BOARD OF TRADE

S 42 [HA 25]

The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

Volume 2: Industry O

OILS AND GREASES

Presented by the Board of Parks & Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 & 11 Geo. 6 Ch. 39, Sec. 7)

LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

1957

PRICE is 6d NET

The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 2 INDUSTRY O

OILS AND GREASES

THIS REPORT on the Oils and Greases Industry relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in blending mineral, amimal or vegetable lubricating oils (except at refineries), in the production of cycle and motor oils, cart grease, etc., and of dripping, suet, tallow, premier jus, oleostearine and other animal (except marine animal) oils, fats and greases (except lard), and in the production and refining of fish liver oil.

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 39(1) and (3) in the Standard Industrial Classification.

There were no larger establishments in Northern Ireland in the register for this industry.

LIST OF TABLES

Table	No.	Title	Page	Table No.	Title	Page
1		Industry summary: estimates for the industry as a whole	2/0/3	6	Sales of principal products of the industry by estab- lishments classified to other industries	2/0/6
2		Summary of returns received	2/0/3		camera for the realisters and order	
				7	Sales in the industry of other than principal products	2/0/6
3		Analysis by size, 1954	2/0/4		Tally but putting and the van	
				8	Total make of intermediate products	Does not apply
4		Analysis according to specialisation within the	2/0/4			-PP-1
		industry, 1954		9	Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954	2/0/7
5		Sales of principal products	2/0/5	10	Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments	2/0/8
		Sales of principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries		11	Employment in α specified week	2/0/8

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In interpreting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

S HZ [HA 25]

The following notes describe terms in general use in the tables of the report. More detailed explanations of the terms used and a description of the scope and method of taking the census are given in the separate booklet entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1954 - Introductory Notes' (price 1s. 6d.

Industrial Classification: Establishments are classified to industries according to the nature of their output and, as far as possible, in conformity with the Standard Industrial Classification. Certain products are identified as the principal products of individual industries, the principal products for a given industry being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. The principle of classification normally followed is that an establishment is classified to an industry if its output of the principal products of that industry accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of the principal products of any other industry.

Specialist producers normally comprise those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the characteristic products of the specialist group.

Intermediate products: For some industries figures are given showing the total quantities made during the year of intermediate products, i.e., products which may be further processed in the establishments in which they

Larger establishments: The information given in the report relates mainly to 'larger establishments', i.e., establishments of firms employing on the average more than 10 persons. In most cases an establishment com-prises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a mine or factory). Offices, warehouses, laboratories and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are not regarded as separate establishments and are included in the return for the works.

Small firms are those employing on the average 10 or

The estimates for the industry as a whole given in Table 1 are normally obtained by increasing the other items shown in the same proportion as total employment.

Gross output (production) is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year: it is obtained by adjusting the value of sales and work done during the year for changes in the value of stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used, the amount paid for work given out, and, for 1951 and 1954, any transport payments made. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents; rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits.

Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. The value of sales is the net selling value, i.e., the amount charged to customers, whether on an ex-works or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the f.o.b. value.

Materials and fuel: The total cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production, and of fuel (includ-

ing oil, gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing materials, including the full cost of returnable cases when first purchased; workshop and office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by firms' own workpeople included in their returns; consumable tools; and parts for machinery purchased as replacements. Purchases of goods for merchanting are excluded. The cost of materials and fuel used, given in Table 2, is obtained by adjusting purchases for changes during the year in the value of stocks.

Stocks: Firms were required to give stocks of materials and fuel, products on hand for sale, and work in progress, at income tax values.

Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is normally included in the cost of materials. Finished goods are similarly valued as they were sold, duty-paid or duty-free. The net amount of any duty paid is deducted in arriving at net output.

Employment: Total employment includes working proprietors, administrative, technical and clerical employees, and operatives, but excludes outworkers, canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return, who are shown separately as excluded employees. Employees are persons on the pay-roll (i.e., persons whose National Insurance cards were held by employers), whether employed full-time or part-time.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, together with members of their families who worked in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded. For Northern Ireland directors of limited companies (other than those paid by fee only) are also included.

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include directors, other than those paid by fee only (except in Northern Ireland); managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, i.e., broadly speaking, all manual workers.

Outworkers are persons employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm in their own homes.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions without any deductions for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure includes expenditure on new building work, and on plant, machinery and vehicles, charged to capital account during the year, including any transport and installation costs involved. It includes expenditure in respect of establishments in Great Britain which had not begun production before the end of the year (which has not previously been included in the Census of Production reports for individual industries).

Symbols used:

- .. for not available
- for nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown).

Where figures are rounded, e.g., given to the nearest £ thousand, there may be apparent slight discrepancies between the sums of constituent items and the totals shown. In some cases, figures have been combined with others of a similar nature where publication of separate details might disclose information relating to an individual undertaking.

OILS AND GREASES Industry summary

Estimates for the industry as a whole

TABLE 1

		United Kingdo	Scotland	Wales	
The state of the s	1948	1951	1954	1954	1954
	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Gross output (production)	36.8	55.9	63.6	2.10	0.34
Net output	10.1	13.3	21.8	0.64	0.14
Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year Change during year	5.0	6.8	6.8	0.14	0.05
Capital expenditure less disposals (a)	0.7	2.2	1.2	0.08	0.01
Wages and salaries	4.3	5.3	6.6	0.27	0.06
Total employment (including	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
working proprietors)	11.3	11.7	12.6	0.57	0.13

(a) Capital expenditure on new building work, plant, machinery and vehicles (including (except in 1948) that incurred in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production), less amounts received for plant, machinery and vehicles disposed of.

Summary of returns received

TABLE 2

		Unit	Great Britain	United Kingdom		
2 (2) (40)		July 1	1948	1951	1954	
IRMS EMPLOYING ON AVERA	GE MORE THAN 10 PERSONS				1	
Number of establishments Total value of sales and Products on hand for sale	Fork done	No. £'000	171 31,294 1,805	178 48,078	174 56.059	
and work in progress Gross output (production)) change during warn		+ 327 30.952	2,389 + 915	+ 2,555	
Purchases of materials and	l fuel			48,993	56,335	
Stocks of materials and fu	nel {at beginning of year change during year	".	22,905	36.763 3.559	35,544	
Payment for work done on m	nsed	:	+ 516 22,389	+ 888 35,875	+ 200 35,344	
rdyment for transport (b)	SERVE WHEN POLICE	:	668	127 1,307	77	
Net output Average number of employee	s { operatives others	No.	8,520 5,306	11,685	19,297	
Total employment (d) Net output per person empl	Cothers	 £	4,146(c) 9,468 900	5,850 4,427 10,289 1,136	6.559 4.577 11.142 1.732	
ages and salaries	{ of operatives of others	£, 000	1.526 2.098	2.037	2,724	
Capital expenditure New building work (e)				1001	3,109	
Plant and machinery	{ acquisitions (e) disposals	:	154 267	610 1,045	175 408	
Vehicles	{acquisitions (e) disposals		6 198 50	12 383	16 536	
RMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAG	E 10 OR FEWER PERSONS		30	72	169	
Number of returns Total employment, includ proprietors		No.	257	256 (f)	236	
a) For the year 1948 grow	1986	"	1,389	1,387(f)	1,325	

(a) For the year 1948 gross output excludes payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold.

For subsequent years gross output includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services.

(b) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For the year 1948 payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold. For subsequent years they cover payments for transport of both finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased.

(c) Number in week ended September 25, 1948.

(d) Including working proprietors.

(e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production. (f) Excluding Northern Ireland. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for 1951.

Analysis by size, 1954

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 3

[1] (1) [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Estab-	Gross	Net	Employ	yees	Wages and	salaries	Capital expenditure	Net outpu per person
Average number employed (a)	lish- ments	output	output	Operatives	Others	Operatives		(b)	employed (a)
	Number	£,000	£, 000	Number	Number	£, 000	£, 000	£, 000	3
11 - 24(c) 25 - 49 50 - 99	62 55 31	5.243 8.432 10.109	1,334 2,322 3,029	668 1,146 1,351	428 697 846	304 490 556	271 438 575	112 203 179	1.213 1.258 1.379
100 - 199 200 - 299 400 - 749	16 5 5	10.769 4.728 17.054	3.461 1.246 7.905	1,246 647 1,501	1,048 482 1,076	568 265 541	695 370 760	285 123 218	1,509 1,104 3,068
Total	174	56,335	19,297	6.559	4.577	2.724	3,109	1,119	1.732

(a) Including working proprietors.
 (b) Capital expenditure on new building work and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles.
 Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

 (c) Including a small number of establishments with fewer than 11 persons employed, particulars of which were included with those for larger establishments on a single return.

Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 4	BLE 4			Specialist producers of		
		Unit	Lubricating oils and greases	Animal oils and greases	of the industry	Total
and work in progress Gross output (production) Purchases of materials and is Stocks of materials and fuel Cost of materials and fuel is Payment for work done on main Payment for transport Net output Average number of employees Total employment (a) Net output per person employ	at beginning of year change during year change during year change during year ased terials given out	No. £'000	100 39,204 37,721 1,618 + 85 39,289 23,421 2,629 + 170 23,251 21 1,220 14,797 3,582 3,512 7,097 2,085 1,552 2,427	\$2 8,857 6,672 287 + 100 8,957 6,106 485 + 13 6,093 210 2,654 1,737 565 2,305 1,151 663 320	22 7,998 650 + 91 8,089 6,017 365 + 17 6,000 243 { 1,847 1,240 500 1,740 1,061 509 362	174 56.059 2.555 + 277 56.335 35.544 3.479 + 200 35.344 77 1.618 19.297 6.559 4.577 11.142 1.732 2.724 3.109
Capital expenditure New building work (b) Plant and machinery Vehicles	{acquisitions (b) disposals acquisitions (b) disposals		118 207 5 431 147	45 115 2 85 18	11 86 9 19 5	175 408 16 536 169

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5

to manage some meaningly and the	19	51	1954			
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Entries	
Lubricating oils (excluding greases) (a)	Th.gal.	£,000	Th.gal.	£,000	Number	
Consisting solely of mineral oils (including	15,628	3.197	30,216	8.404	h	
white oils)	Th.tons 246.7	12,020	Th.tons	0.404	77	
	Th.gal.	12,020	Th.gal.	8,434	1	
Consisting of mineral oils compounded with	9,693	2.417	37,631	7.797	73	
other oils	Th.tons	5,400	Th.tons	8,547	13	
Lubricating greases			2001	0,047		
Black grease	12.6	290	10.4	372	28	
Other	27.6	1,669	28.7	1,615	58	
	Th.gal.			100		
Unclassified	20,597 Th.tons	4.781	96.4	4.075	25	
all all the second seco	83.5	4.265	h	D0 a 2 V pl		
	Th.gal.	The part of	Th.gal.			
Total lubricating oils and greases	45,918 Th.tons	10,394	67.847 Th.tons	16,201	1	
	474.6	23,643	464.1	23,043	1	
Animal (except marine animal) oils, fats	Th.tons		Th. tons			
Tallow	15.1	1.575	34.2	2,292	112	
Dripping	26.2	3,448	32.6	3,179	181	
Suet and other edible fats not elsewhere		Cancerna and	and the life of the last of	e getallogte		
specified	6.6	1,273	9.7	1,391	47	
Other animal oils, fats and greases (except lard) (b)						
Unrefined	17.7	1,591	28.0	1,713	99	
Refined	7.2	804	24.6	2,912	44	
Unclassified	2.2	122	1		11	
Offerdassified	•	18	1		•	
Total animal oils, fats and greases (except lard)	75.0	8,812 18	129.1	11.487		
Fish and marine animal oil, refined	Th.tons		Th.tons			
Cod and other fish liver oil	a strait date	estation and	to the state of the state of	Service State of the	da (S	
Medicinal	5.3	1,311	3.8	926		
Other, including veterinary	13.9	2,081	19.7	2.204	12	
Other oils, mixed or not, including colloidal oils used for lubricating purposes (c)	24.1	1,889	38.9	2.799	} 46	
Raw (including degreased) bones and bone pieces	14.6	270	20.3	400	20	
Waste products, including greaves		185		204	27	
Fork done for the Ministry of Food on material owned by the Ministry (d)	-	105	in consent knows to	113	9	
Nork done for the trade or on commission (d)		64		290	11	
Total		49,577		58,268		
Sales in other industries (see Table 6)		5,178		6,489		
Principal products of this industry sold			and the second second	0,400		
by establishments in the industry		44,400		51,779	151	

(a) Excluding output of refineries, for which see the Mineral Oil Refining Industry (Volume 2. Industry N).
(b) For lard, see the Bacon Curing and Sausage Industry (Volume 8. Industry D).
(c) Excluding mineral oils, fish and marine animal oils other than refined fish liver oils, vegetable and seed oils.
(d) Amount charged.

(84372)

⁽a) Including working proprietors.(b) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries: Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 6

		1954		Principal		
	Quantity	Value	Entries	industries in which produced (a		
and the second s	Th.gal.	£.000	Number			
	J 433	92	Π			
Lubricating oils (excluding greases)	Th. tons	36	11	2C, 2E, 2I, 2J		
Lubricating greases	2.6	79		2I, 2J		
Unclassified oils and greases		283	16	2I, 2J, 2K, 3L		
Total lubricating oils and greases		490				
Animal (except marine animal) oils, fats and greases	Th. tons			ALLA DESTA		
Tallow	11.0	701	62	2C, 2Q, 8D, 9C		
Dripping, suet and other edible fats not elsewhere specified	13.7	1,736	193	2J. 2Q. 8D. 9A		
Other animal oils, fats and greases (except lard)	10 Property of the second					
Unrefined (b)	20.5	1,099	80	2C, 2Q, 6C, 9C		
Re fined	6.6	491	14	2E, 2I, 2P, 2Q		
Total animal oils, fats and greases (except lard)	51.8	4,028				
Unclassified cod and other fish liver oils	0.8	97		2P		
Other oils, mixed or not, including colloidal oils used for lubricating purposes	21.5	1.228 646(c)	26	2J, 2P, 3I, 6D		
Total		6,489		8830835 10		

⁽a) The volume number and industry references given are to the industries shown in the list at the back of this report.
(b) Including raw bones (including degreased), hollow bones and bone pieces.
(c) Including amount charged for work done for the Ministry of Food.

Sales in the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 7

	1954		
A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T	Quantity	Value	
	Th. tons	£,000	
Fish and marine animal oils other than refined fish liver oils	1.6	108	
Vegetable and seed oils (other than essential) refined	3.7	339	
Feeding stuffs for animals, poultry, etc., (except dog foods)	32.7	1.462	
Fertilisers prepared or manufactured	wisting participation and		
Manufactured fertilisers of meat meal, meat and bone meal, bone meal, steamed bone flour and meal, and hoof and horn meal	17.5	525	
Other sorts	0.8	35	
Soap for household and industrial purposes	Antone Sk hard 1000181	103	
Chemical manufactures		466	
Bladders, casings and sausage skins	••	85	
Tripe, dressed	••	24	
	Th.cwt.		
Disinfectants and antiseptics	35	28	
DISTRICT CHARGE CAR CE 1239 Page 1	Th.tons	ALAST SERVICE	
Gelatine, glue and size (animal)	0.4	- 33	
	10 000 0 10 12. D 000 00 00	1,074	
Other goods Total		4,280	

OILS AND GREASES

TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom This table is not applicable to the industry.

Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 9

	Quantity	Cost
Materials	Th.gal.	£*000
Oils, fats and greases		
Petroleum	56,969 Th.tons	5,857
	280.6	6,417
Lubricating oils and greases		4,413
Whale oil	2.1	138
Sperm oil	1.2	98
Fish oil	12.4	1,067
Tallow	14.3	1,110
Raw fats	54.9	2,136
Vegetable seed oils	8.8	944
Other oils, fats and greases	61.0	3,906
Bones	78.9	801
	4	94
Packing materials		
Of metal		2,958
Of timber and containers made of timber		79
Other	God Mar adamas	485
Replacement parts for firms own plant, machinery and vehicles and consumable tools bought as replacements		375
All other purchased materials		3,583
nel and electricity	Th.tons	3,303
Coal	82.7	207
Coke	3.4	327
Liquid fuel (including creosote/pitch mixtures)		18
For use in internal combustion engines	Th.gal.	
Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles	111941	
and derv. fuel	1,785	359
Other	165	5
For burning in furnaces, boilers, kilns, etc.	5,229	188
Gas purchased	Th.therms	
From Gas Boards	h	
From other sources, including other departments of the same firms	516	28
Electricity purchased	Th.kWh.	
From Electricity Boards		
From other sources, including other departments	21,325	135
of the same firms	154	1
All other purchased fuel		
Total cost		23
Istal cost		35,544

Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments (a)

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

	1951	1954
	Number	Number
verage number of employees		
Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical employees	5,850 4,427	6.559 4.577
Total	10,277	11,136
	£, 000	£,000
ages and salaries paid to		
Operatives	2,037	2.724
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	2,631	3,109
Total	4,668	5,833
The state of the s	£	£
ages and salaries per head		
Operatives	348	415
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	594	679
uperannuation and other pension funds for employees and dependents (b)	(4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	€,000
		246
Employers' contributions		Number
	ing w	4,532
Employees covered		€,000
		2 000
Pension, etc. payments to former employees and		60

(a) The following persons not included above were also employed by larger establishments in this industry ('other workers' includes, for example, employees engaged in merchanting):

SHOW THE HOUSE SHOW THE SAME SHOWS A	1951	1954
Canteen workers Male Female	Number 5 114	Number 6 104
To tal	119	110
Other workers Male Female	1.036 156	773 140
Total	1,192	913
Total excluded employees	1,311	1,023

(b) The figures given relate to larger establishments in Great Britain only.

Employment in a specified week (a) Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 11	1		armani regali	nedly, but but	OS ROSSION S	Number		
	Statement Statement	1951			1954			
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total		
Working proprietors	12	-	12	6	el company	6		
Operatives	4,916	1,120	6,036	5,507	1,413	6,920		
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	3.047	1.496	4,543	3,016	1,593	4,609		
Total employees	7,963	2,616	10,579	8,523	3,006	11,529		

(a) Week ended September 22, 1951, or October 30, 1954.

LIST OF INDUSTRY REPORTS

VOLUME 1

- A. Coal Mines B. Non-Metalliferous Mines and Quarries (other than Coal, Salt and Slate)
- C. Salt Mines, Brine Pits and Salt Works
- D. Slate Quarries and Mines
- E. Metalliferous Mines and Quarries
- F. Brick and Fireclay
 G. China and Earthenware
- H. Glass Containers
- I. Glass (other than Containers)
- K. Abrasives
- L. Building Materials
 M. Manufactured Fuel

VOLUME 2

- A. Coke Ovens and By-products
 B. Dyes and Dyestuffs
 C. Fertiliser, Disinfectant, Insecticide and Allied Industries
- D. Coal Tar Products
 E. Chemicals (General)
 F. Drugs and Pharmaceutical

- Preparations
 G. Toilet Preparations and Perfumery
 H. Explosives and Fireworks
- Paint and Varnish
- J. Soap, Candles and Glycerine K. Polishes
- N. Mineral Oil Refining
- O. Oils and Greases
 P. Seed Crushing and Oil Refining
 Q. Glue, Gum, Paste, and Allied
- Industries
 R. Plastics Materials

VOLUME 3

- A. Blast Furnaces
 B. Iron and Steel (Melting and Rolling)
 C. Iron Foundries
 D. Steel Sheets

- E. Tinplate
 F. Wrought Iron and Steel Tubes
 G. Non-Ferrous Metals (Smelting,
- Rolling, etc.)
 H. Scrap Metal Processing
 I. Motor Vehicles and Cycles
- (Manufacturing)
 J. Motor Vehicles and Cycles
- (Repairing)
 K. Aircraft Manufacture and Repair
 L. Railway Locomotive Shops and
 Locomotive Manufacturing
- M. Railway Carriages and Wagons
- N. Carts, Perambulators, etc.

VOLUME 4

- A. Shipbuilding and Ship Repairing
- B. Marine Engineering C. Machine Tools
- D. Textile Machinery and Accessories
- E. Small Arms
- F. Constructional Engineering
- G. Mechanical Handling Equipment

VOLUME 4 (contd.)

- H. Printing and Bookbinding Machinery
- I. Mechanical Engineering (General)
 J. Mechanical Engineering (Repairing)
 K. Electrical Engineering (General)
- Electric Wires and Cables
- M. Radio and Telecommunications
 N. Batteries and Accumulators
 O. Electric Lighting Accessories and

VOLUME 5

- A. Tool and Implement
- B. Cutlery
 C. Chain, Nail, Screw and
- Miscellaneous Forgings
 D. Wire and Wire Manufactures
 E. Hardware, Hollow-ware, Metal
 Furniture and Sheet Metal
- F. Brass Manufactures
- G. Needles, Pins, Fish Hooks and
 Metal Smallwares
 H. Scientific, Surgical and
 Photographic Instruments, etc.
 I. Watch and Clock
 J. Jewellery and Plate
 K. Precious Metals Refining
 L. Musical Instruments

VOLUME 6

- A. Cotton Spinning and Doubling
- B. Cotton Weaving
- C. Woollen and Worsted
- D. Rayon, Nylon, etc. Production E. Rayon, Nylon, etc. Weaving, and Silk
- F. Flax Processing
- G. Linen and Soft Hemp
- H. Inte
- I. Rope, Twine and Net Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods
- Lace
- L. Carpets M. Narrow Fabrics
- N. Canvas Goods and Sacks
 O. Textile Converting
 P. Made-up Household Textiles
 Q. Textile Finishing
 R. Textile Packing

VOLUME 7

- A. Asbestos
- B. Flock and Rag Hair, Fibre and Kindred
- Industries
 D. Leather (Tanning and Dressing)
- E. Fellmongery
 F. Leather Goods
- G. Fur H. Tailoring, Dressmaking, etc. Hats, Caps and Millinery

- K. Umbrella and Walking Stick
- L. Boot and Shoe

VOLUME 8

- A. Grain Milling
 B. Bread and Flour Confectionery
- C. Biscuit
- D. Bacon Curing and Sausage

VOLUME 8 (contd.)

- E. Preserved Meat
- Milk Products Ice Cream
- H. Sugar and Glucose
 I. Cocoa, Chocolate and Sugar Confectionery
- J. Preserved Fruit and Vegetables

VOLUME 9

- A. Margarine
- B. Fish Curing
- Cattle, Dog and Poultry Foods
 Vinegar and Other Condiments
 Starch

- G. Miscellaneous Preserved Foods
 H. Brewing and Malting
 I. Wholesale Bottling
- J. Spirit Distilling
 K. Spirit Rectifying and
- Compounding
 L. Soft Drinks, British Wines
- and Cider
 M. Tobacco

VOLUME 10

- A. Timber
- B. Furniture and Upholstery
- Soft Furnishings
- Shop and Office Fitting
- E. Wooden Containers and Baskets
- F. Paper and Board Wallpaper
- H. Cardboard Box, Carton and
- Fibre-board Packing Case Manufactured Stationery, Paper Bag and Kindred Industries
- J. Newspaper and Periodical
 Printing and Publishing
 K. Printing and Publishing,
 Bookbinding, Engraving, etc.

VOLUME 11

- A. Rubber
 B. Linoleum, Leathercloth and
- Allied Industries
- C. Brushes and Brooms
 D. Toys and Games

- . Toys and Games
 . Sports Requisites
 . Miscellaneous Stationers' Goods
 . Cinematograph Film Production
 . Cinematograph Film Printing
 . Plastic Goods and Fancy Articles
 . Incandescent Mantles

VOLUME 12

- A. Building and Contracting
- B. Local Authorities (Building and
- B. Local Authorities (Building a Civil Engineering)
 C. Railways (Civil Engineering)
 D. Tramway, Trolley Bus and Omnibus Undertakings (Civil Engineering)
 E. Canal, Dock and Harbour Undertakings (Civil Engineering)
 F. Cana

- F. Gas Supply Industry
- G. Electricity Supply Industry
 H. Water Undertakings

Crown copyright reserved

Printed and published by
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

To be purchased from
York House, Kingsway, London w.c.2
423 Oxford Street, London w.1
13A Castle Street, Edinburgh 2
109 St Mary Street, Cardiff
39 King Street, Manchester 2
Tower Lane, Bristol 1
2 Edmund Street, Birmingham 3
80 Chichester Street, Belfast
or through any bookseller

Printed in Great Britain