The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

Volume 11: Industry C

BRUSHES AND BROOMS



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The Report on the Census of Production for 1954

VOLUME 11 INDUSTRY C

BRUSHES AND BROOMS

THIS REPORT on the Brushes and Brooms Industry, relates to establishments engaged wholly or mainly in the manufacture of brushes and brooms, in preparing animal hair for brushmaking, and in dressing bristles and fibres for all purposes.

This industry corresponds to minimum list heading 192 in the Standard Industrial Classification.

Particulars available in respect of H.M. prisons are given separately in a note to Table 2.

LIST OF TABLES

Table No.	Title	Page	Table No.	Title	Page
1	Industry summary: estimates for the industry as a whole	11/C/3	6	Sales of principal products of the industry by establish- ments classified to other	11/C/6
2	Summary of returns received	11/C/3		industries	
Mar II			7	Sales in the industry of other than principal	11/C/7
3	Analysis by size, 1954	11/C/4	al needs whose a	products	
4	Analysis according to specialisation within the	11/C/4	8	Total make of intermediate products	Does not apply
	industry		9	Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954	11/C/7
5	Sales of principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified	11/C/5	10	Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments	11/C/8
es	establishments classified to other industries		11	Employment in a specified week	11/C/9

IMPORTANT NOTES and definitions appear on the next page. In interpreting the data in the tables, it is essential to bear these in mind.

The following notes describe terms in general use in the tables of the report. More detailed explanations of the terms used and a description of the scope and method of taking the census are given in the separate booklet entitled 'The Report on the Census of Production for 1954 - Introductory Notes' (price 1s. 6d.

Industrial Classification: Establishments are classified to industries according to the nature of their output and, as far as possible, in conformity with the Standard Industrial Classification. Certain products are identified as the principal products of individual industries, the principal products for a given industry being of a similar nature or commonly associated in production. The principle of classification normally followed is that an establishment is classified to an industry if its output of the principal products of that industry accounted for a greater proportion of the value of its output than did its output of the principal products of any other industry.

Specialist producers normally comprise those establishments 50 per cent. or more of whose total output by value is accounted for by the characteristic products of the specialist group.

Intermediate products: For some industries figures are given showing the total quantities made during the year of intermediate products, i.e., products which may be further processed in the establishments in which they are produced.

Larger establishments: The information given in the report relates mainly to 'larger establishments', i.e., establishments of firms employing on the average more than 10 persons. In most cases an establishment com-prises the whole of the premises under the same ownership or management at a particular address (e.g., a mine or factory). Offices, warehouses, laboratories and other ancillary places of business situated apart from the producing works are not regarded as separate establishments and are included in the return for the works.

Small firms are those employing on the average 10 or fewer persons.

The estimates for the industry as a whole given in Table 1 are normally obtained by increasing the other items shown in the same proportion as total employment.

Gross output (production) is the total value of goods made and other work done during the year: it is obtained by adjusting the value of sales and work done during the year for changes in the value of stocks of products on hand for sale and work in progress.

Net output is the amount left after deducting from the value of gross output the aggregate of the cost of materials and fuel used, the amount paid for work given out, and, for 1951 and 1954, any transport payments made. This represents the value added to materials by the process of production, and constitutes the fund from which wages, salaries, rents, rates and taxes, advertising and other selling expenses and all other similar charges have to be met, as well as depreciation and profits.

Sales means sales during the year of goods made in the establishment covered by the return or made on commission for it, whether produced in the year or not. The value of sales is the net selling value, i.e., the amount charged to customers, whether on an ex-works or delivered basis, and net of any trade discounts, agents' commissions, allowances for returnable cases, purchase tax, etc. For goods charged on a delivered basis to customers overseas, firms were required to give the f.o.b. value.

Materials and fuel: The total cost of materials and fuel purchased includes all purchases during the year of materials for use in production, and of fuel (includ-

ing oil, gas and electricity) for all purposes: packing materials, including the full cost of returnable cases when first purchased; workshop and office materials; water charges; materials for repairs to buildings, plant and vehicles when carried out by firms' own workpeople included in their returns; consumable tools; and parts for machinery purchased as replacements. Purchases of goods for merchanting are excluded. The cost of materials and fuel used, given in Table 2, is obtained by adjusting purchases for changes during the year in the value of stocks.

Stocks: Firms were required to give stocks of materials and fuel, products on hand for sale, and work in progress, at income tax values.

Customs and Excise Duty paid on materials purchased is normally included in the cost of materials. Finished goods are similarly valued as they were sold, duty-paid or duty-free. The net amount of any duty paid is deducted in arriving at net output.

Employment: Total employment includes working proprietors, administrative, technical and clerical employees, and operatives, but excludes outworkers, canteen employees and persons engaged in merchanting or any other activity not covered by a firm's return, who are shown separately as excluded employees. Employees are persons on the pay-roll (i.e., persons whose National Insurance cards were held by employers), whether employed full-time or part-time.

Working proprietors are proprietors of businesses other than limited companies, together with members of their families who worked in the business without receiving fixed wages or salaries. Any persons working less than half the normal hours are excluded. For Northern Ireland directors of limited companies (other than those paid by fee only) are also included.

Administrative, technical and clerical employees include directors, other than those paid by fee only (except in Northern Ireland): managers, superintendents and works foremen; research, experimental, development, technical and design employees (other than operatives); draughtsmen and tracers; travellers; and office (including works office) employees.

Operatives include all other classes of employees, i.e., broadly speaking, all manual workers.

Outworkers are persons employed by the firm who work on materials supplied by the firm in their own homes.

Wages and salaries include all overtime payments, bonuses and commissions without any deductions for income tax, insurances, contributory pensions etc. They exclude payments to working proprietors.

Capital expenditure includes expenditure on new building work, and on plant, machinery and vehicles, charged to capital account during the year, including any transport and installation costs involved. It includes expenditure in respect of establishments in Great Britain which had not begun production before the end of the year (which has not previously been included in the Census of Production reports for individual industries).

- .. for not available
- for nil or negligible (less than half the final digit shown).

Where figures are rounded, e.g., given to the nearest £ thousand, there may be apparent slight discrepancies between the sums of constituent items and the totals shown. In some cases, figures have been combined with others of a similar nature where publication of separate details might disclose information relating to an individual undertaking.

Industry summary: Estimates for the industry as a whole TABLE 1

	the risk but a south	United Kingdom			Wales
200000	1948	1948 1951		Scotland 1954	1954
Standard 1887 leatens and antipolog home	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Gross output (production)	17.5	21.4	19.0	0.18	0.62
Net output	7.9	8.4	8.1	0.10	0.31
Total stocks and work in progress At beginning of year Change during year	+ 0.8	5.0	4.2	0.09	0.17
Capital expenditure less disposals (a)	0.5	0.4	0.4		0.03
Wages and salaries	3.9	4.4	4.7	0.07	0.20
Total employment (including	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
working proprietors)	16.0	15.7	14.5	0.22	0.61

(a) Capital expenditure on new building work, plant, machinery and vehicles, (including (except in 1948) that incurred in Great Britain for establishments not yet in production), less amounts received for plant, machinery and vehicles disposed of.

TABLE 2

Summary of returns received

	Unit	Great Britain	United	Kingdom
pases, arrent in a particular art fortable		1948	1951	1954
TRMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAGE MORE THAN 10 PERSONS				
Number of establishments Total value of sales and work done Products on hand for sale and work in progress Gross output (production) (a)	No. £'000	244 15,329 1,052 + 410 15,647	219 18.613 1.516 + 408 19.021	194 16.433 1.409 + 166 16.599
Purchases of materials and fuel Stocks of materials and fuel { at beginning of year Cost of materials and fuel used Payment for work done on materials given out Payment for transport (b)		8.828 2.594 + 326 8.502 65 92	12.446 2.937 + 1.152 11.295 27 206	9.485 2.285 + 310 9.175 46 244
Net output Äverage number of employees { operatives others Total employment (d) Net output per person employed (d)	No	7,081 12,333 1,913(c) 14,319 495	7,493 11,773 2,145 13,976 536	7,134 10,557 2,111 12,710 561
Wages and salaries { of operatives of others } Capital expenditure New building work (e)	£,000	2,601 855	2.822 1.064	2.931
Plant and machinery Vehicles Vehicles Acquisitions (e) disposals acquisitions (e) disposals		93 312 17 45 11	110 253 18 65 18	135 222 27 88 26
RMS EMPLOYING ON AVERAGE 10 OR FEWER PERSONS	1 2 3			
Number of returns Total employment, including working proprietors	No.	238	265(f)	277
		1,355	1.537(f)	1,535

- (a) For the year 1948 gross output excludes payments for transport services outwards on finished goods sold. For subsequent years gross output includes payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations for transport services.
- (b) Payments to other firms and undertakings and to firms' own separate transport organisations. For the year 1948 payments cover only transport outwards of finished goods sold. For subsequent years they cover payments for transport of both finished goods sold and materials and fuel purchased.

(c) Number in week ended September 25, 1948.

(d) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.

(e) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

(f) Excluding Northern Ireland. No information about small firms was collected in Northern Ireland for 1951.

Note - Particulars, excluded from the tables in this report, in respect of H.M. prisons are as follows:-

	1954	1951	1948
Number of establishments	3	1	1
Gross output (production) Cost of materials used	£'000 59 53	£'000 22 20	£,000
Net output	6	2	2

Details of salaries and wages and of persons employed are not available.

(56115)

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

ABLE 3	Estab-		Net	Employees		Wages and salaries		Capital expenditure	Net output per person
Average number employed (a)	liche Gro	Gross		Operatives	Others	Operatives		(b)	employed (a)
	Number	£,000	£, 000	Number	Number	£,000	£, 000	£.000	£ 572
11 - 24 25 - 49	71 58 30	1.768 2.055 2.325	706 887 984	1,024 1,668 1,663	194 271 329	292 435 425	107 146 192	40 44 52	455 491
50 - 99 100 - 199 200 - 299	22	3,663 2,175	1,412	2,470 1,241 833	351 335 228	662 384 202	177 177 109	118 40 28	500 634 686
300 - 399 400 - 749	3 4	1,696 2,918	728 1.418	1,658	403	530	282	124	688
Total	194	16,599	7,134	10.557	2.111	2,931	1,190	445	561

(a) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.
(b) Capital expenditure on new building work and on acquisition of plant, machinery and vehicles, excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

Analysis according to specialisation within the industry, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 4	Unit		Paint, paste, distemper and similar brushes	Toilet brushes (except wire filled)	Remainder of the industry	Total
Number of establishments Total value of sales and work done Sales of characteristic products Products on hand for sale {at beginning of year and work in progress {change during year} Gross output (production) Purchases of materials and fuel Stocks of materials {at beginning of year and fuel} Cost of materials and fuel used Payment for work done on materials given out Payment for transport Net output Average number of employees Total employment (a) Net output per person employed (a) Wages and salaries Value of poeratives of others	No. £.000 No E.000	14 1,196 1,118 75 - 6 1,191 889 134 - 11 900 32 259 457 49 510 507 155 34	35 3.861 3.096 461 + 105 3.966 2.480 543 + 240 2.240 38 1.688 2.260 587 2.853 592 672 339	25 3,110 2,675 291 + 46 3,156 1,655 348 + 22 1,632 30 1,494 2,026 378 2,408 621 553 245	120 8.266 582 + 21 8.287 4.462 1.260 + 59 4.403 32 157 3.694 5.814 1.097 6.939 532 1.552 572	194 16,433 1,409 + 166 16,599 9,485 2,285 + 310 9,175 46 244 7,134 10,557 2,111 12,710 561 2,931 1,190
Capital expenditure New building work (b) Plant and machinery Vehicles Cacquisitions (b) disposals acquisitions (b) disposals		3 8 - 6 2	17 38 9 19	68 103 16 15 2	46 73 2 48 18	135 222 27 88 26

(a) Excluding outworkers and including working proprietors.(b) Excluding expenditure for establishments not yet in production.

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5

		1951	1954		
	Quantit	y Value	Quantity	Value	Entrie
and the second s	Th.1b.	£.000	Th.lb.	\$.000	Number
Bristles, hair and fibres, dressed			((m) MI + 8 (1)	Tollin.
For brushmaking	70	79978	58.5	97	h
Dressed bristles	78.	132	4	23	11
	Th.cwt.		Th.cwt.	10.00	Land I
Prepared animal hair	1 ::	151	6.9	569	16
Dressed fibres	77.	822	78.5	750	16
Unclassified (and mixed) bristles, hair					
and fibres dressed	15.3	116	••	29	
Total bristles and fibres, dressed,	251	Labella market	relification errors	e early live trata	
and hair prepared for brushmaking		1,895	A STATE OF S	1,467	••
Brushes, brooms, etc., excluding all brushes filled with wire (a)	Th.do:		Th.doz.		
Artists' brushes and brushes of fine hair	1.594	609	1		
	ч	96	1.498	709	17
Paint, paste, distemper, whitewash and similar brushes					
Overall width of filling at mouth of					
ferrule or other binding		100 1100			
Not exceeding 3 inches	1,889	3,071	1.638	2,343	58
Exceeding 3 inches	283	1,877	328	1.344	56
Unclassified	41	191	34	162	
Brushes for use as part of a machine	270	728 136	258	557 68	74
Toilet brushes	4	130		00	1
Tooth and dental plate brushes					
Filled with synthetic fibre	2.366	976	2,419	877	13
Other	637		431	301	10
Shaving brushes	192	390	187	324	18
Nail brushes	479	276	589	313	29
Hair brushes	376	853	424	644	1
041			ч	111	31
Other toilet brushes, except shoe brushes Brooms	818	297	969	636	36
Machine stapled and other machine made	755				
The American College	755		669	962	59
Hand made	197	708	154	508	81
Banister and hearth brushes	12 0 3 mill				
Machine stapled and other machine made	396	303	446	361	53
Hand made	142	321	117	250	79
Scrubbing and laundry brushes				34	1
	973	569	841	514	60
Painting rollers	269 -	i i rist	24	119	16

Sales of the principal products of the industry, including sales of these products by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 5 (contd.)

	195	51	1954		
	Quantity	Value	Quanti ty	Value	Entries
Brushes, brooms, etc., excluding all brushes filled with wire (a) (contd.)	Th.doz.	£,000	Th.doz.	£,000	Number
Other brushes, including household types Machine stapled and other machine made	1,240	1,009	1,158	1,186 126	68
Hand made	202	3 4 3 69	84	139 79	65
Mops, other than for artists Mops used in washing up	113	29	242	100	15
Other	425	571	338	421 80	} 20
Industrial polishing mops (buffs, bobs, etc.)	193	1.185	125	751 364	} 12
Waste products Work done for the trade or on commission (b)	.com.dT	21	is gethicke	11	33
Dressing of bristles, hair and fibre Other		5 84	ledg andhard reserving 250	1 126	9 22
Total		18,690		16,167	
Sales in other industries (s.e Table 6)	A House State	1,239	The Contract of	1,125	1 mil
Principal products of this industry sold by establishments in the industry		17,452		15,042	176

(a) For brushes filled with wire see the Wire and Wire Manufactures Industry (Volume 5, Industry D).
(b) Amount charged.

Sales of principal products of the industry by establishments classified to other industries

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 6

	1954			Principal
	Quantity Value Ent		Entries	industries in which produced (a)
	Th.cwt.	£,000	Number	around how not along
Bristles, hair and fibres dressed				Salane Salasak
For brushmaking Prepared animal hair and dressed bristles and fibres	2.0	194 29	} 6	6/C. 7/C
Brushes, brooms, etc., excluding all brushes	Th.doz.		enested to	omei bu paktarra
Artists' brushes and brushes of fine hair	692	373	7	2/I
All other types of brushes and brooms, including painting rollers	30	31 288] 19	10/C. 5/E. 2/F. 2/K
Mops, except artists' and those used in washing up; and industrial polishing mops (buffs, bobs, etc.) excluding circular brushes	10	23 187	} 6	5/E, 6/C, 6/O
Total		1,125	••	

(a) The volume number and industry references given are to the industries shown in the list at the back of this

Sales in the industry of other than principal products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

	1954		
	Quantity	Value	
The strength of the strength o	Th.doz.	€,000	
Wire brushes		and a country	
For use as part of a machine	87	296	
Other sorts	in them to eletem to what	about making any	
Toilet	{	5 3	
Other	156	96	
Parts of brushes and brooms, made of wood		41	
	Th.cwt.	m panad broothy al-	
Polishes	25.8	248 100	
Prepared animal hair, other than for brushmaking	0.5	46	
Coir manufactures	arabases liver at the	31	
Baskets (manufactured wholly or partly of willow, cane	- Maring	All officer post reading and	
or wicker)	••	47	
Toilet requisites		23	
Toys		21	
Other goods		401	
Work done (a)	me and the state of the state o	31	
Total	A CANADA NO PARAMETA O	1.391	

(a) Amount charged.

TABLE 8 - Total make of intermediate products Larger establishments in the United Kingdom This table is not applicable to the industry.

> Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954 Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 9

TABLE 7

SER SEAS ST AT STORY OF THE THE PROPERTY AS DRAW WASTE TO	Quantity	Cost
Materials		£.000
Parts of brushes and brooms (e.g., boards, stocks and handles)	Sit, to dissist organization.	
Of wood	*	7 50
Of plastics		127
	Th.cu.ft.	
Timber (excluding packing materials)	899.2	336 59
Bristles dressed or otherwise	Th.1b. 1,952.2	2.013
	Th.cwt.	
Horse hair dressed and other	9.1	560
	3	112
Animal hair (other than bristles and horse hair)	0.9	124 85
Vegetable fibres dressed for brush making, and other	185.3	1.257
Synthetic fibres (e.g., nylon)	1 4.0	385
Plastics materials	4	43
Synthetic resins and moulding powders	24.6	462
Sheet, including plastic film, rods and tubes	1.0	36

(56115)

Purchases of materials and fuel, 1954

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TA	RIF	91	con	td.)
IN	111.12	7 (COIL	Lu.

	Quantity	Cost	
Materials (contd.)	Th.cwt.	£,000	
	14.9	69	
Steel wire	ч	38	
	Th.sq.yds.		
Woven piece goods wholly or mainly of cotton	2.077.9	254	
	Th.lb.	entiet.	
Mop yarn and other yarn of cotton or mainly of cotton	2,479.8	286	
Packing materials	Th.cwt.		
Cardboard boxes, cartons and fibre-board packing cases	25.8	188	
	4	181	
All other packing materials	1 2.9	46 123	
		123	
Replacement parts for machinery, plant and vehicles and consumable tools bought as replacements		112	
All other purchased materials		1.611	
Fuel and electricity	Th. tons	A printer and	
Coal	9.8	41	
Codi	3.3		
Coke	3:3	19	
Liquid fuels (including creosote/pitch mixtures)			
For use in internal combustion engines	Th.gal.		
Motor spirit (petrol) for use in road vehicles and	inigat.		
derv. fuel	242.1	42	
Other	14.4	1	
For burning in furnaces, boilers, kilns, etc.	73.2	4	
Gas purchased	Th. therms		
From Gas Boards and other sources, including other	618.9	24	
departments of the same firms	1	5	
Electricity purchased (a)	Th.kWh.		
From Electricity Boards	7.517	55	
	9	23	
From other sources, including other departments of the same firms	1 609	5	
the sque liles	e Versumbaufa ··	1	
All other purchased fuel	1		
Total Cost	9,485		

(a) The total quantity of electricity generated in firms' own establishments in this industry in 1954 was 1,360 Th.kWh.

Average number of employees and wages, salaries and superannuation payments

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom (a)

	1951	1954	
	Number	Number	
Average number of employees			
Operatives	11.773	10,557	
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	2,145	2,111	
Total	13,918	12,668	
Tages and salaries paid to	€,000	£.000	
Operatives	2.822	2,931	
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	1.064	1,190	
Total	3,885	4,121	
Wages and salaries per head	£	£	
Operatives	240	278	
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	496	564	

MADER 10 (sented)

	1951	1954
		€,000
superannuation and other pension funds for employees and dependents (b)		
Employers' contributions		53
		Number
Employees covered		2,813
		£,000
ension, etc. payments to former employees and		
dependents (b)		12

(a) The following persons, not included above, were also employed by larger establishments in this industry ('other workers' includes, for example, employees engaged in merchanting).

	United Kingdom		
	1951	1954	
Canteen workers	Number	Number	
Males Females	2 136	1 99	
Total	138	100	
Other workers			
Males Females	64 23	72 68	
Total	87	140	
Total excluded employees	225	240	

(b) The figures given relate to larger establishments in Great Britain only.

Employment in a specified week (a)

Larger establishments in the United Kingdom

TABLE 11						Numb
	1951		1954			
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Working proprietors	55	3	58	41	1	42
Operatives	5,216	6,784	12,000	4.471	6,425	10,896
Administrative, technical and clerical employees	1,375	820	2,195	1.295	886	2,181
Total employees	6,591	7,604	14,195	5.766	7,311	13,077

(a) Week ended September 22, 1951, or October 30, 1954.

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 C. Hair, Fibre and Kindred
- Industries
 D. Leather (Tanning and Dressing)
- E. Fellmongery
 F. Leather Goods
- G. Fur
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- C. Biscuit
- D. Bacon Curing and Sausage

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- Ice Cream
- Sugar and Glucose I. Cocoa, Chocolate and Sugar
- Confectionery
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