THE WORKERS'

DREADNOUGHT

Socialism, Internationalism, Votes for All.

Vol. V.-No. 1.

SATURDAY, MARCH 30th, 1918

Price One Penny

Why Irish Labour Demands National Independence

English people cannot understand the immense imphasis that Irish Labour lays on nationality. To the English Socialist it seems impossible hat an old Social Democrat like Connolly should have chosen to die under the green, white and cold of the Irish Republic. Englishmen are otoriously unable to put themselves in the other leaves and the Englishmen are otoriously unable to put themselves in the other leaves and the Englishmen are otoriously unable to put themselves in the other leaves and the Englishmen are other in the Englishmen and the Englishmen in a corner shop. And the English socialist is no exception. However insistent he hay be on the importance of historical factors in social evolution he expects from Irishmen in reland an English outlook on life which the ast of Ireland makes impossible.

The "long-island story" of England is a good of freedom slowly broadening down from reedent to precedent. Since 1066 there has een no foreign invasion, since the Reformation of violent disturbance of the rights of property, and consequently no sudden disruption of social fe.

consequently no sudden disruption of social reland's history is a record of invasions and an age-long struggle between conflicting al orders. The clan system finally went down ore the unfettered private property system or Cromwell's methods of blood and iron, and survived 500 years of contest with feudal-lit left after its extinction a virile tradition, the Cromwellian expropriation of the people ted that land-hunger that has lain behind y political movement in Ireland since. In a survived so years of the since of the property in Ireland. It has not sught ducate the Irish people. It has not sught ducate the Irish people. It has not used the nues of Ireland even as a just but stern dian would employ his ward's income. Standing army of trained soldiers—the al Irish Constabulary and the Dublin Metro-

A standing army of trained soldiers—the Royal Irish Constabulary and the Dublin Metro-

politan Police has been permanently employed to dominate the country and to harass the individual with persistent espionage unknown in England.

For centuries an alien church pamipered its parsons at the expense of the Irish people—and still continues to exploit Ireland, for disendowment was far from complete. For the civil garnson are retained the best situations in the service of the State. And all State departments are operated with a sole view to the interests of England being advanced. That England's highest interest is in promoting the prosperity of her nearest (and with the sole exception of the U.S.) her best customer has never been the maxim of the English State Departments of Ireland, even in the days when Manchester Liberalism was undiluted by modern Imperialism.

Big capital always looks for security. Big capital in Ireland has always been in the hands of the successors of the planters and undertakers. For example, the leaders of industry and commerce include several influential Quaker families, direct descendants of Cromwellian Nonconformists. Tradition and interest alike drive Irish capital to support the English Government in Ireland.

Hence in trade disputes to-day the Irish work-

In Ireland.

Hence in trade disputes to-day the Irish workman finds arrayed against him the modern capitalist eager to increase the dividend irrespective of the cost to the worker, and with the capitalist, always that Government that drove his fathers from the land, that by its agents burned their homes, that to-day is guarding the fields whereon the cattle to feed the gourmands of the Ritz are grazing, while the people of our towns are clamouring for bread.

Tradition and interest alike combine in dictating to the Irish worker hostility to English Government. English Government is therefore always seen as the reinforcement and mainstay

of economic oppression. Connolly knew that Irish capitalism buttressed as it always has been by the rifles of England's army, could not survive the end of England's dominance in Ireland. The aim of Irish Labour is to-day that set forth in the Republican Phoclamation of Easter week: "We declare the right of the people of Ireland to the ownership of Ireland . . . to be sovereign and indefeasible . . . The Republic guarantees religious and civil liberty, equal rights and equal opportunities to all its citizens, and declares its resolve to pursue the happiness and prosperity of the whole nation and of all its parts."

Of Special Interest This Week

The Bolshevik Revolution By an Eye-Witness

Irish Labour has learned to distrust the present-day leaders of English Labour. Arthur Henderson was a member of the English Cabinet that doomed James Connolly, a wounded prisoner of war, to death. He was in the Government that strove to partition Ireland. He has promised to accept "without qualification" the decisions of the English Convention that is repudiated by Irish Labour. It has known the character of Sexton, Seddon, and Havelock Wilson. English Labour must get itself right with Ireland; it must learn of Ireland, imitate its zeal and take flame from its devotion.

JOSEPH McDonnell, Sub-Editor "Irish Opinion and Voice of Labour.'

WORKSHOP NOTES: By W. F. WATSON

THE VICTIMISATION OF J. T. MURPHY.

THE VICTIMISATION OF J. T. MURPHY. UNCONDITIONAL RE-INSTATEMENT.
Some few weeks ago Comrade Murphy left the River Don Works, Sheffield, to take a job at the Vulcan Works, Southport, from which firm he was discharged, "bad timekeeping "being the exuse. On top of this he received a summons, three weeks after leaving Sheffield, to attend an Ealistment Complaints Committee in Manchester to answer a charge of bad timekeeping whilst at the River Don Works. The workers at the Vulcan Works being convinced that this was a clear case of victimisation, downed tools and demanded Murphy's unconditional re-instatement. The movement rapidly spread, Mass meetings were held at Barrow, Sheffield, and other big centres, and it looked as though it would become national. As a result, Comrade Murphy was unconditionally re-instated. This is another victory for direct action. The South of England did not participate, not because it is more apathetic than other districts, but simply because the workers there did not know what was happening. We must continue to develop our Workers' Committee movement to co-ordinate our activities effectively. Then we shall be able to enforce re-instatement in 24 hours, not three weeks as in this case. ours, not three weeks as in this case

CHAOS AND CONFUSION.

CHAOS AND CONFUSION.

Every worker should read the report of the Select Committee on National Expenditure in which some remarkable revelations are made. For instance, £1 per ton was paid on 625,000 fons of steel, just for cutting up into billets, and one firm's books showed a profit of 27 per cent. for the turnover before allowing for depreciation, or 340 per cent. on the capital as It stood in the books. Another firm on one order made a profit of £1,300,000. Scores of similar instances could be quoted if space permitted. To quote the "Star": "Chaos, confusion, overlapping, indequate consideration, recklessness as to cost, waste of money, materials and men is the record of the much-boomed Ministry of Munitions, disclosed in this amazing White Paper." What can one expect when first a lawyer, then a doctor, and any a political adventurer is to be found at the

head of this department? This should convince the workers that the present boss class have not the requisite ability to run the proverbial whelk stall. Moral:—Shift them, and do these things for yourselves. for yourselves.

M. E., writing to the "Daily News" the other day, said: "Why shouldn't a number of women be mobilised and sent into some of the shipyards where the hammers are not making enough noise?" One wonders whether M. E. is a mother of girls, and if she would like to see her daughters as rivetters? One also wonders whether it is another dodge on the part of the employers to secure cheap labour in the shipyards.

Last month the A.S.E. increased its member Last month the A.S.E. increased its membership by 3,080, making a total of 278,166. But of what use are huge numbers without a clearly defined revolutionary policy and the necessary kick to give effect to it? The A.S.E. has power, but instead of using that power in the right direction, it sends for Lloyd George, Geddes, and Barnes!

This may be explained by the fact that the S.E. is putting up another six Parliamentary andidates, making twenty in all. It would be to better to put twenty men into the industrial field to do some real organisation work.

We note there are 68 candidates for two assistant secretaries' jobs for the A.S.E. It is to be hoped that no rebel rank and filer secures

On March 9 and to a conference convened by the N.A.C., of the Workers' Committee was held at Sheffield, and delegates from the miners and railwaymen were present. A draft programme for Labour on the War issues was discussed at great length, but no decision was arrived at. The whole matter was referred back to the districts, and another conference is to be convened for April 13 and 14 in Manchester.

The A.S.E. has decided to apply for an advance

in wages equivalent to 100 per cent. on prewar rates. We hope this application will be backed up by the requisite punch to secure the advance and that the workers will not be fobbed off with a couple of bob per week. The interesting feature about this is that F.S. Button, late A.S.E. Executive Councilman, is on the Committee of Production. He is now in the unenviable position of representing the State and employers in resisting the application. And he is still a member of the A.S.E.! And still claims to be a Socialist!!!

James Ratcliffe, A.S.E. organiser (Division 5), reports trouble with the plumbers over questions of demarcation. It appears that the plumbers don't like it. The one concern of the workers appears to be a desire for plenty of work, and they continually fight each other for different classes of work. We have never noticed any of the bosses falling over each other to do the work. When will the wage slaves fight for less hours and more leisure?

LONDON WORKERS' COMMITTEE.

LONDON WORKERS' COMMITTEE.

The next monthly meeting is on April 7, 11 a.m., at Chandos Hall. Progress is being made with the educational classes. More students are required on Wednesday evenings and Sunday afternoons. All information from T. KNIGHT, hon. sec., 7 Featherstone Buildings, London W.C.I.

W. F. W.

THE CURSE OF SECTIONALISM.

THE CURSE OF SECTIONALISM.

J. O. H. writes from Preston saying he was compelled to leave Leyland through being vietimised on account of activities in the Workers' and Shop Stewards' movement. He was discharged on Feb. 14, and all unions, with the exception of the Steam Engine Makers, decided to down tools until he was re-installed. But the S.E.M., which happens to be the biggest society in the town, decided at a mass meeting not to support the down tools movement, and in consequence of this our comrade had to clear out. Here we have an instance of a forward movement being held back by a reactionary (continued on back page)

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QUESTIONS OF THE DAY

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RED RUSSIA (continued from page 976

to do with them. Released with apologies. And then, two hours later, Junkers seizing the principal points of the city, the Military Revolutionary Committee gets into action. Ministers and Staff officers to be arrested, armoured cars ordered out to hold the street-corners. Bolshevik troops sent to seize the State Bank, the Telephone Station, drive the Junkers out of the Telegraph Station, and drawa cordon around the Winter Palace. But Kerensky has already fled.

"The masses are in power. . . And on the morning of October 31st, after the defeat of Kerensky's Cossack army, Lenin and Trotsky sent through me to the revolutionary proletariat of the world this message:

"Comrades! Greeting from the first proletarian Republic of the world. We will call you to arms for the international Social Revolution."

WASTE OF TIME AT WOOLWICH.

a result of the letters to the "Times" alleging waste
me at Woolwich Arsenal, an enquiry was made,
answer to most allegations ran, "this statement is
rue." Further, the verdict of the enquiry was that
statements made "indicate a very imperfect and
acquaintance with the practice of the Arsenal."
Pringle (L.) suggested that proceedings should be
a against the "Times"; but Mr. Kellaway thought
correspondence "had caused no mischief." If a
urr paper had been the culprit we feel sure nothing
than suppression would have satisfied the authoriWhat a good thing it is to be "Northeliffe
potent"!

mnipotent" II

THE W.A.A.C.
March 20th.—Mr. Forster stated that the W.A.A.C.s
asy have the privileges granted to soldiers by the
Finance Act, extended to them. How gracious.

MISS HOWSIN.

Trevelyan (L.) drew the attention of the Home arry to the fact that in September last the release se Howsin was granted provided certain sureties forthcoming. Miss Howsin's advisors submitted sureties on February 18th, but as yet no answer seen received. Miss Howsin has now been more we and a half years interned on suspicion, for as we know no real case was ever made against her.

MR. GINNELL. MR. GINNELL.

Byrne (I.N.) stated that Mr. Ginnell had made a
in the Square, Kilcock, Co. Meath, advising the
to go on a deputation and demand land from
prietors. Should they be refused, he urged them
possession of what they wanted, as the Sinn
had done in Co. Clare. We now understand
fr. Ginnell has been arrested. His "crime"
ig to force people to do as the British Governaggests: till more land!!!

Degrees: till more land!!

Mr. Trevelyan (L.) took the opportunity of that a Standing Committee of Foreign Affairs that a Standing Committee of Foreign Affairs must be the standing Committee of Foreign Secretary of Commons. Mr. Ponsonby (L.) the motion and suggested that the Committee of from thirty to fity members. Mr. Baffour fippant speech condemning the suggestion on and stati twas impractical and undemocratic lead that he was equally as representative of cyr as Mr. Trevelyan—a most inappropriate of the Mr. Baffour states that the the commission the last word in democracy the commission the last word in democracy feel with the tast word in democracy feel with each class to the last word in democracy we feel with each class to the last word in democracy we feel with each class that word in democracy we feel with each class that word in democracy we feel with each class that word in democracy we feel with each class that word in democracy we feel with each class that word in democracy we feel with each class was a suppression to the last word in democracy we feel with each class was a suppression to the last word in democracy we feel with each class was a suppression to the last word in democracy we feel with each class was a suppression to the last word in democracy we feel with each class was a suppression to the last word in democracy we feel with each class was a suppression that the committee of the control of the committee of the commit

deference to their wishes.

Sir Eric Geddes made an elaborate statement on the condition of shipbuilding and shipping. From his speech one must conclude that the various Controllers can do no wrong and that when enough men can be procured ships will abound. Of course, the First Lord overlooks the fact that as time goes on less, rather than more, men are available.

overlooks the fact that as time goes on less, rather than more, men are available.

THE CURFEW.

Sir Albert Stanley made the announcement that coal and gas must be used more economically. To ensure this restaurants cannot serve a hot meal between 9.30 p.m. and 5 a.m. Theatres must close at 10.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. Theatres must close at 10.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. Theatres must close at 10.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. Theatres must close at 10.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. a

regions say?

CHRISTIAN PEACE CRUSADE.

Mr. Lees-Smith (L) draw attention to the fact that the papers, books, etc., taken from the offices of the Christian Peace Crusade in November, 1917, were ordered to be destroyed on March 15th. Eighteen thousand copies of "The Last Weapon" were amongst them, and this book had had several editions, being two years on the market!

years on the market!

BLOCKADE.

If Brigadier-General Croft's statements are correct about exports, it is indeed serious, and British consumers should protest against going short of food, whilst such quantities are exported. He stated that the exports of tea to Sweden were thirty times as much in 1916 than in 1913; in 1913 cocoa weighing 149,000 lbs. was exported to Sweden, whereas 1915-16 showed exports of 13,788,000 lbs. of cocoa. General Croft was worried about the possibility of the Germans having had access to these food stuffs, our case is that long tea queues were allowed here, high prices demanded owing to an alleged shortage whilst all the time increased exports were allowed!

were allowed!

WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

Mr. Hogge (L.) again pointed out the injustice of granting less to widows and children than when husbands are alive and serving. He also returned to the fray on the question of deducting seven shillings weekly from the pensions of tuberculous soldiers in hospital. Mr. Bonar Law promised improvements in the new warrant. The pensions of victims of other wars are to be brought into line with those of this War.

RECESS.
The House adjourned until April 9th.

WHATS' ON? W.S.F. FIXTURES OUT DOOR

SUNDAY, MARCH 31st.
Osborn Street, 11-45 a.m., Mrs. Walker.
SATURDAY, APRIL 6th.
Great Push in Kensal Rise.
SUNDAY APRIL 7th.
Joint with W.P.C., Clapham Common, Miss Price and others.

INDOOR

FRIDAY, APRIL 5th.
Shenherd's Bush, N.U.R., 4 Calderon Place, W.10, \$30

Shepherd's Bush, N.U.R., 4 Calderon Place, W.10, \$.30 p.m., Miss Horsfall.

SUNDAY, APRIL 7th.

400 Old Ford Road, Bow, 7 p.m., Mr. R. Palmer. Subject: "What I saw in France." Admission free.

Hansler Hall, Hansler Road, Dulwich, I.L.P., 8 p.m.,

Mrs. Bouvier.

OTHER ORGANISATIONS

KINGSLEY HALL, BOW.—Easter Sunday, 8.15 p.m beaker, Rev. Stanley James.

OFFICE HOLIDAYS

The W.S.F. Office is shut Good Friday and Easter Satury, Sunday and Monday.

LABOUR DEMONSTRATION to meet Comrade W. H. ANDREWS

Socialist League).

day, April 4th, 1918, at 7 o'clock, at Esssex Hall, Essex rand, W.C. E. SYLVIA PANKHURST will lake the pm. prompt. Doors Open 640. Tickets Sixpence Each, and at the doors, or from: British Socialist Party (Central anch), 21a Maiden Lane, Strand, W.C.2; Independent Labour

TO OUR READERS

Owing to holiday labour difficulties and paper shortage we are obliged to postpone our double number. The promised Irish articles will be divided between this issue and next. Also the Workshop Notes.

John Heywood, Deansgate, Manchesters, wholesale newsagent, will supply all orders for the "Dreadnought" on Thursdays, from now onwards. Also, Messrs. Emery, 7 Bride Court, London, E.C.4, and the Literature Dept. of National Labour Press, 8 and 9 Johnson's Court, Fleet Street, E.C.4.

INTERNATIONAL YOUNG AGE PENSIONS.

Dear Friends of Humanity—In order to relieve the terrible poverty and suffering that is devastating Europe, let us endeavour to place the children and all those who are helpless in comparative safety by securing EVEN SHILLINGS A WEEK each for them from the State, that we may be free to work for other reforms. At present whilst they are exposed to cold, poverty and hunger can think of nothing else. 7s. a week would ENTER FAMILIES TO MOVE AT ONCE IT BETTER HOUSES, and to obtain better milk and tood. The world stimulate local trade and tood. The world stimulate local trade and tood to the Color of the C

WORKSHOP NOTES (continued from front page)

branch of a craft organisation. Our comrade can rest assured, however, that the seeds he has been instrumental in sowing at Leyland will most assuredly bear fruit, and we wish him more success in Preston.

A TALE OF TOY AND A TROUBLESOME TRADE UNIONIST.

TRADE UNIONIST.

Employed at the Aero Engine Instructional Workshop at Twickenham is a foreman named Toy, who dismissed a tool-hardener, giving as the reason that he had scrapped some gauges. The workers were dissatisfied with this explanation, and sent their steward to Toy to tell him so. Toy, addressing the men from the office steps, said his reason for sacking the man was that he was not going to have any more hardening done at that works, and definitely stated that he would not engage another hardener. This statement satisfied the men,, and for a week or two nothing happened. Then a new tool-hardener was brought into the works. The steward interviewed Toy, who said he was going to run the shop just as HB liked, and this so greatly aroused the men in the tool-room that on March 11 they tendered their notices as a protest against Toy holding his position any longer. The men in the machineshop spontaneously followed the lead of the toolroom, and also gave in their notices. This was splendid but listen to what followed. shop spontaneously followed the lead of the toolroom, and also gave in their notices. This was
splendid, but listen to what followed. The men
in the machine-shop asked the management to
excuse them from leaving, and presumably begged
the firm's pardon for taking part in a rebel movement. (Did someone whisper Bolo?) Result:—
All the toolmakers left on Monday, March 18. All
machine-shop men still under the iron heel and, we
presume, eager and able to fill the vacant jobs, and
desirous of being classified by Trade Unionists
as "Blacklegs." One is tempted to ask, "What
about the national importance of aero engines?"
F. D.

LEIGH DISTRICT.

LEIGH DISTRICT.

The Shop Stewards and Workers' Committee in the Leigh district is endeavouring to solidify the forces of Labour by amalgamation irrespective of craft, grade, or sex. We regret to state there is still one society which clings to the old shibboleths of officialism. We say, "Wake up, you Rip Van Winkles, and strengthen the wheels of progress."

shibboleths of officialism. We say, "Wake up, you Rip Van Winkles, and strengthen the wheels of progress."

Efforts are being made by one firm in the district to side-track the Shop Stewards' movement. The Whitley red herring is being drawn across the path. Workers, don't be bamboozled. Let vigilance be your watchword!

The committee is contemplating the formation of a C.L.C. class, and we trust that if such a class materialises associate members will take the opportunity of studying industrial history.

H. HILTON.

GAINSBOROUGH.

GAINSBOROUGH.

Prior to the war trade unions in this district were secret societies. It was as much as a man's job was worth to let the boss know he belonged to a union. A superannuated member was secretary of the A.S.E., and when I took the job on it was expected that I should get the "bird," but nothing happened. That was in March, 1915. Since then we have grown by leaps and bounds in membership and audacity. Getting stronger locally the progressive spirits

began to look further afield, and being interested in amalgamation sent me to the Newcastle conference. I there learned that our ideas were at least 10 years behind the times, and returned home with the determination to educate myself and comrades up to the advanced aims and ideas of the present day rebels. I sold 300 of Murphy's pamphlets and got him down to speak on 'Industrial Organisation.' Then came Bro. Kealey on 'War and the Workers,' and now the local joint committee is being asked to undertake the formation of a Workers' Committee. This will, of course, eventually eliminate the joint committee, and the sooner the better. Send me a quire of 'Workers' Dreadnoughts' down each month. I am resigning the branch secretary's job at the end of the half-year, and shall then be able to put my whole heart and soul into the local Shop Stewards' movement.

R. C. Proctor.

R. C. PROCTOR

THE FORTH DISTRICT.

THE FORTH DISTRICT.

E. A. Bartlett, writing from Edinburgh, says that a Workers' Committee similar in structure, aims and objects to the Clyde and Sheffield Committees has been established in the Forth area. He goes on to say:—From the hearty support the Committee is receiving from the rank and file I predict a "great future" for the movement in this district. It sprang up spontaneously, and spread so rapidly that the need of co-ordination was soon felt. Therefore a few enthusiastic workers got together and commenced organising meetings both in the workshops and out. The exact membership for this area I cannot at this stage give you, but next month I hope to be able to send much fuller information.

AN EDUCATIONAL BOOK FOR STUDENTS. THE STATE: ITS ORIGIN AND FUNCTION (1s. 3d.) Wm. Paul. (S.L.P., 50 Renfrew Street, Glasgow.)

THE STATE: ITS ORIGIN AND FUNCTION (is. 3d.)

Wm. Paul. (S.L.P., 50 Renfrew Street, Glasgow.)

The most important result of the growing Socialist movement has been the development of an independent educational system for the working class by the working class. If there are any critics of the rank and file movement, who still think we are the dupes of orators on the make, let them attend the classes carried on by the movement and be cured of that mental paralysis caused by State education. The evil influence of the property-owning class and its interest(s) is evident in the State education, as they have degraded pressiphit, and politics. Education develops intelligence, the ability to observe and think correctly; but as this would make it increasingly difficult and finally impossible to continue the robbery of Labour by Capital, we get a substitute which crams the mind with useless lumber tending to retard any future mental development. To the capitalist, the chief end of the worker is to work for reduced wages, and anything tending to give the workman a different point of view, must be sufficiently adulterated to make it useless. The study of history is a case in point. The substituté which the State School gives us is simply a record of intriguing barons, kings, and priests whose characters improve with age and a distant view, and they mostly need both to make them presentable in public. When compared with such a history as that written by Wm. Paul, the need for independent and specialised education becomes apparent and to the non-Socialist reader, to the young workman looking for the way out, I commend it as being well worth reading and studying. You will find there, that seemingly impossible changes become possible, and then inevitable. That is one of the lessons of real history, "the growth and inevitability of change."

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

THE MOTHERS' ARMS CLINIC, DAY NURSERY, AND MONTESSORI CLASS; also CLINIC, ao RAIL, WAY STREET, POPLAR, and CLINIC, 53 ST LEONARD STREET, SOUTH BROMLEY.—Garments for Babies, Children, and Adults, Maternity Outfits, etc., Children's Toys, Pot Plants, Flowers and Branches, etc., always wanted.

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WOMEN WORKERS should spend their holidays at "Sea View," Victoria Road, Brighton.—Hostess, Miss Turner.

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ANTIQUES

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ELECTRIC MACHINE BAKERY 91 BURDETT ROAD, MILE END W. WOODS & SONS

PRODUCE FROM A CO-OPERATIVE GARDEN.— Orders taken now for deliveries in season at market rates Young Black Currant and Red Currant Trees for Sale of Exchange for other Garden Produce. Volunters urged to come to work in the garden.—Apply Miss A Tollemache, Federation House, George Lane, South Woodford, Essex.

"HERALD" LEAGUE, STEPNEY BRANCH A GRAND DANCE

will take place in the Empress Hall, 128 Cambridge Rd., E.
On SATURDAY, APRIL 6th, 1918
From 6 till 10.30 p.mt., 19th from 111 loss from Hon. Sec. 1. Deaner, 67 Fuller St., Bethnal Green, E.

All Pacifist, Socialist, Feminist Literature may be brained for sale or on loan from the W.S.F. at:—
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WITHE DREADNOUGHT" SHOP, 35 ST. LEONARDS STREET, BROMLEY-BY-BOW.
20 RAILWAY STREET, POPLAR.
W.S.F. HEADQUARTERS, 400 OLD FORD RD., E.
Buy all your books through us.

ANOTHER DIES IN PRISON

ANOTHER DIES IN PRISON

Paul Loo Gillan, a conscientious objector, died in Manchester Prison on March 16th.

Gillan was a Roman Catholic, and a Sinn Feiner, and when arrested in August, 1916, was 49 years of age. He was sent to Worntwood Scrubs, where he accepted work under the Home Office Scheme. He had always been delicate, and he was terribly weak when he arrived at Warwick Work Centre, so much so indeed that the Agent permitted him to lie in bed and sew his mailbags. In March, 1917, he was transferred to Princetown, where one morning he was a quarter of an hour late for work through illness, and this was charged as an offence against him, and he was ordered to forfeit two weeks' pay. He wrote to the Home Office Committee protesting strongly against this unfair treatment, and as a punishment for this he was returned to the army and sent to Muley Prison, Plymouth, where he had no opportunities of attending mass or church. After protest on his part he was removed to Winchester Prison, in response to a inquiry from his mother, wrote that Gillan was "alive and fairly well." On March 16th the prison Governor wote to his mother saying that he had died of "heart disease, from which was very my complaint the medical officer reports that he has suffered for some time."

The Military Service Acts provide that genuine conscientious objectors may obtain complete exemption. Lord Curzon promised that conscientious objectors in poor health should be released. These conditions are only fulfilled where the C.O. has special influence behind him. Government resis on the consent of the governed. How long will the people continue to tolerate the Military Service Acts?

KILLED BY FORCIBLE FEEDING

KILLED BY FORCIBLE FEEDING

KILLED BY FORCIBLE FEEDING

At the inquest on W. E. Burns, a conscientious objector, aged 35, who died in Hull Prison on 14th March, the jury found that death was due to pneumonia, accelerated by forcible feeding, but they were of opinion that there was no blame attaching to the doctor. Dr. H. W. Pigeon, who had made a post-mortem examination, stated that death was due to pneumonia consequent upon the inhalation of some irritating fluid in this case. Some food had passed into the lungs and produced a condition that caused death. Dr. Howlett, the prison doctor, gave evidence re forcible feeding. The food administered was equal parts of milk and cocoa. Burns, when forcibly fed, was quite passive, but whilst the second feeding was on he made a violent respiration effort which was followed by a choking cough. He was suspicious that some food had gone the wrong way. Cross-examined he agreed that if the feeding tube had been longer the choking would probably have been avoided. Letters written by Burns were quoted in which he said he was coming to believe that death was the great deliverer. He was hunger striking because he could not get an answer from the Home Secretary to his petition to be reinstated on the Home Office Scheme or else removed to Manchester Prison.

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