friends. On Tuesday. April 24th, an excellent meeting was held in the Bartas Bridge Assembly Rooms. The chair was very kindly taken by K. Jackson, the Scretary of the Newcastle L.P., and the prakers were Mrs. Boyce, Mrs. Bruce Glasier, Miss Sylvia Pankhurs, Councillor Taylor, Chairman of the Glasgow I.L.P., and Mr. Taylor, of Newcastle. The local N.C.F. generously abandoned their own branch meeting that hight in order that they might act as stewards. Many members were made at the meeting that sheing in great measure due to local friends, especi-ally of the L.P.

thanks being in great measure due to local friends, especi-ally of the L.P. COUNTY DURHAM. Hon. Sec., pro tem., Miss Connie Ellis, Dundalk House, Neville's Cross. The Durham Section of the W.S.F. is growing rapidly. Groups of members are being formed in a number of centres, and these are developing into active branches. Discussed and these are developing into active branches. Discussed and the second science of the second range may be obtained as follows: TERRYHILL.—Miss Ruby Stoddart, 12, Hackworth Street, Dean Bank, Ferryhill. STANLEY.—T. D. Fuge, Esq., 104 John Street, Beamish, S.O. TOW LAW.—Mrs. Walton, Newsagent, Tow Law. CHOPWELL.—V. M. Hardy, Communist Club, Der-went Street, Chopwell.

TOW LAW. -W. M. Hardy, Commun. CHOPWELL.--V. M. Hardy, Commun. CHESTER.LE.STREET.--Miss Faulkner. MEDOMSLEY.--Tom Orr, Esq., 6, Derwent Cottages, Medomsley, Durham. PRIDHOE.--Mrs, Parkes, 4, Riding Terrace, Mickley. The Durham Branch of he W.S.F., in conjunction with the local L.P. branches and the Communist Club, Chop-well, arranged a series of most successful meetings for Miss Sylvia Pankhurst during Easter week at Ferryhill, Stanley, Tow Law, Quebec, and Chopwell. A meeting which was arranged for Miss Pankhurst at Pridhoe was addressed by Mrs. Boyce. The Durham Section is arranging to hold a Federation propaganda pic-nic io Whit Monday.

On Sunday, April and, Miss Sylvia Pankhurst spoke for the Netherfield I.L.P. to a crowded meeting in the Co operative Hall. There was a good sale of "Dreadnoughts" and we have to thank the branch for a special collection for our babies' fund.

and we have to thank the branch for a special collection for our babies' fund.
 ARRESTS OF CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS UNDER MILITARY SERVICE ACT AND THEIR TRATMENT.
 L. Hammond (N.C.F.), Hornsey, first Northampton Barracks, now in Hospital in Billing Road, where he and others are being forcibly fed because they hunger struck.
 D. Huster, Brisd, handed over to the military suthorities, stripped naked because they hunger struck.
 J. Pone, Merton, Surrey, no civil trial. Being delicate, worked at odd literary jobs at home. The workhouse in Croydon deemed him lay: and handed him over to M.A.
 E. G. Collinson, Hamblin, Tonbridge, reluese pay and also to sign appers; been tolk he may be shot.
 D. S. Parkes, Camberwell, awailing courtsmartial at Winchaster. Was told at Whitehall he would be shot at dawn, but was "pardoned" after brutal insults and bayonet and rifle being pointed at him.
 A. G. McDougapers deepite threats of how lions could be marked on beard of the papers deepite threats of how lions could be milled. The "Daily News" reports a case of a man being conscribed into the Arm. Atter being treated by Rugby doors for heart disease, he had been discharged from heart rouble was sent to Bristol for training, and was so prosrived by the journey that on arrival he had to be removed to the nearest horeit and rifle being treated by Rugby doors for heart disease, he had been discharged from heart rouble was sent to Bristol for training, and was so prosrived by the journey that on arrival the had to be removed to the nearest horeit and the nearboard into he Arm. Atter being treated by Rugby doors for heart disease, he had been discharged from heart rouble was sent to Bristol for training, and was so prosrived by the journey that on arrival the had to be removed to the nearest horeit and then to hospital. His parents, who were priviously dependent on him, have now applied to the Guardians for relief!

. They don't give us any badges, but we wear the ordinary khaki. Members will sympathise with Mrs. Whitman, of Totnes Road, Tidal Basin, in the loss of her seven-sear-old daughter, who died from diphtheria on Good Friday. We regret to announce that Mrs. Clarke, one of our Bow members, met with an accident on Easter Monday and has been taken to hospital. We also regret to announce that Mrs. Moore, one of our earliest Bow members, and one of the first company of East London Suffrage prisoners, who served a month's imprisonment in Holloway in 1944, is suffering from appendicitis, and is at present in the London Hospital. Our best wishes for her speed recovery. Congratulations to Mrs. Farrall, a Bow member, on the birth of a daughter on April 25th. We understand that the Ministry of Munitions has regaged ao "policewomen" from London to search the women employed in a Flint munition factory.

Donations to be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Dr. Tchaykovsky, Langham House, Harrow, or Hon., Financial Secretary, Miss N. L. Smyth, 400 Old Ford Road, Bow, E. All parels to 400 Old Ford Road, Bow, E. MOTHERS AND BABIES.

3

MOTHERS AND BABIES. THE MOTHER'S ARMS, 438 OLD FORD ROAD, BOW. Day nursery from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. Doctor's consulta-tion and baby-weighing, Mondays, 230 p.m. Mothers and babies can consult Nurse at any time. 20 RAILWAY STREET, FOPLAR (Opposite South Bromley Station). Doctor's consultation and baby-weighing, Tuesdays, 3 p.m. Nurse may be seen at any time. 53 ST. LEONARD'S STREET, BROMLEY-BY-BOW. Doctor's consultation and baby-weighing, Tuesdays, 2 p.m. 55 FIFE Roap. Commun. The

p.m. 55 FIFE ROAD, CANNING TOWN. Doctor's consultation and baby-weighing, Tuesdays,

Dettor's consultation and baby-weighing, Tuesdays, ⁴ All methers and children are velocine.
 Cost PRICE RESTAURANTS at an OOI Ford Road, and a co Railway Street. Dinners from 12 till 2 p.m. daily.
 Subscriptions to the milk and food fund. Doctoring and nursing con help little if mothers and children are unable to obtain the nourishment that is ordered.
 The last degg, barley, glaxe, virol, for invalids that degg, barley, glaxe, virol, for invalids reads that is ordered.
 The last degg, barley, glaxe, virol, for invalids and boys and print print of pillov case.
 The baby, four gene end to there to banket; for mother, we ingligown, woollen shaw, three towels, two sheets, and a cot oblanket; for mother, we also need to friends who would supply us regarded and fruit.
 More cupboaris are needed at all our centres. We show and the first the the start of the second start medicine bottles at her dispensary. CRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGED.
 GENERT FUND -MEX. Sanger, 2; Miriam Pelooker (16 months), 2; 1:s; Prad Lamarine Vates, Seq., 1:s; 44, Mrs. Ellen Palmer, 5: The Honcock. Esq., 2:s. 6d.; P. B. Beamish, Esq., 2:s. 6d.; Neiss A. Thomas, 1:s.
 Determine Vates, 5:s.; H. A. 6d.; Miss Newsone, 1:s.
 CULEGUAS, S. S.; M. S. CULEG, MINN, S. S.; Fred Bradbury, Esq., 5; A. Harry Cohen, Esq., 2:s. doi; 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday), per Mrs. Bouvier, 5:s. doi: 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday), per Mrs. Bouvier, 5:s. doi: 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday), per Mrs. Bouvier, 5:s. doi: 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday), per Mrs. Bouvier, 5:s. doi: 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday), per Mrs. Bouvier, 5:s. doi: 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday, 1:s.; Prad, 9:s.; N.C.E. (Sunday), per Miss Cooper, 2:s.; Antew, Miss Chaptey, 5:; Antew, Sundors, 2:s.; Antew, Sunday, 2:s.; C.B.; Miss Cooper, 2:s.; Ante

GROCKRES.-Hamplead W.S.F.O. Dear Editor,-I read your letter in the "Daily News," and I should like to help the boys and girls of London to continue their Nature lessons. I am a schoolboy of twelve years of age, and some boys in my class live in the country, and I could promise to send leaves once a week, such as oak, beech, horse-chestnut, etc., wild roses, catkins, and Muebells, also celandines, in their seasons. I am rather late in writing, and perhaps some kind friends have altrady promised sufficient. If not, J should be glad to knew when and what I should send.-Believe me, your willing helper. COLN F. THE CHULDREN'S VIEW OF THE WAR.

THE CHILDREN'S VIEW OF THE WAR. We invite boys and girls of 14 years and under to send us a short essay on "What I Think About the War," to reach us not later than Saturday, May 13th, after which date no essay can be considered. Mr. Maurice Whitlow, of the Friends' Home Mission, has kindly offered a prize of 5s. for the best essay. The prize essay will be published in the Woman's Dreadnought. The age, name, and address of the competitor must be sent with each essay. De piele age, name, and address of the be sent with each essay. Printed by the Blackfrars Frees Ltd, 74 Swinton St. London, W.C., and Published by the Worker's Suffrage Federation, at their Offices 400 Oid Ford Rd, Bow, E. Printed by T.U. labour in all departments 48 hour week), on Trade Union Made Paper.