

BOARD OF TRADE

THE REPORT on the CENSUS OF PRODUCTION FOR 1951

Volume 8

Trade I

SUGAR AND GLUCOSE

Presented by the Board of Trade to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947 (10 & 11 Geo. 6, Ch. 39, Sec. 7).

LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

1955

Price 1s 6d net

LIST OF TABLES

Table No.	Title	Page
1	Summary: Larger establishments	8/1/2
2	Summary: Small firms	8/1/3
3	Estimated average employment: All firms	8/1/3
4	Analysis by size, 1951: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/3
5	Analysis by standard region, 1951: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/4
6	Analysis according to specialisation within the trade, 1951: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/4
7	Total make of intermediate products: Larger establishments in Great Britain	
8 or 8(i)	Sales of the principal products of the trade, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other trades: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/I/5
8(ii)	Total sales by small firms in Great Britain	•
9	Sales of principal products of the trade by establishments classified to other trades: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/6
10	Sales in the trade of other than principal products: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/6
11	Production, exports and imports of certain principal products	8/1/6
12	Usage of certain specified purchased materials, 1951: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/7
13	Employment in September: Larger establishments	8/1/7
14	Average employment: Larger establishments	8/1/8
15	Shift working, 1951: Larger establishments in Great Britain	8/1/8
16	Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year: Larger establishments	8/1/9
17	Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work: Larger establishments	8/1/9
Con	untry tables, 1951	
18	Summary: Larger establishments	8/1/10
19	Summary: Small firms	8/1/10
20 or 20(i)	Sales in the trade: Larger establishments	8/1/11
20(ii)	Sales in the trade: Small firms	•
21	Stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress, and stocks of materials and fuel: Larger establishments	8/1/12
22	Employment in September: Larger establishments	8/1/12
23 or 23(i)	Average employment: Larger establishments	8/1/13
23(ii)	Average employment: Small firms	
24	Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year: Larger establishments	8/1/14
25	Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work: Larger establishments	8/1/14
26	Payments for transport services for finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased: Larger establishments	8/I/14
	* Not applicable to this trade	

42

[HA 25]]

SUGAR AND GLUCOSE TRADE

THIS REPORT on the Sugar and Glucose Trade relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in producing or refining sugar and the manufacture of syrup and treacle, molasses, invert sugar and glucose.

This trade corresponds to minimum list heading 155 in the Standard Industrial Classification.

There were no larger establishments in Northern Ireland in the register for this trade.

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the inside of the back cover of this report. In interpreting the data in the following tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO

SUGAR AND GLUCOSE TRADE

Summary

TABLE 1

Larger establishments (a)

			Great Britain		1 3.158
a in the second	19 51	1950	1949	1948	1935
Gross output (production) (b) Ministry of Food cost-adjustments.	£°000 176.844	£'000 156.726	£'000 139,664	£'000 135,507	£°000 43,722
balancing payments and deficiency payments or subsidy (1935)	- 8.724	- 6.833	-, 7,909(c)	- 793	+ 2.219
Cost of materials and fuel used (f) Payment for work done on materials	138,107 (d)	125.820(d)	100,418(d)	89.760(d)	37,910(e)
given out Customs and Excise duties Transport payments (h)	9 9.960 1.521	10 8.758	17 18.160	17 31,183	5 2,500(g)
Net output Wages and salaries of persons employed	18,522 8,020	15,305 7,225	13.161(c) 6.815	13.754 6.549	5,526
verage number of persons employed (i)	No. 18.799	No. 18,282	No. 18.064	No. 18,063	No. 17,661
et output per person employed (i)	£ 985	£ 837	£ 728(c)	£ 761	£ 313
tocks at end of year Products on hand for sale and	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£.000
work in progress Materials and fuel	10.850 9.992	9.630 8.449	7.465 8.810	7.457 7.038	::
umber of establishments	No. 50	No. 52	No. 52	No. 51	No. 59

The values of gross output and of materials and fuel used are derived in the following way:-

£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
172,249 3,388	155.341	137.824	130.971	43.000
+ 1.207	+ 2.194	+ 2.498	+ 2.758	AND DOMEST
176.844	157,535	140.322	136,034	h
••	809	6 58	528	3.722
176,844	156.726	139,664	135,507	43,722
139.708 - 1.601	125.450 + 371	102.212 - 1.794	89.291 + 469	37.910
138,107	125.820	100,418	89,760	37,910
	172.249 3.388 + 1.207 176.844 176.844	172,249 3,388 + 1,207 + 2,194 176,844 157,535 809 176,844 156,726 139,708 - 1,601 + 271 125,450 + 371	172.249 3.388 + 1.207 + 2.194 + 2.498 176.844 157.535 140.322 809 658 176.844 156.726 139.664 139.708 - 1.601 + 371 - 1.794	172.249 155.341 137.824 130.971 2.305 + 1.207 + 2.194 + 2.498 + 2.758 176.844 157.535 140.322 136.034 809 658 528 176.844 156.726 139.664 135.507 139.708 + 371 - 1.794 + 89.291 - 1.601 + 371 - 1.794 + 469

(a) For small firms' summary see Table 2.
 (b) Gross output for 1951 includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services. For other years payments for transport services outwards on finished

(c) Corrected figure.

(d) Including duty on any duty-paid materials purchased: materials purchased in bond are recorded at their

(e) Including net amount of Customs duty paid.

(f) Amounts paid for delivery services are excluded for 1951 but included for other years.

(f) Amounts paid for delivery services are excluded for 1951 but included for other years.

(g) Estimated Excise duty only.

(h) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For 1951 they cover payments for transport of both goods sold and materials and fuel purchased. For other years payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold.

(i) Including working proprietors.

(i) Including working proprietors. For an estimate of the total number of persons employed in this trade see (j) Total value of sales (1951. 1950. 1949 and 1948) or production for sale (1935). (k) For details for 1951 and 1948 see Table 8. (l) For details for 1951 and 1948 see Table 10. (m) For details for 1951 see Table 21.

Summary

Small firms (a)

T	A	B	L	E		2
---	---	---	---	---	--	---

TABLE 2		Great	Britain				
	1951	1950	1949	1948			
Number of returns	id	13	14	19			
Average number of persons employed (b)							
Males Females	59 11	58 15	60 11	60 17			
Total	70	73	71	77			

(a) Small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns.

(b) Including working proprietors.

Estimated average employment (a)

All firms

	Great Britain						
	1951	1950	1949	1948			
As returned by firms							
Employing on the average more than ten persons (b) Employing on the average ten or fewer persons (c)	18.799 70	18,282	18,064	18,063			
	18,869	18,355	18,135	18,140			
stimated average employment in firms not making satisfactory returns	•	-	-	8			
stimated average employment in all firms	18,869	18,355	18,135	18,148			

(a) Including working proprietors.

(b) See Table 14. (c) See Table 2.

Analysis by size, 1951

Larger establishments in Great Britain

TABLE 4

				_	1			
Average number employed	Establish- ments	Gross output	Net output	Persons employed	Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	Net output per person employed
	No.	£'000	£,000	No.	£,000	£,000	£,000	£
11 - 24	4	785	102	82	15	16	31	1,249
25 - 49	3	517	134	100	27	22	49	1,342
50 - 99	9	3,605	680	659	160	99	259	1.032
100 - 199	. 5	5,183	736	789	199	87	286	932
200 and over	29	166,755	16,869	17,169	5,513	1,882	7,395	983
Total	50	176,844	18,522	18,799	5,914	2,106	8,020	985

(a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

(83869/2)

(83869/2)

2,074

156

1,115

2,188

131.606

130,971

408

25

635

1948

742

80

471

6.506

7

..

12

5

..

..

33

Analysis by standard region, 1951

Larger establishments in Great Britain

TABLE 5

			Net o	utput		F	Remuneration	1	
Region	Estab- lish- ments	Gross output	Value	Percent- age of total	Persons employed	Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	Net output per person employed
England	No.	£,000	£,000		No.	£,000	£.000	£,000	£
Northern; East and West Ridings; North Midland; Eastern; and									THE REAL PROPERTY.
London and South Eastern Southern: South	28	103.721	10,712	57.8	11.591	3.770	1,312	5.082	924
Western; and Midland	9	11.580	1.622	8.8	1.688	517	181	698	961
North Western	7	45,963	4,913	26.5	3.972	1,207	496	1.703	1.237
Total England	44	161.264	17.247	93.1	17.251	5.493	1,989	7.483	1,000
Wales	•	-	-	-		-			-
Scotland	6	15,580	1.275	6.9	1.548	421	117	538	824
Great Britain	50	176.844	18.522	100.0	18,799	5.914	2,106	8,020	985

⁽a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

Analysis according to specialisation within the trade, 1951

Larger establishments in Great Britain

TABLE 6

			Sales of			R	emuneration	1	
	Establish- ments	Gross output	charac- teristic products	Net output	Persons employed	Operatives	Other employees (a)	Total	Net output per person employed
Specialist producers of	No.	£,000	£,000	£,000	No.	£,000	£,000	£,000	£
Beet sugar Remainder of the trade	18 32	39.767 137.077	38,904	5,030 13,492	5.910 12.889	1,832	567 1.539	2.399	851
Total	50	176.844		18.522	18.799	5,914	2,106	8,020	985

⁽a) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.

TABLE 7 - Total make of intermediate products: Larger establishments in Great Britain This table is not applicable to the trade.

Sales of the principal products of the trade, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other trades

Larger establishments in Great Britain

1951

1,580

140

1,105

6.067

173,202

172,249

243

23

953

	Quantity	Value	Entries	Quantity	Value
	Th.cwts.	£,000	No.	Th.cwts.	€,000
Sugar, unrefined	5,254	8,402		5,301	5,7.08
Sugar, refined or rendered by any process equal thereto				a broad and the	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Over 98° polarisation				13,578	40, 296
For manufacturing purposes	13,833	40,960	11	13,5/6	
	20,132	44,109	12	20,219	40,770
For domestic consumption	15,978	44,526	11	11,320	19,747
For export	15,570	44,020			

556

64

For other purposes Sugar, ground or otherwise prepared for icing, 1,866 (a) 545 32 965 3,288 8,638 2.587 15 7,641 2,248 Syrup and treacle 2,526 2.227 12 885 705 Invert sugar other than syrup and treacle Containing more than 50 per cent. of sweetening 4,020 1,015 9 4.272 2,870 Containing not more than 50 per cent. of 214 693 sweetening matter Glucose 6 179 546 Solid 1,536 4,166 7.086 2,104 Liquid 762 120 Powdered 925 286 Apple Sweetener (a) 692 162 702 10 159 Caramel Sugar and extracts from sugar which cannot be completely tested by the polariscope, not included in any of the headings above

460

7,186

Work done for the trade or on commission (b)

Sales in other trades (see Table 9) Principal products of this trade sold by establishments in the trade

Not exceeding 98° polarisation

For manufacturing purposes

Total

Beet pulp

Waste products

TABLE 8

⁽a) So far as recorded separately.(b) Amount charged.

Sales of principal products of the trade by establishments classified to other trades

Larger establishments in Great Britain

TABLE 9

		1951	1948		
	Quantity	Value	Entries	Quantity	Value
	Th. cwts.	£'000	No.	Th. cwts.	£,000
Sugar, ground or otherwise prepared for icing, fondants, etc.	229	831	22	164	584
Syrup and treacle	5	25		13	51(a)
Glucose, liquid and powdered	10	97		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Total		953			635

⁽a) Including caramel.

Sales in the trade of other than principal products Larger establishments in Great Britain

TABLE 10

	19	51	19	1948		
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
No. 4	Th. cwts.	£,000	Th. cwts.	£,000		
Nuts, shelled, ground or otherwise prepared	36.6	236	4.5	89		
Other preserved foods, including preserved fruit			35.2	188		
Sugar confectionery	37.7	211 129	69.6	394(a)		
	Hundreds		9 06 0000 3500	ina entre su		
Second-hand sacks and bags of jute, repaired	174.544	1,939				
Barley, maize and rice products	Tons 7.138	253	· · ·	1,604		
Other goods		620				
Work done	984	-		7 (b)		
To tal		3,388		2,305		

⁽a) Including some chocolate intended for further manufacture.(b) Amount charged.

TABLE 11

Production, exports and imports of certain principal products (a)

		Production (b)(c)	Exports	Retained Imports
		Th.cwts.	Th.cwts.	Th.cwts.
Sugar, unrefined	f1951	5,254	Many alking and	44.829
, and the same of	71948	5,301		37,402
	(1935	5,376		38,239
Sugar 6: 1	(1951	50,563	14,494	
Sugar, refined	11948	45,938	11,639	691
	(1935	43,365	6,680	1,023
	(1951	2,403		
Glucose	1948	1,536	68	41
	(1935	2,069	36	10
			19	377
Caramel	(1951	159	22	
	1948	162	11	
	(1935	179	19	
folasses and invert sugar and all other sugar	(1951	8,936	109	
and extracts from sugar	1948	8,656		12,608
The state of the s	1935	5,418	299	8,207

 ⁽a) Figures of production (or sales) refer only to larger establishments. All recorded exports from and imports into the United Kingdom are given in the table. The figures therefore, are not strictly comparable.
 (b) Sales in 1951 and 1948, and production for sale in 1935.
 (c) Including production (or sales) by establishments classified to other trades.

(83869/2)

TABLE 12 - Usage of certain specified purchased materials, 1951

Larger establishments in Great Britain

No information on usage of materials was required from this trade.

Employment in September

Larger establishments (a)

TABLE	13		
1	i)	Onerat	TIPE

Number

	Great Britain						
	1951(b)	1950(b)	1949(b)	1948(c)	1935(c)		
Males							
Under 18	445	397	425	425	332		
All ages	14,486	13,354	12,041	11,975	13,700		
Females							
Under 18	622	526	621	671	511		
All ages	3,456	3,322	3,285	3,149	1.803		
Total							
Under 18	1,067	923	1.046	1.096	843		
All ages	17.942	16,676	15.326	15,124	15,503		

(ii) Administrative, technical and clerical employees (d)

Number

		Great Britain							
bases of the same	1951	1950	19 49	1948	1935				
Males									
Under 18	. 72	96	88	81	100				
All ages	2,516	2,385	2,238	2,248	1,780				
Females									
Under 18	118	132	117	98	56				
All ages	864	789	717	691	378				
Total									
Under 18	190	228	205	179	156				
All ages	3,380(e)	3,174(e)	2,955 (e)	2,939(e)	2.158				

(iii) Total employees

Number

		Great Britain						
	1951	1950	1949	1948	1935			
Males								
Under 18	517	493	513	506	432			
All ages	17,002	15.739	14.279	14.223	15,480			
Females								
Under 18	740	658	738	769	567			
All ages	4,320	4,111	4.002	3,840	2.181			
Total								
Under 18	1,257	1.151	1.251	1.275	999			
All ages	21,322(e)	19.850(e)	18,281(e)	18,063(e)	17,661			

⁽a) Excluded employees. The following persons were employed at the larger establishments in this trade in 1951 but are not included in the above tables or in any other Census of Production report (e.g., employees engaged in merchanting):-

396 Females 86 Females 74 Males Canteen workers 162 Males Other workers

(b) In week ended October 27, 1951, September 30, 1950, and September 24, 1949.

(c) Average for the year.
(d) In week ended October 27, 1951, September 30, 1950, September 24, 1949, September 25, 1948, and October 12,

(e) Working proprietors. No working proprietors were recorded for any post war year. The 1935 figures include any working proprietors.

(83869/2

Average employment

Larger establishments (a)

TABLE 14

	Great Britain						
	1951	1950	1949	1948	1935		
Operatives	15.534	15,271	15,132	15,124	15,503		
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	3,265	3,011	2.932	2,939(b)	2,158(ь)		
Total	18,799	18,282	18.064	18,063	17,661		

- (a) For employment in small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns, see Table 2.
 (b) In week ended September 25, 1948, and October 12, 1935. The 1935 figures include any working proprietors.
- Outworkers. No outworkers were recorded in this trade for any year.

Shift working, 1951 (a)

Larger establishments in Great Britain

TABLE 15

	Total number of man-shifts worked in the week	Total number of shift-hours worked in the week	Number of returns showing the systems stated
Continuous 3 shift systems per 24 hours averaging 8 hours per shift continuous 4 shift systems per 24 hours averaging 6 hours per shift	59,217	473,735	13
11 2 shift systems ther shift systems	1.766	18,387	4
Total .	60,983	492,122	(b)

- (a) Shift working during week ended October 27, 1951.
 (b) The number and percentage of returns showing shift working and of operatives on shift-work were as follows:-

	Returns		Operatives		
	Total in trade	Showing shift-work	Total in trade	Total on returns showing shift-work	Number employed on shift- work
Number Percentage of total in trade Percentage of total on returns showing shift-work	33	17 51.5	17,942 100.0	16,994 94.7 100.0	9,613 53.6 56.6

Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year

Larger establishments

	Great Britain					
	1951	1950	1949	1948		
Wages and salaries (a) of			STATE OF THE PARTY			
Operatives	5.914	5.341	4.979	4,839		
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	2.106	1.884	1.836	1,711		
Total	8.020	7.225	6.815	6,549		
Employers' contributions to all National Insurance Schemes	179	180	170	139		

(a) Including bonus and commission payments,

Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work

Targer establishments

TABLE 17						
	Great Britain					
	1951	1949	1948			
Plant, machinery and vehicles Acquisitions Plant and machinery						
New	2.215	2,134	1.168			
Second-hand .	5	6	3			
Vehicles						
New	89	81	86			
Second-hand	2	7	15			
Total acquisitions	2,311	2.228	1,272			
Disposals						
Plant and machinery	27	34	35			
Vehicles	9	3	4			
Total disposals	36	37	39			
New building work Capital expenditure on new building and other constructional work of a capital nature						
(excluding site values and development charges)	654	591	337			

SUGAR AND GLUCOSE TRADE 1951

Summary

Larger establishments

-		-	-	7	1
80 BF	Д.	н		HIN	

TABLE 18				
	England	Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
	£'000	£'000	£'000	€,000
Gross output (production)	161,264		15,580	176.844
Ministry of Food cost-adjustments, balancing payments and deficiency payments	- 7,001		- 1,724	- 8.724
Cost of materials and fuel used	127,175		10,932	138,107
Payment for work done on materials given out	9			9
Customs and Excise duties	8,361	-	1.599	9.960
Transport payments	1.471	-	50	1,521
Net output	17.247		1.275	18,522
Wages and salaries of persons employed	7.483	10 10 1 - 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	538	8,020
Average number of persons employed	No. 17.251	No.	No. 1.548	No. 18.799
Net output per person employed	£ 1.000	£ -	£ 824	£ 985
Stocks at end of year	£'000	£,000	£,000	£.000
Products on hand for sale and work in progress Materials and fuel	10.510 (a)	Sama and • North Section 3	340 (α)	10.850 9.992
Number of establishments	No. 44	No.	No.	No. 50

The values of gross output and of materials and fuel used are derived in the following way:-

Output of firms in this trade	£,000	£,000	£, 000	£,000
Total value of sales (see Table 20) Changes in stocks and work in	160,032	-	15,604	175.637
progress (see Table 21)	+ 1,232	10 x 3 y 2 y 10 y 2 y	- 25	+ 1,207
Gross output (production)	161,264	-	15,580	176.844
Materials and fuel used by firms in this trade				
Purchases Changes in stocks (see Table 21)	127.875 - 700	:	11.833 - 901	139,708 - 1,601
Materials an∂ fuel used	127,175	-	10,932	138,107

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

Summary

TABLE 19

Small firms (a)

	England (b)	Wales	Scotland (b)	Great Britain
Number of returns	14		••	14
Average number of persons employed (c)	and the second of the second			
Males Females	59 11	•	••	59 11
Total	70			70

(a) Small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns.(b) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, particulars for Scotland cannot be given separately and have been included in those for England.

(c) Including working proprietors.

(83869/2)

Sales in the trade Larger establishments

T	AD	TE	2	0
	ΑБ	LE	2	U

	England	and Wales	Scot	land	Great	Britain
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Discipal wadness	Th.cwts.	£,000	Th.cwts.	£,000	Th.cwts.	£.000
Principal products Sugar, unrefined	5,252	8.399	2	3	5,254	8,402
Sugar, refined or rendered by any process	0,202	0,000		3	3,234	0,402
equal thereto						059179
Over 98° polarisation				g 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 2 1 2	and grant and	in the state of
For manu facturing purposes		(a)	30.000	(a)	13,833	40,960
For domestic consumption		(a)		(a)	20,132	44,109
For export	••	(a)		(a)	15,978	44,526
Not exceeding 98° polarisation						
For manufacturing purposes	••	(a)	•••	(a)	556	1,580
For other purposes	••	(a)	••	(a)	64	140
Sugar, ground or otherwise prepared for icing,		(=)		(1)	7.00	0.455
fondants, etc.	••	(a)	••	(a)	7 36	2, 457
Syrup and treacle	•	(a)	••	(a)	2,243	7,616
Invert sugar, other than syrup and treacle	••	(a)	•••	(a)	705	2,227
Molasses						Contract Con
Containing more than 50 per cent. of sweetening matter		(a)		(a)	4,272	2.870
Containing not more than 50 per cent. of sweetening matter		-	-	-	-	-
Glucose			*			
Solid	179	546	•	-	179	5 46
Liquid and powdered	2,214	7,751	-	-	2,214	7,751
Apple sweetener (b)	286	925	-	-	286	92
Caramel	••	(a)		(a)	1 59	702
Sugar and extracts from sugar which cannot be completely tested by the polariscope, not included in any of the headings above	460	1,105			460	1 10
Beet pulp		(a)		(a)	7.186	1,105
Waste products	••	242		1		6,067
Work done for the trade or on commission (c)	•	18		5	••	24
Total principal products Other output		157,121		15,128		172,249
Nuts, shelled, ground or otherwise prepared, and other preserved foods, including						
preserved fruit	33.6	167	3.0	69	36.6	236
Sugar confectionery		(a)		(a) {	37.7	211
				,,,,		129
S 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					Hundreds	38 - 132 - 1
Second-hand sacks and bags of jute, repaired		(a)	••	(a)	174,544	1,93
	Tons				Tons	
Barley, maize and rice products	7,138	253		•	7,138	25
Other goods	•••	620	•	-		620
To tal		160,032		15,604		175,637

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.
(b) So far as recorded separately.
(c) Amount charged.

Stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress, and stocks of materials and fuel

Larger establishments

		England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Products on hand for sale	at beginning of year at end of year at heginning of year at end of year) (a)	(a)	(a)
Total products on hand for sale and work in progress	at beginning of year at end of year	9,278	365 340	9,643 10,850
Materials and fuel	at beginning of year at end of year	(a) (a)	(a)	8,391 9,992

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

Employment in September Larger establishments (a)(b)

TABLE 22

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Males			
Under 18	423	22	445
All ages	13,366	1,120	14.486
emales			
Under 18	489	133	622
All ages	3,109	347	3, 456
	The state of the s		
otal			
Under 18	912	155	1.067
All ages	16.475	1.467	17,942

(ii) Administrative, technical and clerical employees

	Initeat and eleffeat employees	Number	
	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Males			
Under 18	64	8	72
All ages	2.364	152	2.516
Females Under 18			
All ages	108	10	118
nii ages	794	70	864
Total			
Under 18	172	18	190
All ages (c)	3.158	222	3,380

TABLE 22 (contd.)

(iii) Total employees Number Great Britain England and Wales Scotland Males Under 18 All ages 15,730 17,002 1.272 Females Under 18 All ages 597 3,903 417 4,320 Total Under 18 1.084 173 1.689 1,257 21,322 All ages (c)

- (a) Excluded employees. The number of persons employed at the larger establishments in this trade but not included in the above tables or in any other Census of Production report (e.g., employees engaged in merchanting) are shown in Table 22 (iv) below.

 (b) Number employed in the week ended October 27, 1951. Normally, for establishments in other trades, firms were required to give details of employment in the week ended September 22, 1951.

 (c) No working proprietors were recorded.

(iv) Excluded employees

Number

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Conteen workers			
Males Females	71	3	74
1 emules	377	19	396
Total	448	22	470
Other workers			
Males	144	18	162
Females	84	2	86
Total	228	20	248
Total excluded employees	676	42	718

Average employment

Larger establishments (a)

TABLE 23			Number
	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Operatives Administrative, technical and clerical	14,197	1,337	15, 534
employees	3.054	211	3.265
Total	17.251	1,548	18,799

(a) For employment in small firms (employing on the average ten or fewer persons) that made satisfactory returns see Table 19.

Outworkers. No outworkers were recorded in this trade.

GENERAL NOTES

Wages and salaries and employers' National Insurance contributions paid during the year

Larger establishments

TABLE 24	na de la companya de		£.000
	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
Wages and salaries (a) of			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Operatives	5.493	421	5,914
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	1,989	117	2,106
Total	7.483	538	8,020
Employers' contributions to all National Insurance Schemes	164	15	179

(a) Including bonus and commission payments,

Plant, machinery and vehicles - acquisitions and disposals, and capital expenditure on new building work

Larger establishments

TABLE 25 £. 000 England and Wales Scotland Great Britain Plant, machinery and vehicles Acquisitions Plant and machinery 2.153 62 2.215 Second-hand Vehicles 87 89 Second-hand Total acquisitions 2.246 65 2,311 Disposals Plant and machinery 2.5 Vehicles Total disposals New building work Capital expenditure on new building and other constructional work of a capital nature (excluding site values and development charges)

(a) Owing to the risk of disclosure of information relating to individual firms, separate particulars cannot be given.

> Payments for transport services for finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased

Larger establishments

TABLE 20		TA	BI	E	2	6
----------	--	----	----	---	---	---

	England and Wales	Scotland	Great Britain
mounts paid to other firms and undertakings and paid or credited to firms' own separate transport organisations	1.471	50	1,521

The following brief notes refer to Great Britain and, unless otherwise stated, to the census of production for 1951. Reference should be made to the separate booklet in this series entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1951: Introductory Notes' (price ls.6d. net) for particulars of the minor differences in the Northern Ireland censuses and other details about the census of production.

Trade classification: Establishments are classified to trades according to the nature of their output. Certain products, called principal products, are identified as characteristic of the production of individual trades, the principal products for a given trade being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. An establishment is classified to a trade if its output of principal products of that trade accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of principal products of any other trade.

The establishment: The basic unit for the collection of information is generally the establishment which in most cases comprises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a factory). Offices, ware-houses and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are included in the return for the works.

Larger establishments and small firms: Larger establishments are those which employed more than 10 persons on the average during the year; small firms are those employing on the average 10 or fewer persons.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, and include members of their families who work in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded.

Persons employed: Administrative employees include directors other than those paid by fee only, managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; and travellers and office (including works office) employees. Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, broadly speaking, all manual

All these figures exclude canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return who are shown separately as excluded employees.

Figures for employees include only persons on the pay-roll (that is whose National Insurance cards were held by the firm), whether full-time or parttime employees.

employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm, but do not work on the premises; operatives directly employed who work out of doors (e.g., maintenance workers) and sub-contractors are not included as outworkers.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments. bonuses, and commissions, without any deduction for income tax, insurance, contributory pensions, etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure: Expenditure on plant, machinery and vehicles relates to expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return, including transport and installation costs involved. Expenditure on new building work is similarly that charged to capital account during the year.

Materials and fuel: The cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production and of fuel (including oil. gas, and electricity for all purposes, including heating and lighting); all packing materials, including the full cost of returnable containers when first purchased; workshop materials; office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to firms' own buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by

their own work people included in the return; and consumable tools and parts for machinery purchased as replacement. Materials, components, etc. which were purchased and re-sold in the same state (that is, nerchanted or factored goods) were excluded. For 1951 firms in many trades were required to state the quantities of certain purchased materials used.

Stocks and work in progress: Firms were instructed to give these at income tax value.

Output: Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. For all post-war censuses the value of sales was the net selling value, that is, the amount charged to customers, whether on an exworks or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the f.o.b. value.

Gross output of a trade is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year; this means the value of sales and work done during the year adjusted for changes in the values of stocks.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used and the amount paid for work given out and, for 1951, any transport payments included in firms' returns. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries. rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met as well as depreciation and profits.

Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is included in the cost of materials, but where it is especially important separate figures are shown.

Later reports: Reports will be published later summarising the main census results and giving in-formation about power equipment and fuel consumption.

Disclosure of information: The report has been prepared in conformity with the disclosure provisions of the Statistics of Trade Act, 1947. Figures have been combined with others of a similar nature in certain cases where publication of separate details might disclose the operations of an individual firm.

Symbols used: '..' for 'Not available', '-' for 'Nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown)

The figures in the tables have been rounded off to the nearest final digit, and there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Tables 1 to 17 show figures for the United Kingdom (or Great Britain).

Tables 18 to 26 are country tables and give, where practicable, separate details for England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Table 6: Specialist producers refer to those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the groups of products specified.

Table 8 (or 8(i)) shows the total sales of principal products of the trade, and includes therefore the sales of these products returned by establishments whether classified to the trade or to other trades. Those produced by establishments in other trades are shown in Table 9.

Table 10 shows the sales by establishments in the trade of products other than those regarded as principal products of the trade.

Table 20 (or 20(i)) shows sales by establishments in the trade of products, whether principal products or not, and broadly the aggregates here are equal to the corresponding figures in Table 8 (or 8(i)) less those in Table 9, plus those in Table 10.

CROWN COPYRIGHT RESERVED

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE To be purchased from

York House, Kingsway, London, w.c.2 423 Oxford Street, London, w.1 P.O. Box 569, London, s.e.1

13a Castle Street, Edinburgh, 2 109 St. Mary Street, Cardiff
39 King Street, Manchester, 2 Tower Lane, Bristol, 1
2 Edmund Street, Birmingham, 3 80 Chichester Street, Belfast

or from any Bookseller

1955

Price Is 6d net

PRINTED IN GREAT BRITAIN