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BOARD OF TRADE

Report on the Census of Production 1963

77 Weaving of cotton, linen and man-made fibres



LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

FIVE SHILLINGS NET

Notes

These notes give the main information needed for interpreting the figures in the industry reports. (More detailed information about the Census is given in a separate booklet - 'Introductory Notes': Part 1 of the Report on the Census of Production for 1963.)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Changes in the 1963 census

There were few changes resulting from amendments to the Standard Industrial Classification and only minor changes in the scope of certain industry reports compared with 1958. Any such changes are explained in the introductions to the industry reports concerned or by footnotes to the tables.

Industrial Classification

Establishments were classified to industries on the basis of major activity in conformity with the second edition of the Standard Industrial Classification (Consolidated Edition 1963, incorporating Amendment 1). Each industry was basically defined in terms of its principal products, these being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. Normally, an establishment was classified to an industry if its sales of the principal products of that industry accounted for a greater proportion of its total sales than did its sales of the principal products of any other industry. However, where the application of this rule would have resulted in a change of classification between 1958 and 1963, the establishment was reclassified only if the sales of principal products of the newly predominant industry was more than one third greater than the sales of principal products of the previously predominant industry. This modification of the general rule was introduced for 1958 to avoid discontinuities which would result from marginal changes in sales between successive censuses.

The principle of classification by major output was also normally followed in compiling the analysis by sub-divisions of an industry.

In certain industries, classification was dealt with in a different way. Details of any non-standard treatment are given in the introductions to the relevant industry reports.

TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPORT

Average number employed

Firms were required to state the number of persons on the payroll (i.e. whose National Insurance cards were held by them) on the average during the year of return, whether fulltime or part-time employees. Separate figures were required for (a) administrative, technical and clerical employees and (b) operatives (see below). Averages could be calculated from figures relating to the last week of each calendar month; figures shown in respect of the average number employed relate to the sum of these averages. Firms were also required to state the number of working proprietors (see below) where appropriate and these are included in total employment figures. Outworkers are excluded.

The figures include persons engaged in merchanting or factoring and canteen workers where particulars in respect of these activities could not be excluded from the return.

Working Proprietors

These include all persons regarded as 'self-employed' for National Insurance purposes, and members of their families who worked in the business without receiving a fixed wage or salary; but persons who worked less than half the normal number of working hours are excluded. For Great Britain, directors working in the business but not in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission are included under this heading for 1963, but are excluded for 1958. For Northern Ireland, directors of limited companies, other than those paid by fee only, are included for both years. (Directors paid by fee only are not included in any of the employment figures for either year.)

Employees

- (i) Administrative, technical and clerical employees include managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; editorial staff, staff reporters, canvassers, competition and advertising staff; travellers; and office (including works office) employees. For Great Britain, but not for Northern Ireland, they include also managing and other directors in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission.
- (ii) Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all manual wage earners. They include those employed in and about the factory or works; operatives employed in power houses, transport work, stores, warehouses, shops and canteens; inspectors, viewers and similar workers; maintenance workers; and cleaners. Operatives engaged in outside work of erection, fitting, etc. are also included, but outworkers (i.e. persons employed by the firm who worked in their own homes, etc. on materials supplied by the firm) are excluded. Information about the numbers of outworkers employed was collected only for the gloves

Capital Expenditure

(i) New building work.

This represents the cost incurred during the year of new building and other new constructional work (including office buildings, canteens and the like used in connection with the business covered by the return but not dwelling houses for employees). The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return; it includes expenditure on new buildings or on the extension or reconstruction of old buildings, the value of work of a capital nature carried out by firms' own staff, and the cost of any newly constructed buildings purchased. The figures shown include any legal charges, stamp duties, agents' commissions, etc.

Notes - continued on pages iii and iv

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Weaving of cotton, linen and man-made fibres

This Report on the Weaving of Cotton, Linen and Man-made Fibres Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in weaving fabrics, other than narrow fabrics, from yarns of cotton, linen, silk and man-made fibres; converting loom state cloth to finished cloth when carried out in the finishing department of a weaving establishment; and making-up household textiles of linen and union cloth when carried out in the making-up department of a weaving establishment.

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 413 in the Standard Industrial Classification (Consolidated edition, 1963) except that firms engaged in the making-up of household textiles of linen and union cloth in association with weaving are classified to this industry and not to the Household Textiles of Handkerchiefs Industry. Sales of household textiles of linen and union cloth are, however, treated as principal products of the Household Textiles and Handkerchief Industry in 1963, a change from 1958 when they were treated as principal products of this industry. Such sales are, consequently, now shown in Table 7 of this report.

The design of the form used for this industry was revised for the 1963 Census. As a result, it was easier than was the case in 1958 for respondents to distinguish separately between sales of woven cloth of cotton or man-made fibres in the loom state on the one hand and sales of finished cloth or made-up household textiles of cotton or man-made fibres on the other. Consequently, some of the figures relating to 1963 in the report are not strictly comparable with those relating to 1958. For example, in Table 2 the increase in the number of establishments classified to sub-division 01 - finished cloth of cotton, man-made fibres, silk and mixtures - between census years is, to some extent, due to the easier identification of establishments whose sales were primarily of finished cloth; in 1958 some establishments recorded such sales against the heading for sales of loom state cloth and were classified to a different sub-division of the industry. Although there is a certain amount of discontinuity between 1958 and 1963, the data for 1963 reflects more accurately than hitherto the activities of the establishments classified to this census industry.

TREATMENT OF FINISHED CLOTH AND FOAMBACK FABRICS

In the 1963 Census sales of foamback fabrics are shown as principal products of the same industry as the fabric rather than the material used for the backing. Thus foamback knitted fabrics are shown in Table 5 of the report on the Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods Industry (Part 81), and the corresponding table in the report on the Woollen and Worsted Industry (Part 78) shows sales of foamback woollen or worsted fabrics. Total sales of all foamback fabrics and finished cloth of cotton, linen and man-made fibres, reported in the census, together with those reported by merchant converters in a separate inquiry, are brought together in a supplement to Table 5 in this report.

Sales of foamback fabrics were not taken into account in classifying returns to the three textile industries in which they are shown.

The foambacking of fabric on commission was classified to the Textile Finishing Industry (Part 87).

METHOD OF CLASSIFICATION

The classification of returns to this industry was subject to special rules to ensure the classification of weaver/converters and makers-up of household textiles of linen and union cloth to this industry.

Establishments were classified to this industry provided that they carried out the process of weaving and their total sales of principal products of this industry and of the Textile Finishing Industry or sales of household textiles of linen and union cloth were greater than those of any other industry. In applying these rules, foamback fabrics were treated as previously described in the paragraph 'Treatment of Finished Cloth and Foamback Fabrics'.

In classifying returns to the sub-divisions of the industry, shown in Table 2, classification was in the first instance to one of the four main groups in the industry, viz:- 'Finished cloth of cotton, man-made fibres, silk and mixtures'; 'Loom state cloth of cotton, man-made fibres, silk and mixtures'; 'Woven cloth and made-up articles of linen and hemp'; and 'Other manufactures of cotton, including surgical and medical dressings', on a major output basis. Returns classified to the loom state cloth section were allocated to one of the three narrower sub-divisions in this section, headed 'Cotton', 'Tyre cord and fabric of man-made fibres and mixtures' and 'Other loom state cloth of man-made fibres and mixtures', if the sales of products coded to the sub-division concerned accounted for two-thirds or more of total output; the remaining returns were classified to the sub-division headed 'Other and unclassified'. Returns classified to the linen and hemp section of the industry were sub-divided on a geographical basis between Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

In interpretating the data in the tables it is essential to bear in mind the notes and definitions which appear on pages (ii), (iii) and (iv).

LIST OF TABLES

Table No.	Title	Page
1	Industry summary: United Kingdom. Estimates for all firms, 1958 and 1963	77/3
2	Analysis of larger firms by sub-divisions within the industry, 1958 and 1963	77/4
3	Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise within the industry, 1963	77/7
4	Percentage analysis of employees, by age and sex,all firms, 1963: United Kingdom	77/8
5	Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963	77/9
5 SUPPLEMENT	Sales of finished cloth and foamback fabrics by larger firms in the Census, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, and by merchant converters in the United Kingdom, 1958 and 1963	77/14
6	Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963	77/16
7	Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry, 1958 and 1963	77/18
8	Production of certain principal products of the industry by larger firms, including production by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963	77/20
9	Purchases of selected principal products of the industry by larger firms, 1963	77/21
10	Purchases by larger firms in the industry, 1954 and 1963	77/22
11	Transport costs and employment of larger firms, 1963	77/24
12	Payments for certain services, etc. by larger firms, 1963	77/25
13	Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns from larger firms, 1963	77/25
14	Sales of all parts of machinery and plant by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963	DOES NOT APPLY

TABLE 1 Industry summary: United Kingdom Estimates for all firms, 1958 and 1963 (a)

		edu & Sabell Platford of the Languages and	Unit	1958	1963
Number of enterprises	of collection	Consideration of three miles and Moved	No.	813	550
Number of establishmen	nts	.condia bing	•	1,114	782
Gross output			\$,000	305,066	281,351
Net output				84,144	85,681
Net output per head			3	611	871
net output per		goods produced and work done	£'000	301,656	276,189(b)
Sales and work done		merchanted goods and canteen takings		4,221	6,002
		materials for processing and packaging, and fuel] [179,988
Purchases		goods for merchanting and canteen purchases	. 72	\$ 203,967	5,343
0,38 . BOX.300 ch)		for work done on materials given out	Alask Sit	10,903	10,136
Payments to other organisations		for transport	1001,0000	1,702	1,472
Stocks and work in pr	Ogress	1 182 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20.2.5040000	g otherwise	colo This Thirt is 5
		change during year	. 9	- 5,159	+ 430
Total stocks and wo progress	rk in	at end of year	1 5 1 A 1 TO	65,215	61,683
100 1100 110		(change during year	100 100	+ 2,186	- 1,366
Goods on hand for s	ale	at end of year		31,871	28,173
		(change during year		- 2,997	+ 526
Work in progress		at end of year	. 50	13,054	15,536
		change during year	900.00	- 4,348	+ 1,270
Materials, stores a	and fuel	at end of year	19,000	20,290	17,974
		(total, including working proprietors	Th.	137.6	98.4
0. San (1 80x 3x0)	100,005	operatives	10.00	124.6	87.7
Average number employ	rea sale	other employees (c)	a half og	12.6	10.2
		of operatives	\$,000	47,618	44.099
Wages and salaries		of other employees (c)	000000	9,176	9,213
Employers' contribution	ions to Na	ational Insurance and private	See Assid	ten i in in	3,314
Capital expenditure	(e)		of Carachasips	10 1 3 172	2.360
Total	085.277			n in last	10,511
New building work			Services	726	1,026
Land and existing			Come W	30	308
Plant and machiner		Company of the state of the sta		3,428	8,705
Vehicles (f)	per			215	472

⁽a) For 1963, estimates for small firms and for firms not making satisfactory returns accounted for about 3 per cent. of the total figures in which they were incorporated. (For 1958 the comparable figure was 2 per cent.) A summary of the detailed returns received is given in

⁽b) Including services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, for providing transport, or for technical or other services rendered).

⁽c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

⁽d) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds.

⁽e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

⁽f) Acquisitions <u>less</u> disposals.

TABLE 2 Analysis of larger firms by sub-divisions within the industry, 1958 and 1963(a) Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom (b)

	8297		Sub	-divisions of	f the indus	try (c)
	Applying of leaser lines by melecticiations at	Unit	fibres,	d cloth of man-made silk and	cotton, man	ate cloth of a-made fibres, mixtures (d)
		en elski sessoni		ures	1003	tton
			1958	1963	1958	1963
Number of ente	rprises (f)	No.	65	91	280	132
Number of estal	blishments	"	79	133	411	186
Gross output	Distriction when on possessioners as the state of the	£,000	26,450	55,660	111,321	66,435
Net output	Les		7,877	19,726	28,975	18,342
Net output per	head head	3	716	1,006	530	734
	goods produced and work done	£,000	26,148	53,963(g)	109,708	65,969(g)
Sales and work	done { merchanted goods and canteen takings	н	645	1,313	1,323	1,059
Sales of charac	cteristic products	"	21,281	32,872	101,178	53,415
Index of specia	alisation (i)	Per cent.	81	61	92	81
Purchases	materials for processing and packaging, and fuel	£,000] 15,421 {	30,747	77,771	45,815
	goods for merchanting and canteen purchases	n nely	b syneta	1,132		1,023
Payments to oth	ner for work done on materials given out	H N	2,560	4,119	2,478	1,228
organisations	{ for transport	ar	171	297	432	197
Stocks and work		1220	b ban ra		sangory a	Nork
Goods on hand for sale		de Spierra	+ 59	- 43	+ 1,895	- 807
TOT Sait	at end of year	rany 1	3,474	7,256	10,732	6,043
Work in progr			- 402	+ 428	- 1,605	+ 214
1 12	(at end of year		1,866	4,991	4,408	3,075
Materials, st		playeas	- 421	+ 361	- 1,665	+ 170
and Tuel	(at end of year	ROYES	1,805	3,835	7,084	3,933
tuanaga numban	total, including working proprietors	No.	11,014	19,603	54,621	24,995
Average number employed	operatives	E SORET	9,516	16,932	51,125	23,222
	other employees (j)	"	1,491	2,628	3,488	1,719
Wages and salar	ies { of operatives	£'000	3,959	8,847	19,215	11,671
210,00	of other employees (j)	"	1,156	2,486	2,650	1,681
Wages and salar	ies foperatives	3	416	522	376	503
per head	other employees (j)	"	776	946	760	978
Employers' cont	ributions to National Insurance (k)	£'000		489	and machin	618
	ributions to private pension schemes,etc.(1)	ı		190	les.(T)	131
Capital expendi New building	공기 위상이 보통하는데 그 때문에 대한 경우를 받고 있다면 하는데 없는데 그런데 그렇게 되었다면 하는데 되었다.	н	100	293	232	64
961	8304 .c21 biremeranal case unde date	I bas s	15.13 Ilmas	154	For 1803, -4	6
Land and exist buildings	disposals	2 A (tuso sed	14	comparable	59
.one	In the animal wat beareds assumed and bank	5270 75	386		1 874	955
Plant and machinery	acquisitions	gaibive	19 101 , th	2,172	1,674	
	(disposals	to Mine	35	70	154	177
Vehicles	acquisitions	ainsed	37	166	135	81
	l disposals	"	20	68	57	33

		Findsyna:	Sub-divi	sions of the	e industry	(c)			
Loom	state cloth	of cotton, axtures (d) (man-made fib continued)	res, silk a	nd	Woven o	loth of lin	en and hemp	(e)
		and mixtures	es es como 1 a como les	other unclassi		Great B	Britain	Northern	Ireland
Tyre cord	and fabric	0th 04		05	RESTAURANT OF THE PARTY OF THE	06		07	
1958	1963	1958	1963	1958	1963	1958	1963	1958	1963
6	6	104	65	93	62	33	17	52	32
10	11	139	96	113	69	36	19	76	42
3,863	12,437	48,261	51,970	48,211	26,803	7,776	6,816	27,931	20,689
350	962	13,994	15,624	11,697	7,756	2,785	2,568	5,834	4,820
784	832	637	870	674	765	581	739	465	628
3,827	12,109(g)	47,688	50,766(g)	47,970	26,860(g)	7,451	6,524(g)	28,393	20,644(g)
2	7	676	1,426	112	194	366	243	11	372
3,596	9,423	43,192	43,727	(h)	(h)	5,993	5,240	14,819	12,256
94	78	91	86		900 30	80	80	52	59
3,485	11,404	32,648	35,050	34,812	17,996	4,136	3,651	18,393	13,691
20200	6		1,222		206		214		295
1	36	1,078	536	884	766	473	238	2,799	1,886
9	38	155	107	132	107	88	75	298	120
+ 44	+ 320	+ 205	- 297	+ 367	- 316	+ 37	+ 41	- 363	- 52
174	812	4,931	5,075	4,101	2,779	1,028	868	5,755	2,819
- 10	+ 1	- 308	+ 75	- 238	+ 66	- 78	+ 7	- 110	- 275
143	349	2,993	2,841	1,884	1,472	295	335	595	1,213
- 17	+ 10	- 386	+ 569	- 686	+ 28	- 292	- 70	- 606	+ 123
93	127	3,506	2,970	2,288	2,101	979	798	2,208	1,086
447	1,156	21,972	17,964	17,353	10,137	4,791	3,474	12,536	7,677
411	1,037	19,690	16,172	15,887	9,064	4,202	3,163	10,752	6,567
36	119	2,272	1,758	1,458	1,031	581	305	1,641	1,008
168	558	8,399	9,174	6,391	4,471	1,424	1,296	3,088	2,562
34	110	1,777	1,679	1,053	955	406	249	900	692
409	538	427	567	249	493	339	410	287	390
940	927	782	955	793	926	699	817	548	686
030.0	31	0 6504	472	060-12	256	saluens	77	oliudi	168
188	11	18	209	3,200	74	s none roo	30	1073111111111	77
	2	100	92	53	42	12	20	11	48
1 200	2	100	32	33	1		-	drow go	blind well
	1 394 -01	10.000	+ 343(n)		34	3.5	7	l galists	108
10	1	653	3 272	474	34	68	186	81	162
19	+ 30(n)	Account BEBy that	3,273	a constitution of the sales	+ 528(n)	6	3	6	4
828	- bar land	66	98	121 36	38	12	a La soga l	30	51
2	200	56	18.		22	5	anolylalupo	15	14
1		30	40	14	22	9		13	12

TABLE 2 (continued)

	(2)		1 anois		sions of the stry (c)	ni tip inin	
			Unit	of cotton surgical dress		То	tal
			edio is i you	1958	1963	1958	1963
Number of enterprises	s (f)	Page 1	No.	46	32	632	391
Number of establishme	ents		29 "	64	50	926	606
Gross output			£,000	24,738	31,099	298,546	271,909
Net output			11 11 11 100	10,834	13,009	82,346	82,806
Net output per head			2	908	1,289	612	871
Appende part punchaser	goods produced and wo	rk done	£,000	24,027	30,087(g)	295,210	266,921(g
Sales and work done	merchanted goods and	canteen takin	gs "	996	1,186	4,130	5,800
Sales of characterist	ic products		54	21,344	23,457	(h)	(h)
Index of specialisati	on (i)		Per cent.	89	78	94	90
Purchases	materials for process packaging, and fuel	ing and	£,000	38 5	15,594		173,948
Furchases 888.81	goods for merchanting purchases	and canteen	21 148 4	12,943	1,066	199,609	5 104
36%	for work done on mate	rials given ou		397	986	10 670	5,164
Payments to other organisations	for transport	rars grven ou	18	380	481	10,670	9,796
Stocks and work in pr	A coultenandries		181	101	401	1,666	1,423
PART OF BUILDING	change during year		н	- 105	- 166	+ 2,139	1 000
Goods on hand for sale	at end of year			995	1,576		- 1,320
250 - 011	change during year			- 180	- 9	31,190	27,228
Work in progress	at end of year			590	739	- 2,933	+ 508
pro + pro -	change during year			- 182	+ 36	12,775	15,015
Materials, stores and fuel	at end of year			1,895		- 4,256	+ 1,228
645 4 262 64 440 4 262 64	total, including worki				2,520	19,856	17,371
Average number	operatives	ing proprieto	IS NO.	11,929	10,090	134,663	95,096
employed	other employees (j)			10,535	8,770	122,118	84,927
022 0 220 0			01000	1,393	1,310	12,361	9,878
Wages and salaries {	of operatives of other employees (j)		£'000	3,985	4,126	46,629	42,706
000 500				1,009	1,069	8,986	8,922
Wages and salaries per head	operatives		2	378	470	382	503
	other employees (j)		"	724	816	727	903
	ons to National Insuran		£'000	2.19	242	16	2,353
	ons to private pension sc	nemes, etc.(1	"	900	135	11	857
Capital expenditure (m) 02 21		20 -	22 100	001233	2 232	
New building work	de la constante de la constant		"	203	430	710	992
Land and existing buildings	acquisitions		" "	(q)626 .T	15(n)	• ••	548
231 12	disposals		THE T	ETSSES] 889 - [العنزورا	250
Plant and machinery	acquisitions		2 .	420	1,629	3,775	8,969
38 00	disposals		18	31	182	420	556
Vehicles {	acquisitions		1 "	87	256	395	695
l	disposals			44	60	185	239

For notes to this table - see page 77/8

TABLE 3 Analysis of larger firms by size of enterprise within the industry, 1963

(i) Output, employment, capital expenditure and stocks

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

Average number employed by the enterprise in the industry (a)	Enter- prises	Estab- lish- ments	Average number employed (a)	Gross output	Net output	Net output per head	Capital expendi- ture (b)	Total value of stocks and work in progress at end of year
	Number	Number	Number	£,000	£,000	£	£,000	\$,000
25-49	68	70	2,501	6,204	1,949	779	97	1,389
50-99	91	100	6,594	16,632	5,093	772	481	3,559
100-199	111	136	15,598	37,369	11,632	746	1,009	8,798
200-299	44	60	10,604	26,446	7,454	703	592	5,871
300-399	31	64	10,669	34,305	10,687	1,002	774	7,308
400-499	10	26	4,398	13,466	3,927	893	447	3,034
500-749	11	29	6,954	23,136	5,370	772	603	4,446
750-999	10	32	8,540	26,464	7,374	863	770	5,864
1.000-1,499	6	22	7,102	24,203	7,059	994	642	5,783
1,500-2,499	5	41	10,145	27,682	9,317	918	920	6,731
2,500 and over	4	26	11,991	36,002	12,943	1,079	3,822	6,832
Total	391	606	95,096	271,909	82,806	871	10,158	59,613

(ii) Employees, wages and salaries, and employers' contributions

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

Average number	Employees		Wages and	Wages and salaries		yers'	Wages and per	salaries head
employed by the enterprise in the industry (a)	Oper- atives	Others (c)	Oper- atives	Others (c)	National Insurance (d)	Private pension schemes, etc. (e)	Oper- atives	Others (c)
	Number	Number	£'000	£'000	\$,000	£'000	2	2
25-49	2,167	291	1,003	244	61	14	463	837
50-99	5.915	608	2,783	592	159	32	471	973
100 - 199	14.048	1,478	6,484	1,362	370	85	462	921
200-299	9,495	1,071	4,473	884	257	76	471	826
300-399	9.545	1,101	4,775	1,040	262	89	500	945
400-499	3,983	402	2,109	373	108	39	530	928
500-749	6,194	759	3,103	654	176	67	501	862
750-999	7,617	921	3,801	855	214	91	499	928
1.000-1.499	6,198	876	3,369	723	189	65	544	825
1.500-2.499	9,159	986	5,105	970	249	104	557	984
2,500 and over	10,606	1,385	5,701	1,225	309	195	538	884
Total	84,927	9,878	42,706	8,922	2,353	857	503	903

⁽a) Including working proprietors.

⁽b) Acquisitions <u>less</u> disposals.

⁽c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

⁽d) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions.

⁽e) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds. These amounted in total to £199,000.

TABLE 4 Percentage analysis of employees, by age and sex, all firms, 1963: United Kingdom (a)

Ages	Males	Females	All employees
eranien ourezagearrennen en en en	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Under 18	2	4	6
18 and over	41 34 349	1 uq 2 mo 53 1 uq 11	94
All ages	43	57	100

Source: Ministry of Labour

(a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding working proprietors) at mid-June, 1963.

Footnotes to Table 2.

- (a) The data for 1958 and 1963 are not strictly comparable. An explanation is given in the third paragraph of the introduction to this report.
- (b) The following information relates to small firms (employing fewer than 25 persons) in this industry. It includes an estimate for small firms not making satisfactory returns, which account for 3 per cent. of the employment shown for 1963 and 5 per cent. for 1958.

	1958	1963	
Number of firms	179	151	
Average number employed:			
Working proprietors	} 2,439	204	
Other persons employed	2,439	1,723	

- (c) The method of classifying returns to sub-divisions of the industry is explained in the introduction to this report; the characteristic products of each sub-division are identified in Table 5.
- (d) For 1958 a number of firms did not distinguish separately their sales of loom state cloth and sales of made-up household textiles: for 1963, such firms recorded their sales as made-up household textiles but remained classified to this industry although their sales were included in the report on the Household Textiles and Handkerchiefs Industry (Part 85). Sales of made-up household textiles are excluded from the sales of characteristic products and this can account in part for the drop in the index of specialisation within the sub-divisions of the industry.
- (e) Sales of made-up household articles of linen and union cloth made by firms classified to this industry are excluded from the sales of characteristic products of the sub-divisions of the industry. Such sales are included in the report on the Household Textiles and Handkerchiefs Industry (Part 85).
- (f) The sum of the figures for the sub-divisions exceeds the total for the industry to the extent that enterprises made returns for more than one sub-division.
- (g) Including services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, for providing transport, or for technical or other services rendered).
- (h) Characteristic products relate only to specific sub-divisions of the industry.
- (i) For sub-divisions of the industry, this is the ratio of sales of characteristic products to total sales of goods produced and work done. For the industry as a whole, this is the ratio of total sales of principal products by the industry to total sales of goods produced and work done.
- (j) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (k) Including both flat rate and graduated contributions.
- (1) Including pensions and gratuities paid other than from pension funds.
- (m) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.
- (n) Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 5 Sales of principal products of the industry by larger firms, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 (a)

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

Industry		19	58		1963		
sub- livision (b)	a school To . No. of 000' A	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entrie
02	Cotton (except finished cloth) Woven cotton cloth in the loom state	Th.sq.yds.	£,000	Th.sq.yds.	€,000	Number	Number
02	Woven from grey yarn	180,51		182			
84	Cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the			88,230	2,024	1	
	like (weighing not more than 2½ oz. per sq. yd.)	169,361	3,238 {	teres of	398	33	36
	Tyre cord and tyre fabric	967,009	95,588	7,331	861	13	13
	Other cloth woven from grey yarn	8,128	1,000	594,599	57,676	205	259
	Unclassified	18,837	1,655	- 10	ro bas - 18		
	Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed or other processed yarn	165,631	24,898	76,102	10,713	100	115
	Woven from unclassified yarn {	406	91 79	} -) estc <u>1</u> s	- α + (1 = 1)	
	Total woven cotton cloth in the loom state	1,282	125,550	all saling 5	71,672	blye apel?	
08	Dryer felts of cotton, man-made fibres or mixtures other than	10,889	SPO.I	India Siya Mili anomal	e cent	7 50	180
	mixtures containing wool, including asbestos cotton felts	987 Th.cwt.	1,792	619 Th.cwt.	1,919	5	5
08	Other felts except wool or wool mixture felts	70.0	463	44.9	316	9 *	**
08	Surgical and medical dressings, medicated or not, of cotton	Th.gross	004	Th.gross	1 501		
	Bandages of all descriptions	314 Th.cwt.	924 732	602 Th.cwt.	1,581 1,364	3 16	18
	Cotton wool	145	2,160 {	115	2,086 835	} 17	19
	Cotton wool and gauze tissues	Th.lb.	515		1,946	8	9
	Gauze in packets containing not more than 120 linear yards	2,095	1,207	Th.cwt.	army a		
	Lints in packets not exceeding 2.2 lb. in weight	848,8	875 {	8.5	378 145	} 8	9
par.	Other descriptions	TWO debits	1,583	Trespected	2,376	8	8
08	Sanitary towels, other than terry, including maternity pads	Th.gross	-nsa 10	Th.gross	droza 58	F1 07 - 1	B
	Cotton wool including tampons	2,115	2,093	100000	3,398	6	7
	Cellulose	2,571	2,039	3,112	2,292	8	9
	Combined	5,536 Th.cwt	5,300	6,191	5,948	7	8
08	Cotton wadding	101	1,367]	819	8	9
08	Cotton flock	888,844	(c)	Th.cwt.	313	54 0	
08	Manufactured cotton cleaning waste	218	972	137	555	7	7
08	Manufactures of cotton unclassified		631	10 11 again 1	84	99	*
	Total manufactures of cotton other than loom state and	6,848	abaş-aşş	of Arola m	20.041		
	finished cloth		22,904	name in its	26,041		

TABLE 5 (continued)

Industry	and the second s	19	58		1963		
sub- division (b)	250	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entries
06	Linen (except finished cloth) Woven cloth of flax or hemp in the	Th.sq.yds.	£'000	Th.sq.yds.	£,000	Number	Number
rodman	loom state Sailcloth or canvas not under 12 oz. to the square yard	10,502	2,595	11,224	2,926	16	16
	Towelling	12,037	1,502	6,828	1,228	24	24
	Damask	1	Mantagar	6,076	1,522	16	16
35)	Drills and other goods made on more than two leaves of heddles	og88,884c	dans and	323	55	8	8
SI	Other linen and union goods	59,429	9,075	d tyre fab	e broo say		
250	Up to 13 ⁰⁰		yasayasa	39,189	6,136	38	41
Sant.	13 ⁰⁰ and over	18,85	l	6,347	1,374	24	24
200 811	Total woven cloth of flax or hemp in the loom state	150,0010	13,172	radio to i	13,240	1d 57.	
(8)	Man-made fibres (except finished cloth)	504		- to this and	au mori ne	68	
	Woven man-made fibre cloth (rayon, nylon, etc.) and glass fibre in the loom state			s (item Sindaton na Sinta	Total wov		
03	Tyre cord and tyre fabric of man-made continuous filament yarn			corton, man	to stial :	Drys fibt	80
3	whether woven with a cotton weft or not	64,658	10,382	76,411	11,498	10	11
04	Woven cloth wholly of man-made continuous filament yarn other than tyre cord and fabric	0.85	,a griš	lest drest	are felts lost and me	reis-	90
81	Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	81,619	12,859	79,985	11,282	71	77
19	Other (rayon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	152,431	16,565	196,931	20,121	100	113
	Unclassified {	3,014	352 121	} -	s look <u>w</u> ara	63	
04	Woven cloth wholly of man-made spun yarn	estricions		ising ale	use in pact re than 120	50 = 0s	
6	Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	8,648 .	1,244	o you see	3,733	29	31
8	Other (rayon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	194,677	18,132	100,190	12,154	85	107
04	Woven cloth of mixtures of man- made spun yarn with continuous filament yarn	BILLS		Ebay vsin s galhulan	uding mater	kami sa	
8 1	Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	5,288	1,679	5,646	1,137	21	24
	Other (rayon, etc.) yarn predominant by weight	35,713	4,429	32,727	4,609	59	71
04	Woven cloth of mixtures of man- made fibre yarn with cotton	9,358	2,866 10,205	} 66,752	12,478	106	127
04	Woven cloth of unclassified yarn	algebraien ad	48	illista 430	s besu-si	nnsi/	20
04	Woven cloth of glass fibre	phryeca.	(c)	4,355	974	6	6
	Total woven cloth of man-made fibres and mixtures in the loom state other than tyre	ent than th	#61705 3	ulactures a logminia elora	fi todro fi todro bedsinii		
17,675 7 X 22	cord and fabric	uTsavers seekeed	68,500	CONTRACTOR OF STREET	66,488		

TABLE 5 (continued)

ndustry	1863	195	58		1963		ber rause
sub- ivision (b)	-vaine Quantity Value prints	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entries
05	Silk Woven silk cloth in the loom state	Th.sq.yds.	£'000	Th.sq.yds.	£'000	Number	Number
63	Wholly of silk	1,388	650 254	} 1,461	741	16	16
	Of silk mixed with other materials		87	182	250	6	6
	Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (d)	T.OTS	249	7,403 193	qualitati asp		
01	Woven cloth wholly of cotton Cloth for apparel	10,587		dtota sh			
	Flannelette and winceyette	7,557	761	13,388	1,703	16	16
	Shirting, other than flannelette	6,128	1,043	9,583	1,799	20	21
	Dress, blouse and domestic overall cloth	5,664	961	12,520	2,036	23	23
	Industrial overall cloths, drills, etc.	10,377	1,677	18,404	3,079	17	17
	Rainwear cloth Gaberdine Rubberised and oiled	1,280	478 {	1,492	713	7	7
	Linings and interlinings	10,890	1,038	9,261	951	20	20
	Speciality export cloth, e.g. native types	1,740	158	870	100	3.	
	Corset cloth	1	1011 90971 51011	senia pedi	2000年2月 201 2000年2月 201	911100	to the
	Other woven cotton cloth for apparel	1,366	181	9,237	1,700	19	19
	Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles	A A LANGE	to the theel	7 10 27 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	oritises b		
	Handkerchief cloth	1,700	130	3,673	389	21	21
	Sheeting and pillow cloth	17,331	2,201	1	glass II.		
	Ticking	Tank union	chorn ind	1,576	238	9	9
	Other woven cotton cloth for household textiles	13,561	2,183	6,641	1,545 576	} 24	25
	Cloth for surgical dressings,	I Land Street	beact most the	or to the	the salety of	LE VON	10
	bandages, gauze, etc. (weighing no more than 2% oz. per square yard) bleached or otherwise finished		(c)	24,341	439 311	8	9
	Furnishing fabrics	7,071	1,115	18,182	3,633	35	37
	Boot and shoe linings and fabrics	17	1 000	1,097	158	7	7
	Other woven cotton cloth	51,505	1,966	16,065	2,249	34	37
	Unclassified	541	95	-	(83)	813,5900	
	Total finished woven cloth wholly of cotton		13,986	m o to gain is an assis	21,618	to each	10,80
06,07	Woven cloth of linen and union	1,713	sgnirril	galbuloul	and to sale	days.	
89	For apparel	16,743	3,941	14,390	3,640	14	14
	For household textiles and handkerchiefs	9,109	1,852	4,175	936	, 22	22
	For furnishings		2,275	4,447	926	13	13
	For other uses	8,842	1,934	7,931	2,050	18	18
	Total finished woven cloth of linen and union		10,002		7,552	2 28	

Other waste products

Industry	1003	19	58	2000	1963		iya saula
sub- division (b)	Value Quartity Value Stines	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entries
Y DOWN	Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (continued)	Th.sq.yds.	£,000	Th.sq.yds.	£'000	Number	Number
01	Woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon,etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk	12,000] 2.598 laikiran	11,234 . 12,234 .	llisgionell s bestsäälts	ennin 10 ⁷⁴	36
	Cloth for apparel		dazdíu	od gaffőla	a) drölö b	du lili a	100
	Dress cloth including scarf, blouse and tie cloth	16,557	3,808	36,157	9,030	45	45
81	Lingerie and nightwear cloth	4,694	1,098	3,245	676	13	13
12	Rainwear cloth	324	84	1,189	312	12	12
82	Linings Oxage 188	16,179	2,117	20,752	2,732	26	26
	Corset cloth	480	138	1,680	1,251	10	10
	Other woven cloth for apparel	4,391	1,107	5,430	1,930	25	26
1	Unclassified	6,537	1,048	-	enibrotho Geberaine		
/ 32	Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles	088,02	(c)	1,477	392	9	9
	Furnishing fabrics	5,140	1,059	12,155	2,900	27	27
	Other woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-	193,40 	10, 382	78,411 2	oto reaso	h	122
	made fibres mixed with materials other than silk	11,367	1,963(e)	17,149	3,911 174	} 37	37
	Unclassified	2,751	449	dieschiet 21 200 22	an for his	3 11 1	77
	Total finished woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk	4985173 2,016 (12,871	niolo 1 o 1981394 o	23,309	100	110
		tna. et 1	2022 (12)		BYON YOU'L	-	-
01	Woven cloth of glass fibre	- 4	(c)	2,020	596	5	5
01	Woven cloth of silk or of silk mixed with other materials Finished woven cloth of cotton, man-	2,109	968 172	} 838	796	10	10
01	made fibres, linen and silk unclassified	2,251	1,072	977	307	13	13
16 1	Foamback fabrics, (other than woollen or worsted or knitted or floor coverings)	1,21,803	(c)	243	120	5	5
06,07	Hose pipes and piping of canvas or of canvas mixed with other materials	Th.yds.	drois o	Th.yds.	Dolliesins Total D Vilos	23	24
	except rubber, whether reinforced with metal wire or not, including fittings	1,713	584(f)	1,596	591	5	5
	Other products		1,723	sallman 8	1,847	48	49
	Waste products	601.6			andserchie		
81	Cotton waste, other than cleaning waste	CAR R		aga 	509	200	254
	Man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) waste		756	voe bedele	125	123	150
		The state of the s	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	The second secon	The second secon	THE RESERVE TO SERVE	THE RESERVED FOR THE PARTY OF T

TABLE 5 (continued)

Industry	alles on extablishments	19	58		1963		
sub- division (b)	and by merchant converters d 1963 (a)	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Enter- prises	Entries
	Work done	Th.sq.yds	£'000	Th.sq.yds.	€,000	Number	Number
02	Of cotton cloth	14,755	317 144	1,987	72 154	38	39
04	Of cloth of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) mixed with other materials except silk	7,075	249	7,453	349	26	27
	Other work done on commission, sub-contract work, etc.	380.86 380.877	564	enioni - Indi	267	39	41
	Total	908,61	284,906(d) (g)	ilaib andi	248,263	Serres	
	Sales in other industries (see Table 6)	054.0	8,173(d) (g)		7,729	distrigue distrigue	
	Principal products of this industry sold by establishments in the industry	510de	276,734(d)	1002	240,534	391	496(h)

(a) The data for 1958 and 1963 are not strictly comparable. An explanation is given in the third paragraph of the introduction to this report.

(b) The number given is that of the sub-division of which the item is a characteristic product. The sales shown are the total sales by larger firms, not merely sales by establishments classified to the sub-division.

(c) Not recorded separately in 1958.

(d) For 1958, all sales of finished woven cloth of cotton and man-made fibres were included in the report on Textile Converting whether sold by manufacturing industry or by merchant convertors. The 1958 figures now shown represent only the finished woven cloth sold by manufacturers. For total sales by both manufacturing industry and merchant convertors for 1958 and 1963 see the supplement to this table.

(e) Including cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles for 1958.

(f) Revised figure.

(g) Sales of made-up household articles of linen and union cloth included in the 1958 report on this industry are now shown in the report for 1963 on Household Textiles and Handkerchiefs (Part 85). Sales by firms classified to this industry, however, are included in Table 7 of this report.

(h) This figure represents the total number of returns made by larger firms in this industry, which is less than the total number of establishments in Table 2 on account of combined returns covering more than one establishment.

TABLE 5 SUPPLEMENT

Sales of finished cloth and foamback fabrics by larger firms in the Census, including sales by establishments classified to other industries and by merchant converters in the United Kingdom, 1958 and 1963 (a)

	1	958	1963		
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
inished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) Woven cloth wholly of cotton	Th.sq.yds.	€,000	Th.sq.yds.	€,000	
Cloth for apparel		sers (rayon,	esh-made (1)	in stola	
Flannelette and winceyette	76,222	8,406	55,830	6,810	
Shirting, other than flannelette	98,966	16,108	95,403	15,011	
Dress, blouse and domestic overall cloth	170,035	27,819	100,106	18,492	
Industrial overall cloths, drills, etc. Rainwear cloth	79,566	12,141	64,659	9,930	
Gaberdine	5,420	1,583	4,100	1,484	
Rubberised and oiled	9,413	1,968	4,388	974	
Two-fold rainwear poplins (b)			5,363	1,504	
Other types (b)		1,105283 10	381	66	
Linings and interlinings	71,396	7,096	72,518	8,092	
Corset cloth	7,519	1,213	8,016	1,251	
Speciality export cloth, e.g. native types	106,421	11,316	41,066	4,672	
Other woven cotton cloth for apparel	38,735	5,269	43,390	5,814	
Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles		1237.181		Todas po	
Handkerchief cloth	4,530	519	3,257	324	
Sheeting and pillow cloth	37,299	4,286	12,530	1,268	
Ticking	3,747	513	14,481	1,695	
Bed covering and quilt cloth	The Mos	and the [8,789	1,097(
Other woven cotton cloth for household textiles	30,737	4,723 {	9,372	1,958 576	
Cloth for surgical dressings, bandages, gauze, etc. (weighing not more than 2½ oz. per square yard) bleached or otherwise	te terment and	to reduce	(7 googlestije) (70) eds esne (10) meteor	alaggarii	
finished		(c) {	24,341	439 311	
Furnishing fabrics	68,289	12,060 {	76,016	14,633 515	
Boot and shoe linings and fabrics	17,972	2,123	14,180	1,888	
Other woven cotton cloth	126,204	10,505	79,772	10,732	
Unclassified	911	123		10,.02	
Total finished woven cloth wholly of cotton		127,771		109,536	
Woven cloth of linen and union	2,712	Education .	1,695	503	
For apparel	16,743	3,941	15,173	3,834	
For household textiles and handkerchiefs	9,109	1,852	5,350	1,024	
For furnishings		2,275	5,334	1,159	
For other uses	8,842	1,934	8,244	2,098	
Total finished woven cloth of linen and union		10,002		8,115	

TABLE 5 SUPPLEMENT (continued)

made all addition in	195	8	196	3
The s	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (continued)	Th.sq.yds.	€,000	Th.sq.yds.	£,000
Woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk	1 10 24 70		radeny	
Cloth for apparel			38430 00002	
Dress cloth including scarf, blouse and tie cloth	138,291	23,712	126,780	27,924
Lingerie and nightwear cloth	25,097	4,248	13,910	2,516
Rainwear cloth	4,245	934	6,647	1,757
Linings	92,423	11,310	111,166	14,745
Corset cloth	8,260	2,130	9,553	2,921
Other woven cloth for apparel	48,991	8,980	41,718	10,510
Unclassified	7,389	1,255	-	-
Cloth for handkerchiefs and household textiles	4,571	553	5,949	882
Furnishing fabrics	59,774	10,417	53,843	11,002
Other woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk	35,246	6,468	36,210	7,824 608
Unclassified	2,751	449		Constant
Total finished woven cloth of man- made fibres other than glass fibre or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk	in the Beautiful of	70,456	s to vilone to vilone to vinemility this bears	80,691
Woven cloth of glass fibre		(c)	5,091	1,430
Woven cloth of silk or of silk mixed with other materials	2,109	968 172] 1,528	1,198
Other and unclassified finished and knitted { cloth	7,354	2,051 290	} 9,936	2,212
Foamback fabrics (other than woollen or worsted or knitted or floor coverings)(d)		(c)	5,504	451
Total		211,710	sale of the	203,632

- (a) For 1958, sales by merchant converters were collected in the 1958 Census of Production and included in the report on the Textile Converting industry: for 1963, sales by merchant converters were collected in the Inquiry into the Distributive and Service Trades. For both years the coverage relates to establishments delivering more than 500,000 sq. yds. of finished cloth during the year.
- (b) So far as recorded separately.
- (c) Not recorded separately for 1958.
- (d) Sales of foamback fabrics in 1963 by larger establishments in scope of the Census and by merchant converters are shown below. Similar information was not recorded separately for 1958.

5,014 1,021	1963			
	Quantity	Value		
	Th.sq.yds.	£,000		
Foamback woven cotton, linen and man-made fibre fabric	5,504	451		
Foamback woven woellen or worsted fabrics	3,665	2,011		
Foamback knitted fabrics	1,658	785		
Total	10,827	3,247		

TABLE 6 Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

	19	58			1963	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Entries	Principal industries in which produced (a)
Daniel Ships one by all parties		£'000 _	de ogner	£,000	Number	made fibrois
Dryer felts of cotton, man-made fibres or mixtures other than mixtures containing wool, including asbestos cotton felts	105.84	364	Savold_A	601 pr_bu	istaqua Sor Riol	Closh for
Other felts except wool or wool mixture felts	J. 790.08		1	in resert	in has s	lasynida:
Woven cotton cloth in the loom state	243.4	335	}	127	5	78,85,89,120
Woven from grey yarn	80,4,09					epainil.
Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed or other processed yarn and unclassified yarn	080.3 160.81		to i.	983 998 103_6	e, deplo	seasopas
Cotton bandages of all descriptions and cotton wool	288,1	694(b)	blodsamd	373	5	28,84,89
Sanitary towels, other than terry, including maternity pads	257,08	834(c)	Th. gross	1,139	5	28,85,116
Manufactures of cotton unclassified, including cotton wadding]	834(0)	Contactor of	119	GRANDING B CLOTS Car Clots	49,114,116
Woven man-made fibre cloth (rayon, nylon, etc.) and glass fibre in the loom state	Th.sq.yds.		Th.sq.yds.	169	3 3 9 3 9 3 E	isakismi
Woven cloth wholly of man-made continuous filament yarn other than tyre cord and fabric	3,733	325 587 }	nesig as a bexim s sila	sevon beda de racko s endil eba endis sense	inil les erdil eb ense le estation	07 138 10 10 18 224
Woven cloth wholly of man-made spun yarn		l	5,821	667	12	75,78
Woven cloth of mixtures of man- made fibre yarn with cotton	20 ± 05	784	henin s	lis to to	Allu to	isoli asvor isten darino
Woven cloth of mixtures of man- made spun yarn with continuous filament yarn and of mixtures of man-made fibre yarn with cotton, unclassified	}	93	ink has be so pollo -(1	detall be or and re Magail—re	incomia incomia incomia	Stank and a stank fact for knitzed or knitzed or
Woven silk cloth in the loom state, wholly of silk					1,35%	ST STEE
Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (d)	i berpello ni potrasvi brai valo	erse are od alizes	of convers		noine . A	(ap. don 181
Woven cloth wholly of cotton	2,948	458 {	5,417	1,010	} 11	28,78,85
Woven cloth of linen and union			2 .7163		COST ES	201 08 (6)
For apparel	584	220(e)	2,215	812	6	78,85
For household textiles and handkerchiefs	2,611	449	3,210	724	8	85
For furnishings	5,014	1,521			0.329	-
For other uses	a string in	182	1,264	261	6	85
Woven cloth of man-made fibres other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other	shala-mas	50x 0001	4,163	1,287	idi)	79 94 95
than silk	3,746	1,074 {		174	15	78,84,85
Woven cloth of glass fibre		(f)	816	218	•	85,104,124

TABLE 6 (continued)

	19	58	THE STREET		1963		
1958 1863 19 Value Quantity Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Entries	Principal industries in which produced (a)	
Finished cloth (excluding foamback fabrics) (d) (continued)	Th.sq.yds.	£'000	Th.sq.yds.	£,000	Number		
Woven cloth of silk or of silk mixed with other materials	1,642	613	0000 13 000 -31		nada tes palees h	nn of cotton, go conding yarn (co	
Woven cloth of cotton, man-made fibres, linen and silk, unclassified	ing, brant	-	1 44		31533	one onell eres se	
Foamback fabrics, (other than woollen or worsted or knitted or floor coverings)	yarn	(f)		639	18	78,99,120,124	
Hose pipes and piping of canvas or of canvas mixed with other materials except rubber, whether reinforced with metal wire or not, including fittings	bleached	Ovefalts.	Featile sa	lo senti,	pas page Taxons	Melger, spire	
Work done on commission, etc.	awing been	4	(6)	norre-lo	io (Likes)	blodsspod gresh	
Total	aparthin has a	8,173(d)		7,729			

- (a) The references given are to the list of industries shown at the back of this report.
- (b) Including gauze tissues and other descriptions of surgical and medical dressings in 1958.
- (c) Including manufactured cleaning waste in 1958.
- (d) Sales of finished woven cloth by manufacturing industry were included in the Textile Converting industry report for 1958.
- (e) Including some woven cloth of flax or hemp in the loom state in 1958.
- (f) Not recorded separately in 1958.

TABLE 7 Sales of other than principal products by larger firms in the industry, 1958 and 1963 (a)

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

	20200 19	58	19	63
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
radmark 000, 3 land the set 000, 2 land	-baint	£'000	Th.1b.	£,000
Yarn of cotton, glass fibres and man-made fibres,		(3) Name	e universit	(87 (85)
including yarn (other than man-made continuous filament yarn) purchased and reeled, wound, etc.	0.1	3,473(b)	5,439	2,483
stores containing sect, including		bam-pas	Th.cwt.	rola sev
Flax yarn line and tow		208(c)	15.5	295
Woollen and worsted manufactures		1,711		550
Woven jute cloth		147	10 Baffin	W Aleitha
	Th.cwt.		14.8	209
Cordage, cables, ropes and lines of textile materials	2.7	61	Januara be	wim seks
Knitted, netted or crocheted goods		437	rangade .	247
Narrow fabrics		57		eğn
Made-up household textiles of cotton (d)		178 .220 Q	o la silbado	done di
Hand and bath towels, including roller towels	Th.doz.		Th.doz.	
Terry	1 449	404	2,114	4,216
Non-terry		101	19	29
Tea towls, glass cloths and the like	96.3	86	197	175
	sasw gain	sio Secure	Th.prs.	buloni
Sheets start and at behaviour transport	the sold of	303	4,565	6,847
When since enally of com-wad-	108	288	Th.doz. 246	494
Pillow and bolster cases	177	514	40.0	160
Table cloths of all kinds, other than lace		314	10.0	943
Blankets, full size, single or double	1	٢		567
Cleaning cloths, dusters and the like	}	185		307
Other made-up household textiles of cotton	را	l	•	301
Made-up household textiles of linen and union cloth	1	1 700	407	632
Tea towels, glass cloths and the like	1,319	1,766		
Sheets	17.1	289	6.2	118
Table linen	522	1,882	146	586
Hand and bath towels, including roller towels	}	1,223	99.4	239
Other made-up household goods of linen and union cloth	}	L	••	251
Made-up household textiles of man-made fibres, other than glass fibre (rayon, nylon, etc.) or of man-made fibres mixed with materials other than silk			28,073,0	
Table cloths of all kinds, other than lace	915	892	126	474
Bedspreads and other bed coverings other than quilts	0.8	12)	25.0
Other made-up household textiles	210	231]	252
Handkerchiefs of all materials and nursery squares, terry and muslin	1,702	891	88	471
Neckties, scarves and head squares, braces, suspenders, belts, etc.		214		242
Sacks and bags, and canvas or sailcloth goods of linen and soft hemp	267 2	75	}	2,648
Other products	838	2,526	104	2,040

TABLE 7 (continued)

	19	58	196	33
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
The transport of the state of t		£'000		£'000
Work done on commission, etc.				
Processing of yarn of cotton and man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) other than continuous filament yarn	Cost Res	1 (2) his	ay, vara, as at the bre	
Doubling, twisting, etc.	pa was a .M.	57	This but	
	Th.lb.	from 12 t		2,105
Reeling, coning, pirning, cheesing, beaming, sizing, etc.	3,813	301 }	Joseph San	
	.ps 100 .3	o chan 2 o	Th.lb.	
Processing of continuous filament yarn	1,000 11	(e)	1,464	73
			Th.sq.yds.	
Textile fibres and woven fabrics, bleached, dyed, printed, etc.		188 {	17,739	270 50
Other work done	33	20	-	Stp810-
Services rendered to other organisations (f)				454
Total value of goods sold without having been subjected to any manufacturing process (merchanted or factored)	.bsdae•1d	3,795	alian vita	5,420
Canteen takings		336	ghill lawor	381
Total	2.11.12.33.31	22,609(g)		32,187

- (a) Sales of woven cloth included in this table in the report on this industry for 1958 are now included in Table 5 of this report.
- (b) Including for 1958 an amount for thrown silk yarn and yarn of spun silk or of silk mixed with other materials.
- (c) Including for 1958 an amount for finished linen thread.
- (d) For 1958, a number of firms classified to this industry did not distinguish separately their sales of loom state cloth and made-up household textiles of cotton: such sales are included in Table 5 of this report and consequently sales of made-up household textiles of cotton are deficient.
- (e) Not recorded separately in 1958.
- (f) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for technical or other services rendered to other organisations.
- (g) Excluding amounts charged for services rendered to other organisations.

TABLE 8 Production of certain principal products of the industry, all firms, including production by establishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963 (a)

and the logist on the many latter property and the second of the second	1958	1963
	Quantity	Quantity
Cotton cloth	Th.yds.	Th.yds.
Woven from grey yarn Tyre cord and fabric (b)	6,750	2,860
Canvas and duck, up to 12 oz. per sq. yd.	11,150	10,320
Canvas and duck, from 12 to 18 oz. per sq. yd. inclusive	11,670	7,750
Canvas and duck, over 18 oz. per sq. yd.	18,290	11,610
Cloth for surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like (weighing not more than 2 oz. per sq. yd.)	288,160	276,750
Cleaning and dish cloths	30,310	20,010
Terry towelling	26,100	26,270
Drills	82,250	36,600
Others (c)	767,760	477,670
Total cotton cloth woven from grey yarn	1,242,440	860,840
Woven wholly or in part from bleached, dyed, mercerised or printed yarn Terry towelling	40,730	33,100
Denim	10,950	17,380
Other coloured woven (d)	134,480	102,810
Total cotton cloth woven from bleached, dyed, etc. yarn	186,160	153,290
Total cotton cloth	1,428,600	1,014,130
Cloth woven wholly of man-made fibres Tyre cord and fabric (b) (e)	SEEL TOJ, BUTTON	(6)
Viscose Viscose	46,890	61,890
Other man-made fibres	1,480	7,240
Other fabrics wholly of continuous filament yarns Wholly of rayon (f)	158,980	201,010
Other man-made fibres including mixtures with rayon	69,260	76,350
Wholly of spun yarns (g)	198,510	112,390
Mixture of fabrics of continuous filament and spun yarns	39,630	32,310
Total cloth woven wholly of man-made fibres	514,750	491,190
Woven mixture cloth containing not less than 85 per cent. by weight of cotton and/or man-made fibres	86,260	69,140
Total	2,029,610	1,574,460

⁽a) The figures in this table are derived from returns made monthly to the Cotton Board, and differ in coverage and timing from those shown in the rest of this report. They include production by small firms. The 1958 figures relate to the 53 weeks ending 3rd January, 1959, and the 1963 figures to the 52 weeks ending 28th December, 1963. Some firms in Northern Ireland, for which figures were not available, are excluded.

TABLE 9 Purchases of selected principal products of the industry by larger firms, 1963 (a)

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

Standard Industrial	1953	Woven pi	ece good	ls (other th	an narro	w fabrics)	wholly	or mainly	of:-
Classifi- cation	Purchasing industry (b)	Cott	on	Synthetic (nylon,		Other made f (rayon,	ibres	Other (l etc.)	
Minimum list heading	erisis for processing (AB)	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
	d witch og, sholly or main	Th.sq. yds.	£,000	Th.sq. yds.	£,000	Th.sq. yds.	£,000	Th.sq. yds.	£,000
272(1)	Pharmaceutical preparations	10,123	248 1,234	}	(d)		(d)	ouign n linters	(d)
383	Aircraft manufacturing and repairing		(d)	iguaxe	(d)		(d)	376	102 35
413	Weaving of cotton, linen and man-made fibres	101,918	3,288 132	9,263	1,230	11,545	1,435{	20,096	3,414 254
421	Narrow fabrics	9,919	8 19 330	}	(a){	4,520	687 106	} .077 000	(d)
422(1)	Household textiles and handkerchiefs	78,896	8,301 485	4,302	880 208	13,565	1,875 241	21,611	4,152
422(2)	Canvas goods and sacks	12,678	1,618		(d)	100	(d){	4,041	1,090
432	Leather goods		(d)		(d)	1,998	515 206	}	(d)
441	Weatherproof outerwear {	8,286	1,879 235	2,906	1,001 279	}13,633	2,315) serve c	(d
442	Men's and boys' tailored {	39,254	6,706 586	9,558	5,073	43,006	7,877	817	29
443	Women's and girls' tailored outerwear	11,128	2,630 354	3,843	1,983 447	19,515	3,203 824	}	(d
444	Overalls and men's shirts, { underwear, etc.	158,059	24,304 622	} 8,657	1,894	4,008	636 609	395	109
445	Dresses, lingerie, infants' { wear, etc.	64,613	10,484	25,961	6,833	22,682	4,599	946	52
446	Hats, caps and millinery	capasania	(d)	ought ;	(a)	1,470	435 85	} was bee	(d
449(1),(3) and (4)	Corsets and miscellaneous dress industries	9,313	1,666	8,759	3,061 887	3,971	1,258 66	257	31: 37
450	Footwear	8,441	1,726 923	1,195	746 199	2,466	1,010 202	1,876	82 11
472	Furniture and upholstery $\left\{ ight.$	8,545	2,392 445	669	561 489	3,084	1,193	1,413	22 16
473	Bedding and soft furnishings	19,428	2,560		(d)	6,029	1,037	novsi) te	(d
491	Rubber	65,751	9,678	22,090	5,338 1,077	49,266	7,541 2,105	1011 000	(d
492	Linoleum, leathercloth, etc.	68,652	5,624	and stars	(d)	4,381	605		(d
496	Plastics moulding and fabricating	\$ S.	(d)	126	28 453	}	(d)	a) 217962	(d
	Other industries {	36,819	5,515 791	7,562	1,977		430 352	1,881	35 5
	Total	711,821	89,440 7,600	104,890	30,604	206,774	36,652 5,098	53,708	11,41

⁽a) The figures include purchases of imported as well as of home produced goods.

⁽b) Returned in pounds and converted to linear yards on the basis 1 lb. = 1 yard.

⁽c) Including all recorded grey cloth output in Northern Ireland.

⁽d) Including all recorded coloured woven cloth output in Northern Ireland.

⁽e) Including fabric with cotton weft, but excluding output in Northern Ireland in 1958.

⁽f) Including all recorded continuous filament fabric output in Northern Ireland, except tyre fabric.

⁽g) Including cloth woven from long-staple (over 3 ins.) spun yarns in Northern Ireland but not in Great Britain.

⁽b) Specified Census industries for which purchases are 1 per cent. or more of the total of any commodity heading.

⁽c) Including other and unclassified woven piece goods purchased by industries in which the nature of the material was not separately specified.

⁽d) Included in the total for 'Other industries'.

TABLE 10 Purchases by larger firms in the industry, 1954 and 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

		epaid mav1	954	19	63
		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
(3)8 (8)44 (4)			£,000	25.70.8	£'000
aterials for processing		O. William		8.750	
Raw textile materials and waste		a -paidl		11,150	
Raw cotton		ve sin	1,541	11, 179	958
Cotton linters		1	612	78.380 Edaad 1821a	592
Cotton waste		od kim 186	3,638	manufacter i	1,674
Flax and soft hemp in all forms (including tow and	d 889	818,10	land (L. cotton	
waste)			1,805	201011.1606	1,249
Man-made (rayon, nylon, etc.) staple fibre		are's	1	8217d	
Synthetic (nylon, etc.)		398,87	556(a)	estliker.	333
Other (rayon, etc.)		J	355(2)		1,479
Raw silk		12,678	489	LA TRANS SEDO	asvas go
Silk waste and noils		on having	4	2000	622
Yarns		1 882,8	h I	40,730	
Cotton yarns (other than waste yarn)		Th.lb.	N 1 34	Th.lb.	
Single Single		422,532	100,158	239,630	47,173
Doubled		101,251	28,678	49,399	11,809
Cotton waste yarn, doubled or not		62,251	10,790	62,957	9,095
Flax		58,059 [24]	J. sirild	and men's s	
Line yarn) are, se	Tame 1	. sire.enii	3,182
Tow yarn		}	13,225	48,590-	4,988
Line and tow yarn of soft hemp including mixtures		J	Krad	Illa belle	lets, dag
with flax		5 5 5 D	158	I seed make	250
Jute yarn			358	291.930	350
Man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) continuous		1 188.6		198,810	
filament yarn		6,703	4,814	32,701	17,282
Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn					
Other (rayon, etc.) yarn		120,075	31,575	102,032	26,823
Man-made fibres (rayon, nylon, etc.) spun yarn, including spun yarn doubled with continuous filam	ent	to believe to		20 900	
yarn 208 288.3 (b)		68,662 5	th, etc.	leatherele	nue loai.
Synthetic (nylon, etc.) yarn	1 (8)	1,612	459	7,909	2,568
Other (rayon, etc.) yarn	1 at 8	75,667	16,543	50,687	10,792
Glass fibre yarn (including rovings)	197	this centry	(b)	clade proff	780
Mixture yarns of cotton and man-made fibres (rayonylon, etc.)	n, 000	To the state	1,069	todedolt it	3,652
Thrown silk		SE NO DEST	326	lud• purch	297
Spun silk yarn (including noil yarn)		e sando sug.	158	e industri	41
the received this is street to their weit, but exclusi-		put in Nort	Mara Ingles	1 in 1956.	

TARIF 10 (continued)

1984 1983	1954		1963	
	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
Th.gal E'000 Th.gai. E'000	Th.sq.yds.	£,000	Th.sq.yds.	£,000
daterials for processing (continued)	70		a) viloteri	ala, inc. to
Woven piece goods (other than narrow fabrics), including goods purchased for further processing or for hemming and stitching, wholly or mainly of (c)	baor ol pe prit\afoaos (299		end region and id feels (in itquefied popi	Octor (us) Other Ulau etc., add
Cotton compedited	A Server co			1,707
For surgical dressings, gauze, bandages, scrim and the like (weighing not more than 2½ oz. per square yard) (d)	to heprest			330 250
the granding fluxum The kin	TRANS		32,053	915
In the grey	119,109	1,887	i	132
Bleached or otherwise finished	97,569	1,803	55,251	946
Other descriptions	5,908	618 96	} 14,613	1,427
Synthetic fibres (nylon, etc.)	1	1	9,263	1,230
Other man-made fibres (rayon, etc.)	1	100	11,545	1,435
Til, 971 . (h) for Letalls su	1,186	136	20,096	3,414
Other (linen, etc.)				254
Cotton wool	isea	309	orded separa	497
Wood pulp	301 mi	571	New Solver	835
Cellulose wadding	100000	343		138
Sizing materials	scies yains	1,017	S PERSON-IA	588
.2583.	SHALES SEE .	08 has ab	Th.gal	29. PS
Lubricating oils and greases	in age if		{ 197 · ·	54 21
Replacement parts for firms' own machinery, plant and vehicles, and accessories and consumable tools bought as replacement	and system	338		
Bobbins, cones, tubes, pirns, beams, etc., except paper tubes, etc., purchased for packaging (e)	LA 8	360		381
Shuttles EDGE Jamil Wyseard To Inc	and entition	384	in Transfel	385
Reeds and healds	or sore ber	1,054	वाद कारा	584
Other gard sinu		3,326		1,844
All other materials for processing	100	25,879		5,061
Packaging materials	r anspact	no Alens	27 sebio:0284 3	B 1300 155511
Paper and board	7.3	Language Control	8#	a to Proceed
Boxes, cartons, packing cases, and drums and canisters (with or without metal ends) of paper, cardboard and		lote	alaries	0 004 R0381
fibreboard		481		1,044
Wrapping paper (including paper coated with plastics and any laminates incorporating paper but not metal), moulded pulp units, labels and other packaging	nicles	nestessi nv sboog	eroring read	de jo siko;
materials of paper, cardboard and fibreboard (except multiwall sacks)		595		774
All other packaging materials		583	googoot	290
Fuel and electricity (f)	Th.tons.	100 100 10	Th.tons	1 25 3 3 3
Coal	625	2,493	268	1,553
Coke (including screenings) and manufactured fuel	16.0	70	4.2	31

TABLE 10 (continued)

E001		1954		1963	
	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	
800°2eby.ps.st 200°3 .eby.ps.st	Th.gal.	€,000	Th.gal.	€,000	
Fuel and electricity (f) (continued)	7	-1960.	niesenna	L, K 1909	
Derv fuel and motor spirit for use in road vehicles	1,118	229	767	163	
Other liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures, etc., and liquefied petroleum gases)	4,465 Th.therms	198	17,466 Th.therms	662	
Gas	755	46 31	390	28 9	
Electricity {	Th.kWh 346,426	1,701 189	Th.kWh 393,873	2,164 593	
Total cost of materials and fuel		262,535		173,948	
Goods purchased for merchanting		50.0	seitgi inasi	4,784	
Canteen purchases		(los, etc.)	u) esidin s	380	
Total cost of purchases	(.51)	edille) i	A Comme	179,112	

- (a) Including 'waste' in 1954.
- (b) Not recorded separately for 1954.
- (c) Narrow fabrics were not excluded in 1954.
- (d) Weight was restricted to 2 oz. per sq. yd. in 1954.
- (e) Paper tubes, etc., purchased for packaging were not specifically excluded in 1954.
- (f) The total quantity of electricity generated in firms' own establishments in this industry was 39,760 Th.kWh in 1954 and 30,278 Th.kWh in 1963.

TABLE 11 Transport costs and employment of larger firms, 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

estuding are appeared at Pasylled an	Unit	1963
Average number employed mainly on transport	No.	414
Transport costs		
Wages and salaries	\$,000	281
Derv fuel and motor spirit	brio de Pilipi	163
Payments to other organisations for transport	78,767	1,423
Costs of operating road goods vehicles	a ud recen g	Izareggoodi
Insurance	na cienci ionio i	39
Vehicle licences		25
Depreciation		147
Payments to other organisations for repairs and maintenance		83
Total	Description Turism	2,160

Payments for certain services, etc. by larger firms, 1963 (a) TABLE 12

Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

not a part of the second of th	Amounts payable
Repairs and maintenance to	5,000
Buildings	426
Road goods vehicles	83
Plant, machinery, and other capital equipment	1,237
Insurance, licensing and depreciation of road goods vehicles (b)	210
Rates, excluding water rates	1,045
Hire of plant and machinery	60
Postage, telephone, telegrams and cables	431
Total	3,494

(a) No deduction is made for these payments to arrive at the figures of net output given in this report.

(b) For details see Table 11.

TABLE 13 Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns from larger firms, 1963 Firms employing 25 or more persons: United Kingdom

Year ended	Percentage of total number employed	Year ended	Percentage of total number employed
1963	Per cent.	1963 (contd.)	Per cent.
April (a)	14.9	November	6.6
May	1.3	December	23.6
June	4.7	1964	
July	1.7	1904	
August	0.4	January	8.0
September	5.4	February	5.5
October	7.3	March	20.8
	Debugliors, supplied	Total	100

(a) Including returns made for twelve-month periods ended 1st to 5th April, 1964.

TABLE 14 Sales of all parts of machinery and plant by larger firms, including sales by estab-lishments classified to other industries, 1958 and 1963

This table is not applicable to this industry.

Capital Expenditure (continued)
(ii) Land and existing buildings.

The items shown are the capital cost of freeholds purchased and the capital cost or premium payable for leaseholds acquired (excluding the value of any assets acquired in taking over an existing business), and the amounts receivable for any freeholds or leaseholds disposed of. The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return.

(iii) Plant, machinery and vehicles.

The items shown are the value of plant and machinery and of vehicles acquired, both new and second-hand, and the amount received for items disposed of during the year. The value of plant and machinery acquired includes plant, etc. which firms produced for their own use in connection with the business covered by the return. The value of plant, etc. acquired is the expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return less any discounts received, but including the cost of transport and installation. No deduction is made for depreciation, amortisation or obsolescence. The proceeds of items disposed of during the year exclude amounts written off for items scrapped.

Capital expenditure during the year in respect of manufacturing establishments where production had not started before the end of the year is excluded in this report for both 1958 and 1963.

Characteristic Products

The characteristic products of a sub-division are those in terms of which the sub-division is defined. They are products commonly associated in production and are usually similar in nature or manner of production. In most cases the characteristic products of each sub-division are indicated in Table 5 of the industry reports. For those industries for which an analysis by sub-divisions has been made, Table 2 shows the total sales of such characteristic products for each sub-division. The totals include, besides the products which define the sub-division, other items of output assumed to be closely related to them, e.g. waste products and work done.

Enterprise

The term enterprise is used in this report to mean one or more firms under common ownership or control. An enterprise normally consists either of a single firm, or of a parent company together with its subsidiary companies.

Entries

The number of entries shown in Tables 5, 6 and 8 against a particular output or production heading is the number of returns on which figures were recorded for that item.

Establishment

The census was based on the establishment, comprising in most cases the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g. a factory or mine); but firms were asked to exclude from all sections of their returns particulars relating to any department not engaged in production for which they kept a separate set of accounts. Where separate accounts were not kept, they were asked to include merchanting or factoring, canteens operated by them and other

ancillary activities such as bottling, packing and the manufacture of containers for packing their own products, whether or not these activities are carried on at the same address as the works. Building and engineering maintenance departments and selling and transport departments were treated similarly.

Gross Output

The gross output of an industry is the aggregate value of goods made and other work done during the year by the establishments classified to the industry. It is derived by subtracting from the value of sales and work done, the value of stocks of goods on hand for sale and work in progress at the beginning of the year and adding the value at the end of the year.

Larger Firms

These are firms in which twenty-five or more persons were employed on the average during the year.

Net Output

The net output of an industry represents the value added to materials by the process of production. It includes the gross margin on any merchanted or factored goods sold; it constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, insurance, pensions, hire of plant and machinery, payments for repairs and maintenance, costs of operating road vehicles, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits. There is no appreciable duplication in net output. Net output has been obtained by deducting from the gross output the cost of purchases adjusted for stock changes, payments for work given out to other firms, and payments for transport.

Normally any customs or excise duty on materials purchased is included in the cost of materials. Similarly, finished goods sold have been valued as they were sold, duty paid or duty free. The amounts of duty, subsidies, allowances and levies receivable or payable, where of substantial importance in the industry, were required to be stated separately, and these items were taken into account when calculating net output.

Net output per person employed

The figures for net output per person employed are derived by dividing the net output by the average number of persons employed (full-time and part-time) on all activities covered by the returns, including operatives, administrative, technical and clerical employees and working proprietors, but excluding outworkers.

Principal Products

The principal products of an industry are those in terms of which the industry is defined. They are products commonly associated in production, and are usually similar in nature or manner of production.

Production

This means the total quantity of a product made during the year, whether sold in the year, added to stock, transferred to another department of the same firm, or used in the manufacture of other products within the business covered by the return. It includes goods produced from materials supplied by other firms.

Purchases include the cost of materials and components bought for use in production; of fuel and electricity for all purposes; of packaging materials, including the full cost of returnable cases and containers when first purchased; of workshop materials, office materials and materials for repairs to firms' own buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by their own workpeople included in the return; of consumable tools; and of parts for machinery purchased during the year as replacements. Water charges are also included. In general purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring and canteen supplies are included. Materials supplied by customers for processing are excluded.

The values shown include any duty paid (less rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts allowed. The cost of transport is included only if included in the cost of materials as invoiced; amounts paid to transport organisations, including firms' own separate transport organisations, for delivery of materials and fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials purchased overseas are included at their c.i.f. cost plus any duty payable if the cost of transport from the docks was not included in the invoiced price, but at their full delivered cost if invoiced 'carriage paid home'. Materials and fuel transferred from another department of the firm not covered by the same return are included at the estimated selling value recorded by the other department.

Sales are in respect of goods made by the business covered by the return, goods made for it by outworkers or by other firms from materials given out to them (sometimes described as goods made on commission) and waste products. Any machinery or other capital items produced for use in the business covered by the return are included, the value being that adopted in the firm's capital asset account. Goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturing process (merchanted or factored) and canteen takings are included as in 1958.

The value shown for sales is the net selling value, defined as the amount charged to customers whether on an ex-works or delivered basis, net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc.; the net amount charged for packing materials is included. Goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas are included at the f.o.b. value. For work done on commission or for the trade the value shown is the net amount charged.

Where goods produced in one department were transferred to another department of the same firm not covered by the return, these transfers were treated as sales by the producing department and valued as far as possible as if they had been sold to an independent purchaser. Goods transferred to wholesale or retail selling organisations for which separate accounts were kept were valued on the same basis. Estimations of a similar kind were also sometimes necessary in valuing transfers between different firms belonging to the same enter-prise. To the extent that the sales of finished products of one establishment may constitute the materials purchased by another, total figures of the value of sales (and of materials and fuel purchased) include an element of duplication.

Services rendered

This represents the amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, providing transport, or for any technical or other

services rendered to other organisations. It includes amounts credited for similar services rendered to other departments of the same firm not covered by the return.

Small Firms

These are firms in which fewer than twenty-five persons were employed on the average during the

Stocks and Work in Progress

Values are given of stocks of goods on hand for sale, and of materials and fuel, at the beginning and end of the year of return, including any stocks of goods held for merchanting or factoring. The values include duty in the case of dutiable goods held out of bond. The value of work in progress at the two dates is also usually shown. This excludes any progress payments made to sub-contractors, and no deduction is made on account of progress payments received.

Transport Payments

These represent the total amount paid or credited during the year for both outwards transport of finished goods sold and inwards transport of materials and fuel purchased.
They include payments to other firms, and to any separate transport organisation of the same firm, not covered by the return, but exclude the value of transport services provided by the business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of inland transport, i.e. railways, road haulage, canals, coast-wise shipping, air, etc. Payments made for sea freight on goods sold to customers overseas and on materials and fuel purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.

Wages and Salaries

These are the amounts paid during the year to operatives and to administrative, technical and clerical employees. Payments to working proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are excluded; in Northern Ireland this exclusion extends also to payments to directors of limited companies. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid regularly or not, and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc. The value of any payments in kind, travelling expenses, lodging allowances, etc. and employers' contributions to National Insurance and pension schemes is excluded.

Work given out

The figures shown represent the total amount paid for work done by other firms on materials supplied to them, and also by firms' own establishments for which separate returns were made. They do not include payments to individual outworkers or payments for business and other services.

Symbols used

The following symbols are used throughout the report:

- .. Not available
- Nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)
- * Figures cannot be shown owing to the risk of disclosing information about individual enterprises.

Rounding of Figures

The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded to the nearest final digit. There may, therefore, be apparent slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

List of Industry Reports, etc

Part No. and title

- 1 Introductory Notes
- 2 Coal Mining
- 3 Stone and Slate Quarrying and Mining
- 4 Chalk, Clay, Sand and Gravel Extraction
- 5 Metalliferous Mining and Quarrying 6 Salt and Miscellaneous Non-metalliferous Mining and Quarrying
- 7 Grain Milling
- 8 Bread and Flour Confectionery
- 9 Biscuits
- 10 Bacon Curing, Meat and Fish Products
- 11 Milk Products
- 12 Sugar
- 13 Cocoa, Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery
- 14 Fruit and Vegetable Products
- 15 Animal and Poultry Foods
- 16 Margarine
- 17 Starch and Miscellaneous Foods
- 18 Brewing and Malting
- 19 Spirit Distilling and Compounding
- 20 Soft Drinks, British Wines, Cider and Perry
- 21 Tobacco
- 22 Coke Ovens and Manufactured Fuel
- 23 Mineral Oil Refining
- 24 Lubricating Oils and Greases 25 Dyestuffs
- 26 Fertilizers and Chemicals for Pest Control
- 27 General Chemicals
- 28 Pharmaceutical Preparations
- 29 Toilet Preparations
- 30 Explosives and Fireworks 31 Paint and Printing Ink
- 32 Vegetable and Animal Oils and Fats
- 33 Soap, Detergents, Candles and Glycerine 34 Synthetic Resins and Plastics Materials
- 35 Polishes
- 36 Gelatine, Adhesives, etc. 37 Iron and Steel (General) 38 Steel Tubes

- 39 Iron Castings, etc.
- 40 Non-ferrous Metals 41 Agricultural Machinery (except Tractors)
- 42 Metal-working Machine Tools
- 43 Engineers' Small Tools and Gauges
- 44 Industrial Engines
- 45 Textile Machinery and Accessories 46 Contractors' Plant and Quarrying Machinery
- 47 Mechanical Handling Equipment
- 48 Office Machinery 49 Miscellaneous (Non-electrical) Machinery
- 50 Industrial Plant and Steelwork
- 51 Ordnance and Small Arms
- 52 General Mechanical Engineering
- 53 Scientific, Surgical and Photographic Instruments, etc.
- 54 Watches and Clocks
- 55 Electrical Machinery
- 56 Insulated Wires and Cables
 57 Telegraph and Telephone Apparatus
- 58 Radio and Other Electronic Apparatus
 59 Domestic Electrical Appliances
- 60 Miscellaneous Electrical Goods
- 61 Shipbuilding and Marine Engineering
- 62 Motor Vehicle Manufacturing
- 63 Motor Cycle, Three-wheel Vehicle and Pedal
- Cycle Manufacturing
- 64 Aircraft Manufacturing and Repairing 65 Locomotives and Railway Track Equipment
- 66 Railway Carriages and Wagons and Trams 67 Perambulators, Hand-trucks, etc.
- 68 Tools and Implements

Part No. and title

- 69 Cutlery
- 70 Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Rivets, etc.
- 71 Wire and Wire Manufactures 72 Cans and Metal Boxes
- 73 Jewellery, Plate and Refining of Precious Metals
- 74 Miscellaneous Metal Manufactures 75 Production of Man-made Fibres
- 76 Spinning and Doubling of Cotton, Flax and Man-made Fibres
- 77 Weaving of Cotton, Linen and Man-made Fibres
- 78 Woollen and Worsted
- 79 Jute
- 80 Rope, Twine and Net
- 81 Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods
- 82 Lace
- 83 Carpets
- 84 Narrow Fabrics
- 85 Household Textiles and Handkerchiefs
- 86 Canvas Goods and Sacks
- 87 Textile Finishing
- 88 Asbestos
- 89 Miscellaneous Textile Industries
- 90 Leather (Tanning and Dressing) and Fellmongery
 91 Leather Goods
- 92 Fur
- 93 Weatherproof Outerwear
- 94 Men's and Boys' Tailored Outerwear 95 Women's and Girls' Tailored Outerwear
- 96 Overalls and Men's Shirts, Underwear, etc. 97 Dresses, Lingerie, Infants' Wear, etc.
- 98 Hats, Caps and Millinery 99 Corsets and Miscellaneous Dress Industries
- 100 Gloves
- 101 Footwear 102 Bricks, Fireclay and Refractory Goods
- 103 Pottery
- 104 Glass 105 Cement
- 106 Abrasives
- 107 Miscellaneous Building Materials, etc.
- 108 Timber
- 109 Furniture and Upholstery 110 Bedding and Soft Furnishings
- 111 Shop and Office Fitting 112 Wooden Containers and Baskets
- 113 Miscellaneous Wood and Cork Manufactures
- 114 Paper and Board 115 Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Fibre-board Packing Cases
- 118 Miscellaneous Manufactures of Paper and Board 117 Printing and Publishing of Newspapers and
- Periodicals 118 General Printing, Publishing, Bookbinding, Engraving, etc.
- 119 Rubber
- 120 Linoleum, Leathercloth, etc.
- 121 Brushes and Brooms
- 122 Toys, Games and Sports Equipment
- 123 Miscellaneous Stationers' Goods
- 124 Plastics Moulding and Fabricating 125 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries
- 126 Construction
- 127 Gas
- 128 Electricity
- 129 Water Supply
- 130 Index of Products
- 131 Summary Volume 132 Summary Volume
- 133 Summary Volume

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