

# Report on the Census of Production 1963 

## 77 man-made fibres



## Notes

These notes give the main information needed for
interpreting (Morere det tain the inf ingures in the industry repo
ion about the Census
 Production for 1963 .)
general information
Changes in the 1963 census
There were few changes result ing from amendments
to the Standard Industr ial clasi nly minor changes in the scope industry reports compared with 1958 . Any such changes are explained in the int roduct ings to to
the industry reports concerned or by footnotes the inuustry
oo the tables.
Industrial Classification
Establishments were classif ied to industries on
the basis of major activity in conformity with the basis of major activity in conformity with the second edit 1 oo of the tandard Industrial
Classif icat ion (Consol idated Ed it ion 1963, incorporating Amendment 1). Each industry was
basically def ined in terms of its principal
 commonly associated in product ion. Normally,
an establ ishment was class if ied to an industry if its sales of the princ ipal products of that industry accounted for a greater proport io
its total sales than did its sales of the princ ipal products of any ot her industry. How
ever, where the application of this rule would ever, where the app ication of this rule
have result ted in a change of classificat ion between 1958 and 1963, the establis shment mas
reclassified only if the sales of princ ipal reclassified only if the sales of princ ipal
products of the newly predominant industry products of the newly predominant industry was
more than one third greater than the sales of of
princtan princ ipal product of of the previously predoninant
industry. This modif icat ion of the gener industry. This modification of the ereneral
rule was introduced for 1958 to avoid dis-
 changes in sales bet een sumcess ive censusses.
The principle of class ificat ion by major

 In certain industries, classificat ion was
dealt with in a different way. Details of

terms used in the census report
Average number employed
Firns were required to state the number of persons on the payroll (i.e. whose National
Insuranece cards were held by them) on the
Ine average during the year of return, on the ther full-
$t$ ine or part -tine employees.
Separate $t$ ine or part-t ine employes. Separate fi gures
were required for (a) admin istrative, technical and clerical employees and (b) operat ives (see Delow). Averages could be calculated from
figures relating to the last week of each figures relating to the last week of each
calendar month; figures shown in respect of the average number employed retate to the sum of
these averages.
Firns were al so
reauired to these averages. Firms eree also required to
state the number of morking propr ietors (see bel low where appropri iate and the se are included
in total empl loyment figurs. in total employment $f$ igures.
excl luded.

The $f$ igures include persons engaged in merchant ing or factor ing and canteen workers
here particulars in respect of these act ivities ould not be excluded from the return.
Working Proprietors
These include all persons regarded as 'self-
employed' for Nat ional Insurance purposes, and employed' for National Insurance purposes. and
nembers of the ir famili ies who worked in the bus iness without receiving $\frac{a}{} f i$ ixed wage or salary; but persons who worked less than half
the normal number of working hours are excluded. he normal number of working hours are excluded.
for Great Britain, di rectors working in the
 salary or commission are included under this ieading for 1963 , but are excl uded for 1958 ,
for Northern Ireland, di irectors of limited companies, other than these paid by fee only, are included for both years. (Directors paid

Employees
(i) Administrative, technical and clerical
 deve lopment, rechnical and desi ign employees
(other than operat ives); draught smen and

 staff; travellers; and office (includ ing
works of fice) employees. For Great
 include also manag ing and other directors
in rece ipt of a def inite wage, sal ary or in rece ipt
comi is ion.
(ii) operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadiy sleakeng, all
manual wage earners.
They incl ude these manua wage earners. the include $t$ t
employed in and about the workse operatives employed in power houses, transport work, stores., worenouses,
shops and canteens;
inspectors,
 and cleaners. Operat ives engaged in out-
side work of erection, fitting, etc. are side work of erection, fitit ting, etc. are
also included, but outworkers $(i) . e$. per sons emplo yed by the firm who worked in
their own homes be the ir own homes, etc. on materials
supp ied by the $f i$ irm) are excluded
nef suppl ied by the firn) are excluded.
Intornation about here numbers of outwrkers
employed was collected only for the sloves empployed was collected only for the gloves
industry. Capital Expenditure
(i) New buil lding work.

This represents the cost incurred dur ing
the year of new build ing and other new the year of new building and other new
construct ional work (includ construct ional work (inc luding off ice
buildings, arntens and the like used in
connection connect ion with the and the ins cou seed in
return but not dee lling houses for by the return but not dwe 11 ing houses for
employees). The value is that charged to capital account duri ing the year of return; it includes expend iture on new buildings or
on the extension or reconstruct ion of on the extension or reconstruct ion of old
buildings, the value of work of a capi tal
ond nature carr i ied out by firns. oun stapft, and
the cost of any newly constructed build ings the cost of any nemy constructed build angs legal charges, stamp duties, agents'

Weaving of cotton, linen and
man-made fibres
This Report on the Weaving of Cot ton, Linen and Man-made Fibres. Industry rel ates to establi ishments


 Consol idatea ien clon, in association with weaving are classif i ied to this in industry and not to tot the
 are, however, treated as principal products of the Household Textiles and tanderern sal es are, consequently, now show in Table 7 of this report
 easier than was the ace in 1958 for respondents to distingui sh separately betwen sales of woven
cioth of cot ton or man-made fibres in the loom state on the one hand and sales of fin shed cloth or







## treament of finished cloth and foamack fabrics

In the 1963 Census sales of foamback fabrics are shom as principal products of the same industry
 corresponding table in the report on the Hool en and Morsted Industry Pratt Pr) shors sial and of foamback wool len or worsted fabrics. Total sales of all foamback fabrics and fini shed cloth of colton, inen and man-made fibres, repor ted in the census, toget her witu these repor ted by
nerchant converters in a separate inquiry, are brought together in a supplement to Table 5 in this report.
Sales of foamback fabrics were not taken into account in classi fying returns to the three textile The form in which they are shom. The foamback ing of fabric on cominssion witho of classification
 Cla sisificiction of
to this industry.
Establ ishments were classifi ied to this industry provided that they carried out the process of weaving and their total sales of principal proaucts of this indest were greater than those of any Industry or sales of housenold textiles of linen and union cloth were greater than those of any other industry. In applying these rules, foanback fabrics were tre
in the paragraph 'Treatment of Fini shed Cloth and Foamback Fabrics'
In classifying returns to the sub-divisions of the industry, shom in Table 2 , classif ication





 ied to the sub-division headed other and uncl assifined, Returns ciasse wee Great Bri tain and hemp section of the
Vor thern Irel and.

In interpretating the data in the tables it is essential to bear in mind
the notes and definititions which appear on pages (ii), (iii) and (iv).

LIST OF TABLES

| Table No. | Title | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Industry summary: United Kingdom. Estimates for all firms, 1958 and 1963 | 77/3 |
| 2 | Analysis of larger firms by sub-divisions within the industry, 1958 and 1963 | 77/4 |
| 3 | Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise within the industry, 1963 | 77/7 |
| 4 | Percentage analysis of employees, by age and sex,all firms, 1963: United Kingdom | 77/8 |
| 5 | Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | 77/9 |
| 5 SUPPLEMENT | Sales of finished cloth and foamback fabrics by larger firms in the Census, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, and by merchant converters in the United Kingdom, 1958 and 1963 | 77/14 |
| 6 | Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | 77/16 |
| 7 | Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry, 1958 and 1963 | 77/18 |
| 8 | Production of certain principal products of the industry by larger firms, including production by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | 77/20 |
| 9 | Purchases of selected principal products of the industry by larger firms, 1963 | 77/21 |
| 10 | Purchases by larger firms in the industry, 1954 and 1963 | 77/22 |
| 11 | Transport costs and employment of larger firms, 1963 | 77/24 |
| 12 | Payments for certain services, etc. by larger firms, 1963 | 77/25 |
| 13 | Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns from larger firms, 1963 | 77/25 |
| 14 | Sales of all parts of machinery and plant by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOES } \\ & \text { NOT } \\ & \text { APPLY } \end{aligned}$ |

TABLE 1 Industry summary: United Kingdom
Estimates for all firms, 1958 and 1963 (a)

|  | Unit | 1958 | 1963 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of enterprises | No. | 813 | 550 |
| Number of establishments | - | 1,114 | 782 |
| Gross output | \& 000 | 305.086 | 281,351 |
| Net output | , | 84,144 | 85,681 |
| Net output per head | $\varepsilon$ | 611 | 871 |
| \{ goods produced and work done | £ 000 | 301,656 | 276,189(b) |
| Sales and work done $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { gerchanted goods and canteen takings }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 4,221 | 6,002 |
| Purchases $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { materials for processing and } \\ \text { packaging, and fuel } \\ \text { goods for merchanting and } \\ \text { canteen purchases }\end{array}\right.$ | " | $\} 203,967\{\{$ | 179,988 5,343 |
| Payments to other organisations $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { for work done on materials given out } \\ \text { for transport }\end{array}\right.$ | " | 10,903 1,702 | 10,136 1,472 |
| Stocks and work in progress |  |  |  |
| Total stocks and work in \{ change during year | " | - 5.159 |  |
| progress $\{$ at end of year | * | 65,215 | 61,683 |
|  | - | + 2.186 | - 1,366 |
| Goods on hand for sale $\{$ at end of year | - | 31,871 | 28.173 |
| Work in progress $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { change during year }\end{array}\right.$ | - | - 2,997 | + 526 |
| Work in progress $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { at end of year }\end{array}\right.$ | * | 13,054 | 15,536 |
|  | * | - 4,348 | + 1,270 |
| Materials, stores and fuel $\{$ at end of year | * | 20,290 | 17,974 |
| fotal, including working proprietors | Th. | 137.6 | 98.4 |
| Average number employed $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { operatives }\end{array}\right.$ |  | 124.6 | 87.7 |
| other employees (c) |  | 12.6 | 10.2 |
| \{ of operatives | \& 000 | 47.618 | 44,099 |
| Wages and salaries $\quad$ of other employees (c) | * | 9,176 | 9,213 |
| Employers' contributions to National Insurance and private pension schemes, etc. (d) | * |  | 3,314 |
| Capital expenditure (e) |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  | 10,511 |
| New building work | , | 726 | 1,026 |
| Land and existing buildings (f) | - | . | 308 |
| Plant and machinery (f) | * | 3,428 | 8,705 |
| Vehicles (f) | * | 215 | 472 |

(a) For 1963, estimates for small firms and for firms not making satisfactory returns accounted for about 3 per cent. of the total figures in which they were incorporated. (For 1958 the
comparable figure was 2 per cent.) A summary of the detailed returns received is given in comparab.
Table 2.
(b) Including services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant,
machinery and other goods, for providing transport, or for technical or other services rendered). machinery and other goods, for providing transpor
(c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
(d) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds.
(e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.
(f) Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 2 Analysis of larger firms by sub-divisions within the industry, 1958 and 1963(a) Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom (b)

| Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom (b) |
| :--- |


| Sub-divisions of the industry (c) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loom state cloth of cotton, man-made fibres, silk and mixtures (d) (continued) |  |  |  |  |  | Woven cloth of 1 inen and hemp (e) |  |  |  |
| Man-made fibres and mixtures |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { other and } \\ \text { uncl assified } \\ 05 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Great Britain } \\ 06 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Northern Ireland$07$ |  |
| Tyre cord and fabric 03 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ 04 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1958 | 1963 | 1958 | 1963 | $\frac{1958}{83}$ | 1963 | 1958 | 1963 | 1958 | 1963 |
| 1058 | 6 | 104 | 65 |  | 6269 | 33 | 17 | 52 | 32 |
| 10 | 11 | 139 | 96 | 113 |  | 36 | 19 | 76 | 42 |
| 3,863 | 12,437 | 48, 261 | 51,970 | 48,211 | 26,803 | 7,776 | 6,816 | 27,931 | 20,689 |
| 350 | 962 | 13,994 | 15,624 | 11,697 | 7,756 | 2,785 | 2,588 | 5,834 | 4,820 |
| 784 | 832 | 637 | 870 | 674 | 765 | 581 | 739 | 465 | 628 |
| 3,827 | 12,109(g) | 47,688 | 50,766(g) | 47,970 | 26,860(g) | 7,451 | 6,524(g) | 28,393 | 20.644(g) |
| 2 | 7 | 676 | 1,426 | 112 | 194 | 366 | 243 | 11 | 372 |
| 3,596 | 9,423 | 43,192 | 43,727 | (h) | (h) | 5,993 | 5,240 | 14,819 | 12,256 |
| 94 | 78 | 91 | 86 |  |  | 80 | 80 | 52 | 59 |
| 33.485 | 11,404 | 32,648 | 35.050 | 34,812 | 17,996 | \},136 | 3,651 | 18,393 | 13.691 |
| 2, ${ }^{3}$ | 6 |  | 1,222 | - 812 | 206 | ] | 214 | 18, | 295 |
| 1 | 36 | 1,078 | 536 | 884 | 766 | 473 | 238 | 2.799 | 1,886 |
| 9 | 38 | 155 | 107 | 132 | 107 | 88 | 75 | 298 | 120 |
| + 44 | + 320 | + 205 | - 297 | + 367 | - 316 | + 37 | + 41 | - 363 | - 52 |
| 174 | 812 | 4,931 | 5,075 | 4,101 | 2,779 | 1,028 | 868 | 5,755 | 2.819 |
| - 10 | + 1 | - 308 | + 75 | - 238 | + 66 | - 78 | + 7 | - 110 | - 275 |
| 143 | 349 | 2,993 | 2,841 | 1,884 | 1,472 | 295 | 335 | 595 | 1,213 |
| - 17 | + 10 | - 386 | + 569 | - 686 | + 28 | -292 | - 70 | - 606 | + 123 |
| 93 | 127 | 3,506 | 2,970 | 2,288 | 2,101 | 979 | 798 | 2,208 | 1,086 |
| 447 | 1,156 | 21,972 | 17,964 | 17,353 | 10,137 | 4.791 | 3,474 | 12,536 | 7,677 |
| 411 | 1,037 | 19,690 | 16,172 | 15,887 | 9,064 | 4,202 | 3, 163 | 10,752 | 6,567 |
| 36 | 119 | 2,272 | 1,758 | 1,458 | 1,031 | 581 | 305 | 1,641 | 1,008 |
| 168 | 558 | 8,399 | 9,174 | 6,391 | 4,471 | 1,424 | 1,296 | 3.088 | 2,562 |
| 34 | 110 | 1,777 | 1.679 | 1,053 | 955 | 406 | 249 | 900 | 692 |
| 409 | 538 | 427 | 567 | 249 | 493 | 339 | 410 | 287 | 390 |
| 940 | 927 | 782 | 955 | 793 | 926 | 699 | 817 | 548 | 686 |
| .. | 31 | . | 472 | .. | 256 | .. | 77 | . | 168 |
|  | 11 | . | 209 | .. | 74 | .. | 30 |  | 77 |
|  | 2 | 100 | 92 | 53 | 42 | 12 | 20 | 11 | 48 |
| \} |  |  | + 343( n ) |  | 34 | .. | 7 | $\cdots$ | 108 |
| 19 |  | 653 | 3,273 | 474 |  | 68 | 186 | 81 | 162 |
| - | $\}^{+30(n)}$ | 66 | 84 | 121 | + $528(\mathrm{n})$ | 6 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| 2 | * | 56 | 98 | 36 | 38 | 12 | * | 30 | 51 |
| 1 | * | 30 | 40 | 14 | 22 | 5 | * | 15 | 14 |

TABLE 2 (cont inued)


TABLE 3 Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise within the industry, 1963
(i) Output, employment, capital expenditure and stocks

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise industry (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Enter- } \\ & \text { prises } \end{aligned}$ | Estabments | Average number employed (a) | Gross output | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Nutput } \end{gathered}$ | Net output per head | Capital ture (b) | Total value of stocks and progress at end of year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Number | \& 000 | £. 000 | \& | \& 000 | £'000 |
| 25-49 | 68 | 70 | 2,501 | 6,204 | 1,949 | 779 | 97 | 1,389 |
| 50-99 | 91 | 100 | 6,594 | 16,632 | 5,093 | 772 | 481 | 3,559 |
| 100-199 | 111 | 136 | 15,598 | 37,369 | 11,632 | 746 | 1,009 | 8,798 |
| 200-299 | 44 | 60 | 10,604 | 26,446 | 7.454 | 703 | 592 | 5,871 |
| 300-399 | 31 | 64 | 10,669 | 34,305 | 10,687 | 1,002 | 774 | 7,308 |
| 400-499 | 10 | 26 | 4,398 | 13,466 | 3,927 | 893 | 447 | 3,034 |
| 500-749 | 11 | 29 | 6,954 | 23, 136 | 5.370 | 772 | 603 | 4,446 |
| 750-999 | 10 | 32 | 8,540 | 26,464 | 7.374 | 863 | 770 | 5,864 |
| 1,000-1,499 | 6 | 22 | 7,102 | 24,203 | 7.059 | 994 | 642 | 5,783 |
| 1,500-2,499 | 5 | 41 | 10,145 | 27,682 | 9,317 | 918 | 920 | 6,731 |
| 2,500 and over | 4 | 26 | 11,991 | 36,002 | 12,943 | 1,079 | 3,822 | 6,832 |
| Total | 391 | 606 | 95,096 | 271,909 | 82,806 | 871 | 10,158 | 59,613 |

Employees, wages and salaries, and employers' contribution
Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| Average number employed by the enterprise in the industry (a) | Employees |  | Wages and salaries |  | Employers' contributions |  | Wages and salaries per head |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | Others (c) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | others (c) | National Insurance (d) | Private pension schemes, etc. (e) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oper- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Others } \\ & \text { (c) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Number | Number | £ 000 | \& 000 | \&.000 | \&'000 | \& | $\varepsilon$ |
| 25-49 | 2,167 | 291 | 1,003 | 244 | 61 | 14 | 463 | 837 |
| 50-99 | 5,915 | 608 | 2,783 | 592 | 159 | 32 | 471 | 973 |
| 100-199 | 14,048 | 1,478 | 6,484 | 1,362 | 370 | 85 | 462 | 921 |
| 200-299 | 9,495 | 1,071 | 4,473 | 884 | 257 | 76 | 471 | 826 |
| 300-399 | 9,545 | 1,101 | 4,775 | 1.040 | 262 | 89 | 500 | 945 |
| 400-499 | 3,983 | 402 | 2,109 | 373 | 108 | 39 | 530 | 928 |
| 500-749 | 6,194 | 759 | 3, 103 | 654 | 176 | 67 | 501 | 862 |
| 750-999 | 7,617 | 921 | 3,801 | 855 | 214 | 91 | 499 | 928 |
| 1,000-1,499 | 6,198 | 876 | 3,369 | 723 | 189 | 65 | 544 | 825 |
| 1,500-2,499 | 9,159 | 986 | 5,105 | 970 | 249 | 104 | 557 | 984 |
| 2,500 and over | 10,606 | 1,385 | 5,701 | 1,225 | 309 | 195 | 538 | 884 |
| Total | 84,927 | 9,878 | 42,706 | 8,922 | 2,353 | 857 | 503 | 903 |

(a) Including working proprietors.
(b) Acquisitions less disposals
(c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
(d) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions.
(e) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds. These amounted
(e) Including pensions and
in total to $\& 199,000$.

TABLE $4 \begin{aligned} & \text { Percentage analysis of employees, by age and sex, } \\ & \text { all firms, 1963: United } \operatorname{Kingdom}(\mathrm{a})\end{aligned}$

| Ages | Males | Females | All employees |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 18 <br> 18 and over | Per cent. | Per cent. | Per cent. |
|  | 2 | 4 | 6 |
|  | 41 | 53 | 94 |
|  | Source: Ministry of Labour |  |  |  |

(a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding working
proprietors) at mid-June, 1963 .

## Footnotes to Table 2.

(a) The data for 1958 and 1963 are not strictly comparable. An explanation
is given in the third paragraph of the introduction to this report
(b) The following information relates to small firms (employing fewer than
25 persons) in this industry. It includes an estimate for small firms 25 persons) in this industry. It includes an estimate for small firms

not making satisfactory returns, which account for 3 per cent. of the | not making satisfactory reurns, |
| :--- |
| employment shown for 1963 and 5 per cent. for 1958. |
| 1958 |

Number of firms

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
179 & 151
\end{array}
$$

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Average number employed: } \\ \text { Working proprietors } \\ \text { Other persons employed }\end{array}\right\} 2,439 \quad\left\{\begin{array}{r}204 \\ 1,723\end{array}\right]$.
(c) The method of classifying returns to sub-divisions of the industry is explained in the introduction to this report; the characteristic products of each sub-division are identified in Table 5 .
(d) For 1958 a number of firms did not distinguish separately their sales such firms recorded their sales as made-up household textiles but resuch firms recorded their sales as made-up houseiol texties but re-
mained classified to this industry although their sales were included mane
in the report on the Household Textiles and Handkerchiefs Industry (Pa
85 ). of characteristic products and this can account in part for the drop in of characteristic products and this can account in part for the drop in
the index of specialisation within the sub-divisions of the industry.
(e) Sales of made-up household articles of linen and union cloth made by firms classified to this industry are excluded from the sales of characteristic products of the sub-divisions of the industry. Such
sales are included in the report on the Household Textiles and Handsales are included in the rep
kerchiefs Industry (Part 85).
(f) The sum of the figures for the sub-divisions exceeds the total for the industry to the
sub-division
(g) Including services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, for providing transport,
Characteristic products relate only to specific sub-divisions of the
h) Character
industry.
(i) For sub-divisions of the industry this is the ratio of sales of characteristic products to total sales of goods produced and work done For the industry as a whole, this is the ratio of total sales of principal products by the industry to total sales of goods produced and
(j) work done
(j) Administrative, technical and clerical employees
(k) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions.
(m) Excluding pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds.
( n$)$ Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 5 Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including $\begin{aligned} & \text { sales by establishments classified to other industries, } 1958 \text { and } 1963 \text { (a) }\end{aligned}$ Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

|  |  | 1958 |  | 1963 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Enterprises | Entries |
| 02 | Cotton (except finished cloth) Woven cotton cloth in the loom state Woven from grey yarn Cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like (weighing not more than 2K/ oz. per sq. yd.) <br> Tyre cord and tyre fabric Other cloth woven from grey yarn Unclassified <br> Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed or other processed yarn | Th.sq.yds. | £.000 | Th.sq.yds. | \& 000 | Number | Number |
|  |  | 169,361 | 3.238 \{ | 88,230 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,024 \\ 398 \end{array}$ | 33 | 36 |
|  |  |  |  | 7,331 | 861 | 13 | 13 |
|  |  | 967,009 | 95,588 | 594,599 | 57,676 | 205 | 259 |
|  |  | 18,837 | 1,655 | - | - |  |  |
|  |  | 165,631 | 24,898 | 76,102 | 10,713 | 100 | 115 |
| 08 | Woven from unclassified yarn Total woven cotton cloth in the loom state | 406 | 91 79 | - | - |  |  |
|  |  |  | 125,550 |  | 71,672 | .. | .. |
|  | Dryer felts of cotton, man-made <br> fibres or mixtures other than mixtures containing wool, including asbestos cotton felts | 987 | 1,792 | 619 | 1,919 | 5 | 5 |
| 08 | Other felts except wool or wool mixture felts | Th.cwt. 70.0 | 463 | Th. cwt . 44.9 | 316 | * | * |
| 08 | Surgical and medical dressings, medicated or not, of cotton | Th.gross | 924 | Th. gross 602 | 1,581 |  |  |
|  | bandages of all descriptions |  | 732 |  | 1,364 | $\}^{16}$ | 18 |
|  | Cotton wool | 145 | 2,160 \{ | 115 | 2.086 835 | $\} 17$ | 19 |
|  | Cotton wool and gauze tissues |  | 515 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gauze in packets containing not | $2,095$ |  |  | 1,946 | 8 | 9 |
|  | more than 120 linear yards |  | 250 \} | Th.cwt. |  |  |  |
|  | Lints in packets not exceeding 2.2 lb . in weight |  | 875 \{ | 8.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 378 \\ & 145 \end{aligned}$ | ) 8 | 9 |
|  | Other descriptions |  | 1,583 |  | 2,376 | 8 | 8 |
| 08 | Sanitary towels, other than terry, including maternity pads | Th.gross |  | Th. gross |  |  |  |
|  | Cotton wool including tampons | 2,115 | 2,093 | .. | 3,398 | 6 | 7 |
|  | Cellulose | 2,571 | 2,039 | 3,112 | 2,292 | 8 | 9 |
|  | Combined | 5,536 | 5,300 | 6,191 | 5,948 | 7 | 8 |
|  |  | Th.cwt |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08 | Cotton wadding | 101 | 1,367 |  | 819 | 8 | 9 |
| 08 | Cotton flock |  | (c) | Th.cwt. |  |  |  |
| 08 | Manufactured cotton cleaning waste | 218 | 972 | 137 | 555 | 7 | 7 |
| 08 | Manufactures of cotton unclassified | .. | 631 | .. | 84 | * | * |
|  | Total manufactures of cotton other than loom state and finished cloth |  | 22,904 |  | 26,041 | . | . |



|  |  | 1958 |  | 1983 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |  | Entries |
| 05 | SilkWoven silk cloth in the loom stateWholly of silkof silk mixed withother materialsFinished cloth (excluding foambackfabrics) (d) | Th. sq.yds.$1,388$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c}\varepsilon^{\prime} 000 \\ \\ 650 \\ 254 \\ 87\end{array}\right\}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Th. sq. } \mathrm{yd} \text { s. } \\ \begin{array}{r} 1,461 \\ 182 \end{array} \end{array}$ | £.000 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 741 | 16 | 16 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 250 | 6 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01 | Woven cloth wholly of cotton Cloth for apparel Flannelette and winceyette Shirting, other than flannelette Dress, blouse and domestic overall cloth | 7,557 | $\begin{array}{r} 761 \\ 1,043 \end{array}$ | 13,3889,583 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,703 \\ & 1,799 \end{aligned}$ | 1620 | 1621 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.128 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5,664 | 961 | 12,520 | 2,036 | 23 | 23 |
|  | Industrial overall cloths, drills, etc. | 10,377 | 1,677 | 18,404 | 3,079 | 17 | 17 |
|  | Rainwear cloth Gaberdine | \} 1,280 | $478\{$ | 1,492 | 713 | 7 | 7 |
|  | Rubberised and oiled |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  | Linings and interlinings | 10,890 | 1,038 | 9,261 | 951 | 20 | 20 |
|  | Speciality export cloth, e.g. native types | $\}^{1,740}$ | 158 | 870 | 100 | * | * |
|  | Corset cloth |  | 181 | 9,237 | 1,700 | 19 | 19 |
|  | Other woven cotton cloth for apparel |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles | $\begin{array}{r} 1,700 \\ 17,331 \end{array}$ | 130 | $\}^{3,673}$ | 389 | 21 | 21 |
|  | Handkerchief cloth |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sheeting and pillow cloth |  | 2,201 |  |  | 9 | 9 |
|  | Ticking | 13,561 | 2,183 | $\int^{1,576}$ | 238 |  |  |
|  | Other woven cotton cloth for household textiles |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}6,641 \\ \cdots\end{array}\right.$ | 1,545 |  | 25 |
|  | Cloth for surgical dressings, bandages, gauze, etc. (weighing not more than $2 \%$ oz. per square yard) bleached or otherwise finished |  | (c) $\{$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}24,341 \\ \cdots\end{array}\right.$ | ${ }_{311}^{439}$ | $\} 8$ | 9 |
|  | Furnishing fabrics | 7,071 | 1,115 | 18,182 | 3,633 | 35 | 37 |
|  | Boot and shoe linings and fabrics |  |  | 1,097 | 158 | 7 | 7 |
|  | Other woven cotton cloth |  | 1,966 | 16,065 | 2,249 | 34 | 37 |
|  | Unclassified | 541 | 95 | - | - |  |  |
|  | Total finished woven cloth wholly of cotton |  | 13,986 |  | 21,618 | .. | .. |
| 06.07 | Woven cloth of linen and union <br> For apparel <br> For household textiles and handkerchiefs <br> For furnishings <br> For other uses <br> Total finished woven cloth of linen and union | 16,743 | 3,941 | 14,390 | 3,640 | 14 | 14 |
|  |  | 9,109 | 1,852 | 4,175 | 936 | 22 | 22 |
|  |  | .. | 2,275 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,447 \\ & 7,931 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 926 \\ 2,050 \end{array}$ | 13 | 13 |
|  |  | 8,842 | 1,934 |  |  | 18 | 18 |
|  |  |  | 10,002 |  | 7,552 | . | .. |


| TABLE 5(cont inued) |
| :--- |
| Industry <br> sub <br> division <br> (b) |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Industry } \\ & \text { sub- } \\ & \text { division } \end{aligned}$(b) |  | 1958 |  | 1983 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |  | Entries |
| 02 | Work done Weaving | Th. sq.yds | \&'000 | Th. sq. yds. | \& 000 | Number | Number |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 317 \\ 144 \\ \hline 14 \end{gathered}$ |  | 72154 |  |  |
|  | of cotton cloth | 14,755 |  | 1,987 |  | $\} 38$ | 39 |
|  | (rayon, nylon, etc.) mixed with other materials except silk | 7,075 | 249 | 7,453 | 349 | 28 | 27 |
|  | Other work done on commission, sub-contract work, etc. |  | 564 |  | 267 | 39 | 41 |
|  | Total |  | $\underset{(\mathrm{g})}{284,906(\mathrm{~d})}$ |  | 248, 263 | .. | . |
|  | Sales in other industries (see Table 6) | $\begin{gathered} 8,173(\mathrm{~d}) \\ (\mathrm{g}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 7.729 | .. | . |
|  | Principal products of this industry sold by establishments in the industry |  | 276,734(d) |  | 240,534 | 391 | 496( h) |

(a) The data for 1958 and 1963 are not strictly comparable. An explanation is given in the third
paragraph of the introduction to this report.
(b) The number given is that of the sub-division of which the item is a characteristic product. The the sales shown
sub-division.
(c) Not recorded separately in 1958.
(d) For 1958, all sales of finished woven cloth of cotton and man-made fibres were included in the report on Textile Converting whether sold by manufacturing industry or by merchant convertors.
The 1958 figures now shown represent only the finished woven cloth sold by manufacturers. For The 1958 figures now shown represent only the finished woven cloth sold by manulactures.
total sales by both manufacturing industry and merchant convertors for 1958 and 1963 see the
supplement to this table. total sales by both manufa
supplement to this table.
(e) Including cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles for 1958
(f) Revised figure.
(g) Sales of made-up household articles of 1 inen and union cloth included in the 1958 report on this incsustry are now shown in the report for 1963 on Household Textiles and Handerchiefs (Part
inales by firms classified to this industry, however, are included in Table 7 of this report.
(h) This figure represents the total number of returns made by larger firms in this industry, which is
less than the total number of establishments in Table 2 on account of combined returns covering less than the total number o.


TABLE 5 SUPPLEMENT (continued)

|  | 1958 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (continued) | Th. sq.yds. | £ 000 | Th. sq. yd d. | \&.000 |
| Woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of manmade fibres mixed with materials other than silk |  |  |  |  |
| Cloth for apparel |  |  |  |  |
| Dress cloth including scarf, blouse and tie cloth | 138,291 | 23,712 | 126,780 | 27,924 |
| Lingerie and nightwear cloth | 25,097 | 4,248 | 13,910 | 2,516 |
| Rainwear cloth | 4,245 | 934 | 6,847 | 1.757 |
| Linings | 92,423 | 11,310 | 111,166 | 14,745 |
| Corset cloth | 8,260 | 2, 130 | 9,553 | 2,921 |
| Other woven cloth for apparel | 48,991 | 8,980 | 41,718 | 10,510 |
| Unclassified | 7,389 | 1,255 | - | - |
| Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles | 4,571 | 553 | 5,949 | 882 |
| Furnishing fabrics | 59,774 | 10,417 | 53,843 | 11,002 |
| Other woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk | 35,246 | 6,468 | $\} \begin{array}{r}36,210 \\ \cdots\end{array}$ | 7,824 608 |
| Uncl assified | 2,751 | 449 |  |  |
| Total finished woven cloth of manmade fibres other than glass fibre or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk |  | 70,456 |  | 80,691 |
| Woven cloth of glass fibre | .. | (c) | 5,091 | 1,430 |
| Woven cloth of silk or of silk mixed with other materials | 2,109 | 968 172 | \} 1,528 | 1,198 |
| Other and unclassified finished and knitted cloth | $\begin{array}{r}7,354 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,051 290 | \} 9,936 | 2,212 |
| Foamback fabrics (other than woollen or worsted or knitted or floor coverings)(d) | .. | (c) | 5,504 | 451 |
| Total |  | 211,710 |  | 203,632 |

(a) For 1958, sales by merchant converters were collected in the 1958 Census of Production and included in the report on the Textile Converting industry: for 1963 , sales by
merchant converters were colliected in the Inquiry into the Distributive and Service merchant converters wears the coverage relates to establishments delivering more than 500,000 sq. yds. of finished cloth during the year.
(b) So far as recorded separately.
(d) Sales of foamback fabrics in 1963 by larger establishments in scope of the Census and by merchant converters are shown below. Similar information was not recorded separately for 1958.

|  | 1963 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Quantity | Value |
| Foamback woven cotton, linen and man-made | Th.sq.yds. | $£^{\prime} 000$ |
|  | 5,504 | 451 |
|  | 3,665 | 2,011 |
| Foamback knitted fabrics | 1,658 | 785 |
| Total | 10,827 | 3,247 |



TABLE 6 (continued)

|  | 1958 |  | 1963 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value | Entries | Principal industries n which produced (a) |
| Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (d) (continued) | Th. sq.yds. | \& 000 | Th. sq.yds. | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ | Number |  |
| Hoven cloth of silk or of silk mixed with other materials | 1.642 | 613 |  |  |  |  |
| Woven cloth of cotton, man-made fibres, linen and silk. unclassified | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| Foamback fabrics, (other than woollen or worsted or knitted or floor coverings) |  | (f) |  | 639 | 18 | 78,99, 120, 124 |
| Hose pipes and piping of canvas or of canvas mixed with other materials except rubber, whether reinforced with metal wire or not, including fittings | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| Work done on commission, etc. |  | 4 |  | - |  |  |
| Total |  | 8,173(d) |  | 7.729 | .. |  |

(a) The references given are to the list of industries shown at the back of this report.
(b) Including gauze tissues and other descriptions of surgical and medical dressings in 1958
(c) Including manufactured cleaning waste in 1958.
(d) Sales of finished woven cloth by manufacturing industry were included in the Textile
Converting industry report for 1958 .
(e) Including some woven cloth of flax or hemp in the loom state in 1958.
(f) Not recorded separately in 1958

TABLE 7 Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry, 1958 and 1963 (a)
Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

Yarn of cotton, glass fibres and man-made fibres,
Yarn of cotton, glass fibres and man-made fibres,
including yarn (other than man-made continuous filament yarn) purchased and reeled, wound, etc

Flax yarn line and tow
Woollen and worsted manufactures
Woven jute cloth
Cordage, cables, ropes and lines of textile materials Knitted, netted or crocheted goods Narrow fabrics
Made-up household textiles of cotton (d)
Hand and bath towels, including roller towels
Terry
Non-terry
Tea towls, glass cloths and the like
Sheets

Pillow and bolster case
Table cloths of all kinds, other than lace
Blankets, full size, single or doubl
Cleaning cloths, dusters and the like
other made-up household textiles of cotton
Made-up household textiles of linen and union cloth
Tea towels, glass cloths and the like
Sheets
Table linen
Hand and bath towels, including roller towels
Other made-up household goods of linen and union cloth Made-up household textiles of man-made fibres, other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres ixed with materials other than silk
Table cloths of all kinds, other than lace
Bedspreads and other bed coverings other than quilts
Other made-up household textiles
Handkerchiefs of all materials and nursery squares, terry and muslin
Neckties, scarves and head squares, braces, suspenders belts, etc.
Sacks and bags, and canvas or sailcloth goods of linen and soft hemp
0ther products

| 1958 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| Th. cwt .$2.7$ | \& 000 | Th.1b. | \& 000 |
|  | 3.473(b) | 5,439 | 2,483 |
|  | 208(c) | Th. cwt . 15.5 | 295 |
|  | 1,711 | .. | 550 |
|  | 147 | \} 14.8 | 209 |
|  | 61 |  |  |
|  | 437 | . | 247 |
|  | 57 |  | - |
| $\}^{\begin{array}{c} \text { Th. doz. } \end{array}} \begin{gathered} 449 \\ 96.3 \end{gathered}$ | 404 \{ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th.doz. } \\ \text { 2, } 114 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 4,216 |
|  |  | 19 | 29 |
|  | 86 | 197 | 175 |
|  | 303 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th.prs. } \\ 4,565 \end{gathered}$ | 6,847 |
|  | 288 | Th. doz. <br> 246 | 494 |
|  | 514 | 40.0 | 180 |
|  | - | .. | 943 |
|  | 185 | .. | 567 |
|  |  | .. | 307 |
| 1,319 | 1,766 | 407 | 632 |
| 17.1 | 289 | 6.2 | 118 |
| 522 | 1,882 | 146 | 586 |
| $\} \quad .$. | 1,223 | 99.4 | 239 |
|  |  |  | 251 |
| 0.8 | 892 | 126 | 474 |
|  | 12 | \} .. | 252 |
|  | 231 |  |  |
| 1,702 | 891 | . | 471 |
| . | 214 | . | 242 |
| . | 75 | \} | 2,648 |
|  | 2,526 |  |  |

TABLE 7 (cont inued)

|  | 1958 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \& 000 |  | £ 000 |
| Work done on commission, etc. |  |  |  |  |
| Processing of yarn of cotton and man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) other than continuous filament yarn |  |  |  |  |
| Doubling, twisting, etc. | .. | 57 |  |  |
|  | Th. lb . |  |  | 2,105 |
| Reeling, coning, pirning, cheesing, beaming, sizing, etc. | 3,813 | $\left.\begin{array}{r}301 \\ 37\end{array}\right\}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | Th. sq.yds. |  |
| Textile fibres and woven fabrics, bleached, dyed, printed, etc. |  | 188 \{ | 17,739 | 270 50 |
| 0 ther work done | .. | 20 | - | - |
| Services rendered to other organisations ( $f$ ) |  | .. |  | 454 |
| Total value of goods sold without having been subjected to any manufacturing process (merchanted or factored) | .. | 3,795 |  | 5,420 |
| Canteen takings |  | 336 |  | 381 |
| Total |  | 22,609(g) |  | 32,187 |

(a) Sales of woven cloth included in this table in the report on this industry for 1958 are now
(a) Sales of woven cloth included in th
(b) Including for 1958 an amount for thrown silk yarn and yarn of spun silk or of silk mixed with other materials.
(c) Including for 1958 an amount for finished linen thread.
(d) For 1958, a number of firms classified to this industry did not distinguish separately their sales of loom state cloth and made-up household textiles of cotton: such sales are
included in Table 5 of this report and consequently sales of made-up household textiles included in Table 5 of th
of cotton are deficient.
(e) Not recorded separately in 1958
(f) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport,
(B) Excluding amounts charged for services rendered to other organisations

TABLE 8 Production of certain principal products of the industry, all firms, including production by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 (a)

|  | 1958 | 1963 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Quantity |
| Cotton cloth | Th.yds. | Th.yds. |
| Woven from grey yarn Tyre cord and fabric (b) | 6,750 | 2,880 |
| Canvas and duck, up to 12 oz . per sq. yd. | 11, 150 | 10,320 |
| Canvas and duck, from 12 to 18 oz. per sq. yd. inclusive | 11,670 | 7,750 |
| Canvas and duck, over 18 oz . per sq. yd. | 18,290 | 11,610 |
| Cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like (weighing not more than 2 oz . per sq. yd.) | 288,160 | 276,750 |
| Cleaning and dish cloths | 30,310 | 20,010 |
| Terry towelling | 26,100 | 26,270 |
| Drills | 82,250 | 36,600 |
| Others (c) | 767,760 | 477,670 |
| Total cotton cloth woven from grey yarn | 1,242,440 | 860,840 |
| Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed, mercerised or printed yarn Terry towelling | 40,730 | 33, 100 |
| Denim | 10,950 | 17,380 |
| Other coloured woven (d) | 134,480 | 102,810 |
| Total cotton cloth woven from bleached, dyed, etc. yarn | 186,160 | 153, 290 |
| Total cotton cloth | 1,428,600 | 1,014,130 |
| Cloth woven wholly of man-made fibres |  |  |
| Tyre cord and fabric (b) (e) Viscose | 46,890 | 61,890 |
| Other man-made fibres | 1,480 | 7,240 |
| Other fabrics wholly of continuous filament yarns Wholly of rayon (f) | 158,980 | 201,010 |
| Other man-made fibres including mixtures with rayon | 69,260 | 78,350 |
| Wholly of spun yarns (g) | 198,510 | 112,390 |
| Mixture of fabrics of continuous filament and spun yarns | 39,630 | 32,310 |
| Total cloth woven wholly of man-made fibres | 514,750 | 491,190 |
| Woven mixture cloth containing not less than 85 per cent. by weight of cotton and/or man-made fibres | 86,260 | 69,140 |
| Total | 2,029,610 | 1,574,460 |

(a) The figures in this table are derived from returns made monthly to the Cotton Board, and differ in
 the 52 weeks ending 28th December, 1963. Some firms in Northern Ireland, for which figures were not available, are excluded.
(b) Returned in pounds and converted to 1 inear yards on the basis $1 \mathrm{lb} .=1$ yard.
(c) Including all recorded grey cloth output in Northern Ireland.
(d) Including all recorded coloured woven cloth output in Northern Ireland.
(e) Including fabric with cotton weft, but excluding output in Northern Ireland in 1958.
(f) Including all recorded continuous filament fabric output in Northern Ireland, except tyre fabric.
(g) Including cloth woven from long-staple (over 3 ins.) spun yarns in Northern Ireland but not in

TABLE 9 Purchases of selected principal products of the industry by larger firms, 1963 (a) Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

| St andard <br> Industrial <br> Classifi- <br> cation <br> Minimum <br> list heading | Purchasing industry (b) | Woven piece goods (other than narrow fabrics) wholly or mainly of:- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cotton |  | Synthetic fibres (nylon, etc.) |  | Other manmade fibres (rayon, etc.) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other (linen, } \\ & \text { etc.) (c) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |
|  | Pharmaceutical preparations $\}$ <br> Aircraft manufacturing and repairing | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th.sq. } \\ \text { yds. } \\ 10,123 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} £ \cdot 000 \\ 248 \\ 1,234 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th. sq. } \\ & \text { yds. } \end{aligned}$ | £ 000(d) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Th. sq. } \\ & \text { yds. } \end{aligned}$ | £000 | Th.sq. | \& 000 |
| 272(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  | (d) |  | (d) |
| 383 |  |  |  |  | (d) |  | (d) $\{$ | 376 | 102 35 |
| 413 | Weaving of cotton, linen and man-made fibres | 101,918 | 3,288 132 | \} 9,263 | 1,230 | 11,545 | 1,435 | 20,096 | 3,414 |
| 421 | Narrow fabrics | 9,919 | 819 330 | 4,302 | (d) $\{$ | 4,520 | $\begin{aligned} & 687 \\ & 107 \end{aligned}$ |  | (d) |
| 422(1) | Household textiles and handkerchiefs | 78,896 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,301 \\ 485 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 880 \\ & 208 \end{aligned}$ | 13,565 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,875 \\ 241 \end{array}$ | 21,611 | 4,152 |
| 422( 2 ) | Canvas goods and sacks | 12,678 | 1,618 | $4,302$ | (d) |  | (d) $\{$ | 4.041 | 1.090 28 |
| 432 | Leather goods |  | (d) |  | (d) $\{$ | 1,998 | ${ }_{206}^{515}$ |  | (d) |
| 441 | Weatherproof outerwear | 8,286 | 1,879 235 | 2,906 . | 1,001 279 | \}13,633 | 2,315 | (d) |  |
| 442 | Men's and boys' tailored outerwear | 39,254 | 6,706 <br> 586 | \} 9,558 | 5,073 | 43,006 | 7,877 | 817 | 298 |
| 443 | Women's and girls' tailored outerwear | 11,128 | 2,630 354 | 3,843 . | $\begin{array}{r} 1,983 \\ 447 \end{array}$ | 19.515 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,203 \\ 824 \end{array}$ | ) | (d) |
| 444 | Overalls and men's shirts, underwear, etc. | 158,059 | 24,304 622 | \} 8,657 | 1,894\| | 4,008 | 636 609 | $\begin{array}{r}395 \\ . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 109 82 |
| 445 | Dresses, lingerie, infants' wear, etc. | 64,613 | 10,484 32 | \} 25,961 | 6,833 | 22,682 | 4.599 | 946 | 524 |
| 446 | Hats, caps and millinery |  | (d) |  | (d) | 1,470 | 435 85 |  | (d) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 449(1),(3) \\ & \text { and }(4) \end{aligned}$ | Corsets and miscellaneous dress industries | 9,313 | 1,666 | 8,759 | 3.061 887 | 3,971 | 1.258 66 1.08 | $\begin{array}{r}257 \\ . . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 312 377 |
| 450 | Footwear | $\begin{array}{r}8,441 \\ \hline .\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,728 \\ 923 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,195 \\ \hline .\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 746 \\ & 199 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,466 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,010 \\ 202 \end{array}$ | 1,876. | 828 112 |
| 472 | Furniture and upholstery | 8.545. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,392 \\ 445 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{669}$ | 561 489 | 3,084 | 1.193 302 | 1,413 | 227 168 |
| 473 | Bedding and soft furnishings | 19,428 | 2,560 | 22,090 | (d)5,3381,077 | 6,02949,266 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,037 \\ & 7,541 \end{aligned}$ |  | (d) |
| 491 | Rubber <br> Linoleum, leathercloth, etc. | 65,751 . | $\begin{aligned} & 9,678 \\ & 1,433 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | \} | (d) |
| 492 |  | 68,652 | 5,624 |  | (d) | 4,381 | 605 |  | (d) |
| 496 | Plastics moulding and fabricating |  | (d) |  | 28 453 | \} | (d) |  | (d) |
|  | other industries | $\begin{array}{r} 36,819 \\ \cdots \end{array}$ | $5,515$ | $7,562$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,977 \\ & 766 \end{aligned}$ | $1,635$ | $\begin{aligned} & 430 \\ & 352 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.881 \\ \hline . .\end{array}$ | 356 54 |
|  | Total | 711,821 <br> . | $\begin{array}{r} 89,440 \\ 7,600 \end{array}$ | $104,890$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,604 \\ 4,806 \end{array}$ | $206,774$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 36,652 \\ 5.098 \end{array}$ | $53,708$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,412 \\ 1,111 \end{array}$ |

(a) The figures include purchases of imported as well as of home produced goods.
(b) Specified Census industries for which purchases are 1 per cent. or more of the total of any commodity
(c) Including other and unclassified woven piece goods purchased by industries in which the nature of the material was not separately specified.
(d) Included in the total for ${ }^{\circ} 0$ ther industries

TABLE 10 Purchases by larger firms in the industry, 1954 and 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

|  | 1954 |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |
|  |  | £'000 |  | £ 000 |
| Materials for processing |  |  |  |  |
| Raw textile materials and waste |  |  |  |  |
| Raw cotton | .. | 1,541 | .. | 958 |
| Cotton linters | .. | 612 | .. | 592 |
| Cotton waste | .. | 3,638 |  | 1,674 |
| Flax and soft hemp in all forms (including tow and waste) | .. | 1,805 |  | 1,249 |
| Man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.) staple fibre |  |  |  |  |
| Synthetic (nylon, etc.) |  |  | .. | 333 |
| Other (rayon, etc.) |  | 556(a) |  | 1,479 |
| Raw silk | .. | 489 |  |  |
| Silk waste and noils | .. | 4 |  | 622 |
| Yarns |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton yarns (other than waste yarn) | Th.lb. |  | Th.lb. |  |
| Single | 422,532 | 100,158 | 239,630 | 47,173 |
| Doubled | 101,251 | 28,678 | 49,399 | 11,809 |
| Cotton waste yarn, doubled or not | 62,251 | 10,790 | 62,957 | 9,095 |
| Flax |  |  |  |  |
| Line yarn |  |  |  | 3,182 |
| Tow yarn |  | 13,225 |  | 4,988 |
| Line and tow yarn of sof $t$ hemp including mixtures with flax | . | 158 |  |  |
| Jute yarn | .. | 358 |  | 350 |
| Man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) cont inuous filament yarn |  |  |  |  |
| Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn | 6,703 | 4,814 | 32,701 | 17,282 |
| Other (rayon, etc.) yarn | 120,075 | 31,575 | 102,032 | 26,823 |
| Man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) spun yarn, including spun yarn doubled with continuous filament yarn |  |  |  | stdot |
| Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn | 1,612 | 459 | 7,909 | 2,568 |
| Other (rayon, etc.) yarn | 75,667 | 16,543 | 50,687 | 10,792 |
| Glass fibre yarn (including rovings) |  | (b) |  | 780 |
| Mixture yarns of cotton and man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) | .. | 1,069 | .. | 3,652 |
| Thrown silk |  | 326 | .. | 297 |
| Spun silk yarn (including noil yarn) |  | 158 |  | 41 |
| Woollen and worsted and hair yarn (including mixtures) |  | 1,179 | . | 758 |

TABLE 10 (continued)

|  | 1954 |  | 1983 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8303 (xtismax ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |
|  | Th. sq.yds. | \& 000 | rh. sq.yds. | \& 000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Woven piece goods (other than narrow fabrics), including goods purchased for further processing or for hemming and stitching, wholly or mainly of (c) |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton |  |  |  |  |
| For surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like (weighing not more than $21 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$. per square yard) (d) |  |  |  |  |
| In the grey | 119,109 | 1,887 \{ | 32,053 | ${ }_{132} 13$ |
| Bleached or otherwise finished | 97,569 | 1,803 | 55, 251 | 946 |
| Other descript ions | 5,908 | 618 96 | \} 14,613 | 1,427 |
| Synthetic fibres (nylon, etc.) |  |  | 9,263 | 1,230 |
| Other man-made fibres (rayon, etc.) | 1,186 | 136 | 11,545 | 1,435 |
| 0 ther (linen, etc.) |  | , \{ | 20,096 | 3.414 254 |
| Cotton wool | .. | 309 | . | 497 |
| Wood pulp | .. | 571 | .. | 835 |
| Cellulose wadding | .. | 343 | . | 138 |
| Sizing materials | .. | 1,017 | .. | 588 |
|  |  |  | Th.gal |  |
| Lubricating oils and greases | .. | .. $\{$ | 197 | ${ }_{21}^{54}$ |
| Replacement parts for firms' own machinery, plant and vehicles, and accessories and consumable tools bought as replacement |  |  |  |  |
| Bobbins, cones, tubes, pirns, beams, etc., except paper tubes, etc., purchased for packaging (e) | .. | 360 | .. | 381 |
| Shuttles | .. | 384 | .. | 385 |
| Reeds and healds | .. | 1,054 | .. | 584 |
| Other | .. | 3,326 | . | 1,844 |
| All other materials for processing |  | 25,879 | .. | 5,061 |
| Packaging materials |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and board |  |  |  |  |
| Boxes, cartons, packing cases, and drums and canisters (with or without metal ends) of paper, cardboard and fibreboard |  | 481 | . | 1,044 |
| Wrapping paper (including paper coated with plastics and any laminates incorporating paper but not metal), moulded pulp units, labels and other packaging materials of paper, cardboard and fibreboard (except multiwall sacks) | .. | 595 | .. | 774 |
| All other packaging materials | . | 583 | . | 290 |
| Fuel and electricity (f) | Th.tons. |  | Th.tons |  |
| Coal | 625 | 2,493 | 268 | 1,553 |
| Coke (including screenings) and manufactured fuel | 16.0 | 70 | 4.2 | 31 |

TABLE 10 (continued)

|  | 1954 |  | 1983 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| saca | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |
|  | Th.gal. | \&'000 | Th.gal. | $\varepsilon^{\prime} 000$ |
| Fuel and electricity ( $f$ ) (continued) |  |  |  |  |
| Derv fuel and motor spirit for use in road vehicles | 1,118 | 229 | 767 | 163 |
| Other liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures, etc., and liquefied petroleum gases) | 4,465 | 198 | 17,466 | 662 |
|  | Th.therms |  | Th.therms | (103 |
| Gas | $755$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 390 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{28}{9}$ |
|  | Th.kwh |  | Th.kwh |  |
| Electricity | 346,426 | 1,701 189 | 393, 873 | 2,164 593 |
| Total cost of materials and fuel |  | 262,535 |  | 173,948 |
| Goods purchased for merchanting |  | .. |  | 4,784 |
| Canteen purchases |  | .. |  | 380 |
| Total cost of purchases |  | .. |  | 179,112 |

(a) Including 'waste' in 1954.
(b) Not recorded separately for 1954.
(c) Narrow fabrics were not excluded in 1954.
(c) Narrow fabrics were not excluded in 1954.
(d) Weight was restricted to 2 oz . per sq. yd. in 1954
(e) Paper tubes, etc., purchased for packaging were not specifically excluded in 1954.
(f) The total quantity of electricity generated in firms' own establishments in this industry was
$39,760 \mathrm{Th} . \mathrm{kWh}$ in 1954 and 30,278 Th.kWh in 1963 .

TABLE 11 Transport costs and employment of larger firms, 1963
Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

|  | Unit | 1963 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average number employed mainly on transport | No. | 414 |
| Transport costs |  |  |
| Wages and salaries | $£^{\prime} 000$ | 281 |
| Derv fuel and motor spirit | ${ }^{\prime}$ | 163 |
| Payments to other organisations for transport | " | 1,423 |
| Costs of operating road goods vehicles |  |  |
| Insurance | " | 39 |
| Vehicle licences | " | 25 |
| Depreciation | " | 147 |
| Payments to other organisations for repairs and maintenance | " | 83 |
| Total | " | 2,160 |

TABLE 12 Payments for certain services, etc. by larger firms, 1963 (a)
Firms employing 25 or more persons:
United Kingdom

|  | Amounts <br> payable |
| :---: | :---: |
| Repairs and maintenance to | £ 000 |
| Buildings | 428 |
| Road goods vehicles | 83 |
| Plant, machinery, and other capital equipment | 1,237 |
| Insurance, licensing and depreciation of road goods vehicles (b) | 210 |
| Rates, excluding water rates | 1.045 |
| Hire of plant and machinery | 60 |
| Postage, telephone, telegrams and cables | 431 |
| Total | 3,494 |

TABLE 13 Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns from larger firms, 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons
United kingdom

| Year ended | Percentage of <br> total number <br> employed | Year ended | Percentage of <br> total number <br> employed |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1963 | Per cent. | 1963 <br> (contd.) | Per cent. |
| April (a) | 14.9 | November | 6.6 |
| May | 1.3 | December | 23.6 |
| June | 4.7 | 1964 |  |
| July | 1.7 |  |  |
| August | 0.4 | January | 8.0 |
| September | 5.4 | February | 5.5 |
| October | 7.3 | March | 20.8 |
|  |  | Total | 100 |

(a) Including returns made
1 st to 5 th April, 1964 .

TABLE 14 Sales of all parts of machinery and plant by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963

This table is not applicable to this industry

Notes - continued from page ii

Capital Expenditure (cont inued)
(ii) Land and existing buildings

The items shown are the capital cost of premium payable for leaseholds acquired (excluding the value of any assets acquired
in taking over an existing business), and in taking over an existing business), and
the amounts receivable for any freeholds or the amounts receivable for any freeholds or
leaseholds disposed of. The value is that
charged to capital account during the year charged to capital account during the ye of return
(iii) Plant, machinery and vehicles.

The items shown are the value of plant and
machinery and of vehicles acquired both mach inery and of vehicles acquired,
new and second-hand, and the amount
rece ived for ittems disposed of dur ing the
year year. The value of plant and machinery
acquired includes plant, etc. which firm acquired includes plant, etc. Which firms
produced for the ir own use in connect ion with the business covered by to re return.
The value of plant, etc. acquired is the The value of plant, etc. acquired is the
expenditure charged to capital account expend ture charged te capital less any dis-
counts received, but including the cost of
transport and installation. No deduct ion transport and installation. No deduct ion
is made for depreciation, amortisation o
obsolescence. The proceeds of items
isposed of during the year exclude amount
ital expenditure during the yea
Cpital expenditure during the year in respec
of manuf facturing establ ishments where production had not started before the end of the year is ex
and 1963.
Characteristic Products
The characteristic products of a sub-division are those in terms of which the sub-division is defined. They are products commonly associa-
ted in production and are usually similar in ted in production and are usually similar in
nature or manner of production. In most case the character ist ic products of each sub-
division are indicated in table 5 of the division are indicated in Trable 5 of the
industry reports. For those industries for industry reports. For those industries for
which an analys is by sub-divisions has been made, Table 2 shows the total sales of such
characteristic products for each sub-division characteristic products for each sub-division
The totals include, besides the products whic define the sub-division, other items of output assumed to be closely related
waste products and work done.
Enterprise
The term enterprise is used in this report to ean one or more firms under common ownership or ither of a single firm, or of a conent compa

Entries
The number of entries shown in Tables 5, 6 and 8 against a particular output or production
heading is the number of returns on which figures were recorded for that item.

## Establishment

The census was based on the establishment comprising in most cases the whole of the
 ne); but firms were asked to exclude from relating to any department not engaged in production for which they kept a separate set of accounts. Where separate accounts were not kept, they were asked to include merchant ing or
factoring, canteens operated by them and other
ancillary activities such as bottling, packing and the manufacture of containers for packing he ir own products, whether or not these
activities are carried on at the same add activities are carried on at the same add
as the works. Building and engineering naintenance departments and selliing and transport departments were treated similarly
Gross Output
The gross output of an industry is the aggreate value of goods made and other work done
during the year by the establishments classified to the industry. It is derived by sub-
tracting from the value of sales and work done racting from the value of sales and work done
he value of stocks of goods on hand for sale and work in progress at the beginning of the ear and adding the value at the end of the ear.

Larger Firms
These are firms in which twenty-five or more
persons were employed on the average dur ing the year.

Net Output
The net output of an industry represents the value added to materials by the process of pro nerchanted or factored goods sold: it it in any stitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, nsurance, pensions, hire of plant an achinery, payments for repairs and maintenance, costs of operating road vehicles, rents expenses and all other similar charges have t There is no appreciable duplication in net out put. Net output has been obtained by deduct-
ing from the gross output the cost of purchases ing from the gross output the cost of purchase
adjusted for stock changes, payments for work iven out to other firms, and payments for ansport
Normally any customs or excise duty on materials purchased is included in the cost of
naterials. Similarly, finished goods sold have been valued as they were sold, duty paid or duty free. The amounts of duty, subsidies, Hhowances and levies receivable or payable,
where of substantial importance in the industry, were required to be stated separately, and these net output
Net output per person employed
The figures for net output per person employed are derived by dividing the net output by the average number of persons employed (full-time
and part-time) on all activities covered by the returns, including operatives, administrative, returns, including operatives, admind strat
technical and clerical employees and worki
proprietors, but exc
Principal Products
The principal products of an industry are those in terms of which the industry is def ined. They are products commonly associated in pronanner of production
Production
This means the total quantity of a product made
during the year, whether sold in the year, added dur ing the year, whether sold in the year, adde to stock, transferred to another department or
the same firm, or used in the manufacture of other products within the business covered by
the return. It includes goods produced from materials supplied by other firms

Purchases
Purchases include the cost of materials and
components bought for use in production: components bought for use in production; of
fuel and electricity for all purposes; of pa
aging aging materials, including the full cost of
turnable cases and containers when first turnable cases and containers when first
purchased; of workshop mater ials, of fice purchased; of workshop materials, office
materials and mater ials for repairs to firms
own buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by their own workpeople included in the
return; of consumable tools: and of parts return; of consumable tools; and of parts for
machinery purchased during the year as replacemachinery purchased during the year as replace-
ments. Water charges are also included. In
general purchases of goods for merchant ing or general purchases of goods for merchant ing o
factor ing and canteen supplies are included. factor ing and canteen supplies are included.
Mater ials supplied by customers for processin are excluded. The values shown include any duty paid (les
rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts allowed. The cost of transport is included
only if included in the cost of materials only if included in the cost of materials as
invoiced; amounts paid to transport organisa invoiced; amounts paid to transport organisa
tions, including firms' own separate transport organisations, for del ivery of materials and
fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials
purchased overseas are included at their c.i. purchased overseas are included at the ir c.i.f.
cost plus any duty payable if the cost of
transport from the docks was not included in the invoiced price, but at their full delivered cost
if invoiced 'carriage paid home'. Materials and fuel transferred from another department of the firm not covered by the same return are
included at the estimated selling value recorded included at the estimate
by the other department.
Sales
Sales are in respect of goods made by the it by outworkers or by other firms from mater ials given out to them (somet imes described as goods made on commission) and waste products. or use in the business covered by the return are included, the value being that adopted in
the firm's capital asset account. Goods sold he firm's capital asset account. Goods sol
without being subjected to any manufacturing process ( merchanted or factored) and canteen
takings are included as in 1958. akings are included as in 1958 .
The value shown for sales is the net selling The value shown for sales is the net selling
value, def ined as the amount charged to customers whet ther on an ex-works or delivered
basis, net of any trade discounts, agents' bas is, net of any trade discounts, agents'
commissions, allowances for returnale cases commissions, allowances for returnable cases,
purchase tax, etc. the net amount charged fo
packing materials is included. Goods charged packing materials is included. Goods charged
on a delivered basis to customers overseas are on a delivered basis to customers overseas are
included at the f.o.b. value. For work done on comission or for the trade the value shown is
the net amount charged. he net amount charged.
Where goods produced in one department were
ransferred to another department of the same firm not covered by the return, these transfer
were treated as sales by the producing depar were treated as sales by the producing depart-
nent and valued as far as possible as if they ad been sold to an independent purchaser. oods transferred to wholesale or retail sell-
ng organisations for which separate accounts ng organisations for which separate accounts stimations of a similar kind were also some-
stine imes necessary in valuing transfers betwee
ifferent firms belong ing to the same enter ifferent firms belonging to the same ent
prise. To the extent that the sales of prise. To the extent that the sales of
inished products of one establishment may
onstitute the material onstitute the materials purchased by another, naterials and fuel purchased) include an
element of duplicat ion. lement of duplication
Services rendered
This represents the amounts charged for hiring
ut plant, machinery and other goods, providing ransport, or for any technical or other
services rendered to other organisations. It
includes amounts credited for similar service rendered to other departments of the same fir
not covered by the return. Small Firms
These are firms in which fewer than twenty-five
persons were employed on the average during the year
Stocks and Work in Progres
Values are given of stocks of goods on hand for sale, and of materials and fuel, at the be- for ginning and end of the year of return, including
any stocks of goods held for merchanting or any stocks of goods held for merchant ing or
factoring. The values include duty in the case
of dutiable goods held out of bond. of dutiabie goods held out of bond. The value of work in progress at the two dates is also
usually shown. This excludes any progress payments made to sub-contractors, and no de-
duction is made on account of progres. duccion is made on account of progress payments
received. Transport Payments
These represent the total amount paid or
credited during the year for both transport of of inished goods sold and inwards transport of materials and fuel purchased. They include payments to other firms, and to
 the value of transport services provided by the business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for
inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of
inland transport, i.e. railways inland transport, i.e. railways, road haulage
canals, coast-wise shipping, air, etc. canals, coast-wise shipping, air, ect.
Payments made for sea freight on goods sold to ustomers overseas and on materials and fuel

## Wages and Salarie

These are the amounts paid dur ing the year to peratives and to administrative, technical and crerical employees. Payments to working
proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are excluded; in Northern Ireland this exclusion extends also to payments to
directors of limited companies. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid regularly or not
and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc. The alue of any payments in kind, travelling expenses, odging allowances, etc. and
employers, contributions to National Insurance
and pension schemes is excluded. and pension schemes is excluded.
Work given out The figures shown represent the total amount
paid for work done by other firms on materials
supplied to them, and also by firms' own supplied to them, and also fy firms, own
semp
stablishments for which separate returns were nade. They do not include payments to made. They do not incluce payments to
individual outworkers or payments for business
and other services.
Symbols used
The following symbols are used throughout the
report:
.. Not available
Not available
Nii or negligible (less than half the
final digit shown)
Figures cannot be shown owing to the
Figures cannot be shown owing to the
risk of disclosing information about individual enterprises.
Rounding of Figures The figures in the tables have, where necessary,
been rounded to the nearest final digit. There nay, therefore, be apparent slight discrepancies
between the sums of the constituent items and eetween the sums of the constituent items and
he totals shown.

```
Part No. and title
l
3 Stone and Slate Quarrying and Mining
5 Metalliferous Mining and Quarrying
6 Salt and Miscellaneous Non-metalliferous
Mining and Quarrying
7 Grain Milling
9 Biscuits 
lo Bacon Curing, Meat and Fish Products
l
l
17 Margarine
lol
l
lol
22 Coke Ovens and Manufactured Fue
24 Lubricating Oils and Greases
l
26 Fertilizers and Ch
28 Pharmaceutical Preparations
29 Toilet Preparations
$0 Explosives and Fireworks
lol
lol
l
36 Gelat ine, Adhesives, etc
l
l
41 Agricultural Machinery (except Tractors)
42,
M,
```



```
46 Contractors' Plant and Quarsying
48 Off ice Machinery
4. (%fice Machinery 
49 Miscellaneous (Non-electrical)
50 Industrial Plant and Stee
52 General Mechanical Eng ineer ing
54 Watches and Clocks
55 Electrical Mach inery
55 Insulated Wires and Cables
$7 Telegreph and Telephone Apparatus 
```



```
lol
l
69 Cutler
70 Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Rivets,
72 Cans and Metal Boxes R
Metals
74 Miscellaneous Metal Manufacture
Spinning and Doubling of Cotton, Flax and
    Man-made Fibres 
    Weaving of Cotton, Linen and Man-made Fibres
    Weaving of Cotton, L
    Woollen and Worsted
    Jo, lwine and Net 
    82 Lace
84 Nowowoarics Textes and Handkerchiefs
86 Canvas Goods and
88 Asbestos (Industries
9 Miscellaneous Textile Industries 
    Fel1mongery 
91 Leathe
Weatherproof Outerwear
Men's and Boys'Tailored Outerwear
Men's and Boys'Tailored Outerwear 
L
8 Hats, Caps and Millinery 
9 Corsets
1 Footwear
Bricks, Fireclay and Refractory Goods
    03 Pot tery
    104 Glass
    05 Cement
    Abrasives
l
111 Shop and office Fitting
112 Wooden Conta iners and Baskets
l
114 Paper and Board, Cartons and Fibre-board
    Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Fibre-board
    Packing Cases 
    118 Miscellaneous Manufactures of Paper and Board
    Periodicals
    Ceneraving, etc.
    M Engrav
    Linoleum, Leathercloth, etc
    Brushes and Brooms 
    *)
    Plastics Moulding and Fabricating
    M1scellaneous
    127 Gas (t)
    8lectricity
    lol
    Summary Volume
132 Summary Volume
33 Summary Volume
```


# © Crown copyright 1968 

## Printed and published by

Her Majesty's Stationery Office
To be purchased from
49 High Holborn, London w.c. 1
13A Castle Street, Edinburgh 2
109 St. Mary Street, Cardiff cFl 1Jw
Brazennose Street, Manchester m60 8AS
50 Fairfax Street, Bristol 1
258 Broad Street, Birmingham 1
7 Linenhall Street, Belfast BT 28 AY
or through any bookseller
Printed in England

