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# Business Monitor 

Report on the Census of Production

Coal mining

[^0]Report on the
Census of Production 1976

Coal mining

Presented by the Secretary of State for Industry Pariament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act 1947 (10 \& il Geo. 6 Cha. 39 sec 7 )

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PA10. |  |

The information in this report relates to undertakings of the National Coal Board and non-nationalised undertakings classified to the Coal mining industry, minimum list heading 101 in the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). The activities of the industry include:-

The extraction of coal from deep mines and quarries and the ancillary activities of cleaning, washing, grading etc., normally carried out at mines. Persons associated with coal production employed by the National Coal Board elsewhere than at the mines (i.e. at area, regional and headquarters offices), and their remuneration are in general included, but certain administrative staff associated mainly with activities other than coal production are excluded from this report. The extraction of coal from open-cast workings is excluded.

This report relates to Great Britain only as there is no coal mining in Northern Ireland.
The figures relate to years ended in March, and those for 1976 relate to the year ended 26 March, 1977
in interpreting the data in the tables it is essential to bear
in mind the notes and definitions which commence on page (iii).

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|  | Unit | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of colliery units or mines (c) | Number | 409 | 408 | 370 | 370 |
| Sales of goods produced (d) | £ thousand | 720,554 | 1,303,615 | 1,700.576 | 2,033,341 |
| Receipts for work done and industrial services rendered | " | (e) | (e) | (e) | 21 |
| Capital goods produced for undertakings' own use | " | 94,058 | 131,327 | 204,743 | 234,755 |
| Non-industrial services rendered | " | 5,630 | 8.693 | 11,457 | 12,507 |
| Goods merchanted or factored | " | 905 | - | - |  |
| Total sales and work done ( $f$ ) | " | 821,147 | 1,443,636 | 1,916,776 | 2,280,624 |
| Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale | . | -28.131 | 3,699 | 86.500 | 9,300 |
| Gross output | , | 793,015 | 1,447,335 | 2,003.375 | 2.289.924 |
| Purchases of materials for use in production, and packaging and fuel (d) | " | 269,678 | 316,202 | 443.794 | 473.256 |
| Purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring | . | 822 | - | - |  |
| Increase during the year, stocks of materials, stores and fuel | " | 17,475 | 18.997 | 48.060 | 6.168 |
| Cost of industrial services received | " | 18,023 | 26,058 | 36,927 | 39.006 |
| Net output | , | 521,967 | 1,124,071 | 1,570,713 | 1,783,831 |
| Net output per head | £ | 1,715 | 3,774 | 5,231 | 6,053 |
| Payments for non-industrial services |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rents, hire of plant and machinery (g) h ) | £ thousand | 7.235 | 6,341 | 6.576 | 7.506 |
| Commercial insurance premiums | " | 77 | 100 | 117 | 165 |
| Bank charges | " | 494 | 563 | 702 | 833 |
| Other non-industrial services ( j ) | " | 27.209 | 35.125 | 46.468 | 55,507 |
| Licensing of motor vehicles | " | 557 | 550 | 700 | 798 |
| Rates, excluding water rates | " | 3,971 | 6,961 | 7.513 | 9,124 |
| Gross value added at factor cost | " | 482,425 | 1,074.431 | 1,508.637 | 1,709.898 |
| Gross value added at factor cost per head | £ | 1,585 | 3,608 | 5,024 | 5,802 |
| Total employment (k) | Number | 304,389 | 297,832 | 300,274 | 294,724 |
| Operatives | " | 277,164 | 270,837 | 272,502 | 267,231 |
| Others (1) | " | 27.225 | 26,995 | 27.772 | 27,493 |
| Wages and salaries ( m ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operatives | £ thousand | 432,238 | 659,979 | 820,665 | 864,090 |
| Others (1) | " | 63,955 | 83.097 | 103,353 | 112,241 |

(a) National Coal Board undertakings forming part of the Coal mining industry and licensed small mines which for census years 1973-1976 accounted for less than 1 per cent of the aggregate output figures in which they are incorporated. For details of NCB undertakings see table 8
(b) The following information relates to licensed small mines in the industry:-

|  | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of mines | 150 | 162 | 129 | 132 |
| Number employed (k) |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Working proprietors | 111 | 96 | 103 | 99 |
| Other persons employed | 1,440 | 1,252 | 1,338 | 1,289 |

The number of colliery units for administrative and accounting purposes exclusive of any mines not in active production: cases, units comprise more than one mine.
Excluding the value of all colliery consumption of coal.
Included with sales of goods produced
Details of sales of principal products of the National Coal Board are published regularly in Business Monitor PQ101
1973 figures include hire of vehicles.
For 1973 -1975, rents of industrial and commercial buildings were not recorded separately. For 1976, the amount payable was
$£ 1,245$ thousand. $£ 1,245$ thousand.
1974-1976 figures include the cost of hiring goods vehicles.
Average number employed, including full and part-time employees (see table 7 ) and working proprietors in licensed small mines.
Administrative, technical and clerical employees, and working proprietors in licensed small mines.
Other other pensions and welfare schemes, and the running costs of canteens, are astimet for in in

Capital expenditure, 1973-1976
All Great Britain undertakings

| (eat Britain undertakings classified to the industry (a) |  |  |  | £ thousand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 |
| Land and buildings |  |  |  |  |
| New building work | 7,126 | 18,824 | 41,879 | 62,944 |
| Land and existing buildings |  |  |  |  |
| Acquisitions | 255 | 906 | 1,598 | 1,664 |
| Disposals | 199 | 219 | 132 | 72 |
| Vehicles |  |  |  |  |
| Acquisitions |  |  |  |  |
| Motor cars | 157 | $\begin{array}{r} 257) \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 702 | 601 |
| Other vehicles | - | -1 |  |  |
| Disposals |  |  |  |  |
| Motor cars | 71 | 67) | 42 | 73 |
| Other vehicles | - | -) |  |  |
| Plant and machinery |  |  |  |  |
| Acquisitions | 96,408 | 138,615 | 230,075 | 276,467 |
| Disposals | 1,372 | 1,306 | 804 | 1,417 |
| Total net capital expenditure | 102,304 | 157,010 | 273,276 | 340,113 |

(a) Includes the value of extensions, reconstructions, improvements and repairs of a capital nature.

## TABLE 3

Stocks and work in progress, 1973-1976
All Great Britain undertakings classified to the industry


Distribution of employment, net capital expenditure, net output and gross value added at factor cost by country - National Coal Board
undertakings, 1976 . undertakings, 1976.

| Country | Average number employed | Percentage of Great Britain | Net capital expenditure (a) |  | Net output | Percentage <br> of Great <br> Britain | Gross value added at factor cost | Percentage of Great Britain |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total (a) | Percentage <br> of Great <br> Britain |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number | Per cent | £'000 | Per cent | $\mathrm{f}^{\prime} 000$ | Per cent | £'000 | Per cent |
| England | 230,701 | 78.6 | 290,991 | 86.0 | 1,466,188 | 82.6 | 1,408,007 | 82.7 |
| Wales | 35,201 | 12.0 | 29,468 | 8.7 | 176,321 | 9.9 | 166,536 | 9.8 |
| Scotland | 27,434 | 9.4 | 18,053 | 5.3 | 132,924 | 7.5 | 127,305 | 7.5 |
| Great Britain | 293,336 | 100.0 | 338,512 | 100.0 | 1,775,433 | 100.0 | 1,701,848 | 100.0 |

(a) New building work, plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, vehicles and plant and machinery.

TABLE 7
Percentage analysis of employees, by full and part-time employment and sex, 1976(a)

| Sex | Full-time | Part-time | All employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | per cent | per cent | per cent |
| Male | 96 | - | 96 |
| Female | 3 | 1 | 4 |

Source: Department of Employment
(a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding working proprietors) in Great Britain at end June, 1976.

Analysis of output and costs.
Analysis of output and costs.
Returns received from National Coal Board undertakings, 1973-1976

|  | Unit | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of colliery units or mines (a) | Number | 259 | 246 | 241 | 238 |
| Sales of goods produced (b) | f thousand | 716,898 | 1.297,646 | 1,692,452 | 2,023,769 |
| Receipts for work done and industrial services rendered | " | (c) | (c) | (c) | 21 |
| Capital goods produced for establishments' own use | " | 93,581 | 130,726 | 203,765 | 233.650 |
| Non-industrial services rendered | " | 5,601 | 8,654 | 11,402 | 12,448 |
| Goods merchanted or factored | " | 900 | - | - | - |
| Total sales and work done (d) | " | 816,980 | 1,437,026 | 1,907,619 | 2,269,888 |
| Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale | " | -27,988 | 3,682 | 86,186 | 9,256 |
| Gross output | " | 788,991 | 1,440,707 | 1,993,805 | 2,279,144 |
| Purchases of materials for use in production, and packaging and fuel (b) | " | 268,310 | 314,754 | 441,674 | 471,028 |
| Purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring | " | 818 | - | - | - |
| Increase during the year, stocks of materials, stores and fuel | " | 17,386 | 18,910 | 47,830 | 6.139 |
| Cost of industrial services received | " | 17,931 | 25,939 | 36,751 | 38,822 |
| Net output | " | 519,318 | 1,118,924 | 1,563,210 | 1,775,433 |
| Net output per head | £ | 1,715 | 3,774 | 5,231 | 6,053 |
| Payments for non-industrial services |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rents, hire of plant and machinery (e) (f) | £ thousand | 7.199 | 6,312 | 6.545 | 7,471 |
| Commercial insurance premiums | " | 77 | 99 | 116 | 164 |
| Bank charges | " | 491 | 561 | 699 | 829 |
| Other non-industrial services (g) | " | 27,071 | 34,964 | 46,246 | 55,246 |
| Licensing of motor vehicles | " | 554 | 547 | 697 | 794 |
| Rates, excluding water rates | " | 3,951 | 6.929 | 7.477 | 9,081 |
| Gross value added at factor cost | " | 479,975 | 1,069,511 | 1,501,430 | 1,701,848 |
| Gross value added at factor cost per head | £ | 1.585 | 3,607 | 5,024 | 5,802 |
| Total employment ( h ) | Number | 302,838 | 296,484 | 298,833 | 293,336 |
| Operatives | " | 275,724 | 269,585 | 271,164 | 265,942 |
| Others (j) | " | 27,114 | 26,899 | 27,669 | 27,394 |
| Wages and salaries |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operatives | £ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 430,036 | 656,928 | 816,636 | 859,922 |
| Others (i) | " | 63,629 | 82,802 | 102,970 | 111,837 |
| Wages and salaries per head |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operatives | £ | 1.560 | 2,437 | 3,012 | 3,233 |
| Others (j) | " | 2,347 | 3,078 | 3,721 | 4,083 |

(a) The number of colliery units for administrative and accounting purposes exclusive of any mines not in active production. In some
cases, units comprise more than one mine.
(b) Excluding the value of all colliery consumption of coal.
c) Included with sales of goods produced.
(d) A breakdown of sales of principal products of the National Coal Board is published regularly in Business Monitor PQ101
(e) 1973 figures include hire of vehicles

For 1973-1975, rents of industrial and commercial buildings were not recorded separately. For 1976, the amount payable was $\mathrm{F} 1,239$ thousand.
1974-1976 figures iriclude the cost of hiring goods vehicles.
h) Average number employed, including full and part-time employees (see table 7 )

Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

Notes
These notes give the main information needed for interpreting the figures in the industry Business
Monitors: more detailed information about the census is given in a separate Business Monitor PA1001 (Introductory Notes) of the Report on the Census of Production, 1976.
GENERAL INFORMATION
Changes made for 1976 is in line with similar
The Census for 1976 in
inquiries being conducted in other member countries inquiries being conducted in other member countries of the European Economic Communities. There was a industry reports compared with 1975. These include separate headings for:
Sales of goods produced
Receipts for work done and industrial services rendered
Amounts paid for hire of plant and machinery Amounts paid for rent of industrial and
commercial buildings Specific changes are explained in the introductions o the industry reports or by footnotes to the Suppression of information relating to individual undertakings
Section $9(5)(b)$ of the Statistics of Trade Act 1947 states - "The following provisions shall have communication to the public of information obtained under the foregoing provisions of this Act in compiling any such report, summary or
communication the competent authority shal, so arrange it as to prevent any particulars published therein from being identified as being particulars relating to any individual person or
undertaking excet undertaking except with the previous consent in that undertaking, as the case may be; but this provision shall not prevent the disclosure of the
total quantity or value of any articlas total quantity or value of any articles produced,
sold or delivered; so, however, that before disclosing any such total the competent authority shal have regard to any representations made to them by any person who alleges that the dis-
closure thereof would enable particulars relating to him or to an undertaking carried on by him to be deduced from the total disclosed."
If a figure involved disclosure the contributor
concerned was sometimes asked to give permission for its publication. In the majority of cases
for permission was given. When it was refused and has contributors were not approached the figure other figures, or as in the regional tables, by omitting the figure altogether.
Symbols used
the following symbols are used throughout the PA .. not available
nil or less than half the final digit shown
figures cannot be shown owing to the risk
disclosing information about individual underrevised
igures of figures
rogures in the tables have, where necessary, been have been so rounded, the sum of Where figures tems may not always agree exactly with the total

Industrial classificatio
he United Kingdom Standard lassification (SIC) was first issued Industrial exists to promote uniformity and and 1968 . and he official statistics of the comparability in he general principles followed United Kingdom. nternational standard Industrial Classe of the all Economic Activities of the United Nations statistical Office but the United Kingdom SIC eflects the organisation and structure of industry and trade as it exists in the United
ingdom. The SIC is a classification by and is not a commodity classification. However, index of all commodity headings for which Monitors, is published in Business Monitor PQ1000. THE REGISTER
he register permits a questionnaire to be sent which the reporting establishment/undertakin relating to all the manufacturing (or local) units heh it comprises.
he inquiries provide information for keeping the register sontinuous of up-to-date and $a c t$ as a check on its detail and and structure. For the establishments/under taings on the register making returns to the quarteriy inquiries, the industrial classification commodities and is reviewed annually. Employment data are entered on the register from returns to an establishment/undertaking does in cases wher return to these inquiries the employment data ar based on information provided by the Department Employment from the annual censuses of employment employees are included in the censuses or mor and the information they supply to the census is
supplemented by the returns that those with 25 or supple employees the returns that those with 25 or Information about establ ishments/undertakings with fewer than 20 employees in most industries is less securely based, but increasing use has been made
of data on these small establishments/undertakings supplied by the Department of Employment. One benefit of using this information is an improvement in the estimates of the number o
smaller establishments/undertakings, little effect on other agregates, ment, output, net capital expenditure).
Coverage
A return was required in the 1976 Census from each emp loyees. 20 or more classified to an industry, as defined in the SIC whose principal products form the major part of
the establish ent s/undertaking's sales.
TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPOR
Average number employed
Undertakings were required to state the number of of return, whether full-time or part-time employees. Separate figures were required for:
(a) Administrative technical and clerical
(b) Amployees

Averages could be calculated from the figures Undertakings the last week of each calendar month. number of working also required to state the and these warking included in where merchanting or factoring and cantersons engaged on
particulars in respect of these activities could Working proprietors
Working proprietors
These include all persons regarded as "selfThese include all persons regarded as "self-
employed" for national insurance purposes and
members of their families who worked in the members of their falilies who worked in the
business without receiving a wage or salary, but business without receiving a wage or salary; bu
such persons who worked less than half the norma number of working hours are excluded. Directors number of working hours are excluded. Directors
working in the business but not in receipt of definite wage, salary or commission are included
under this heading: directors paid by fee only are under this heal
not included.

## Employees Administr

Administrative, technical and clerical employees salary or commission, managers, superintendents and works foremen; research and design employees (other than operatives), draughtsmen, editorial staff,
advertising staff, travellers and all office emp loyees.
Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all manual wage earners They include operatives employed in power stations
transport (including roundsmen), warehouses, transport stores, shops and canteens, inspectors, maintenance
workers and cleaners. Operatives engaged in
worm outside work of erecting, operatives engaged in etc. are also included
Capital expenditur
Undertakings were asked not to deduct from the expected to be received in grants or allowance from the Government or any statutory body or local authority. Undertakings with 100 or more employees
were asked to include a total net capital expenditure figure for each calendar year.
(a) New building work

This represents the cost incurred during the year of new building and other constructional work to be
used in connection with the business covered by the return. The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return; it includes
expenditure on new buildings and on the extension ore reconstruction of old buildings, the value of works of a capital nature carried out by the
undertaking's own staff and the cost of any newly undertaking's own staff and the cost of any newly include legal charges, stamp duties, agents comissions, etc.
(b) Land and existing buildings purchased and the capital cost or premium payable for leaseholds acquired (excluding the value of assets acquired in taking over an existing
business), and the amounts receivable for freeholds or leaseholds disposed of. The value is that charged to capital account during the year of
(c) Plant, machinery and vehicles
The items shown are the value of plant and
machinery and of vehicles acquired, both new and machinery and of vehicles acquired, both new and
second-hand, and the amount received for items second-hand, and the amount received for items
disposed of during the year. The value of plant and machinery acquired includes plant, etc. which
firms produced for their own use in connection with firms produced for their own use in connection with the business covered by the return. The value of
plant, etc. acquired is the expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return less any discounts received, but including the cost of transport and installation. Deductible value added
tax is excluded but non-deductible value added tax tax is excluded but non-deductible value added tax
on motor cars acquired is included. No deduction is made for depreciation, amortization or orssolescence. The proceeds of items disposed of
during the year exclude amounts written-off for
items scrapped
Cost of industrial service
of the same firm not covered by the undertakings' estimated selling value recorded by the other department. Amounts payable to transport firms or
credited to the firm's own transport department for delivery of materials are excluded, as are al purchases of machinery and plant charged to capita account. Purchases of goods for merchanting or
factoring have been collected separately since factoring have been collected separately since
1973. The values shown exclude VAT. They include, in addition to the actual purchase price, the value of packaging material charged to the undertaking.
The value of returned goods or packaging material The value of returned goods or packaging materia
returned to suppliers and any trade discounts are excluded. Materials purchased duty-paid are
included at their duty-paid value, less any included at their duty-paid value, less any
drawback, rebate, etc. The cost of transport is included only
price in the firm's accounts. Imported goods are price in the their full delivered cost. If in the
included at the
firm's accounts the transport from docks or airport firm's accounts the transport from docks or airport
is not included in the cost of goods purchased, the cost is entered at c.i.t plus duty (if applicable). Leasing, renting and hire purchase charges are

Sales of goods produced
Sales for the purposes of the annual censuses means
deliveries on sale of minerals raised or goods made deliveries on sale of minerals raised or goods made
by undertakings covered by the return or by other by undertakings covered by the return or by other
undertakings from materials given out to them.
Sales of waste products are included. New building Sales of waste products are included. New building
work and machinery or other capital items produced by undertakings for hiring out or leasing are
regarded as sales, the value included in the return regarded as sales, the value included in the return
being that adopted in the undertakings' capital asset accounts. Forward sales and canteen takings
are excluded. All sales in the period of the are excluded. All sales in the period of the
inquiry are included irrespective of when the goods were produced.
Goods produced in one undertaking and transferred Goods produced in one undertaking and transferred
either to ancillary departments not engaged in
production and accounts, or to another undertaking of the same
firm not covered by the return, are treated as sales by the producing undertaking and valued as far as possible as if they had been sold to an
independent purchaser. Goods transferred to
Gol wholesale or retail selling organisations, for
which separate accounts are kept are valued on the which separate accounts are kept are valued on the
same basis. The value shown for sales is the "net selling
value" defined as the amount (excluding value added tax) charged to customers whether on an ex-works or
delivered basis. after dents' basis; after any trade discounts and agents' commissions have been deducted. The cost
of packing materials less allowance for returnable

Work done and industrial services rendered
For work done on commission, sub-contract work,
etc., the value shown is the total amount charged for the work, including the value of any materials bought and used in such work. Activities within erection and installation of plant and machinery, exploration work, and research and developement.
Industrial services rendered inclute maintrial services rendered include repairs and research and studies for other organisations.
Capital goods produced for undertakings' own use out during the year by the capital nature carried for their own use.
Non-industrial services rendered
industrial indes rents received for commercial and
industrial buildings, amounts charged for hiring
out plant, machinery and other goods and amounts
charged to other organisations for the provision
of transport. It also includes amounts received
or the right to use patents, trademarks,
ory to copyrights etc., manufacturing, mining and evenue from such staff facilities as canteens.

Merchanted goods are those
Merchanted goods are those (excluding canteen
sales) sold without having been subjected to any sales) sold without having been subjected to any Stocks and work in progress
sale and of materials, stores gnd fuods on hand for f the year of return and of the change during the year, including any stocks of change during the morchanting or factoring. have been partially processed by the undertaking but which are not usually sold or transferred to another undertaking without further processing. the values include the cost of materials consumed overhead costs and profits. With a margin of made to sub-contractors are excluded and progress payments received from other organisations are no

Wages and salaries
hese are amounts paid during the year to
operatives and to administrative, technical and lerical employees. Payments to workin excluded, whether called salaries or not, ar payments, bonuses and shown include all overtime egularly or not, and no deduction is made for the valux, insurances, contributory pensions etc. The value of redundancy payments less any amounts The value of any payments in kinces is included. expenses etc. is excluded.
Employers' insurance and welfare contributions national insurance and graduated contributions to earnings related basic contributions under the social security Act, 1973) as well as commercial annuation or other retirement benefits, super benefits, personal accident benefits, disability or death benefits for employees or former employees or their dependants. Contributions to
the running costs of canteens, social children's and holiday homes, etc for employees former employees and their dependants are also

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