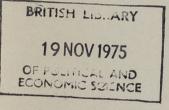


1972





A publication of the Government Statistical Service

# Report on the Census of Production

# Women's and girls' tailored outerwear



Department of Industry Business Statistics Office

Dp

**HMSO** 

# **PA443**



# **Report on the Census of Production** 1972

## Women's and girls' tailored outerwear

Presented by the Secretary of State for Industry to Parliament in pursuance of the Statistics of Trade Act 1947 (10 & 11 Geo.6 Cha.39 sec 7)

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London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office 1975

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1 1339.9	Miscellaneous (non-electrical) machinery
	Scales and weighing machinery and portable power tools
D	
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	Broadcast receiving and sound reproducing
	equipment
	Electronic computers
	Radio, radar and electronic capital goods
	Electrical appliances primarily for domestic use
	Electrical equipment for motor vehicles, cycles
	and aircraft
	Primary and secondary batteries
	Electric lamps, electric light fittings, wiring
	Licente lamps, cleente light littings, withig

	PA370	Shipbuilding and marine engineering
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		products
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	171102.2	materials
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		leathercloth, etc.
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		Toys, games and children's carriages
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į,	A1002	Summary tables

#### PA1002 Summary tables

#### PA443 WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' TAILORED OUTERWEAR

The information in this report relates to establishments classified to the Women's and girls' tailored outerwear industry, minimum list heading 443 in the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). The activities of the industry include:-

Making coats, costumes, skirts, slacks (excluding jeans) and other tailored garments for women and girls. The making-up of clothes cut from purchased knitted fabric is included but not the manufacture of knitted goods by establishments classified to the Hosiery and other knitted goods industry (part PA417). Retail bespoke tailoring and workrooms attached to retail shops are excluded.

> In interpreting the data in the tables it is essential to bear in mind the notes and definitions which commence on page (iii).

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United Kingdom establishments classified to the industry

- Input and output, 1970, 1971 and 1972
- Capital expenditure and stocks, 1970, 1971 and 1972
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liture and net output, 1972	PA443	5	
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## Input and output, 1970, 1971 and 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the industry (a)

	Unit	1970	1971	1972
Enterprises	Number	1,096	1,160	1,156
Establishments	П	1,174	1,222	1,230
Sales of goods produced and work done	£'000	135,141	148,072	151,011
Services rendered to other organisations (b)	II	550	136	554
Goods merchanted or factored	П	3,421	4,133	9,472
Canteen takings	П	255	274	293
Total sales and work done	п	139,367	152,614	161,330
		Tracto (Manipara) Tracto (Manipara) Tracto (Manipara)	n kang tang pananan	
Increase during the year, work in progress and goods on hand for sale	П	98	3,429	2,309
Gross output	п	139,465	156,044	163,639
Cost of purchases	П	63,647	71,011	73,956
increase during the year, stocks of naterials, stores and fuel	П	- 114	856	1,361
Anyments to other organisations for work done on materials given out	П	8,010	9,816	9,084
for transport by road	11	509	613	862
for transport by rail, water, air and Post Office parcel services	П	512	667	462
Total costs	П	72,792	81,250	83,003
Net output		66,672	74,794	80,634
		And the second		
otal employment (including working proprietors) (c)	Thousands	49.9	49.9	48.6
Net output per head	£	1,335	1,498	1,658

(a) For 1972, estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons, accounted for 39 per cent of the total figures in which they were incorporated: of this unsatisfactory returns accounted for 20 per cent.

(b) Amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered.

(c) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.

#### TABLE 2

PA443 2

Capital expenditure and stocks, 1970, 1971 and 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the industry (a)

1970Capital expenditure (b) New building work237Land and existing buildings237Acquisitions325Disposals83Plant and machinery4Acquisitions1,078Disposals186Vehicles328Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96Total-16			00	174	23	10	<u> </u>
New building work237Land and existing buildings325Acquisitions325Disposals83Plant and machinery1,078Acquisitions1,078Disposals186Vehicles673Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96							1970
Land and existing buildings Acquisitions 325 Disposals 83 Plant and machinery Acquisitions 1,078 Disposals 186 Vehicles Acquisitions 673 Disposals 238 Total net capital expenditure (c) 1,807 Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972 Materials, stores and fuel -114 Work in progress Goods on hand for sale -96	C	apital expenditure (b)		1.005	1421	1000	
Acquisitions325Disposals83Plant and machinery1,078Acquisitions1,078Disposals186Vehicles673Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		New building work					237
Acquisitions325Disposals83Plant and machinery1,078Acquisitions1,078Disposals186Vehicles673Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress, 1970, upril and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		Land and existing building	8				
Disposals83Plant and machinery1,078Acquisitions1,078Disposals186Vehicles186Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress, and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96						122	325
Plant and machinery   1,078     Acquisitions   1,078     Disposals   186     Vehicles   673     Acquisitions   673     Disposals   238     Total net capital expenditure (c)   1,807     Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress, and work in progress at end of 1972   Increase     Materials, stores and fuel   -114     Work in progress   194     Goods on hand for sale   -96		·				10 10	8 R I
Acquisitions1,078Disposals186Vehicles673Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		Disposals					83
Disposals186Vehicles673Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		Plant and machinery					
Vehicles 673   Acquisitions 673   Disposals 238   Total net capital expenditure (c) 1,807   Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972 Increase   Materials, stores and fuel -114   Work in progress 194   Goods on hand for sale -96		Acquisitions				NOA	1,078
Acquisitions673Disposals238Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		Disposals					186
Disposals   238     Total net capital expenditure (c)   1,807     Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972   Increase     Materials, stores and fuel   -114     Work in progress   194     Goods on hand for sale   -96		Vehicles					
Total net capital expenditure (c)1,807Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		Acquisitions				200	673
Increase in stocks and work in progress, 1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks and work in progress at end of 1972IncreaseMaterials, stores and fuel-114Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96		Disposals					238
1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks     and work in progress at end of 1972     Materials, stores and fuel   -114     Work in progress   194     Goods on hand for sale   -96		Total net capital expe	ndi ture	(c)		-	1,807
1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks     and work in progress at end of 1972     Materials, stores and fuel   -114     Work in progress   194     Goods on hand for sale   -96						100	18 4 1
1970, 1971 and 1972 and value of stocks     and work in progress at end of 1972     Materials, stores and fuel   -114     Work in progress   194     Goods on hand for sale   -96							
Materials, stores and fuel -114 Work in progress 194 Goods on hand for sale -96	1	970, 1971 and 1972 and valu	e of st	ocks		O2 P	Increase
Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96							
Work in progress194Goods on hand for sale-96							
Goods on hand for sale -96		Materials, stores and fuel				No.	- 114
		Work in progress					194
Total -16		Goods on hand for sale					- 96
		Total					-16

(a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.

(b) Capital expenditure in respect of manufacturing establishments where production had not commenced before the end of the year, is included.

(c) Acquisitions less disposals.

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	al alin	£,000
1971	197	2
r agertorent a		and an and a second
414	38	58
182	28	39
72	1:	26
	e e	
1,332	1,40	)8
139	14	14
797	99	98
329	3	56
2,185	2,4	28 -
	1 in the	1 22.0
Increase	Increase	Value at end of year
	S OF	of year
		1 3.4
856	1,361	9,871
517	1,109	4,498
2,912	1,200	10,804
4,285	3,670	25,173

Analysis of establishments by size, 1972

All United Kingdom establishments classified to the industry (a)

	Petek		a contraction	Emplo	oyees	Wages and	salaries	Wages and per		Tetel	for set		Net output	Capital expen-	Total stocks and work in
Size group (b)	Estab- lish- ments	Enter- prises (c)	Total employment (b)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Operatives	Others (d)	Total sales and work done (e)	Gross output	Net output	per head	diture (net) (f)	progress at end of year
	Numbe r	Number	Number	Numbe r	Number	£'000	£'000	£	£	£,000	£'000	£'000	£	£'000	£,000
1- 10	454	444	2,512	7		1 8		9		2 2 2 2				Law.	
11- 24	416	412	6,962	18,886	1,788	19,264	2,702	1,020	1,511	69,187	69,673	35,668	1,619	1,079	7,427
25-49	152	149	5,335	10,000	1,100	10,204	2,102	1,020	1,011	00,101	00,010	00,000	1,010	1,010	.,
50-99	108	104	7,222												
100-199	58	56	7,034	6,212	776	5,505	1,395	886	1,797	22,574	22,935	12,043	1,712	408	3,172
200-299	16	16	3,840	3,346	486	3,063	693	915	1,425	11,072	10,986	5,757	1,499	196	2,058
300-499	16	15	6,902	5,718	1,174	4,403	1,740	770	1,482	24,704	25,312	11,695	1,694	319	5,481
500-749	5	4	2,771	2,465	305	1,884	501	764	1,642	7,753	8,023	3,910	1,411	198	1,887
750 and over	5	5	6,064	5,551	512	4,718	1,084	849	2,117	26,039	26,711	11,562	1,906	228	5,147
				and in			and a second	1							107
Total	1,230	1,156	48,642	42,178	5,041	38,837	8,115	921	1,610	161,330	163,639	80,634	1,658	2,428	25,173

- (a) Including estimates for establishments not making satisfactory returns and for establishments employing less than 25 persons.
- (b) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.
- (c) Some enterprises control establishments in more than one size group: the sum of the figures for the size groups will therefore exceed the total for the industry.

- (d) Administrative, technical and clerical employees.
- (e) Including sales of goods merchanted or factored, canteen takings and services rendered to other organisations (amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery or other goods, for providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered).
- (f) Acquisitions less disposals.

Regional distribution of employment, net capital expenditure and net output, 1972 All United Kingdom establishments classified to the industry

Net output and employment in the region of Net capital Average number Area establishments with more than 80 per cent of expenditure (b) employed (a) their employment in the region (c) Net output as Estimated Average number percentage of total of the net employed as a output percentage of industry in the United Kingdom total average number employed in the industry in the region £'000 £'000 Thousands per cent per cent of of United United Kingdom Kingdom Standard regions of England 49.6 2.2 1,759 69 28 2.3 4.8 North Vorkshire and 67.8 3.2 2,612 146 6.0 2.8 5.8 Humberside 0.4 352 27 8 71 2.9 East Midlands 1.0 2.0 . . . . \* East Anglia 42.3 28.0 22,613 1,360 56.0 25.8 53.0 South East 0.7 54.9 1.1 541 1.3 27 0.6 South West . . \* \* \* \* \* West Midlands 55.5 5.1 4,148 11.4 295 12.1 5.5 North West 40.4 32,540 45.9 1,991 82.0 39.1 80.4 Engl and \* \* \* \* \* \* \* Wales 7.7 73.8 13.6 367 15.1 6.227 6.6 Scotland \* \* \* \* \* \* \* Great Britain \* \* \* \* \* Northern Ireland 49.9 40,202 Unallocated (d) 100.0 United Kingdom 100.0 2,428 100.0 80,634 48.6

(a) Average number employed (full and part time; see table 6) during the year (including working proprietors) by the establishment.

(b) New building work plus acquisitions less disposals of land and existing buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles.

- (c) Where a census return covered addresses in two or more regions an estimate was made of the net output attributable to the region only where more than 80 per cent of the establishment's employees were located in the region. The estimate was made by assuming that net output at each address covered by a return was proportionate to employment at the address. The establishment's residual net output was included in unallocated net output.
- (d) Includes estimates of net output for establishments not making satisfactory returns and establishments employing less than 25 employees, and unallocated net output of establishments covering addresses in two or more regions.

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Percentage analysis of twelve-month periods covered by returns received from United Kingdom establishments employing 25 or more persons, 1972

	Accounting y	vear ended	Percenta	ge of tota received	l returns	Percentage of total number employed			
	127 5	wither set is some	to looke 'v hadd	per cent			per cent		
1972	April (a)	A R A		1.8			2.2		
	May	technon organisme		1.4			0.5		
	June	an an and a second second		4.5			4.1		
	July	The start rates of		1.8			2.4		
	August	parison and are		0.9			0.9		
	September			2.3			0.8		
						nio neg alise			
	October			5.9		ben1et	7.1		
	November			6.4		Single on	6.7		
	December			45.9			37.3		
		and the second sec							
973	January	. 0.05		8.6			15.0		
	February			1.4			2.0		
	March(b)	1	pig p	19.1			21.0		
				100.0			100.0		

(a) From 6th April

(b) Including returns made for twelve-month period ended 1st to 5th April 1973

#### TABLE 6

Percentage analysis of employees, by full and part time employment and sex, 1972 (a)

Sex	Full time	Part time	All employees
	per cent	per cent	per cent
	802.05		baya Landard
Male	27	A BAR A A.M. A	28
mare	the grand and and the		
Female	62	10	72
	ar storing a parties and		
	per que la lige actualité	ton only there mark then by ton only there mark then by timele was made by ensuring private at the address.	
	89	11	100

Source: Department of Employment

(a) The percentages relate to the numbers employed (excluding working proprietors) in the United Kingdom at mid-June, 1972 Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments employing 25 or more persons, including sales by establishments classified to other industries, 1972(a)

WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' TAILORED GARMENTS (EXCLUDING UNIFORMS WEATHERPROOF GARMENTS AND GARMENTS MADE WHOLLY OR MAINLY OF LEATHER, SHEEPSKIN, LAMBSKIN AND FUR):

TAILORED SUITS, COMPLETE, TWO OR MORE PIECE (INCLUDING TROUSER SUITS, AND DRESS ENSEMBLES OF WHICH ONE OR MORE GARMENTS ARE TAILORED):

OF KNITTED FABRIC:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

TABLE 7

OF WOVEN FABRIC:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

NON-PROOFED JACKETS AND BLAZERS:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

SKIRTS (INCLUDING DIVIDED SKIRTS):

OF KNITTED FABRIC:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

OF WOVEN FABRIC:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

SLACKS AND THE LIKE:

OF FABRIC OF STRETCHED OR ELASTIC YARN:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

OF OTHER KNITTED FABRIC:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

OF OTHER WOVEN FABRIC:

WOMEN'S

GIRLS'

1972

THOUS £ THOUS THOUS £ THOUS	$536 \\ 4,311 \\ 196 \\ 502$
THOUS	1,231
£ THOUS	13,165
THOUS	167
£ THOUS	761
THOUS	218
£ THOUS	1,739
THOUS	151
£ THOUS	490
THOUS	1,880
£ THOUS	2,659
THOUS	413
£ THOUS	424
THOUS £ THOUS THOUS £ THOUS	$\begin{array}{r} 4,484 \\ 10,619 \\ 1,459 \\ 2,175 \end{array}$
THOUS	1,568
£ THOUS	2,595
THOUS	745
£ THOUS	668
THOUS £ THOUS THOUS £ THOUS	$3,548 \\ 6,345 \\ 1,783 \\ 2,339$
THOUS £ THOUS THOUS £ THOUS	$1,999 \\ 4,757 \\ 1,664 \\ 2,158$

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1972

WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' TAILORED GARMENTS (EXCLUDING UNIFORMS, WEATHERPROOF GARMENTS AND GARMENTS MADE WHOLLY OR MAINLY OF LEATHER, SHEEPSKIN AND FUR): (continued)

NON-PROOFED OVERCOATS, CLOAKS AND THE LIKE:

OF KNITTED FABRIC:

WOMEN'S	THOUS	579
	£ THOUS	5,935
GIRLS'	THOUS	122
	£ THOUS	433
OF WOVEN FABRIC:		
WOMEN'S	THOUG	
TOWNER	THOUS £ THOUS	3,709
	2 11000	34,208
GIRLS'	THOUS	1,776
	£ THOUS	8,207
WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' SERVICE AND OTHER UNIFORMS (INCLUDING		
BATTLE DRESS AND NURSES' UNIFORMS)	THOUS	382
	£ THOUS	1,152
WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' CLOTHING OF LEATHER, SHEEPSKIN AND		
LAMBSKIN	THOUS	725
	£ THOUS	12,526
WONDN'LO AND OXDE ON THE STATE		
WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' TAILORED GARMENTS NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED		
	£ THOUS	3,287
OTHER PRODUCTS	£ THOUS	480
		100
WASTE PRODUCTS:		
CLOTH CUTTINGS	£ THOUS	46
	~ 11000	40
OTHER	£ THOUS	43
WORK DONE:		
MAKING UP OF WOMEN'S AND GIRLS' TAILORED OUTERWEAR	£ THOUS ]	
OTHER (INCLUDING REPAIR WORK)	}	16,224
OTHER (INCLODING REPAIR WORK)	£ THOUS	
TOTAL SALES OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF THE WOMEN'S AND		
GIRLS' TAILORED OUTERWEAR INDUSTRY (MLH 443) AND WORK		

KED UUTERWEAR INDUSTRY (MLH 443) AND WORK DONE

£ THOUS

138,248

Source: Business Monitor (PQ 443) - Quarterly Statistics

(a) Sales are deliveries on sale for home or abroad. Forward sales are excluded. Values are net selling values; purchase tax, trade discounts and commissions are excluded.

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#### Notes

These notes give the main information needed for interpreting the figures in the industry reports, (more detailed information about the census is given in a separate booklet-"Introductory Notes", Part PA 1001 of the Report on the Census of Production for 1972).

GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Changes made for 1972

There were only minor changes in the scope of certain industry reports compared with 1971. Any such changes are explained in the introductions to the industry reports concerned or by footnotes to the tables.

#### Industrial classification

The Annual Censuses of Production are conducted on the Business Statistics Office's Production Register. Normally establishments on the Register are classified to industries on the basis of major activity in conformity with the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). Generally an establishment is classified to an industry if its sales of the principal products of that industry accounts for a greater proportion of its total sales than its sales of the principal products of any other industry; classification is generally based on an establishment's returns to the quarterly production inquiry. Where this is not possible-for example where a quarterly production inquiry has not been introduced-the classification of an establishment reflects its return to the Census of Production, 1968. Establishments for which information is not available either from the quarterly inquiries or the 1968 Census are classified on the basis of the description of the business given by the establishments to the Business Statistics Office, for instance, in the course of registration.

#### Coverage

Detailed census returns were generally sought only from establishments employing on average 25 or more persons, but in some industries where firms employing less than 25 persons account for a relatively high proportion of total employment and output the exemption limit was lowered to 11. Census returns were also sent to establishments whose employment was not known to the Business Statistics Office at the time of dispatch.

#### TERMS USED IN THE CENSUS REPORT Average number employed

Establishments were required to state the number of persons on the payroll (i.e. whose national insurance cards were held by them) on the average during the year of return, whether full-time or part time employees. Separate figures were required for (a) administrative, technical and clerical employees and (b) all other employees (operatives). Averages could be calculated from figures relating to the last week of each calendar month. Establishments were also required to state the number of working proprietors where appropriate and these are included in total employment figures. Outworkers (i.e. persons employed by establishments who worked in their own homes etc. on materials supplied by the establishments) are excluded.

The figures include persons engaged on merchanting or factoring and canteen workers where particulars in respect of these activities could not be excluded from the return.

#### Working Proprietors

These include all persons regarded as "self employed" for national insurance purposes and members of their families who worked in the business without receiving a wage or salary; but such persons who worked less than half the normal number of working hours are excluded. Directors working in the business but not in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission are included under this heading: directors paid by fee only are not included.

#### Employees

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include managing and other directors in receipt of a definite wage, salary or commission, managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; editorial staff, staff reporters, canvassers, competition and advertising staff; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

(a) New building work This represents the cost incurred during the year of new building and other constructional work (including office buildings, canteens and the like used in connection with the business covered by the return, but not dwelling houses for employees). The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return; it includes expenditure on new buildings or on the extension of reconstruction of old buildings, the value of works of a capital nature carried out by the establishment's own staff and the cost of any newly constructed buildings purchased. Figures shown include any legal charges, stamp duties, agents' commissions, etc.

(b) Land and existing buildings The items shown are the capital cost of freeholds purchased and the capital cost of premium payable for leaseholds acquired (excluding the value of any assets acquired in taking over an existing business), and the amounts receivable for any freeholds or leaseholds disposed of. The value is that charged to capital account during the year of return.

(c) Plant, machinery and vehicles The items shown are the value of plant and machinery and of vehicles acquired, both new and second-hand, and the amount received for items disposed of during year. The value of plant and machinery acquired includes plant, etc., which firms produced for their own use in connection with the business covered by the return. The value of plant, etc., acquired is the expenditure charged to capital account during the year of return less any discounts received, but including the cost of transport and installation. No deduction is made for depreciation, amortization or obsolescence. The proceeds of items disposed of during the year exclude amounts written off for items scrapped.

The term enterprise is used in this report to mean one or more establishments under common ownership or control (as defined in the Companies Act 1948) making returns to the census. An enterprise may consist of a single establishment, or of more than one establishment owned by one legal unit, usually a company, or of a number of establishments owned by a parent company and subsidiary company or companies. Information about the relationship between constituent companies of enterprises was obtained mainly from published sources such as the Stock Exchange Year Book supplemented by information from company reports and information supplied by establishments. The information available is not complete but covers the largest and most important groups of industrial establishments and is believed sufficient to provide a worthwhile basis for analysis.

The definition of an establishment in 1970, 1971 and 1972 was that of the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968): "the smallest unit which can provide the information normally required for an economic census, for example, employment, expenses, turnover, capital formation". Sometimes activities which are conducted as a single business are carried on at a number of addresses, termed local units. Where the activities of such a business are closely integrated, and detailed census information is not available for each unit, it is treated as a multi-unit establishment and a single return accepted. Separate figures are obtained, however, of employment and net capital expenditure at each unit.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, that is, breadly speaking, all manual wage earners. They include those employed in and about the factory or works; operatives employed in power houses, transport work (including roundsmen), stores, warehouses, shops and canteens; inspectors, viewers and similar workers; maintenance workers and cleaners. Operatives engaged in outside work of erecting, fitting etc. are also included, but out-workers are excluded.

#### Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure during the year in respect of manufacturing units where production had not started before the end of the year is included in the figures for both 1970, 1971 and 1972.

Establishments were asked to include in the value of capital expenditure, amounts received under the Local Employment Acts, 1960 to 1971 and any investment grants received under the Industrial Development Act, 1966 or regional development grants under the Industry Act, 1972.

#### Establishment

#### Gross output

Gross output measures the total value of production (including work done) by establishments during the year. It is calculated as follows:—

Value of sales and work done

Plus/Less: Increase/decrease in value of stocks of goods on hand for sale

Plus/Less: Increase/decrease in value of work in progress Gross output.

#### Net output

Net output represents the value added to materials by the process of production (including the margin on selling any merchanted or factored goods). It is calculated as follows:— Gross output

Less: Purchases adjusted for change in value of stocks of fuel and raw materials

Less: Payments for work given to other establishments

- Less: Payments for transport
- Less: Net amount of any duties, subsidies, allowances and levies payable
- = Net output.

#### Net output per person employed

The figures of net output per person employed are derived by dividing the net output by the average number of persons employed (full time and part time) on all activities covered by the returns, including operatives, administrative, technical and clerical employees and working proprietors, but excluding outworkers.

#### Purchases

Purchases include the cost of materials and components bought for use in production; of fuel and electricity for all purposes; of packaging materials including the cost of returnable cases and containers when first purchased; of workshop materials, office materials and materials for repairs to establishment's own buildings, plants and vehicles when carried out by their own work people included in the returns; of consumable tools; and of parts for machninery purchased during the year as replacements. Water charges are also included. In general, purchases of goods for merchanting or factoring and canteen supplies are included. Materials supplied by customers for processing are excluded, as are all purchases charged to capital account.

The values shown include any duty paid (less rebate, etc.) but exclude trade discounts allowed. The cost of transport is included only if included in the cost of materials as invoiced: amounts paid to transport organisations, including an establishment's own separate transport organisations for delivery of materials and fuel are, therefore, excluded. Materials purchased overseas are included at the c.i.f. cost plus any duty payable if the cost of transport from the docks was not included in the invoiced price, but at their full delivery cost if invoiced "carriage paid home". Materials and fuel transferred from another department of the establishment not covered by the same return are included at the estimated selling value recorded by the other department.

#### Sales

Sales are in respect of goods made by the business covered by the return, goods made for it by outworkers or by other establishments from materials given out to them (sometimes described as goods made on commission) and waste products. Any machinery or other capital items produced for use in the business covered by the return are included, the value being that adopted in the establishment's asset accounts. Goods sold without being subjected to any manufacturing process (i.e. merchanted or factored) and canteen takings are included.

The value shown for sales is the net selling value, defined as the amount charged to customers whether on an ex-works or delivered basis excluding any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc.; the net amount charged for packaging materials is included. Goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas are included at the f o.b. value.

Goods produced in one establishment and transferred to another establishment of the same firm not covered by the return were treated as sales by the producing establishment and valued as far as possible as if they had been sold to an independent purchaser. Goods transferred to wholesale or retail selling organisations for which separate accounts were kept were valued on the same basis.

To the extent that sales of finished products of one establishment constitute the materials purchased by another, total figures of the value of sales (and of materials and fuel purchased) include an element of duplication. In some industries, e.g. motor vehicle manufacturing, and woollen and worsted, this duplication is substantial; and aggregates for a number of industries contain significant amounts of duplication. For work done on commission, sub-contract work, etc., the value shown is the total amount charged for the work, including the value of any materials bought and used in such work.

#### Services rendered

This represents the amounts charged for hiring out plant, machinery and other goods, providing transport, or for any technical or other services rendered to other organisations. It includes amounts credited for similar services rendered to other establishments of the same enterprise not covered by the return.

#### Standard Industrial Classification

Industry classification is based on the Standard Industrial Classification (revised 1968). It is published by HM Stationery Office together with a separate index in the form of an alphabetical list of industries.

#### Stocks and work in progress

Values are given of stocks of goods on hand for sale, and of materials and fuel, at the end of the year of return, including any stocks of goods held for merchanting or factoring. Values of the change during the year are also shown. The values include duty in the case of dutiable goods held out of bond.

The value of work in progress at the end of, and the change during the year are also usually shown. This excludes any progress payments made to sub-contractors, and no deduction is made on account of progress payments received.

#### Transport payments

These represent the total amount paid or credited during the year for both outwards transport of finished goods sold and inwards transport of materials and fuel purchased. They include payment to other establishments, and to any separate transport organisation of the same establishment not covered by the return, but exclude the value of transport services provided by the business covered by the return. The items included are payments for hired cartage and for inwards and outwards carriage by all forms of inland transport, i.e. railways, road haulage, canals, coastwise shipping, air, etc. Payments made for sea and air freight on goods sold to customers overseas and on materials and fuel purchased from overseas suppliers are excluded.

#### Wages and salaries

These are amounts paid during the year to operatives and to administrative, technical and clerical employees. Payments to working proprietors, whether called salaries or not, are excluded. The values shown include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions, whether paid regularly or not, and no deduction is made for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions, etc. The value of any payments in kind, travelling expenses, lodging allowances, etc. and employers' contributions to national insurances and pension schemes is excluded.

#### Work given out

The figures shown represent the total amount paid for work done by other establishments (whether part of the same enterprise or not) on materials supplied to them. They do not include payments to individual outworkers or payments for business and other services.

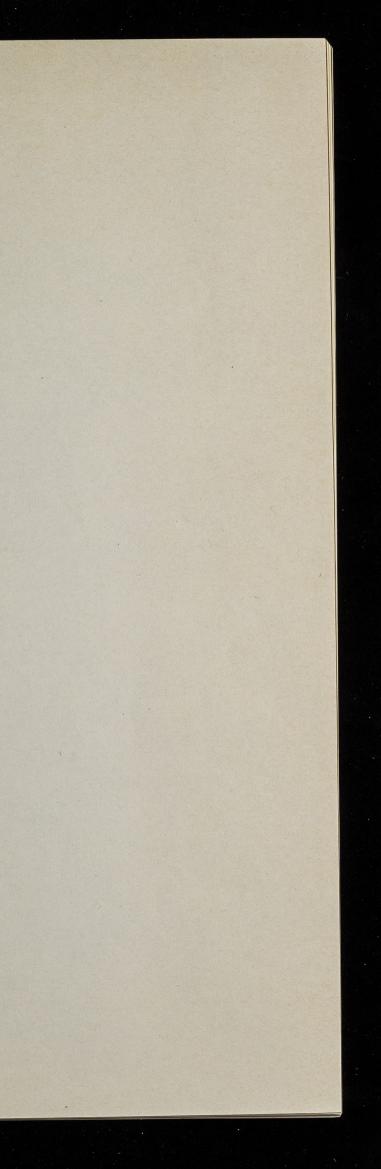
#### SYMBOLS USED

The following symbols are used throughout the report:

#### .. not available

- nil or less than half the final digit shown
- \* figures cannot be shown owing to the risk of disclosing information about individual enterprises
- R revised

ROUNDING OF FIGURES Figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded to the nearest final digit; there may be an apparent slight discrepancy between the sum of the constituent items and the total shown.



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