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OF POLITICAL AND

Business Monitor

A publication of the Government Statistical Service

Report on the Census of Production

Gramophone records and tape recordings
Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment



Department of Industry
Business Statistics Office

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Enquiries:
Business Statistics Office
Cardiff Road
Newport, Gwent
NPT 1XG
Newport 56111 (STD code 0633) ext 2455
Telex 497121/497122
Answer Back BSO Newport

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Business Monitor

A publication of the Government Statistical Service

Report on the Census of Production 1972

Gramophone records and tape recordings
Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment

Presented by the Secretary of State for Industry to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act 1947 (10 & 11 Geo.6 Cha.39 sec 7)

Department of Industry
Business Statistics Office

London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office 1975

A1001	Introductory notes	PA370	Shipbuilding and marine engineering
A101	Coal mining	PA380	Wheeled tractor manufacturing
A102	Stone and slate quarrying and mining	PA381	Motor vehicle manfacturing
A 103	Chalk, clay, sand and gravel extraction	PA382	Trailers, caravans and freight containers Motor cycle, tricycle and pedal cycle
A104 A109	Petroleum and natural gas Miscellaneous mining and quarrying	FA302	manufacturing
A211	Grain milling	PA383	Aerospace equipment, manufacturing and repair
A212	Bread and flour confectionery	PA384	Locomotives, railway track equipment, railway
A213	Biscuits		carriages, wagons and trams
A214	Bacon curing, meat and fish products	PA390	Engineers' small tools and gauges
A215	Milk and milk products	PA391	Hand tools and implements
A216	Sugar	PA392	Cutlery, spoons, forks and plated tableware, etc
A217	Cocoa, chocolate and sugar confectionery	PA393	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, etc.
A218	Fruit and vegetable products	PA394 PA395	Wire and wire manufactures Cans and metal boxes
A219 A221	Animal and poultry foods Vegetable and animal oils and fats		Jewellery and precious metals
	Margarine		Metal furniture
	Starch and miscellaneous foods		Drop forgings, etc.
A231	Brewing and malting		Metal hollow-ware
A232	Soft drinks		Miscellaneous metal manufacture
	Spirit distilling and compounding		Production of man-made fibres
	British wines, cider and perry	PA412 PA413	Spinning and doubling on the cotton and flax sy
	Tobacco Coke ovens and manufactured fuel	PA413 PA414	Weaving of cotton, linen and man-made fibres Woollen and worsted
A261 A262	Mineral oil refining	PA415	Jute
A263	Lubricating oils and greases	PA416	Rope, twine and net
	Inorganic chemicals	PA417	Hosiery and other knitted goods
	Organic chemicals		Warp knitting
	Miscellaneous chemicals	PA418	Lace
	Pharmaceutical chemicals and preparations	PA419	Carpets
	Toilet preparations	PA421	Narrow fabrics
	Paint Soon and detergents		Household textiles and handkerchiefs Canvas goods and sacks and other made-up
	Soap and detergents Synthetic resins and plastics materials and	1 7422.2	textiles
	synthetic rubber	PA423	Textile finishing
	Dyestuffs and pigments		Asbestos
	Fertilizers	PA429.2	Miscellaneous textiles
	Polishes	PA431	Leather (tanning and dressing) and fellmongery
	Formulated adhesives, gelatine, etc.	PA432	Leather goods
	Explosives and fireworks	PA433	Fur
	Formulated pesticides, etc.	PA441 PA442	Weatherproof outerwear Men's and boys' tailored outerwear
	Printing ink Surgical bandages, etc.	PA443	Women's and girls' tailored outerwear
4279.7	Photographic chemical materials	PA444	Overalls and men's shirts, underwear, etc.
	Iron and steel (general)	PA445	Dresses, lingerie, infants' wear, etc.
	Steel tubes	PA446	Hats, caps and millinery
	Iron castings, etc.		Corsets and miscellaneous dress industries
	Aluminium and aluminium alloys	PA449.2	
	Copper, brass and other copper alloys		Footwear
4323 4331	Miscellaneous base metals Agricultural machinery (except tractors)	PA461.1	Refractory goods Building bricks and non-refractory goods
A 332	Metal-working machine tools	PA462	
	Pumps, valves and compressors	PA463	Glass
	Industrial engines	PA464	Cement
	Textile machinery and accessories		Abrasives
	Construction and earth-moving equipment	PA469.2	Miscellaneous building materials and mineral
	Mechanical handling equipment		products
	Office machinery	PA471	Timber Furniture and unhalstery
	Mining machinery Printing, bookbinding and paper goods machinery	PA472 PA473	Furniture and upholstery Bedding, etc.
	Refrigerating machinery, space heating,	PA474	Shop and office fittings
	ventilating and air-conditioning equipment	PA475	Wooden containers and baskets
	Food and drink processing machinery and	PA479	Miscellaneous wood and cork manufactures
	packaging and bottling machinery	PA481	Paper and board
	Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery	PA482.1	Cardboard boxes, cartons and fibre-board
	Scales and weighing machinery and portable	DA 402.2	packing cases
	power tools	PA482.2	Packaging products of paper and associated materials
	Industrial (including process) plant and steelwork Process plant engineering contractors	PA483	Manufactured stationery
	Ordnance and small arms		Wallcovering
State of the state	Ball and roller bearings		Miscellaneous manufactures of paper and boar
	Precision chains and other mechanical engineering	PA485	Printing and publishing of newspapers and
1351	Photographic and document copying equipment		periodicals
	Watches and clocks	PA489	General printing, publishing, etc.
	Surgical instruments and appliances	PA491	Rubber
	Scientific and industrial instruments and systems	PA492	Linoleum, plastics floor-covering,
	Electrical machinery	PA493	leathercloth, etc. Brushes and brooms
1362	Insulated wires and cables Telegraph and telephone apparatus and equipment		Toys, games and children's carriages
	Radio and electronic components		Sports equipment
	Gramophone records and tape recordings	PA495	Miscellaneous stationers' goods
	Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing	PA496	Plastics products
	equipment	PA499.1	Musical instruments
	Electronic computers		Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
	Radio, radar and electronic capital goods	PA601	Gas
1368	Electrical appliances primarily for domestic use	PA602	Electricity
	Electrical equipment for motor vehicles, cycles and aircraft	PA603	Water supply Summary tables
	and an craft	1/1002	Summary tables

					ECORDINGS	
PADOC	BROADCAST	RECEIVING	AND	SOUND	REPRODUCING	EQUIPMENT

The information in this report relates to establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings industry, minimum list heading 365.1; Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industry, minimum list heading 365.2 in the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). The activities of the industry include:

- (i) Manufacturing gramophone records and pre-recorded tape including video tape.
- (ii) Manufacturing radio and television receivers, radiograms and gramophones, tape recorders (including video tape recorders), dictating machines, etc., audio equipment, AF (audio frequency) amplifiers, tape decks and similar machines (excluding tape decks for use with electronic computers) and public address systems.

Prior to 1972, for census purposes, the manufacture of Gramophone records and tape recordings, broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment formed part of the Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industry and separate figures are not available. This report is, therefore, presented in three parts:- Gramophone records and tape recordings, broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment, MLH 365, 1970, 1971 and 1972; Gramophone records and tape recordings, MLH 365.1, 1972; Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment, MLH 365.2, 1972.

In interpreting the data in the tables it is essential to bear in mind the notes and definitions which commence on page (iii).

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Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments empl	oving 25 or
more persons, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1972	r Does no apply

Primary and secondary batteries
Electric lamps, electric light fittings, wiring

Input and output, 1970, 1971 and 1972
All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings and Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industries (a)

	_			
manufacture to replications off to later business	Unit	1970	1971	1972
Enterprises	Number	181	174	180
Establishments	n	202	198	193
Sales of goods produced and work done	£,000	308,167	363,261	430,301
Services rendered to other organisations (b)	edises II planta as	4,207	4,220	26,929
Goods merchanted or factored	Н	38,878	42,328	5 20,929
Canteen takings	II Å	592	622	710
Total sales and work done	п	351,844	410,431	457,939
Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale	Transis desired and the second	8,185	1,588	7,429
Gross output	11	360,029	412,020	465,368
lost of purchases	II	209,814	243,283	307,828
Increase during the year, stocks of materials, stores and fuel	П	2,937	3,044	11,498
Payments to other organisations for work done on materials given out	п	3,900	1,977	
for transport by road	11	1,317	1,495	5,899
for transport by rail, water, air and Post Office parcel services	11	497	647	689
Cost of Artists' royalties, fees and copyright payments, etc.	11	5,121	4,924	2,937
Receipts on account of Performing rights, royalties and copyrights, etc.	auber III er be	- 2,529	- 4,235	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Total costs	II	215,182	245,047	305,855
Net output	11	144,846	166,973	159,514
Total employment (including working proprietors) (c)	Thousands	52.0	47.4	48.5
Net output per head	£	2,787	3,524	3,289

(a) For 1972, estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons, accounted for 8 per cent of the total figures in which they were incorporated: of this unsatisfactory returns accounted for 6 per cent.

(b) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered.

(c) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.

Input and output, 1972
All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings and Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industries (a)

1971 1972	Unit	Gramophone records and tape recordings	Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment
Enterprises	Number	25	156
Establishments	ni ni	25	168
The state of the s	2,954		New buildingswark
Sales of goods produced and work done	£,000	44,559	385,742
Services rendered to other organisations (b)		3351	3,845
Goods merchanted or factored	See II	6,675	16,409
Canteen takings	asa n	43	667
Total sales and work done	11	51,277	406,662
5 200 B	208.4		Sente El Français
Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale	Gasta II	- 135	7,564
Gross output	11	51,142	414,227
ost of purchases	11 269	18,033	289,795
ncrease during the year, stocks of aterials, stores and fuel	197.7	162	11,336
ayments to other organisations for work done on materials given out	"		3,230
for transport by road		861	1,807
for transport by rail, water, air and Post Office parcel services	hard and III and age.	317	372
ost of Artists' royalties, fees and opyright payments, etc.	п	2,937	end work in progresse as
eceipts on account of Performing rights, oyalties and copyrights, etc.	100.5 11		managericia antarestati
Total costs	E28, 8.10	21,986	283,869
Net output	886 S II	29,156	130,358
otal employment (including working	39 11 37	1 1000	taken laken
roprietors(c)	Thousands	6.2	42.3
Net output per head	£	4,698	3,082

(a) For 1972, estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons, in the Gramophone records and tape recordings industry accounted for 6 per cent of the total figures in which they were incorporated: of this unsatisfactory returns accounted for 5 per cent, for the broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industry the relevant figures are 8 per cent and 6 per cent respectively.

(b) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered.

(c) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.

Capital expenditure and stocks, 1970, 1971 and 1972 All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings and Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industries (a)

	1970	1971	197	2
No.	n Stanta 1	181.	25% 75	Saulity of S
Capital expenditure (b)				
New building work	2,954	1,874	100	
Land and existing buildings		Band Stoe	2,0	44 (c)
Acquisitions	289	583 (c)		
Disposals	586	583 (6)	\forall	
Plant and machinery		B1.64	A Libr bar b	
Acquisitions	4,805	5,206		00. (-)
Disposals	379	386	1,1	22 (c)
Vehicles	n 1	les con	den den	
Acquisitions	944	580		331 (c)
Disposals	268	169		
Total net capital expenditure (c)	7,761	7,687	9,9	996
		1000 gents	clatistan on a	nak drev 101
Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks	Increase	Increase	Increase	Value at end of year
and work in progress at end of 1972	ni i i mesa di	Das 200'	nearlfayon ()	raits to se
		ettela akteur	Tiel to amore	
Materials, stores and fuel	2,937	3,044	11,498	32,441
Work in progress	5,623	- 2,221	6,302	20,110
Goods on hand for sale	2,562	3,809	1,127	15,271
	11,122	4,632	18,928	67,822

(a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.

(b) Capital expenditure in respect of manufacturing establishments where production had not commenced before the end of the year, is included.

(c) Acquisitions less disposals.

Capital expenditure and stocks, 1972
All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings and Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industries (a)

3 9 35 9 8	95		_				£,000
8 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8		15	0.00		ne records recordings	receiving	dcast g and sound ng equipment
Capital expenditure (b)			13			Balla	
New building work			1			1,2	258
Land and existing buildings					389 (c)	Es i	
Acquisitions							
Disposals					9 9		396 (c)
Plant and machinery						THE REAL PROPERTY.	
Acquisitions			1		(4,7	738
Disposals			1	2,	621 (c) {	1971-1	236
Vehicles						1 1	
Acquisitions			1			1,0)35
Disposals			1		42 (c)		246
Total net capital expenditure (c)				3,	052	6,9	945
			188				(1) 五 五 五 五
ncrease in stocks and work in progress, 970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972			038	Increase	Value at end of year	Increase	Value at end of year
Materials, stores and fuel			7700	162	1,858	11,336	30,583
Work in progress				- 24	598	6,326	19,512
Goods on hand for sale				- 111	3,791	1,238	11,480
Total			100	27	6,246	18,900	61,575

⁽a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.

⁽b) Capital expenditure in respect of manufacturing establishments where production had not commenced before the end of the year, is included.

⁽c) Acquisitions less disposals.

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings and Broadcast receiving and sound

reproducing equipment industries (a)

				Emplo	oyees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per					Net	Capital	Total stocks and
Size group (b)	Estab- lish- ments	Enter- prises (c)	es employment	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Total sales and work done (e)	Gross output	Net output	output per head	expen- diture (net) (f)	work in progress at end of year
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	£'000	£,000	£	£	£,000	£,000	£'000	£	£'000	£'000
1-10	88	87	444												
11-24	37	37	622	1,378	684	1,610	1,259	1,168	1,841	15,348	15,352	7,419	3,274	572	2,642
25-99	24	24	1,200		1010			100		20		8			
100-199	12	12	1,996	1,477	514	1,366	833	925	1,621	13,131	13,796	5,078	2,544	538	3,296
200-299	9	9	2,517	1,771	735	1,620	1,140	915	1,551	16,706	16,956	5,088	2,022	330	3,400
300-499	11	11	4,329	2,968	1,361	3,520	2,682	1,186	1,971	41,109	41,607	16,150	3,731	977	7,068
500-1,999	5	5	5,435	4,031	1,404	4,677	2,480	1,160	1,766	53,693	55,437	20,526	3,777	1,454	8,046
2,000 and over	7	6	31,961	23,771	8,190	26,819	11,297	1,128	1,379	317,952	322,219	105,252	3,293	6,125	43,370
			ACT PROPERTY.				5.0								
			and the same of th				25.00		3.8	8 8	ě				A PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY O
Total	193	180	48,504	35,396	12,888	39,611	19,691	1,119	1,528	457,939	465,368	159,514	3,289	9,996	67,82

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Some enterprises control establishments in more than one size group: the sum of the figures for the size groups will therefore exceed the total for the industry.
- (d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (e) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (f) Acquisitions less disposals.

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TABLE 3b

Analysis of establishments by size, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings industry (a)

THE THE PERSON AS	Estab-	Far Montage		Emp1	oyees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per	salaries head			Postal o	Net	Capital	Total stocks and
Size group (b)	lish- ments	Enter- prises	Total employment (b)	Operatives	Others (c)	Operatives	Others (c)	Operatives	Others (c)	Total sales and work done (d)	Gross output	Net output	output per head	expen- diture (net) (e)	work in progress at end of year
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	£,000	£'000	£	£	£'000	£'000	£'000	£	£'000	£'000
1-10	9	9	49												
11-24	3	3	49	179	89	210	164	1,171	1,841	2,268	2,175	1,667	5,652	39	266
25-99	4	4	197		3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	10.70		1/363		1341103		na isaa	3 238	17180	d and
100-499	6	6	1,819	1,250	569	1,592	955	1,274	1,679	15,326	15,575	7,020	3,859	393	2,134
500 and over	3	3	4,092	2,993	1,099	3,967	1,846	1,325	1,680	33,683	33,391	20,468	5,002	2,619	3,846
30.00	A10		346												
NOT YOU	Too I		44			*1 ***				17 000		100.00			
Total	25	25	6,206	4,422	1,757	5,768	2,965	1,304	1,688	51,277	51,142	29,156	4,698	3,052	6,246
(F).						A A STATE OF THE S				44981					

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (d) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (e) Acquisitions less disposals.

TABLE 3 c

Analysis of establishments by size, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industry (a)

STO GOT STO		uite sui	OTTEL INEX	Emplo	yees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per	salaries head	AUTE SEEDING	F1500 09 (0		Ne t output	Capital	Total stocks and work in
Size group (b)	Estab- lish- ments	Enter- prises (c)	Total employment (b)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Total sales and work done (e)	Gross output	Ne t output	per head	expen- diture (net) (f)	progress at end of year
1	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	£,000	£,000	£	£	£'000	£'000	£'000	£	£,000	£,000
1-10	79	78	395	432		5, 789	2.986	1 304	11680	911334	1 11 147	12/16/		2102	9 393
11-24	34	34	573	1,199	595	1,400	1,095	1,168	1,840	13,080	13,176	5,751	2,918	532	2,375
25-49	10	10	348												
50-99	10	10	655							10.13	11.778				
100-199	9	9	1,506	1,145	356	1,083	572	946	1,607	9,187	9,753	3,707	2,462	372	2,577
200-299	9	9	2,517	1,771	735	1,620	1,140	915	1,551	16,706	16,956	5,088	2,021	330	3,400
300-749	8	8	3,000	2,050	950	2,211	1,988	1,079	2,093	29,727	30,075	10,501	3,500	751	5,653
750-2,499	6	5	10,386	7,617	2,769	9,318	4,282	1,223	1,546	124,898	126,828	39,949	3,846	1,786	17,572
2,500 and ove	3	3	22,918	17,192	5,726	18,210	7,649	1,059	1,336	213,064	217,437	65,361	2,852	3,174	29,997
	8	. 8	100												7.
Total	168	156	42,298	30,974	11,131	33,843	16,726	1,093	1,503	406,662	414,227	130,358	3,082	6,945	61,575

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Some enterprises control establishments in more than one size group: the sum of the figures for the size groups will therefore exceed the total for the industry.

- (d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (e) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (f) Acquisitions less disposals.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings and Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment industries

Area	Average employ		Net ca expendi	pital ture (b)	establishmen	and employment in ts with more than ment in the regio	80 per cent of
	or specially to the control of the c	\$10.205ab (•	Estimated net output	Average number employed as a percentage of total average number employed in the industry in the region	Net output as percentage of total of the industry in the United Kingdom
	Thousands	per cent of United Kingdom	£'000	per cent of United Kingdom	£,000		
Standard regions of England							senter Amberti
North	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Yorkshire and Humberside	5.1	10.4	482	4.8	736	4.9	0.5
East Midlands	*	*	*	*	*	*	Absolt To Louis
East Anglia	*	*	*	*	*	*	within the t
South East	*	*	*	*	*	*	Face States
South West	*	*	*	*	*	*	* said asses
West Midlands	2.0	4.1	356	3.6	604	17.5	0.4
North West	0.6	1.3	226	2.3	43	20.4	- 100 - 100
England	45.2	93.1	9,366	93.7	66,580	36.9	41.7
Wales	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Scotland	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Great Britain	*	*	*	*	*	*	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Northern Ireland	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Unallocated (d)	-	5925.1	-	-	80,185	984 -	50.3
United Kingdom	48.5	100.0	9,996	100.0	159,514		100.0

- (a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.
- Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Gramophone records and tape recordings industry

Area		e number yed (a)		eapital iture (b)	establishme	and employment in ents with more than ownent in the region	1 80 per cent of
		Parada Sanga Jan			Estimated net output	Average number employed as a percentage of total average number employed in the industry in the region	Net output as percentage of total of the industry in the United Kingdom
	Thousands	per cent of United Kingdom	£,000	per cent of United Kingdom	£,000	Maraje VIII -	
Standard regions of England							
North	•	•	*	*	*	*	*
Yorkshire and Humberside	-	-	-	-	- 10	-	
East Midlands	-	-	-	-	-		-
East Anglia	-	7/10/70 -	-	-6		-	-
South East	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
South West	-	-	-	-	- 11	-	-
West Midlands	-	2/2	-	-	-		
North West	-	Lad-	-	-	-	- v	
Engl and	6.2	100.0	3,052	100.0	27,300	93.7	93.6
Wales	-	-		-		1	-
Scotland	-	-	-	-		-	-
Great Britain	6.2	100.0	3,052	100.0	27,300	93.7	93.6
Northern Ireland	-	1 34 -	-	-	-		-
Unallocated (d)	-	28- 3		-	1,856		6.4
United Kingdom	6.2	100.0	3,052	100.0	29,156		100.0

- (a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.
- (c) Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972
All United Kingdom establishments classified to the Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment

industry									
Area	Average number employed (a)		Net capital expenditure (b)		Net output and employment in the region of establishments with more than 80 per cent of their employment in the region (c)				
ecor intui	ran lajos	100							
1.0	0.3244 0.5 3.5	10 001 00			Estimated net output	Average number employed as a percentage of total average number employed in the industry	Net output as percentage of total of the industry in the United Kingdom		
	2.7					in the region	i margarik		
	Thousands	per cent	£'000	per cent of	£'000		quadra s tras		
8 20 1	7.3	United Kingdom		United Kingdom	9		radatah radarun		
Standard regions of England	2 45				100		Recessor		
North	1.8	4.3	558	8.0	1,168	42.1	0.9		
Yorkshire and	5.1	12.0	482	7.0	736	4.9	0.6		
Humberside	0.1	*	0.00*	*	*	*	*		
East Midlands		*	*	*	*	*	****		
East Anglia	22.9	54.1	4,054	58.4	30,210	29.8	23.2		
South East South West	*	*	*	*	*	*	•		
West Midlands	2.0	4.7	356	5.1	604	17.5	0.5		
North West	0.6	1.5	226	3.3	43	20.4	mylenä üsätokovas		
Engl and	39.0	92.1	6,314	90.9	39,280	27.8	30.1		
Wales	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Scotland	*	501 * 27	*	*	Smit 1 4 4	*	XHG .		
Great Britain	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Northern Ireland	*	*	*	*			*		
Unallocated (d)	-	-	-	-	78,329	¥+-	60.1		
United Kingdom	42.3	100.0	6,945	100.0	130,358		100.0		

- (a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.
- (c) Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns received from United Kingdom establishments employing 25 or more persons, 1972

Accounting year ended			Gramophone re reco	cords and tape	Broadcast r sound reprodu	Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing equipment		
		or and ar sunger	Percentage of total returns received	Percentage of total number employed		Percentage of total number employed		
1972			0.0	0.0	2.6	1.7		
	May		0.0	0.0	2.6	0.2		
	June		11.2	44.0	2.6	0.1		
	mara parrall				T STREET, SHE TO AND			
	July		0.0	0.0	2.7	0.1		
	August		11.1	0.5	2.6	0.2		
	September		0.0	0.0	2.6	2.4		
			(8/0 (F.) (3000) J		o requebbasesoft			
	October		0.0	0.0	5.3	14.0		
	November		11.1	7.4	2.7	14.2		
	December		22.2	16.8	34.2	0.5		
				10.0	34.2	20.4		
973	January		0.0	0.0	9.6	0.0		
010	February		11.1		2.6	0.8		
	March(b)		33.3	2.8	0.0	0.0		
	March(D)		33.3	28.5	39.5	59.4		
The same			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

(a) From 6th April

(b) Including returns made for twelve-month period ended 1st to 5th April 1973

TABLE 6

Percentage analysis of employees, by full and part time employment and sex, 1972 (a)

Sex	0	Full time			Part time		All employees
CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR		T plose Total	Dept.				
	-	per cent			per cent		per cent
							bnslevi mests (b) berasel
			40.001			-0:15	
Male		42			1		43
Female	etseriae 9	41	THINEF.		16	ary uniote	57
	indial in		A 16 W		TO BEST THE	Mp. 58742 16	Strong and bline week
	o Billio Media 16 au Chrossa Callo						
	TO SEE SEE SE		1816			And the Property of the Party o	
		es retmonderedere	o bay	. advitale)	MIT IN INSUN		
						NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN	

Source: Department of Employment

(a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding working proprietors) in the United Kingdom at mid-June, 1972

 $_{\mathrm{Sales}}$ of principal products of the industry by establishments employing 25 or more persons, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1972

Does not apply

For this industry the quarterly inquiry into manufacturers' sales did not commence until the third quarter of 1972

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Notes

These notes give the main information needed for interpreting he figures in the industry reports, (more detailed information bout the census is given in a separate booklet—"Introductory Notes", Part PA 1001 of the Report on the Census of Production

ENERAL INFORMATION

Changes made for 1972

nunges many minor changes in the scope of certain industry eports compared with 1971. Any such changes are explained in he introductions to the industry reports concerned or by otnotes to the tables.

ndustrial classification

The Annual Censuses of Production are conducted on the Business Statistics Office's Production Register. Normally stablishments on the Register are classified to industries on the sis of major activity in conformity with the Standard ndustrial Classification (revised 1968). Generally an establishnent is classified to an industry if its sales of the principal oducts of that industry accounts for a greater proportion of s total sales than its sales of the principal products of any other ndustry; classification is generally based on an establishment's eturns to the quarterly production inquiry. Where this is not assible—for example where a quarterly production inquiry has ot been introduced—the classification of an establishment eflects its return to the Census of Production, 1968. Establishnents for which information is not available either from the uarterly inquiries or the 1968 Census are classified on the basis f the description of the business given by the establishments to he Business Statistics Office, for instance, in the course of egistration.

Detailed census returns were generally sought only from stablishments employing on average 25 or more persons, but n some industries where firms employing less than 25 persons account for a relatively high proportion of total employment and output the exemption limit was lowered to 11. Census eturns were also sent to establishments whose employment was ot known to the Business Statistics Office at the time of dispatch.

TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPORT

Average number employed

stablishments were required to state the number of persons on he payroll (i.e. whose national insurance cards were held by m) on the average during the year of return, whether full-time r part time employees. Separate figures were required for (a) inistrative, technical and clerical employees and (b) all other ployees (operatives). Averages could be calculated from gures relating to the last week of each calendar month. stablishments were also required to state the number of working proprietors where appropriate and these are included in total ployment figures. Outworkers (i.e. persons employed by stablishments who worked in their own homes etc. on materials pplied by the establishments) are excluded.

The figures include persons engaged on merchanting or factoring and canteen workers where particulars in respect of these ctivities could not be excluded from the return.

Working Proprietors

These include all persons regarded as "self employed" for tional insurance purposes and members of their families who worked in the business without receiving a wage or salary; out such persons who worked less than half the normal number of working hours are excluded. Directors working in the business but not in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission are ncluded under this heading: directors paid by fee only are not included

Employees

ministrative, technical and clerical employees include anaging and other directors in receipt of a definite wage, salary commission, managers, superintendents and works foremen; esearch, experimental development, technical and design ployees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; torial staff, staff reporters, canvassers, competition and advertising staff; travellers; and office (including works office) ployees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, breadly speaking, all manual wage earners. They include those employed in and about the factory or works; operatives employed in power houses, transport work (including roundsmen), stores, warehouses, shops and canteens; inspectors, viewers and similar workers; maintenance workers and cleaners. Operatives engaged in outside work of erecting, fitting etc. are also included, but out-workers are excluded.

Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure during the year in respect of manufacturing units where production had not started before the end of the year is included in the figures for both 1970, 1971 and 1972. Establishments were asked to include in the value of capital expenditure, amounts received under the Local Employment Acts, 1960 to 1971 and any investment grants received under the Industrial Development Act, 1966 or regional development grants under the Industry Act, 1972.

(a) New building work

This represents the cost incurred during the year of new building and other constructional work (including office buildings, canteens and the like used in connection with the business covered by the return, but not dwelling houses for employees). The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return; it includes expenditure on new buildings or on the extension of reconstruction of old buildings, the value of works of a capital nature carried out by the establishment's own staff and the cost of any newly constructed buildings purchased. Figures shown include any legal charges, stamp duties, agents' commissions, etc.

(b) Land and existing buildings

The items shown are the capital cost of freeholds purchased and the capital cost of premium payable for leaseholds acquired (excluding the value of any assets acquired in taking over an existing business), and the amounts receivable for any freeholds or leaseholds disposed of. The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return.

(c) Plant, machinery and vehicles

The items shown are the value of plant and machinery and of vehicles acquired, both new and second-hand, and the amount received for items disposed of during year. The value of plant and machinery acquired includes plant, etc., which firms produced for their own use in connection with the business covered by the return. The value of plant, etc., acquired is the expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return less any discounts received, but including the cost of transport and installation. No deduction is made for depreciation, amortization or obsolescence. The proceeds of items disposed of during the year exclude amounts written off for items scrapped.

The term enterprise is used in this report to mean one or more establishments under common ownership or control (as defined in the Companies Act 1948) making returns to the census. An enterprise may consist of a single establishment, or of more than one establishment owned by one legal unit, usually a company, or of a number of establishments owned by a parent company and subsidiary company or companies. Information about the relationship between constituent companies of enterprises was obtained mainly from published sources such as the Stock Exchange Year Book supplemented by information from company reports and information supplied by establishments. The information available is not complete but covers the largest and most important groups of industrial establishments and is believed sufficient to provide a worthwhile basis for analysis.

The definition of an establishment in 1970, 1971 and 1972 was that of the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968): "the smallest unit which can provide the information normally required for an economic census, for example, employment, expenses, turnover, capital formation". Sometimes activities which are conducted as a single business are carried on at a number of addresses, termed local units. Where the activities of such a business are closely integrated, and detailed census information is not available for each unit, it is treated as a multi-unit establishment and a single return accepted. Separate figures are obtained, however, of employment and net capital expenditure at each unit.

Gross outpu

Gross output measures the total value of production (including work done) by establishments during the year. It is calculated as follows:—

Value of sales and work done

Plus/Less: Increase/decrease in value of stocks of goods on hand for sale

Plus/Less: Increase/decrease in value of work in progress

= Gross output.

Net output

Net output represents the value added to materials by the process of production (including the margin on selling any merchanted or factored goods). It is calculated as follows:—

Gross output

Less: Purchases adjusted for change in value of stocks of fuel and raw materials

Less: Payments for work given to other establishments

Less: Payments for transport

Less: Net amount of any duties, subsidies, allowances and levies payable

Net output.

Net output per person employed

The figures of net output per person employed are derived by dividing the net output by the average number of persons employed (full time and part time) on all activities covered by the returns, including operatives, administrative, technical and clerical employees and working proprietors, but excluding outworkers

Purchases

Purchases include the cost of materials and components bought for use in production; of fuel and electricity for all purposes; of packaging materials including the cost of returnable cases and containers when first purchased; of workshop materials, office materials and materials for repairs to establishment's own buildings, plants and vehicles when carried out by their own work people included in the returns; of consumable tools; and of parts for machinery purchased during the year as replacements. Water charges are also included. In general, purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring and canteen supplies are included. Materials supplied by customers for processing are excluded, as are all purchases charged to capital account.

The values shown include any duty paid (less rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts allowed. The cost of transport is included only if included in the cost of materials as invoiced: amounts paid to transport organisations, including an establishment's own separate transport organisations for delivery of materials and fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials purchased overseas are included at the c.i.f. cost plus any duty payable if the cost of transport from the docks was not included in the invoiced price, but at their full delivery cost if invoiced "carriage paid home". Materials and fuel transferred from another department of the establishment not covered by the same return are included at the estimated selling value recorded by the other department.

Sales

Sales are in respect of goods made by the business covered by the return, goods made for it by outworkers or by other establishments from materials given out to them (sometimes described as goods made on commission) and waste products. Any machinery or other capital items produced for use in the business covered by the return are included, the value being that adopted in the establishment's asset accounts. Goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturing process (i.e. merchanted or factored) and canteen takings are included.

The value shown for sales is the net selling value, defined as the amount charged to customers whether on an ex-works or delivered basis excluding any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc.; the net amount charged for packaging materials is included. Goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas are included at the f.o.b. value.

Goods produced in one establishment and transferred to another establishment of the same firm not covered by the return were treated as sales by the producing establishment and valued as far as possible as if they had been sold to an independent purchaser. Goods transferred to wholesale or retail selling organisations for which separate accounts were kept were valued on the same

To the extent that sales of finished products of one establishment constitute the materials purchased by another, total figures of

the value of sales (and of materials and fuel purchased) include an element of duplication. In some industries, e.g. motor vehicle manufacturing, and woollen and worsted, this duplication is substantial; and aggregates for a number of industries contain significant amounts of duplication. For work done on commission, sub-contract work, etc., the value shown is the total amount charged for the work, including the value of any materials bought and used in such work.

Services rendered

This represents the amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered to other organisations. It includes amounts credited for similar services rendered to other establishments of the same enterprise not covered by the return.

Standard Industrial Classification

Industry classification is based on the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). It is published by HM Stationery Office together with a separate index in the form of an alphabetical list of industries.

Stocks and work in progress

Values are given of stocks of goods on hand for sale, and of materials and fuel, at the end of the year of return, including any stocks of goods held for merchanting or factoring. Values of the change during the year are also shown. The values include duty in the case of dutiable goods held out of bond.

The value of work in progress at the end of, and the change during the year are also usually shown. This excludes any progress payments made to sub-contractors, and no deduction is made on account of progress payments received.

Transport payments

These represent the total amount paid or credited during the year for both outwards transport of finished goods sold and inwards transport of materials and fuel purchased. They include payment to other establishments, and to any separate transport organisation of the same establishment not covered by the return, but exclude the value of transport services provided by the business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of inland transport, i.e. railways, road haulage, canals, coastwise shipping, air, etc. Payments made for sea and air freight on goods sold to customers overseas and on materials and fuel purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.

Wages and salaries

These are amounts paid during the year to operatives and to administrative, technical and clerical employees. Payments to working proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are excluded. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid regularly or not, and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc. The value of any payments in kind, travelling expenses, lodging allowances, etc. and employers' contributions to national insurances and pension schemes is excluded.

Work given out

The figures shown represent the total amount paid for work done by other establishments (whether part of the same enterprise or not) on materials supplied to them. They do not include payments to individual outworkers or payments for business and other services.

SYMBOLS USEI

The following symbols are used throughout the report:

- . not available
- nil or less than half the final digit shown
- * figures cannot be shown owing to the risk of disclosing information about individual enterprises
- R revised

ROUNDING OF FIGURES

Figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded to the nearest final digit; there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total shown.

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